PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, APRIL 1 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Storms' Doings, Eminent Citizens Appointed Real Estate Valuers, Church Scandal, etc.

The Trenton Fire Commissioners have asked the Council to take steps to substitute a paid department for the volunteer system, because the firemen are not satisfied with the usual appropriation, and insist on an increase. —Ex.

The recent storm has again transformed the roads at Highland Park into quagmires of their sticky mud, which conquers favorable with almost any substance. This morning two wagons, one loaded with manure, another with hay, were mired in the main road and will have to be unloaded before they can be moved.—Ex.

The New Jersey Historical Society, organized forty-five years ago, is now in possession of over 10,000 bound volumes and other valuable. The society has issued a circular appealing to citizens to enable it to defray the expense of erecting a building. The cost of membership is small and good results are expected. Mr. John Whitehead has been appointed to push the applications for membership and receive pay.—Ex.

New Brunswick recently appointed ex-Governor Ludlow and two other eminent citizens as real estate valuers. Their duties were to re-adjust values for purposes of taxation, and to fix those values upon a basis of what the property would bring at sheriff's sale; such values when fixed to remain unchanged for three years. The question of the constitutionality of such appointment was raised, and the Supreme Court has decided that the law is good. Such a readjustment of tax values in that city and county is needed.—Ex.

The congregation of the Bergen Baptist church (colored), at Trenton, is excited over the arrest of the Rev. Alexander M. Smith, the pastor, on a charge of larceny. The church was giving an entertainment and the pastor stepped into the millinery store of Miss Emma Henry and asked for some paper for wrapping. While Miss Henry was in a back room getting the paper the minister was seen to pick up a pocketbook belonging to Miss Henry and relieve it of a quantity of silver. Some bills were also in the pocketbook, and the pastor was allowed to confound and when James Dugan collared the culprit and dragged him to the police station. Dugan claims that Smith threw the stolen silver away. Some fifty or sixty cents were picked up out of the gutter. The accused denied the theft.—Jersey City News.

One Game Each.

The Olympic Bowling team of this city visited Fanwood and bowled one of the Central League games with the Fanwoods of that place. The match resulted in a tie, each team winning one game. The game is as follows:

First Game

OLYMPIC.	Strikes.	Spares.	Breaks.	Score.
Wilbur	2	5	3	160
White	2	3	5	127
Wyckoff	3	4	4	139
Van Aberge	3	3	4	161
Collier	3	5	3	160
Total				747
FANWOOD.				
Force	6	4	3	192
Eyre	2	3	3	136
Brower	3	3	3	160
Bunker	3	4	3	172
Moore	6	3	2	194
Total				855

Second Game.

OLYMPIC.				
Wilbur	1	4	3	160
White	2	3	3	160
Wyckoff	3	3	2	164
Van Aberge	3	3	5	140
Collier	2	7	1	178
Total				807
FANWOOD.				
Force	2	3	5	140
Eyre	3	3	3	160
Brower	0	4	6	142
Bunker	5	3	3	192
Moore	3	3	1	151
Total				785

A Palm Sunday Custom.

The recurrence of Palm Sunday brings to remembrance a curious ceremony in vogue in some cathedrals of the Roman church on the continent of Europe, notably in that of Seville in Spain. In that church is introduced into the usual procession a man, generally a monk or friar, who rides on an ass round the church, surrounded by a choir of disciples, while little children, clad in white and youths similarly attired cast palm branches and cloaks in front of the animal's feet, and shout "Hosanna, Blessed be He that cometh in the name of the Lord!" The solemn effect is wonderful in its realism.

The people of Jerusalem on the occasion of this day were stout branches of the tree of the very then famous into staffs and used by pilgrims in the Holy Land, especially in Jerusalem, where staffs so borne were commonly blessed, brought to the tomb of the Virgin, by the bearers and buried with them at their funerals. Hence such pilgrims were styled "palmers" from the material used to form the staffs.—Ex.

To Defend the Hoffmans.

Mr. Theodore Strong, the junior member of the law firm of Woodbridge Strong & Sons at New York city, has been engaged to defend Mary Hoffman and her mother, who were arrested charged with concealing the birth and death of an illegitimate child. The woman have suffered from the very worst of poverty, and have been sheltered by the charity of proper food, clothing and shelter. Despite the efforts of their impoverishment they are actually improving under their jail treatment, as poor was their condition.

City Court Notes.

Thomas Wallis yesterday pleaded guilty to a charge of drunkenness and was fined five dollars by City Judge Codington.

The city treasury was enriched $25 yesterday by the payment of fines imposed by City Judge Codington for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

JOTTINGS.

—How many times did you get fooled to-day April 1st?

—Postmaster Pope assumed charge of the post office to-day.

—A new grand stand is being erected on the Crescent ball grounds in this city.

—The Union County Court of Special Sessions will meet at Elizabeth to-morrow morning.

—The first ball game of the season will occur one week from Saturday next, weather permitting.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders will hold a meeting at Elizabeth next Thursday afternoon.

—Trinity Reformed church held the tenth anniversary of it's organization Sunday with appropriate services.

—The firm Smith & Rockwell, grocers was yesterday dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Smith will continue the business.

—There are a number of important changes in the Central Railroad time-table which went into effect to-day as published elsewhere.

—The ladies of the W. C. T. U. have arranged for a lecture by Anthony Comstock at an early date, notice of which will be given later.

—The Crescent avenue church people are elated over the fact that the Household Banner Fair has netted them for the building fund about $1,800 or $2,000.

—The young men of the educational class of the Y. M. C. A. will be given a reception at the Association rooms Thursday evening of this week at eight o'clock.

—Owing to the disbanding of the Park avenue Social Club it is not likely that the Summit Lyceum will visit Plainfield on Decoration day as a target excursion as formerly.

—The service known as the Forty Hours' Devotion was concluded in St. Mary's chu rch at the eight o'clock mass this morning. Last evening a visiting clergyman delivered a sermon.

—A free illustrated lecture will be given at Reform Hall on the 31st, inst., under the auspices of the Home Building and Loan Association. The phonograph will be one of the attractions.

—The Councilmen who so innocently told the soda water (?) story at the Miller trial were put in power by a majority of the people. What do you think of them after this latest exhibition?

—There will be services at the Holy Cross church every morning this week at 11 o'clock. The Rev. Dr. J. P. Taylor will preach at the Friday evening service which will begin at 7:45 o'clock.

—Yesterday afternoon a Somerset street barber was engaged emptying bloody water and clothing into the gutter in front of his place. Health Inspector Dunham happened along and, upon seeing what the man was doing, warned him to desist under penalty of the law.

—A regular meeting of the Union County Board of Agriculture will be held in the court house, Elizabeth, next Thursday afternoon, April 3d, at two o'clock. Subject, "Corn Growing in Union County." All interested in farming are cordially invited to be present.

—At a meeting of the directors of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, held in New York city yesterday morning, the Board declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. Payable on May 1st. The books will close on April 18th and be reopened May 19th. The annual meeting is called for May 9th.

—The following will be of interest to commuters on the Central Railroad: Mr. Stephen Wilson, or, as he is more frequently called, "Pop" Wilmer, is a veteran. He is nearly seventy years of age and has worked at railroading for thirty-eight years, of which twenty five years were passed in the employ of the Central. When the New York and Philadelphia new line first opened between Bound Brook and Jersey City, "Uncle Steve" was sent over it as engineer of the first train. He also pulled some of the best trains over the New York and Long Branch division when the road first opened between Jersey City and Long Branch. At the present time the old "vet" is looking after the daily performance of Engine 301, a clever flyer, with which he makes two round trips daily between Somerville and Jersey City. "Uncle Steve" never had a collision or accident. In his rich early youth the old man was "one of the boys," but in later years he became a devout follower of the Methodist faith, and it is said that he frequently preaches from the pulpit and can deliver as masterly a sermon as many of the regularly called clergymen. The old man finds great consolation in his pipe, and can smoke the strongest tobacco grown without detriment to his nerves. There is not a man on the Central who would not feel sad for Uncle Steve Wilmer. He is looked upon as part of the system itself and no one ever thinks of walking past him without using the familiar exclamation. "Hello! Uncle Steve."

PERSONAL.

Miss Sue Runyon is visiting Miss Gussie Shuttle of Woodbridge avenue.

Mrs. Wood of Central avenue has removed her family to Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. A. W. Davidson of East Fifth street will hereafter make Rochester, N. Y., his home.

Dr. and Mrs. T. S. Davis of Park avenue are registered at "The Chalfonte", Atlantic City.

Mr. C. R. Hope, formerly of East Third street, removed to the corner of Madison avenue and Fourth street to-day.

Mrs. Matilda, wife of Garrard Mattle, died at her home on Second Fruit street Sunday, aged 53 years six months and two days. The funeral will take place from her late residence to-morrow at 12:30 p. m.

Dr. Doherty of New York will teach the lesson at the Sunday School Teachers' Union meeting at Vincent chapel this evening. The meetings are said to be extremely interesting for students of the Bible.

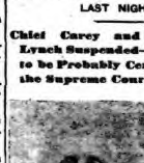
Mr. R. A. Roe, the sash and blind manufacturer, who until a few months ago had his factory on Somerset street, but who then removed to Bloomington, N. J., has been appointed as postmaster of that place.

CROWNING DISGRACE.

THE ACTION OF THE POLICE BOARD LAST NIGHT.

Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch Suspended—The Matter to be Probably Certiorated to the Supreme Court.

At a special meeting of the Police Board last evening, Councilman Roberts in the chair, in a little back room on East Front street, Councilman Bethfield, the Secretary, called the roll, and a quorum responded.



COUNCILMAN ROBERTS.

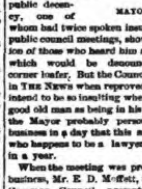
All the three Councilmen caught in Miller's bar-room after hours—including Councilman Gallup—although he is not a member of the Board, were present.

Even our venerable and respected Mayor, now in the 86th year of his age, ventured out in the snow-storm, to protest against the proposed disgrace to two of the best police officers ever any city was honored with, and his kindly countenance was no more kindly than his disposition to all men, even to the offenders against public decency, one of whom had twice spoken insultingly of him in public council meetings, showing in the opinion of those who heard him a lack of decency which would be denounced even in a corner lot-fair, But the Councilman in a letter in THE NEWS when reproved said he did not intend to be so insulting when he spoke of the good old man as being in his dotage, although the Mayor probably personally does more business in a day that this same Councilman, who happens to be a lawyer, probably does in a year.

MAYOR MALE.

When the meeting was properly ready for business, Mr. E. D. Moffett, the President of Common Council, presented the following charges against Chief of Police Carey:

To the Police Board of the City of Plainfield.



CHIEF CAREY.

I do hereby charge Tunis J. Carey, a member of the Police Force of the City of Plainfield, Union county, New Jersey, with conduct unbecoming a policeman by using disgraceful, profane and indecent language to members of the Common Council of said city, some of whom are members of the Police Board of said city, viz.: on the morning and afternoon of the 18th day of March, 1890, to the following members of the Common Council, to wit: Simeon D. Moffett, Arthur T. Gallup and Walter L. Hetfield. And also by using like disgraceful language to other citizens of said city, at different times since the 45th day of January, A. D. 1890.

E. D. MOFFETT.

Dated March 31st, A. D., 1890.

To Tunis J. Carey:

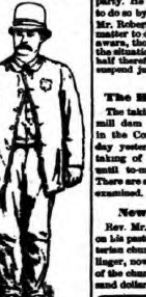
I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the charges preferred against Tunis J. Carey at a meeting of the Police Board held March 31st, 1890, and that said Board have adjourned to Thursday evening, April 3d, 1890, at half-past seven o'clock, to said charges as you may attend and make such defense to said charges as you may think proper.

WALTER L. HETFIELD,
Secretary Board of Police.

Dated April 1, 1890.

Mr. Carey denounces the charges as utterly false.

The following are the clauses of the ordinance under which action has been taken:



POLICEMAN LYNCH.

*** In the case of any policeman charged with any neglect or misconduct, such charges shall be made directly to the Police Board and the same shall be investigated by said Police Board, who shall give the policeman charged a hearing upon said charges, if he desire, and said board shall report such charges, hearing or hearing and charges decided whether the said policeman be guilty of such charges or any of them or not, and their decision shall in final and conclusive. If they find him guilty they shall report said policeman for a period of time not exceeding three months and forfeit his pay during said time, according to the discretion of they deem this and charges that are proved justify the dismissal of said policeman from the force they shall so report to the Common Council of said city at its next meeting, stating their reasons for their conclusion, and said Council upon receiving said board's said report shall at the same meeting pass upon the question whether he shall be dismissed from the force upon the charges preferred by the Police; any decision of said report, six votes being necessary to dismiss or remove said policeman. Upon any charges preferred against any policeman by the Police Board they shall have power to suspend said policeman pending the investigation until final action by said Police Board or said Common Council. The provisions of the first part of this section as to hearing on charges before the Common Council shall not apply to the case of policemen only in the manner above indicated upon report of Police Board.

Sec. 8. Each of the regular policemen shall devote all his time to the duties of his office and shall be vigilant in detecting and arresting all offenders against any city ordinance or any law of the State within said city and in preserving the public peace and protecting the rights of persons and property, and when on duty shall wear such dress or badge as the Board of Police may designate, but no service shall be required of special policemen excepting when called for by the Mayor or Board of Police, save in cases of sudden emergencies requiring the performance of police duty, in all of which cases such special policemen shall be ready for any detailed service required of them by the Mayor or the Board of Police, or such member of the regular police as the Board of Police may designate for the time being as Chief of the Police force.

Mr. Moffett is a book-keeper in the county clerk's office.

Councilman Gallup then presented charges against Policeman Lynch. The charges were signed by Mr. Brooks, who is the superintendent at Potter's Press Works, where Mr. Gallup is bookkeeper. Mr. Lynch was called away to Elizabeth this morning as a witness in the Moore will case. The charges against him are given below:

To D. S. Roberts, Chairman Police Committee and the Police Board of the City of Plainfield.

We the undersigned, citizens of Plainfield, wish to enter our protests against the mode of taking men through the streets of our city handcuffed together when arrested on petty charges, unless they should offer resistance, as was the case with the two men recently arrested at Cadmus Mill by Police Officer Lynch under instructions of Capt. Carey, and marched through the streets handcuffed, when they offered no resistance whatever, and against the unnecessary exercise of force.

We the undersigned who witnessed the said outrage do protest against such shameful treatment and refer the matter to your board for action.

JOHN BROOKS,
GEORGE W. EDDY.
F. A. MILLER.

Plainfield, N. J. March 28th, 1890.

After the meeting a notice suspending Chief Carey was served on him. It was as follows:

To TUNIS J. CAREY:

You are hereby notified that at a meeting of the Board of Police held this evening, charges were preferred against you, and you were suspended from duty until final action by the Board. D. S. ROBERTS, Chairman.

Attested:—W. L. HETFIELD, Secretary.

Dated March 31, 1890.

All of this trouble is a disgrace arises out of Mr. Miller's sympathy for the three Councilmen who had become parched from trying to chew Herring for five hours at the last session of Council. He opened his bar in violation of law to oblige them. Mr. Miller's daughter is married to one of Councilman Roberts' sons.

HOTEL-KEEPER MILLER.

Mr. Carey says that if the community will submit to having him kicked out of office for doing his duty, he would prefer to be out than in.

All of the policemen on duty last evening when they heard of the outrageous action tendered Chief Carey their resignations, regarding it of no use in their trying to do their duty if such treatment was to be the result. Mr. Carey insisted that they remain, as it would look as if he had incited them to such action.

Policeman Grant was called up last night at his home and directed to act as Chief and entered upon his duties to-day.

In the public interest we have done all in our power to avert this shameful disgrace. From the remarks of some of our leading citizens, irrespective of party, we suppose they will take some action to resent it. The time for action has certainly come.

Almost for a week past the Democratic members of Common Council, it is said, have spent some time at Mr. Roberts' stables, and yesterday the rumor spread that he had been persuaded to again join with the Democrats, and this time to do an act which we suppose can be characterized by no language but of all. But it is rather hasty to form such an opinion, since Mr. Roberts had no alternative in the matter, being in the minority party. He must call a meeting when requested to do so by a certain number of the Board. Mr. Roberts has been willing to stand by for the master to deserve censure, so far as we are aware, though those who do not understand the situation may condemn him. In his behalf therefore we think it would be well to suspend judgment.

The Hyde-French Dam Case.

The taking of testimony in the Hyde-French mill dam case before Vice-Chancellor Bird in the Council chamber was continued all day yesterday. Late in the afternoon the taking of further testimony was postponed until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock. There are still a number of witness to be examined.

New Pastor at Dunellen.

Rev. Mr. Stimson, of Manasquin, has entered on his pastoral duties at the Dunellen Presbyterian church as successor to Rev. Mr. Hollingsworth, now at Albany, N. Y. The trustees of the church are about to build a three thousand dollar parsonage.

Died.

MILLER—Sunday, March 30, Sarah Eleanor, wife of Frederick H. Miller, in her 40th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Oak Lane station on the N. Y. division, P. R. R. R., Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. Interment private.

DAY—On Saturday, March 29, 1890, Charles G. Day.

Funeral services from his late residence, 29 Dover street, North Plainfield, Wednesday, April 2, at 2 p. m. Interment at the convenience of the family. 21-22*

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

WRITTEN BEFORE THE MEETING LAST NIGHT.

But the Cyclone is the Other Way Now.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—A cyclone may be regarded as a concentration of small forces; each competitively harmless but rushing together, somebody or something is sure to get hurt.

You ask what forces and who is hurt?

Look back a little over a year and the arrogant liquor saloon, sounded the old cry "the whole or none," in expectation that every rum hole, high or low would get a license.

Self preservation said no; criminals and law breakers shall not have license. The breezes began to blow, and the rumbling of money deficit, darkness and danger did not bring forth license, and our Common Council withstood the saloon hirst and for one year we existed without licensed ante rooms to the regions of despair.

The mutterings of coming storm continued and the ears of order loving citizens were constantly regaled with tales of drunkenness and loss of revenue to the city and of fabulous quantities of liquor sold, peddled and distributed, until the very elect believed a lie.

The small forces were constantly at work and reliable, tried men were blown out of office, and the minions of the saloons were blown into power.

Regardless of the concentration of iniquity, the same forces blew into the president's chair a Councilman that did not represent the majority.

And now the forces were all in one direction. Hurrah boys: Pitch out Mr. Hering. Put in our own man. Carry on the Water Works and all other public jobs, just as we the majority like. Get all you can; keep all you get.

But lo! another power arises, a huge wall of public opinion lifts itself—thus far and no farther. The maddened elements storm and rage to no purpose, defeated by the courage of one man who deserts the ranks and follows the conviction of right, the city is saved expense, litigation and jobery. A bomb shell falls in the midst of the gathering storm, and the appointment of a Water Board is only delayed by a thought of undue haste.

Misery loves company, a friend in need is a friend indeed, and three of the defeated ones are found to sympathize with the beginning to blow about their devoted heads in a room having a bar upon which to lay hold to keep from being blown away, when lo! the door opens and no poor sailor could be more discomfited at the sight of a dead mother—Carey's chicken, than the three aldermen at seeing a live one.

And what is the result? The liquor saloon power has been sowing the storm, and the whirlwind has come on them of its own sowing, lifted them up as a public gazing stock to be laughed at, and disheartened.

No one would have them willfully help pay any fine that might be imposed for illegally opening a saloon under the supposition that the makers of the law would not conspire to cause a fellow citizen to break it, but good citizens, as well as bad, have come to be vindicated. They have sown the storm let them reap the cyclone.

But even will these men be blown to? Public opinion says the cyclone has lifted them so high that even their seats in the Common Council may not draw them again to this immediate sphere, and then their places can be filled with those who will have the confidence of their fellow citizens and deserve it.

WRIGHT.

WHAT MIGHT BE EXPECTED.

Sowing the Wind and Reaping the Whirlwind.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—"Ye cannot gather grapes from thorns, or figs from thistles. Whatsoever a man votes, that shall he reap."

We have the officers and the rum voted for. Let the people not find fault with the rumseller or the rum. Rum has been voted for by the business. The seller is their agent. The drinker and drunkard is of their vote and approval. It is natural, and cannot be otherwise. "Get wisdom."

L.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A COACHMAN Wants employment. Reliable and competent. Refers to present employer. Apply at Bernard Brady's, 31 Liberty street. 1-4

A PACKAGE of stockings was found on North Park avenue yesterday, and the owner can have them by calling at 115 Arlington avenue, proving property, and paying for advertisement.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A nice little buggy-top phaeton. E. R. Clum, 179 West Front 1-3*

FOR RENT—Tea room house: Dure street; 5 moderate rent. J. M. Bettman, 14 Willow avenue. 1-3

FOR RENT—Piano, in fine order. Apply to 20 East Fourth street. 31-3

FOR RENT—House, seven rooms, all improvements. Gold papered throughout. A bargain. Rent $22.50. Apply 70 East Fifth street. 1-3

LOST—A package of black silk. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at Mrs. Gray's, Somerset street.

SUPERIOR suite board pleasant rooms at 19 West Fourth street.

THREE rooms to let. Light housekeeping. No children. 87 New street. 31-3

TO LET—Four rooms, 223 East Second street. 1-3

WANTED—By respectable quiet girl, position to do the general housework for elderly couple. Address Katie Lenox, care of Mrs. Gibb, box 233, or call at present employer's, first house on Raymond avenue, near East Fifth. 1-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply No. 7 Somerset street.

WANTED—Reliable, reputable girl, age under 18 years as nurse to two grown children and a baby 14 months. 120 East Front street. 1-3

WANTED—White or colored man. One who understands the care of horses and grounds. Apply from seven to nine p. m. at 7 Broadway, Long Island.

WANTED—Gentleman and gardener. Must have good references. J. M. Bettman, 14 Willow avenue. 1-3

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

Van EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
By limitation and mutual consent the firm of Smith & Rockwell have this day dissolved partnership. All bills owing the firm are payable to J. A. Smith, and all bills against the firm will be settled by him. The business will be continued by J. A. Smith at the old stand, 13 West Front street.
J. A. SMITH.
GEO. S. ROCKWELL.
Plainfield, N. J., March 31, 1890. 1-3

PHYSICAL CULTURE.
At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. Cooney, Director Gymnasium Committee. 3-30-1m*

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 618 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Trade-marks procured. Trade-marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees. Information, advice, and special examination as to patentability free. 19-13-6-7

STREET SPRINKLING BUSINESS, FOR SALE, with the privilege of drawing water from raceway. For further particulars apply to P. M. FRENCH, City. 1-3

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.
Prof. Segallo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. For advanced scholars, Thursday at 8 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 3-1-6*

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 7,
MARIE HUBERT FROHAM in three opposite characters.
FIRST—"ROMANCE."
"King Reno's Daughter" the Blind Princess, a tale of love and chivalry, full of poetry and heroic charm.
SECOND—REALISM.
"Snow Bound"—A touching story of love in the Sierra Nevadas full of pathos and wild romance.
THIRD—COMEDY.
"False Charms"—A dainty French farce of the last century sparkling with wit. Will open on a trip to Paris.
Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Wednesday.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

Auction Sale of Valuable
Household Furniture
Anne Moffett. Auct'r, will sell at public auction, at the residence of Mrs. Morris, No. 61 Kensington avenue, near Broadway, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., on
THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1890,
the following: Sofa and bedding, parlor suits, brussels and ingrain carpet, dining-room furniture, kitchen utensils, crockery, tin and ironware, together with the contents of the house. Terms made known on day of sale. The above goods will be offered at private sale previous to April 3. JAMES MERRIT. 31-3

Public Auction,
ON
Thursday, April 3,
AT FIVE O'CLOCK P. M.
The oak FRAME HOUSE on Chatham street, next to Arnold's grocery, North Plainfield, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, the house to be removed by the purchaser.
JOSEPH A. BLATZ. 31-3

Kline's Extracts.

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

Van EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 WEST FRONT STREET.

Edw. C. Mulford
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

THE BEE HIVE
We will show on and after Next Saturday the largest and best assortment of
Infants' Long Cloaks
ever shown in Union county. Prices ranging from $1.19 to $10.75.
Also a full line of Children's Walking Coat and White Dresses.
KID GLOVES.
4-Button Colored Kid Gloves..... 69c
The Paris 4-Button Embroidered Back.. 75c
Foster Hook, black and colored..... 98
The Glady "Ingina" Walking Glove..... 98
Every pair warranted..... 98
Men's English Walking Gloves..... 98
Louis Callman,
40 FRONT WEST STREET.

PURE DRUGS
CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.
FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.
To fill a long felt want
(And our own Purses.)
WE WILL OPEN
ON
APRIL FIRST.
A Temple of Pharmacy,
(where we expect all good citizens to worship)
Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.
The Moy Pharmacy Co.
T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

BACK NOS. I. TELEPHONE 62. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

A Beautiful Race.

If the present taste for athletic culture shall last a couple of generations, the Americans will be the most perfect specimens of mankind on the globe. We have more and better food than any people ever had before. We have a country that nature has blest more bountifully than she ever did any land known to history. Above the ground grow the choicest fruits, grains and vegetables that earth can afford, the productions of every clime, from arctic to torrid. Beneath the ground are minerals in such abundance as man never knew before, waiting only the touch of industry to turn into articles of use and ornament.

We have a glorious land stretching from one ocean to the other, giving us all outdoors to grow and breathe in. More than that, we have the best system of free schools a people ever had, and it will continue to be so if outside influences are forced to keep away from our public education. The Americans are more generally intelligent than any other nation, and there is still room for the greatest possible improvement in this respect.

One lack there was hitherto. That was care for the physical man. The Anglo-Saxon of a generation ago was lank, lanthery, dyspeptic and had bad teeth. The young American of each sex is rosy, strong and handsome. The middle aged American of today has found out that there is one glorious panacea for nine-tenths of his physical ills, and that is plenty of outdoor exercise and moderate eating.

Gymnasiums are springing up all over the land. Ministers are preaching the gospel of physical culture, and presently it, too, St. George's, a famous Episcopal parish in New York city, has founded St. George's Athletic club, and for both sexes at that. A magnificent gymnasium will soon be completed. At the head of the club is the pastor of the church himself. Rev. Dr. W. S. Rainsford.

The pastor is right. Physical, mental and spiritual force must all march together, or there is no perfect power. It is now certain that those preachers and religious reformers, almost without exception, have been magnificent physical specimens. In our own day Phillips Brooks and D. L. Moody are alike noticeable for their physical size and strength. A church could scarcely engage in a nobler work than that of the physical development of its members, removed, as such development would be, from the debasing influences that too often attend the development of health and muscle elsewhere.

Kansas Beet Sugar.

The report of the Kansas Agricultural Experiment station on the sugar beet makes interesting reading. If the farmers in the north and west can in course of time raise their own sugar, as they now produce sorghum sirup, the price of this necessary article can never be put up in America by any syndicate again.

Indications are that the sugar beet will thrive in the northwest, in places where the sorghum does not. At the Kansas experiment station 7-16 acres were planted with sugar beet seed, at the rate of 7 or 8 pounds to the acre.

The seed was brought from Germany and planted about May 1, though a German farmer says it should have been put into the ground the middle of April. The beets were not tended in the best manner, owing to scarcity of labor and other causes. They had been tended by boys, and in many instances the stalk was left bare for some distance above the ground. This part had to be thrown away, for only the beet below the surface contains saccharine matter. Yet with these drawbacks 69.33 tons of cleaned and dressed beets were grown.

From this quantity of beet were made 10,188 pounds of sugar and 380 gallons of sirup. Packets of the sugar were sent to Washington and displayed to the admiring eyes of congressmen.

One ton of beets is worth two tons of sorghum cane. The beets should be thinned to six inches apart and the root kept carefully covered with earth. The soil that suits best is a sandy loam.

A remarkable proposition has been made in the United States senate by Mr. Stanford, of California. He has offered a resolution instructing the finance committee to investigate and report on the expediency of the government loaning money on real estate mortgage at a nominal rate of interest—say 1 or 2 per cent. The right would be reserved to call in a certain portion of the loan on demand. If the United States should become a money lender, it would be the only government in civilization that is or could be such. While the plan might afford relief to those western farmers who are struggling in the jaws of the money sharks, it would be a step towards that state nationalism in which certain thinkers see the millennium.

SAXTON'S BILL VETOED.

The Ballot Reform Measure Returned Unsigned.

WHAT GOVERNOR HILL HAS TO SAY

He Maintains That the Bill Is Unconstitutional and Would Work a Great Injustice to the Illiterate Voter—New Jersey and Connecticut Bills Referred To.

ALBANY, April 1.—Governor Hill has sent a message to the senate vetoing the Saxton bill. The governor says: "Senate bill No. 117, entitled 'An act to promote the independence of voters at public elections, enforce the secrecy of the ballot and provide for the printing and distribution of ballots at public expense,' is herewith returned without approval. Executives have been refused to co-operate with the effort of the executive to obtain an immediate practical determination of the constitutionality of this bill. Such determination was desired by the executive in order that the bill might become a law, if deemed in harmony with the constitution of the state, or that certain features thereof might, if declared unconstitutional, no longer occupy the time and attention of the lawmaking powers. The same provisions which the executive has for the past two years deemed to be in his judgment unconstitutional are repeated in this measure without substantial modification.

Legislature and Executive at Odds.

"The situation demonstrates that, upon the vital question of constitutionality, there exists an irreconcilable difference of judgment between the legislature and the executive, which no argument, and nothing short of an authoritative opinion can resolve. If the bill should be allowed to go upon the statute books and then be declared unconstitutional, all that would be thereunder would be vitiated, the title of every elected officer would be void or uncertain, and confusion, amounting possibly to anarchy, would result in the orderly government of the state. To test the constitutionality of such a measure by actual experiment and subsequent litigation, would be costly at best, and if resort were had to the plea of constitutionality, would be fatal to the peace and order of the state. * * * The attitude of the legislature has left me no other alternative than to withhold my approval of the measure. Upon the legislature must rest the responsibility of failure to secure a fair and honorable solution of the problem of electoral reform."

Against an Exclusively Official Ballot.

The governor reiterates his objections to the exclusively official ballot provided for by the bill, alleging that it is unconstitutional. He says: "I believe that every voter should have the right to prepare his ballot at his own home or wherever he pleases, and to bring it with him to the polls and there vote it in secret. I deny the constitutional right of the legislature to compel an elector to accept a ballot containing the names of candidates other than his own—candidates in whose nomination he has had no part and for whom he does not intend to vote—and impose upon him the duty of erasing all such names under penalty of disfranchisement, and require him, if he votes at all, to write or paste the names of his candidate upon such a ballot as a condition."

The governor says that the provisions for an exclusively official ballot, as contained in this bill are unconstitutional, among others, for the following reasons:

"First, they unreasonably hinder and impede the exercise of the elective franchise and discriminate against the individual elector; second, they are repugnant to the secret ballot not authorized or contemplated by the constitution. It was demonstrated in my last annual message, by arguments never yet refuted, that the constitution and the statutes in existence when it was adopted, when construed together, virtually define and declare what shall be and what a lawful ballot. Its essential elements as hereinbefore described can not be added to or diminished otherwise than by a constitutional amendment.

"The provisions for an exclusively official ballot prevent an illiterate elector from voting a secret ballot. They absolutely compel him at once to publicity and to his illiteracy, but also to disclose the contents of his ballot to two election officers. Such provisions are plainly in violation of the constitution."

The Australian System.

In the course of his message he says: "The feature of an exclusively official ballot, distinctive of the Australian system, is one not adapted to the political system of our state. It does not harmonize with our free institutions. Under the Australian system proper, an elector can not write or paste the name of his candidate upon his ballot, but he is only permitted to vote for a candidate whose name has been duly nominated. That feature was contained in the original Saxton bill of two years ago, but it was rejected with great unanimity as inappropriate to our system.

"The provisions for an exclusively official ballot are equally repugnant to our political institutions, and they should be as promptly rejected."

The Sort of Bill He Would Approve.

The governor says: "It seems needless to indicate in this communication what has been so often outlined before, the essential features of an Australian reform measure which I would cheerfully approve. They may, however, be again summarized as follows: First, provisions for a general registration of voters throughout the whole state; second, the act to extend to all elections of public officers by ballot; third, the secret booth or private compartment plan, each voter to be separately and alone privacy in examining or preparing his ballot, and compelled to remain an appreciable length of time in the booth, and secrecy in voting made compulsory; fourth, the privilege of nominating candidates by properly certified petitions, as well as by party conventions; fifth, each official list of nominations to be printed on separate ballots; sixth, no electioneering permitted within a reasonable distance from the polls; seventh, official and unofficial ballots shall be so far alike, shall be exactly alike, the official ballot being printed and furnished at public expense and delivered to the voter at the polls only by the election officers, and unofficial ballots to be furnished by parties or candidates, and obtainable at the polls or elsewhere, and may be prepared at home and brought to the polls; and eighth, all ballots when voted to be inclosed in exclusively official envelopes furnished by election officers at the polls."

Connecticut and New Jersey Bills.

"I would not object to the substantial features of the Connecticut reform system whereby the state furnishes all the ballots, namely: Uniform blank ballots to be duly stamped, upon which according to directions prescribed by the secretary of state, political committees, and individuals may print the names of candidates and the names of others to be voted for. Such ballots to be voted in conformity official envelopes. If it be objected that in the Connecticut ballot may be distributed to the voters before the election at their homes or elsewhere, as is contemplated in the proposed New Jersey reform, which I state would be no serious objection to such a ballot, although inaccurately called an "exclusively" official ballot, assuming, of course, that no ballots should contain more than the allotment set of nominations, and that no extraneous matters should be permitted to be engrafted upon it."

The Manhood Suffrage.

In conclusion the governor says: "I believe in the maintenance of manhood suffrage, and so long as I have a voice in the affairs of government I shall never knowingly give my assent to any bill, the effect of which is to disfranchise a single honest voter, no matter how humble or unlettered he may be, upon whom the constitution confers the right of suffrage."

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The street car lines of Williamsport, Pa., have been bought by a Philadelphia syndicate for $130,000. It is said the same syndicate is preparing for the purchase of similar lines in all the interior cities of the state.

Howard P. Gove, a Philadelphia real estate agent, has fled, leaving about $5,000 in debts behind him. He also took $1,000 trust money, is in the Norristown insane asylum.

Capt. Trask has been re-elected governor of the Sailors' Snug Harbor at the meeting of the trustees.

The state has nominated Frank D. Allen for district attorney for Massachusetts.

Judge Waterman has overruled a motion for a new trial entered by the attorneys of Jerry O'Donnell, convicted of being a party to the attempt to pack the Cronin jury.

The executive committee of the Kings land Shore and Long Beach railroad has voted that they were opposed to any increase in the duty on flax or linen thread, and that a strong petition should be prepared and circulated for signatures, to be forwarded to the ways and means committee in Washington at once.

It is reported that Emperor Francis Joseph has offered the pope a residence in Austria.

The United States court of claims has decided that the government is responsible for the Modoc bonds.

It has been decided to repair the barge office in New York to take the place of Castle Garden for the reception of immigrants, which will leave the ground for permanent buildings for that purpose can be erected on Ellis Island. The erection of the Ellis Island buildings will be begun as soon as congress makes the appropriation necessary for the work.

The phonogram sent by Mr. Gladstone to the American Co-operative Building Loan Association, which was read to be heard at the recent convention of those association in the Cooper union, was heard March 31 by a distinguished company who had assembled by invitation in the public Library in the Equitable building, New York. Gen. W. T. Sherman presided.

JERSEY BALLOT REFORM.

The New Bill Introduced in the State Senate.

TRENTON, April 1.—The ballot reform committee introduced their bill in the senate last night. It is the opposite of the Australian system. The bill provides for an absolutely secret ballot with no marking of the tickets. There are separate tickets for each party. The ballots are to be plain, and is handed one of the ballots of each political party, printed at public expense and not short than 6 in, 100 feet from any other person. Ballots are to be printed 30 days ahead of election, but none of these can be used in the booths. Registration all over the state is provided for.

A state board appoints county boards of registration, composed of four men appointed by the governor, strictly non-partisan. The chairman of the state committee designates the four men to be appointed. These boards canvass the counties and find the legal voters, or county commissioners get the population. The county boards are to be appointed for the first time within sixty days after the passage of the committee's bill. The registration list has to be posted all over the county. The committee did not unanimously approve the report.

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10 days only.

A Fine $6c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

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No. 5 PARK AVENUE,

A Great Bargain

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.20
California Pineapple	25c.	2.50
California Apricots	25c.	2.85
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Franklin Brand Tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212

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FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Pattings, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Infant's Caps a specialty. Pinking, Stitching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed and Cured at short notice.

14 West Front St.

A DESPERATE MURDERER.

He Kills One Man at Newark, N. J., and Fatally Stabs Another.

NEWARK, N. J., April 1.—A daring murder took place in Herman's hat factory, at the corner of Hunterdon and Calhoun streets, yesterday afternoon. James Smith, alias "Fiddler," who has served a sentence in the state prison, stabbed Fred Butler and George Hastings, both men of 60 years. All the parties are hatters. The wounded men were at once removed to the hospital. There it was found that Mr. Hastings had been badly cut across the bowels. His condition was hopeless and he died at half past 5 o'clock. Mr. Butler was cut in the breast and his condition is serious. The details of the affair are as follows: Eight men were working in the plank shop on the Cabinet street side of the factory. The room was full of steam which arose from the 5 kettles. Suddenly Smith, the murderer, entered the room and addressing Hastings accused him of causing his (Smith's) discharge from the shop. After a few words he drew a long knife and plunged it into Hastings' abdomen, and then stabbed Butler in the breast as the latter was running to his shop mate's assistance. Smith was overpowered by the workmen and tied with ropes and subsequently handed over to the police, but not until a severe struggle, in which he attempted to draw another knife he had in his pocket.

MUST GO TO JAIL.

The Plank Conspirators Receive Their Respective Sentences.

NEW YORK, April 1.—James A. Flack, ex-sheriff of New York city, has been sentenced to suffer imprisonment for his crime. His fellow conspirators, William L. Flack, the ex-sheriff's son, and Joseph Meeks, shared the same fate, as did also Dilworth Choate, the reporter who invaded the sacred precincts of the jury room. The four stood shamefacedly before Judge Barrett in oyer and terminer yesterday, heard their sentence pronounced and were led away in charge of Flack's successor, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles.

Judge Van Brunt, of the supreme court, a few hours later, granted a stay of execution in the cases of the three conspirators, and they were released on bail in the sum of $7,500 each pending an appeal. The proceedings now go over to fall.

The sentences were as follows:

James A. Flack, two months' imprisonment in the Tombs and $500 fine.

William L. Flack, four months' imprisonment in the penitentiary and $500 fine.

Joseph Meeks, one month's imprisonment in the Tombs and $500 fine.

Choate, the newspaper reporter, one month's imprisonment in Ludlow Street jail and $250 fine.

KEMMLER RE-SENTENCED.

He Must Be Electrocuted Between April 29 and May 4.

BUFFALO, April 1.—In the court of oyer and terminer late yesterday afternoon William Kemmler, convicted of the murder of his mistress, was brought before Judge Childs to be re-sentenced. District Attorney Quinby asked the court that Kemmler be re-sentenced.

"Kemmler, stand up," said Judge Childs. "Have you anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced?"

"No, sir," replied Kemmler, without any emotion.

Judge Childs then pronounced sentence as follows: "The court orders that your previous sentence be carried into effect in Auburn prison within the week beginning April 28, and that you be returned to Auburn."

Kemmler bowed slightly, sat down, and pulling a handkerchief from his pocket, began rubbing his hands vigorously. It was the only sign of nervousness exhibited by him. Kemmler was then taken to the jail and will start for Auburn as soon as prac ticable.

Mrs. Stephenson,

52 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

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NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of meats, BUCKWHEAT, HONEY, FILLEBROWN and BUCKEYE FLOUR, Feed of every description. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BECKER'S BEER constantly on hand. Also a variety of

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THE DAIRY,

52 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fruits, Pickles, Quinces, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood sausage, Liverwurst, Boiled Ham, Spiced Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Munster Brie, Roquefort, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elizabeth

Archer Stock $127,500.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 1.—The name of State Treasurer Archer, who stole $127,500 of the state's money, figured in the legislature officially yesterday. The order offered by Mr. Maloy, of Prince Edward's county, requiring the governor to inform the house when he last examined the accounts of the treasurer and what their condition, as provided by the constitution should do, was adopted. Mr. Maloy introduced a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of five to prepare articles of impeachment against Archer, and notify him to appear before the bar of the house and that such articles of impeachment be exhibited in due time.

Lost at Sea.

LONDON, April 1.—It is learned that the British steamer Gulf of Aden, from Clyde for Vancouver, has wrecked 1,000 miles from land. Three boats, containing in all eighty-one people, left the vessel. One of them has arrived at Chilco, an island off the west coast of South America. Two steamers are searching for the missing boats. The British steamer Tom Fyaeu has been wrecked in the Scow. The captain, the officers and three seamen were drowned.

Hartford's Library Fund.

HARTFORD, April 1.—The Courant published this morning the full list of subscribers to the $60,000 fund for a free public library and art gallery. The largest subscription is $100,000 from Junius S. Morgan, of London. J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York, gives $50,000. Both formerly lived here. H. and W. Kenny give $50,000, James C. Goodwin and Messrs. J. and F. Goodwin give $50,000 and Roland Mather gives $25,000.

Printers to Work Nine Hours.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 1.—The request of the Printers' association for shortening by one hour the present day's labor has been conceded by every boss printer in this city. By the change the printers will work nine instead of ten hours a day, and will receive the same wages as under the ten hour system.

Gov. Beaver Reapites Two Murderers.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 1.—The governor has respited the murderers John W. Rudy, of Lancaster county, and William H. Smith, of Allegheny county, from April 9 to June 28.

The Hungarians Attacked Train Men.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., April 1.—A Hungarian walking on the track at the Fox Hill Coke works, near Dickerson Run, was struck by a train and instantly killed. Several of his countrymen, angered at his death, attacked the trainmen with stones. The riotous Hungarians were arrested and taken to jail.

Hon. Charles Danforth Dead.

GARDINER, Me., April 1.—Hon. Charles Danforth, aged 74, justice of the supreme court, died March 31 from pneumonia.

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Also for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

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U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Restorating Fluid, Colognes and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store,

C. E. CLARKE,

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L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

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18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING

AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

FIRE IN A CONVENT.

Three Inmates and Two Firemen Injured. Jumping for Life.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 1.—Fire started last evening in the St. Joseph convent, a four story structure located on the outskirts of the city, and spread so rapidly that before the fire department could reach the scene the fire had gained such headway that their efforts to subdue the flames were futile and the building burned to the ground. Three inmates of the convent were injured by jumping from the burning building, one fatally. Two firemen were also slightly injured by falling walls. The fire mystery study originated in the boiler room. Loss on building and contents, $60,000; insurance, $30,000.

The names of the injured are: Sister Blanka, back broken, jumped from roof, will die; Mary Werner (novitiate), jumped from fourth story, injured internally, will probably recover; Rose Minet (novitiate), jumped from fourth story, limbs and arms bruised; Lieut. Chase and Jacob Webber, of fire company No. 14, slightly bruised by falling walls.

Did Baker Murder His Father?

CORTLAND, N. Y., April 1.—At the farm of Mr. Elias Baker, Newton, N. Y., Jerome Baker was found dead in bed with his throat cut. In an adjoining room his son lay wounded. The two boys brought here and lodged in jail. He says he found his father dead 7 o'clock in the morning fixing the fire. About 9 o'clock he got up and found his father cut his throat in the room and put it on the table. He covered his father with a sheet. He then took another razor and attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat. He changed his mind, put the razor back, put on his vest, went to bed and was asleep when aroused by the neighbors. "I never used opium to any excessive degree, nor drank liquor for years," he said. "I have a wife and child in Nova Scotia. I can't say why I did not commit suicide. I never heard father say anything about consulting suicide. Father lost his property in dealing in real estate in the west. I never thought of murdering father."

A LARGE variety of grape vine, pear trees, flowering shrubs, maples and etc for sale cheap at Mrs. Lindsay's, No. 92 West Front street.

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Restimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Prospect streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1844

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ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1088.

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MADAME DE MERRIL, Vivaz and Creditor, of the Berlin School of Languages, Madison Square, New York, will receive pupils at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Terms made known on application. Address Berlin School, No. 1 West 24th street. 9-26-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of Violin. 19 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Graduate of Leipsic. Second for piano and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 293. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,

a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented her by the Emperor of Russia, is a first scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German language, and Art Painting. Residence, 20 Arlington; address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 24 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

MISS BERTHA MATTHEWS,

Teacher of guitare. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1888.

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Office, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

DR. GOODRICH, D. V. S.,

Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 6 to 8 p. m. Residence call 24. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. H. REE,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, 5 Park place, Newark. Office, 57 Market street, Paterson. Residence, No. 102 East Front street. 1-7-1y

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

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CLARK & REED,

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Easter Books,

Easter Cards,

Easter Eggs.

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24 WEST FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

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AND

FIRE INSURANCE,

Office 20 Duer Street, North Plainfield.

The Loyal Legion's Celebration.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1.—A meeting of the committee on celebration of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion was held last night at the rooms of the United Service club. It was announced that Gen. George of Pennsylvania, will preside at the banquet, fifth anniversary of the foundation of the order on April 15 and 16. Among the guests will be President Harrison, Secretaries Proctor and Tracy, Gens. Schofield, Sherman, Slocum and Howard. President Harrison has been invited and is expected to be present.

$1 Health Caused Suicide.

CLEVELAND, O., April 1.—Robson Reed, of the firm of Babcock, Reed & Co., committed suicide by shooting himself. Ill health caused him to take his life. He had been engaged in the wholesale commission trade here for forty years.

The Mina Nut Works Burned.

HARTFORD, April 1.—The largest fire in the history of Unionville started in the Mina Nut company's works at 6 o'clock last night. The entire works were destroyed. Loss, $150,000; insurance, $60,000. One hundred hands are thrown out of employment.

A Fire at Newark.

NEWARK, N. J., April 1.—Charles F. Stelzer's bakery on Washington street, Roseville, near the railroad, was burned. The fire caught above the ovens in the addition and burned that portion and also damaged the main building. Loss about $6,000.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE O LE from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 25c per cake or 2 twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals, from the best and latest formulas, counts, and all Toilet Requisites.

Pharmacist Only.

When You Are Well

you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, manufactured extracts, bath sponges, and everything in the line of

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which for design, quality and prices, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

DON'T FORGET

WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

J. P. Laire & Co.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Stoves, Ranges, and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.

R. V. GAUME,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Station B, P. O. Box 1388. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring Styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

C. H. CRANE'S.

Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Avenue.

THE McKINLEY SCHEDULE

A Synopsis of the Revised Tariff Measure.

IT WILL SET DOWN THE REVENUE.

Chairman McKinley Places the Amount of Reduction at $48,000,000—A Rate to the Duty on Farm Products—New and Interesting Revenue Features.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Chairman McKinley, of the ways and means committee, presented to the committee at a special meeting this morning the bill arranged by the Republican members. The minority will be allowed two days in which to offer amendments and to prepare their views upon the bill and such amendments as may be made before the bill is reported to the house. Mr. McKinley says that the bill will effect a reduction of $48,000,000 in the revenues.

In the Wood Schedule.

In the wood schedule hewn and sawed wood and timber used for spars and building otherwise is reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. as shown. Squared and sided timber, not specially provided for, is increased from 1 cent to 1¼ cents per cubic foot. No change is made in the duty on sawed boards, plank, deals and other lumber of hemlock, white wood, Sycamore and basswood, but the duty is reduced from $2 to $1.50 per 1,000 feet.

Sawed lumber not specially provided for is made dutiable at $2 per 1,000 feet, instead of $2 per cent., as at present, but when lumber of any sort is planed or finished it shall be dutiable in addition at the rate per square foot named in the following table: Not exceeding one inch in thickness, 25 cents per 1,000 feet for each additional inch planed. This is a reduction of 50 cents. If planed on one side and tongued and grooved it is to pay $3 per 1,000 feet additional. Planed and finished on both sides, and tongued and grooved, $1.50 per 1,000. It is provided that in case any foreign power shall place an export tax upon pine, spruce or hemlock timber logs cut in the United States in excess of the equivalent per 1,000 feet board measure of the duty fixed by the bill upon sawed lumber, the duty upon the same kinds of lumber when in the form of logs shall be increased to an amount equal to the tax imposed by the foreign country upon the exports of such logs to the United States.

Sawed staves and other manufactured lumbering and wood are changed from $2 per 1,000 feet to 30 per cent. ad valorem. With the exception of chair seats, manufactured but not made into finished articles, which is made dutiable at 30 per cent., the rest of the wood schedule is unchanged.

Cotton Materials Go Up.

The duty on nearly every article in the cotton manufactures schedule is increased. Cotton thread, yarn and warps are increased 6 cents per pound. Spool cotton bears the present duty, 35 per cent. standard for cotton cloth is established, 100 threads to the square inch being changed as the standard to 36 threads. An increase is from one-quarter to three-quarters of a cent per yard is made in different kinds of cotton cloth. A new item is inserted, taking ready made clothing, which is made dutiable at 45 per cent. Hats dutiable at 30 per cent. ad valorem.

A very heavy increase of duty on wools is made on the whole. Carpet wools worth less than 12 cents per pound are raised 2½ cents, and those above at 5 cents per pound. This bill puts a duty of 2½ cents on flour worth less than 12 cents per pound, and 5 cents on those worth more than 12 cents per pound. Woolen manufactures of the high grades are greatly increased. The finer grades of worsted cloths are raised from three to four times the duty on the wool in them, and 40 per cent. ad valorem in addition.

The Metal Schedule.

In the metal schedule, a reduction of about 24 per ton is made in steel rails. The present duty is $-10 of a cent per pound, and the bill proposes to reduce this to $-10 of a cent. A reduction from 9-10 of a cent to $-10 of a cent per pound is made on "T" rails, and punched iron or steel flat rails are reduced $-10 of a cent. All iron railway bars made in part of steel are also assessed at $-10 of a cent.

The duty on copper over 2 per cent. contained in regulus ores is decreased from 2½ cents to 1¾ cents per pound. It is provided that no drawback shall be allowed on exportation of shrimps in the ores. The duties on pig and bar iron remain as at present, but round iron in coils or rods is assessed at a rate one-tenth of a cent lower than at present. Round iron, not in coils, over one inch, polished, is about doubled. Chains are reduced in duty about one-sixth. Under the head cutlery, all table knives and knives, table knives, forks, butchers' knives, etc., reductions of from 10 to 25 per cent. ad valorem are made, the cheaper goods paying the lower rate of duty.

Flax, Jute and Cotton Bagging.

The duty on leather is increased on an average about 5 per cent. The duties on flax and jute are largely increased. Tow of flax and jute is increased from 2½ cents per ton. The present duty is $10. The duty on cotton bagging, composed in whole or in part of hemp, flax, jute or jute butts is increased from 2½ cents. Articles, cotton handkerchiefs or other fabrics composed of hemp, flax or jute are made dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem, an increase of 15 per cent.

A Market for the Farmers.

The duty on agricultural products is greatly increased. The increase in all along the line of goods is designed to give farmers a market for many millions worth of products now imported. The duty on barley is increased from 10 to 30 cents per bushel; barley malt from 20 to 45 cents; oats, oatmeal from 10 to 20 cents; oats from 10 to 15 cents; oatmeal from one-half of 1 cent per pound; cleaned rice reduced from 2½ to 2 cents per pound; uncleaned, reduced from 1¼ to ¾ cent. Rye flour is increased from one-half of a cent to 1½ cents per pound; wheat is increased from 20 cents to 25 cents per bushel, and wheat flour increased from 20 per cent. to 25 per cent. ad valorem. The duty on buckwheat meal and is increased from 4 to 8 cents per pound. Eggs, now admitted free of duty, are made to pay 5 cents per dozen; broom corn, $5 per ton; cider 2 cents per gallon; onions 40 cents per bushel. Hay is increased from $2 to $4 per ton, and hops from 8 to 15 cents per pound.

The Free List Enlarged.

The duty on bacon and hams is reduced from 5 to 2 cents per pound; on beef, mutton and pork from 2 to 1 cent. The only change made in regard to spirits, wines and other beverages is that ginger ale and like waters are made dutiable at 20 per cent. ad valorem instead of 15 cents per dozen, as at present. The free list is enlarged with items in the senate bill proposed last congress and by the addition of nickel ore, certain works of art, such as paintings and statuary by foreign artists, some books and pamphlets printed exclusively in other than the English language. Raw silk is left on the free list, and a bounty is to be paid to producers in this country. A bounty of 7 cents per pound is proposed for cocoons raised in this coun try and $1 per pound on reeled silk, to be paid for ten years.

Internal Revenue Features.

The internal revenue features of the bill provide that after May 1, 1891, all special taxes upon dealers and retail dealers in leaf tobacco, dealers in tobacco, manufacturers of tobacco or cigars and peddlers of tobacco shall cease, but the dealers and peddlers will be obliged to take out licenses with the internal revenue collector of their district. Farmers and growers of tobacco are also exempted from the present tax after May 1 1891. The bill provides that after Jan. 1 1891, the internal taxes on smoking and manufactured tobacco and on snuff shall be reduced 8 cents per pound. A drawback equal to the full amount of the reduction is to be allowed on all original and unbroken factory packages of tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes and cigarettes held by manufacturers or dealers at the time the proposed reduction goes into effect.

ANOTHER BASEBALL SCHEDULE.

The Atlantic Association's Programme for the Coming Season.

NEW HAVEN, April 1.—The schedule committee of the Atlantic association met at the Tontine hotel last night and adopted the following schedule:

Baltimore—At Hartford, May 28, 29 (a. m.), 31 July 22, 23; Aug. 18, 19; Sept. 22, 23. At Jersey City, May 20, 21, 22; July 17, 19; Aug. 19, 20; Sept. 24, 25. At Newark, May 3, 5, 6; June 16, 17; July 5, 7; Sept. 2, 3. At New Haven, May 24, 27, 28 (p. m.); July 12, 14; Aug. 21, 22; Sept. 26, 27. Washington—At Hartford, May 31; June 1, 2; July 24, 25; Aug. 9; Sept. 15, 16. At Jersey City, May 7, 8, 9 (a. m.); July 26; Aug. 27, 28. At Worcester, June 3, 4, 6; July 19, 21; Aug. 14, 15; Sept. 25, 26. Hartford—At Baltimore, April 26, 28, 29; June 5, 6; Aug. 6, 7; Sept. 10, 11. At Jersey City, May 7, 8, 9 (p. m.); June 19, 21; July 31; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 29, 30. At Newark, April 30; May 1, 2; June 26, 28; Sept. 3, 4; Sept. 18, 20. At New Haven, May 24, 27, 28 (a. m.); June 16, 17; July 4 (p. m.), 5; Aug. 26; Sept. 6 (a. m.). At Washington, April 19, 21, 22; June 5; Aug. 9; Sept. 15, 16. At Worcester, May 10, 12, 13; June 30; July 1; Aug. 11, 12; Sept. 20, 22. Jersey City—At Baltimore, April 19, 21, 22; June 30; July 1; Aug. 11, 12; Sept. 20, 22. At Hartford, May 31; June 1, 2; July 24, 25; Aug. 9; Sept. 15, 16. At Newark, April 26, 28, 29; June 5, 6; Aug. 6, 7; Sept. 10, 11. At New Haven, May 10, 12, 13; June 23, 24; July 29, 30; Aug. 30, 31; Sept. 1 (a. m.). At Washington, May 7, 8, 9 (p. m.); June 19, 21; July 31; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 29, 30. At Worcester, May 20, 21, 22; July 25, 26; Aug. 11, 12; Sept. 15, 16. At Worcester, May 20, 21, 22; July 25, 26; Aug. 11, 12; Sept. 29, 30.

Newark—At Baltimore, May 10, 12, 13; June 30; July 10, 11; Aug. 25, 26. At Hartford, May 24, 27, 28; July 12, 14; Aug. 21, 22; Sept. 26, 27. At Jersey City, April 21; May 26 (a. m.); July 4 (p. m.), 29; Aug. 14, 15; Sept. 22, 23. At New Haven, May 31; June 2, 4; July 22, 23; Aug. 18, 19; Sept. 24, 25. At Washington, May 15, 16, 17; June 25, 26; July 12; Aug. 27, 28, 29. At Worcester, June 19, 21; July 31; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 29, 30. New Haven—At Baltimore, April 19, 21, 22; June 30; July 1; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 12, 14. At Hartford, May 3, 5, 6; June 16, 17; July 4 (a. m.), 5; Aug. 26; Sept. 6 (p. m.). At Jersey City, April 21; May 26 (p. m.); July 4 (a. m.), 29; Aug. 14, 15; Sept. 22, 23. At Newark, April 26, 28, 29; July 31; Aug. 6, 7; Sept. 10, 11. At Washington, April 30; May 1, 2; June 26, 28; Sept. 3, 4; Sept. 18, 20. At Worcester, May 20, 21, 22; July 25, 26; Aug. 11, 12; Sept. 15, 16. At Worcester, May 20, 21, 22; July 25, 26; Aug. 11, 12; Sept. 29, 30.

Worcester—At Baltimore, May 7, 8, 9 (p. m.); June 19, 21; July 31; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 29, 30. At Hartford, May 15, 16, 17; June 25, 26; July 12; Aug. 27, 28, 29. At Jersey City, May 10, 12, 13; June 30; July 10, 11; Aug. 25, 26. At Newark, May 31; June 1, 2; July 24, 25; Aug. 9; Sept. 15, 16. At New Haven, May 7, 8, 9 (a. m.); June 19, 21; July 31; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 29, 30.

Washington—At Baltimore, May 15, 16, 17; June 25, 26; July 12; Aug. 27, 28, 29. At Hartford, May 10, 12, 13; June 30; July 10, 11; Aug. 25, 26. At Jersey City, May 31; June 1, 2; July 24, 25; Aug. 9; Sept. 15, 16. At Newark, May 7, 8, 9 (p. m.); June 19, 21; July 31; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 29, 30. At New Haven, May 10, 12, 13; June 30; July 10, 11; Aug. 25, 26. At Worcester, May 24, 27, 28; July 14, 15; Aug. 21, 22; Sept. 26, 27.

Worcester—At Baltimore, April 26, 28, 29; June 5, 6; Aug. 6, 7; Sept. 10, 11. At Hartford, June 3, 4, 6; July 19, 21; Aug. 14, 15; Sept. 25, 26. At Jersey City, May 24, 27, 28; July 14, 15; Aug. 21, 22; Sept. 26, 27. At Newark, May 31; June 1, 2; July 24, 25; Aug. 9; Sept. 15, 16. At New Haven, May 7, 8, 9; June 19, 21; July 31; Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 29, 30.

IT PASSED THE SENATE.

The Dependent Pension Bill Wins One Victory.

WHAT THE MEASURE PROVIDES.

Dependent Relatives to Be Reimbursed for the Loss of Sons, Husbands or Parents — Minor Children's Pensions Doubled—Limiting Attorneys' Fees.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—In the senate Mr. Reagan made a set speech on the bill for the time of treasury notes on the deposit of silver. He regarded the bill as a hopeful sign that the existence of a great wrong (the suspension of silver coinage) had at last been admitted, and that a remedy might be hoped for. He thought the bill might give temporary relief, but he regretted that a bill had not been reported for the unlimited coinage of silver as well as gold. The demonstration of silver had added to national, state, railroad, and all other indebtedness, and had reduced all values 30 per cent.

The Dependent Pension Bill.

The dependent pension bill was then taken up. The first amendment—that of Mr. Plumb, removing the arrears of limitation was defeated—26 to 9—after a long debate. Mr. Call moved an amendment to include those who served in Indian wars prior to 1870. Rejected—yeas, 20; nays, 28.

Passed—Yeas, 43; Nays, 12.

The bill was then passed—yeas, 43; nays, 15, as follows: Yeas—Allen, Allison, Blair, Call, Cockrell, Chandler, Davis, Dawes, Edmunds, Faulkner, Frye, George, Gibson, Hawley, Hansett, Higgins, Ker, Ingalls, Jones (Nev.), McPherson, Manderson, Mitchell, Moody, Morrill, Paddock, Payne, Pettigrew, Platt, Pugh, Plumb, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Squire, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Turpie, Voorhees, Walthall, Washburn, Wilson (Ia.)—42. Nays—Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Cockrell, Colquitt, Gorman, Jones (Ark.), Pugh, Reagan, Vest, Wilson (Md.)—12.

The Text of the Bill.

The full text of the bill as it passed is as follows:

Section 1—That in considering the pension claims of dependent parents under the provisions of this act the fact of the death of the soldier or sailor, and the fact that he left no widow or minor child or children having been shown as required by law, it shall be necessary only to show by competent and sufficient evidence that such parent or parents are without other means of support than their own labor or the contributions of others not legally bound for their support; provided, that all pensions allowed to dependent parents under this act shall commence from the date of the filing of the application hereunder, and shall continue no longer than the existence of their dependence.

For Three Months' Soldiers.

Sec. 2—That all persons who served three months or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late war of the Rebellion, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, and who are now or who may hereafter be suffering from mental and physical disability, not the result of their own vicious habits, which incapacitates them from the performance of labor in such a degree as to render them unable to earn a support, and who are dependent upon their daily labor for the contributions of others not legally bound thereto for their support, shall, upon making due proof of the fact according to such rules as the secretary of the interior may provide, be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners of the United States and be entitled to $12 per month; provided, that such pensions shall commence from the date of the filing of the application in the pension office, after the passage of this act, upon proof that the disability then existed, and shall continue during the existence of the same; provided, that persons who are now receiving pensions under existing laws or whose claims are pending in the pension office may by application to the commissioner of pensions, in such form as he may prescribe, showing themselves entitled thereto, receive the benefits of this act, and nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any pensioner hereunder from prosecuting his claim and receiving his pension under any other general or special act; provided, however, that no person shall receive more than one pension for the same period; and provided further, that rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed under this act.

The Dependent Relatives.

Sec. 3—That if any officer or enlisted man who served three months or more in the army or navy of the United States during the late war of the Rebellion, and who was honorably discharged, and has died, or shall hereafter die, leaving a widow, minor child or children under 16 years of age, or in case there shall be no widow or minor child or children, a dependent mother or father, as such dependency is defined under section 1 of this act, such widow, child or children or mother or father shall be placed upon the pension roll at the rates established for them by law without regard to the cause of death of such officer or enlisted man; provided, that the cause of death of such officer or enlisted man was not or is due to a violation of the civil or military laws, or the result of vicious habits, and that said widow was married to the deceased pensioner prior to the passage of this act. All pensions granted to widows under this act shall take effect from the date of the death of the husband of such widows, but not dating back to the passage of this act.

Minor Children's Pensions Doubled.

Sec. 4—That from and after the passage of this act the increase of pensions for minor children shall be at the rate of $4 per month instead of $2 per month as now provided by law, and in case a minor child is insane, idiotic, or otherwise helpless, the pension shall continue during the life of such child, or during the period of such disability.

Limiting Attorneys' Fees.

Sec. 5—That no agent, attorney or other person engaged in preparing, presenting or prosecuting any claim under the provisions of this act shall directly or indirectly contract for, demand, receive or retain for such service in preparing, presenting or prosecuting such claim a sum greater that $10, which sum shall be payable only upon the order of the commissioner of pensions by the pension agent making payment of the pension allowed, and any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section, or who shall wrongfully withhold from a pensioner or claimant the whole or any part of a pension or claim allowed or due such pensioner or claimant under this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall, for each and every such offense, be fined not exceeding $500, or imprisoned at hard labor not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

He Shot and Killed Himself.

FOUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., April 1.—Christopher A. Reinhart, aged 35, a mechanic, living at No. 70 Jefferson street, this city, shot and killed himself last evening. He was despondent because of illness. He leaves a wife and one child. His mother keeps a grocery store on Twelfth street, in New York city.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 10 Somerset Street.

Frank Linke,
Established 1866.
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Pure Ale for Hotels and Private Families,
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 1-11-1y

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Fashion and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, &c

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS.
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM,
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MRS. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near ^ 10-13tf

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.
FAIR PRICES.	
N. B. Smantley's.	Dear as any Price.
94 Somerset street.	44 McGinty's.

Working the Chopper.

"What's troublin' yer, Jakey?" inquired the proprietor of a Thirteenth avenue restaurant, as he noticed his head waiter hanging around the cash desk.

"De cook wants to know wottle we do wid yesterday's pieces."

"Hash?"

"Quite some."

"Wot are they?"

"Dere's half a ham, five cold veal cutlets, some beef, nineteen chicken wings and twelve pieces of grutton."

"You tell de cook, Jakey, to put 'em in and work de chopper, and den put on the blackboard:

" 'Special Today,
Excelsior Croquettes, two for ten.'"
—New York Tribune.

At the Reception.

Barbara—Hindia, that gentleman over yonder is my friend, Mr. Floyd. May I present him?

Hulda—No, you must excuse me. He is the very man who kept his seat in the car the other day while I stood all the way.

Barbara—Really! Why, I am shocked. If he didn't have any regard for our sex he might at least have shown some consideration for age.—Life.

Caught in the Act.

Stranger—How much do you get for the golden rule?

Jeweler (wearily)—Young man, stop right there. I recognize you as the desperado who inquires for salvation, the pearl of great price, and then attempts to get it for consistency, and as the fellow who wants to price a pair of ruby lips. If you don't light out at once I'll call the police!—Jeweler's Review.

A Misconception.

Teacher—Johnny, how many presidents has the country had?

Johnny Knowitall—Twelve.

"You must be thinking of the twelve apostles. Now let me hear you count the presidents. Begin!"

"One, two, three, four."

Whack! whack! whack!—Texas Siftings.

Also, Big Bills.

Mr. Dinghat—Milliner's bill again, eh! What will you ever learn to practice economy? You ought to remember that the feathers don't make fine birds.

Mrs. Dinghat (arranging her bonnet)—No, dear, but they make fine hats.—Lawrence American.

Smoky Footprints.

Father—Ernest made an awful racket when he went out last night. He must wear big shoes.

Clara—You're mistaken, papa. He had very light shoes on last night. I think he said they were low cuts.—Boston Herald.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
40 North avenue.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 8:50, 11:55 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.;

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 4:30 p. m. Direct mail to Phillipsburg, closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8:50 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10 a. m. Mail closed at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to overseas mail.

Drawers of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Main Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect April 1st, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:30, 5:45, 6:30, 7:30, 8:00, 8:45, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Leave Dunellen 3:37, 5:52, 6:37, 7:37, 8:07, 8:52, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 a. m., 12:37, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m., 12:37 night. Arrive at New York 7:00, 8:45, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30 night. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 4:00, 5:15, 6:00, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:45, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Leave Dunellen 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 a. m., 12:37, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m., 12:37 night. Arrive at Plainfield 4:45, 6:37, 7:37, 8:07, 8:52, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 a. m., 12:37, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m., 12:37 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Bound Brook 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Arrive at Bound Brook 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 11:00, 12:00 m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Arrive at Plainfield 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:00, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Bound Brook 8:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 8:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Arrive at Easton 9:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Arrive at Phillipsburg 10:00, 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 4:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 night. Arrive at Plainfield 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:47 a. m.; 3:05 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

For Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

For Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk;

BATTLES AT MOBILE.

QUARTER CENTENARY OF ITS CAPTURE BY CANBY'S MEN.

How Spanish Fort and Blakely Fell. "Can't You Send a Force of Negroes with Arms?"—Fight in Mobile Bay in 1864.—Farragut.

The 12th of April, this year, is the twenty-fifth anniversary of the day the national forces entered Mobile, the last Confederate stronghold that was surrendered.

On the bay side the mouths of the Mobile, Tensas and Apalachee rivers were protected by obstructions. Forts Huger and Tracy were built on the Apalachee, and ten batteries covered Spanish river channel. Besides all these, long lines of piles were driven into the bay across the channel, leaving narrow openings for the blockade runners, for Mobile was a famous blockade running port.

At the entrance from the sea to Mobile Bay were two old United States forts, Morgan and Gaines. The Confederates had seized them in 1861. Fort Gaines was on Little Dauphin Island, west of Fort Gaines, and covering Grant's Pass, while Fort Morgan was on Mobile Point. Torpedoes were here planted across the channel. On the land side were three lines of fortifications.

Up to the summer of 1864 the Mobile blockade runners had their own way mostly. May 11, 1864, however, Gen. E. R. S. Canby was appointed to the command of the military division of West Mississippi. That summer, Aug. 5, Mobile was attacked for the first time during the war. Admiral Farragut, commander of the west gulf squadron, opened fire on Fort Gaines. Aug. 3, Gen. Gordon Granger landed a force of 1,500 Union infantry on Dauphin Island.

Aug. 4, 1864, Gordon Granger's men, protected by Farragut's fleet, marched up Dauphin Island to within half a mile of Fort Gaines. There they intrenched themselves and waited. Early, Aug. 5. It was on the morning of Aug. 5 that the historic scene of Farragut steaming up Mobile Bay lashed to the rigging of his flagship, the Hartford, was enacted. The leading vessel of the attacking squadron was the Tecumseh. Steaming up the bay she struck a torpedo and went to the bottom with her captain and 120 of her crew. Then the flagship Hartford, with the admiral on board, took the lead. The two forts, Gaines and Morgan, played on the fleet with a withering fire.

The Hartford passed Fort Morgan. The Confederate ram Tennessee, believed to be invincible, bore down directly upon the Hartford. The other Union gunboats attacked the Tennessee on all sides. There was a desperate fight that lasted two hours. At last the ram was disabled by Union shot and shell, and surrendered with her crew and officers, 190 in all. Aug. 8 Fort Gaines passed into the hands of the Union forces. Aug. 23 Fort Morgan was surrendered after a general bombardment by sea and land. Then Mobile was open to the sea side. There was no more blockade running.

GEN. CANBY.

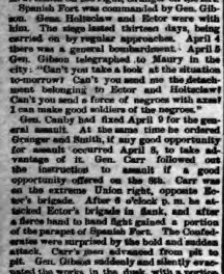
Nothing of importance was attempted against Mobile further till March, 1865. Then the army operations from the land side began. Three commands, those of Maj. Gen. J. Smith, Gordon Granger and Gen. Steele, 45,000 men in all, were gathered for the attack.

One of the most formidable of Mobile's fortifications was Spanish Fort, on the east shore. The Union attack was made on Spanish Fort. The defenses consisted at this time by 9,000 men. Gen. D. H. Maury, Confederate commander of the department of the Gulf, was in the city. Spanish Fort was two miles long, and was seven miles east of Mobile. The Union troops laid siege to it March 27, A. J. Smith on the right, Granger on the left.

Spanish Fort was commanded by Gen. Gibson. Gens. Holtzclaw and Ector were with him. The siege lasted thirteen days, being carried on by regular approaches. April 4 there was a general bombardment. April 5 Gen. Gibson telegraphed to Maury in the city: "Can't you take a look at the situation to-morrow? Can't you send me the detachment belonging to Ector and Holtzclaw? Can't you send a force of negroes with arms? I can make good soldiers of the negroes."

Gen. Canby had fixed April 9 for the general assault. At the same time he ordered Granger and Smith, if any good opportunity for assault occurred April 8, to take advantage of it. Gen. Canby followed out the instruction to assault if a good opportunity offered on the 8th. Carr was on the extreme Union right, opposite Ector's brigade. After dark o'clock p. m. he attacked Ector's brigade in flank, and after a fierce hand to hand fight gained a portion of the parapet of Spanish Fort. The Confederates were surprised by the bold and sudden attack. Carr's men advanced from pit to pit. Gen. Gibson suddenly and silently evacuated the works in the dusk, with a portion of his garrison, and crossed the Apalachee.

Canby's men captured with Spanish Fort 30 guns and 500 prisoners. April 9, 1865, the same day that Lee surrendered to Grant at Appomattox, Canby entered Spanish Fort.



MOBILE.

Gen. Steele's command had reached Pensacola from the south west March 19. It was sent immediately to cut the railroad from Montgomery to Mobile, and to capture Montgomery if possible. After destroying a portion of the railroad about Pollard, Steele marched to Mobile, arriving the last of March. His force of 13,000 invested Fort Blakely, on the east bank of the Apalachee, five miles above Spanish Fort, on the 2d of April.

Fort Blakely was opposite the mouth of the Tensas. After the capture of Spanish Fort, April 9, the whole Union army went to Blakely. It fell by an assault in which the negro troops especially distinguished themselves April 9. The garrison, 3,423 men, with forty guns, was captured. April 11 the Confederates evacuated Forts Huger and Tracy, and Maury, with 5,000 men, evacuated Mobile itself. April 12 Mobile was formally surrendered to Gen. Granger by Mayor Slough.

ELIZA ARCHARD COMER.

BEAUTIES OF LONG AGO.

WOMEN WHO HAVE WITCHED THE WORLD WITH THEIR LOVELINESS.

The Famous Gunning Girls and Their Rise to Rank and Fortune—The Ups and Downs of Lady Hamilton's Life—Old Time American Graces.

ELIZABETH GUNNING.

Beauty—the beauty of woman—has its place in history side by side with the wonderful deeds of the sages, the hero, the statesman and the thinker. The once read story of the siege of Troy leaves stronger recollection on the mind of the surpassing loveliness of Helen than of the stormy valor of Achilles; in the age of Grecian glory Phryne's charms shine out as clearly as the mighty deeds of Alexander, and Cleopatra, the sorceress of the Nile, has more security of unending fame than the man who drove her and Antony to death and founded the long line of Roman Cæsars.

"In praise of ladies dead" is the historian has not been singular or alone. Around the form of beauty the poet has woven the magic spell of romance, verse, and, bowing to the general decree, the sculptor has fashioned his block of marble along the lines of female grace, while the painter has more than vied with each and all to make his canvas the medium for the immortality of loveliness.

LADY HAMILTON.

Perhaps the power of beauty was never better illustrated than in the last century by the career of Elizabeth Gunning. She was the daughter of a poor Irish squire, John Gunning, of Castle Coote, Roscommon, in Connaught. The family was ruined and apparently without resource. But yet there was a resource left, and Mrs. Gunning discovered it. It was the beauty of Elizabeth and her sister Maria. By desperate exertions she another secured enough money to take her daughters to Dublin. There the kindness of Peg Woffington furnished them with invitations to a grand ball at the castle, and with dresses to wear on the occasion. The maidens grew famous in a night and were the toast of the town. More money was raised, and in 1750 they went to London. Society received the "wild Irish girls" with open arms.

DUCHESS OF KENT.

New York's, 1752, the Duke of Hamilton proposed to Elizabeth, then a stately woman of 19, and was accepted. The engagement was of the briefest, for the duke insisted on immediate marriage, roused a bishop from slumber, overcame all obstacles and became the husband of the entrancing Elizabeth at 12:30 a. m. in Mayfair chapel. The haste and hugeduddy with which the affair was hurried on may be imagined from the fact that the wedding ring was the slide of a bed curtain. The new bonnes that night entered on a career of uninterrupted prosperity. She became lady of the bedchamber to Queen Charlotte, the mother of two dukes of Hamilton, was made a baroness in her own right, and, after her husband's death, by a second

COUNTESS COVENTRY.

marriage united the great houses of Hamilton and Argyll, and was the mother of two dukes of the latter title also. Her sister Marie, too, was wooed and won by a noble suitor and dazzled the gay world for years as the Countess of Coventry.

Another woman, to force herself to the front by such aloof of her surpassing charms was Emma Lyon. She owed nothing to a mother's watchfulness and care, as did the Gunnings. She was simply and wholly a child of the slums, the offspring of a house maid's intrigue, and a cast off waif of the streets. Her girlhood was passed amid all the surroundings of abject poverty and irredeemable vice. At 13 she was a nursery maid, immature, but already showing promise of great beauty. Dr. Graham, a notorious quack of the day, picked her out of the gutter, and utilized her in his lectures on health, the half clad girl posing before her employer's audiences as the goddess Hygeia. After this the painter Romney grew infatuated with her, and placed on numerous canvases delineations of her glorious form and features.

She abandoned Romney to become the wife of a middle aged scholar named Greville, and under his tuition stored her mind with a great variety of learning and accomplishments. Now, fully equipped for her battle with the world, she deserted her husband, secured a divorce, and married Sir William Hamilton, the ambassador of Great Britain at the court of Naples. The chronicles of that day are filled with accounts of her social triumphs, her keen wit and intelligence, and her superb beauty. She held her own, despite her past, at the court of St. James and on the continent, until one morning there sailed into port, after victory over England's foes, the famous Lord Nelson. Complications arising from her subsequent acquaintance with the great admiral barred her from respectable circles, and a few years after Nelson's death she

MRS. JEROME BONAPARTE.

passed away at Calais, to which town she fled to avoid her London creditors.

Still another beauty of whom was the toast of her day had the fortune to be blessed in her youth with beauty, and also inherited rank. She was "of the purple," and knew nothing of obscurity. She was the sister of Elizabeth Gunning, of Castle Coote, Roscommon, in Connaught. The family was ruined and apparently without resource. But yet there was a resource left, and Mrs. Gunning discovered it. It was the beauty of Elizabeth and her sister Maria. By desperate exertions she another secured enough money to take her daughters to Dublin. There the kindness of Peg Woffington furnished them with invitations to a grand ball at the castle, and with dresses to wear on the occasion. The maidens grew famous in a night and were the toast of the town. More money was raised, and in 1750 they went to London. Society received the "wild Irish girls" with open arms.

MRS. JAMES MONROE.

Lawrence also painted a portrait of Lady Elizabeth Gower, who in 1819 married Earl Grosvenor, eldest son of the Marquis of Westminster. His became in due course of time Lady Westminster, and lived to a great old age, preserving, even to the last, traces of the loveliness which distinguished her youth.

American interest generally was familiar with the romance surrounding the family of Baltimore Bonaparte. It was a notable event when the belle of the Monumental city married the brother of the French ruler and, as a matter of the time declared, "cemented the alliance between the countries of Washington and Lafayette." But the first consul did not propose that his imperial plans should be disturbed by an alliance of this sort, and refused to regard the brother Jerome's regal wife as anything more than Patterson. The divorce which he insisted on caused a rupture between Napoleon and Pius VII, and the Baltimore beauty, insisting that she was and would remain Madame Bonaparte, returned to America in 1804 and ended her life in her native city.

One of the lovely women of a past generation well worthy of mention is Elizabeth Kortright, the wife of James Monroe, for eight years president of the United States. Her maiden name was Kortright, and her father had been a captain in the British army. Mr. Monroe, when he married her, had won a congressman from Virginia. The wedding took place in 1786, and from the hour when their fortunes were joined at the altar Mrs. Monroe, by her grace, her charm of manner and her tact, greatly added the future president in conciliating foes, making friends and carrying out a career. They lived much abroad, for he was minister to France and then to England, and afterward at home the lady's social duties included those which devolve upon the wife of a secretary of state and the chief executive of a republic. She was a handsome woman and she had brains.

FRED C. DAYTON.

A Rather Gruesome Banquet.

The undertakers' assistants of San Francisco recently held a banquet which had about it many gruesome features. The stage of Metropolitan temple was canopied with black and white, and two white coffins appeared on a black velvet background with this sentiment above: "Eat, drink and be merry, for to-morrow we die." Over the center of the platform hung an illuminated skull and cross bones. A design over the door bore the inscription: "At rest: Dan McGlusy," and a placard on the walls read: "What is home without a cough in?" The menu card, in shape like a coffin lid, offered such delicacies as chicken dressed a la shroud, sneaks served on a stretcher; beef, Undertakers' association style; tomatoes stewed a la grippe, bean a la morgue, and so on. A lively young man who were pressed soon to leave cast of their professional load of woe for the occasion and to have gone a little too far beyond the natural and healthy limit of merriment.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

ENTERTAINMENT AND INSTRUCTION FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Frogs in Their First or Tadpole State of Life—An Experience Which Made One Boy Resolve Never to Kill Another of These Creatures.

No one ignorant of the fact would suspect a frog of ever having been a tadpole. The two are as unlike in appearance as in name. The mournful looking creature in the picture was, however, in its first stage of existence only a wriggling tadpole with no legs and a body that tapers to a point, forming a tail. Vick's Magazine, from which the cut is taken, tells the young people how this transformation comes about, and mentions a number of facts about frogs as follows:

A TRANSFORMED TADPOLE.

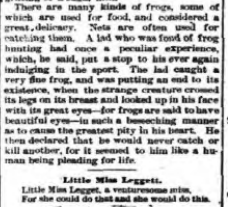
When the frog is changing from one state to the other, the hind legs first begin to grow, then the fore legs appear and the tail is lost. The tadpole lives in the water; the frog, while loving to live near the water, visits it only occasionally, but makes his home on the shady, moist banks of ponds or streams. The voice of the male is powerful, that of the female is comparatively weak. It is amusing to hear, in the warm summer nights, the different notes and scales which these queer creatures can produce, from a low, deep croak, given only occasionally, to the high, uninterrupted song of many voices blended together, until, if heard from a distance, it sounds like the ringing of silver sleigh bells.

The great bullfrog of America has a wonderfully powerful voice, while that of the blackamith frog of South America is like a hammer striking against some metallic substance. Still another frog is called the sugar miller, because it produces a sound like the grating of a sugar mill.

There are many kinds of frogs, some of which are used for food, and considered a great delicacy. The boys are often used for catching them. A lad who was fond of frog hunting had once a peculiar experience, which, he said, put a stop to his ever again indulging in the sport. The lad caught a very fine frog, and was putting an end to its existence, when the strange creature crossed its legs on its breast and looked up in his face with its great eyes—for frogs are said to have beautiful eyes—in such a beseeching manner as to cause the greatest pity in his heart. He then decided that he would never catch or kill another, for it seemed to him like a human being pleading for life.

Little Miss Leggett.

Little Miss Legget, a venturesome miss,
For she could do that and she would do this.



The winds blew high, the winds blew low,
And piled the sidewalks high with snow.
Now, Miss Leggett not only could
Out walking go, but really would.
She ventures out in the drifting storm
Without a thought of any harm.
Little Miss Leggett found, when it was too late,
She's lost in the snow at her own pa's gate.

All in the snow, quite up to her chin,
A kind hobby finds her and takes her in.
—Springfield Homestead.

The Work of the Frost Fairies.

A cottage and a mansion
Stood across by side—
One marked by narrow windows
And one by casements wide;
And the sun by day moved toward
And was echoed back at night,
In one through costly laces,
And in one through muslin white.

But there came a night when the fairies
Who live in the realm of cold
Came down in their silvery chariots,
That sent the benighted rolled;
And there, on the panes of the windows
Of both they did work wrought,
With their fairy, flying fingers,
Such lace as ne'er was bought.

And the glowing sun rolled upward
When the fairy troop had gone,
And into the cot and mansion
With a silvery gleam it shone,
While the threads of the fairy laces
With gems it scattered o'er;
Till the poem of the rainbow window
The delighted curtain bore.
—Columbus Dispatch.

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Spring and Summer Opening
of
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will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.
A Perfect Garden of Flowers.
Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

IT IS NOT QUITE TIME
For us to make our Spring blow out, but we are gradually receiving Invoices, and in a few days we shall have everything. We have bought for Spring and Summer, which will surpass anything ever seen in Plainfield, in Boot and Shoe line.
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NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

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New Kid Gloves, New Corsets, New Laces, New Hamburgh Edgings, New Ribbons, New Fast-black Hosiery, and in fact New everything. We have never offered a more complete and desirable line of Goods than now.
We show over 30 diff erent styles of new mattings from 12 1-2 cents up. Curtain Poles, in ash, cherry, walnut, antique oak, ebony and brass, in 1 1-2 inch and 2 inch in stock, at low prices.
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Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best at said lowest goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warrant all.
We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are now filled with the very beste makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.
Call and examine our goods.
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS

JOTTINGS.

—"Things at worst will cease."—Macbeth.

—A new style pocket match safe is out. The design is a pig safeap.

—Extensive Easter preparations are being made by the churches in this city.

—"Light shall make us rue if Plainfield do not keep true."—King John (adapted.)

—The cotton candy, bogus alarm, trick-eating bat, etc., were rejuvenated yesterday.

—The Mayor and Council of the Borough will meet for organization next Friday evening.

—This is the last week of Lent. A number of parties and socialies are looked for next week.

—Mrs. Parnell will preside at the mothers' meeting in Reform Hall on Thursday at three o'clock.

—The Middlesex County Gun Club will hold a "scrub" on their grounds in Dunellen next Sunday.

—I might not this believe without the credible and true avouch of mine own eyes."—Shakespeare.

—Rejoicing this evening the furniture dealers of Plainfield have agreed to keep open until eight o'clock.

—The lion is only resting. The jackals may now fill he wakes. The criminal classes rejoice, but remember right will win.

—Men are engaged boring another six inch test well near the Netherwood station for the use of the Plainfield Water Company.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Hooley of West Seventh street have returned from a two weeks' stay at St. Augustine, Florida.

—Policeman Flanagan last night arrested a painter for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. This morning Judge Codington fined the unfortunate five dollars. The fine was paid.

—Four large furniture vans were yesterday afternoon in the mid between Elizabeth and Cranford. The roads are in a terrible condition. It is said that it took one large truck loaded with furniture from Saturday until Monday to go from Westfield to Elizabeth.

—The ladies of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church will hold a prayer meeting in the church parlor, at half past three o'clock on this afternoon of Good Friday. Members of other church societies are cordially invited to be present.

—We must eat. Neither do we wish to, but we'll get there just the same in the sweat by and bye. We are after the scalps of the wicked, and when we ring down the curtain it will be on the tableau of virtue rewarded, with the band playing "Hail to the Chief," and glory to Pat.

—It is surprising how times have changed. In the good old days, long since past, March the 1st was one week from the 8th. Now it is almost to arrest anybody for fear of being called before the Board to answer to charges of exceeding his authority.

—Particular attention is directed to the advertisement elsewhere of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, who have their store next Saturday, April 5th, and propose to make everybody happy with the best of bargains and the best of treatment in their line. Read the advertisement carefully. In the way of advertising literature it is unique, and reminds one of enterprising merchants, and will only be a benefit to any town and deserving of encouragement.

—Warden Dodd says the charges against Policeman Lynch are outrageous. "Why", continued Mr. Dodd, "here in Elizabeth where there are about forty policemen, they for merely disorderly conduct or drunkenness hand-cuff women as well as men, a single exception coming from the station house to the county jail is not less than three blocks." Mr. Dodd was formerly Chief of Police in Plainfield, but left to was elected Warden of the Union county jail, he resigned. Councilman Tuttle of Orange has chosen in his stead. Nearly everybody agrees with Mr. Dodd when he says that the charge is outrageous.

—Theatre-goers will be pleased to learn that Miss Hubert Frohman, the gifted and handsome young actress from New York is to play with her company at Music Hall on Monday, April 7th. Those who have seen the young lady in her various characters pronounce her a star of her in no ordinary sense. She has something more than talent; she has simplicity, and subtlety, a charm of manner and a power of portraying human nature that commands admiration. Mrs. Frohman's elocution is distinct and natural and Mary Anderson's. She flashes and plays like Summer lightning, running the chords of fancy, leading an undertone and vivacity to all her work. Each interpretation of characters entirely opposite is a great feature. See the advertisement.

—The Water-Works Company have erected a shed at Netherwood at contemplates 800 Italians who are to dig up the streets of Plainfield, for the purpose of laying the water mains, at $1 per day. Of course the company has a legal right to procure their help where they may, and these are the cheapest, but if the Republican idea of protection was carried out it would have compelled the company to employ laborers who reside in this city, and pay them living rates. This practice of bringing in semi-civilized paupers to compete with honest laborers, who are our fellow citizens and wanting employment, is just what Rev. Dr. Hurlbut and Rev. Mr. Mitchell so ably denounced recently, as against public policy. The Democratic Councilmen made a manful fight to remove Engineer Hering, who is to most other the city's interests, but not a word said they against the conspiracy to employ laborers they were supposed to be using.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Report of the Peach Crop.—A Fit Mistaken for Hydrophobia.—Information Wanted in Regard to Army Nurses.

Reports that the peach crop will be almost an entire failure this year, will, if it proves true, seriously interfere with the glass business, as the glass fruit jars are largely for peaches.—Ex.

Persons having knowledge of any one serving in capacity of army nurse in the late rebel lion are requested to communicate such facts with the terms and address of such army nurse, to Department Secretary Emma J. Southwick, No. 233 Hanover street, Trenton, N. J.

It is understood that Pusey & Crane, the Paterson silk dyers, whose failure was reported last week, have little chance of resuming business. Their assets are about $10,000, with liabilities running up to $13,000. It is expected that the assignment made to Raymond Schuyler, the coal dealer, will close the business.—Ex.

Marco Mariotteo, of Hammonton, was bitten a few weeks ago by a dog supposed to have been bitten some time before by a mad dog. Saturday last Mariotteo showed signs of hydrophobia and was placed under the influence of ether. When he became conscious he appeared to be better. Some people think he only had a fit.—Ex.

Mrs. John J. Bauers, of 238 Second street, Newark, met with an injury on Saturday evening which will probably result fatally. She was relaying a brussels carpet, and while stooping with a large pair of shears in her hand, fell and ran one of the blades over four inches into her side at the waist. She lost a large quantity of blood before medical assistance arrived. She is in a critical condition, and her chances of recovery are regarded as slight.—The Advance.

Charles T. Stratton's famous carrier pigeon, "Blustbird," died Saturpay at Bridgeton. It was ten years old. This is the bird which made a famous fly from Belleire, O. It was taken out there by Walter Leach and loosed and made the return trip, 453 miles air line, in nine hours and 37 minutes. This is the best record in the United States, we are informed, in a single day's fly. "Blustbird" has made several other records nearly as good as this. Stratton regrets the death of the bird, to whom he had become greatly attached.—Jersey City News.

The Olympics Won Both Games

The Olympics defeated the Somersets in two of the Central League games on the alleys in this city last evening. The scores are as follows:

OLYMPIC	1st game.	2d game.
Wilbur	116	143
White	162	203
Hoffman	180	117
VanAlstyne	164	126
Collier	164	184
	815	737
SOMERSETS		
Gulick	114	125
Goodman	142	138
Miller	104	149
Major	122	120
Haynes and Conklin	116	125
	598	657

Crescents Lose Both Games.

Two of the Central League games were bowled on the Crescent alleys last night. The contesting teams were the Crescents, of this city, and the Elizabeth Athletic Club. The visitors won both games. The score is as follows:

ELIZABETH.	1st game.	2d game.
Werner	170	179
Fleming	138	167
Davis	143	183
Dimick	125	179
Hollner	150	132
	724	821
CRESCENTS.		
VanBlarcom	170	136
Hawes	127	119
Thiers	134	153
Rogers	112	141
Teel, C	136	129
	669	678

Umpire—Jno. Marsh.

Thrown From a Wagon.

A boy named Doty, who lives on Grove street, North Plainfield, met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon. He was standing up in a moving wagon on West Second street, when the driver suddenly turned into Madison avenue. The little fellow lost his balance and was thrown to the ground, landing on his head and shoulders. The Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes happened along at the time and picked the boy up and carried him to the sidewalk. After a brief time Doty, although suffering intense pain, was able to walk home.

Crushed His Finger.

While starting the gas engine in Charles Smith's lager beer saloon yesterday afternoon, Reinhold Simak, an employe of the place, caught the middle finger of his right hand between the fly wheel and another part of the machinery badly crushing that digit. The injury is a very painful one and the unfortunate young man will not be able to use his hand for some time. Dr. Long dressed the wound.

—At a recent meeting of Common Council Councilman Hatfield introduced a resolution, which was adopted, that $200 be placed in the hands of Chief Carey to be used in ferreting out violators of the liquor ordinance. A few weeks after the passage of the resolution the Chief discovers a bar-room open after hours and informed the occupants of the room he began to be members of the Council one of them the mover of the resolution; the Chief makes a complaint against the hotel-keeper; a trial follows; the jury selected by Policeman Grant disagrees and then the Chief of Police is suspended from office for disobedience of orders. This is the case in a nut-shell, and the citizens are now taking a hand to resent the outrage.

AN EMPLOYE OF THE POND TOOL WORKS ARRESTED.

After a Bloody Fight With the Police While Resisting and Crazy With Liquor.

At about ten o'clock this morning an employee of the Pond Tool Works while under the influence of liquor attempted to "run" Charles Smith's saloon. One of the bartenders promptly ejected him from the place. Policeman McCue was passing at the time, and he attempted to arrest the officer, who resisted. Policeman Lynch went to Policeman McCue's assistance, and between the two they got the prisoner as far as Thorn's saloon on Park avenue, which he tried to enter, crazy for another drink. He fought the officers, using their hands, and kicking them. They were compelled thereupon to use their clubs to overcome him. Still he fought them all the way to the station house, and it was only by the united efforts of Policeman McCue, Lynch, Grant and Sitler that he was finally lodged safely inside the lockup. When the police attempted to search him, another fight ensued. The blood was drawn freely from both police and prisoner.

PERSONAL.

Mr. T. B. Drake of Somerset street has moved to 36 Duer street.

Mr. Albert Crane of Arlington avenue has moved to No. 37 New street.

Mr. E. J. Richards of 37 New street has moved to 27 East Second street.

Scarlet fever is reported as the residence of Councilman Henry McGee of Rockview avenue.

Mrs. Percy Miles nee Miss Emma Hudson of New York, pass a flying visit to her parents yesterday afternoon.

Mr. I. W. Stout has changed his place of residence from Somerset street to Grandview avenue, North Plainfield.

The Rev. and Mrs. Isaac Schenck of West Grand, N. Y., are visiting Mr. Schenck's brother, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck of this city.

Harry, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clark was buried from the home of his parents on West Third street this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Sutton, who formerly resided at 12 West Fourth street, have removed to the corner Fourth street and Madison avenue.

Mary E., the wife of Mr. Harry S. Moore, died suddenly at her home on Madison avenue yesterday. The funeral will take place from her late residence to-morrow at 12 o'clock and at 2:30 o'clock from the Second Presbyterian church in Rahway.

The Easter Sale.

The Easter sale which has been taking place in the parlors of the Unitarian Society for two days past was a success. It was given by the ladies connected with the church, and was under the management of Mr. W. J. Leonard, assisted by the following ladies, Miss Edith Leonard, Mrs. S. R. Kroon, Miss Carrie Barker, Miss Southard, Miss Eva Pierce, Miss Vida Conklin, Miss Anna Shane and Miss Hotchkiss.

Adjourned Until April 12th.

Surrogate Parrott was engaged yesterday morning taking testimony in the William Moore will case. The case was held in the Union county court room at Elizabeth. Several witnesses were examined. At one o'clock yesterday afternoon the taking of further testimony was adjourned over until April 12th.

—A number of persons in this city were the victims of the April fool joker yesterday.

—"It is not what he has to say, but a giant's strength, but tyrannous to use it like a giant."—Measure for Measure.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular monthly meeting to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—A small boy named Doty picked up a pocket book on East Front street this morning. He handed it to Chief Carey.

—Gamble Engine Company No. 1 will hold a meeting this evening at eight o'clock for the purpose of nominating officers to serve for the ensuing year.

—The taking of testimony in the Hyde-French mill dam case was resumed to-day before Vice Chancellor Bird in the City Council chamber this morning. Mr. Hyde was put on the stand this morning and gave his testimony.

—The fixtures in Arnold's grocery, and the house in the rear are to be sold to-morrow as advertised, to make room for a new hotel, to be built by enlarging the present building recently bought by Mr. Joseph Blatz.

—It is to Chief Carey we are indebted for ridding us of the fire-bugs who afflicted this city for twenty years, destroying hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of property, and both he and ex-Chief Dodd acknowledged that their great trophy, Gruden and the Policeman Lynch, who captured Firebug Jackson in the very act of setting fire to a $10,000 house.

—The motive of Messrs. Brooks, Eddy and Miller, in preferring charges against Policeman Lynch was no doubt good, but they have been foolishly misled and their zeal has been humbugged. To begin with, the arrest of the two men by one policeman was not on a "trivial" charge, unless the charge of systematically robbing their employers of thousands of dollars is trivial, and certainly these gentlemen won't deny that such a charge is a serious one. Doubtless when they learn the true facts they will as good citizens be the foremost to commend the policeman for using every precaution to prevent the escape of the accused when he was sent to arrest them, knowing the serious nature of the offense.

Died.

MOORE—Suddenly in this city, on April 1, Mary E., wife of Harry S. Moore.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from residence, 69 Madison avenue, at 12 noon, Thursday, April 3, and from St. Paul's Episcopal church at 2:30 p. m., at 2:30 p.m.

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

MISS CONNOR MISLED BY OFFICIAL RECORDS.

Gen. Eli Long's Correct Account of a Battle in Which He Had a Prominent Part.

To the Editor of The News:—As it is a sort of duty of the participants in the late war to see that those parts of it where they took part, is correctly written, however small and unimportant it may seem to be, it, in performance of said duty, respectfully offer a few corrections to the communication, signed Miss Richard Connor, published on the last page of Monday's News.

As to the torpedoes she speaks of I never saw the least of any kind, and I would have heard of them if any had been there. The article says "By four o'clock he (Wilson) was ready to take Selma by assault. Minty's Brigade dismounted, and formed in line half a mile from the works in the Summerville road. The skirmish line opened a strong fire. Under cover of this, the pioneer corps, with axes marched forward and succeeded in making a breach in the stockade, which was quickly captured. Wilson himself then went forward with Long to the skirmish line and ordered the assault." The facts are:

The plan of attack was to have been as follows: Upon which his division or a portion of it was to have advanced through the marsh and timber lands on the rebel right flank, the demonstrations were supposed to be not so strong, and when he got into position so that he could assault, a signal gun was to have been fired by his battery, upon which both his and the 2d Division were to make the assault. My command the 2d Division being in plain sight of the works (with only an open field between) and on a slight elevation less than half a mile therefrom, and was to be the signal gun, and the assault was made and the place captured, upon examination of the rolls of prisoners, loosing out of 1256 reported to be in line 246 killed and wounded, including every regimental and brigade commander but one, Minty, who was not in the advance, as their was only a single line and no advance.

General Wilson came on the line and before the charge was sounded and made, had gone to the left of our line in the direction of Selma, and was not with his command when the second division until a good portion of the rebel works were captured and in our possession. The statement about the pioneer corps is mythical. Very Respectfully,

Eli Long.

Even "Canada" Despises Us.

To the Editor of The News:—In times past the people of Plainfield were wont to resort at North Plainfield as a place of no consequence—over the brook—and then on, this side have talked of annexation to Plainfield proper as something to be desired, but that was the extent of it, and no practical changes have taken place. The Borough Council has become solidly Republican and their party leaders are in power, and very much has been done to stimulate growth and development.

The streets are well lighted, some of the most important avenues have been thoroughly macadamized, and markets have been efficient, consequently we have grown. Many fine residences have been built, while blocks of the latter have gone up, and the place has a decided appearance of healthfulness and prosperity. All the members of the Council are self-respecting and respected men, and the business of the Borough is conducted strictly in the interests of the people. We had then that we were entirely satisfied with ourselves, and we are not looking for want to annexation. On the other hand we are thankful that we are not there, that our Councilmen are men of honor, that all law-breakers will have to deal with Plainfield's police, and to them, that our marshals can feel secure in doing their whole duty, and are in no danger of being set upon by a lawless gang of thieves. Surely the city of Plainfield may receive instruction and inspiration from the Borough.

Boroughite.

At Its Usual Practice.

Mayor's Office,
Plainfield, N. J., April 2, 1890.

To the Editor of The News:—I wish to emphatically deny the statement in The Daily Press of this date, that I voted for the charges against Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch. I think they are two of the best officers we have, and I would be the last man to do anything to obstruct them in the performance of their duty.

Jos Hale, Mayor.

About the Proposed Street Railway.

The following letter explains itself:

New York, April 1, 1890.

My Dear Doctor Pettis:—Yours of the 31st received and noted. In reply would say that the Plainfield Street Railway Company, and its representatives, do not intend to build a five-mile road, and equip with first-class new equipment. To state it more explicitly, we do not intend that the people who may have been misinformed, we propose to build a standard gauge track, with frogged turn outs at suitable points, and to lay of 56 lb new steel side-bearing rail, and to make it flush with the surface. We propose to pave between the tracks and one foot on the outside of track and one foot on the outside, which will make a smoother and better roadway than any pavement that has been laid in this city. We propose to equip the road with new, first-class motor cars, in fact, the whole of the line first-class in all respects. The character of the parties should be a sufficient guarantee of the honesty of their investigations.

Yours truly,
A. W. Platt,
For the Plainfield Street Railway Co.

Public Auction,

ON

Thursday, April 3,

AT FIVE O'CLOCK P. M.

The oak FRAME HOUSE on Chatham street, next to Arnold's grocery, North Plainfield, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, the house to be removed by the purchaser.

Also fixtures in Arnold's grocery.

JOSEPH A. BLATZ. 31-6

Auction Sale of Valuable Household Furniture

Amos Moffett, Auct'r, will sell at public auction, at the residence of James Merritt, No. 61 Hampton avenue, near Broadway, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., on

THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1890.

Bedroom suits, beds and bedding, parlor suits, brussels and ingrain carpet, dining-room furniture, cook stove, kitchen utensils and other household furniture, together with all the contents of the house. Terms made known on day of sale.

The above goods will be offered at private sale previous to April 3. JAMES MERRITT. 31-6

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Railroad Smashup at Elizabeth.

Elizabeth, N. J., April 2, (Special.)—This morning a freight train here ran into the rear of another freight train, demolishing the cars which were loaded with merchandise, scattering it along the tracks for some distance. The colliding locomotive was badly damaged, but the engineer and fireman saved themselves by jumping. The accident was due to the negligence of the train men.

Mine Explosion.—Men Suffocating.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 2, (Special.)—An explosion of gas in shaft No. 4 occurred at Nanticoke this morning. Several men badly burned were rescued at noon, but there are four men still in the suffocating to death and no chance to save them.

To Join New York and New Jersey.

Washington, D. C., April 2, (Special)—The House to day passed the bill for the construction of the New York and New Jersey bridge across the Hudson river.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritts.

A COACHMAN Wants employment. Reliable and competent. Refers to present employer. Apply at Bernard Brady's, 61 Liberty street. 1-4

FOR SALE—Cheap—A nice little buggy top phaeton. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street.

FOR SALE—Coupe rockaway $300. Cost to build $600. Has had but very little use; in perfect order. Address C, Box 251, Plainfield.

FOR SALE—A horse suitable for light work on farm. Price $50. Can be seen at third stable on Sherman avenue, West of Grant avenue. 2-2

FIRST-CLASS laundress Mondays and Tuesdays. Steady work if satisfactory. References required. Address "Private Family," post office.

FOUND.—On Front street, a pocket book containing a sum of money. Owner can have same by calling on Chief Carey and paying expenses.

FOR RENT—Ten room house: Duer street; moderate rent. J. M. Bettman, 14 Willow avenue. 1-2

FOR RENT—Piano in fine order. Apply at 70 East Fifth street. 31-3

FOR RENT—House seven rooms, all improvements. Gold papered throughout. A bargain. Rent $22.50. Apply 70 East Fifth street. 31-3

LOST—25 year, 47th Regiment, long service medal. Suitable reward. Return to News office. 2-3

MRS. ADAMS, NO. FIVE EAST Front street will display on Friday and Saturday, 4th and 5th inst, a large assortment of ready-made hats, bonnets and other millinery novelties. 2-3

TO LET—A small house, 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 1-2

TO LET—Four rooms, 220 East Second street. 1-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Reference required. 107 West Front street.

WANTED — Capable, respectable girl, (not under 18 years) as nurse to two grown children and a baby 14 months. 130 West Front street. 1-2

WASHING and ironing done. Call any time. 46 East Third street.

WANTED—Experience saleswoman. Address Dry Goods care of The Evening News. 2-5*

WANTED—A good cook and laundress in family of two References Apply 116 Franklin street. 2-3

WANTED—Working housekeeper for small household. Good home for aged lady. Apply after five o'clock, 194 West Front street. W&F

WANTED—Two competent women, Cook and laundress, and chambermaid and waitress. Reference required. 9 to 11 morning (Thursday) after 7:30 p. m. E. S. Clarke, 179 West Front street.

WANTED—Horse or covered man. One understanding the care of horse and grounds. Apply from seven to nine p. m. W. T. Goodenough, Liberty avenue. 1-2

WANTED—A situation to cook, wash and iron, by a competent girl. Apply at present employer, 41 La Grande avenue.

WANTED—Coachman and gardener. Must have good references. J. M. Bettman, 14 Willow avenue.

YOUNG man of good business ability wants position as bookkeeper, clerk or salesman. Good references. Address, "Business," care of Evening News.

YOUNG lady experienced as nurse and companion, desires employment in either capacity. Highest references. Address "Vendue," care of Evening News.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

By limitation and mutual consent the firm of Smith & Rockwell have this day dissolved partnership. All debts owing the firm are payable to J. A. Smith, and all bills against the late firm will be paid by him. The business will be continued by J. A. Smith at the old stand, 18 West Front street.

J. A. Smith,
Geo. S. Rockwell.

Plainfield, N. J., March 31, 1890. 1-2

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday morning. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. Cooley, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 3-29-1m*

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 7,

MARIE HUBERT FROMAN in three opposite characters.

FIRST—"ROMANCE.

"King René's Daughter" the Blind Princess, a tale of love and chivalry, full of poetry and heroic charm.

SECOND—REALISM.

"Snow Bound"—A touching story of love in the Sierra Nevadas full of tender pathos.

THIRD—COMEDY;

"False Charms"—A dainty French farce of the best comedy sparkling with wit. Will serve you a trip to Paris.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Wednesday.

THREE CHARMING PLAYS

EASTER MONDAY NIGHT.

MUSIC HALL.

New York Star. New York Co.

New Yorkers call Plainfield the handsomest town in New Jersey. It has first-class people, good society, good schools, live churches! It has beautiful streets, shaded walks and enterprising public officials, and an obliging Postmaster.

This town of Plainfield deserves high-class entertainments.

But the young people like to go to New York. It means a ride on the express train, a trip on the Elevated, three hours beside the man you love in a New York Theatre: a fifteen dollar dinner (if you order champagne), then a trip back to Plainfield in the midnight gloaming.

It's two o'clock in the morning when you get home. The next morning you have a headache, the back of your neck burns like a cinder. (You say you never felt better in your life.)

For a change you are to have a first class New York attraction at Music Hall on Easter Monday night.

Mr. Gustave Frohman who organized the famous "Hazel Kirke" plays and managed them for the Madison Square Theatre, now brings a triple bill—three exquisite plays to make you cry and laugh and feel happy. "King Rene's Daughter", a beautiful Danish play of love and chivalry, with delicious harp music, opens the evening. "Snow Bound", an intensely interesting drama of the Sierra Nevada Mountains follows it. "False Charms," a farce comedy is one of the most exquisite pieces of the kind on the stage. It concerns the elopement of a young girl because her grandmother wants to marry her sweetheart.

Marie Hubert Frohman who appears in each play, is a young actress of extraordinary ability. Rose Eytinge says, "She is a revelation."

The other night she played to 2000 people in Fall River, Mass. and made "a hit." The Detroit Free Press says, "She has decided genius and held the audience spell bound." The Rochester Democrat says, "She has beauty, magnetism, and a sweet voice."

Her voice is like Mary Anderson's, deep and organ toned, but she has a magnetism that sways the audience to the end.

Monday Night at Music Hall.

The World's Fair Goes to Chicago;

BUT THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD WILL ATTEND THE **GRAND OPENING** OF THE UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, **99 WEST FRONT STREET,** FRENCH'S BUILDING, NEARLY OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL, ON **SATURDAY, APRIL 5TH,** WHERE THEY CAN PURCHASE A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES. ON OPENING DAY ONLY EVERY CUSTOMER OF **50 CENTS** AND UPWARDS WILL BE PRESENTED WITH A **HANDSOME** AND **USEFUL PRESENT.** TO INTRODUCE A SUPERIOR GRADE OF MILK CRACKERS WE HAVE DECIDED TO OFFER A SAMPLE BOX **FREE** TO OUR CUSTOMERS. WE WISH TO IMPRESS ON THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY THAT ALL OUR GOODS ARE **GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE.** PURCHASERS NOT REQUIRING CHECKS WITH TEA, COFFEE AND BAKING POWDER WILL BE MADE A LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON THEIR PURCHASES. A LARGE SHIPMENT OF THE FINEST DESIGNS IN GLASS AND DECORATED WARE JUST RECEIVED, WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT POTTERY PRICES. FRESH COUNTRY EGGS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY SATURDAY FOR EASTER. **WHOLESALE PRICES TO LARGE BUYERS. SUGAR AT COST.** WAGON DELIVERIES THROUGHOUT CITY AND BOROUGH DAILY. COUNTRY AND ADJOINING TOWNS WEEKLY.

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. THIS THIS BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

Van EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

Kline's Extracts.

R. V. SAUNS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Scotch Plains.
P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Will make given cheerfully on all kinds of work

Plainfield Evening News.

THIS NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HORNSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

BOOK BOX 61, TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Stanley, the explorer, might be called the Man Afraid of Women. He says he is "absolutely uncomfortable" when he tries to talk to women. He confesses: "I can't talk to women. In their presence I am just as much a hypocrite as any other man, and it galls me that I must act, and be affected, and parody myself, for no earthly reason but because I think, with other men, that to speak and act otherwise would not be appreciated."

The house of representatives has passed the bill for the construction of three United States penitentiaries. In these will be confined prisoners convicted by United States courts. One will be west of the Rocky mountains, the others probably one each in the northern and southern states. One wise provision incorporated in the bill is that the prisons must be so constructed that the youthful offenders shall be kept entirely separate from the hardened criminals.

Corn Foods.

It is hard to believe that the benighted peoples of Europe know not of corn muffins or flapjacks, smelling of sweet and delicious hoe cakes, or, heaven help them! nothing of golden brown, crisp fried mush and maple sirup. Yet such is the fact. They do not even have practical knowledge of our national dish of hog and hominy.

There is a prejudice hard to overcome against articles of food made from corn. During the Irish famine many barrels of meal were shipped to the starving people by benevolent Americans. The peasants, hungry as they were, took an invincible dislike to the corn bread, declaring they could starve more easily than to eat the "yaller male."

An exhibition of American corn foods will be held in Edinburgh next May. The object of the display will be to show visitors to the exhibition the merits of Indian corn as a food. It is said the lord provost of Edinburgh takes a lively interest in the exhibit. If Indian corn foods can be popularized in Europe it will give cheaper bread to the poor. To this end dishes made of corn will be prepared in attractive shape and set before the people.

The foreigners will then learn for the first time how appetizing are cornstarch pudding, succotash, and corn on the cob. Pitiable is the lot of him or that one who has never tasted these things. One point Americans must not forget, and that is to have an old colored aunty from the south to show all the world how to make corn bread. Nobody in the north knows how to make it properly, unless it be some one who learned from a southern cook.

Is Protestantism Changing?

Utterances of distinguished Protestant divines lately, not only in the Episcopal church but in other denominations, are to be taken as a mild though full indorsement of the idea that prayers for the dead may be of use to them much the same as prayers for the living may help them. Not yet long ago this belief was held to be rank heresy by the majority of Protestant denominations. So distinguished a churchman as Gladstone rather favors confession.

The presbyteries of New York and Chicago have both voted by heavy majorities to revise the Westminster creed and catechism. These are two of the most important presbyteries in the Union, and the debates on the question of revision at times waxed hot and bitter. Rev. Dr. Briggs was one of the principal advocates of revision in the New York presbytery. He said the revision as proposed did not suit him exactly, but every good thing was a compromise. The Westminster catechism itself had been in its time a compromise. But there were five things on which the revisionists would insist. They would bless from the confession the five following points:

Reprobation.

The damnation of infants.

The damnation of the heathen.

The classification of Roman Catholics as idolators.

The statement that the pope is anti-christ.

The doctrine that the Almighty has from the foundation of the world chosen part of the race to be reprobates eternally in the midst of faith which troubles believers most. The last great stumbling block is acceptance of the statement that infants are damned before they are born. Many Presbyterians seem to find a relief in ceasing to think that Roman Catholics are idolators and the pope is antichrist. Rev. Mr. Strong, of the Madison Avenue (New York) Presbyterian church, declared it to be his private belief that the pope was antichrist, but he did not know whether a declaration to that effect was necessary.

There are in America traces of a kindlier feeling growing up between Protestants and Catholics. There are even traces that in some points of belief the Protestants are tending toward the Roman faith, notably the growing belief in the efficacy of prayers for the dead.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

A Bill Introduced to Improve Liberty Island.

OTHER MEASURES OF INTEREST

The House Passes the Fortifications Bill and Grinds Out a Large Grist of Other Bills—Other News from the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The senate passed house bill authorizing the Mississippi river commission to purchase or hire such boats as may be immediately necessary to rescue inhabitants of the overflowed districts, and to use the boats for that purpose. The nomination of Ensign M. Clark to be postmaster at Niagara Falls, N. Y., was confirmed.

To Improve Liberty Island.

Among the bills introduced were the following: By Mr. Chandler (joint resolution)—Granting permission to the Bartholdi Statue association to improve all of Bedloe's Island, and provide for its use as a public park, under the supervision of the secretary of war.

Mr. Wilson (Ia.), by request—To forbid maintenance and oppression in suits brought upon letters patent. The bill provides that when it appears in a suit concerning letters patent that the defense is interfered with or maintained by a combination of individuals or corporations for unlawful purposes, such interference is declared a public offense. Any individual or corporation indicted, tried and convicted of this offense is to be fined not less than $5,000, and the district attorney is to begin proceedings in equity to dissolve any convicted association and to confiscate its property.

Mr. Stewart—To prevent the manufacture, sale and importation of lager beer. Lager beer in the bill is defined to be the beverage commonly known as lager beer, ale and water. Any other fluid is designated as adulterated lager beer. The bill imposes taxes upon brewers of and dealers in adulterated lager beer which are penalties for failure to take out the license. All packages containing the beverages shall be branded "adulterated." Adulterated lager is imported is to pay the duty imposed on lager beer.

A Pension for Gen. Hartranft's Widow.

The senate committee on pensions have reported to the senate favorably the bill granting a pension of $100 a month to the widow of the late Gen. Hartranft, of Pennsylvania.

To Enumerate John Chinaman.

The senate census committee have reported to the senate the bill for the enumeration of the Chinese, with sundry important amendments. The bill as reported made the certificate issued by the census bureau during the enumeration the sole evidence of the right of a Chinaman to be in the country, with the exception of the members of the Chinese legation at Washington. The senate committee has inserted an amendment that the last eight classes of aliens now admitted (merchants, teachers, etc.) shall be admitted after the census, whether they possess the certification of the superintendent of the census or not, and a further amendment is added providing that any person arrested under the provisions of the act may show by competent testimony that he was present in this country prior to June 1 and was omitted from the enumeration by accident or otherwise.

The Senate Nominations Confirmed.

The senate in secret session confirmed the nominations of Judge Swayne, District Attorney Stripping and United States Marshal Minor, of the Western district of Florida, which have been pending since last December, by a strict party vote. Mr. Call insisted on a yea and nay vote on each nomination. The debate which preceded the vote was devoted to a review of the charges that these three officers had used their offices for partisan purposes.

Bills Passed by the House.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The house passed senate Bill creating the office of surveyor general in North and South Dakota; house bill admitting free of duty articles from Mexico to the St. Louis exposition of 1890; house bill providing that affidavits and declarations in pension cases may be taken before any owner announced to administer oaths for pension purposes; providing that depositions of witnesses before United States courts may be taken in the mode prescribed by the laws of the state in which such courts may be held; bill limiting to six years the time within which suits may be brought against accounting officers and their bondsmen, and bill exempting from the provisions of the law requiring steamers to carry life lines boats plying on inland waters.

The Fortifications Bill Passed.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the fortifications bill. On motion of Mr. Cheadle an amendment was adopted providing that the board which inspired the facilities for producing steel forgings shall extend its inquiries to the Indianapolis arsenal. The bill was then laid aside with a favorable recommendation. Later it was passed. It appropriates $1,-321,678. The bill appropriating $92,000 for improving the zoological park in the District of Columbia was passed, with an amendment providing that the district shall bear the expense.

On motion of Mr. Sherman (N. Y.) the house adopted resolutions of regret on the death of Hon. David Wilber, of New York, providing for the appointment of a committee of seven from the house and three from the senate to attend his funeral. The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the speaker appointed Messrs. Belden, Dibble, Bowyer, Wallace, Bynum, Tracy and Lee as the committee on part of the house.

Bills Introduced.

Bills were introduced as follows: By Mr. Mutrill (Kans.), by request—Providing that pensions granted to the dependent relatives of a deceased soldier shall take effect from the date of the soldier's death. By Mr. Perkins (Kan.)—Declaring it a public offense for a combination of individuals or corporations to interfere with the defense of a suit concerning letters patent.

A National Banking Code.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Mr. Walker (Mass.) has introduced in the house a bill to establish a national banking code. The bill provides for the deposit of greenbacks, coin and coin certificates for circulation to the amount of 10 per cent. of the then outstanding circulation of $346,000,000 or less. In addition to the 10 per cent. that the banks are required to take from the government they have a right, by the bill, to issue currency notes to the amount of their coin and certificate reserve. Banks are relieved of all taxation and expenses, except the expense of the redemption of their notes. On the insolvency or expiration of a charter of a bank, the notes are to be redeemed by the treasurer of the United States in coin. The banks are given authority to issue notes not to exceed 90 per cent. of their total circulation

BISMARCK'S BIRTHDAY.

He Is Now Three Score and Fifteen.

VISITED BY MANY THOUSANDS.

The Aged Ex-Chancellor Put in the Whole Day in Receiving Congratulations, but Showed No Fatigue—Serenaded by 1,500 Railroad Employes.

BERLIN, April 2.—The celebration of Prince Bismarck's seventy fifth birthday at Friedrichsruhe yesterday was characterized by more enthusiasm and general festivity than have marked any similar occasion since the observance of the old chancellor's natal day became an occurrence of national interest. Five special trains loaded with Prince Bismarck's admirers mingled their freight with that of the regular trains, which landed thousands of persons at Friedrichsruhe during the day, and the castle was thronged with visitors until a late hour.

Over 1,500 Birthday Greetings.

In addition to these personal visits the ex-chancellor received over 1,500 birthday greetings by mail and wire and numerous presents. The emperor sent his portrait.

The Ex-Chancellor Serenaded.

Twelve hundred railway employes, bearing torches, proceeded to Friedrichsruhe in the evening and serenaded Prince Bismarck, also presenting the ex-chancellor with an address. Replying to the address, Prince Bismarck said he had always advocated rapid communication. The railway was now the vehicle of civilization. He would never forget the immense service of Minister von Maybach, who had set out the centralization and conversion of railways.

He Showed No Fatigue.

Prince Bismarck was much affected. His speech he said he had always admired the resilience of his memory in regard to railroad progress in Germany. He spent the entire day in receiving deputations and showed no fatigue.

Remembered at New York.

NEW YORK, April 2.—About 150 persons attended the exercises in celebration of Prince Bismarck's birthday last night at the Germania society's rooms, No. 13 West Twenty-fourth street. Mr. F. Metz made the principal address of the evening, to which the German consul general, Mr. Conrad Kreher, C. Mosler, F. Peters and Baron de Thompson responded.

Lottery Conspirators Sentenced.

PESTH, April 2.—About two years ago there was discovered a conspiracy to defraud a lottery company at Temesvar, Hungary. Among the conspirators were two officers of the company. The conspirators after drawing a prize of 1,000,000 florins were arrested. As a result of their trial the conspirators have been convicted, Parkus, the holder of the winning ticket, Lieutenant Neoborits and Pasqocky, the implicated officers of the company, being sentenced to eight years penal servitude.

Franz Pelteay, the mother of the girl who, disguised as a boy, drew the winning number, was sentenced to two years, and Col. Horgats to three years' imprisonment.

Emperor William Surprised Simon.

PARIS, April 2.—M. Jules Simon, the head of the French legation to the Berlin labor conference, expresses himself as surprised at the extent of the knowledge displayed by Emperor William. If the conference results in no immediate political result, M. Simon says, it will be useful as serving to quiet the fears of skeptics and as the signal for a new departure.

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FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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SILVER TO LOAN.

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I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, FILLSBURY and KING. The latest in MILLSTUFFS, also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality, PRICES LOW. A full line of BIRDSEYE'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

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THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Our goods are Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Rose berry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankforts, Head Cheese, Blood worst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Salmon Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles 25 cents per qt. Relish, Sauces, Essex, Mustard, X-celsiasi, Pineapple, Hand and Liverburger Cheese.

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U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

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All Qualities,

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Choice Clover,

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Lawn Seeds.

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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING

AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

"I am Bismarck."

M. Simon gives some interesting anecdotes of Prince Bismarck, among which is his account of the chancellor's introduction of himself to the conference by walking in and saying "I am Bismarck."

He Wants the Governess' Diaries.

LONDON, April 2.—Capt. Robert Walpole has, through his counsel, secured an order of the court demanding the production of the diaries kept by Miss Valery Wiseman, the young German governess whose case against him for breach of promise and seduction has been reported and is still pending. By these journals Walpole will attempt to prove grave misconduct on the part of Miss Wiseman with a German military officer. It is alleged the claims to have been completely under his own protection in the belief that she was his wife.

Von Caprivi and the Press.

BERLIN, April 2.—Chancellor Von Caprivi has announced his intention to abandon the publication of official journals, which he believes to be unfair to other newspapers and productive of no benefit to the inspiring authority. In future he will decline to extend favors to one paper while he withholds it to another; but will, on the other hand, aim at a wider and more equitable distribution of official news among respectable journals, without regard to their political leanings, than has heretofore been the practice.

Emperor William's Compromise Scheme.

BERLIN, April 2.—It is stated that Emperor William is preparing a scheme for a personal compromise of the existing differences between Germany and France, and will submit the terms to the French government early in May. The plan is said to be so entirely equitable that its tender by the more aggressive of the two powers cannot fail of cordial acceptance by the other, and there is no possibility be subjected to slight modifications.

The Parnell-O'Shea Divorce Case.

LONDON, April 2.—Mr. Parnell has filed denials in the case of Capt. O'Shea vs. Parnell as co-respondent, and Mrs. O'Shea has filed a demurrer to the pleading for which Capt. O'Shea will oppose the granting of further delay, believing, as he alleges, that postponement is sought for political effect. It is now regarded as impossible to bring the case to trial before autumn at the earliest.

Col. Hughes-Hallett After a Divorce.

LONDON, April 2.—Col. Hughes-Hallett has decided to apply for a divorce from his wife, formerly Miss Emily Nelson and well known Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1846

Chicago's Big Strike.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Six hundred plumbers met at Plasterers' hall and in a session that lasted most of the night resolved to quit work and hold out for their demand of $3.75 for an eight hour day as the minimum day's wages. The men presented this demand to their bosses last week and gave them until last night to consider it. The bosses ignored the demand, and a strike is the result. Two hundred lathers struck, and will likely be followed by 300 or 400 more. They have been receiving an average of $3 a day and demand $2.50 to $3. The carpenters, paperhangers and cigarmakers are also preparing to strike. It is estimated that 1,000 journeymen plumbers in all have joined in the demand. Five small shops, not members of the Master Plumbers' association, employing about thirty men, granted the uniform rate and the advance asked. Members of the Master Plumbers' association declare that they can secure from other cities all the men they need at the old rate.

For an Ocean Patrol.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Mr. Turner (N. Y.) introduced in the house a joint resolution requesting the president to communicate to the governments of the state for other proper channels) with foreign powers as interested in transatlantic travel, with a view to securing their co-operation in the establishment of an efficient system of ocean patrol, which shall include the employment for such a service of war vessels, or such suitable vessels as may be available for this purpose. The resolution is accompanied by a long prologue setting forth the necessity for the better protection of human life on the Atlantic ocean.

Noah N. Rosenberger's Liabilities.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—The liabilities of Noah N. Rosenberger, woolen manufacturer, who has assigned, are about $60,000; assets not stated. Mr. Rosenberger attributes his difficulties to the failure of various parties to make prompt delivery of manufactured goods, whereby a large stock that he had on hand was rendered valueless on account of being out of season.

A LARGE variety of grape vine, pear trees, flowering shrubs, maples and elm may be had at Mrs. Lindsay's, No. 92 West Front street.

JOHN ABBOTT,

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A Graduate of the Royal Vienna and Crefeld of the Berlin School of Languages, Madison Square, New York, Professor of Languages in Friends' Select School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Terms moderate. Class and private lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 16th street. 9-26-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violin, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Address, or leave orders at Dr. Sim's, 22 Somerset street. Best of reference. P. O. Box 288. 4-9-1y

MISS C. B. HELLWIG,

Graduate of the Gymnasia of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Czar of Russia, has a few scholars to give lessons in ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, at her home, No. 34 East Front street. Address Miss C. B. Hellwig, No. 34 East Front street. 7-15-1y*

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Teacher of piano, offers lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of reference. P. O. Box 1508.

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They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular rate of 50 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

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PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

When You Are Sick

are compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The most careful attention is given them by Registered Pharmacist Only.

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you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with pure syrups, handsomest patterns, best sponges, chamois, shaving soaps, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

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A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	25c.	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Yankee Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.15
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

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Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Fancies, Laces, etc. Also Price Goods and Notions; Latest Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Stocking and Frosting, Feathers Dyed and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

DRIVEN UPON THE ROOFS

Great Suffering Caused by the Mississippi Floods.

PEOPLE RESCUED FROM TREES.

The Father of Waters Breaking Down Levees and Destroying Towns Along Its Banks—Residents of Louisiana Fighting for Their Homes.

ST. LOUIS, April 2.—Information from what is known as the Laconia Circle, a section of country between Helena and Arkansas City, which is practically surrounded by the Mississippi and White rivers, is to the effect that the people there are in a deplorable condition and suffering. The water poured over the levees on all sides, and in about hours the circle was filled even with the surface of the rivers, the water averaging eight to ten feet deep. This occurred so suddenly that the people had no time to do anything. Their houses, stock and everything else they owned were in the water, and it came more swift away before they had received what had happened.

Driven to the Roofs.

The citizens of Helena sent the steamer Stanton Coombs down there as the relief boat to aid the people. A correspondent on board writes that when the steamer arrived at the circle a number of houses were found in from two to three feet of the water. Men, women and children were all on the blocks or stilts, and others were badly screened over into the water. People had been living in the lofts of some of the low houses, and when these screened they could only escape by breaking holes in the roof.

Rescued from Trees.

Several people were blown into the water and swam to trees, where they remained all night, and a number of cattle were blown from the islands and drowned. Men went over the whole circle in skiffs and transferred people from trees and roofs to the islands where they are generally large and substantial buildings.

All these houses are now packed with people, 200 persons being in some of them. The Stanton Coombs brought but 150 people and 110 head of stock and took them to Helena, arriving there yesterday.

The Suffering Great.

When the Coombs came out of the circle the steamer Titan, with barges, was going in, and it is thought that they can bring out all the remaining stock and as many of the people as desire to get away. Many of the planters in the circle are utterly ruined, and the remainder have no seed to plant, even should the waters subside in time to put in a crop. The suffering has been and will be great, and if aid is not still be necessary to carry the people through their affliction.

Closing a Caveuse.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—The employes of the Mississippi Valley road are still at work on the inclines at Nata, St. James parish, bonding over the water, the roof of the house is holding splendidly. The police jury of St. James held a meeting and decided to take up the work of closing the crevasse. They will begin work at once. The military engineers, however, are of the opinion that the crevasse cannot be closed until the water goes down, and it is a waste of money to try to stop the flow of the water.

Work was begun on Live Oak crevasse, Plaquemines parish, and it is thought that the break will be closed inside of forty-eight hours. Lieutenant Lansing Lewis has returned from Bedford levee, Madison parish, and reports that the batteries in front of that levee have caved away for a distance of 150 feet. There is now within seventy-five feet of the levee, and the bank is caving rapidly. A force of 250 men is at work building a new levee behind the old one, and if the men can get a new work done before the old levee goes the parish will be safe.

Smith's Second Victim May Die.

NEWARK, N. J., April 2.—James Smith, the drunken hatter who stabbed George Hastings to death and fatally wounded Frederick Butler, was brought before Justice Rodrigo. He put in a plea of self defense, and said that it was only when beaten that he drew the knife in self defense. He was remanded for trial. Butler is hovering between life and death.

Pickhall at Woodcock.

WOODCOCK, Ill., April 2.—Neville H. Pickhall, whose recent mysterious disappearance caused so much comment owing to his having been connected with Birchall the alleged murderer of Beswick, has arrived here and is stopping at a hotel.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Pickhall Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

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We will show on and after Next Saturday the largest and best assortment of

Infants' Long Cloaks

ever shown in Union county. Prices ranging from $1.19 to $10.75.

Also a full line of Children's Walking Coat and White Dresses.

KID GLOVES.

4-Button Colored Kid Gloves..... 69c
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The Glory "English Walking Gloves, every pair warranted..... $1
Men's English Walking Gloves..... $1

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Type from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The monthly public debt statement issued from the treasury department shows a decrease of the debt during the past month amounting to $11,389,987, and for the first nine months of the current fiscal year of $52,468,949. The net surplus in the treasury today is $82,615,982, or about $157,000 less than a month ago.

Governor Hill will give his annual reception to the legislature on Wednesday, April 9, at the executive mansion.

The stonecutters of Rochester, N. Y., to the number of 200 are on a strike as to who shall fix the wages for the inferior workmen.

Joseph Wood has been sentenced by Recorder Smyth, of New York, to be executed by electricity in the week beginning May 5 next. Wood is the negro squeduct laborer who was convicted on May 13 last, of murder in the first degree, in killing Charlie Ruffin, a fellow laborer.

William D. Walcott, president of the New York Mills Cotton company, died at Utica, N. Y., April 1. He was born July 29, 1803. For twenty-five years he was a trustee of Hamilton college and was appointed by President Grant visitor to the Annapolis Naval academy.

P. J. Cimmins, the ex-president of the Sixth National bank, of New York, has been indicted by the grand jury on a charge of embezzling, abstracting and misapplying the funds of the bank.

The obsequies of the late Archbishop Michael Heiss, of the diocese of La Crosse, took place at St. John's cathedral, Milwaukee, April 1. The final ceremonies were in the vault beneath the chapel of St. Francis, beside the remains of Rev. Dr. Salzman, his life long friend.

Representative David Wilber, of New York, died at his home in Oneonta, Otsego county, N. Y., April 1.

In the municipal election at Schenectady, N. Y., the Democrats polled their entire city ticket, carrying the five wards on both supervisors and aldermen.

The comptroller of the currency has appointed Daniel Day, of Providence, R. I. examiner of national banks for the states of Rhode Island and Connecticut, vice M. F. Dooley, resigned.

Louis Bush, aged 36 Fair street, Newark, N. J., shot himself dead April 1.

The City of Paris G. B.

LONDON, April 2.—The following statement made by the agents of the Inman line has been telegraphed from Queenstown: "The flooded compartments of the City of Paris have all been pumped dry. On examination shows that the bottom of the vessel is uninjured, and that all the bulkheads are sound except those in the engine room, which were somewhat damaged from the pounding of the broken machinery. The port engines are in a working condition, and the steamer will leave Queenstown for Liverpool at once under her own steam. In our judgment the vessel was throughout perfectly safe, and everything indicates that she would have continued to float indefinitely, as she was without further submersion or risk after the original disaster occurred."

Boston's Big Beach Show Opens.

BOSTON, April 2.—The big bench show of the New England Kennel club in the Mechanics' building has opened. Most of the 730 entries were on their kennels ready for the judges at 9 o'clock. There was a large attendance of visitors. In the challenge dogs, E. B. Sears' "Sears' Monarch," took the first prize in the mastiff class. Count Stirwand and Daisy Foreman were the first in the English setter classes. The famous Chestnut Hill kennels dogs from Philadelphia made a clean sweep in the collie challenge class. The collie champion Scottish Lord first in open and Carnbrea second champion. "Furry 2d" took first prize for challenge bitches and "Furry 3d" secondsecond prize.

Boston Defeats New York.

RICHMOND, Va., April 2.—The game between the Boston and New York brother bowl teams resulted in an overwhelming defeat for New York. The score was 12 to 1 in Boston's favor.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 611 F street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Trade-marks secured. Trade-marks registered. All business connected with the Patent Office. Information, advice, and special references sent on request. 19-13-tf

STREET OF PRINCE LOG BUSINESS, FOR sale, with the privilege of drawing water from raceway. For full particulars, apply to P. M. PRINCE, City. 1mo

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Ragnild's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J., has been opened. Every afternoon, 4 to 6, and evening, 8 to 10. For terms and for a reception. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 4-1-tw6

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer. P. O. Box 696. Telephone call 28.

VALENTINES!

FRAMES, TUCKS, AND OTHER MAKERS, CELLULOIDS, SATINS AND COMICS, CHOICEST LINE BOOKLETS AT

ALLEN.
The Stationer,
22 EAST FRONT STREET.

ODDITIES OF THE CYCLONE.

Miraculous Stories from Louisville—Revised List of the Dead.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 2.—There are hundreds of the most interesting and miraculous incidents connected with the tornado, showing the queerest sort of freaks of the wind. A block of iron resting weighing over 100 pounds was blown into the second story of the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southern railway building near the Union depot. Nobody knows where it came from, and the house in which it rested from which it could have come is nearly 100 yards away. Great sheets of iron roofing were dropped upon Dr. Barry's farm, near Turner's Station, forty miles from the city, on the Short line. In the ruins of a house on West Main street a clock was found clinging to the wall. It was a large office clock, but no one in the vicinity had ever seen it before and no one knows where it came from. It was badly broken, but the hands still pointed to 8:22 p. m. A large slab of marble was found in a residence on Madison street which was never there before. It will weigh over 100 pounds. At Balfet's drug store on Market, above Ninth—two bird cages with the birds were blown in through the skylight. The cages were not injured and the birds are as full of song as ever. When the building occupied by Brand & Bethel, the tobacco men, on Green street, went to pieces a portion of the floor was dropped through the roof of a little cottage just east of the factory. It consisted of a heavy timber, to which were mortised four upright pieces of timber. When this came through the roof the family were sitting around the table in the dining room, and the four uprights simply pinned them in, but did not hurt them in the least. It was one of the most wonderful escapes yet heard of.

Below will be found a list of the seventy-seven dead according to the count of the coroner:

George Schmidt, William Stephens, Chris. Miller, William Hoog, Henry Longo, Rudolph Bean, John Thomas, Frederick Hoffman, Jack Kaiser, Gustav Kutzleb, Gustav Kutzleb, Jr., Walter Gaddy (colored), Raggie Gaddy (colored), Robert Gaddy (colored), Clarence Smith, Henry Fisher, Willie Baker, Annie Stantie, Mrs. Horan, Genevieve Stumm, Louis Stumm, Jr., Peter Paine, Thomas Paine, Mrs. Mary Stumm, Mrs. Hoppe, Mrs. Paul, Jr., Fritz Depp, Alexander McKee, Ada Hall (colored), Bridget Crow, H. Roove, Clarence Lasher, Mary Roove, Mrs. Lasher, Mrs. Jack Barnman, William Clifford, George W. Foster, Rudolph Lehr, Mrs. Emma Lasher, Mrs. Mary McDonough, Earl Sullivan, John Colored, Emerick infant, J. B. Schiffli, William Diemer, Charles Hoffman, Theodore Rauscher, Miss Schilling, Elmer E. Barnes, John G. Hamilton, Annie Miller, J. Fleener, J. M. Stephens, Mary Mefford, Superintendent of the City of Paris have all been pumped dry. On examination shows that the bottom of the vessel is uninjured, and that all the bulkheads are sound except those in the engine room, which were somewhat damaged from the pounding of the broken machinery. The port engines are in a working condition, and the steamer will leave Queenstown for Liverpool at once under her own steam. In our judgment the vessel was throughout perfectly safe, and everything indicates that she would have continued to float indefinitely, as she was without further submersion or risk after the original disaster occurred."

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
170 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, &c

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best paints procured by us.
CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

POCK'S RUN MAY BE MAYOR.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 2.—In the municipal election the Democrats elected their entire ticket. George V. Peck, the proprietor of Peck's Sun, Democratic candidate for mayor, has a plurality over Brown (Rep.) of 8,000. Brown is the present mayor and was a candidate for reelection. S. S. Rumpley, who was the late Matt Carpenter's law partner, headed a third ticket (Citizen's ticket. The chief issue in the election was the Bennett compulsory education law. The Protestants favor the law, while the Catholics wish it repealed. Mr. Peck was understood to side with the repealers.

Mr. Powderly at Hartford.

HARTFORD, April 2.—Mr. T. V. Powderly spoke at Allyn hall last night to a large audience of workingmen. Mayor Root and other prominent men occupied seats on the platform. Mr. Powderly spoke chiefly on the aims and principles of the Knights of Labor. He said they favored eight hours a day, the nationalization of railroads, equal compensation to labor for equal work, the freeing to the people of land now held for speculation, and the Australia ballot system. Mr. Powderly was frequently applauded and held the closest attention of the audience for two hours.

Rhode Island's State Election.

PROVIDENCE, April 2.—Rhode Island is trying the new ballot system today. The election is for the purpose of selecting a governor and state officers. Last year the vote was as follows: John W. Davis (Dem.), 21,299; H. W. Lord (Rep.), 16,870; James H. Chase (law enforcement), 3,599, and H. S. Richardson (Pro.), 1,343. The election is thrown into the legislature and Governor Ladd was re-elected. He is the Republican candidate this year, and Mr. Davis is again his opponent.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Yesterday's ball games resulted as follows: At Columbus—Columbus, 30; Wheeling, 11. At New York —New York, 8; Metropolitan, 1. At Baltimore—Rochester game postponed on account of wet ground. At Philadelphia—Athletic, 9; University of Pennsylvania, 7. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia-Harrisburg game postponed.

A Big Offer for Beckley.

PITTSBURG, April 2.—The Pittsburg National League club Monday night offered First Baseman Jake Beckley, the captain of the team, a salary of $4,200 a year for three years and $5,000 cash to play with the club Beckley refused the offer.

Journeymen Lasters Strike.

BOSTON, April 2.—The 150 journeymen lasters of this city and vicinity have struck for $1.50 on their quarter, and $1 for second-quality work, which they assert were the rates paid before the reduction in wages two years ago.

Winnie Reynolds Commits Suicide.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 2.—Winnie Reynolds, aged 24, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. The suicide was generally known in the city as the 200 pound beauty, and had been living with a saloon keeper named Henry Boecker. He went away a few days ago and during his absence she broke into his room and took the fatal dose.

Weather Indications.

Generally from fair to partly cloudy and warmer, followed by rain.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
45 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near ... 10-15tf

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasser.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Fat-ass.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Hams.
PAIR PRICES.	Trimmed.

N. St. Stanley's, Door at any Price.
94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

HE MADE A DISCOVERY.

He Had Thought Himself Brave, but Was Mistaken.

An officer patrolling through East Grand Circus park at midnight the other night found a man sitting under a tree, and he promptly inquired:

"What are you doing here?"

"Taking a rest," was the answer.

"Well, you move on or I'll take you in!"

"You can't do it!"

"What's that?"

"You can't do it! Lay a hand on me and I'll paralyze you!"

The officer grabbed him, stood him up, ordered him to walk in the air, slammed him down and stood him up again and said:

"Now will you come along?"

"Oh, certainly," was the mild reply.

"I thought you were going to paralyze me."

"So did I. I felt as brave as a lion until you took hold of me, and my courage then went like a flash. Say, I must be what they call a bluffer!"

"You are."

"Been beat with my mouth?"

"Exactly."

"Well, it's curious. I've often hankered to fight, and I've scared big men out of their boots, and all the time I was only a duffer of a bluffer, ready to give in if anybody had gone for me. Well, well, but what a curious animal man is! Ring for the wagon and lock me up."—Detroit Free Press.

Such Game Not Allowed to Escape.

The man had been sitting in the boxoffice for two hours, waiting for the rush for the grand Sunday concert, but buyers were few. Finally a man stuck his head through the window and asked solemnly: "How much are seats?"

"One dollar."

"Got twelve in the third row?"

"Yes, sir," replied the agent, and the treasurer nervously, and slipping quickly from his seat he hurried to the rear of the office and whispered to the doorkeeper in a tragic voice: "Close the outside door; we've let him escape."

The next moment he was at the box window again.

"Yes, twelve nice seats in the third row."

As the $12 was handed in he leaned back, sighed, and said aloud: "Open the door, we're safe."—New York Tribune.

What Started the Fight.

Mrs. Figg—You little wretch, you have been fighting again, I know you have. What was it all about?

Tommy—It was just this way. You see, Jimmy Brown and me, we met in our pennies together to buy apples, an' I was to have the cores and he was to have the apples, and when he saw he'd have the cores of what he was bought in the orchard—

Mrs. Figg—I do not see any unfairness about that.

Tommy—Then you don't know as much as I've learned at school, I guess.—New York Sunday Mercury.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
29 North avenue.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:00 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:05 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:30, 10:50, 11:30 a. m.; 1:40, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—10:50 a. m., and 6:50 p. m.

Direct practice to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:05 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

DISTANT MAILS.

Arrive at 8:30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m., and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every week day from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays 9 to 10 a. m.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street, Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.48, 6.54, 7.48, 8.07, 8.36, 9.36, 9.45, 10.36, 11.36, 12.36, 1.36, 2.36, 3.36, 4.36, 5.36, 6.36, 7.36, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 p. m. Sunday at 6.54, 7.48, 8.07, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave New York, West 23rd street, at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 6.05, 6.22, 7.05, 7.22, 8.05, 9.22, 10.05, 11.22 a. m., 12.05, 1.22, 2.05, 3.22, 4.05, 5.22, 6.05, 7.22, 8.05, 9.22, 10.05, 11.22 p. m. Sunday at 7.22, 8.05, 9.22, 10.05, 11.22 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 7.05, 9.22 a. m., 1.22 p. m., 4.05, 5.22, 6.05, 7.22, 8.05, 9.22, 10.05, 11.22 p. m. Sunday at 6.05, 7.22, 8.05, 9.22, 10.05, 11.22 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.22 a. m. 5.22 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.07 a. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsport, Scranton, etc., 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Budd's Lake, Netcong, Mount Arlington, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Andover, Newton, Sparta, Franklin, Ogdensburg, Hackettstown, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Mauch Chunk, Easton and Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsport, Scranton, etc., 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Budd's Lake, Netcong, Mount Arlington, Lake Hopatcong, Stanhope, Andover, Newton, Sparta, Franklin, Ogdensburg, Hackettstown, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville 6.10 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 9.00 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 7.05, 10.05—a. m., 12.05, 2.15, 4.05, 5.15, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. For Long Branch only at 5.15 p. m. Sunday at 4.05 p. m. For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, Manasquan, Point Pleasant, Bay Head Junction, Toms River, Barnegat, Beach Haven, Tuckerton, Somers Point and Atlantic City 3.37 11.15, a. m., 3.50 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m. For Freehold 5.37, 8.05, 10.05, 11.35, a. m., 3.50, 5.15 p. m. Sunday 10.05 a. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.37, 9.05, 9.30, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 3.50, 5.15, 6.05, 8.05 p. m. Sunday 9.05, 11.35 a. m., 3.50 p. m. For Perth Amboy at 7.37, 9.05, 10.05, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 3.50, 5.15, 6.05, 8.05, 10.05 p. m. Sunday 9.05, 11.35 a. m., 3.50 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37 11.15, a. m., 3.50 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

For Freehold 5.37, 8.05, 10.05, 11.35, a. m., 3.50, 5.15 p. m. Sunday 10.05 a. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.37, 9.05, 9.30, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 3.50, 5.15, 6.05, 8.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.35 a. m., 3.50 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.37, 9.05, 11.35 a. m., 3.50, 6.05, 8.05 p. m. Sunday at 11.35 a. m., 3.50 p. m.

C. F. SALOMON, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Most Economical Permanent

Too Much for Brer Rabbit.

—Life.

Where a Great Thought Was Born.

To the Editor of the Globe:

The following is a true story. I believe, original, and you may use it in your comic column. I conceived it while looking at a picture of Chicago with the World's fair in Puck:

Chicago's big fellow. Walking away with the World's fair.
H. L. D'E.
Lynn, March 12.—Boston Globe.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
18 NORTH AVENUE

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—BEGINNING APRIL 1st.

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Rounding Hillside ave. to Park avenue, Seventy-five (75) cts. to Boundbrook; return to Cedar ave., to Park avenue to depot.

7:00 a. m.	8.15	40	8.55
8:00	9.15	40	9.55
9:00	10.15	40	10.55
10:00	11.00	40	11.34
11:00	12.00	40	12.34
12:00 m.	1.00	40	1.34
1:00 p. m.	2.00	40	2.34
2:00	3.00	40	3.34
3:00	4.00	To the Post Office.	
4:00	5.00	40	5.34
5:00	6.00	do meet 6.30 p. m. train.	
6:00	7.00	40	7.34
7:00	8.00	40	8.34
8:00	9.00	40	9.34
9:00	9.45	40	10.19

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and Park avenue, and Park avenue and Somerset avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time schedule, for Boundbrook.

Stages will make return trips over above routes, leaving Boundbrook depot, as follows: 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.34, 3.34, 4.34, 5.34, 6.34, 7.34, 8.34, 9.34, 10.34 p. m.

Excursions and Carriages kept expressly for parties' pleasure and driving purposes. Stable Horses and Carriages for sale. Horses and Carriages to let by the day, week or month. Horses taken to pasture. Also, 10 cows for sale.

JAS. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call, 15. 1-26-1y

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 5 and 7 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 76-78 Somerset St.
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, 4 years old. White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Stoneware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS
In wagons, carts, harnesses, pungs, harness. Call and see the large assortments on the Purvis Iron wagon. John F. Wells, Race street North Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street, Plainfield.
Address
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, Dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue, Yard South Second street.

L. E. Morgans
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc
27 1-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Front east place. P. O. Box 982.

James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 982. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 20 years experience. Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE.
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 651.
W. J. Pierson, No. 19 Vine street. E. S. Gayle, No. 61 Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Long covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 36 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON
Whitewashers and Kalsominers
ROOMS AND WASHINGTON,
15 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 29 Third street, corner New Market avenue. Orders may be left at either of the above places. Calls answered promptly at all hours.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE
at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.
Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.
and 28 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 228,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS
Stoves, Grates and Ranges set, Long covered trucks. Goods moved to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 28.

TUNIS J. CAREY
31 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and despatch.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

The Twenty-fifth Anniversary of His Capture.

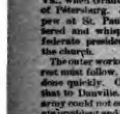
AT IRWINSVILLE, GEORGIA.

Col. E. D. Pritchard's Fourth Michigan Cavalrymen Got Him—Was He in Woman's Clothes?—What Became of the Confederate Gold and Silver?

April 2, 1890, is the quarter centenary of that Sunday of panic and ruin at Richmond, Va., when Grant's army pierced the defences of Petersburg. Jefferson Davis was in his pew at St. Paul's church. A sentinel observed and whispered something to the Confederate president's ear. He arose and left the church.

The outer works of Richmond had fallen; the rest must follow. What could be done must be done quickly. Only one road was still open, that to Danville. The chivalric Lee and his army could not escape by that. The Confederate president and his cabinet could, and did. At 10 o'clock that Sunday night a closely packed train left the station for Danville. It contained Jefferson Davis, his cabinet, the archives of the Confederacy, a guard of picked men, and the contents of the treasury.

By April 4, the Confederate government was set up at Danville. It remained there six



SENATOR REAGAN.

days. Mr. Davis could not be persuaded that the doom of the Confederacy was sealed. He believed he had fought up to the time he was captured. April 9 came and Lee had surrendered. Once more the Confederacy packed up and fled, this time to Greensborough, N. C. At Greensborough the fallen president and his cabinet held a council. Even then Mr. Davis believed in the Confederacy, and ordered Johnston to continue the struggle. But Johnston told him that was impossible.

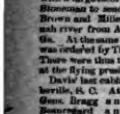
Onward still Davis fled, like the Wandering Jew. Charlotte, N. C., was the next stopping place. Part of the journey was made in a carriage. At Charlotte occurred the last of Johnston's surrender. From Charlotte the party went to Abbeville, S. C. Davis hoped to be able to reach Texas and the south-west Gulf, still to build a Confederacy there; if not, then to escape to Mexico.

But Wilson's cavalry formed a cordon across the path to the south-west, and the fugitives turned to the south-east. They passed into Georgia, through Washington, Milledgeville and Macon. Davis intended then to march through the coast and escape by boat if possible. A reward of $100,000 was set upon the Confederate president's head by the United States, because it was then believed that he was the chief plotter in the plot to assassinate President Lincoln. This was long since disproved. During the flight through Georgia one after another of the Confederate cabinet dropped away and was lost sight of. Only Postmaster General John H. Reagan remained. Mr. Reagan is now United States senator from Texas.

CONFEDERATE GOLD AND SILVER.

Gen. Thomas was commander of the military division of the Mississippi. He learned the latter part of April that Mr. Davis had started southward from Charlotte, N. C., with a large escort. He immediately directed Stoneman to send the brigades of Palmer, Brown and Minty south to cut off the Savannah river from Anderson, S. C., to Augusta, Ga. At the same time Wilson, at Macon, Ga., was ordered by Thomas to look out for Davis. These were all cavalry commands had at the flying president's heels.

Davis' last cabinet council was held at Abbeville, S. C. At that council were present Gens. Bragg and Beauregard and five Confederate brigadiers, one of them being Basil Duke, who has written the story of the interview. To the amazement of all Davis still argued that he could settle the struggle of the revolutionary war, and said:



MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

"Three thousand brave men are enough for a nucleus, around which the whole people will rally when the panic which now afflicts them has passed away."

Then the Confederate president asked for suggestions for the future conduct of the war. Not a word was spoken. Then for the first time it swept over the mind of Davis that the end had indeed come. His face turned the pallor of death. He arose and exclaimed in bitter tones that all was indeed lost, and hurried away. As he did so Gen. Beauregard followed him hastily and offered to the fallen chieftain his arm for support.

With Davis were his wife and family and sister-in-law, Miss Howells. Five Confederate brigades still accompanied them. Rather strangely, too, with the party of the Confederate treasury, amounting to between $500,000 and $600,000 in coin, had been kept safely with the fugitives through all their wanderings. It had recently been brought to Abbeville, loaded in open box cars, in shot bags, wooden boxes and in a variety of nondescript parcels. From Abbeville, S. C., the fugitives went to Washington, Ga., and all the coin was transferred from the box cars to wagons, in which it was hauled across the country. As the Savannah river Davis himself ordered that the silver coin, about $110,000, should be divided among the troops. Basil Duke says the share of his brigade was divided between fifteen and one miles, and that each received $23. All night long the quartermasters of the five brigades remained in a little cabin, counting out the silver. Next day, at Washington, Basil Duke turned the rest of the coin over to the acting Confederate States treasurer. What became of it thereafter has never been fully explained.

Next morning, with an escort of twenty picked men, under command of Capt. Given Campbell, of Kentucky, Davis started with his family towards the Florida coast. Basil Duke says:

I have never believed, however, that Mr. Davis really meant or desired to escape after he learned positively that all was lost. I am convinced that, wearied by the importunity with which the request was urged, he reluctantly consented, intending to go himself in the way of being captured. He and his party were admirably mounted, and could easily have outridden the approach of any party they were not strong enough to fight.

THE CAPTURE.

Col. W. F. Palmer, of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania cavalry, had command of the force sent by Stoneman to intercept Davis. The expedition reached the Savannah river in advance of the Davis party, but the fugitives managed to slip past Palmer's men easily to fall into the hands of a force sent out by Wilson. Lieut. Yeoman, of the First Wisconsin cavalry, and twenty picked men disguised themselves as Confederate soldiers and scoured the country. Davis crossed the Oconee at Dublin, only fifty-five miles from Macon, and then took the Jacksonville road. May 7 Col. Harnden, of the First Wisconsin cavalry, heard of it and started in pursuit with 150 men. May 8 they rode forty miles. May 9 they crossed the Ocmulgee and came to Abbeville, Ga., on the Ocmulgee. There they learned that the Confederate president had passed that point at 1 o'clock in the morning on the road to Irwinsville. Riding hard after, Harnden reached Irwinsville. The Confederate party had gone into camps a mile and a half from the town.

At Abbeville, however, Harnden had encountered Lieut. Col. H. D. Pritchard, of the Fourth Michigan cavalry, another detach-

COL. PRITCHARD.

ment from Wilson's command that was scouring the country for Davis. Harnden told Pritchard that he was on the track of the game. During the night Pritchard, with 128 men, also rode to Irwinsville, and it was Pritchard's men that surprised the camp at daylight May 10, 1865, and

captured what was left of the Confederacy. It was a black man who guided Pritchard to the Davis camp. They passed quickly and silently through the pine woods, and came upon the fugitives at 2 o'clock in the morning, in the darkness. Pritchard halted behind a hill and sent Lieut. Purinton with twenty-five dismounted men to form a guard all around the camp, ready to close in on it as daylight broke.

At dawn Purinton and his men dashed forward into the camp. As they did so they were suddenly fired into from outside. A lamentable mistake had occurred. The day before, at Abbeville, Col. Pritchard had informed Col. Harnden that he should remain at Abbeville, while Harnden, after the departure of Harnden on the track of Davis, however. Pritchard seems to have changed his mind. Reasoning his men, they rode over a different route in the darkness, and reached Irwinsville ahead of Harnden. At daybreak Col. Harnden's force rode forward to capture the Davis camp. Seeing the line of Purinton's party, and mistaking them for Confederates in the dim light, the Wisconsin soldiers fired on their own comrades in arms, killing two men and wounding an officer of the Fourth Michigan. The fire was instantly returned, and three were severely wounded of the First Wisconsin detachment.

At the first shot Pritchard, with the rest of his command, rushed to the spot and joined in the fight. He it was who discovered the mistake first and ordered the firing to cease.

THE CASEMATE PRISON.

Col. Pritchard was informed by Lieut. Dickinson that there were ladies in the tents. Orders were then given that none of the men should enter them. Permission was given for the women to go to the spring for water. In a few minutes two persons "who looked like women" came down to the spring. One was Mrs. Jefferson Davis himself. He carried a tin pail on his arm.

WAS HE IN FEMALE ATTIRE?

The men who saw the party come out of the tents were Lieuts. Dickinson, Corporal Munger and Privates William B. Stedman, Andrew Bee, James Lynch and James Bullard. Munger, Bullard and Bee made sworn statements, which are on file in the war department, that Davis wore a woman's water-proof cloak or shawl over his shoulders and his Confederate uniform. Maj. Walthall, of the Confederate army, says that as the president was leaving the tent Mrs. Davis threw around him a waterproof cloak, or wrapper, and a shawl. The shawl was black, with a light border, and he wore it around his head and shoulders.

Stedman says he halted Davis and the woman after they left the tent. Just then George Munger and Daniel Edwards rode up. The two supposed women were ordered to started back to the tent. Mrs. Davis stood in the tent door. Munger writes that Mrs. Davis said she was going with her old mother to the spring for water. Then Munger said, "What is she doing with those boots on?" pointing to the cavalry boots beneath the cloak.

At this moment Stedman says that Andrew Bee came up and seized the front of the cloak and tore it open, exclaiming, "Come out of this, you old devil!"

Munger cocked his gun. Mrs. Davis ran in front of her husband and exclaimed, "Don't shoot! You may not admire Mr. Davis' principles, but he is a gentleman."

Davis then dropped the disguise, and the party returned to the tent.

In a letter written to Crafts J. Wright in 1877, Davis admits that he had on the cloak and shawl when captured, but says that Adjutant-General Townsend could throw light on the shape of the said cloak. It amounts to this: Davis certainly had a woman's shawl over his head and shoulders and a water-proof cloak upon his body. Whether it was a man's or woman's cloak is not clear. Beneath the cloak his cavalry boots were worn, and this led to the suspicion that he was not a woman. So those who captured him testify!

In his report Gen. Wilson says he brought the cloak and shawl to Washington and turned them over to the secretary of war.

Where are the cloak and shawl now?

With Davis were his wife and four children, Postmaster Reagan, Davis' private secretary, Burton N. Harrison; several Confederate officers and other persons and a guard of soldiers. Private Secretary Pennell Mcilgan cavalry conveyed Davis to Fortress Monroe. There he remained in confinement two years. The accommodations in which he was imprisoned is pointed out as an object of interest to the many tourists at Old Point Comfort. He was indicted for treason, but never was tried, and was finally released on bail for $100,000. Horace Greeley was one of his bondsmen.

So the Confederate States of America became a thing of memory.

ELIZA ARCHARD CORBIN.

A CORNER BY THE FIRE.

Let the rain from my roof
Be a deluge down pour!
Let the elm by the road
Crack, reel and bend o'er
When it feels the fierce whirlwind's invincible shock!

Let the direful avalanche
From the high mountain leap!
Let road cataracts rage
And will tornants sweep
Along with their waters huge fragments of rock!

Let it freeze! Let the hail
Pelt, rattle and rain
As hard as it will
'Gainst my thin window pane!
Let the north wind of winter shriek high as it dares!

What reck I while the fire
In my grate burns so bright,
And the cat on my knee
Purrs so loud her delight?
Pro a book I can read, I can doze in my chair!
—French of Gauthier.

"RUSSIAN GOSSIP."

Description of a Very Interesting Game for Fireside Amusement.

One of our favorite pastimes was called "Russian Gossip," and as it requires not much exertion of the brains, and we are in a humor to be lazy, we gather round the open fire and send the whisper around. Each took turns in starting the news or gossip, and we called it Russian, because it sounded like an indescribable jabber poured into our ears.

Form a horseshoe circle and let the person sitting at one end tell his or her neighbor something in a low tone and as rapidly uttered as possible. Never utter two lines the same *three what it sounded like—that's all that* can be done. Sometimes it doesn't sound enough like anything to repeat, and the "gossip" is obliged to wait quite a little while before said gossip can form any wordable thing out of the jumble of syllables muttered rapidly by the last speaker. But something must be made of it, and forming it into what it most resembles, gossip number two sends the garbled message on its way.

Proverbs are sometimes good, if they are not too familiar and catching to the ear, since the distinct pronunciation of one or two words will make the proverb too easily heard and guessed. Questions are much better, but original sentences—especially of a gossipy nature—are best of all. If folks are good natured and can stand a bit of fun poked at them, the minute these present must be the gossip make the most amusing "outcomes" of all sentences. Be always sure that no personalities are used in the circle, for with the least expression of ill humor all merriment vanishes. As I said before, cannot do better by way of explanation than to describe just what we really did on one cold, snow stormy evening when the dear friends were gathered around my own, blazing grate fire. The start came to me by our own comical "Cousin Jack" Gardner, and leaning close to my next neighbor, I said:

"Little Jim Baker's aunt is in despair over his last love affair!"

My hearer called at me with surprise pictured on every lineament, and I feared I had enunciated too clearly, until, at the other end of the horseshoe circle, the last gossip declared that:

"Fiddle string makers and Indian faro is a lost glove affair."

Wasn't it too comical!

Then from the last gossip started the new sentence, and when it reached me I marveled from what strange material such astonishing statements had been made. The "starter" had whispered:

"All the world's a stage, and all the men and women merely players!"

I told this surprised assembly that:

"Mother of pearl's the rage, while buns and sinners nearly say their prayers!"

The two players on the ends of the horseshoe now changed places with the two in the center, keeping this up until all had a turn at starting the gossip.

Our questioner of the last game described now was whispered:

"I shouldn't wonder in the morning if we'd have snow and ice!"

His "antipodean" declared:

"If it wouldn't thunder John Barleycorn would have no eyelids!"—Detroit Free Press.

Women and Their Tailors.

Said a Monroe street modiste: "A woman's dress is never done. It is brought back and back and back as long as the seams and stitches in it hold together. A woman comes in here for a fit. She is plump, and wants her dress made so that it will look as if she had been molded and poured into it. You see a dress so tight when you don't know that a woman's avoirdupois fluctuates as much as the price of wheat on the board of trade. The dress that fits like a glove today is liable to hang like a wet cloth next week. Back it comes, and the wearer, unless she be the exception, comes with it and brings her tempest along. We are scolded for not having made the garment so that it will shrink or expand, as the case may be."—Chicago Times.

A Pretty Desert.

Pistachio nuts must be as expensive as them and such a picturesque addition to the tables that they ought to be prepared at home. Take a cup of the shelled nuts, blanch them, and, after covering them with cold water, pour a spoonful of salt and a teaspoonful of oil. Let the nuts stand for half an hour. Then put them in the oven to become crisp, but not to brown. A few drops of pistachio and several of thickly over a charlotte russe add to the appearance and flavor of the dessert. Salted pistachio nuts should be served in tinted pasteboards, and thrown up on the surface of the nuts. They are also pretty in low filigree bonbon dishes of frosted silver.—New York Tribune.

A Chelsea Girl.

The other day a little 5-year-old girl called at a Broadway toy store and asked if they had any little dolls for sale. She was told that the smallest wax doll was handed out, and the little girl took it in her tiny hands, gazed into the fixed face of solidified beauty and then, raising it to her lips, gave it a fervent kiss. "I just wanted to kiss little dolly—dat's all I wanted!" and she handed the little image back to the astonished salesman, and tripped lightly out upon the busy street with a beaming smile of satisfaction.—Chelsea Record.

A Heiress' Boots.

For a wealthy heiress Mrs. Henry Gladstone didn't go in alarmingly for boots and shoes to complete her wedding trousseau. She had about eight pairs for outdoor wear, and a dozen for indoor. There were several pairs of satin shoes to match the different gowns, two or three of quilted satin for bedroom wear, and a good many plain shoes. She is not considered "quite in" for boots and shoes.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

At a recent great ball at the Russian court all the ladies appeared in white, without any other ornament than diamonds, pearls and their own beauty. The Grand Duke Sergius Alexandrovitch was present and danced in nearly every dance. The room is said to have been marvelously beautiful. The white room in the Winter Palace, where the ball was held, is so large that 3,000 persons danced there with ease.

SMITH'S SURRENDER.

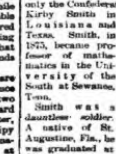
LAST FIGHT OF THE WAR, TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

At Palmetto Ranch, Texas—Colored Troops of the Sixty-second United States Infantry Fired the Last Shot—Kirby Smith Fights Alone Beyond the Mississippi.

On the 13th of May, 1865, twenty-five years ago, the last gun of the civil war was fired. The first gun was fired at Sumter, on the Atlantic coast, the last one near the Boca Chico strait, in the south-west corner of Texas.

There were four Confederate armies in the field at the beginning of April, 1865, besides detached commands under Gens. Sam Jones and M. Jeff Thompson. The four were those of Johnston, Taylor and Kirby Smith. April 9 Lee surrendered to Grant, April 26 Johnston surrendered to Sherman, in North Carolina, all the forces east of the Chattahoochee, May 4 at Citronelle, Ala., Gen. Richard Taylor surrendered to Canby all the remaining forces east of the Mississippi. The Confederate command of Sam Jones still held together for a time after Johnston's army had laid down their arms. But Jones, too, surrendered to a detachment of Wilson's cavalry at Tallahassee, Fla., on the 10th of May. Gen. Sam Jones died in 1887. At the time of his death he was a clerk in the war department at Washington.

Little now remained of the Confederate armies anywhere, nothing at all east of the Mississippi. Jeff Thompson's independent command surrendered to Gen. Dodge's force May 11 at Chalk Bluff, Ark. There was left only the Confederate army of Gen. Edmund Kirby Smith in Louisiana and Texas. Smith, in 1875, became professor of mathematics in the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn.



KIRBY SMITH.

Smith was a dauntless soldier. A native of St. Augustine, Fla., he was graduated at West Point in 1845, and served gallantly in the Mexican war. Next we find him fighting Indians on the frontier and receiving the thanks of the Texas legislature for his services. At the outbreak of the civil war he was a major in the regular army, but resigned his commission to go with his state when Florida seceded from the Union. He was speedily promoted to lieutenant general in the Confederate service.

Smith led the advance of Bragg's army in the campaign in Kentucky in 1862, and approached within a few miles of Cincinnati, in 1863 he was placed over the Confederate department west of the Mississippi. He speedily made Galveston a famous blockade running port, and thereby communicated with Richmond and sent great quantities of cotton abroad. In 1864 he practically opposed the expedition of Banks up Red river.

Kirby Smith remained in command of the trans-Mississippi department till the close of the war. Then from the last ditch he made plans proposed to continue the war west of the Mississippi on his own account. He roused Texas by his appeals. He had with him still 20,000 men. To them he issued a general order and a Shreveport, saying that the hopes of the Confederacy now hung upon them. He declared that success was sure to crown their efforts finally. "You possess the means of long resistance; you have hopes of succor from abroad. Protract the struggle and you will surely secure the aid of nations who already deeply sympathize with you."

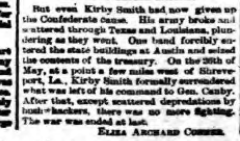
Thereupon mass meetings of Texans passed resolutions to fight on. Information was received at Washington that Texas was going to continue the war even after the Confederacy had surrendered. Gen. Sheridan was at once sent to New Orleans with a large force to conquer Texas.

There were, however, some Union troops already in Texas, and there was fighting before Sheridan reached New Orleans. Col. Theodore H. Barrett was in command of a small force at Brazos Santiago, on Brazos Island, in the gulf, twenty-two miles north-east of Brownsville. In Barrett's command was the Sixty-second United States colored infantry, his own regiment.

May 11, 1865, Barrett sent a detachment to the mainland to capture horses for his cavalry. On the morning of May 13 these attacked the Confederate camp at Palmetto Ranch and captured it. Then they fell back towards Brazos. On the morning of May 13 Col. Barrett re-enforced the party with 200 men and himself took command. The Confederates had again appeared in the vicinity of Palmetto Ranch. Barrett advanced against them on the 12th, skirmished with them and pursued them several miles. Then he stopped to rest his horses and men in the ranks. Here he was unexpectedly attacked the same day, May 13, by a large Confederate force with cavalry and artillery under Gen. J. E. Slaughter.

It was now Barrett's turn to retreat, for he had no artillery, and the Confederates largely outnumbered him. Concealed by the chaparral, they got within sixty yards of his flanking him, capturing forty-eight men. Barrett fell back fighting, as the Confederates had done before him on the forenoon of the same day. The retreat was admirably covered by the colored troops of the Sixty-second United States infantry.

After the running fight lasted three hours, till sunset, then the Confederates ceased pursuit. The last shot in the war was a volley the colored troops of the Sixty-second discharged as their pursuers left the field. This affair is known as the battle of Palmetto Ranch. It was fought not far from the old Mexican war battle ground of Palo Alto.



THE LAST BATTLE GROUND.

But even Kirby Smith had now given up the Confederate cause. His army broke and scattered through Texas and Louisiana, plundering as they went. Gen. Sheridan at once seized the state buildings at Austin and seized the contents of the treasury. On the 26th of May, at a point a few miles west of Shreveport, La., Kirby Smith formally surrendered what was left of his command to Gen. Canby. After that, except scattered depredations by bush-whackers, there was no more fighting. The war was ended at last.

ELIZA ARCHARD CORBIN.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS

JOTTINGS.

—The Somerville Messenger says that Somerville is to have a new depot.

—The Spring term of the Somerset County Court will begin on the 15th inst.

—The Knights of Honor will meet in their old quarters as usual this evening.

—The Friends Society of Peace street are about to organize a Band of Mercy.

—The educational classes of the Y. M. C. A. will be tendered a reception this evening.

—Unity Lodge, No. 103, Knights of Pythias, will celebrate their anniversary on the 8th inst.

—Mr. Parnell will lead the gospel temperance meeting at Hope Chapel to-morrow evening.

—The Workers Training class for ladies meets at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at four o'clock p. m.

—The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. meet this evening at 8 and the Membership Committee at 7:30 o'clock.

—Anthony Comstock has been engaged by the ladies of the W. C. T. U. to give a lecture in this city at an early date.

—The schedule of the games of the Crescent Base Ball club for the coming season is crowded out of to-day's issue.

—The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals will hold its annual meeting in Cutter's Hall on Tuesday evening next.

—The invitations and programmes for the entertainment to be given by Wetumpka Lodge, No. 3401, K. of H., will be ready for distribution at the meeting to-night.

—Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, are arranging for an entertainment to be given at Rescher Hall, Fanwood, April 17th. Mr. John D. Carney, Plainfield's celebrated "Dutchman," will participate.

—Winfield Hetfield of North Plainfield has entered the employ of Newton B. Smalley, 94 Somerset street, in whose popular meat market Mr Hetfield expects to ever enlarge the number of Mr. Smalley's customers.

—The coupling between the smoking and passenger coaches on the 9:01 a. m., train parted near the Netherwood station this morning. After a brief delay chains were substituted and the train proceeded on its way to New York.

—Mr. Bingham, late Manager of the Northern Pacific Tea Co., and now of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, whose advertisement appears in another column, desires us to say that he will be pleased to receive at the store 29 West Front street, orders from his old customers for delivery on Saturday.

—The young ladies of Westfield held a meeting last night for the purpose of taking into consideration the advisability of organizing a Young Women's Christian Temperance Union. The matter was thoroughly discussed but the question of organizing was deferred until later in the month, when Mrs. Ellis will visit Westfield for the purpose of organizing a society.

—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Plainfield Gas Light company held Tuesday afternoon the following officers were elected as the Board of Directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. Daniel Runkle, Harry G. Runkle, E. R. Pope, Wm. A. Pope and Peter Coon. The Board held a subsequent meeting and elected E. R. Pope president and H. G. Runkle secretary and treasurer.

—At the conference of M. E. church now being held in Newark, the W. F. M. S. meeting will be held Friday (to-morrow) at 2.30 p. m., and on Saturday at ninety hour the W. H. M. S. will meet. Bishop Andrews will address the W. F. M. S.; and Mrs. Jennie Fowler Willing and the Rev. M. L. Gates the W. H. M. S. A large delegation of our Methodist ladies expect to attend both of these meetings.

—At an open meeting of Howell Division, Sons of Temperance, held Tuesday evening, the following newly elected officers were installed by D. G. W. S. Brother Pyatt; W. P., S. B. Barbour; W. A., R. C. Mattox; R. S., W. S. Ayres; F. S., F. A. Mattox; Treasurer, G. R. Rockefellow; Chaplain, A. Corwin; Conductor, A. Scribner; Assistant Conductor, H. Ayres; Inside Sentinel, M. Scribner; Outside Sentinel, H. B. Mattox.

—Rev. W. P. Tilden has been troubled so much with rheumatism, that he is compelled to close his engagement with the Unitarian church a few weeks before the expiration of the time that he expected to remain here. He reluctantly announced his decision, last Sunday, to the great regret of his congregation who have become warmly attached to him and his wife. The president of the society, Mr. H. Wells, made a few appreciative remarks at the close of the sermon, expressive of the loss which all would feel at parting with such a religious instructor. Mr. Tilden has been advised to try the climate of Lakewood, and he will probably leave to-morrow for that now famous Winter resort. —Times.

An Incipient Fire.

When the whistle of the Pond Machine Tool Works was blown for the employes to resume work yesterday afternoon at one o'clock, one of the workmen did not put his pipe entirely out of his pipe. He resumed work, however, put the lighted pipe in the pocket of his coat and hung the coat outside of the window to dry. Soon after the odor of wearing apparel on a hook in the clothes closet was detected by several persons who were working in the vicinity of the closet and it was there was a strong odor of smoke about the place. An investigation revealed the fact that sparks from the pipe had set fire to several articles of clothing and ignited the wood work of the closet. When the door was thrown open the interior was all ablaze. The fire was extinguished with a few pails of water. The damage is slight.

Sweepstakes Shooting.

The following is a list of of the events which will take place on the grounds of the Middlesex County Gun Club next Tuesday: First event, five birds, entrance $2; second event, two live birds, entrance $1; third event, ten live birds, entrance $1; fourth event, three live birds, entrance $1.50; fifth event, seven live birds, entrance $2; sixth event, eight live birds, entrance $2.50.

Other sweepstakes will follow.

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

THE PUBLIC PULSE ON THE CAREY QUESTION.

Guess It Must Be the Freak.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Being only a woman and somewhat ignorant of official customs, I write for information. I saw a statement last evening in the Daily Press that to my mind needs some explanation. The article states that the present charges against Chief Carey are preferred on account of offenses committed in January last. Is it necessary to re-appoint an officer for another term under such circumstances, or are we to conclude that his case is only one more of the strange freaks of the Council of 1890? CONSISTENCY.

The People Understand It.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—We think that the people of our city realize that there is something more in this attack upon Chief Carey than the mere venting of the personal spite of Elmore D. Moffett upon him. The disorderly element of the city with the entire liquor element have seized the opportunity which this incident has given them to combine in one great attempt to down him. He has pushed them so hard in times past. He has caused them to keep to the law in a manner that has won their hatred, and they feel that if they can but once get him out of the way any new appointee will be in their interest and not in that of good order. Nine-tenths of our citizens to-day feel that the opportunity would break up this movement, for it is a strike at the home of every law-abiding citizen of the place. Chief Carey ought to be upheld at all costs in this matter, if for nothing else, as our dangerous elements are made to understand that they are not to rule us. Over and above therefore the mere matter of vindicating Mr. Carey from the attacks of these Councilmen is the far more important one of strengthening the hands of our executive officers so that they may feel that the mass of our law-abiding citizens are at their back ready to help them in every emergency, and thereby and at the same time make the lawless class see that the law is to be obeyed and disorder punished. S.

A Last Word With the Erring.

The Police Board will meet to-night in secret session, and against the advice of even their own friends as well as all interested in the welfare of Plainfield will go through what everybody we suppose is satisfied is a farce in trying Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch. We regret for their own sakes, that they persist in acting like men who had lost every grain of confidence in their own acts upon which both Messrs. Carey and Lynch have been as Chief and policeman respectively in the service of the city they have been a terror to evil-doers, and have won the respect and esteem of the entire law-abiding community. The Police Board have no power but discretionary powers to use, but not to abuse, and we tell them beforehand they are going to "get left," if they even escape getting themselves into serious trouble because of their foolishness. "A word to the wise is sufficient." They may in their prejudices, however, not consider that they are "a law unto themselves," and as the great Isms defy public opinion. Well, "sufficient is the day to the evil thereof," as they may learn to their sorrow when it is too late to turn back. THE NEWS would lift the fallen and lead the blind rather than punish them to rush headlong to their own destruction, as we are convinced these men are doing. If they will not respect themselves how can they expect other people to respect them? How can they expect any one to feel other than contempt for them when they persist in acting so contemptible!

Good Man, Don't.

A large delegation of representative citizens waited on Councilman Roberts this morning at his office to try and persuade him not to join with the Democratic Councilmen to put to police Board in their unlawful course to-night. We had Mr. Roberts, however, assemble weeks ago that he would never again be found conniving with the Democrats, whom he told us had deceived him. Until we have positive proof to the contrary we must continue to regard him as a man of his word and a loyal Republican, in whose hands the reins can safely be. We hope he will do nothing to shake our confidence, and wound the feelings of his true friends. We have defended him against the attacks upon him, believing him true. The Democrats have a majority on the Board therefore they can do as they please, absolutely nothing by a casting ballot, and we want to be able to say that he, like Mayor Mahr, is true to the core. It is only a moment's work for him to take the false step, but the stain will stick to him for life. It is, therefore, as a true friend we say to him, DON'T.

We know the others are bent on plunging headlong into the hole they think they are digging for some one else, but without Mr. Roberts, they cannot consummate their scheme. In a spirit of kindness we would ask to be saved from the "I told you so." Misled by malice toward Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch, don't sow the wind. And since they will not, why we can only say, in the common slang of the day, "Let her go, Gallagher."

A Very Stupid Joke.

Hotel-keeper Miller had a large placard suspended on a rocking-chair in front of his barroom window yesterday having the words on it, "Reserved for Police Only." Mr. Miller by his action in the matter may have materialized which might otherwise exist in his case.

Runaway Last Night.

At about six o'clock last evening a horse attached to a grocery wagon belonging to Mr. Frank Cullen became frightened at the cars on Park avenue and ran away. The animal ran up Front street at a break-neck speed and was soon out of sight. The wagon was only slightly damaged.

Dunellen Commissioners.

C. Schopflin, P. W. Brakeley, R. J. Swackhammer, John Moynihan, John P. Apgar, Fred J. Richters and Samuel Lockey have been elected Borough Commissioners of Dunellen.

HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY.

James White, alias Cowen, Sentenced This Morning.

James White, alias James Cowen, the man who was arrested for drunkenness and disorderly conduct yesterday morning and who caused such a disturbance while being taken to the lock-up was arraigned before City Judge Codington this morning. He pleaded guilty to the charge and was sent to the county jail for 60 days.

In the meantime Policeman McCoe went before Justice Nash and swore out a warrant charging Cowen with assaulting an officer. He waived examination and the Justice held him in $250 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury. He was not required to furnish bonds, however, as he is here on the first charge will not expire before the Grand Inquest meets.

Cowen said he hailed from Scranton, Pa., and that he worked at the Pond Machine and Tool Company's Works, under the name of James White. Constable Moffett took him to jail.

BADLY SCALDED.

Andrew Nolan, a Fireman, Meets With a Painful Accident.

Andrew Nolan, a fireman employed at the electric light plant on Madison avenue, met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon. He was engaged wheeling ashes from the boiler room into the back yard. An exhaust pipe is situated in the yard and it was nearly full of boiling water. In wheeling his barrow over it the cover was dislodged and Mr. Nolan's left foot slipped in the pit, terribly scalding the limb. He was taken to his home and a physician was summoned who dressed the wounds. The foot and leg are terribly swollen and blistered, and it will be some time before he will be able to use it.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. R. Stevens of Raritan has removed to this city.

Mr. Hiram Bray has removed to Plainfield from Somerville.

Mr. Daniel Marshall of Park avenue is confined to the house by illness.

Mr. Pope of Somerset street, North Plainfield, has moved to a farm at Liberty Corner.

Miss E. Schipper of West Seventh street is sojourning at Atlantic City in search of health.

Mr. Felix Marx of East Front street left for Europe on Monday last in search of better health.

The Rev. E. M. Rodman, the pastor of the Grace church is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

On Sunday last Mr. George Clark and Miss Ellen Charlton of Westfield were married by the Rev. Mr. Greene of Cranford.

Mr. E. Leland, formerly of 250 Somerset street, has moved to his new residence on Grandview avenue near Westervelt.

Miss Edith Hyde and Miss Sallie Jacobus of East Front street will spend Easter week with Miss Ada Godfrey of New York city.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Brown of Grove street, North Plainfield, left last night for California where they expect to remain indefinitely.

Miss Randolph is spending her Easter vacation from college at the home of her father, ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph of East Front street.

An evening sociable will be held at the residence of Mr. Apgar on Front street this evening. The committee in charge of the affair are Messrs. August Trust, Edward Walters and Herbert Randolph.

Mr. McCluskey, a moulder employed in the Pond Machine Tool Works was engaged pouring metal on iron Tuesday afternoon, when some of it splattered and struck him in the left eye. The eye is inflamed and is very painful.

Gazelle's Nominations.

At a regular monthly meeting of Gazelle Engine Co., No. 1, held last evening the following officers were nominated to serve for the ensuing year:

Foreman—E. H. Hope.
1st Assistant—Charles Johnson.
2d Assistant—James H. Bearing.
Secretary—T. A. Higgins.
Financial Secretary—Emil Scheidecker.
Treasurer—Vincent L. Fraze.
Engineer—John S. Gobin.
1st Assistant—John Albert.
2d Assistant—Isaac Taynor.
3d Assistant—C. H. Hart.
Representative to Fireman's Relief Association—J. A. Hubbard, L. J. Spicer and E. C. Mann.

The election will take place at the May meeting.

Crescent League Meeting.

The Crescent League held its regular monthly meeting last evening. The Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis and the Rev. Asa R. Dills were elected honorary members of the league. Borough Counsel Charles A. Reed in a neat speech presented the club with two pretty silk flags and the large blue flag with P. C. L. inscribed thereon. The resignation of President Kleb was accepted. The Base Ball Committee presented a schedule of the games for the coming season, which will open on the 19th inst., weather permitting. Other business of more or less importance was transacted, and the meeting adjourned.

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DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

A NEW VIEW OF AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.

Adjournment.—The Work of Representatives.—The Farmers Alliance, and How It Is Being Used.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3, 1890.

"I do not think we will be able to get away from here until the latter part of July, or possibly the first week in August," said Senator Allison this morning. "The work of the Senate is very well in hand, and so far as this body is concerned we might adjourn a great deal earlier than that, but the House is a very large and unwieldy body, and a great deal of time may be expected to be consumed in the discussion of the tariff bill. So, I do not expect that there will a great deal of debating done in the Senate upon that or any other measure this spring. Every year, it seems to me, the Senate is growing more and more conservative in the matter of speech-making."

"The people of my State do not seem to understand that a Senator is not not confine all of his labors and attention to the wants, needs and requirements of his own State," said Senator Squire, of the State of Washington, this afternoon. "As a member of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds it is my duty to consider the rights and needs of a great many communities which have applied for public buildings, bills for the creation of which are before the Committee for consideration. As a member of the committee on coast defences, fisheries, and immigration, I am obliged to do a great deal of hustling, in order to do justice to the various matters which come before the Committee. Moreover, I have recently been appointed a member of another Committee on Irrigation, and am obliged to devote a great deal of time to the study of the subject of the irrigation of the semi-arid lands. The people of my State do not seem to realize that this immense amount of work is laid upon me here as a Senator, and they are demanding all of my time."

There is no more energetic worker in the Senate than this Senator from the new State of Washington. He is a very early riser, and his work is commenced as soon as he is awake in the morning. He has been keeping up a tremendous correspondence, and doing a great deal of work in the departments for his constituents, but his work keeps him under a continual strain until mid-night, and often until an hour or two after in the morning. The new State of Washington has much reason to be proud of Senator Squire.

L. L. Polk is a North Carolina Democrat. He is also President of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union. R. H. Dove is Vice-President of the Alliance and he is said to be a renegade Republican from Kansas. T. H. Rittenhouse is private secretary to the President of the Alliance, and he is also a bitter North Carolina Democrat. The fact of the matter is, whenever five farmers of this country know it or not, the fellows who are posing as their leaders at Washington are delivering them body and soul into the hands of the enemy. The first work of the Farmers Alliance amounted to the Democratic party sense in the city of Washington, if not in the State, if possible. For this reason he has been vigorously assailed at home and abroad by the Republican press, and every effort is being made to defeat him for the Senate. They say that he has never done anything for the farmers. Yet he is the author of the bill providing for the jetty at the mouth of the Mississippi which gave the farmers of the West cheaper facilities for the markets of the world. They say that he has been an enemy of the soldiers and does nothing for them, and yet he is the author of the bill which restored scores of pensions, a bill which did more to give to the survivors of the late war practical recognition and to put more money into the pockets of the boys in blue, than any other, or all other pension bills ever passed. If the farmers of this country desire to make their National Alliance and Industrial union a success they ought to call off the Democratic hounds who pose in Washington as their leaders and make it their business to smash the Alliance, and to turn their backs upon the last Shakespeare of the Republican party. If do not believe that when the farmers and the soldiers get together that any party will permit the state of things to continue. It is only a question of whether legislation shall be crushed, or not. It is a question of whether the farmers of the country can allow their organization to be made a tool in such a manner as to be made to play second fiddle to either of the great parties. It is for the welfare of the farmers not to permit this thing to continue. President Polk is a man of ability, and so are Rittenhouse and Dove, able men, but these Democrats of the Alliance, in the beginning of a crusade upon the Republican party, and the farmers should see to it that their affairs are conducted upon a non-partisan basis. It is time for the interest of the farmers to know what is going on, for their leaders are betraying them. Republicans in every quarter of the country are ready to help the farmers in their interests. ARMAT.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Directors Meeting.—Bills Ordered Paid.

The Regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Job Male Public Library was held last evening. Messrs. Male, Du Bois, Dudley, Babcock, Drake, Stillman present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. It was move that the thanks of the Board be conveyed to Mr. John Ward Stimson for his very interesting and instructive lecture given on the evening of February 20th 1890, at Library Hall.

The following bills were then ordered paid: Wm. H. Williams, papers $18.70; Miss Adams, salary $50; Miss Adams, books $19.50 Janitor for March, salary $40; Janitor for coal, $8.00.

The report of the librarian for March was ordered received and placed on file.

The Board then adjourned.

Lost a Digit.

Mr. Edward J. Martin, a clerk employed in Cutter's grocery store, while engaged cutting some meat last yesterday afternoon, accidentally cut off a portion of the thumb on his right hand. A physician dressed the wound.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

The Committee Still Investigating.

TRENTON, N. J. April 3d, (Special)—The Senatorial Investigating Committee visited Jersey City to-day for the purpose of resuming their investigations in the Hudson County Democratic frauds at the recent election.

The Last Remaining Member Dead.

NEW BRUNSWICK, April 3d. (Special.)—Howard Meyer, the last remaining member of the Christopher M. yer family died to-day at the Bloomingdale Asylum.

—The Bee Hive is offering a full line of misses and ladies' Spring coats this week.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as general housework. Please call 34 Park avenue. 3-2

A YOUNG GIRL wishes situation where she can learn all the branches of dressmaking. Address Mrs. Pickett, Scotch Plains, N. J. 3-2

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritts. 4-3tf

A COACHMAN Wants employment. Reliable and competent. Refers to present employer. Apply at Bernard Brady's, 31 Liberty street. 3-3

CONCORD gravevines, bearing size 25cts. Trees, vines and plants in variety at Benton's 127 millside avenue. 3-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Buggy top phaeton in good order, first class maker. A. W. Haviland, 26 Rockview avenue North Plainfield. 3-3

FOR SALE—A covered cart and harness for just the thing for a doctor. Inquire at Roberts livery stable. 3-3

FOR SALE—Cheap—A nice little buggy top phaeton. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front. 3-2

FOR SALE—A horse suitable for light work on farm. Price $50. Can be seen at third stable on Sherman avenue, West of Grant avenue. 2-2

LOST—25 year, 47th Regiment, lose service medal. Suitable reward. Return to News office. 2-2

MISS ADAMS, NO. FIVE EAST Front street will display on Friday and Saturday, 4th and 5th inst. a large assortment of Easter hats, bonnets and other millinery novelties. 2-2

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large building No. 21 Somerset street; also stable for four horses in the rear. 3-4tf

TO LET—A small house, 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 2-2

TO LET—Four rooms, 222 East Second street. 3-3

WANTED—Experience saleswoman. Address Dry Goods care of THE EVENING NEWS. 2-2

WANTED—A good cook and laundress in family of two References. Apply 16 Franklin place. 2-2

WANTED—An active man for each county, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a successful N. Y. Company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, jewelry, shoes, etc., to consumers. Also a lady of tact, salary $40, to enroll members ($5,000 now enrolled, $100,000 paid in). Address Consumers Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Look box 648, N. Y. 2-m ly

Special Notices.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

At a meeting of the session of "The Trinity Reformed church," held April 1, 1890, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased the wisdom of God, death has again invaded our ranks, and taken from our midst our brother Elder, and fellow officer, Elder Randolph Titsworth, M. D., therefore

Resolved, That we cherish a due recognition of God's hand in taking from our Christian fellowship, into Himself, one identified with our church from its organization, rendering faithful service for five years as Treasurer, and as Elder from Feb. 1, 1882, to Oct. 16, 1885.

Second, That we humbly confide in the unerring wisdom of Him who doeth all things well, in the accomplishment before the Sovereign Disposer of all events.

Third, That in the death of Dr. Titsworth, we mourn the loss of a brother beloved, the memory of whose exemplary life, wise counsels, and loving deeds in the cause of Christ his Saviour, we will fondly cherish as an inspiration to us who remain.

Fourth, That the modest, yet earnest Christian life among us, we have the comfort of the assurance that our loss is his gain.

Fifth, That we extend our sincere sympathy to his widow, and family, who have been deprived of a loving husband, kind father, and a wise counsellor, and commend them to the grace, and sure protection of Him "Who is able to keep them from falling, and to present them faultless before the presence of His glory, with exceeding joy."

Sixth, That a copy of these resolutions be tendered to the family of the deceased, entered in the minutes of the consistory, and be published in THE EVENING NEWS and Press of this city.

F. P. VAN ARSDALE,
R. H. FRITZ,
ALEX. WILLET,
Committee.

STREET SPRINKLING BUSINESS, FOR sale, with the privilege of driving under the from roadway. For particulars, apply to P. M. FERRON,
City. 1m*

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoons. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. COOLEY, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 3-5-1m*

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 7,

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN in three opposite characters.

FIRST—ROMANCE.

"King Rene's Daughter" the Blind Princess, a tale of love and chivalry, full of poetry and heroism.

SECOND—REALISM.

"Snow Bound"—A touching story of love in the Sierra Nevadas full of tender pathos.

THIRD—COMEDY.

"False Charms"—A daisy French farce of the last century sparkling with wit. Will soon run a trip to Paris.

Prices 50, 35 and 25. Seats on sale Wednesday.

THREE CHARMING PLAYS

EASTER MONDAY NIGHT.

MUSIC HALL.

New York Star. New York Co.

New Yorkers call Plainfield the handsomest town in New Jersey. It has first-class people, good society, good schools, live churches! It has beautiful streets, shaded walks and enterprising public officials, and an obliging Postmaster.

This town of Plainfield deserves high-class entertainments.

But the young people like to go to New York. It means a ride on the express train, a trip on the Elevated, three hours beside the man you love in a New York Theatre: a fifteen dollar dinner (if you order champagne), then a trip back to Plainfield in the midnight gloaming.

It's two o'clock in the morning when you get home. The next morning you have a headache, the back of your neck burns like a cinder. (You say you never felt better in your life.)

For a change you are to have a first class New York attraction at Music Hall on Easter Monday night.

Mr. Gustave Frohman who organized the famous "Hazel Kirke" plays and managed them for the Madison Square Theatre, now brings a triple bill—three exquisite plays to make you cry and laugh and feel happy. "King Rene's Daughter", a beautiful Danish play of love and chivalry, with delicious harp music, opens the evening. "Snow Bound", an intensely interesting drama of the Sierra Nevada Mountains follows it. "False Charms," a farce comedy is one of the most exquisite pieces of the kind on the stage. It concerns the elopement of a young girl because her grandmother wants to marry her sweetheart.

Marie Hubert Frohman who appears in each play, is a young actress of extraordinary ability. Rose Eytinge says, "She is a revelation."

The other night she played to 2000 people in Fall River, Mass. and made "a hit." The Detroit Free Press says, "She has decided genius and held the audience spell bound." The Rochester Democrat says, "She has beauty, magnetism, and a sweet voice."

Her voice is like Mary Anderson's, deep and organ toned, but she has a magnetism that sways the audience to the end.

Monday Night at Music Hall.

The World's Fair Goes to Chicago;

BUT THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD WILL ATTEND THE GRAND OPENING OF THE UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, 29 WEST FRONT STREET, FRENCH'S BUILDING, NEARLY OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL, ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5TH, WHERE THEY CAN PURCHASE A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

ON OPENING DAY ONLY

EVERY CUSTOMER OF 50 CENTS AND UPWARDS WILL BE PRESENTED WITH A HANDSOME AND USEFUL PRESENT. TO INTRODUCE A SUPERIOR GRADE OF MILK CRACKERS WE HAVE DECIDED TO OFFER A SAMPLE BOX FREE TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

WE WISH TO IMPRESS ON THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY THAT ALL OUR GOODS ARE GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE. PURCHASERS NOT REQUIRING CHECKS WITH TEA, COFFEE AND BAKING POWDER WILL BE MADE A LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON THEIR PURCHASES.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF THE FINEST DESIGNS IN GLASS AND DECORATED WARE JUST RECEIVED, WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT POTTERY PRICES. FRESH COUNTRY EGGS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY SATURDAY FOR EASTER.

WHOLESALE PRICES TO LARGE BUYERS. SUGAR AT COST.

WAGON DELIVERIES THROUGHOUT CITY AND BOROUGH DAILY. COUNTRY AND ADJOINING TOWNS WEEKLY.

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. THE THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

Van EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

Kline's Extracts.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Syrup, P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT TEN CENTS A MONTH.

LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Move on, Mr. Lo.

For 300 years the American Indian has been, like poor Jo, moving on. Beginning with the Atlantic coast, the white man has shoved him westward till there is now no longer any west for him to go to. His means of supporting himself in barbarism have been taken away from him and he has not been taught to work for his living like the white man. What are we going to do with him?

At the Turtle Mountain reservation in North Dakota there are 1,000 Indians in a starving condition. The government promised to support them, and has not done so, owing to a misunderstanding, it is said. There is also a miserable dragged remnant of the Utes in Colorado. They were cajoled into going there in 1860. Now the encroaching white settlers want the ground they are on. Result: Indian must go.

We are told that after laboring with them for months, and using all the argument that a strong and crafty race can employ with a weak one, our commissioners have at last induced the Ute chiefs to sign an agreement to go to Utah. But nobody wants them in Utah. In less than a year's time we shall hear the old story—the Indians are lazy, dirty, thievish and a menace to the white man's civilization. Again they must go. But in a year or two more there will be absolutely not a corner of this Union untaken by white people.

What is the merciful thing the government could do with its Indian wards would probably be to take them out somewhere and shoot them quietly, without making any scandal about it. Either that or the government must do what it should have done a century ago: take the red man in hand and force him to educate himself and earn his own living. There is not a white man who walks that would not become lazy and shiftless, like the Indian probably, if all his wants were provided for without the necessity of his doing a lick of work the year round, and he left to himself in a wild new country. We have been doling out beef and blankets and powder and shot to the red men when we ought to have taken the trouble to settle them on good farms and let them raise their own living or starve.

We ought to have established schools among them and seen that they were attended, and not left these wards to the tender mercy of traders bent on skinning them. The majority of them would have been civilized by this time, if our government had done its duty.

The Kentucky Idea.

Lamentable, indeed, is the affair that cost the life of ex-Congressman Taulbee, a man in the prime of life and manly power. Mr. Taulbee had the strongest voice ever heard in the United States house of representatives, one that could be distinguished above the roar of any confusion. His character was like his voice—full of force—and, like any other man of that stamp, he made enemies.

But certainly he never did or said anything that in a civilized community should have cost him his life. He fell a victim to the notion that abusive language applied by one gentleman to another must be atoned for with blood.

Northern people like this prevail as in Kentucky, where for some inscrutable reason Providence permitted it to take root. It has taken from that state some of its noblest sons in times past. Not many months ago Cols. Swope and Goodloe killed each other in one of these deadly personal encounters that arose from words, words, nothing but words.

No word that can be spoken is bad enough to send the soul of him using it into eternity. The taking of human life is under no circumstances justifiable, except to save one's own. It will not be a pleasant thing in years to come for the young man who killed Mr. Taulbee to wake alone in the night and recall that his hand cut off a human life in its flower deliberately and purposely.

The time will come when men will understand such killings as this are a mortal crime and a blot on civilization.

There is a large rebellion in the realm of King Dinah of Senegambia. Dinah visited the Paris exposition last summer and became infatuated with the white man's fashion of wearing clothes. He returned to his subjects clad in trousers. Orthodox Senegambians would not have this innovation on the customs of the fathers, and they rebelled. Bloodshed is the result.

Boodlers who propose to escape to Canada must go quick. The new extradition treaty between Great Britain and the United States, already ratified by the senate, will be in operation ere long, and there is nothing in it that the English will object to. Then our gentlemen thieves will be no safer in Canada than in any part of the Union. The adoption of this extradition treaty will be one of the important achievements of the Harrison administration.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Text of the Anti-Trust Bill's Substitute.

IDAHO AND HER MORMON VOTE.

Arguments for and Against Her Anti-Polygamy Constitution in the Senate.

The Hudson River Bridge Bill Passed by the House—Montana's Election Case.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—In the senate Mr. Edmunds, from the judiciary committee, reported back the anti-trust bill in the form of a substitute, and said that there was one section in the bill as reported which he thought went further than it ought to go. Mr. Vest said that he thought the section alluded to (section 7) did not go far enough. Mr. George thought the bill a good one so far as it went, but he said he would offer some amendments to it. Mr. Coke said he did not like the form of section 7. Mr. Edmunds gave notice that the matter would be taken up as soon as the election matter had been disposed of. The conference report on the urgent deficiency bill was presented and agreed to.

The Montana Election Case.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of the Montana election case—the majority report in favor of Mr. Clark (Dem.) F. Sanders and Thomas Power, and the minority being in favor of William A. Clark and Martin Maginness.

Mr. Hoar stated the case on the part of the majority of the committee—the whole matter turning upon the question as to whether the delegates of one set (who voted with the twenty-five Republican delegates for Sanders and Power) were legally elected from the county of Silver Bow, or whether the other set (who voted with twenty-four Democrats for Clark and Maginnis) were the legally elected deputies.

Mr. Gray, representing the minority of the committee on privileges and elections, said the statement of facts which he should claim that Messrs. Clark and Maginness are entitled to be seated as senators from Montana. He contended that the finding of the canvassing board of Montana, which declares that no abstract of voters had been received from Silver Bow county; that they were the "returning authority" given to them by the statute in endeavoring to obtain it; and that it therefore became their duty to ascertain and declare it "from the best sources of information obtainable" and he argued that the canvassers had no authority to act on any information obtained from any source other than the election officers of the county, declaring that he had never known of such a bold and flagrant act of usurpation, and that the members of the canvassing board of Montana—the governor, chief justice and secretary of the territory—should have been whipped at the cart tail in every county town in the territory. The title to the seat was that of Mr. Clark, as decided on such a statement, much less the title to a seat in the United States senate. Mr. Gray pleaded the floor without concluding his argument.

The Anti-Trust Bill Substitute.

Following is the text of the substitute for the Sherman anti-trust bill, reported by the senate committee on judiciary:

Section 1—Every contract combination in the form of trust or otherwise or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several states or foreign nations is hereby declared to be illegal. Every person who shall make any such contract or engage in such combination or conspiracy shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding $5,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2—Every contract combination in form or trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce in any territory of the United States or of the District of Columbia, or in restraint of trade or commerce between any such territory and another, or between any such territory or territories and any state or states or the District of Columbia, or with foreign nations, or between the District of Columbia and any state or states or foreign nations, is hereby declared illegal. Every person who shall make any such contract or engage in any such combination or conspiracy shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding $5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 3—The several circuit courts of the United States are hereby invested with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of this act, and it shall be the duty of the several district attorneys of the United States in their respective districts, under the jurisdiction of the attorney general, to institute proceedings in equity to prevent and restrain such violations. Such proceedings may be by way of petition setting forth the case and praying that such violation shall be enjoined or otherwise prohibited. When the parties complained of shall have been duly notified of such petition the court shall proceed as soon as may be to the hearing and determination of the case, and pending such case, and before final decree, the court may at any time make any temporary restraining order or prohibition as shall be deemed just in the premises.

Sec. 5—Whenever it shall appear that in the court before which any proceeding under section 4 of this act may be pending that the ends of justice require that other parties should be brought before the court, the court may cause them to be summoned, whether they reside in the district or not, and subpœnas to that end may be served in any district by the marshal thereof.

Sec. 6—Any property owned under any contract or by any combination or pursuant to any conspiracy (and being the subject thereof) mentioned in section 1 of this act and being in the course of transportation from one state into another or into a foreign country shall be forfeited to the United States, and may be seized and condemned by like proceedings as those provided by law for the forfeiture, seizure and condemnation of property imported into the United States contrary to law.

Sec. 7—Any person who shall be injured in his business or property by any other person or corporation by reason of anything forbidden or declared to be unlawful by this act may sue therefor in any circuit court of the United States in the district in which the defendant resides or is found, without respect to the amount in controversy, three fold the damages by him sustained and the costs of suit, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

Sec. 8—That the word "person" or "persons," wherever used in this act, shall be deemed to include corporations and associations existing under or authorized by the laws of either the United States, the laws of any of the territories, the laws of any state or the laws of any foreign country.

The title of the bill is amended to read: "A bill to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies."

In the House.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—On motion of Mr. Mason (Ills.) a bill was passed amending the act to aid vessels wrecked or disabled in waters contermineous to the United States and the Dominion of Canada. It grants authority to American wrecking vessels to aid Canadian vessels in distress, when similar authority shall have been given by the Canadian government to wrecking vessels of the United States in distress.

The Hudson River Bridge Bill Passed.

Mr. Baker (R. Y.), from the same committee, called up a bill authorizing the construction of the Idaho & Montana R. R. Now York city across the Hudson river, to regulate commerce in and over such bridge between the states of New York and New Jersey, and to establish such bridge as a military and post road. The bill was passed.

The Idaho Admission Bill.

The house then proceeded to the consideration of the Idaho admission bill. Mr. Dorsey (Neb.) in charge of the bill, opened the debate with a speech in its favor. The only opposition to the admission of the new state, he said, came from the Mormons. They protested against the provision of the constitution which disfranchises bigamists and polygamists, and persons who are members of associations which teach the doctrine of bigamy. Mr. Manser (Mo.) said the reason for disfranchising Mormons was that they voted the Democratic ticket. Mr. Dubois (Idaho) made a strong appeal for the passage of the bill. Give Idaho statehood under her constitution, he said, and the Mormon question would soon be a thing of the past. Pending further debate the bill went over.

A bill was passed for the erection of a shop at the national armory, Springfield, Mass., at a cost of $250,000, and the house at 6:15 p. m. adjourned.

Trustee Tisdale Scored.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The committee appointed by the board of education to investigate charges or insinuations made by School Trustee Tisdale in regard to the case of Francisque Sutherland and Miss Lewis, a teacher, have reported that the allegations have been found false and malicious; that the slander did not originate with Mr. Sutherland and Miss Lewis against Tisdale, accusing him of improper conduct as a trustee, were fully proved, and that if Tisdale had been a teacher he might be and would have been expelled in disgrace. The report goes further and pays a high compliment to Miss Lewis personally and officially, and Mr. Sutherland, her betrothed husband. The report was adopted unanimously, except that Commissioner Mary Agnew refrained from voting.

Republican Senatorial Caucus.

ALBANY, April 3.—The Republican senatorial caucus last night decided to confirm the nomination of James E. Jones as port warden of New York. It was also the opinion of the caucus that the legislature will and should endeavor to adjourn sine die on April 30. It was decided to oppose the canal appropriation for bridges, etc., outside of the $900,000 improvement bill and to stand solidly upon the latter bill. It was also agreed to oppose all armory appropriations this year with the exceptions of those for armories now under contract at Malone. It was decided that a bill shall be introduced providing for a constitutional convention to be held next January.

A Boston Millionaire Dead.

BOSTON, April 3.—G. W. Coburn, of the wool firm of Hallowell & Coburn, died suddenly of apoplexy in his office this morning of heart disease. He was a native of Ipswich and a philanthropist. His estate is estimated at $1,500,000. He leaves a widow, but no children.

Weather Indications.

The weather prospects to be generally cloudy and slightly warmer, with rain.

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.30
California Pears	25c.	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed Corn	15	1.70
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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AFTER THE CZAR'S LIFE.

A Nearly Successful Attempt at His Destruction.

MANY STUDENTS UNDER ARREST.

Universities Closed, Plots Unearthed, Peasants in Revolution, Nihilism Rampant and Various Interesting Incidents Cause Trouble for Russia's Despot.

LONDON, April 3.—The Berlin correspondent of The Chronicle says that a partially successful attempt has been made upon the life of the czar. The name of the would-be assassin and the kind of weapon used are not known.

Students Under Arrest.

Fifteen of the students arrested at Moscow will be tried on the charge of being political revolutionists. Forty-two have been expelled from the university. Of this number thirty-seven have been refused the right to enter other universities. Forty-four will be subjected to minor punishments and the remainder will be released. The disorders are considered to be a sign of revolutionary plans, in connection with the agitation in foreign countries regarding the treatment of political prisoners in Siberia and the recent letter of Mme. Tshebrikova to the czar.

Sixty-seven students at the Charkoff university have been arrested and sixteen expelled.

Wholesale Arrests Made.

Count Delianoff, minister of public instruction, has refused to receive the petition recently prepared by the students at the St. Petersburg university asking for a redaction of the entrance fees, the unrestricted admission of Jews, and the equality of male and female students. Three hundred excited university students assembled, intending to march to the ministry of public instruction to petition in person, but were arrested 175 of them. Three hundred students of the Technological institute and many pupils of the School of Forestry and the Academy of Medicine have been arrested for taking part in seditious meetings.

Blood Already Shed.

The peasants are rising in Riazan and blood has already been shed. The agitation is spreading to Finland and Poland, and gendarmes and Cossacks have been sent to quell the disorder. The excitement is intense. Everybody sympathizes with the students.

Servia and Bulgaria at Odds.

LONDON, April 3.—The Servian agent, in compliance with his government's instructions, left Sofia today. A rupture between Servia and Bulgaria is imminent. The trouble is said to have been fomented by Russia.

Barry Defeats Grenfell.

LONDON, April 3.—In the parliamentary election at Windsor, Barry (Conservative) received 1,321 votes and Grenfell (Liberal) 972. In the last election the Conservative candidate was returned without opposition

Cigar Manufacturers Protest.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Delegations from the boards of trade of Key West and Tampa, Fla., and representatives of the New York cigar manufacturers' association appeared before the ways and means committee of the house and entered protest against the proposed increase in the duty on Havana tobacco as contemplated in the McKinley tariff bill.

Ex-Governor Pollock Ill.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., April 3.—Ex-Governor James Pollock is ill at the home of his son-in-law, H. T. Harvey, in this city, and on account of his age much solicitude is felt.

Mrs. Stephenson,

82 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties can be supplied on short notice with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

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Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese, Fresh every day.

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines, All kinds of Pickles, Mustard and Relishes, Wine, Salads, Mumm's Extra Dry, Nectarets, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

F. R. Townsend & Co. Assign.

NEW YORK, April 3.—F. R. Townsend & Co., commission woolen merchants at No. 72 Worth street, have made an assignment to James F. Young, of Philadelphia, giving preferences to John and James Dobson, of Philadelphia, for $42,000. The firm consists of Frederick R. Townsend, William M. Richards, Jr., and Charles H. Wade. The failure is attributed by the assignee to the succession of warm winters and the consequent depression in trade, also mill investments over advances on mill productions. The assignee said the outlook was very favorable for the future. From the other source it was learned that Mr. Townsend is an officer in a mill which has or is about to go into the hands of a receiver. He has, made, it is said, overadvances to that mill. The firm of F. R. Townsend & Co. was rated at Dunn's commercial agency at from $125,000 to $200,000.

Two Jersey Ruffians Arrested.

RED BANK, N. J., April 3.—William Buckley and John Callahan, two notorious young men from Shark River Hills, have been arrested for criminally assaulting Mrs. James Rowell, aged 50 years, residing at South Eatontown. Mr. Rowell answered a knock at the door Wednesday night and was knocked down by the two men. Mrs. Rowell went to see what was the trouble, when she was attacked and assaulted. One of the ruffians were arraigned in court Mr. Rowell, who was present, became greatly excited, and was barely restrained from shooting the prisoners. Judge Edwards committed them to the county jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Against Senator Paddock's Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The officers of the fish commission are making a strong effort to defeat the bill which is now pending in the senate to transfer the commission to the department of agriculture. A number of protests have been received from all parts of the country and the opposition to the bill is being generated which may result in its defeat.

"Dune Up" by Editor Myers.

COLUMBUS, O., April 3.—Allen O. Myers, editor of The Cincinnati Porcupine, and Representative Powell, of Ross county, engaged in a quarrel and came to blows in the corridors of the Neil house last evening. Powell was badly worsted, and bears an ugly cut over his right eye. Myers was fined before the fight resulted in either of the combatants being seriously injured. The trouble grew out of an imputation made by Myers that The Porcupine against Powell and relative to the late senatorial campaign.

The Pennsylvania Colliery to Resume.

MT. CARMEL, Pa., April 3.—Orders for the resumption of work at the Pennsylvania colliery have been issued. The 1,000 miners who have been idle since Jan. 1 are rejoiced at the good news.

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Telephone Call 6.

A BIG FAILURE.

Rhodes & Brothers, of Delaware County, Pa., Embarrassed.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—Rhodes & Brothers, owners and operators of the Aston, Knowlton and West Branch mills in Aston township, Delaware county, manufacturing dowskins, shirtings, dometts and jeans, and employing 1,000 persons, have made an assignment to the Delaware County Trust company. Mr. John Rhodes, who since 1881 has been practically the sole proprietor of the plant, attributes the failure to general shrinkage in the value of all textile fabrics, and to lack of a market for manufactured stock, of which a large amount is now stored up.

No statement is published, but the assets are large, and it is believed that if reasonable terms are made by creditors the concern can ultimately resume business.

Samuel Rhodes, who was bought out by John in 1881, holds judgment notes to the extent of $55,000, and other judgments amounting to $46,000 were filed yesterday morning by the assignment. The credit of the house has been of the highest grade, and John Rhodes was regarded as the leading business man of the county. The failure, it is said, will therefore, cause much distress and the 200 dwellings of the employes cover 400 acres of ground, and in fact comprise the whole settlement of Aston.

The agents in Philadelphia and New York, through whom the products of the mills were marketed, are Chapman & Martin. Mr. Chapman, the senior member of the firm, expressed great surprise at hearing of the failure. He said his firm had acted as selling agents in this city and New York for Rhodes & Brothers for many years, but he knew nothing as to their assets and liabilities. It is stated that the business in recent years has amounted to from $600,000 to $800,000 per annum. The real estate owned by Rhodes is worth $200,000 and the machinery $150,000. In addition to this there is a large amount of manufactured stock on hand.

A LARGE variety of grape vines, pear trees, Concord grapes, mazzas and all may be had at Mrs. Lindsay's, No. 92 West Front street.

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General Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Special sale, scroll saws. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1546

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but PURE VEGETABLE O LS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1

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we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacists Only.

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you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, handkerchief extracts, bath sponges, tooth brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

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I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield, which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

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DON'T FORGET

WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

J. P. Laire & Co.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Stoves, Ranges, and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

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BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $10 each.

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Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Avenue.

A FATAL GAS EXPLOSION.

Five Men Killed in a Nanticoke Mine.

SEVERAL OTHERS WERE INJURED.

John Griffith's Pipe Was the Cause of the Terrible Accident—He Opened His Safety Lamp to Enjoy a Smoke and the Gas Took Fire.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 3.—Gas exploded in slope No. 2 of the Susquehanna Coal company at Nanticoke yesterday. Four men were killed and five injured. The names of the dead are:

James Adams, aged 35; leaves a wife and six children.

James A. Williams, miner, aged 28; leaves a wife and one child.

John Davis, miner, aged 38; instantly killed. Morgan Price, aged 36, died last evening.

The injured are: Michael Barinski, slightly injured; Joseph Barinski, seriously injured; John Buddick, slightly injured; George Elmy, slightly burned.

How the Explosion Occurred.

The explosion was in a branch of the main gangway in No. 6 hitch of the colliery. The chambers are all connected by narrow pas, sages, called headings, which are driven for the purpose of ventilation. When the fire was extinguished the chambers in the morning he found gas in one of them in dangerous quantities. When men came to work George Elmy, the assistant fire boss, went in with a carpenter to clear out the gas. He notified the man not to go into the chamber and made an examination. He decided to have one of the headings closed and another opened, which would send a strong air current into the breast where the gas was. He sent the carpenter, Griffith, up to the breast to do the work and told the others to stay with him in the gangway.

All obeyed except Adams and his laborer, Belonage, who both went off into their chambers to begin loading coal. They and Griffith were the only men in the chambers, and one of the three must have fired the gas.

A Frightful Concussion.

When the explosion occurred the flames rushed out of the breasts and ran along the gangway, wrapping in their fiery embrace all who were there. The shock blew down doors, brattices and timbers, and several cars that stood on the gangway were burst-d from the track and broken. All through the mines the concussion was heard, and from the mouth of the slope, 4,000 feet away, a cloud of dust was driven.

Rescuing the Bodies.

Instantly every man in the mine fled for the nearest exit, but inside Foreman Turner and General Inside Superintendent Reese met imperiled parties and started for the scene. At the turning into the branch they met Elmy, who was groping his way out. Within three feet of Elmy W. A. James was sitting on the ground, badly burned. Elmy escaped with slight burns, but James was instantly killed by a falling prop. Griffith, who was found insensible, had inhaled the flame and was burned internally. The body of James Adams was found just at the entrance to his chamber fearfully crushed under a heap of fallen coal and rock. The body of Morgan John Belonage was found driven so tightly between an overset car and the roof of the gangway that it had to be sawed to before he could be extricated. A splinter of wood was driven through the eye into the brain.

It Was a Fatal Spot.

The others were found in the gangway, where they had gathered waiting until the gas was cleared away. The rescue party proceeded to Hespen's, the astonishing all of the men before they were forced to return by the after damp. At this spot an explosion occurred one year ago and Eric C. Schaffius, one of the leading mining engineers of this city, was killed, and also two companions. The place wasonly reopened a few months ago. Fire Boss Gorge Olney is of the opinion that Griffith removed the cover from his safety lamp to light his pipe and that the exposed flame caused the explosion.

Thomas Cornell's Obsequies.

RONDOUT, N. Y., April 3.—The funeral of the late Thomas Cornell took place here yesterday afternoon and was the largest and most imposing ever witnessed here. Prominent steamboat and railroad men and bankers were present from various sections of the country. Rev. Heber W. Sherwood preached the funeral sermon and pronounced a fitting eulogy of the deceased. A vast throng lined the streets through which the funeral cortege passed, and many houses were draped.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers..... $1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped $2.00, $2.25 $2.50
Ladies' Spring Coats.. $3.50, $5, $7.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $1.50 to $5.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular. .15
Children's " " " .10
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeve..... 25c
3-Button Kid Gloves..... 49, 69, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

FOR A MERCHANT MARINE.

The House Committee Favors a Subsidy for Yankee Ships.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Mr. Farquhar (N. Y.) has submitted a report containing the views of the majority of the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries, to accompany the bill introduced in the house by himself, and reported favorably to the house from that committee, to place the American merchant marine engaged in foreign trade upon an equality with that of other nations. The report refers to the deterioration of the American shipping interest and contends that a merchant marine is necessary to the existence of a naval power. The situation now, it is stated, is very much the same as when the union of states was formed. Great Britain then engrossed our richest commerce, but our prescient statesmen applied a cure for the evils of alien merchants and foreign debts, the dangers of dependence for transportation on the shipping of a fighting nation seeking control of the commerce of the world.

The adverse balance of trade induced by foreign marine crushed the country. With suffic ent shipping of our own we would have had a credit instead of a debt abroad. We would have controlled our trade instead of having foreign nations control it for us. We would have greatly increased our exports by being of our own products and carriers. "One of the means," the report says, "the most useful and certain of government to a marine of the present day is a direct, regular and speedy postal service by steam steamers forming part of the cruising force of the navy. It is evident from reports of postal routes and acts of parliament that the practice of the admiralty and postoffice departments for the fifty years past with the admirable steam postal system of Great Britain was primarily and largely and has always been sustained as the very best means of grasping the control of trade and of ruling the commercial world."

A statement from the commissioner of navigation is inclosed, estimating the subsidy payments for the first year as $3,360,744.

Representative Pitkin (Ills.) submitted the minority views. The minority, it states, object to the bill on the ground that every industry, every man's business and every article will be taxed to sustain the subsidy, therefore cross the sea and forbearing a privileged class at the expense of the whole people.

The minority believe that bounties will not restore our shipping interests, and are of the opinion that the most effective way to bring about the revival of the American shipping industry is for congress to place all materials that go into the construction of ships on the free list, to repeal all laws in restraint of trade and to repeal our restrictive navigation laws and permit our merchants to buy their ships where they please and to sail them under the American flag.

The report is signed by Representatives Price (La.) and Wise (Va.). Mr. Wise, in an appended note, states that he concurs in Mr. Pitkin's views, while intending to indorse all of his recommendations. Mr. Price states that, while not agreeing with all the views of Mr. Pitkins, he concurs in opposition to the bill in its present form.

Western Teams Win.

WELLINGTON, Mass., April 3.—The closing shoot in the championship series between the eastern and western teams took place on the Wellington range and was won by the latter. Below are the handsome silver pitcher offered by the Wellington Gun club to the western man making the highest individual score. The scores follow: Western team—C. W. Budd, Des Moines, 23; J. R. Stow, Omaha, 27; R. O. Hikes, Dayton, O., 26; C. E. Cahoon, Freeport, Ills., 23; A. J. Rahle, Beloit, Wis., 24; total, 123. Eastern team—H. McMurchy, Syracuse, N. Y., 27; W. H. Whitemorft, Philadelphia, 26; W. E. Perry, Boston, 28; R. B. Walter, Pine Plat, N. Y., 24; W. S. Perry, Worcester, Mass., 29; total, 164.

Governor Goodell Very Ill.

CONCORD, N. H., April 3.—The executive council have officially notified the Hon. D. Arthur Taggart, president of the senate, that Governor Goodell was incapacitated by illness for the discharge of his duties as chief magistrate, and that Mr. Taggart to take the chair and discharge the duties of the office during the vacancy.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Pamphlet and Reference sent free. Trade-marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees. Information, advice, and special references sent on request. 10-19-tf

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. Dr. Sargent's system. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 3-26-1

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY
J. S. Co
JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lime, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 686. Telephone call 20.

VALENTINES!
FRANGE, TUCKS, AND OTHER
MAKERS, CELLULOIDS, SATINS AND
COMICS, CHOICEST LINE BOOKLETS
AT
ALLEN.
The Stationer,
22 EAST FRONT STREET.

PLAYERS IN CONVENTION.

Beckley, Mulvey and Dalrahanty Reinstated—Other Baseball News.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The meeting of the delegates of the central board of the Players' league to act on the cases of Beckley, Mulvey and other contract jumpers, and to consider the advisability of changing or rescinding the present schedule, convened shortly before noon. The different clubs were represented by the following delegates: New York, E. A. McAlpin and W. Ewing; Boston, Albert G. Spalding and J. Knight; Buffalo, James L. Wells; Brooklyn, Charles M. Ward; Chicago, F. H. Brunnell; Cleveland, A. L. Johnson; Pittsburg, John Tener; Philadelphia, J. M. Vanderslice and George Wood.

The opening dates were changed so that the seasons of both the National league and the Players' league will open on the same day, April 19. This action of the Brotherhood in selecting the same opening day as the National league makes the fight more expensive than it would otherwise be, unless the National league people, who were confident that the Brotherhood was afraid to clash with them in their dates. The question of taking back deserters from the Brotherhood was settled without much argument. It was decided that Beckley, Mulvey and Dalrahanty be reinstated under a resolution requiring a unanimous vote of the board of directors for such a purpose.

In the case of John T. Pickett, the shortstop of the Philadelphia Players' club, whose services are claimed by the Kansas City club of the American association under the reserve clause, it was decided to allow Mr. Pickett to play with the Philadelphia. Affidavits from that player were produced to show that he had returned the advance money ($50) given him by the Kansas City club and obtained a receipt for it.

The action of the Cleveland convention in allowing to each club 2 per cent of all the tickets sold for complimentaries was reversed and the figure increased to 3 per cent.

During the season each club will be known by a flag as well as by a uniform. Each club will be provided with eight flags, and on the day of a game its own flag will fly from the flagstaff with that of the visiting club and obtained a receipt for it.

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The Rumored Sale of Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., April 3.—The rumor of the sale of the Columbus baseball club to Indianapolis or Detroit is still going the rounds. The latest one is to the effect that Sunday games are to be stopped here and that no money can be made without them, and that the club will be disbanded as sadly by the loss of Baldwin, Orr and Daily that it is not much stronger than a select nine. The club will not draw large crowds during the week that it did last year. While there is considerable talk of stopping the Sunday games, nothing definite has been decided on, but it is evident that the directors are uneasy from the fact that they are flooding the city council and others in authority with complimentary passes tickets. The club is making such a poor showing in the exhibition series that the people are becoming disgusted, and it is hard to tell what the outcome will be unless it is greatly strengthened.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B. TEA.

Frank Linke,

Established 1868.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER.
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
199 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
37 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & YAYERS
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best makes promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
No. 37 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

At New York—New York (N. L.), 12; Yale, 6.

At Columbus—Columbus (A. A.), 12; Wheeling, 15.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn (N. L.), 8; Metropolitan, 3.

At Philadelphia—Athletic, 12; Princeton, 5. Baschits: Athletic, 12; Princeton, 9. Errors: Athletic, 3; Princeton, 6.

At Columbus—Columbus, 25; Wheeling, 15. Baschits: Columbus, 17; Wheeling, 15. Errors: Columbus, 8; Wheeling, 9. Batteries: Milner, Easton and Bligh; Bunop and Fitzgerald.

At Toledo—Toledo, 18; Dayton, 6. Baschits: Toledo, 18; Dayton, 7. Errors: Toledo, 6; Dayton, 8. Batteries: Abbott, Sprague and Rogers; Stapleton, Wilson, Cuppy and Williams.

At Indianapolis—Peru (Ind.), 7; Jamestown (N. Y.), 3.

The Reading Fight Ended.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—The fight against President Corbin, of the Reading railroad, has been amicably ended. Mr. Corbin consented to the request of the discontented shareholders for a representation in the board of managers. Messrs. Thomas Dolan and Henry C. Gibson were proposed as the new members, and Mr. Corbin promised that they should be elected at the meeting next Wednesday it is thought that Messrs. Cookran and Antele will retire to make room for Messrs. Dolan and Gibson. Trustee Welsh says the settlement was made because the contest had injured the credit of the company, and it was deemed good policy to make all interests identical. A representative of the party which has been arrayed against Mr. Corbin said that more had been achieved by the settlement than the people had dared to hope for and even hoped to accomplish. The policy will be changed at once, and hereafter the entire property will be managed solely in the interests of the company.

A Protest from Gloucester.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., April 3.—At a largely attended meeting of the board of trade Senator Paddock's bill to place the fish commission under the department of agriculture, was strongly condemned, and resolutions were adopted that such a transfer would be a serious blow at the efficiency of the commission. A protest was also adopted against duties on fish landed from American vessels.

Austin Corbin's Game Preserve.

NEWPORT, N. H., April 3.—The Blue Mountain Forest Park association has been organized, with Austin Corbin as president. The association has secured about 10,000 acres of wild land and mountain range in this vicinity, and will stock it with deer, elk, antelope, moose, deer, fish, etc. The capital is $250,000, and the object is sport and the preservation of types of American game.

La Grippe Causes Another Suicide.

HYANNIS, Mass., April 3.—Capt. Alexander Crocker, a prominent citizen of this place, has committed suicide at his house by cutting his throat with a razor. He had been grippe early this winter and suffered a relapse, which left him very weak and induced despondency.

Young Abbott's Unaccountable Suicide.

BOSTON, April 3.—Samuel Abbott, third, aged 32, son of Samuel Abbott, chief of the protective department of the Boston fire department, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself. No cause for the act is known.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
H. A. POPE,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

DICKINSON
18 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near ☞ 10-15tf

SEE THE COMPARISON.
EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Fat-ers.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.
FAIR PRICES.	

N. B. Smalley's, Near at any Price.
94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

The Verdict.

"Gentlemen, what is your verdict?" asked his honor in a western court room.

"Wal," responded the foreman of the jury, "seven on us wants to hang the prisoner, but the twelfth man sticks to it he ain't guilty, spite of all we can say; so bein' as the twelfth man is a no payment feller, anyway, in order to make the verdict unanimous, we're concluded to hang 'em both."—Exchange.

Fraud on the Rosignoles.

Binkey—What do you call it? I shot it all myself on the prairie.

McGoggin (the guide)—Why, pard, that's a caribou! I didn't allow you'd git one so quick; but I'll bother ye for that twenty-five dollars you promised me, an' then one ketched.—Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper.

The Spring Robin.

"Soon any robins around yet?" he inquired, as they met in the corridor of the postoffice.

The man addressed him with injured dignity for half a minute and then beckoned him out of the crowd and said:

"What about robins?"

"Why, robins—birds."

"Yes, I know that there is a bird called a robin. What of it?"

"Have you heard or seen any this spring."

"Suppose I have?"

"Why, nothing; only robins come in the spring."

"Yes, I believe they do. Did you want them to wait and come in the fall?"

"Well, I—"

"See here, my friend," said the other, as he laid a hand on his shoulder, "all birds alone, robins included. They are all right. Let spring alone. It is all right. Just keep right on attending to your business and let other things attend to theirs. Good day, sir."—Detroit Free Press.

Cannibalism.

Sappy—Yaas, aw, concherknow, if there aw, is anything a, aw, lovd, is is, aw, calve's brains!

Miss Part—O, the cannibal!—Lawrence American.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
29 North Avenue.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 8:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct connection to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:50 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 9:30 a. m. Office open from 9:35 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 a. m.

Post Office open at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:30 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the delivery window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 9 p. m.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect April, 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m., 12:45 night. Express trains leave Plainfield at 8:45, 9:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m., 12:45 night. Express trains leave Elizabeth at 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m., 12:45 night. Express trains leave Newark at 6:15, 7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Express trains leave Jersey City at 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Express trains leave Elizabeth at 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m., 12:45 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:22, 8:07, 9:37, 11:30 a. m., 2:04, 3:30, 5:15, 6:31, 7:36, 8:00, 9:55, 11:38 p. m. Sunday, 5:22, 8:07, 9:37, 11:30 a. m., 2:04, 3:30, 5:15, 6:31, 7:36, 8:00, 9:55, 11:38 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6:05, 7:15, 8:45, 10:20 a. m., 12:25, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:40, 10:35 p. m. Sunday, 6:05, 7:15, 8:45, 10:20 a. m., 12:25, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:40, 10:35 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:48, 6:40, 8:40, 9:30, 10:40, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Leave Newark at 6:15, 7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Leave Elizabeth at 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m., 12:45 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 6:47 a. m., 5:05 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bound Brook, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9:37 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 5:05 p. m.

For Bound Brook, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

For Bound Brook, Manville, Somerville, Bridgewater, Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delano, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 9:37 a. m.

For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Schuylkill Haven, Allentown, Bethlehem, etc., 5:05 p. m.

For Flemington, 9:37 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 5:05 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown, 10:40 p. m. Sunday, 5:05 p. m.

For Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delano, Mt. Carmel, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 9:37 a. m. For Easton, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 5:05 p. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 10:05 a. m., 12:10, 2:15, 3:15, 5:54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:17, 8:51, 9:37 a. m. For Port Amboy 7:37, 8:00, 10:05, 11:39 a. m., 3:15, 5:17, 5:54 p. m. Sunday 8:17, 8:51, 9:37 a. m.

For Atlantic City 7:37, 11:39, a. m., 1:07 p. m. Sunday 8:17 a. m.

For Cape May 7:37, 8:00, 10:05, 11:39, a. m., 3:15, 5:54 p. m.

For Asbury Park 7:37, 8:00, 10:05, 11:39, a. m., 3:15, 5:54 p. m. Sundays at 8:17, 8:51, 9:37 a. m.

For Long Branch 7:37, 8:00, 10:05, 11:39, a. m., 3:15, 5:54 p. m. Sundays at 8:17, 8:51, 9:37 a. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1:07, 2:16, 11:39 a. m., 3:15, 5:54 p. m. Sundays at 1:07, 2:16, 8:51, 9:37 a. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Front street place. P. O. Box 942.

James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience. Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE.
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 451.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 54 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOINER AND WAINSCOTER,
25 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Roe. Everything in the line of undertaking carried on by us. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE
at PEUCHTS, Somerset Street.
Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
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all kinds of Second-Hand
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CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
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in
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under the instructions of
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at reasonable rates.
Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

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Bats, mitts, catch, terminers, gloves, harness. Call and see the improvements on the Spaver Iron league. John F. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

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27 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

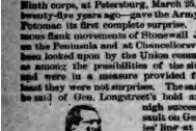
AT PETERSBURG.

A Night Assault, March 25, 1865.

THE STONEWALL JACKSON CORPS

It Storms the Union Forts--The Last Offensive Movement of Lee's Army--Decisive Failure and Dire Disaster for the Confederate Forces.

The night sortie by the Confederates under Gen. John B. Gordon on the lines of the Ninth corps, at Petersburg, March 25, 1865--twenty-five years ago--gave the Army of the Potomac its first complete surprise. The famous flank movements of Stonewall Jackson on the Peninsula and at Chancellorsville had been looked upon by the Union commanders as among the possibilities of the situation, and were in a measure provided for. At least they were not surprises. The same may be said of Gen. Longstreet's bold and well



GEN. JOHN B. GORDON.

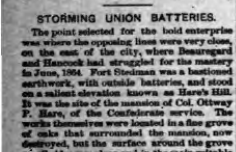
nigh successful assault on Gen. Sickles' line at Gettysburg. But of the movement of Gordon's command to break through Grant's lines of investment along the Appomattox there had not been an inkling given in all the Union camps until the sleeping trench guards on nearly a mile of the

lines were aroused by the sounds of attack, and awoke to find their own guns turned upon them and the cold steel of a daring enemy held to their very breasts.

In an interview with some of his old antagonists Gen. John B. Gordon, who at this crisis came to the front as a successor to "Stonewall" Jackson, whose old command, or what there remained of it, had come under Gordon's leadership, told how he had two conferences with Lee early in March, and as these conferences were followed by the sortie to make a night sortie on Grant's lines at Fort Stedman, on Hare's Hill, in front of Petersburg.

STORMING UNION BATTERIES.

The point selected for the bold enterprise was where the opposing lines were very close, on the east of the city, where Beauregard and Hancock had struggled for the mastery in June, 1864. Fort Stedman was a detached earthwork, with outside batteries, and stood on a salient elevation known as Hare's Hill. It was the site of the mansion of Col. Ottway P. Hare, of the Confederate army. The works themselves were located in a fine grove of oaks that surrounded the mansion, now destroyed, but the surface around the grove on all sides was clear and in the main suitable

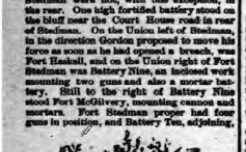


INTERIOR OF FORT STEDMAN.

for manoeuvering large bodies of men. The Prince George Court House road ran directly from Petersburg past Hare's Hill, crossing both the Confederate and the Union lines. It seemed perfectly feasible for the Confederates to throw a great column of men of all arms into this space and add strength to it as it should move down the Union lines toward Grant's left. But first it would be necessary to make a breach in the Union works. This Gen. Gordon provided for, and his plan, approved by Lee, was as follows:

To take Fort Stedman by direct assault at night, then send a separate body of men to each of the rear forts, who, claiming to be Federals, might pass through the Federal reserves and take possession of the rear line of forts as if ordered to do so by the Federal commander; next to press with his whole force to the rear of Grant's main line and force him out of his trenches, destroy his pontoons, cut his telegraph wires and press down his flank.

The first referred to in the rear of Fort Stedman were not, with one exception, in the rear. One high fortified battery stood on the bluff near the Court House road in rear of Stedman. On the left, left of Stedman, in the direction Gordon proposed to move his force as soon as he had opened a breach, was Fort Haskell, and on the right of Fort Stedman was Battery Nine, an inclosed work mounting two guns and also a mortar battery. Still to the right of Battery Nine stood Fort McGilvery, mounting seven guns, mortars. Fort Stedman proper had four guns in position, and Battery Ten, adjoining,



DESERTERS COMING IN.

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The distance from Fort Stedman, where the first blow was to be struck, to the Confederate salient (Colquitt's), where Gordon was to start his storming parties, was sixty rods.

With lines so close as they were on the front of Willcox's division it was difficult for the Confederates to make any movement in their works without attracting attention, and

GEN. O. B. WILLCOX.

the silence of the Union pickets had been secured by a clever stratagem. Some time during the previous summer Gen. Grant had issued an order permitting Confederate deserters to bring in their guns--for which they were paid by the Union government, and it had become a common thing for squads of deserters to give themselves up, guns in hand, to the Union pickets. During this night of March 24--25th several bona fide deserters came in and they were followed by some disguised men, who approached the Union pickets ostensibly to surrender. These pickets occupied detached rifle pits, and the guns of one or two were in each pit. The pretended deserters soon made prisoners of nearly all of the pickets on the line of the Third brigade, and then this gap widened instantly as the entire picket line was removed. Behind the pickets were the guards in the trenches. When Gordon's men began hewing at the abatis obstructions on the Confederate side, the guard at Fort Stedman called out, "What are you doing there, Johnny?" "All right, Yank,' only pickets coming."

Gordon's storming parties were huddled in the rifle pits of the Union picket line, and on a signal, which followed this discovery, they rushed over the narrow space and overpowered the trench guards of the breastworks adjoining Fort Stedman and captured Battery Ten. The trench guards here belonged to the Fourteenth New York heavy artillery, which garrisoned also Fort Stedman and Fort Haskell. The men were nearly all asleep, although the guard and guard reliefs were at their usual stations. Some of the men of the Fourteenth New York opened the guns of Fort Stedman, and gave the assailants canister in their faces, but in a very few minutes the Confederate guns were turned on the works themselves were loosted in a fine grove of oaks that surrounded the mansion, now destroyed, but the surface around the grove on all sides was clear and in the main suitable

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The Third division, under Gen. Hartranft, had been ordered out by Gen. Parke, and the Second brigade, under command of Col. Sprague, Court House road, advanced and engaged the Confederates, whose skirmishers were advancing down this road. Other regiments of the Third division were thrown up under cover of ravines that ran parallel with the works, and by daylight the whole command of six regiments was on the scene. It was now plain that Gordon's surprise had secured no more than Fort Stedman, Batteries Ten, Eleven and Twelve, and about three-quarters of a mile of infantry breastworks connecting and adjoining these works.

His force of two divisions, under Gens. M. W. Ransom and Phil Cook, was massed in front of Fort Stedman, with skirmishers thrown out toward the rear Union works. Two assaults on flanking forts had been repulsed, and the third, against the rear battery, had been checked before the assailants reached within rifle shot of the work. The field of the fighting was a series of knolls with a wide open space in the rear, extending about half a mile and terminating in a bluff fifteen or twenty feet high. From the bluff the land was open and generally level for a mile to the eastward.

All of the movements of the captured line could be watched from the Union rear, and as soon as the Confederate positions could be made out by the Union commanders, the reserve batteries opened on the enemy in the breach, and infantry was ordered up to all the weak points where the assailants would be likely to begin an advance. From the main Confederate positions, also, the view was unobstructed, and the combat about to take place was thus witnessed by thousands on both sides, who were stand while safety of their lives as spectators. In addition to the forces in the breach with Gordon, two divisions from the corps of Longstreet and A. P. Hill had been placed in position in front of the Union line to the left of the breach, in order to join Gordon's men, who expected to sweep down and roll up Grant's line toward the Norfolk railroad. A detachment of cavalry was also in the vicinity with orders to gallop down the river road toward City Point and raid the rear of the Union lines when the successful storming parties had silenced the batteries commanding the road. The next step in Gordon's plan was to form on the space he had and move toward the Union left, taking on the way Fort Haskell, which his storming party had not silenced. This work had three faces fronting to the north face, having a range on all the ground between it and Fort Stedman. Owing to the irregularity of the line of breastworks connecting these forts, the guns of Haskell could not sweep the rear of the breastworks beyond the distance of about fifty yards. The Confederates therefore used these works as a cover, and a column of a couple of brigades started from Stedman to move down on Haskell to strike it in the rear.

CHEVAUX DE FRISE.

The infantry and the batteries drawn up along the bluffs in the rear were able to do some execution by firing on this column in the flank. However, they reached the slope leading up to the fort, and in the face of canister from one gun of the Third New Jersey battery they pushed up within hail and summoned the fort to surrender. A storm of shells was pouring down on Haskell from the regular Confederate batteries, and the parapet facing Fort. Stedman, and against which the assault was aimed, was exposed to this fire from the rear. The commandant of Fort Haskell, Maj. C. H. Houghton, of the Fourteenth New York heavy artillery, had been struck down at this parapet while standing by his colors. The commander of the battery, Maj. Christian Woerner, bravely stood by the gun that commanded the strip of breastwork along which the Confederates were advancing, and for an answer to the summons to surrender he sent a charge of canister that struck the foremost of the column at thirty paces. A portion of the garrison, the Fourteenth heavy artillery, aided by some of the One Hundredth Pennsylvania, who had left the outside of the breastworks and rushed into the fort, stood to the parapets and opened with muskets. The Confederates pressed up until they were within a few steps of the ditch, and then moved around to the rear, where they were more sheltered.

The attempt on Fort Haskell by the rear was repeated twice with no success, and as a similar movement on Battery Nine had failed, Gordon's men found themselves hemmed in under a galling fire from batteries much nearer to them now than when they started from the line. As Gordon stated in his narration, the hardest part was yet before him. It was daylight, and all the opposition that he had feared, and which he had expected to evade by moving under cover of darkness, was confronting him. The artillery on both sides opened a terrific cannonade, the Union guns shelling Gordon's men and the Confederate guns being hurled upon the batteries and upon the Union troops drawn up around the breach. Gordon correspondingly increased the fire, and he found that the re-enforcements that had been promised him were not forthcoming he ordered a retreat. This they attempted to make under a storm of bullets, shells and grape. While the rear guard, covering some troops of the Third brigade advanced to Fort Stedman and planted a flag on the works and received a number of prisoners. The Second brigade advanced his division, deployed across the plain, with troops of the Second and Third brigades of Willcox's division formed on either flank. This line covered the gap and swept up to the trenches, capturing several hundred Confederates, who now willingly threw down their arms. Nearly 2,000 prisoners and several battle flags fell into the hands of the Ninth corps. The loss of the corps was about 600 killed and wounded and the same number missing. The prisoners were the captured soldiers and the garrison of the two captured batteries, who had been seized at the first alarm, before daylight. Some of them had been taken while asleep.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

THAT ALTERED THE CASE.

The Exceeding Difference Betwixt Tweedledum and Tweedledee.

"Say, do you see that girl?"

"Why, yes: she's a beauty, too."

"Well, you can just bet she is. I was engaged to her once."

Then there was silence for the space of two minutes, as the two men drew near and passed the pretty young woman. Then the young man in the best coat remarked:

"You didn't speak to each other. How is that?"

"Well, you see," explained the gentleman with the black mustache and curly hair, "it's a very peculiar story. Sounds like a romance, but it's true, every word of it. I met her two years ago down at Long Branch. She was the daughter of an old Hebrew count, who was reputed to be worth at least half a million. I fell dead in love with her, and she seemed to be very much attached to me. Well, you know Thompson? I invited him down to stay with me for a week or two. He came, of course. Never knew Thompson to refuse an invitation. He met the count's daughter. They fell in love with each other at first sight. He proposed after he'd known her three days, and she accepted him.

"Well, it made me mad. I knew the fellow only wanted the girl's money, so I put up a job on him. I told him that the count had failed, and that he wasn't worth a copper. But I suspected the blackguard went back to New York that night, and next day he wrote the girl a letter saying that he had been mistaken and asked to be released. The girl waxed indignant and sent him flying, and then I went to work and proposed myself. She accepted me. Well, all went on smoothly for a week, when--"

"What happened then? Did you marry the girl?" asked the box coated gentleman.

"No-o. You see at the end of the week the old count died, and when his accounts were made up it was discovered that instead of having a half million to his credit he was in debt to the tune of $200,000. Of course, you know that I couldn't marry the girl very well, you know. Much as I can do to support myself."--New York Sun.

"No Trust Here."

Imagine the surprise of a Michigan avenue grocer the other day when a stranger walked in and planked a big dollar down on the counter, and said:

"Three years ago, in making a purchase here, you overpaid me to this amount. I have been in Wisconsin ever since, but have now returned to live in Detroit."

"By George! but you are an honest man!" exclaimed the grocer as he pulled in the money.

"Thanks. I want a few groceries this morning, and want to get them on credit."

"Oh!--ah! Three doors below, if you please. My terms are cash on the nail."--Detroit Free Press.

She Sweetly Requested.

There were seven men standing on the rear platform of a Gratiot avenue car, and every one of them was smoking, when a woman signaled the conductor to stop. He held the door open, but she simply surveyed the crowd for a moment, and as no one moved she sweetly requested:

"Conductor, won't you please knock out one side of the car, so that I can get out without disturbing these gentlemen?"--Detroit Free Press.

No Novelty.

She kissed him as he gave her the engagement ring.

"George, darling, I have always longed for one of this pattern and you are the first who loved me sufficiently to study my tastes in the matter."

"And yet," replied he, leveling things up, "it is no rarity, as in my engagements I have never used anything else."--Philadelphia Times.

George Fails.

She (pining for pleasant words)--Oh, George, I cannot understand it. Why do you lavish this wealth of love on me when there are so many girls more beautiful and more worthy than I?

He--I'm darned if I know.--Munsey's Weekly.

Why He Gave Satisfaction.

Miss Gabble (on the way home from the party)--There was some very nice singing tonight, wasn't there? I think you gave great satisfaction.

Mr. Flat--But--but I didn't sing!

"Exactly!"--Lawrence American.

She Doesn't Expect So Much.

Dodd--And you always use office letter paper when you write to your sweetheart?

Podd--I do. It's a delicate way of reminding her that I have to earn my living.--Boston Traveller.

The Hygiene of Doughnuts.

In a Boston School--Teacher--Hygienic experts say that there is nothing healthy about a doughnut.

Bright Boy--Isn't the hole healthy!--New York Tribune.

Free from Adulteration.

Guest (at country hotel)--Good heavens, waiter, here's a fish in my milk!

Waiter--Well! if that darned cow ain't been in swimmin' again!--American Grocer.

A Reasonable Request.

Sick Husband--My dear, this room is very warm.

Wife (testing the register)--There's no heat coming from the register.

Sick Husband (impatiently)--Well, see if the dampers are all right at once. Do you want a man to stay here and freeze to death?--Harper's Bazar.

The Song of the Hens.

Mrs. Smithers--Did you ever hear those hens cackle so?

Mr. S.--Probably they are caroling a lay.--Washington Post.

A Matter of Real Estate.

She--But Harry loves the very ground Clarrie walks on.

He--Yes, but she hates the site of him.--Boston Transcript.

Hoped It Would Be His Last.

Scribbler--Did you like my last book?

Miss Part--Oh, have you written your last one? I'm so glad!--Lawrence American.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL

Spring and Summer Opening

of

Imported and Domestic Millinery

will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

IT IS NOT QUITE TIME

For us to make our Spring blow out, but we are gradually receiving Invoices, and in a few days we shall have everything. We have bought for Spring and Summer, which will surpass anything ever seen in Plainfield, in Boot and Shoe line.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

A BIG CARPET TRADE!

Edsall of No. 20 West Front street says his Carpet Trade thus far this season is almost terrible that of last year, and notwithstanding the large quantities sold he has an immense stock yet to select from.

The reason we sell at such extremely low prices is because of the large quantities disposed of. Low prices, the best goods and the most desirable styles does the business.

Our large stock of New Spring Dress Goods is ready for inspection. If you want to get the latest styles, and the best goods at the lowest prices you will find them in our large assortment.

New Kid Gloves, New Corsets, New Laces, New Hamburgh Edgings, New Ribbons, New Fast-black Hosiery, and in fact New Everything. We have never offered a more complete and desirable line of Goods than now.

We show over 30 different styles of new mattings from 10 1-2 cents up. Curtain Poles, in ash, cherry, walnut, antique oak, ebony and brass, in 1 1-2 inch and 2 inch in stock, at low prices.

EDSALL'S 20 West Front Street.

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

Landreths Garden Seeds, Peter Henderson Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Timothy and Clover Seed. Fertilizer for Lawn and Garden. Hoes, Rakes, Spades and Forks. Gasoline Stoves.

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NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

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AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

THOMPSON PARK,

17 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS BRADBURY, HAUS, JACOB BROTHERS.

ORGANS NEWMAN BROTHERS, CHICAGO.

ALL THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC, GENERAL MUSICAL MERCHANDISE. PIANOS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TUNING AND REPAIRING PIANOS.

JUST OUT. *GET ONE NOW*

200 Spring Overcoats,

500 Pair Pantaloons,

LATEST STYLES,

Children's Suits, all Prices,

SCHWED BROTHERS,

FINE CUSTOM WORK, 10 PER CENT. LESS THAN CITY PRICES.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W. RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 73B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL.

1890.

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy we cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can get a good, well made, solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warrant them.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our sales last season were greater than ever with the very best make of Glezen & Shaw's, Rhoads and Childrens' Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers AND METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female Attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors. Bell 1288.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

ANDREAS BLOCK

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, APRIL 4 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS

JOTTINGS.

—To-day is Good Friday.

—The Borough Council will meet in regular session to-night.

—The regular monthly meeting of the City Common Council will be held next Monday evening.

—A brood of young ducks have been placed in the window of Mr. L. Warren Randolph's pharmacy.

—The windows of Werner's Clothing House have been neatly trimmed by Mr. George Bradshaw with Easter novelties, Spring suits and neckwear. They attract considerable attention.

—While unloading ice from a car a few days ago a large cake about 22 inches thick and weighing in the neighborhood of 250 pounds fell on Mr. John Morlock's left foot, badly crushing the toes.

—The Senate on Tuesday confirmed the nomination of James D. Bartine as Law Judge of Somerset county. This ends quite a bitter fight in that county among the Democrats. The other candidates were Messrs. Garret E. Pier and John H. Jackson.

—Last night an Italian residing in North Plainfield resisted policeman Grant to arrest a small boy for throwing stones at his house. The officer had no jurisdiction in the matter and told the man he would have to make a complaint before a justice of the peace in the borough.

—Not contented with misrepresenting the statements of our venerable Mayor Male, by falsely saying that he voted in the Police Board against Chief Carey, our unreliable contemporary further misrepresents him by ascribing statements to him, which it is safe to assure he never uttered.

—A Paschal Sabbath service will be held at Seventh-day Baptist church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. The pastor will discourse concerning "Music, the Universal language of Religion and of Thanksgiving," and appropriate music will form an important part of the service. Strangers will be welcomed.

—The grocery and crockery department of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association 20 West Front street will be conducted by Mr. W. Fuiper late of Fuiper Bros. & Co., Flemington, N. J. The tea and coffee department are in charge of Mr. M. Bingham late manager of the Northern Tea Co. These gentlemen have had long experience in business and customers will be benefited by it.

Lea Cases.

The lecture to-morrow night at Seminary Hall by Prof. John Faben on Lea Cases promises to be most interesting of the course, which consists of six lectures of which Lea Cases is the fifth. The proceeds of these lectures is for the benefit of the Unitarian church. Tickets for may be had at the following: Mrs. Wilcox and Shields, Lee, W. Randolph, Reynolds, A. C. Kenney and J. C. Pierce, Jr.

Lea Cases, was a famous Christian missionary among the Indians of this continent in the early part of the sixteenth century. The following is in part an analysis of the lecture: Somewhat exact report of the discovery of the new world. Ancient and modern slavery compared. *Relations of Columbus to the beginning of Indian slavery.* Character of Las Casas. His conversion and his sermon at Hispaniola. His journey to Spain. His purpose to Spain to arouse the government as to the evils of slavery. His relations to Cardinal Ximenes. Relations of Indian and negro slavery. He tries to found a missionary colony in Venezuela on the principle of love alone. His later career in Mexico and Guatemala. A sublime figure in the history of the Christian church.

No 2's Nominations.

Plainfield Engine Company No. 2, held their regular monthly meeting last evening and nominated the following officers to serve for the ensuing year:

Foreman—Ben Rose.
First Assistant—H. K. Voorhees and William Townley.
Second Assistant—Frank Randolph and Wilbur Sherwin.
Secretary—Adolph Kaynes.
Assistant Secretary—Charles Smith.
Treasurer—R. B. Rogers.
Representatives to Firemen's Relief Association—Richard Minor, A. D. Jennings and Horace Sherwin.
Steward—Frank Stelle.
First Assistant—Charles Smith and George Frase.
Second Assistant—Charles Newman.
Third Assistant—William Hisbey.

There then are two persons nominated for the office there is to be a fight for the honor. The election will take place at the May meeting.

Convicts in Revolt.

Something of a sensation was created in Trenton Saturday night by reports from the State prison that convicts had set fire to the building and that there had been a strike against the food. Head Keeper Robertson did not deny the truth of the reports, but quickly dispelled alarm. He said the fire had been kindled by a convict out of his own and fellows' bedding after he had spent several hours in a dark cell for refusing to work. This was soon extinguished by the men, and made a feint of hanging himself. The flames were discovered by keepers and subdued.

As to the strike against food, Keeper Robertson said it was altogether unjustifiable and unfounded. The men had been given a better breakfast, consisting that their supply of bread was so short they could not work. This was soon remedied and to-day to-day, and after a little discipline the men returned to work.

Blew Out Its Cylinder Head.

At about ten o'clock this morning the residents in the vicinity of the North avenue depot were startled by a loud explosion. Investigation as to the cause of the noise revealed the fact that P. & R. engine 277 had blown the cylinder head out of the front end. The accident caused a large crowd to gather around the depot, and for a time dense fog steam was depicting. The explosion was plainly heard on Front street.

Concert at New Market.

A grand concert was given in the New Market Baptist church last evening under the auspices of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor. The affair was well attended and all present seemed to enjoyed by present. The Edison Phonograph was a prominent feature of the entertainment and greatly amused the audience.

THE CLOSING SCENES.

IN THE MILLER, MOFFETT, CAREY CASE.

"Uncle Dan" and Chief Carey Shake Hands.—The Proceedings Before the Police Board Last Night.—Mr. Moffett Wants the Trial Private.—Chief Carey Wants it Public, and Wins.—His Counsel Then Makes the Point That the Board has no Jurisdiction.—The Case Adjourned Until Next Tuesday.

Yesterday afternoon Chief Carey, accompanied by Councilmen Dunham and Johnston, visited the office of Councilman Roberts.

The Chief led the way, and, as he opened the door, Councilman Roberts, who it must be remembered is chairman of the Police Board, advanced with extended hand and said "I am glad to see you, Chief; come in," shaking his hand most cordially. Thereupon the following conversation ensued:

Mr. Carey—"Uncle Dan, I have come to ask what you have against me, but before you answer I want to say that I am not here to ask any favor, or to try to influence you."

Mr. Roberts—"Well, I understood that you called me a traitor to my party because I voted for *Moffett for President of Council.*

Mr. Carey—"Uncle Dan, I did, and I don't deny it. I was asked by one of the Councilmen for my opinion and I gave it as a citizen and a Republican and without intending any disrespect to you as a superior officer. I was indignant, and in my anger expressed myself as I felt, never dreaming that it would be used as it has been, or I might have been more careful."

Mr. Roberts—"Well, Chief, I always thought a good deal of you, and consider you a most excellent officer. I want to say right here before these gentlemen that I did not vote against you in the Police Board."

Mr. Carey—"I am glad to hear you say that, and I want to tell you that these stories you have heard against me which intimated anything improper in me toward you or any one else are lies out of the whole cloth. Is there anything more for me to explain?"

Mayor Mr. Male—"Chief, you *"No,"* the *Chief* and he pleasantly parted, the Chief withdrawing, Councilmen Dunham and Johnston remaining.

In the conversation which followed, carried on in the most friendly spirit, it transpired that those unfriendly to the Chief had received Mr. Roberts into believing that he had been ignored as Chairman of the Police Board, Mr. Dunham explained that the Chief reported daily to the Mayor, and took his orders from him, as had always been the custom. Mayor Male and Backlin, Lee, Chairman W. Randolph, Reynolds, A. C. Kenney and J. C. Pierce, Jr.

Las Casas, was a famous Christian missionary among the Indians of this continent in the early part of the sixteenth century. The following is in part an analysis of the lecture: Somewhat exact report of the discovery of the new world. Ancient and modern slavery compared. *Relations of Columbus to the beginning of Indian slavery.* Character of Las Casas. His conversion and his sermon at Hispaniola. His journey to Spain. His purpose to Spain to arouse the government as to the evils of slavery. His relations to Cardinal Ximenes. Relations of Indian and negro slavery. He tries to found a missionary colony in Venezuela on the principle of love alone. His later career in Mexico and Guatemala. A sublime figure in the history of the Christian church.

Mr. Roberts was represented in The Daily Press as having voted with the Democrats on the trumped-up charges against Chief Carey. Mr. Roberts pronounces the statement a falsehood. He is confirmed by Mayor Male, and shows that their confidence in him was well founded, and that he was misrepresented in both The Press and The Times. We have already explained his vote, which elected Mr. Moffett President of Council, and which, by the way, was unanimous as it first appeared. The Republicans were divided on the clerkship, and Mr. Roberts was so anxious that the election of his friend, Mr. Coward, that rather than see his opponent elected he voted for Mr. Moffett, for the purpose of securing the election of Coward. He, however, made it conditional that the Republicans should control the committees, and particularly that Mr. Newhall should be made Chairman of the Water Committee. The Democrats promised to agree to this, but later deserted him, and gave the important committees to the Democrats.

Mr. Roberts is not up to the wiles of professional politicians. He has been in the habit of doing business honestly, and of doing a good deal of business he could. He has always been promoted on his kindness of heart, and made plain sailing up to the probably year's Democratic triumph in the way he has been got with the idea of intentions twisted up in politics. He did not care to be Chief, did not want the office, and would not have accepted it except to oblige his friends. He has been kicked by both parties, and we have no hesitation in saying that the Democratic trio will have to get a new set of bellhops before they will get a chance to kick Mr. Roberts. He, however, made it conditional that the Republicans should control the committees, and particularly that Mr. Newhall should be made Chairman of the Water Committee. The Democrats promised to agree to this, but later deserted him, and gave the important committees to the Democrats.

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The Police Board met in the Chief Engineer's office last night for the purpose of taking action in the charges preferred against Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch. All the members were present, Mr. Bonfield, the stenographer, Mr. Miller and Chief Carey and Mr. Frank Borgas of Elizabeth, who had been retained as counsel by Mr. Carey and Mr. Lynch, attended the trial to safeguard their interests. Mr. Lynch's trial he adjourned over for a few days in order to give him time to prepare his case. He said he had not had time to look into the matter, and that he did not think his request was unreasonable.

Mr. Moffett asked for Corporation Counsel Miller's opinion as to whether the board could go into executive session. Mr. Miller said yes.

Mr. Moffett then moved that the proceedings should be private and had the room cleared of everybody but the witnesses. Mr. Carey objected to the motion. Corporation Counsel Morris informed Mr. Moffett that it would be illegal, and consequently it would be better to make it a public case. Mr. Moffett then withdrew his motion and Mr. Carey's counsel's objection was then withdrawn. Mr. Moffett then moved that the trial took up from day to day, and that the witnesses be sworn separately, and he said he and Counsellors Johnston and Backmore returned interested spectators.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Hoboken Accepts $11,100 for $68,000. Burglar Tuthill's Crimes. A Woman Burned to Death, etc.

The Hoboken Common Council has passed the McMahon compromise over Mayor Grassmann's veto. The compromise accepts $11,100 for Collector McMahon's defalcation of $68,000. The bondsmen paid the amount Wednesday.

The special election arranged to be held at Medford to settle the contest arising in consequence of a tie on two candidates for Justice of the Peace, has been annulled by the Attorney General, who holds that such an election would be illegal now.

Six more charges of burglary were Wednesday appended to the already long list against James G. Tuthill, the mason, who is confined in the Essex County Jail. Montclair authorities are of the opinion that Tuthill had no accomplices. Up to date there are fifteen charges of burglary against him.

Martha Davis, a colored domestic, age thirty-seven, employed in the family of Mrs. Maitland in Newark, carried hot ashes to the sidewalk Wednesday, when the wind fanning the live coals to a flame, her dress caught fire and she was soon enveloped in flames. Her case is pronounced hopeless.

Matthew Boine, a track-walker in the employ of the Erie Railway Company, Patrick Rivers, a freight handler, were walking up the track yesterday afternoon near the Provost street, Jersey City, crossing, when they were struck by a freight train. Boine was killed, and Brosa was *injured so badly* that he will probably die.

Adam Geyer and Philip Geyer, formerly proprietors of the Enterprise Brewery in Newark, who were arrested a few days ago on civil suits by the government, to recover amounts out of which they defrauded the government, were arrested on Wednesday on criminal charges. They gave bail for their appearance before the United States District Court at Trenton.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Harkley has moved from 102 Duer street to Rockview avenue.

Mr. John Watterson of Summit avenue has *removed with his family to Westfield.*

Mr. Scribner formely of 188 Grove street has moved to No. 109 Somerset street.

Mr. F. C. Adams has changed his place of residence from Elmwood place to 45 East Fifth street.

Mr. Bailey of West Second street, corner of Central avenue has moved to number 128 East Front street.

Dr. Kipp of Newark yesterday performed a successful operation on the eye of Mr. R. S. Manning of this city.

George W. Abbott, Jr., of Somerville, has become a law student in the office of Mr. Chas. A. Reed, in this city.

Mr. J. M. Pitman will on May 1st remove his family from Elmwood street to 30 Grove street, North Plainfield.

Mr. C. Thorp of West Front street, corner New, has moved to the corner of Central avenue and Second street.

Mrs. R. M. Hall has removed from her former residence No. 122 West Front street to No. 34 Central avenue.

Mr. John H. Jackson and family have returned home from a three weeks sojourn at the Hotel Lenox, Allantic City.

Miss Belle Pennington of Basking Ridge is visiting at the home of Mr. George Lewis on Mountain avenue, North Plainfield.

Messrs. W. R. Codington and Howard Emerson were elected trustees of the Crescent League at the meeting held Wednesday evening.

Mr. Mulford Day is expected home from college to-morrow. He will spend the Easter holidays at the home of his friends on Rockview avenue.

Mrs. Nancy Terry, wife of the late William Hand, died at her home on East Front street at about half-past eight o'clock last evening after a short illness lasting but a few days. She was born on a farm situated two miles from this city and was married to the late William Hand Feb. 28, 1839. Nine children were born to them. John Hand, the oldest was killed at the battle of Manassas, Bull Run, August 30, 1862, and was the first Jerseyman killed in the war. His widow died the same day, the *family were returning from her funeral when* John's corpse arrived. They did not know of his death at the time. The eldest is Charlotte, wife of Mr. A. L. Jiggerson of Nutley road. Captain William Hand was the next child and he still resides on Park avenue. David Hand another son, was injured in the battle at Chancellorsville and died in the Ill health ever since. He resided in Florida. David, another son is a residence of north Plains and is a deacon in the Baptist church at that place. Mrs. Terry was the last born and is still living. Hezekiah and Sarah were the youngest children. The former is postmaster at South Plainfield and the latter is dead. Twenty-five grandchildren survive her, and she was a great grandmother, and has been for a number of years at the time of her death. The funeral will take place from her late residence, Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

A Narrow Escape.

At about ten o'clock Wednesday evening a man apparently under the influence of liquor, climbed up the bank of the railroad track in the vicinity of Richmond street and laying down rested his head on the track and fell asleep using one of the ties as a pillow. A young man named Buckley happened along and after considerable trouble succeeded in arousing the drunken man from his slumber, and saving his life. When the intoxicated discovered what a narrow escape he had had he was profuse in his thanks.

A Fight on Cottage Place.

Margaret Bosworth and a family named Kliene became involved in a row on Cottage Place last evening and for a few minutes ugly things very lively in that vicinity. Special Officer Thomas was called and went to arrested on the scene and succeeded in separating the fighting women, who were fined $5 and costs each in the Police Court this morning. The fight created a great excitement in the neighborhood and a crowd soon collected on the scene, but dispersed on the arrival of the officer. It was generally conceded that the fight would result in further disturbance that evening.

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

STILL AT IT.

School-Boy to Prox This Time.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In looking over the papers that have accumulated on my desk during a week's absence, I am rather sorry to find that "Prox" has made it necessary for me to ask for further space in your reader's column." Though we are much interested in our problems, I fear the long suffering public may think the matter is becoming rather "chestnutty."

The apple problem reads as follows: Three men and a boy agree to gather the apples in *an orchard for $30.* The boy can shake the apples in the same time that the men can pick them, but any one of the men can shake them 25 per cent. faster than the other two men and boy can pick them. Required the amount due each.

Permit me to give two short solutions: Let x represent both the working capacity and the amount due each man, and of the same conditions for the boy. Our first equation then is 3 x plus y equals $30.

While any one of the men can perform x work the other two men and the boy can perform the *labor represented by x plus y.* While the same man or any one of them does y work the other 2 men and boy can do four-fifths of it in the same time.

From these ratios we obtain the proportion x is to x + y + 2 y plus y is to four-fifths of 3 x. Whence our second equation: 12 times the square of x equals 10xy plus five times the square of y. By substituting in equation second the value of x as obtained in equation first we have y squared plus 90y equals 56.66. Whence y equals $10.9972 amount due boy, and x equals $13.0076 amount due each man.

My second solution is somewhat shorter, and is as follows:

Take boy's work as unit or 1. Let m represent each man's work. Then according to conditions five-fourths of 3m plus 1 is to 3m as m is to 1. Whence 12 times the square of m minus 10m equals 5, or 1 m equals 1.180 very nearly. Therefore for every dollar the boy gets each man receives $1.18 and three men $3.565. Divide $30 according to this ratio and we find as in first solution that $13.0076 is the amount due the boy, and $13.0076 is due each man.

Prox's "circular" example reads as follows: Bought a piece of land which is an exact circle at five cents per square foot. The five cent silver half dime is three-fifths of an inch in diameter, and if laid side by side will just inclose the piece of ground less the fractions of a cent. How much does the plot cost?

Let x equal number of five cent pieces to inclose the piece of land, then will one-fifth of 3 x represent the circumference of circle required, in inches, and 3 x over 15.708 its diameter.

Three x over 15.708 multiplied by one-fourth by one-fifth of 3 x and divided by 144 equals the square of x over 2026.56 which is the area of the circle required in square feet. From the conditions as recently explained by "Prox" we have the equation x squared over 2026.56 equals 3.1416 which equals 6366.56 multiplied by 65 equals $651.338, the value of the land at ten per square foot.

The upper grammar school is *studying history which I should be pleased—after* having given you a rest, Mr. Editor—to give in the "Readers Column." Should there arise a demand for them will also willingly furnish others that require about the same amount of mental "grip." Respectfully,

SCHOOLBOY.

ONE FOR PROX AND SCHOOLBOY TO TRY.

An Old-Timer Takes a Hand in the Mathematical Game of Puzzle.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—An old man takes an interest in the mathematical problems given in the papers and, indeed, is quite fond of a mathematician, never having studied algebra. Here is a problem for your mathematicians to work out that used to be passed around among teachers sixty and seventy years ago. "Eight ounces of plate weighing 15 pounds 11oz. 13 penny weight 17 grains, how many dollars will pay for it, at the rate of New York money $1.29 per ounce?" When the correct answer is reported as given in the old book, I will acknowledge the same. LOG SCHOOLHOUSE.

LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

What New Books There are to Read.

Librarian's report for March, 1890:

Volumes on accession books February 28, 8,374; volumes added by purchase, 34; by exchange, 0; by gift, 61; volumes now in library, 8,469; number of cardholders, 1,734; cards received from these, 215, 85; cards now in use from subscriptions of new residents, 94. Home circulation: Fiction, 1,185; juvenile, 1,000; history, 239; biography, 41; travels, 12; essays and miscellaneous, 12; total, 2,489. Reference: 42; religion, 64; sociology, 51; philology, 8; natural science, 32; useful arts, 12; fine arts, 46; history, 135; biography, 12; essays and miscellaneous, 12; total, 2,250. Periodical added, 1. Magazine of American History. Visitors to the building, 4,195. ADAM LEE, Librarian.

List of new books added in March—Bailey, Christopher Columbus; Bigelow, William Custis; Bryant and Gay, History of the United States; Blythe and Fuhlers, Dictionary of Dates; Book of the Mackintosh; Book of Kings; Hinds for Teachers of the Public School; Jackson, Last of the Vassal; Jackson, First Century of the Republic; Johnson, ed., American Oration, 2v; Lesgreaus, Physiology of Bodily Exercise; McCarthy, Four Georges, v 2; Morris, Heroes of Ireland; Mulhall, Dictionary of Statistics; Poole, Story of the Barbary Corsairs; Rydberg, Teutonic Mythology; Scudder, Children and Poetry; Wheeler, India Under British rule.

Died.

HAND—In this city, April 3, 1890, Nancy Hand, aged 67 years.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 102 East Front street, Monday afternoon, April 7th, at 2:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend without further notice. Interment at convenience of the family. 4-3

AUCTION SALE

OF

FURNITURE, CARPETS, Etc.

On Monday, April 7, at No. 28 West Front street, by order of Assignee, at 1:30 o'clock p. m. Walnut sofa, B. W. parlor suite in brown rep, B. W. and oak tables, whatnot, mantel mirror, B. W. and cane bed room suits, spring, mattresses, oak and willow rockers, cane, B. W. and cane seat chairs, tables, lounge, looking glasses, engravings, hanging and bracket lamps, carpets, rugs, oilcloth, hat stand, crockery and glassware, kitchen furniture and other articles. Terms cash.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

A WOMAN'S HORRIBLE DEATH

The Body Found Burned to a Crisp.

PATERSON, N. J., April 4th. (Special)—Mrs. Carrie Young, aged about forty years, met with a terrible death here this morning. Her body was found next over a chair burned to a crisp. A lamp was found on the seat of the chair beneath her, with the burner and chimney broken off. How think the death was accidental, others that she committed suicide.

Large Fire at Trenton.

TRENTON, N. J., April 4th. (Special)—The large three story business block at the corner of Academy and Green streets, this city was burned to the ground to-day. Ivins Bros., clothiers lost $10,000. Langhorne Johnson, decorators $5,000. David Hart, merchant tailor, $5,000. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

Democratic Nominations.

NEW BRUNSWICK, April 4th. (Special)—At the Democratic primaries held here last evening George J. Latterst was nominated for city collector, Chas. A. Dunn for assessor, and W. J. Harkins for regorder.

A LECTURE ON

"HOMES, AND HOW TO GET THEM,"

will be delivered on the evening of

Monday, April 7,

At eight o'clock at Reform Hall, corner of Second street and Central avenue, under the auspices of the Home Building and Loan Association, by Chas. F. Sonhard, the celebrated organizer of such associations. The lecture will be illustrated by views from stereopticon, and entertainment will be furnished by one of Edison's phonographs. At the close of the meeting opportunity will be given to *subscribe to the Fifth Series* which will be opened April 21st. The entrance fee is 25 cents per share. The dues $1 monthly per share. Admittance by ticket for adults only. Tickets may be procured from W. F. Arnold, City National Bank; W. M. Stillman, 31 West Front street; Amos Andrews, Putting Bros., Bartlett, Hand Tool Works; D. S. Pope, Scout Press Works; L. M. French, and French Bros., Somerset St.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as general housework. Please call 34 Park avenue. 3-2

A YOUNG GIRL wishes situation where she can learn all the branches of dressmaking. Address Mrs. Pickett, dooley Place N. J. 4-2

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Pritts. 4-3t

A COACHMAN Wants employment. Reliable and competent. Refers to present employer. Apply at Bernard Brady's, 31 Liberty street. 4-3

CONCORD graverines, bearing size 25cts. Trees, vines and plants in variety at Dunnes 127 Hillside avenue. 3-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Buggy top phaeton in good order. First class. Inquire of W. Haviland, 26 Rockview avenue North Plainfield. 3-3t

FOR SALE—A covered cart and harness. Just the thing for a doctor. Inquire at Roberts livery stable. 3-3

LOST—Sunday, April 31, a pair of gold eyeglasses and chain, at or near Dunlap's sale room, No. 58 Grove street. Liberal reward will be paid for their return to this office for the owner.

LOST—A red and black horse blanket. Finder will please leave at Second street, and receive reward delivered to Henry Hanson, backman at depot.

LOST—A black pocket book Thursday. Finder please return to 22 and receive reward of the owner's cards. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. 3-3

TWO LOST—Pins, gold and collar, large building No. 81 Somerset street, also stable for four horses in the rear. 3-3t

TO LET—A small house, 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 4-3

WORK WANTED by an experienced gardener by the day or week. Address C. C., care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—An intelligent girl not under fifteen, references required, to take care of month old baby. Call at Mrs. Howe's, corner of Bay and Liberty streets.

WANTED—Experience saleswoman. Address Dry Goods care of The EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Working housekeeper for small household. Good home for aged lady. Apply after five o'clock, 194 West Front street. 3-3 WEP

Special Notices.

I SHOULD LIKE TO INFORM MY customers that I have removed my dressmaking rooms to the residence of Mrs. Caverno from 122 West Front street to No. 34 Central avenue where I should be pleased to see them. Mrs. E. M. Hall.

STREET SPRINKLING BUSINESS, FOR sale, with the privilege of drawing water from reservoir. For full particulars, apply to P. M. FERRON, City. 1m*

PHYSICAL CULTURE. At the Rogers Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. C. A. ROGERS, Director. Committee, 3-3d-1m*

MUSIC HALL. H. A.

EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 7,

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN in three operatic plays.

FIRST—"ROMANCE.

"King Rene's Daughter" the Blind Princess, a tale of love and chivalry, full of poetry and heroic deeds.

SECOND—REALISM.

"Sister Bessie"—A touching story of love in the Sierra Nevadas full of tender pathos.

THIRD—COMEDY.

"False Charms"—A daisy French farce of the less comedy order with wine. Will take you on a trip to Paris.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Wednesday. 4-3

THREE CHARMING PLAYS

EASTER MONDAY NIGHT.

MUSIC HALL.

New York Star. New York Co.

New Yorkers call Plainfield the handsomest town in New Jersey. It has first-class people, *good society, good schools, live churches!* It has beautiful streets, shaded walks and enterprising public officials, and an obliging Postmaster.

This town of Plainfield deserves high-class entertainments.

But the young people like to go to New York. It means a ride on the express train, a trip on the Elevated, three hours beside the man you love in a New York Theatre: a fifteen dollar dinner (if you *order champagne), then a trip back to Plainfield in the midnight* gloaming.

It's two o'clock in the morning when you get home. The next morning you have a headache, the back of your neck burns like a cinder. (You say you never felt better in your life.)

For a change you are to have a first class New York attraction at Music Hall on Easter Monday night.

Mr. Gustave Frohman who organized the famous "Hazel Kirke" plays and managed them for the Madison Square Theatre, now brings a triple bill—three exquisite plays to make you cry and laugh and feel happy. "King Rene's Daughter," a beautiful Danish play of love and chivalry, with delicious harp music, opens the evening. "Snow Bound", an intensely interesting drama of the Sierra Nevada Mountains follows it. "False Charms," a farce comedy is one of the most exquisite pieces of the kind on the stage. It concerns the elopement of a young girl because her grandmother wants to marry her sweetheart.

Marie Hubert Frohman who appears in each play, is a young actress of extraordinary ability. Rose Eytinge says, "She is a revelation."

The other night she played to 2000 people in Fall River, Mass. and made "a hit." The Detroit Free Press says, "She has decided genius and held the audience spell bound." The Rochester Democrat says, "She has beauty, magnetism, and a sweet voice."

Her voice is like Mary Anderson's, deep and organ toned, but she has a magnetism that sways the audience to the end.

Monday Night at Music Hall.

The World's Fair Goes to Chicago;

BUT THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD WILL ATTEND THE GRAND OPENING OF THE UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, 20 WEST FRONT STREET. FRENCH'S BUILDING, NEARLY OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL, ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5TH, WHERE THEY CAN PURCHASE A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

"ON OPENING DAY ONLY

EVERY CUSTOMER OF 50 CENTS AND UPWARDS WILL BE PRESENTED WITH A HANDSOME AND USEFUL PRESENT. TO INTRODUCE A SUPERIOR GRADE OF MILK CRACKERS WE HAVE DECIDED TO OFFER A SAMPLE BOX FREE TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

WE WISH TO IMPRESS ON THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY THAT ALL OUR GOODS ARE GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE. PURCHASERS NOT REQUIRING CHECKS WITH TEA, COFFEE AND BAKING POWDER WILL BE MADE A LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON THESE PURCHASES.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF THE FINEST DESIGNS IN GLASS AND DECORATED WARE JUST RECEIVED, WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT POTTERY PRICES. FRESH COUNTRY EGGS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY SATURDAY FOR EASTER.

WHOLESALE PRICES TO LARGE BUYERS. SUGAR AT COST.

WAGON DELIVERIES THROUGHOUT CITY AND BOROUGH DAILY. COUNTRY AND ADJOINING TOWNS WEEKLY.

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. THIS THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

Van EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

Kline's Extracts.

R. V. SAUME,
Carpenter and Builder,
Shop on Clinton street, near depot, Station
P. O. Box 1268. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. BOREMAN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN PAID IN ADVANCE, AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

BOX 181. TELEPHONE 63. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

In Carlisle, Pa., the experiment has been made of setting tramps to work on the poorhouse farm. Strangely enough, the tramps went to work willingly, and some of them seemed even to welcome labor as a change and recreation. They accomplished a large amount of work in a short time. It is not wise to grow sentimental over the tramp, but it is a fact that some form of compulsory tramp through inability to find employment. One marked effect of the experiment at Carlisle, however, has been to thin out the tramps in that neighborhood. They seem to think there is smallpox or something around there.

Even despots are controlled in our day by the people they are supposed to govern. Since the shah of Persia returned home he has tried to introduce western reforms into his country, with the result that some of his faithful subjects begin to think he is crazy. It was an attempt to do the same thing that caused Sultan Murad V of Turkey to be pronounced insane, deposed and held prisoner till his death, which, it is said, has just occurred. It was Sheikh-ul-Islam, the priest at the head of the Mohammedan church, who caused this to be done. If the present sultan should endeavor to make radical changes in the established order of things, the same fate would undoubtedly overtake him. In China the building of the railroad from which so much was hoped has been stopped for the present, because the priests have inflamed the people's superstitious fears and led them to believe the vengeance of heaven will fall upon China if this sacrilege is permitted. In these countries, Persia, Turkey and China, it is the conservatism of the established religion that stands most in the way of progress.

Is He a Poet of Passion?

Our own brave and gifted John Boyle O'Reilly, soldier, poet and champion Ishmaelite—he at his age becoming a masculine "poetess of passion? Hear him sing his "Boston Pilot in a poem called "Waiting:"

He is coming! he is coming! in my throbbing breast I feel it;
There is music in my blood, and it whispers all I long to hear.
That my love unknown comes towards me! Ah, my heart he need not send it,
For I cannot hide the secret that it murmurs to its song.

He says in the third stanza:

"He is coming!" says my heart; I may raise my eyes and see him;
Long must him any moment—shall I know him when I see?
And my heart laughs back the answer—I can tell him when I meet him.
For our eyes will kiss and magic ere he speaks a word to me!

But even that is not all. There is worse and more of it. Our old original poetess of passion, now reformed and a popular writer of conservative prose morality, could not have done much worse in her maddest days.

Perhaps it is the influence of the spring weather on John Boyle's poet temperament, stirring the blood and making his fancy dance a wild polka in his brain. But in any case a violent phase that takes possession of a person in mature years is far harder to cure than when he has it young. John Boyle O'Reilly, better confine yourself to manly sports and the Irish question. There is no measuring the mischief you may do as a full blown poet of passion.

Absolutism in Germany.

It will be interesting to the whole world to observe how far the freedom loving people of Germany will submit to the new absolutism proclaimed by the young and little emperor of Germany. He out-Bismarcks even Bismarck himself. The Anarchist bill presented to the reichstag was prepared under his direction. While it omits the explosion clause of the old Socialist law, it prescribes severer penalties for attacking the government and the emperor.

William's speech to his people at Brandenburg was a remarkable document. In it occurs this passage, which the emperor may possibly be destined to hear ring in his ears on his death bed:

I see in the people and the land intrusted to me by God a talent which, as the Bible says, it is my duty to increase. I work with all my strength to so trade with my talent that I will be enabled to add unto it another talent. Those who help me I heartily welcome; those who oppose me I dash to pieces.

Here is absolutism as despotic as that claimed by the czar. "The Almighty gave me this whole people to do as I like with. They are mine as absolutely as if they were serfs. If they do my will, well and good; if not, I dash them to pieces."

But our age is a poor time to assert the divine right of kings. Ex-Queen Isabella remarked mournfully not long since that God was no longer on the side of kings.

Thirty-seven out-and-out socialists were elected to the present reichstag. This is three times as many as ever were sent thither before. It is not likely that these and their constituents will let even an emperor prescribe what is good for them, and measure it out in doses to suit himself. A few acts of despotism, a few more violent speeches, and William may find that in our time it is the people who dash to pieces the kings that oppose them.

ANOTHER STAR COMING.

Idaho's Admission Bill Passes the House.

THE DEMOCRATS WOULD NOT VOTE

Speaker Reed Counted a Quorum and Declared the Measure Passed—The Minority Will Ascertain the Constitutionality of the Speaker's Position in the Case.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The house after transacting the usual amount of routine morning business resumed consideration of the Idaho admission bill. Mr. Stewart (Vt.) spoke in support of the bill, and denounced the practice and teachings of the Mormon church. The constitution of Idaho was in the line of the Edmunds bill, and for the same purpose, to wit: The extirpation of a great public evil. Mr. Buckalew (Pa.) opposed the Idaho constitution because it outlawed the members of a certain church. Mr. Orton (Ala.) criticised the Republican party for its treatment of the constitution, and Mr. McAdoo (N. J.), while denouncing the practices of polygamy, thought that the constitution invaded the domain of religious belief.

Mr. Springer (Ills.) said that the majority of the committee on territories had seen fit to frame the bill in such a way as to secure partisan legislation instead of the proper legislation to bring a state into the Union. The minority would offer an amendment that before any constitution should be held and the constitution submitted to a vote of the people of the territory, as had been done in the case of Dakota and Washington, the constitution should be "submitted to Mahomet Tucker test oath to be taken by every person voting upon the constitution.

Mr. Henderson and the Democracy.

Mr. Henderson (Ill.) said that the attitude of the Democratic party was a familiar sight to the country. It was the Democratic party behind its own shield—a constitution that it had made—a constitution which was made by the fathers. The Democratic party was in its old breeches pulling back, when the civilized world cried "Forward and onward." The Democratic party, he said, was a polygamist and had a whole batch of wives. Slavery was one; slave territory the next another; treason was another, and now it had polygamy for another. Corrupt ballot boxes was another, and the party had been true to every one of them.

The Bill Passed.

The bill was then passed—yeas, 139; nays, 1, the Democrats refraining from voting, and the speaker counted a quorum.

On motion of Mr. Cummings (N. Y.) the services in memory of the late Samuel Sullivan Cox, of New York, were postponed from this evening until 1 o'clock, April 19. The house then adjourned.

To Test the Chewing Gum's Decision.

The Democrats say that they intend to make this a test case and to have the courts pass upon the constitutionality of the rules governing the speaker in counting a quorum. It had been intended to make one of the contested election cases a test case; but as this could be done only by a suit for salary brought in the courts of claims this course was abandoned and the present action decided upon.

The Cigarmakers' Schedule.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The Key West and Tampa manufacturers of Havana cigars, who appeared before the ways and means committee, have submitted a substitute schedule with the request that the committee adopt it in lieu of the one to which objection is made. In the schedule adopted by the committee bales of tobacco containing any tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers are made dutiable at the higher rates prescribed for tobacco suitable for wrappers. The substitute schedule aims to do away with this feature. It is as follows: Schedule M—Tobacco and manufactures of leaf tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers if not stemmed, $2 per pound; if stemmed, $2.75 per pound; provided, that if any bale, box, package or parcel contains 50 per cent. or less of tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers the entire quantity of tobacco contained in such bale, box, package, or in bulk shall be dutiable, if not stemmed, at 35 cents per pound; if stemmed at 60 cents per pound; provided further, that if any bale, box or package contains more than 20 per cent. of tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers, the entire quantity of tobacco contained in such bale, box, package or in bulk shall be dutiable, if not stemmed, at $2 per pound; if stemmed, at $2.75 per pound. The above would be entirely satisfactory to the manufacturers of clear Havana cigars.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—In the senate after the selection of Mr. Ingalls to act as president pro tempore during the coming absence of Vice President Morton, the Morgan election case was taken up, and Mr. Gray finished his argument in support of Clark and Maginnis, the Democratic claimants. The matter then went over until Monday.

The following public building bills were taken from the calendar and passed: Aurora, Ills., $75,000; Leadville, Colo., $100,000. The house bill to amend the census law by providing for the enumeration of the Chinese population in the country was taken up and discussed, but without action went over till Monday.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless and extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

orders for [illegible] promptly attended to. Residence, Grant ave. near Front. P. O. Box 912

A BOLD DIAMOND THIEF.

He Tried to Kill a Jeweler's Clerk, but Failed.

CHICAGO, April 4.—A bold attempt to rob a leading jewelry firm of $1,500 worth of diamonds was made into yesterday afternoon by a young man, who registered at the Palmer house Sunday under the name of Ralph A. Allen. Allen sent to Hyman, Berg & Co.'s jewelry store and requested the firm to send a salesman to Allen for inspection, as he was suffering from a sprained ankle and unable to visit their store. William A. Bigler, a salesman for the firm, started with $1,500 worth of gems to Allen's room. After carefully examining all the jewels Allen selected one ring and a pin. As the salesman was repacking the remainder of the diamonds Allen came up behind him and struck him a terrible blow with a heavy cane on the back of the head, knocking him down. As the salesman fell upon his feet and faced his assailant Allen struck him again, cutting a wound two inches long in the scalp.

Bigler yelled and screamed, and Allen, without stopping to grab the package of diamonds, rushed out of the room and ran down the hallway. After an exciting chase he was captured by the salesman and the hotel and taken to the Harrison street station. Bigler's wounds are not dangerous unless inflammation should set in.

Allen refused to make a note book, issued by the Union Trust company of Philadelphia and bearing the name of George A. Pearce was found in one of his pockets. The police refused to talk about his past more than to say he was not willing to tell his true name and bring disgrace on his mother and father.

They Stole $6,500 Worth of Gems.

DENVER, April 4.—Two thieves entered N. J. Mitchell's jewelry store at noon and stole diamonds to the value of over $6,500 while Mr. Mitchell was out to his lunch and the store in charge of a girl. While one man attracted the attention of the young girl on the pretense of buying a clock the other man also diamond stones and forty-eight diamond rings. The two men departed, and the girl was not aware of the loss. On Mr. Mitchell's return he discovered that the articles were missing and notified the police. The girl was able to give a good description of the two thieves, but as yet the police have no trace of them.

They Had a Whole Shop Case.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Two thieves entered the jewelry store at 281 Eighth avenue last night, and, after packing up with several valuables and carried out a show case ten feet long, containing nearly 100 watches. They were walking off with the case when they were discovered and fled. One ran and escaped. The other was arrested.

A BROTHERHOOD OVATION.

Ten Thousand People Turned Away at the Metropolitan Opera House.

BOSTON, April 4.—The Boston and Brooklyn Players' league clubs played two games yesterday, one at Worcester and one on the home grounds in the afternoon in this city. A crowd of 3,500 people attended the game at Worcester and much enthusiasm was shown for the players. Boston won the game by a score of 10 to 8. The game in this city was witnessed by an immense crowd. There were 8,000 people on the ground unable to obtain seats, all the seats being jammed with humanity. It was the largest crowd ever seen at an exhibition ball game. Ten thousand people were turned away.

When the players came on the field for practice work the wildest scene followed. The "cranks" cheered Mike Kelly and John Ward individually and shouted themselves hoarse over the work of Brouthers, Start, Capt. Kelly and fifty officers finally cleared space enough to play on, and after a few minutes' practice the game opened. The Brooklyns won the game—9 to 8.

Three Children Burned to Death.

HUDSON, S. D., April 4.—The house of William Bowers, near here, was burned. Three of his children were burned to death in the house while the parents went to the city were unable to get out and perished in the flames. The children were four, two and three years old.

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscriber, administrator of Margaret Mc. Vandenburgh, late of Plainfield, deceased, by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the ninth day of April next.

JOHN D. ROWELL.

Dated February 5th, 1890.

ESTATE OF HENRY L. VAIL, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executor of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

WILLIAM H. DARIS, Executor.

February 20th, 1890. 2t26-ow-9t

ESTATE OF FANNIE L. EARLE, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executor of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.

WILLIAM H. EARLE, Executor.

February 20th, 1890. 2t26-ow-9t

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn.

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Fatines, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing and Pressing. Feathers Dyed and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St

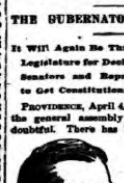
RHODE ISLAND'S MUDDLE

The Late Election Proves a Veritable Hodgepodge.

THE GUBERNATORIAL CONTEST.

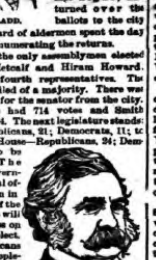
It Will Again Be Thrown Into the State Legislature for Decision—Twenty-seven Senators and Representatives Failed to Get Constitutional Majorities.

PROVIDENCE, April 4.—The complexion of the general assembly is still somewhat doubtful. There has been no election of senators in the towns of Cranston, Forster and North Smithfield. There has been no election of representatives in Bristol, Cranston, Forster, Jamestown, North Smithfield, Richfield and Warren. The ward clerks finished the count of Tuesday's vote last night, and turned over the ballots to the city clerk. The board of aldermen spent the day and evening enumerating the returns.



E. W. LADD.

In this city the only assemblymen elected are Ex. H. Metcalf and Edmund Howard, for third and fourth representatives. The other seven failed of a majority. There was also no choice for the senator from the city, Brown (Dem.) had 714 votes and Smith (Rep.) had 6,284. The next legislature stands: Senate—Republicans, 21; Democrats, 11; to be chosen, 4. House—Republicans, 34; Democrats, 38; to be chosen, 28. The election of governor and general officers will be held in June, and to the house of the legislature. It will require 58 votes on joint ballot to elect. If the Republicans hold in the supplementary elections what they will get the 10 votes which they need on this joint ballot, for of the twenty-seven failures to elect ten representatives will be Republicans and seventeen represent those held by Democrats.



J. W. DAVIS.

Where Republicans Must Be Taken.

Cranston will have to elect a senator and two representatives; North Smithfield and West Greenwich a senator and representative each; Pawtucket and Bristol two representatives each, and Burrillville, Jamestown, Newport, Richmond and Warren one representative each.

No Election by the People.

As the constitution requires a majority over all, instead of a plurality, there is no election by the people. Although Governor W. Davis has more votes than Governor Ladd, he is virtually defeated, as the election will be decided by the Republican house of assembly. It will elect Ladd and the entire Republican ticket. The extent of the Republican victory is shown in the fact that last year Ladd lacked over nine thousand of an election by the people, while this year he lacks but about twenty-five hundred. The so-called Union party, which polled over five thousand votes in 1889, has been obliterated, and had but 600 votes all told in the state.

Mrs. Stephenson,

32 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, ROSNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is home-made. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BICKERS foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Ferry Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese, Delivered every day.

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologuas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Bloodwurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Relish, Swiss, Edam, Minster Brie, Neufchatael, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

The Prohibition Vote.

There is an increase of five hundred in the Prohibition vote, which, considering the size of the state and former strength of the party is remarkable. But the party had no organization nor made no effort to secure an increase. The cause of it was the disposition of voters to desert their regular political connection when given the opportunity of a secret ballot.

A Later Report.

A later report states that the official count in Newport revealed the fact that there was no choice for the governorship, Ladd failing as none for fourth. This makes twenty eight members of assembly to be elected. Of these the Republicans need ten with the sitting lieutenant governor, and the Democrats need nineteen to secure control of the general committee of the assembly, which elects state officers.

The vote of the state for governor was Ladd, 19,217; Davis, 20,667; Larry, 1,787. Chace, 778. For attorney general, the only other position on the general ticket which was contested with any spirit, the vote stood: Rogers (Rep.), 18,988; Slocum (Dem.), 20,186; Blodgett (Prob.), 1,456.

NEWS FROM ALBANY.

The Hendricks High License Bill Passes the Senate.

ALBANY, April 4.—The senate has passed the Hendricks high license bill by a vote of 27 to 16. Senator Sheard, of Buffalo, was the only Republican who voted against it, and as Senator Sheard was not present there were just the necessary seventeen Republicans to carry the measure. The total of Republicans in the senate being nineteen. All the Democrats voted against it except Mr. McNaughton, of the Rochester district. When the roll was called he was not in his chair.

Senator Cantor before voting again charged the Republicans with insincerity in dealing with the liquor traffic. He followed excise commissioners to charge $250 for licenses, yet nowhere except in New York and Brooklyn was the maximum approached. Mr. Cantor was also greatly disturbed because of the failure of an amendment coming from the opponents of the bill to bring social clubs under the restrictions of the excise law.

A moment before the senate adjourned Senator Roesch sent to the clerk's desk a requisition petition asking for the passage of the weekly payment bill. The aggregate of names was announced to be 30,000, distributed as follows:

Employes of manufacturing establishments, 11,000; of railroads, 2,800; of various special industries, 9,000; of mining business, 4,700, and of other concerns, 2,000. The bill is in the committee of the whole of the senate, where it may be reached in the course of a few days.

The contested election case of William B. Ivory, Republican, against Michael Gillice for the seat of the Fourth Albany assembly district, was reported in the assembly in favor of the contestant.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

Office 30 Door Street, North Plainfield.

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M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St., where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

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SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Gloves, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes.

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles, All Qualities, All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTTELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

Auburn was Rejected.

ALBANY, April 4.—At the meeting of the State Baseball league last night Johnstown, Gloversville and Utica were admitted. Auburn applied but was rejected.

Padman Told How It Was Done.

TONAWANDA, April 4.—The examination of Arthur Cora Padman, who shot his companion, Manley Strickland, April 8, near this place, was begun at Justice Rogers's office before a coroner's jury. Officer Tayler, of Buffalo, gave testimony in regard to a confession made by the prisoner. During his examination Padman drew a sketch showing the position of himself and young Strickland at the time of the shooting and explained it to the jury in a very theatrical manner. It was decided to hold him until April 7 for the purpose of securing additional witnesses, and unless they are able to throw a different light on the case, Padman will probably be discharged.

Brice Buys the "Muncie Road."

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 4.—It is reported that Calvin S. Brice has bought the Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville railroad, which runs from this city to Connersville and from Newcastle to Rushville, Ind., and is generally known as the "Muncie road." The price named is $2,300,000. Mr. Brice, accompanied by the general officers of the road, left this city yesterday on a tour of inspection over the Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville system. The Lake Erie and Western road, of which Mr. Brice is president, connects with the Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville at Muncie, Ind.

John L. Didn't Show Up.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Sullivan did not reach this city this morning, and the conference regarding the match with Corbett did not take place. The Puritan Athletic club, of Long Island City, has offered to put up a $25,000 purse for a fight between Sullivan and Jackson, and a $5,000 purse for a fight between Joe McAuliffe and Sullivan.

A LARGE variety of grape vine, pear trees, flowering shrubs, maples and elms may be had at Mrs. Lindsay's, No. 92 West Front street.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Rose and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialties—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1944

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacist Otley.

When You Are Well

you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, handscribed extracts, delicious fruit flavored drinks, cigars, tobaccos, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild.

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

DON'T FORGET

WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

J. P. Laire & Co.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Stoves, Ranges, and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Yunte J. Carey, to whom reference is made

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

E. S. CRANE'S,

Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Avenue.

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.

FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purses.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

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T. P. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE.

45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocutionists, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Mesmes. Louis Viroux and Gustave Viroux, of the Berlin Section of the Geneva Conservatory of Music, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, Somerset street. Private lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Five trial lessons given. Terms low. For application address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th st. 9-26-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE, Teacher of Violin. 12 pupils studied. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for public and concert playing. Rest of references. P. O. Box 1260. 4-9-1y

MISS C. L. HELLWIG, Has a graduate of the Conservatory of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholars in music, painting, and fancy goods men, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. R. Hellwig, No. 34 North Fifth street. 7-26-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTHEWS, Teacher of pianoforte and organ lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1998.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-2-1y

DR. H. VOORHEES, D. V. M., Of Voorhees, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. R. SEE, Civil Engineer and Special Master in Chancery, New Jersey. Office, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 709 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REID, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Line of Bickers's foods constantly on hand. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 1 Park Avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Particular attention paid to drainage. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 245 Broadway, New York city, rooms 21 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Easter Goods.

Easter Books, Easter Cards, Easter Eggs.

A FULL LINE OF EACH.

A. W. RAND,

94 WEST FRONT STREET.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 792.

A REPORTER'S VICTIMS.

A Journalist Brings Counterfeiters to Justice.

CAPTURED WHILE MAKING COIN.

Young Newton Got in with the Gang.

Then Gave Them Away and "Scooped" His Fellow Newspaper Men—How He Solved the Gang's Confidence.

BUFFALO, April 4.—Byron L. Newton, a reporter of The Times, is the hero of the hour in Buffalo, having brought to justice a well organized gang of clever counterfeiters after an exciting experience, in which he obtain evidence in practically the most confidential manner. Newton became acquainted with a man who afterwards turned out to be Charles McCran, a brother of big Frank McCran, the bank burglar. McCran acted as a peculiar manner and Newton thought he was doing something crooked, but he could not tell what it was. Newton, however, was determined to find out, and soon became acquainted with McCran's companions.

Personnel of the Gang.

As occasional one was Edward Sylvester, who is a medical student, and who is known as Joseph H. Easter and as Dr. Johnson. He was the leader of the gang and did the general manufacturing, as was afterwards found out. His wife, a pretty woman, of maiden name was Libbie Clark, was a "decoy of the queer" and custodian of some of the molds. The fourth person arrested was Harry L. Lewis, alias Williams, a card sutler in the Wonderland museum. The name of the fifth member of the gang, who escaped, is withheld by the authorities.

Getting Ready for Business.

During the last two months Newton associated with these men, visiting places of evil resort with them and doing everything he could to become confidential. He shared, he said, not so much in his confidence, and his city editor, Col. Nursey, did not know its secret until early yesterday morning. It was then that he succeed in getting evidence enough that his friends were going into the counterfeiting business. Sylvester, who has a good record as a counterfeiter, was the head of the gang. He had made excellent molds. It was arranged to have a den outside of the residence of the members of the gang. This was changed three times, the gang of plates being moved by this reporter. This was at No. 33 East Genesee street, only a block away from the Genesee house, on Main street, and not far from police station No. 4.

The Trap Laid.

Newton acted as an errand boy for the gang and was utilized as a "shover" of the money. He had no evidence in ten of the cases which he was supposed to have worked. Newton took Police Superintendent Bull into his confidence on a week ago, and Government Detectives Boggs and Franklin were called in Tuesday. The reporter enacted a solemn promise from the officials that he should not be arrested. At noon all the counterfeiters were in the den. Newton went out to get some lunch for them and "tipped the officers the wink." The house is surrounded, front and rear, and all possible exits. Few molds had been made, twenty new dollars had been cast, the metal for changing it and the gang were working on the still hot coin, finishing them up.

The Gang Captured.

Newton had gone out, and a short after him followed the men who was not arrested. Newton did not know that when he gave the signal. Besides the policemen on guard downstairs, several plain clothes officers came together in front of No. 32 Genesee street and followed the daring reporter up the four flights. When Newton threw himself against the door, bursting it open, the counterfeiters were too astounded to move. The officers jumped into the room with drawn revolvers and quickly handcuffed the surprised men. Sylvester's wife was found at his lodging house at No. 2 Pearl street. In her room were mold and plaster of paris impressions. She spent the night with her husband at the station. Sylvester made a clean breast of his guilt, and told the police about jobs when the crackmen were contemplating.

Wire Workers' Meet.

PITTSBURG, April 4.—The executive board of the United Mine workers' of America met here for the purpose of deciding on the policy of the new organization. The session lasted all the afternoon and part of night. One of the principal matters discussed was the relations to be held by the new organization towards other labor organizations. It was decided to work for a reduction in the hours of labor in lines laid down by other organizations.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers..... $2.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped $3.50, $4.50 $5.98
Ladies' Spring Coats.. $3.50, 98, 2.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $1.50 to 8.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular. .15
Children's " " " " .15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves..... 25c
4-Button Kid Gloves..... 89, 98, 75c

Louis Callman,
40 FRONT WEST STREET.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Practically Scratch Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

VALENTINES!

FRAMES, TUCKS, AND OTHER MAKERS, CELLULOIDS, SATINS AND COMICS, CHOICEST LINE BOOKLETS AT

ALLEN
The Stationer,
25 EAST FRONT STREET.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Mayor Jacobs, of Louisville, has appointed Friday a day of fasting, in view of the visitation of the horseday.

Favorable reports have been ordered by the senate committee on claims on bills to pay John Roach's successors $91,000 for extra work done on the monitor Puritan, and $30,274 for care of the Roanoke.

Thomas Earle, late city treasurer of Jersey City, died April 1, aged 82.

O. W. Rogerdus, the well known photographer, died at Nyack, N. Y., April 3.

General Passenger Agent Wood, of the Pennsylvania, has been made chairman of the trunk lines passenger committee pending the appointment of a successor to Commissioner Tuttle, who recently resigned.

Ghost, The New York World reporter who was caught in the Flack jury room, has been fined for criminal contempt. He is now in jail for contempt.

Julius Kaufman, an ex-deputy sheriff of New York city, has been indicted for grand larceny in stealing $100 worth of dry goods from a store he had levied upon.

During a quarrel in front of a South street (New York) saloon William Abernathy, of Bindout, a pilot, was knocked down and his skull fractured by contact with the pavement. He died soon after ward. His assailant was captured several blocks away. His name is Fritz Sinnamon, a tugboat engineer, and he has a bad record. It is said he was employed by an enemy of Abernathy's to thrash the latter. Witnesses to the affair say that he lands in his pockets when Sinnamon, without warning, felled him with a blow.

The will of the late Thomas Cornell, of Rockland, N. Y., gives 60 per cent. of the income of the estate to the widow during her life, the other 10 per cent to be added to the estate. At her death the income is to be divided equally between the two married daughters, and after their death the estate is to go their children. The estate is valued at about $5,000,000. Thirty thousand dollars is set apart for a burial vault.

Horace Loomis has resigned as commissioner of street cleaning for New York city, and ex-Surveyor H. S. Beattie has been appointed to succeed him.

The condition of Mrs. James Roswell, who was brutally assaulted at Eatontown, N. J., by two men has changed very much for the worse, and there is very little hope of her recovery.

Grim & Bunker's kid glove tannery, at Reading, Pa., was burned April 3. Loss, $10,000; partially insured.

The seven counties which is investigating the ballot frauds in Jersey City has ascertained that the names of fifty or more persons recorded on the list as living at certain street numbers in the district and so having voted in it were unknown to them. In one case was the name of a man who had been dead two years, according to the testimony of his widow.

An Infant in a Sack.

BALDWINSVILLE, N. Y., April 4.—While Martin Mont gus was out in a boat on the raceway he discovered a heavy cloth sack floating in the water. He cut the sack open and found that it contained the full developed body of a male child. There were evidences of murder having been committed. There is no clew to the parentage of the child.

The Plummer Assignment.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The assignee of John H. Plummer & Co. denies the published statement that the assets have been found to be practically nothing, and that Joseph H. Choate has withdrawn as counsel for Mr. Plummer on that account. The assignee is not ready, however, to give an exact statement of the firm's affairs.

Fastest on Record.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—Advices received at the Merchants' Exchange state that the Pacific Mail company's steamer China arrived at Hong Kong March 31. Her time from this city was twenty days, including a stop at Yokohoma. This reduces the time two days, being the fastest trip on record.

Weather Indications.

Generally fair, slightly or partly cloudy, preceded by rain, with no decided change of temperature.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 20 Somerset Street.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Reissues procured. Trade marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees and with advice, and special references sent on request. 12-19-tf

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Dagnall's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences on Monday, January 6 p. m. Ladies' and gentlemen's classes. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 32 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

PLAINFIELD
DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two hands to a machine. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention to Cesspool Orders. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 986, Telephone call 32.

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Woolston & Buckle,
37 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, Spring Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

THE HOMESTEAD DESTROYED.

Horace Greeley's Former Residence Burned at Chappaqua.

CHAPPAQUA, N. Y., April 4.—The Horace Greeley homestead near the town, was burned to the ground yesterday. The fire started from a defective flue, and so quickly did the fire spread that the house was soon enveloped in flames and the occupants had narrow escapes from perishing in the great war editor's old home. The absence of anything like a fire department prevented the neighbors from rendering the progress of the flames, although they saved all the books, a painting of Mrs. Greeley and a bust of Horace Greeley. Miss Gabrielle Greeley was at church at Pleasantville when the fire broke out, and was spared the pain of seeing her home go up in the smoke.

Mr. Greeley first occupied a small cottage in this town, and afterward, enticed by the grand view from the hillside, built the commodious residence which was destroyed yesterday. There was a magnificent view from the large porticoes, and he entertained some of the foremost men of the time at his home. There was but little attention in the house after Mr. Greeley's death, and his library, with its great easy leather covered chairs and its hundreds of volumes, remained just as they were when the great editor, tired of the troubles of life and broken down physically, dropped his pen forever.

Ever since his death Miss Greeley has lived in the old house with no companions but her servants, and has superintended the estate. She is loved by all the residents of the neighborhood, and all sympathize with her in her loss.

A Doctor in Trouble.

CLEVELAND, O., April 4.—George Sinclair, who on Saturday night last found his wife in the office of Dr. D. B. Smith behind closed doors, in Smith's residence, Euclid, alleging that the doctor has been criminally intimate with Mrs. Sinclair for about a year. Dr. Smith is a prominent Republican politician, being a candidate for a city office at the next election, and the affair causes a sensation. All the parties are very prominent in social circles. Dr. Smith's friends claim that he is being blackmailed, but the evidence in the case points strongly to his guilt.

Suicide at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 4.—Shortly after noon two boys who were playing about Emerson pond, in the northern part of the city, found the body of a man in the water. It was sent to undertaking rooms by the coroner and was identified as the remains of William F. Schreck, the proprietor of a saloon and restaurant at 229 Mount Hope avenue. It is generally supposed that Schreck committed suicide. He was a former inmate of Buffalo insane asylum, which institution he left in April, 1888. He leaves a widow and five children.

Yesterday's Games.

At Holyoke—New York (P. L.) 19; Hampton, 8.

At Brooklyn — Brooklyn (N. L.), 21; Yale, 4.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia (N. L.), 8; Navy, 4.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6; Hamilton, 4.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati-Louisville game postponed. Rain.

At New York—New York (N. L.), 10; Williams College, 8.

At Hartford—Hartford, 11; Amherst, 4.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 8; Rochester, 7.

At Springfield—New York (P. L.), 10; Wanotees, 2.

A $70,000 Failure.

BALTIMORE, April 4.—Samuel Phillips & Co., grain commissioners, at 232 South street, have failed. Liabilities, $70,000; assets, $35,000.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

Frank Linke,
Established 1865.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Ales and Beer Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-tf

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
37 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.
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Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, Spring Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

SAVED BY A PLUCKY WOMAN.

She Did Stop to Dress, but Stopped the Express Train.

GARRISONS, N. Y., April 4.—A large mass of rock fell in the cut south of here about 4:30 yesterday morning, blockading the New York Central tracks. The watchman roused his family, and his wife, clad only in a night dress, ran up the track with a red light and stopped the south bound express. The watchman and his daughter ran north to stop a freight that was due. The girl carried a bed quilt, which she waved while her father swung a red lantern, but the engineer could not stop in time, and the train crashed into the rock.

The engine was smashed to pieces, and a dozen cars were piled up in a heap, severing both tracks. It took all day to clear the tracks. Meanwhile passengers already on the road were ferried across the river to the West Shore road, and all new trains were sent over the Harlem road to Chatham and thence to Hudson and Albany. The engineer, fireman and brakemen of the wrecked train narrowly escaped serious injuries.

Thirty Chinamen Arrested.

HELENA, April 4.—A colored woman of bad repute was found dead with the body terribly mutilated by a knife wound. A Chinaman had been seen running from her house some time before. The house into which he entered was raided by the police, and thirty Chinamen found there were arrested, the identity of the supposed murderer not being established. The case is being investigated.

A Little Hero.

PITTSBURG, April 4.—Harry Stolte and John Grindan, two 5-year-old boys, were playing on the railroad track at Marion station yesterday afternoon, when a freight train backed and ran over Stolte. His playmate grasped his clothes and heroically tugged at them till he dragged Stolte to the platform. The little fellow's life was thus saved, though it was necessary to amputate both his legs.

Is Murderer Griswold Insane?

CORTLAND, N. Y., April 4.—A very large sensation was created in the court room in the trial of Robert W. Griswold for the murder of Dennis O'Shea' to establish the fact that the prisoner is not of sound mind. The greater part of an entire day has already been occupied with this claim of testimony. The trial will doubtless be finished before the close of the week.

Charles Hawkins' Body Found.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 4.—The dead body of Charles Hawkins, of Patchogue, L. I., was found floating in the harbor. He was 45 years old, and came here on a visit several months ago. For the past six weeks he has been missing and the body has evidently been in the water that long. It is supposed that he was accidentally drowned.

The Pilgrim's Sister Launched.

CHESTER, Pa., April 4.—The palatial side wheel steamer Plymouth, built for the Old Colony Steamship company, was launched from the yards of Roach's shipyard. The vessel is said to be fully equal, if not superior, to her sister ships, the Puritan and Pilgrim.

Militiamen Fighting the Governor.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 4.—The field officers of the First regiment of militia, who were discharged by the governor for disregarding his order to use of cartridges for polo, etc., have been reconstituted by the line officers. The governor will probably reject the nominations.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
H. A. POPE,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

DICKINSON
28 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near R. R. 10-15tf

SEE THE COMPARISON.
EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.
N. B. Smalley's, Dear as any Price.
94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

THE TABLES WERE TURNED.

And the Tractor Decided to Use Up His Mile Book.

While Mr. F. W. Huntington, of the Manitoba passenger train, was in St. Paul, a man entered his office one day and threw on the desk a mileage book which originally had contained 2,000 mile coupons and had been sold for $60.

"I want to be allowed cash for the balance of this book," remarked the traveler.

How formerly it was the custom of some railroads to allow for balance of mileage books cash at the rate of purchase, two cents a mile. Mr. Huntington, however, was not sure that the new law made provision for such a case.

He looked it up and found that in giving credit for returned mileage the "local rate" should be the charge for the coupons that had been used. The local rate of his road was three cents a mile.

"How much have you used?" he inquired of the stranger.

"Fifteen hundred miles," was the reply.

The suave lightning calculator remarked in a mild whisper: "Three, fifteen, forty-five." And he counting tones: "Sir, you owe me $5 and the book."

It is needless to say that the stranger traveled the rest of his mileage on the Manitoba road.—New York Tribune.

Not Used to the American Plan.

Chauncey Chase (captain of the hunt—severely)—There! I suppose what would happen, when Possonby invited that Englishman to join us."

Possonby (feebly)—Why, captain, he's a regular fort hunter, and—

Chauncey Chase (savagely)—I know it! He has killed our fox and broken up the club!—Lippincott's.

The Question Is Unanswered.

"You are an authority on feats of strength, I believe?" remarked a stranger to the sporting editor.

The latter bowed and replied: "What can I do for you?"

"I've come to tell me which is the stronger, the female shoplifter or the woman who holds up a train?"—Munsey's Weekly.

Judging from Surface Indications.

She—I declare, it just disgusts me! That girl, Prudence Primrose, thinks she's just a perfect saint.

He—Well, she looks like a martyr.

She—How, pray?

He—Why, if beauty is only skin deep, she must have been flayed alive.—Life.

How It Happened.

Walker—Did you hear about Smith having an eye removed?

Talker—No. Good heavens! How did it happen?

Walker—By changing his name to Smythe. —Lippincott's.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 9:50, 11:40 a. m.; 1:40, 5:30 p. m.

SOUTHERN MAILS. MAIL MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.
Direct connection to Newport and Richmond, N. J., 1:30 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phillipsburg, Easton and Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 9:50 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 p. m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:30 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without the keys will please apply for their mail at the 2d Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect, April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 5.40, 5.45, 6.40, 7.27, 7.45, 8.10, 8.40, 9.05, 9.40, 10.05, 10.45, 11.40, 11.50, 12.27, 1.07, 1.46, 2.45, 3.05, 3.10, 3.27, 3.47, 4.05, 4.40, 5.05, 5.40, 6.05, 6.40, 7.05, 7.40, 8.05, 8.40, 9.05, 9.40, 10.05, 10.40, 11.05, 11.40, 12.05, 12.40 a. m. Sundays, 5.27, 5.40, 6.40, 7.27, 7.45, 8.10, 8.40, 9.05, 9.40, 10.05, 10.45, 11.40, 11.50, 12.27, 1.07, 1.46, 2.45, 3.05, 3.10, 3.27, 3.47, 4.05, 4.40, 5.05, 5.40, 6.05, 6.40, 7.05, 7.40, 8.05, 8.40, 9.05, 9.40, 10.05, 10.40, 11.05, 11.40, 12.05, 12.40 a. m.

Leave New York at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30

WOMAN AND HOME.

THERE IS A KIND OF KITCHEN ECONOMY WHICH IS WASTEFUL.

Education and Motherhood—The Care of the Hair—A Stingy Man's Wife—The Step Ahead of Him—In the Drawing Room, the Kitchen and Nursery.

"Many a young wife," said a motherly woman the other day, "would find the wheels of her household moving much more smoothly if she would spend a little less money on the furnishing of her sewing room, and devote it instead to supplying her kitchen with labor saving appliances and plenty of them, sh. Economy in kitchen utensils may easily be pushed too far, and if there is another place where a woman may be more readily excused than another for extravagance it is just there.

"To have to stop in the middle of making a dessert in order to clean a saucepan or a kettle in which the soup had been prepared, because you have not another, is folly when you consider that we can buy twenty-five such. To have your kitchen knives of such poor metal that they will not stay sharp, or to let a good knife remain dull because you think you cannot afford to spend ten cents to have it sharpened, is a real waste of strength out of all proportion to the saving. To have nothing with which you can measure your ingredients accurately, because it costs more to buy a set of weights or a graduated glass measure than to trust to guess work and an old tea cup, has spoiled many a good dish that cost just as much and has brought humiliation on many a good cook.

"To scrape your porridge pot with a spoon because you will not buy a patent pot scraper for twelve cents wears out ten spoons to one pot scraper, and the hired girl invariably selects your best spoon for that purpose. Sifting the coal ashes is such a dirty business as it is usually performed, and the servant kicks against it so vigorously, that the most economical housekeeper even abandons it in despair. A patent ash sifter that allows no dust to escape and preserves all the half burned coal will pay for itself in one winter and last five. A cheap refrigerator can be had for one-third the cost of a good one of the same size, but if you buy it your ice bill will be twice as large.

"There is hardly anything in the kitchen of which there are not two varieties, the cheap and the dear, and the result of the use of either is generally in exact opposite directions. But in connection with one's self and to one's husband and children, a saving of time, temper, brain worry and back ache, they may be multiplied many times over every week."—New York Tribune.

The Care of the Hair.

Actresses are the only class of women who need to wash their hair frequently. They live a powdered atmosphere on the stage, the injurious effects of which nothing but soap and warm water will avert. Ordinarily water is bad for the hair. It chills the scalp and robs the hair. I have customers who have not put water on their hair since they were children. One lady, with a suit of the most beautiful black hair I can recall, told me she had not washed her head since her wedding day, and that was thirteen years ago.

But that must be understood as for all that. I know nothing better than a good brush, which, if well applied, will invigorate and cleanse the head and give a gloss to the hair which nothing else will equal. I consider the comb a most deleterious instrument unless handled correctly.

To begin at the head, as most people do in combing is to tear out or break the hair. The proper way is to begin at the ends. Get the tangles out first, and accord ly degrees. The tresses should then be parted and divided into three or four parts and combed in sections. In using a fine tooth comb never drag it through the length of the hair unless your aim be to loosen the scalp.

The dandruff is not in the hair; it is in the scalp, and the scalp only should be combed or scraped. By carefully dividing the hair the head can be handled and combed. A little practice will enable a maid to glide the comb soft as the air, removing much of the dandruff and dust with it. What remains in the hair can be brushed off. It is difficult for an individual to clean her own head. The duty should be performed by some one.

A very prevalent mistake is not to be prepared at home that will keep the head in a healthy condition. Put into a toilet bottle a mixture containing the following ingredients: One pint of rye; five cents' worth of powdered Castile soap, two tablespoonfuls of alcohol, half the quantity of borax and the yolk of two eggs. The egg coagulates rye, which will be found a hard substance to wash out, while the soap and borax will cleanse the skin and the alcohol supply a sufficiency of heat to prevent cold.—Interview in New York World.

Stinginess Personified.

Lately a lady shopping in one of the large dry goods stores on Broadway, noticed a couple also shopping. The man, evidently the husband of his companion, had a very pompous and condescending manner. He joked with the pretty clerks and hurried up the cash boy. They were buying a bonnet, or rather he was buying it for her. She, wore a handsome hat trimmed in lovely plumes, and all of her apparel was handsome, but he seemed to view her as a possession purchased with his money. He criticised the bonnet, the material, everything. She stood by timidly listening and approving his choice, then he paid for it, although she tearfully suggested that it should be sent home C. O. D. so she could try it before settling for it. Mr. M. must pay for it himself. Then they went to the gents' department and he ordered some gloves cut, and while the girl was fitting a pair he looked at his watch and remembered an appointment for which he was already late by half an hour.

He seemed very much provoked because the girl did not have the gloves fitted on his wife's hand. Finally, after much discussion, he put the price of the gloves on a card, and started off. His wife flushed crimson, and then looking as if she were choking an unpardonable remark, said: "Oh, Henry, can you please leave me one fare?" He fumbled, then searched in his pockets, and could not find less than a quarter of a dollar. He tried to get change, but failed. Finally, as the car was flying, he gave it to her saying, "You can get it changed on the car and hand the rest to me in the morning for my car fare." The wife said no more, but the observer was glad she was not that man's wife, although his wife wore silks and fine laces, and lived in a handsome home.—Cor. St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Education Not Opposed to Motherhood.

In America, in "a report given of the family conditions of one hundred and thirty alumnæ who have had children, the exceptional record of good health among their children, and their low death rate, are strong evidences that the powers of motherhood have not suffered from college work." In addition, the writer's note of testimony may be offered. In the schools which she has attended, the majority of nervous students were in uniformly good health; apparently were delicate before beginning study. The most frequent examples of ill health were found among those who made a pretense of study and eagerly pursued social excitements. Subsequent effects upon the health may be judged when it is found that twelve years after the graduation one young woman, ranking at the head of her class, is the mother of six vigorous children; two others, earnest students, have each a family of five, and a number of others have four children.

No correspondence has been held with married classmates living at a distance. These mentioned are personally known to be mothers in the fullest sense, and constitute striking contradictions to the claim that education has an injurious effect upon woman. "But, it may be objected, "these are exceptionally healthy women." Undoubtedly, but if the training has any influence at all, it should make them fall slightly below the standard of the preceding generation, whereas, in several instances, they improved upon it, both in health and mental power, not only in general health, but in the condition and size of their families. —Miss Alice B. Tweedy in Popular Science Monthly.

She Got Ahead of Him.

Woman, commercially considered, is realizing the benefits of education. That is what a Pittsburg drummer learned in Cleveland, much to his discomfiture, and he was not quiet and complaining about it, either. He went into a house that handles engine supplies and fixtures. He was followed by a petite, rather pretty lady, jauntily dressed. She entered her on sight, and thought that she must surely be the proprietor's daughter.

He forgot business in his extreme consideration for the observance of good manners, and politely stepped aside to allow her to address her father before he undertook to get an order out of him. It was a little astonished to see her hand the old gentleman a card, completely dazed when she began to talk steam gauges, the very things he was selling, had the drummer not an agency whom she took an order, and wished he was dead when she looked at him as she tripped out with a mischievous smile, which said plainly that she knew what he was there for, and she had got in ahead of him.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Double Pay and No Lecture.

A well known citizen adopted a novel expedient the other night to secure peace. It was dinner time, and he had stirred to some business down town, and he promised his wife that he would positively be back at 6:30. There would be no slip up, no accidents or mishaps, no "if" or "but" there could be no mistake about it—he would be home at 6:30 prompt. His wife looked a little doubtful, "Will you give me your word for every hour you are late than that?" she asked.

"Done!" he exclaimed and forgot all about it.

As he groped his way in at 11 o'clock he suddenly bethought himself of his wager. Of course his wife was up. "Here, my dear, I'm two hours and a half late; here's $5. Don't say a word, I'm late." They live a lady saw that she could not honorably refuse to abide by the contract, but declares now that she wouldn't have taken $10 for the cur that followed her home, trapped out and committed to memory for the occasion.—St. Louis Republic.

Dressmaking as a Profession.

While the lot of a dressmaker's apprentice is not an enviable one, there are few trades for women that offer as large a return for making clothes for other women. The chief dress maker of a Broad street establishment will command a salary of $200 and $300 a year. What is more, the supply is not equal to the demand. A good head woman will always have a dozen places open to her if she leaves the establishment in which she is employed. An independence of spirit that is often fatal to long continuance in one place. A chief hand's work is confined to cutting out, overlooking the fitting of women and getting the idea of the signer. The designer is the rock over which most of them split, for if he wants too many alterations the dressmaker resists. The hours are called long and hard, and a Paris education is necessary, as many suppose. If French ideas are needed a French woman is imported. Those who are familiar with English head who is thoroughly English.—Fall Mall Gazette.

Elegant Trifling at Dinner.

Another innovation which involves a good deal of elegant trifling at table has been introduced into fashionable houses in Paris during the present season. Between dessert and part of the dinner called "dessert." This consists in the practice of placing on the table small receptacles in silver, rather bluntly called "marmites," or pots. The marmites are carefully covered, and may contain almonds, nuts, cakes, or any other tiny tickshaws of the sort. The elegant trifling comes in when the guests, brimful of mystery as to the contents of their respective receptacles, go through a process of exchange and barter, each discovery being saluted with observations of a more or less spirited character. Polite tautology is the rule when a guest has exchanged his or her filled marmite for a comparatively empty one, or received from a fair neighbor a "pot" replete with rare delicacies en trop for his own relatively valueless assortment of sweets.—Cor. London Telegraph.

Giving Shape to Feet.

Every one, but especially children, should wear properly fitting shoes, no matter how common their material. They should be roomy enough for the toes to play, should have low, flat heels, that must be promptly "righted" as soon as they begin to wear to one side. If the toes of the foot show a tendency to overlap they should be rubbed with the hands once or twice each day; and if this care be given when the curving commences it will, as a rule, prove sufficient to correct any irregularities of this nature. If a child's wayward in its growth, trim it only lightly at the soling corner, but fully at the opposite corner. If both corners grow too deeply into the flesh, clip them carefully and lightly, and then scrape the center of the nail from the tip to near the root until it is thin and flexible. This process seldom fails to correct ingrowing nails—provided, of course, they are not neglected too long.—Chicago Mail.

Women as Mechanicians.

A lady who can afford to enact glass houses or rent them should by all means devote her attention to the growth of choice flowers for cutting; nothing will pay so well, and though the initial expense is great and the firing no light matter where coal is dear, she will save the cost of cover in a few seasons, for they will be scarcely any work that it is physically impossible for her to perform herself, and none that cannot be performed by intelligent lads under her supervision, provided, of course, that she knows her business.—Woman's World.

Art in Enameled Jewelry.

"Enameled jewelry," said a manufacturer the other day, "is very much the same jewelry now, and we have considerable difficulty in getting competent workmen to do the coloring. You see, the fashion runs to marguerites, clover leaves, daisies, etc., and much care and artistic taste are required in laying on the exact shades which, when 'fired,' will bring out the chosen flowers as nearly as possible to nature's tints. There are very few enamelers—that is, of course, high art enamelers—to be secured in this city, and, strange as it may seem—and yet why should it be anything strange?—one of the best, if not the very best, is a woman. She will not work for less than $100 a week, and she has no trouble in finding constant employment at that figure. She is splendid colorist and is full of suggestions as to designs."—New York Times.

Some Curious Marriage Laws.

The chentio, or present given at the betrothal by the bride's father to the bridegroom's father, is not to exceed one rupee and seven annas and betel nuts. The marriage chentio payable to the bridegroom's father may be one rupee and shall not exceed 100 rupees. The value of the cocoanuts distributed at the marriage procession is not to exceed ten rupees, and the same limit is fixed on the value of the mundu, or cloth given by the bride's maternal relation. The payment at the ceremony when the bridegroom touches with his fingers his mother-in-law's dress must not go beyond two rupees. The number of dinner parties given by the bride's family is not to be more than five, and the number of guests at each not more than twenty-five. The value of the mundu, or cloth given by the bride's are not to spend more than thirty rupees, and when the bridegroom is invited to a social evening at his father-in-law's house is not to be paid more than two rupees nor to take with him more than five men.—Times of India.

Training of Girls and Boys.

Ruskins says—and it is one of his wisest aphorisms—that a girl can not be "hammered into shape." She must be allowed to grow as a flower or a tree grows, while a boy seems to come up straighter for a certain amount of hammering. Here is a little but a fanciful distinction. Men and women are not alike, but complementary. The man, whose work in the world is to combat and to subdue, had better be made stronger and more firm in his principles, while with the woman it is quite otherwise. Blows, hammering, simply crush her, or twist her out of shape, or else they drive her forward upon herself. She must be judiciously let alone. Mind, I do not say she must grow up without discipline or training—far from it! But the hammer must be gentle, the touch must be wise, and she must be allowed to develop in her own way.—Olive Thorne Miller.

How to Treat a Friend.

Your friend can think you the most unselfish girl in the world, but he must not show his own selfishness by expecting you to devote your evenings exclusively to him, ignoring those who are at home. Let him come in and be one of them—there's a dear five minutes when he can speak to you, when he can kiss you on the lips that he knows are only the gates to sweet, pure speech; when he can whisper the lovely nothings that mean so much to you both. Then, too, don't let him feel that he must give up all his friends for you; don't accept valuable presents from him, and don't assume an air of proprietorship with him. Tell him nothing about your family affairs, for the secrets of the home hold do not even belong to the man you are going to marry.—Ladies' Home Journal.

The Queen's Bread.

The queen's partiality for Viennese and French bread runs into all sorts of shapes. There are long French loaves and twists and rolls, and the Viennese bread is shaped into all sorts of curves and twists. There is one roll made like a little manakin. This is supplied for the edification and amusement of the queen's little grandchildren when they sit at her majesty's table. The queen is always supplied with this bread when at Buckingham palace. Her baker is Mr. S. Petrowalski, a Polish refugee, in whom the prince consort took a great interest. This fancy bread is only supplied for the queen's table; the rest of the royal household patronize the bakes. Some of the larger loaves supplied to the queen cost tenpence each.—Pall Mall Gazette.

In the Sick Room.

Nothing is so annoying as to be continually asked if we do not wish the pillows changed, the bed clothes straightened, the blind closed or opened, some nourishment brought or any small details attended to. Better, by far, to see for one's self and do quietly what will disturbing the patient. Particularly if they are disposed to sleep, do not at once get a newspaper of the kind that has the greatest possible amount of rattle in it and seat thyself in a rocking chair regardless of the possible effect it may have upon the nervous condition of thy friend.—Good Housekeeping.

Women Who Are Admired.

It is not the fairest woman that arouses the deepest admiration; not the richest; not the most fashionably attired or the most extravagantly graces and accomplishments. It is the woman, young, middle aged or old, who abstains from opening the car window at her side; the woman who, knowing that the passengers at the back will suffer from the draught, will endure undue warmth or loosen her cloak; the woman who, knowing that she is delicate

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow morning at 10:45 o'clock.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Dead Sunday services at 78 West Front street, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m., will be held to-morrow, to which all are invited.

The Rev. Wm. Maxwell Reilly will occupy the pulpit of All Saints church of Scotch Plains to-morrow morning and evening.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon, 10 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Stinson, pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. W. C. Rodgers, D. D., of Jersey City, will preach morning and evening. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. and Epworth League at 6:45 p. m.

Services at the Crescent avenue church. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. W. R. Richards. Special music in the morning. Service of song in the evening.

Special Easter service to-morrow in the Park avenue Baptist church. The pastor Rev. Lucius Dibo, will preach at 10:30 a. m. subject "The Divinity of Christ." Sunday school at 3:30 p. m. No evening service.

Between Hall meetings to-morrow at the usual hours, 9:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. All attendants will receive cordial welcome. In the evening the platform will be occupied by Rev. Dr. Cowan, Rev. Mr. Bowman, Jr., of Kansas.

At the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville, Sunday school at 2:30. Easter services in the evening at 7:45. The special services will be conducted by Mr. W. D. Murray. Service of song by Mr. H. O. Newman. Special music from Hope church.

There will be two Easter services to-morrow in the German Reformed church on Craig street, North Plainfield, one at 10:30 a. m. and the other at eight o'clock in the evening. A special invitation is extended to the Germans of Plainfield and neighborhood.

The services to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church will be appropriate to the Easter festival. Preaching by the pastor and music by the choir at 10:30 a. m. In the evening at 8:00 interesting exercises by the Sabbath school. A welcome is extended to all.

Easter services at St. Joseph's church, North Plainfield will be especially grand to-morrow. Services at 8:30 and solemn high mass at 11:00 a. m. The singing at the high mass will be by the full choir in connection with the regular choir assisted by Mr. Jules Bontz. Solemn vespers at eight p. m. Rev. Father Preston pastor.

The Church of the Holy Cross. The Easter services in this church are as follows. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 7 a. m. Morning prayer at 10:30 a. m. Third service at 4:30 p. m. The Sunday school children will meet in the church at 3 o'clock and the rest of the church. Full vested choir at the last two services. All cordially invited.

At the First Baptist church, to-morrow, services of the anniversary of the church at 10:30 a. m. Appropriate Easter music. At 3 p. m. in the auditorium of the church, a service of song by the church choir, Sunday school of the church and Mt. Olivet mission, will participate. A large choir of song will welcome is extended to all. No service in the evening.

The First Church of Christ in Plainfield, Vanderbilt Hall, corner Park and North avenue. Morning service 10 a. m. Mr. Cherry will preach. Sunday school at the first several several years as District and Township Clerk previous to 1886, when he was elected Collector of the township, and in 1887 and 1888 has been re-elected to the same position by considerably increased majorities every year since.

AN EXCITING CONTEST.

The Olympics Win Two Games From the Mondays.

The Monday Nights of Westfield visited this city last night and rolled two League games with the Olympics. The contest was very exciting but the Olympics finally won both games. In the second game the teams tied and it was necessary to roll another frame before the game could be decided. This was done and the Olympics came out ahead. Following are the scores:

OLYMPICS.	1st game.	2d game.
Wilbur	178	114
White	199	173
Ingersoll	142	178
VanAlstyne	194	148
Collier	148	188
	784	744

MONDAY NIGHTS.		
Cohen	152	169
Dilts	135	169
Wilcox	140	147
Sam	179	129
Sealy	209	131
	700	744

They Hold Our Police in Contempt Now.

Michael Kelly, a farmer living in the outskirts of Westfield, visited Plainfield last night and loaded up with "choice" whisky. After the saloons had closed he was found lying unconscious on the sidewalk in front of Dr. Fritts' residence on the corner of Somerset street and Watchung avenue. Officers Flanagan and Cooney, after a short but lively tussle with the rascals, succeeded in getting them locked up behind the bars, where he spend the remainder of the night.

Roughs in Convention.

About a dozen young roughs from Elizabeth and other places spent Thursday and part of Friday in visiting saloons and drinking and carousing. The police were notified and a watch was kept on the visitors for the purpose of arresting the gang, but when they arrived the young ruffians had decamped. Word was also lived in the vicinity to hold to venture out. Yet the Police Board in the interest of these scamps tries to hamper the police.

Mr. La Boyteaux Will Lead.

Mr. A. C. Boyteaux, whose burning words have stirred the audiences at the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the past week, will conduct the young men's Gospel song service at the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday at 4:15 p. m. Next Sunday talk of Mr. La Boyteaux on the greatest verse in the Bible (John 3:16) will be long remembered. All men are cordially invited.

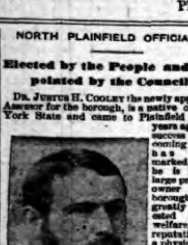
Shot at the Conductor.

A colored man was put off of the eleven o'clock train at Elizabeth last night for refusing to pay his fare. When he got off the train he whipped out a revolver and began firing at the conductor. He was promptly arrested.

NORTH PLAINFIELD OFFICIALS.

Elected by the People and Appointed by the Council.

DR. JUSTUS H. COOLEY the newly appointed Assessor for the borough, is a native of New York State and came to Plainfield eleven years ago. His success since coming here is a well marked, and he is now a large property owner in the borough, and greatly interested in its welfare. His reputation as a physician is widely known and patients come to the Sanitarium from almost every State in the Union. He has been prominent among Republicans for years, and was Representative from the N. J. division



L. A. for two years, was then chosen Chief Consul for two years. It was during this time and chiefly through his efforts that the long fight to secure full rights upon the roads was passed. He has been three times elected Mayor of the borough and his administration has given general satisfaction. He was again urged to accept the nomination but declined. During his three terms about 150 offenders were brought before him, and his decisions were marked by exact justice and impartiality. The property owners can be assured that the same careful consideration will characterize his work as Assessor.

HENRY NEWTON SPENCER, confirmed as Collector last night, was born in Washington Valley, Essex (now Union) county, New Jersey, September 15th, 1843, and graduated from Rutgers College, this city, in 1870. After which he engaged with his brother, D. C. Spencer in the grocery business up to the breaking out of the Rebellion, when his brother, Lieutenant in the Old Light Artillery Company, State militia, at-

tended in parting, and went with the first company from Plainfield in defense of their country. His latter succeeded to the business, and he was associated with him until the Fall of 1866, when he removed to Rahway and engaged in the same business, continuing there for a period of about 14 years. Third ward of Plainfield, since which time he has carried on the grocery and seed business at his present location on Front street. He has been a member of the Fire Department for 30 years, and for 20 years was Foreman of Hook and Ladder Company No. 1. He has been prominent among Republicans for years, and was Representative from the N. J. division for two years, was then chosen Chief Consul for two years. It was during this time and chiefly through his efforts that the long fight to secure full rights upon the roads was passed. He has been three times elected Mayor of the borough and his administration has given general satisfaction. He was again urged to accept the nomination but declined. During his three terms about 150 offenders were brought before him, and his decisions were marked by exact justice and impartiality. The property owners can be assured that the same careful consideration will characterize his work as Assessor.

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BOROUGH COUNCIL.

MAYOR PLACE'S ANNUAL MESSAGE READ.

Standing Committees Appointed.—Harry Brokaw Elected Clerk to Succeed James. K. Arnold.—Other Business.

The Borough Council met and organized at eight o'clock last evening. Present, Mayor Place and Councilmen Buckle, Emmons, Hageman, Needham, Sebring and Smalley.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A petition from Mr. H. A. McGee and others requesting Council to macadamize Willow avenue, and stating that the property owners would contribute $650 or pay 50 per cent. of the entire cost, was received and referred for the proper committee when appointed.

A similar document from residents on Grove street agreeing to subscribe sums opposite their names for the purpose of defraying the expense of macadamizing Grove street from the bridge to Green brook road, was read and referred.

A communication from Philip Swain directed the attention of Council to the condition of Craig place. The document stated that it was in a worse condition to-day than it has been for 12 years. The communication was filed.

A communication from Warren Engine Company No. 1, designated Charles Stephens, Howard Hummer, W. V. Krewson and Geo. V. Stewart as fit candidates for membership. The document was ordered filed.

Collector Spencer's monthly statement was read and ordered filed.

Collector Spencer's bond of $10,000 was received and referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances. The sureties were Messrs. H. H. Brokaw, C. A. Read and C. P. Sebring.

A number of claims were presented and referred to the Auditing Committee, and subsequently passed.

Mayor Place's annual message was then read. It is as follows:

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
NORTH PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
APRIL 4, 1890.

TO THE COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF NORTH PLAINFIELD:

In assuming the office of Mayor of our borough, I am conscious of the responsibility which rests upon me, and upon the Council in connection with the borough government. Many matters of importance will arise from time to time, coming for consideration and action, the nature of which I cannot at present foresee; great importance, as well as our sidewalks, and a fair lighting, and the public health. If I have to attend to the duties of our borough and induce them to become residents therein, we must have good streets, properly lighted, and sidewalks over which we can walk safely and walk.

There is an increasing demand on the part of our residents to have good substantial streets. The macadamizing which has been done during the past year has given general satisfaction. And there is a general feeling that this important work shall continue as fast as possible, but the appropriations and expenditure of the money voted for that purpose, $3,500. Taking into consideration the fact that all the streets within the borough must be kept in good repair, and the cost thereof taken out of this fund, of thirty-five miles of roads, I do not think it will be sufficient in the hands of the Council to go very far toward the work of macadamizing. Still, being the case, it might be well for our property-owners to petition the Council whether it would be a matter of economy for them to subscribe and pay an equal amount of cost of such work (or more if necessary) which would be paid by property owners on the streets already macadamized, and have the work in putting all of them in order. It has become a public necessity, that the main streets leading to the city line should be macadamized, and kept in such condition that they can be traveled upon east and west, and crossing or terminating into them main streets.

In view of the importance of good streets, I would recommend that the Council take into consideration the advisability of repealing all ordinances regulating the matter of macadamizing, and fix by that ordinance that the width of such road bed shall not be less nor more than 16 feet, and the depth not less than six inches.

So far as the lighting of our streets is concerned, as now done, I believe it gives general satisfaction. There is, however, some complaint as to the unequal distribution of the light. In some parts of the borough lamp-posts have become crooked, and several of them have been placed in position, where, with the present lighting, it casts dark shadows upon the side and cross walks. Others have been set so high that they are among the branches of the trees. Finally if the Council will request the Lighting Company to remedy these defects, it may be done at once without much if any cost to borrowed.

It appears there is now to the credit of the fire account of the borough the sum of about $1,000 more than the amount of bonds that the last Council had under consideration the establishment, (to be paid for out of this fund) of a system of fire alarm which I do not favor in case of fire. If the Council deem it wise to establish a system of fire signals, I would recommend the following: Fifteen boxes to be erected at convenient places, station signals to be placed in each box, to be pulled by any person or citizen, and at once go to each signal station, and call out the firemen, by giving the number of signals of those living nearest or who to the engine house for that purpose.

Our sidewalks should be kept in first-class order. Good sidewalks are of the highest importance. Citizens should do their share of this work in making and keeping them good. Also, all obstructions should be kept within our limits, first of all on the sidewalks. If they are allowed to remain in a dangerous condition,—and I regret to say many of them are now allowed to so remain—it lays serious liability upon the borough. The violation of the ordinances in this regard, compelling citizens to keep the condition of the sidewalks in front of their premises in safety walked over by day or night. It is a public nuisance to allow any obstruction to remain in a dangerous condition and I hope to see the time when the ordinances will be so enforced that sidewalks will be kept in safe condition at all times. Hence there is a public spirit enough in our citizens to see to it that the sidewalks of our borough shall not be a subject of just criticism and complaint from those who use them.

The matter of public health concerns all. With our present system of sewerage, which is the best we can have, and with the present facilities for the disposal of every person's sewage, which is important to the preservation of the public health? It is to be hoped during the coming year that every citizen will look to the interest of his health, and to aid the authorities in this matter. Our Borough is growing substantially with marked progress; property is being largely improved and built upon, and the increase of taxable property, and of our population augurs well for the future. The desirability of North Plainfield as a place of residence needs no comment from me in its favor. It only remains for the duly constituted authorities and citizens to unite their best efforts and make it more and more attractive each year.

When the Borough was incorporated in the year 1890 the assessed value of property within its limits was the sum of $958,925. The assessment as appears by the books of the Assessor for the year 1890 is $1,275,150, showing an increase in valuation of $316,447. In nearly five years a thorough system of Borough government has without question added largely to this increased valuation. I believe the increase of assessment for 1890 will add largely to the valuation of 1890, and that such increase will continue each year to the very great satisfaction of our citizens.

CHARLES PLACE, Mayor.

Mayor Place's message was on motion received and ordered filed.

Mr. Emmons moved that Council proceed to elect a clerk. It was so ordered.

Mr. Emmons presented the name of James K. Arnold and in an elaborate speech recommended that he be re-elected.

Mr. Smalley presented the name of Harry Brokaw.

A vote was taken and resulted as follows: Brokaw 4; Arnold 2.

Mr. Hageman nominated Charles A. Reed as Borough Counsel. The nomination was unanimously confirmed.

George Conover was elected street commissioner.

The election of a marshal was deferred until the next meeting.

Justus H. Cooley was on motion of Mr. Hageman elected assessor.

H. Newton Spencer was on motion of Mr. Hageman confirmed as Collector.

Mayor Place announced the following committees for the ensuing year:

Fire, Water and Lamps—Sebring, Emmons and Smalley.

Auditing and Finance—Buckle, Emmons and Sebring.

Laws, Ordinances and Elections—Emmons, Needham and Sebring.

Licenses and Marshals—Smalley, Buckle and Hageman.

Streets and Public Health — Hageman Buckle and Needham.

Printing and Stationery—Needham, Hageman and Smalley.

A resolution offered by Mr. Emmons to the effect that all special marshals be directed to deliver to the Committee on Marshals all the borough property in their possession was adopted.

Several resolutions designating the salaries of various borough officials were presented, but were subsequently withdrawn, as there is an ordinance in force designating such salaries.

A resolution from Mr. Hageman to the effect that the Committee on Streets be instructed to negotiate a loan of $300 was adopted.

Other communications in reference to the macadamizing of Grove street and Willow avenue were taken from the table and referred to the Street Committee.

$300 was on motion of Mr. Buckle appropriated for use of committee in having the streets scraped.

A resolution by Mr. Needham in reference to having removed trees that have fallen into Green brook was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mayor Place then appointed the Rev. T. Ludgate Harrison, H. H. Brokaw and Rev. W. H. Honeyman as members of the Board of Health and the meeting adjourned to the 15th inst.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Percy Stewart of West Seventh street is in town over Easter.

Mr. Walter C. Dobbins is spending the Easter holidays at the home of his parents on Elwood avenue.

Miss Katherine Riker of Brooklyn, is visiting her brother, ex-Councilman Riker at his beautiful home on the mountain, "Valley View."

Isaac Schwed, of the firm of Schwed Bros., of Plainfield, and Miss Florence Frank, will receive their friends at 240 East 80th street, New York, on Easter Sunday.—Somerset Democrat.

Miss Carrie Fritz of Somerset street was agreeably surprised at her home on Tuesday evening by a number of young friends who tendered a surprise party. The evening was spent very agreeably. Dancing and other pastimes were indulged. Miss May McLaughlin presided at the piano.

W. C. T. U. Notes.

Saturday evening at 7:30, an hour of praise and prayer.

Sunday morning 9:15, consecration meeting. Sunday afternoon at 4, for prayer, praise and testimony.

Tuesday at 3 p. m., a cordial invitation is extended to members and others to the regular weekly meeting.

All the above are held (open to everybody) at 78 West Front street.

Died.

SCHMIDT—Saturday, April 5th, at his residence, 104 Elmwood street, John George Schmidt, aged 66 years.

Funeral on Monday, April 7, at half past two.

HAND—In this city, April 3, 1890, Nancy Hand, aged 80 years.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 1 Front street, on Monday afternoon, April 7th, at 2:30 p. m. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend without further notice. Interment at convenience of the family.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, CARPETS, Etc.

On Monday, April 7, at No. 78 West Front street, near Grove street, at 1:30 o'clock p. m. Music stand, B. W. parlor suite in rose rep, B. W. and oak suites, what not, lounges, B. W. and cottage bed room suits, springs, mattresses, oak and willow rockers, cheap, B. W. and some neat chairs, tables, stoves, kitchen carpets and droggets, sewing machine, looking glasses, engravings, lamps and bronzes, crockery and glassware, kitchen utensils, and other articles too numerous to mention.

T. V. GILLIES, Auctioneer.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Dropped Dead.

BOUND BROOK, April 5, (Special.)—Thomas O'Hearn, a moulder employed in the foundry at the Sheckleton House and Car Heating Works, East Bound Brook, dropped dead shortly after going to work this morning. He was from West Troy, N. Y., and about 32 years of age. Dr. Matthews deemed an inquest unnecessary and Undertaker Dedlott took charge.

—The opera chairs for Amphion Hall arrived yesterday.

—Yesterday was Good Friday. Many hot-cross buns were sold.

—All the churches, with but few exceptions, will hold special Easter services to-morrow.

—U. B. Crane, the hatter, elsewhere advertises a large stock of fine hats and neckwear for Spring trade.

—See what our tailors, clothiers, dry goods, grocers, milliner and other merchants have to say in their Easter advertisements.

—The Pierson Hardware Co. have just received their stock of gasoline stoves and have them on display, also their large line of seeds which they are offering at bottom prices.

—Marie Hubert Frohman, the charming young actress from New York is to play with her own company at the Stillman Music Hall on Monday evening, April 7th. As she is an artist of unusual ability, and has decided genius, her appearance will be of more than ordinary interest to theatre-goers. In fact, it is said persons not in the habit of attending theatres, have been so deeply impressed by her refined and powerful impersonations, as to become her most enthusiastic supporters. The young lady has an intellectual magnetism, a sincerity and pathos with a wonderful simplicity that makes her performances not only instructive but indescribably charming.

A LECTURE ON

"HOMES, AND HOW TO GET THEM,"

will be delivered on the evening of

Monday, April 7,

At eight o'clock at Reform Hall, corner of Second avenue and Central avenue, under the auspices of the Home Building and Loan Association, by Chas. F. Southard, the celebrated author and lecturer. A number of the lecture will be illustrated by views from stereopticon, and entertainment will be furnished by our Edison's phonographs. At the close of the meeting opportunity will be given to subscribe for stock in the Association which will be opened April 21st. The entrance fee is 25 cents per share. The dues $1 monthly per share. Stock paid up by installments. Tickets may be procured from W. F. Arnold, City National Bank; W. M. Stillman, 26 West Front street; James Mayhew, Potter Press Works; W. F. Bartlett, Pond Tool Works; D. S. Page, Scott Press Works; L. M. Prench, and French Bros., Somerset St.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-1*

A YOUNG GIRL, wishes situation where she can learn all the branches of dress making. Address Mrs. Prickett, Scotch Plains, N. J. 4-3

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritts. 4-3tf

ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-3*

CONCORD gravestone, bearing size 26x8x4 inches, and plants in variety at Denton's 137 Hillside avenue. 5-3

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of nearly four acres. E. S. Clark, 179 West Front street. 12-dw6f

FOR SALE CHEAP—Buggy top phaeton in good order, first class maker. A. W. Haviland, 26 Rockview avenue North Plainfield. 3-3*

FOR SALE—A covered cart and harness. Just the thing for a doctor. Inquire at Roberts livery stable. 3-3

SWEDISH Girl wants a place as cook and handmaid. Wages $18. Call at 29 East Second street. 5-3

SETTINGS of eggs of the thoroughbred S. Pekin duck for sale. Exhibition now in window of Randolph's pharmacy. 122 Rockview avenue. 5-6*

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large hall, building No. 21 Somerset street, also stable for four horses in the rear. 3-4f

TO LET—A small house, 25 Park place, North Plainfield. 4-3

WORK WANTED by an experienced gardener by the day or week. Address C. C., care of EVENING NEWS. 4-3

WANTED—Experience saleswomen. Address Dry Goods care of This Evening News. 3-6*

Special Notices.

CHORAL SOCIETY NOTICE. The members will please remember the divided rehearsal Monday, April 7th. Soprano and Alto at 7:45. Tenor and Bass at 9 p. m. Let every member be present.

NELSON RUNYON, 4

THE MEMBERS of Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, are requested to meet in the new rooms on Friday next, when a good time is expected.

JOHN G. WAKEFIELD, K. of R. & S. *

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Linden's Nursery. Office by Mr. Lindsay, 93 West Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 7,

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN in three opposite characters.

FIRST—ROMANCE.

"King Rene's Daughter" the Blind Princess, a tale of love and chivalry, full of poetry and heroic charm.

SECOND—REALISM.

"Snow Bound"—A touching story of love in the Sierra Nevadas full of beautiful pathos.

THIRD—COMEDY.

"False Charms"—A dainty French farce of the last century sparkling with wit. Will serve you a trip to Paris.

Prices 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Wednesday.

THREE CHARMING PLAYS

EASTER MONDAY NIGHT.

MUSIC HALL.

New York Star. New York Co.

New Yorkers call Plainfield the handsomest town in New Jersey. It has first-class people, good society, good schools, live churches! It has beautiful streets, shaded walks and enterprising public officials, and an obliging Postmaster.

This town of Plainfield deserves high-class entertainments.

But the young people like to go to New York. It means a ride on the express train, a trip on the Elevated, three hours beside the man you love in a New York Theatre: a fifteen dollar dinner (if you order champagne), then a trip back to Plainfield in the midnight gloaming.

It's two o'clock in the morning when you get home. The next morning you have a headache, the back of your neck looks like a cinder. (You say you never felt better in your life.)

For a change you are to have a first class New York attraction at Music Hall on Easter Monday night.

Mr. Gustave Frohman who organized the famous "Hazel Kirke" plays and managed them for the Madison Square Theatre, now brings a triple bill—three exquisite plays to make you cry and laugh and feel happy. "King Rene's Daughter", a beautiful Danish play of love and chivalry, with delicious harp music, opens the evening. "Snow Bound", an intensely interesting drama of the Sierra Nevada Mountains follows it. "False Charms," a farce comedy is one of the most exquisite pieces of the kind on the stage. It concerns the elopement of a young girl because her grandmother wants to marry her sweetheart.

Marie Hubert Frohman who appears in each play, is a young actress of extraordinary ability. Rose Eytinge says, "She is a revelation."

The other night she played to 2000 people in Fall River, Mass. and made "a hit." The Detroit Free Press says, "She has decided genius and held the audience spell bound." The Rochester Democrat says, "She has beauty, magnetism, and a sweet voice."

Her voice is like Mary Anderson's, deep and organ toned, but she has a magnetism that sways the audience to the end.

Monday Night at Music Hall.

The World's Fair Goes to Chicago;

BUT THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD WILL ATTEND THE GRAND OPENING OF THE UNITED TEA & COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION 29 WEST FRONT STREET. FRENCH'S BUILDING, NEARLY OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL, ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5TH, WHERE THEY CAN PURCHASE A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

ON OPENING DAY ONLY

EVERY CUSTOMER OF 50 CENTS AND UPWARDS WILL BE PRESENTED WITH A HANDSOME AND USEFUL PRESENT. TO INTRODUCE A SUPERIOR GRADE OF MILK CRACKERS WE HAVE DECIDED TO OFFER A SAMPLE BOX FREE TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

WE WISH TO IMPRESS ON THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY THAT ALL OUR GOODS ARE GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE. PURCHASERS NOT REQUIRING CHECKS WITH TEA, COFFEE AND BAKING POWDER WILL BE MADE A LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON THEIR PURCHASES.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF THE FINEST DESIGNS IN GLASS AND DECORATED WARE JUST RECEIVED, WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT POTTERY PRICES. FRESH COUNTRY EGGS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY SATURDAY FOR EASTER.

WHOLESALE PRICES TO LARGE BUYERS. SUGAR AT COST.

WAGON DELIVERIES THROUGHOUT CITY AND BOROUGH DAILY. COUNTRY AND ADJOINING TOWNS WEEKLY.

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. THE THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

Van EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14c PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 106.

Kline's Extracts.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evergreen. P. O. Box 1088. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 NORTH FRONT STREET.

S. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS BELIEVED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK; OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Chicago, the surface of which is as flat as a pancake, has wrestled with the drainage question ever since it has been a city. The project is now to build a stupendous drainage canal, to cost $15,000,000 to $20,000,000. Other cities that are built upon a plain will watch the completion and success of the canal with interest.

It is understood that women will be appointed among the census enumerators. Congress has not formally acted upon the matter, but it is known that nothing in the law to prevent. This is wise. What women cannot find out about the births, deaths and marriages in a family would have no value to the census records. If women are to be enumerators we shall probably find more ladies in the country between the ages of 40 and 60 than there were ten years ago.

Pan-American Temperance.

Are we competent to teach the Pan-Americans manners and temperance? Not much, says S. E. H. in the Washington Post. S. E. H. discusses the anxiety of some good people of the United States about our South American relations, and the general desire to show them correct manners and morals. The writer lived in the Argentine Republic a number of years, associated with the South Americans freely, and dined with them often. Wine was on every table, rich and poor. The writer knew all classes of South Americans, from lamplighters to statesmen, and never saw a native intoxicated. In a city of 10,000 inhabitants there were only two habitual drunkards. One of these was an English physician, the other an American scientific.

Spanish-American ladies might well give instruction to their North American sisters in the matter of high bred manners and gracious and dignified courtesy, we are told. Parents treat their children with politeness, and children honor their parents universally.

Finally the writer says:

The Pan-Americans have no equals on earth in eating and drinking, and the beautiful manners that are deemed the "flower of civilization," the Pan-Americans have no equals on earth in manners, and the Japanese are their only rivals in the world.

Law and Poetry.

At the New York centennial celebration of the inquiring of the United States supreme court a distinguished doctor of laws made a speech on the "Origin of the Supreme Court of the United States and Its Place in the Constitution." The speech was a learned and eloquent one.

The gentleman who delivered the oration was as legal of aspect as one of his own leather bound volumes. His dome of thought was smooth as a billiard ball, and the lower part of his face was hidden by bushy gray whiskers. He was keen of eye and sharp of nose. He was William Allen Butler, belonging to a New York law firm whose earnings foot up $1,000,000 a year.

There is nothing very remarkable in that, except the large law fees. No. But this William Allen Butler was the most famous man in America for a while, when the present middle aged generation was young. For he it was who wrote the vivid famous poem, "Nothing to Wear," detailing the and plight of Miss Flora McFlimsey, of Madison square. All the world knew the verses by heart in those days, and it was expected Mr. Butler would become a great American poet. But he never did. He wisely dropped, not into poetry like Mr. Wegg, but out of it, and became a partner in a law firm that nets a million a year.

The Afro-Americans.

Perry Carson, who called the Afro-American convention to order in Washington, is a noted character and the most influential colored man in the city. He keeps a lodging house and restaurant, and in a city where there was any voting Perry Carson would carry the colored ballot in his pocket. In his opening speech he alluded, as though he believed in it, to the remarkable progress the colored people had made under the most discouraging circumstances. He told his brethren that they must stand together as one man, lay aside all personal ambitions and work faithfully for the uplifting of their people.

Things worth having were worth struggling for, he said, which was a great truth tersely put. The first thing they should struggle for was an education. They ought to work for the Blair educational bill so that the south could have more than one month's school in the year. The next thing to struggle for was the right to vote and an honest election.

The secretary of the Afro-American league is T. Thomas Fortune, a thoroughly able colored man. One object of the league will be to bind the colored voters fast together in states where negro suffrage is allowed, and cast the vote as one man's for the party that will help the negro most. In states like Ohio and Indiana the negro might hold the balance of power in closely contested elections.

A RECIPROCITY SCHEME.

It Will Make Republican Congressmen Harmonious.

FREE WOOL VS. PROTECTED HIDES

The Objections of Republican Representatives from New England to the McKinley Bill Said to Have Been Met—Proposed Reciprocity with South America.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The publication of the scheme for developing reciprocity with South American countries as a result of the Pan-American congress, which has been in session in Washington during the past winter, has precipitated the revelation of a plan which is now being talked of in the house and senate by which the Pan-American congress will solve one of the chief difficulties of the Republican party in the discussion of the tariff question. The American delegates to the congress have been sounding the members of the senate recently to learn so far as possible with what reception a reciprocity treaty would meet at the hands of the senate. The result has been altogether favorable, and as a consequence the Republican members of the ways and means committee, before handing in the bill prepared by them, restored the duty which they originally agreed to place on hides, but which the New England members had persuaded them to remove.

New England Republicans Objected.

Since the bill was announced it has been freely predicted that the New England Republicans would not vote for it in its present form, and the confidence shown by a majority of the ways and means committee has created surprise. It now develops that so far as can be learned on unofficial authority) an understanding has been had with Mr. Blaine by which the president at the request of the state department will recommend to congress the policy of reciprocity with the Argentine republic and any other South American country which may wish to negotiate such a treaty. In fact it is not improbable that a treaty with the Argentine republic may not have been negotiated before this and that it is now ready for transmittal to the senate whenever Mr. Blaine may deem the time opportune.

It Would Mean Free Wool.

New England congressmen say that the negotiation and ratification of such a treaty would relieve them from the duty which has been placed on hides in the McKinley bill; that it would mean practically free wool. Leading members of the senate committee on finance, before whom this proposition was laid by a representative of the United Press, said that if agreed to it would undoubtedly answer all of the objections to the McKinley bill which could possibly be raised by the New England people.

The pendency of this proposition probably accounts for the quiet attitude of the New England members and for the confidence of Mr. McKinley and his colleagues.

The Sugar Schedule Criticised.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Henry A. Brown, of Massachusetts, the noted sugar tariff expert, has addressed a strong letter to the ways and means committee and to the senate finance committee, before whom the proposition was laid by a representative of the United Press, said that if agreed to it would undoubtedly answer all of the objections to the McKinley bill which could possibly be raised by the New England people.

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WASHINGTON, April 5.—Henry A. Brown, of Massachusetts, the noted sugar tariff expert, has addressed a strong letter to the ways and means committee and to the senate finance committee and congress at large, in which he severely criticises the "vagaries of the ad valorem sugar tariff schedule" proposed by the Republican majority of the ways and means committee. Mr. Brown claims that the classifications in the present sugar tariff are reasonably correct, and that their rates rise from 12 to 18 Dutch standard is playing into the hands of foreign producers of sugar and American refiners, as well as the sugar trust people. He also claims that under the proposed ad valorem schedule low grades of raw sugar will not be sent to this market, but will be worked into higher grades, and therefore the poorer classes will be deprived of cheap, pure refined sugar and be compelled to buy expensive refined sugar or put up with yellow refined sugar doctored with glucose.

Sugar and Protection.

He further claims that the ad valorem bill will increase false invoicing and undervaluation frauds, and that a European war, in short foreign sugar crop or other untoward events may at any time double or treble the foreign cost of sugar and double or treble the ad valorem duty. Sugar, he says, costs most when cheapest, is greatest, and vice versa, the least when it is the least protected; but the refiners and the sugar grocers can operate with free sugar as readily as with dutiable sugar, and regulate their outturn and prices to suit themselves in either case.

Mr. Brown, in his letter, officially compares the corn crops of the west, which averaged only 28.93 per acre in 1887, to the sugar beet root crops, which averaged 467.56 per acre the same year, and shows by official figures that the consumption of imported and domestic sugar in this country for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, was 5,653,624,020 pounds, or 97 16-100 pounds per capita, of which there was produced in the United States 16 65-100 per cent.

The World's Fair Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The World's fair committee of the senate met and began the consideration of the World's fair bill as it passed the house. The bill was discussed in the full committee, and a sub-committee, consisting of Senators Hiscock, Hawley, Wilson and Gray was appointed to examine the financial portion of the bill. It was also instructed to consider the amount the government should contribute. The committee then adjourned until Thursday next. A meeting of the sub-committee was held directly after the meeting of the full committee. Mr. Farwell appeared before the committee and said that he would like to know what further guarantee the sub-committee needed of the genuineness of the subscriptions to the fund.

What the Sub-Committee Wants.

Mr. Hiscock said that the committee would like to have a copy of the act of incorporation of the fair association; the name of the directors (who are to be elected soon); the names of those who have subscribed the largest thousand sums or the largest amounts; the names of those who have subscribed less than $100; the number of those who have subscribed between $100 and $500 each; the plan for raising the balance of the money, and what has been done under it; and, finally, a guarantee from reliable persons as to the genuineness of the subscriptions. Mr. Farwell immediately telegraphed to Lyman J. Gage to forward this information to Mr. Hiscock, the guarantee to be signed by Messrs. Gage, Otis, Done and Dexter. The sub-committee then adjourned.

Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The president has signed the urgency deficiency appropriation bill, the act to extend to Tampa Fla., the privilege of immediate transportation law also joint resolution for the relief of sufferers in the Mississippi valley.

ANOTHER BENDER FAMILY.

The Chisboroughs Accused of Many Dark Deeds.

ATWOOD, Kan., April 5.—Judge Bertram has sentenced Gracian Chisborough to fifty years in the penitentiary for murder. Chisborough is about 30 years old and will probably not live to serve his time out. The crime of which he was convicted was poisoning his younger brother, Joseph, last December. Strange to say, although there was proof positive of strychnine in the dead man's stomach and every circumstance pointed to Gracian as the murderer, the jury returned a verdict of guilty on the second degree, acquitting Mrs. Chisborough, Gracian's wife, who was indicted with him. The judge, however, made amends for the jury's action by pronouncing a sentence that virtually amounted to life imprisonment.

If the evidence of Chisborough's widowed mother is to be believed, the poisoning of Joseph Chisborough was the last of a series of murders that if investigated will prove as startling as the famous Bender crimes that were exposed in Cabell county, Kansas, in 1873. The Chisboroughs lived on a claim that was originally settled by Mr. Shaw who afterwards sold it to Mr. Wright, a neighbor. Evidence is to be believed, the poisoning of Joseph Chisborough was the last of a series of murders that if investigated will prove as startling as the famous Bender crimes that were exposed in Cabell county, Kansas, in 1873. The Chisboroughs lived on a claim that was originally settled by Mr. Shaw who afterwards sold it to Mr. Wright, a neighbor. Evidence is to be believed, the poisoning of Joseph Chisborough was the last of a series of murders that if investigated will prove as startling as the famous Bender crimes that were exposed in Cabell county, Kansas, in 1873. The Chisboroughs lived on a claim that was originally settled by Mr. Shaw who afterwards sold it to Mr. Wright, a neighbor.

Shortly after the old man died suddenly, and the neighbors again suspected poisoning. This was followed by a fresh burial in the well. This crime was charged to Gracian Chisborough and his wife, May. A few months later one of the brothers disappeared and Gracian said that he had gone to Nebraska, but the boy never came and his body is supposed to be in the well received another victim. Last December young Robert was poisoned and the murderer was detected by a party of neighbors, who met Gracian with the body of the boy on his shoulder making straight for the old well. He was arrested and the murder proved. An effort has been made to have Gracian's sentence commuted, but the old well, now nearly filled up, when proof of all these horrors is likely to appear.

The Bennett Law as an Issue.

MADISON, Wis., April 5.—The leading Democrats of Madison generally have strongly defined views against making the Bennett law an issue in the next state campaign, and yet if it is made an issue they will almost to a man vote against the Republicans, who are responsible for its enactment. Mayor M. B. Doyan is a notable exception, and declares emphatically in favor of the law and that he will vote for it. Lieutenant Governor W. H. Hoan is inclined to be cautious in his utterances. "It is too early to talk about such matters," he said. "I'd rather say nothing about it." Postmaster Bolens, who was the democratic candidate for congress in this district and a warm personal friend of Col. Vilas, is opposed to forcing the law to a crisis. Ex-Mayor S. U. Pinney, the oldest lawyer in the state, said: "I do not want the Bennett law made an issue nor have I seen any democrats who do." Ex-Governor Rusk, editor-in-chief of The Madison Democrat, expressed fear that the victory in Milwaukee would cause the Democratic state convention to take up the Bennett law as a state issue.

The Actors' Baseball Club.

NEW YORK, April 5.—The Actors' Baseball club, of which Mrs. Fire A'a, have decided on a very unique schedule for the coming season. The regular season will begin on June 2. The club will call up the players on the stage in City of Albany, which has been chartered for a month, and play their first game at Newburg. After that a league will be played at Poughkeepsie, Rondout, Albany, Troy, Kingston, Goshen, Middletown, Hudson, Yonkers, Bridgeport, New Haven, Meriden, Narragansett, Asbury Park, Long Branch, Philadelphia (with the Reporters' club), Germantown, Atlantic City and Cape May. The teams and guests will live entirely on the steamboat during the 42 days of the journey. The trip is certain to prove a financial success as well as a jolly jaunt.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	25c.	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Bread Corn	10	1.15
Franklin Early June	10	1.15
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 313

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Pattings, Laces, &c. Also FRENCH and AMERICAN Ostrich Tips and Infants' Caps a specialty. Plushing, Pressing and Ironing. Feathers Dyed, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St

STRUCK BY TWO BULLETS

The Strange Adventure of Mr. F. W. Chivvis.

HE WAS TAKEN FOR A BURGLAR

While Endeavoring to Enter the Residence of Charles L. Adams He Was Seriously Wounded—A Memorandum Book Over His Heart Saved His Life.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., April 5.—The residents of Mount Vernon are much excited over a mysterious shooting affray in which F. W. Chivvis, of the dry goods firm of Conklin & Chivvis, which failed a year or two ago at Twenty-third street and Sixth avenue, New York, for nearly $1,000,000, was severely wounded early yesterday morning. Mr. Chivvis spent Thursday evening at the house of J. C. Smith, a neighbor, and at 1 a. m. started home. He was accompanied part of the way by J. P. Wright, principal of grammar school No. 7, of New York, but a resident of Mount Vernon. When the two parted Mr. Chivvis started across the lots in the direction of the residence of Charles L. Adams, which is near his own. It is said that he entered the vestibule of Mr. Adams residence, probably mistaking it for his own, tried his key in the lock and was shot by Mr. Adams, who mistook him for a burglar.

Saved by a Memorandum Book.

Mr. Chivvis remained his home unaided, but swooned upon being admitted. Doctors were hastily summoned by Mrs. Chivvis, and their investigation disclosed the fact that one bullet had penetrated the left breast, ranging downward, and lodged above the right hip just beneath the skin. A second had pierced his coat above the heart, but had merely shattered a lead pencil in the vest pocket and buried itself in a memorandum book. The bullet was removed from the wound above the hip. It did not penetrate any vital part, and Mr. Chivvis is expected to recover.

Adams' Story of the Shooting.

Mr. Adams admits that he fired at some one who tried to enter the house yesterday morning. "Burglars have been prowling in this vicinity of late," he said, "and about 2 o'clock this morning my wife heard a noise, and I went down stairs to investigate, and as I heard some one trying to get in the back door I fired through the glass door.

"I then shot myself through the door. After the firing the man at the door went away and I know nothing about Chivvis being hurt till I received notice at my office that he had been shot, and that I was charged with having shot him."

They were Perfectly Sober.

Mrs. Chivvis does not believe that her husband was shot by Mr. Adams, but thinks he was the victim of footpads. A few nights ago, she says, he met a suspicious looking man in the road and knocked him down. This fellow, she thinks, may have shot him for revenge. Mr. Smith, who is a member of the firm of J. B. Brewster & Co., was seen yesterday at his office. He said that the last time he had seen Mr. Chivvis was when he was coming to this city on the train this morning. Both Mr. Chivvis and Mr. Wright were perfectly sober when they left his house. He knew nothing further about the affair.

Murdered by a Barber.

NEW YORK, April 5.—During a general row in a barber shop on Third avenue, between Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth streets, Antonio Mannoni was stabbed and killed by Antonio Mannoni, a barber, who claims that Murphy first struck him in the face.

Mrs. Stephenson,

32 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything required.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, BUCKEYE, ROYAL, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. GROCERIES NEW. Full line of HECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. Fresh every day.

Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum and Jelly, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Boneless Ham, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sweet and Sour. Salads, Olives, Lemons, Limes, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Head and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

An Invalid's Terrible Death.

FAIRMOUNT, N. J., April 5.—Mrs. Carrie Young, aged 40 years, was burned to death in her rooms on North West street, this city. The woman had been ill for several days and was confined to her bed. Some time in the hour Thursday night by friends. She had left her bed and attempted to walk with a lamp in her hand, when, being overcome by weakness, she fell and her clothing caught fire and she was slowly roasted to death. The floor was very little burned. Nobody discovered the flames nor knew of the woman's death till a boy called on Friday with a message. The woman's husband had deserted her. The charred remains were taken to the morgue.

A $5,000 Judgment for Slander.

CHICAGO, April 5.—Judge Anthony has entered judgment for $5,000 in favor of Mrs. Mary F. Williams against her husband, Aaron S. Williams, in her suit for $25,000 for slander. The action is the first in Cook county where the wife has sued her husband on such a charge, and as may be supposed, the suit is one of many outward signs of exceedingly strained relations between the parties. Mrs. Williams is a retired capitalist, who lives on the west side, and is said to have an income of $10,000. Mrs. Williams is a handsome and cultivated lady about 38 years of age, a granddaughter of Judge Dole, a member of a fashionable west side church.

Murderer "Commander" History.

KINGSTON, N. Y., April 5.—The real name of Frits Cinnamon, who killed Pilot Abernethy in New York, is Frederick Zimmerman. He was born at Rondout, where his father still resides. He followed the Delaware and Hudson canal, was a reckless character and figured in the local criminal courts. He is now a fugitive from justice, having left town to escape arrest for a robbery committed in 1884. Abernathy was known here as a quiet and peaceable man. His funeral took place from St. Joseph's church today.

Governor Goodell Improving.

HARTFORD, April 5.—Dr. E. G. Dearborn, of this city, and Dr. Lewis Christie, the family physician of Governor Goodell, made a thorough examination and found the governor's condition much improved. His temperature is normal, and as he appeared, the use of his limbs has been in a measure regained and he sleeps better. His chances for recovery seems favorable. The doctors advise him to keep his mind from all business matters.

The Deceased Was Michael Moore.

BOSTON, April 5.—The body of the man who on Wednesday evening last fell from the Boston and Lowell railroad bridge into the Charles river and was drowned in the presence of a number of others who made no rescue him were unavailing, was recovered today and identified as that of Michael Moore, aged 40, of Medford. He leaves a widow and an infant child.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

Office 30 Door Street, North Plainfield.

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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,

where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stockings, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Corsets, Bustles,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles, All Qualities, All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING

AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

Newspaper Men Choose Officers.

HARTFORD, April 5.—At the annual meeting of the Connecticut Press association in this city the following officers were elected: President, Thomas D. Weaver, of The Hartford Post; vice president, Francis Atwater, of The Meriden Journal; secretary and treasurer, W. U. Countryman, of Hartford; executive committee, Edmund Wood, T. W. Wood, of The Bridgeport Post. The trustees of the Stevenson fund are Col. L. L. Morgan, of The New Haven Register, and Hon. W. H. Hamersley and A. H. Holt, of The Hartford Post.

A Fatal Boyish Quarrel.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., April 5.—John Aldridge, aged 18, and William Gleason, aged 17, are work employees, had a boyish quarrel on Main street, which resulted in Gleason being struck on the head with a "shoe" coating wielded by Aldridge. Gleason died thirty minutes after he was struck. Aldridge was arrested, but declines to make a statement. He is a brother of Miss Bettie Aldridge, who died in the arms of George Jahal, her lover, some months since. It is believed another of Gleason was unlawfully provoked.

Was "Jersey Jim" Murdered?

NEWARK, N. J., April 5.—The body of a man known as "Jersey Jim" was taken out of the Italian dive of Nicholas Bike last night about 11 o'clock by the police. The police arrested Bike and four others of his countrymen and are now searching for the body of "Jersey Jim." It is asserted that he was stabbed to death.

A Rebellion Under the Old Law.

NEWARK, N. J., April 5.—The supplementary election here today for a representative is being held under the old voting system. Through an oversight the law organizing the old voting system was not made to apply to such elections and the defect was corrected, but not in time to make provision for today's election.

Nearly One Hundred Girls on Strike.

HAMPOND, Conn., April 5.—Between seventy-five and a hundred girls, employed by Russell & Erwin's screw works in New Britain, are on strike for uniform wages, instead of the present graded system.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1564.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Albert, P. O. Box 1090.

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Mlle. Virouz, Graduate Virouz and Credaner, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York, Plainfield Union Academy, Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residence. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34th street. 9-28-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violoncello, 12 years student, Leipsic conservatory. Instruction in singing wanted. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Rest of reference, P. O. Box 293. 4-5-1y

MISS C. L. HELLWIG,

A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the Royal Academy of Dresden, Germany, has opened a gymnasium in the Union school, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, also a class for beginners. Calisthenics and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. L. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1yr

MISS NETTIE MATTESON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her home or at pupil's residence. Very low terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1091.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

D. M. S. SIMPSON,

50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 63-1y

DR. [illegible],

Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 5, and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. H. SEE,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, Court House, City. Residence, No. 108 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

ALLISON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REID,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRANE,

Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 1 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to any parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Spruce streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,

Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Important and Tenney Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.

FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purse.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

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The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, President. S. W. V. MOY, Gen. and Treas.

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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE.

45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their kind, and are sold at the popular price of 50 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs obtainable. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacists Only.

When You Are Well

you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, handkerchief extracts, bath sponges, tooth brushes, nail brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

DON'T FORGET

WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

J. P. Laire & Co.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Stoves, Ranges, and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Travis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET.

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

and One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $10 each.

I. S. CRANE'S,

Hatter and Furnisher, 13 Park Avenue.

SIGNED BY DAVID B. HILL

The Corrupt Practices Bill Receives His Approval.

THE GOVERNOR'S MEMORANDUM.

The Boys Made Good Will Result from the Act—A Blow at Bribery and Other Evils—Workingmen and the Political Pay Envelope.

ALBANY, April 5.—Governor Hill filed the following memorandum with Senator Saxton's bill entitled "An act to amend title 5 of the penal code relating to crimes against the elective franchise," which was signed by him last evening:

"This bill is generally known as the 'corrupt practices act.' It illustrates what enlightened legislation is possible where a sincere effort to serve the public good is manifested rather than merely a desire to embarrass the executive. The principal provisions of the measure were first recommended in my annual message a year ago, and were incorporated in the Linson electoral reform bill of that year. Unfortunately for the public welfare, however, when proposed in the legislature by the minority they were rejected by a party vote. That a measure once again urged in my annual message of the present year, and having afterward been inserted in this bill (Mr. Saxton's), they received a unanimous vote in both branches of the legislature.

"It thus appears that the proposition which was rejected when presented by Mr. Linson, one of the minority, was adopted when put forward by Mr. Saxton, one of the majority.

Political Pay Envelopes.

"The most valuable provisions of the bill consist of the prohibition of 'political pay envelopes' and coercion by which thousands of workingmen were intimidated in the recent presidential election, and the requirement that candidates for all offices shall file within ten days after such election a verified statement in detail of their election expenses, in default of which they shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and the commission forfeit his office. I am clearly of the opinion that this feature of the bill will have been considerably strengthened had the clause warranto provisions of the Linson bill been added, by which proceedings for ousting the successful candidate in case of fraud might be brought by the candidate receiving the next highest number of votes. Without the necessity of a previous criminal conviction, provided it appeared that neither the contesting candidate nor his political agents or committees had used any corrupt means to promote his election.

It Would Encourage Prosecutions.

"Juries will find a verdict in a civil action, the effect of which will oust a man from his office when in a criminal action, when they would not convict him of a crime upon the same evidence. This, as I said in my recent annual message, would encourage prosecutions, and put a premium upon honest candidacy. In England this feature is regarded as having accomplished more for the purification of elections than any other reform that has been tried.

A Blow at Bribery.

"The bill also embraces two other material features. It makes criminal offenses of a large number of improper practices affecting the purity of elections not covered by existing statutes and contains definition and broader descriptions of persons offenses, so as better to secure their punishment.

"Such provisions that any person convicted of bribery under the act shall, in addition to any other punishment prescribed therein, be excluded from the right of suffrage for a period of five years after such conviction. This is a new and most important provision and may be productive of most excellent results.

Legislature and Executive.

"The whole measure, so far as it goes, is meritorious and if enforced and sustained by an active, vigilant and enlightened public sentiment is capable of accomplishing some practical and genuine reform. If all the alleged reform bills passed by the legislature were so carefully and honestly framed and advocated as the one before me appears to have been there would be less conflict between the legislative and executive. The measure is cheerfully approved.

"DAVID B. HILL."

For the Amateur Championship.

NEW YORK, April 5.—At a meeting of the Amateur Athletic union last night the committee on baseball announced the following teams entered for the championship: Manhattan, New York, Berkley, New Jersey Boston, Detroit and Michigan.

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers..... $1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped $1.50, $2.25 2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats.. 2.50, 3.00, 3.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $1.50 to 8.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular.. .15
Children's " " " .15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves..... 25c
4-Button Kid Gloves..... 49, 60, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson Says It Is a Success.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson, of Iowa, said in an interview that the prohibition law had been a success in the large cities of his state. "It has had seven years' trial," he said, "and while it has proved an admirable law for the agricultural counties and the smaller towns, it has failed to beat the public opinion to enforce itself in the larger cities and in the counties on the Mississippi river, which are largely settled by people of European birth. It is an open fact that it cannot be enforced in such localities without a state constabulary, which the temper of the Iowa people would never permit. The legislature is endeavoring in these localities to secure enforcement as would ever be permitted by a free people.

"The Republican party has never been united in support of the measure. As many as 80,000 or 90,000 Republicans have been opposed to it, but have gone along with its enforcement and given the experiment trial. Now that it has been tried seven years and has failed in part, they insist that the law should be amended so as to give prohibition in the 99 per cent of Iowa where public opinion favors and enforces it, but that some other methods of regulating and repressing the traffic should be given to the 20 per cent of the state where experience shows that it cannot be enforced."

Mr. Clarkson indorses the action of the Iowa conference of Anti-Prohibition Republicans in everything but in demanding a silent platform. He believes the present legislature should modify the prohibition laws.

Ten Cars Injured.

ST. LOUIS, April 5.—At the south bound Omaha fast mail on the Wabash road on rounding a curve a short distance from the St. Charles (Mo.) depot Friday night the train was derailed, five cars going into the ditch. The train consisted of a mail and express car, a smoker, chair car and two sleeping cars. The entire train rolled down the steep embankment while going thirty miles an hour. W. R. Bishop, of this city, had his right leg broken. In all about ten passengers were injured, but none seriously. Among those that first always were Grand Secretary Allen McDowell, of the Free Masons of Missouri, and Judge Theodore Brace, of this city. The accident is attributed to the bad condition of the track. No serious shock; L. Romiter, St. Louis, badly bruised about face and head.

Wholesale Shooting in Kentucky.

FLEMINGSBURG, Ky., April 5.—Lawless men and vigilance men again made their appearance in Rowan county. The United States revenue men made a raid a week ago, destroying various stills, and things have been comparatively peaceable thereafter for them and the people who are thought to have given the government information. Ephraim Cooper has been shot from ambush by an unknown man. Dave Bumgartner and Sim Cooper were both killed in a fight Friday, and George Hogg, son of the sheriff, was shot yesterday. Young Hogg was fatally shot by Tarpliver and very seriously wounded. Nelson Egge was called to his door Tuesday and shot.

Killed by a Falling Viaduct.

CHICAGO, April 5.—Robert Wilson was instantly killed and Frederick Goldberg badly hurt by the falling of a viaduct in the Union Stock yards. Both men were employed by the Stock Yards company as carpenters, and with a score of men were engaged in erecting about forty feet of a viaduct that runs through the company's property. The work was almost finished when a support gave way and a heavy timber falling struck Wilson on the head, pinning him to the ground and causing instant death. Goldberg, who was working with Wilson, was struck by a falling timber and knocked some distance.

George Dixon Challenged.

NEW YORK, April 5.—To: Police Gazette has received a cable gram from the Orrinoke club, of London, offering a $5,500 purse for a spar-off between Nunc Wallace, [illegible] and George Dixon, of Halifax, for the championship of the world.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 618 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Trade Marks procured. Terms moderate. All patent business conducted for moderate fees. Information, advice, and special reference sent on request. 19-19-1f

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Ezra Langhorne, 37 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for children's classes. New term commences 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 37 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 4-1-1m

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 998. Telephone call 36.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

A BIG RAILROAD DEAL.

A Report That the Vanderbilts Have Bought the Mackey System.

LOUISVILLE, April 5.—The Times says: Advices have been received from New York that the Vanderbilts have bought the Mackey railroad system. The system embraces the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis Air line; the Evansville and Indianapolis; Evansville and Terre Haute; Evansville and Evansville; the Toll City and Canalton, the Illinois and St. Louis and the Bridgeport, Jasper and Mount Vernon railroads, in all 500 miles. In regard to this reported deal Mr. J. C. Fawcett, a railroad contractor of this city, said last night:

"I met Mr. Mackey at Cincinnati Thursday that the Vanderbilts had bought the Evansville, Wabash and Michigan road from Mr. Mackey, and I have excellent reasons to believe it is true. But I do not know as to the other roads of the Mackey system. The Michigan lines would be a good feeder for the 'Big Four,' and as the latter has to pay tribute to Chicago to get into Indianapolis the road would be useful to them."

General Manager Evans, of the Mackey system, has left the city, and there was no official of the road in Louisville to learn to be interviewed. Mackey has for some time been negotiating for the purchase of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, but it is not known if he has yet secured control of that road.

A Very Eccentric Optician.

OLEVAND, O., April 5.—The little city of De Witt had a mad but genuine opinion from the southwest yesterday. Its path was but a rod or two in width, but several hailstones measured seven inches around and sidewalks transplanted. A curious feature was the transplanting of a heavy porch from the front to the rear of a residence, leaving the front steps intact. A few rods on either side of the storm center scarcely a breath of air was discernable. No one was injured but the property damaged was considerable.

The Election at Providence.

PROVIDENCE, April 5.—Returns have been received from all the towns in the state except Central Falls, which gives a Republican majority of 1,000. The Republican majority in the state will be about 2,000. The Republicans have elected their entire state ticket by a majority of about 2,000. The Republicans have elected 72 members of the house of representatives and 34 senators. The Democrats have elected 28 members of the house of representatives and 4 senators. The Republicans have elected 72 members of the house of representatives and 34 senators. The Democrats have elected 28 members of the house of representatives and 4 senators.

He Walked on the Track.

CRESTON, Pa., April 5.—Antrim Osborne, aged 72 years, a retired and well known manufacturer, who resided at Rose Valley and at one time operated woolen mills there, was killed yesterday afternoon on the West Shore railroad at Media station. He was walking on the railroad and an approaching train struck him, killing him instantly.

A Chase After Horse Thieves.

DENVER, Colo., April 5.—A Cheyenne (Wy.) dispatch says: All of the northern sheriffs are at full cry on the trail of a desperate gang of wholesale horse thieves. The freebooters, finding themselves closely pursued, made a bold attempt to run the gauntlet by an unknown man. Bob Baumgartner and Sim Cooper were both killed in a fight Friday, and George Hogg, son of the sheriff, was shot yesterday. Young Hogg was fatally shot by Tarpliver and very seriously wounded. Nelson Egge was called to his door Tuesday and shot.

Killed by a Falling Viaduct.

CHICAGO, April 5.—Robert Wilson was instantly killed and Frederick Goldberg badly hurt by the falling of a viaduct in the Union Stock yards. Both men were employed by the Stock Yards company as carpenters, and with a score of men were engaged in erecting about forty feet of a viaduct that runs through the company's property. The work was almost finished when a support gave way and a heavy timber falling struck Wilson on the head, pinning him to the ground and causing instant death. Goldberg, who was working with Wilson, was struck by a falling timber and knocked some distance.

George Dixon Challenged.

NEW YORK, April 5.—To: Police Gazette has received a cable gram from the Orrinoke club, of London, offering a $5,500 purse for a spar-off between Nunc Wallace, [illegible] and George Dixon, of Halifax, for the championship of the world.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
37 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYER'S
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Cable dispatches from London and St. Petersburg indicate the existence of very serious trouble in Russia and confirm the reports of the cattle disease.

"La Fusion," a mystic poem in six parts, by Edmond Haraucourt, was read at the Cirque d'Hiver in Paris, by Sarah Bernhardt, Phillipps Garnier and M. Dumeny. Bernhardt represented the Virgin Mary and Garnier and Dumeny, Christ and Judas Iscariot respectively. The audience damned and hissed, the hissers being finally ejected from the theatre.

The police of Gatschina, Russia, have discovered explosives on the grounds of the imperial palace there. The Czar in consequence renounced the idea of going there to finish Lent.

Senator Beck, of Kentucky, says the report that he intends to resign is unfounded.

The Republicans of Bridgeport, Conn., have nominated ex-Mayor Jones for mayor; John Carr, for city clerk; Frederick Bonnell, for collector, and Charles Wilson for town clerk. The election takes place April 7.

Miss Shipley's Friends Surprised.

STAUNTON, Va., April 5.—The news of the arrest in Philadelphia of Miss Mary Bickley Shipley on charges of shoplifting created great surprise in Staunton, where Miss Shipley is well known and highly respected. The prisoner was sent to a lawyer of this city, now in Washington, to go to Philadelphia and defend Miss Shipley, and some of her neighbors will attend the trial to testify to her character. Miss Shipley and Miss Howard were separated from her parents, and during her early life she worked as a bonnet trimmer. In 1870 her parents were reunited and they moved to Mount Meteal, Huron county. Soon after they discovered her they died, leaving her a fortune of $35,000. This money was invested for her, and she has been living on the income from the investment. She has always been rather eccentric, and her friends think her mind is affected.

To Elect Senators by Popular Vote.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Representative Henderson (Ia.) has introduced in the house a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing for the election of senators by qualified voters of the states. The resolution was referred to the judiciary committee. About a dozen such resolutions have been introduced this session. The judiciary committee has referred them to a sub committee with instructions to report a substitute, and it is probable that the sub-committee will be heard from at the next meeting of the full committee, which takes place on Tuesday.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Most Corn Killer on Earth; removes them entirely; prevents others coming; makes hard and soft corns disappear; leaves feet clean and healthy. Ask your druggist for it. Take no substitute. Sold by druggists. 25 cents.
W. T. BRIGGS & CO., Proprietors, Cincinnati, O.

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
H. A. POPE,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

DICKINSON
18 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near P. 10-18tf

SEE THE COMPARISON.
EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Pig-pen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.
N. B. Smalley's, Lear at any Price,
94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

EVERYBODY VOTED.

Hudson County Dead Men Who Deposited Their Ballots.

JERSEY CITY, April 5.—At the investigation of the senate committee into the Hudson county frauds the First district received the attention of Mrs. Annie Colling, of No. 276 Warren street, testified that William O'Brien and Charles Donohoe are strangers to her: that James Collins, her father, died in 1880, and that her brothers, James and John, are minors. All these names were on the list of voters.

Mrs. Mary Ann Tears O'Brien testified that Barry, Jerome Fagan and Mary Walsh did not reside at No. 289 Warren street. Charles J. Carroll knew that T. Lofts voted after death, but could not say how long. In the First district the Tribune has in its employ many amusing stories. A calculation showed that 365 illegal votes had been cast on fictitious names, and 365 of people who had removed or were dead.

The Democratic and the Republican city executive committees of this city have appointed a joint committee who have agreed to suppress intimidation and fraud at the polls this election.

Churchill to the Press.

LONDON, April 5.—Lord Randolph Churchill has written a second letter to the press in which he declares that Gladstone has not had purchase bill in a tranquillizing and pacifying measure. On the contrary, he asserts, it is certain to lead to jealousy and rejection of rent among tenants whom the landlords refuse to sell. Five years of continuous repudiation, he believes, will exhaust the contingent guarantees, and leaving Ireland into a state of anarchy never contemplated.

A Masonic Decision.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 5.—A special to the Tribune from Grand Rapids, Mich., says: In the famous case of the Cornean Scottish rite against the Grand lodge of Iowa, Judge Preston has overruled a motion for a dismissal of the bill of complaint on the alleged grounds that the court had no jurisdiction in the matter, the Cornean Scottish rite not being an incorporated body. The Cornean people consider this a decisive victory.

A Prominent Jersey Mason's Suicide.

NEWARK, N. J., April 5.—David S. Baldwin, a past grand commander of the Knights Templars of New Jersey, committed suicide yesterday by blowing off his head in the cellar of his house in this city. He was 74 years of age, and the act was due to sufferings from facial neuralgia.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 20 Somerset Street.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
40 North Avenue.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:00, 9:30, 11:40 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 5:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.;

Direct packets to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:40 p. m. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., close 1:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 9:30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m., and 5 to 6 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 9:30 p. m. to overcast mail.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the general delivery window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 2:37, 6:00, 7:15, 8:00, 8:30, 9:07, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Leave New York, from Liberty street at 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m., 12:40 night. Leave New York, from Cortlandt street at 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:00, 8:05, 9:35, 11:05 a. m., 1:30, 3:45, 5:20, 7:00, 8:30, 10:45 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6:45, 7:50, 9:20, 10:50 a. m., 12:15 p. m., 2:45, 4:35, 6:05, 7:45, 9:15 p. m., 12:45 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:00, 9:07, 9:30 a. m., 1:00, 4:00, 5:20 p. m. Leave Easton at 6:45, 10:45 a. m., 2:45, 6:05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 2:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

2:37 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

5:00 a. m. For Washington, Foxon, Bangor, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Pen Argyl, Wind Gap, Nazareth, Bath, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg.

7:15 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

8:00 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

8:30 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

9:07 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

9:30 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

10:00 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

10:30 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

11:00 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

11:30 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

12:00 m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

12:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

1:00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

1:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

2:00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

2:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

3:00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

3:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

4:00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

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10:00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

10:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

11:00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

11:30 p

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Collection of Curious Facts and Out-of-the-Ordinary Information.

The Bibles of the world are the Koran of the Mohammedans, the Tri Pitties of the Buddhists, the Five Kings of the Chinese, the Three Vedas of the Hindoos, the Zendavesta, and the Scriptures of the Christians.

The Koran is the most recent of the five, dating from about the Seventh century after Christ. It is a compound of quotations from both the Old and New Testaments and from the Talmud. The Tri Pitties contain sublime morals and pure aspirations. Their author lived and died in the Sixth century before Christ.

The sacred writings of the Chinese are called the Five Kings, the word "kings" meaning rows of cloth. From this it is presumed that they were originally written on five rolls of cloth. They contain wise sayings from the sages on the duties of life, but they cannot be traced further back than the Eleventh century before our era.

The Vedas are the most ancient books in the languages of the Hindoos; but they do not, according to the best authorities, antedate the Twelfth century before the Christian era.

The Zendavesta of the Persians, next to our Bible, is reckoned among the most ancient and the greatest and most learned of the sacred writings. Zoroaster, whose sayings it contains, lived and worked in the Twelfth century before Christ. Moses lived and wrote the Pentateuch 1,500 years before the birth of Christ. Therefore that portion of our Bible is at least 300 years older than the most ancient of other sacred writings. To this summary The Orange Journal adds that the Eddas, a semi-sacred work of the Scandinavians, was first given to the world in the Fourteenth century.

Marine Signals.

Here are some of the signals which the international code conference at its recent meeting in Washington decided to recommend for adoption by all maritime nations, the object being to establish a system of communication that will be everywhere understood:

Upon the discovery of a wreck by night the life saving force will burn a red pyrotechnic light or a railrocket to signify: "You are seen; assistance will be given as soon as possible."

A red flag waved on shore by day, or a red light, red rocket, or red Roman candle displayed by night, will signify: "Haul away."

A white flag waved on shore by day, or a white light displayed by night, and forth, or a white rocket or white Roman candle fired by night will signify: "Black away."

Two flags, a white and a red, waved at the same time on shore by day, or two lights, a white and a red, slowly swung at the same time, or a blue pyrotechnic light burned by night, will signify: "Do not attempt to land in your present position. It is dangerous."

A man on shore, beckoning, by day, or two torches burning near together, by night, will signify: "This is the best place to land."

Any of these signals may be answered from the vessel as follows: In the daytime, by waving a flag, a handkerchief, a hat, or even the hand; by night, by firing a rocket, a blue light, or a gun, or by showing a light over the ship's gunwale for a short time and then ceasing it.

Nicknames of Noted Americans.

Almost every man of prominence gains some soubriquet which is ever afterward connected with his name. Among early notabilities of our country Benjamin Franklin gained the nickname of "Poor Richard," because for some time he conducted the famous publication called "Poor Richard's Almanac." John Randolph was called the "Political Mimic" of congress, because of his tall, slender form, his shrill voice and his long, bony fingers. George Washington is everywhere known as the "Father of his Country." John Adams was styled "The Colossus of the Continental Congress." The name explains itself. Thomas Jefferson was called "The Sage of Monticello," because of his many talents. John Quincy Adams was known as "Old Man Eloquent" because of his ability to debate during his old age. Andrew Jackson is everywhere known as "Old Hickory." I cannot recall the origin of the name at present. Martin Van Buren, because of his sly, cunning ways, was called "The Fox of Kinderhook." William Henry Harrison was called "Old Tip," because of his bravery in the battle of Tippecanoe. Zachariah Taylor was the hero of the Mexican war, and the soldiers admiringly called him "Old Rough and Ready," because of his brave, determined spirit. James Buchanan was not married, consequently he was called the "Bachelor President."

The Speed of Thought.

The expression "as quick as thought" is a common one, and a writer who evidently likes to be accurate in his statements of comparisons as to how quick thought really is. He finds that it takes about two-fifths of a second to call to mind a certain city which a well known town is situated, or the beginning of which a familiar author wrote. We can think of the name of next month in half the time we need to think of the name of last month. It takes, on an average, one-third of a second to add numbers consisting of one digit and half a second to multiply them. It takes longer to mention a month, when a person has been given, than to say to what season a month belongs. The time taken up in choosing a motive, the "will time," can be measured as well as the time taken up in perceiving. If I do not know which of two colored lights is to be presented, and must lift my right hand if the red one, and my left if it be blue, I need about one-third more of a second for the motion.

Toilet Creams and Pastes.

A cream made with oil of almonds is a good substitute for almond paste, but does not whiten the skin as much, though it softens it. To make this, mix half an ounce each of white wax and spermaceti; melt and add four ounces; orange or elderflower water, two ounces. Before adding the latter, subdivide the ingredients as grated bees wax, when liquid, add the orange water and stir gently. Stand in cold water to cool. Cold cream made from hogs lard is good to soften the skin, when it becomes flabby and wrinkles soon form. Emollients are of two kinds, namely, those which lie on the skin add form a poultice, and those which are of a light and mature nature readily penetrate and lift up the pores. These latter should be avoided; therefore the almond paste and the cold cream of almonds should be selected in preference.

Longest Cantilever Span in United States.

Apropos of the great cantilever railway structure of modern times—the lately completed Forth bridge of Scotland—it may be mentioned that the longest railroad bridge span in the United States is the cantilever span in the Poughkeepsie bridge over the Hudson river—546 feet.

The Sentiment of the Golden Rod.

It is an ancient custom to attribute to flowers the power to express sentiments of love, affection and honor. In this graceful language the golden rod stands for encouragement.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

POPULAR SCIENTIFIC RECREATIONS AND USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.

An Experiment in Mechanical Physics Which Any Reader May Try—How the Point We Call the Center of Gravity Acts.

Numbered with pleasing experiments in mechanical physics is the one of lifting a glass bottle full of water by means of a wisp of straw. The straw is bent forward before being inserted in the bottle of water, so that when it is lifted the center of gravity is displaced and brought directly under the point of suspension.

LIFTING A BOTTLE WITH A SINGLE STRAW.

The illustration plainly shows the method of operation. Having now seen how this point we call the center of gravity acts, we will briefly explain it. The center of gravity of a body is that point in which the sum of the forces of gravity, acting upon all the particles, may be said to be united. We know the attraction of the earth causes bodies to have a property we call weight. This property of weight presents upon every particle of the body, and acts upon them as parallel forces. For if a stone be broken all the portions will equal the weight of the stone; and if some of them be suspended, it will be seen that they hang parallel to each other, so we may call these weights parallel forces united in the whole stone, and equal to a single resultant.

Now, to find the center of gravity we must suspend the body, and it will hang in a certain direction. Draw a line from the point of suspension and suspend the body again; a line drawn from that point of suspension will pass through the same place as the former line did, and so on. That point is the center of gravity of that suspended body. If the form of it be regular, like a ball or cylinder, the center of gravity is the same as the mathematically counted point. In such forms as pyramids it will be found near the largest mass, viz., at the base, about one-fourth of the distance between the apex and the center of gravity of the base. When the center of gravity of any body is supported, that body cannot fall. So the well known leaning towers are perfectly safe, because their lines of direction fall within the base. The center of gravity is the center of the leaning figure. The line of direction drawn vertically from that point falls within that base; but if the tower were built up higher, so that the center of gravity were higher, then the structure would fall, because the line of direction would fall without the base.

The Very Latest in Phonographs.

The very latest adaptation proposed for the phonograph seems somewhat appalling, and opinions will probably be divided upon the question whether it possesses more advantages or disadvantages. It is a phonographic clock—or, that is to say, in which phonographs may be fitted which will utter any desired words at any given time. For instance, it would call out the quarters in nominable tones, remind one of appointments, announce the dinner, etc., while at public meetings, it is contended, it would be invaluable and better than any chairman. Its cries of "Time" would admit of no appeal.

Cremation in Paris.

The cremation furnace in Pere-Lachaise cemetery, Paris, has lately been completed. The scale of charges for the use of it is reported to have been fixed at 50 francs (about $9.50), which sum includes the keeping in the columbarium of the funeral urn containing the ashes for a period of five years.

Easy Method of Preparing Oxygen.

It is proposed by C. F. Gohring to prepare pure oxygen by adding permanganate of potash to peroxide of hydrogen rendered slightly alkaline by ammonia. This recommends itself as an easy method, says Popular Science News.

Writing in Moving Vehicles.

The invention shown in the following illustrationby which one can write in a carriage or on the cars without disturbance from the motion, was originally described in London Industries and recently noticed in Popular Science News.

WRITING ON THE CARS.

The writing desk, as shown in the engraving, consists of a light piece of wood, the lower part of which is attached to the arm by an elastic band. The upper part is supported by two cords (not elastic) which are attached to a point at some distance above the writer's head. By this arrangement, all movements of the vehicle, paper, and fingers are rendered synchronous, or occur at the same moment in the same direction.

Every one who has tried to write on the cars knows what an exasperating and unsatisfactory operation it is, and this simple little device—which can be made by any one, and carried in an ordinary handbag—will be of great service to those who have occasion to make many railroad journeys.

In sponging to reduce the heat of the body in fever, add alcohol to the water, as its rapid evaporation assists in cooling the skin.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A Little Light on Bacteria, Microbes, Microcosci and Bacilli.

The terms microbes, bacteria, bacilli and microcosci have become almost "household words," and yet even The Pharmaceutical Era confesses to being sadly at sea when questioned regarding their difference in meaning, and quotes some statements made by Mr. F. Davis before the London Chemists' association on the point.

From the freedom with which Mr. Davis uses the termsit would seem that microbes, bacteria and bacilli are the same, and although enthusiasts may apply hair splitting differences, the uninitiated are not thereby concerned.

Mr. Davis describes bacteria as being slender little rods, about one-three-thousandth inch long, and about one-twenty-thousandth inch in diameter.

Microcosci are bacteria of another shape, mostly elliptical, or round, multiplying by simple division.

Bacteria exist in all departments of life. The sulphur beds of India and Peru are produced by bacteria, which reduces the organic matter of the soil to nitrates, which latter then combine with potash or soda. The greenish matter in a suppurating wound is the product of microbes.

Many bacteria appear to be altogether harmless, such as lepothrix buccalis, always present in the saliva. Others are harmless in the saliva and digestive canal, but produce disease if they gain access to the blood through suppurating membranes. Some bacteria *do not materially in the processes of digestion.*

The bacillus of contagious diseases may be found in the body after death. Smallpox, typhoid and the like each has its characteristic bacillus. In some diseases they occur in the blood; in others, in the liver and kidneys, but in all an open question whether the bacteria or their secretions are the immediate cause of the disease.

The Sense of Touch.

The sense of touch is but poorly developed in some people, and the skill that may be acquired through it cannot be appreciated until one sees the blind reading rapidly by the tip of the finger pressed upon raised letters. California Fruitgrower says that nurserymen sometimes becomequite expert in telling varieties of young trees by the touch, when their identity can be distinguished in no other way. It is also quite easy to tell by the touch which trees are about to die, when to all appearance they are perfectly healthy. Some of the largest growers of cut flowers about New York city cut their roses almost entirely by the sense of touch regardless of developement and color, and their flowers always last and bring a good price. Any one of our senses which is not used will eventually become dull and useless. The sense of touch is in no person entirely uncultivated; by a little exercise there will be found remarkable developing powers. When anything perfect is called in question there is a natural impulse to touch the object, showing that nature has intended that sense as a perfecting supplement to sight.

A New Cure for Stammerers.

Stammerers are now advised to keep silent for ten days, then to speak in whispers only for ten days more, and finally to return to the ordinary voice gradually.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

George W. Childs on the Formalities of Dining and Dinner Giving.

Few persons would find more interested listeners when discoursing on the etiquette of dining and dinner giving than Mr. George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, the host of whose elegant hospitality to the highest notabilities of foreign countries, as well as to the most distinguished of his own countrymen, is world wide. His opinions, as gathered in conversation, have lately been reported in Good Housekeeping and from them the following points are gleaned:

There are several reasons why invitations to a dinner party should be accepted or declined, if possible, on the very day they are received, as this will enable the host to invite others in the place of those who may decline.

On the evening in question the guests should make it a point of honor to be punctual. No dilatory person should be waited for more than ten or fifteen minutes.

Before the gentlemen leave their dressing room, the servant in charge gives to each as he passes containing a card on which is written, under his own name, that of the lady whom he is to escort to the table. At the entrance to the dining room he meets the lady who has accompanied him to the house and both descend to the drawing room. In passing down the staircase, the gentleman either takes the side next the balustrade or precedes the lady. Gentlemen do not now wear gloves, but full dress is always considered necessary, the only variation being, if a gentleman is in mourning he wears a black instead of a white necktie.

Meanwhile host and hostess wait near the door of the drawing room in order to welcome the coming guests. On entering this room or the dining room, the lady may take either the left arm of her escort or the right, according to one is accustomed, but on most occasions the left arm should be given to a lady.

It is frequently necessary to introduce a gentleman to the lady whom he is to escort to the table and, at small dinner parties, the envelops containing the names of those who are to sit side by side is omitted. In that case, a word from the host to each gentleman is sufficient.

The custom of "roof introductions," as they are termed, is not yet instituted in this country, but to my mind they are an inadequate species of hospitality. There is no reason why all who assemble at the same time and place should not know each other. Intimacy is another and a different thing; but Christian courtesy teaches that introductions are incumbent on those who would entertain at their house. Why not invite people to meet Surely, to give them pleasure. And what pleasure can it be to converse with a fellow guest concerning whose name, tastes, habits and interests we may possibly know nothing?

When dinner is announced by the butler to the host, the latter rises and leads the way to the dining room, in company with the guest of honor, the eldest lady present, the rear being brought up by the hostess, on the arm of the gentleman of most prominence. It goes without saying that host and hostess sit opposite each other in the center or at the ends of the table, with the honored guests at the right of each.

Menus are out of date except at large dinners. Two or three copies of the menu, written on pasteboard tablets, are sometimes passed from hand to hand.

There has been introduced a fashion which gives quite a variety to the entertainment. When the dinner is partly over, previous to the removal of the plates, if any special course, at a signal from the host any gentleman may change his seat with another, either near him or at a distant table. This breaks up monotony and promotes social converse.

Ladies and gentlemen withdraw from the table together, or, as is often the case, the gentlemen arise and the ladies retire, leaving the gentlemen to smoke. Guests are expected to leave by or before 11 o'clock.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Decorative Novelties of the Season—Revival of Old Fashioned Fancy Work.

One of the novelties for the spring is silk, 22 inches wide, in all the season's new art colors, viz., Nile green, flame color, maynolia, old rose, old pink, Etison blue, Eiffel red and pink heliotrope, which may be used for curtains and light draperies with charming effect.

For sash curtains, which are more used than ever, there are silk grounds, with satin lines thrown over, all in two shades of the same color; again, there are hair line stripes, with moons and crescents scattered between. Floral designs and geometrical figures predominate in this season's goods, while metallic colorings are shown in all the choicest fabrics.

Pillow rolls are round, fluffy affairs, stuffed with hair or down, with cords attached at each end, to fasten securely to rattan chair, steamer chair, etc. These are shown in muslin and silk, the covers being fulled on in long, slender divisions running to a point at each end. They are filled with basket powder, and are the necessary accompaniment to luxurious repose. The barrel pillows are shaped like a barrel, with round ends and stavelike sides. There are long and square pillows for sofas and divans in muslin and silk, and flat fluffy discs, sixteen inches in diameter, which are for chair seats. These are all done up in the newest art materials to match any furniture or room.

Many ladies will be glad to know that the old fashioned Berlin wool work and cross stitch embroidery is coming into vogue again. Panels for the wall and screens with the designs worked all ready for filling in are shown.

Gauze silks, printed in gilt, are very popular for draping mirrors, the new art colors are extremely handsome and will be found to harmonize with the surroundings in any room. For dining rooms leather hangings with cut fringes are very much used.

The above are among novelties noted in the shops by Decorator and Furnisher.

A Rich Lemon Pudding.

Cream half a pound of butter with half a pound of sugar, add two tablespoonfuls of rose water, the juice of two lemons and the grated yellow rind of one, and five eggs; mix thoroughly, and bake slowly in a puff paste or crust until the crust is done and the contents a firm jelly.

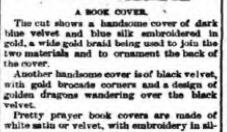
Orange pudding is made by substituting oranges for lemons in the above receipt.

Chocolate Pie.

Chocolate pie may be made with the yolks of two eggs, three tablespoonfuls of corn starch, four tablespoonfuls of chocolate, six tablespoonfuls of sugar. Mix all together and *stir into a pint of boiling water. Make the* crust and bake it first. Beat the whites stiff, add powdered sugar, and when the pie is done place the meringue on top and return it to the oven for a few minutes.

Embroidered Covers for Books.

Embroidery on book covers is a pretty species of fancy work in favor nowadays, and not a few ladies have employed some of their leisure moments in fashioning dainty articles of this kind as gifts to friends. These covers are made all in one piece, like a portfolio, and the inside is provided with pockets or flaps, in which the covers of the book are inserted. They should be lined with some strong but flexible material.



A BOOK COVER.

The cut shows a handsome cover of dark blue velvet and blue silk embroidered in gold, a wide gold braid being used to join the two materials and to ornament the back of the cover.

Another handsome cover is of black velvet, with gold brocade corners and a design of golden dragons wandering over the black velvet.

Pretty prayer book covers are made of white satin or velvet, with embroidery in silver.

Periodical covers are more simple. A handsome one is of purple plush, with a spray of golden rod crossing one corner diagonally, while in the opposite corner is worked in violet silk the name—Harper, Century or whatever it may be.

Wood Panels for Art Decorating.

To obtain a hard, smooth, glossy surface on wooden panels for art decorating purposes, dissolve gum shellac in alcohol; add enough drop ivory to make it thick enough to apply with a brush; put on three or four coats; rub down with pottestone; when dry wipe off with a woolen rag, then varnish with a first class thin varnish.

Cheese Straws.

Two ounces of grated cheese (Parmesan, if you can get it), two ounces of butter and two of flour. Mix the cheese, flour, a little salt and cayenne pepper. Rub the butter into the salt all together. Roll out thin six inches long and as thick as a straw. Bake a light brown and serve hot on a napkin (they will be found just as nice cold).

Curried Oysters.

For curried oysters, drain the liquor from one quart of oysters into a saucepan, and add to it one cupful of boiling water, tablespoonfuls of flour and one of curry powder. Mix well and let it come to a boil; then add the oysters and a pinch of salt. Let it boil and serve at once.

Apple Meringue.

Add three beaten eggs to a quart of apple sauce; pour into a pudding dish and bake; when done cool. Whip the whites of two eggs made with the whites of the eggs and powdered sugar.

Useful Odds and Ends.

Plush goods, and all articles dyed with aniline colors, faded from exposure to light, may be much improved by sponging them carefully with chloroform.

To remove spots from marble use a paste *of whiting and benzine.*

Into a solution of gum arabic stir plaster of Paris until the mixture assumes the consistency of cream; apply with a brush to the broken edges of china and join together. This makes a strong cement.

When sold of any kind gets on clothing, use spirits of ammonia to neutralize it and then apply chloroform to restore the color.

A little ammonia in water will remove whitewash from carpets.

A solution of corrosive sublimate (a rank poison) is one of the best things to apply to the rails and cracks in bedsteads to keep out bugs.

The Antiquity of Massage.

Massage was a fine art with the Chinese about the time Moses was performing his plagues for the smokes from Egypt.—Times and Register.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL

Spring and Summer Opening

of

Imported and Domestic Millinery

will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

IT IS NOT QUITE TIME

For us to make our Spring blow out, but we are gradually receiving Invoices, and in a few days we shall have everything. We have bought for Spring and Summer, which will surpass anything ever seen in Plainfield, in Boot and Shoe line.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

A BIG CARPET TRADE!

Edsall of No. 20 West Front street says his Carpet Trade thus far this season is almost throttle that of last year, and notwithstanding the large quantities sold he has an immense stock yet to select from.

The reason we sell at such extremely low prices is because of the large quantities disposed of. Low prices, the best goods and the most desirable styles does the business.

Our large stock of Lower Spring Dress Goods is ready for inspection. If you want to get the latest styles, and the best goods at the lowest prices you will find them in our large assortment.

New Kid Gloves, New Corsets, New Laces, New Hamburgh Edgings, New Ribbons, New Fast-black Hosiery, and in fact New everything. We have never offered a more complete and desirable line of Goods than now.

We show over 30 different styles of new mattings from 12 1-2 cents up. Curtain Poles, in ash, cherry, walnut, antique oak, ebony and brass, in 1 1-2 inch and 2 inch in stock, at low prices.

EDSALL'S 20 West Front Street.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

THOMPSON PARK,

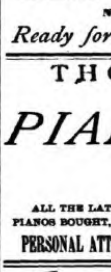
17 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS BRADBURY, BAUS, JACOB BROTHERS.

ORGANS NEWMAN BROTHERS, CHICAGO.

ALL THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC, GENERAL MUSICAL MERCHANDISE. PIANOS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO TUNING AND REPAIRING PIANOS.



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200 Spring Overcoats,

500 Pair Pantaloons,

LATEST STYLES,

Children's Suits, all Prices,

SCHWED BROTHERS,

FINE CUSTOM WORK, 10 PER CENT. LESS THAN CITY PRICES.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

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TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

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NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 75B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

1890. FURNITURE STORE POWLISON & JONES. 34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best at cost. I have good styles, but I sell only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Spring Trade, having a large, fresh stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

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ELECTRICITY

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DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Consumption, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation free. Female attendant for Ladies. 22 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, APRIL 7 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS

EASTER CELEBRATIONS.

PLAINFIELDERS COMMEMORATE THE RESSURECTION.

Churches Deluged With Flowers and Overflowing With Sacred Music.—Beautiful Weather.

The weather tab's in this city was graced with 5's (ish of Easter eggs yesterday in green and shell-designs as various as pleasing. The humblest person was clad in garments as appropriate to the season of Easter and reviving Spring, as his purse would allow. The humblest hung everywhere, piled with the loftiest, in the general celebration of Eastertide.

The weather was that of May save for a vigorous breeze that fanned the cheek into redness and that lent new sparkle to the eye. Both of the day as was not spent out of doors was spent in churches where flowers and music and where sweet music and eloquent sermons brought once again the tender memories and instructive lesson of the resurrection. Below we give the services at various churches:

CHURCH OF OUR SAVIOUR AT SETTERWOOD.

At the Church of Our Saviour the queen of festivals was ushered in by an early celebration of the Holy communion. The church was decorated in good taste, comprising a variety of flowers well arranged. The mid-day service was held at 11 o'clock; when a large congregation filled the church. The music at this celebration was rendered by the vested choir of the church and was led by a quartette of voices from New York. Gilbert's mass in G was given entire with Steiner's anthem, during the offerings, "They have taken away my Lord," Master Richard Simpson taking the solo part. At the children's festival in the afternoon the choral was again rendered by the Sunday-school scholars sang effectively several Easter carols which had been carefully taught them by the ladies of the church. The offerings throughout the day amounted to over one hundred dollars, and the attention shown by the congregation and the heartiness of the services generally, should be most gratifying to the pastor, the Rev. Wm. Simpson, who has in such a short time brought about so successful a work in this interesting parish.

WARREN MISSION CHAPEL.

At the Warren Mission chapel yesterday services were held appropriate to the day. At half-past two o'clock the Sunday-school children met in the lecture room of the Methodist Church, the Superintendent. A programme consisting of recitations, singing, etc., was beautifully rendered by the scholars. The collection of Easter jags followed. The receipts will be devoted to replenishing the library. It is the intention of this mission to build a chapel in the near future, and the present devotional exercises. The singing was by the regular choir led by Councilman M. M. Dunham. The Rev. W. H. Honeyman delivered the principal address and he was followed by Rev. Mr. Bonnell, who read a few verses from his subject, "The Risen Christ." The chapel was beautifully decorated with cut flowers and potted plants. A feature of the afternoon service was the classification of the children in the primary department, each scholar receiving a card bearing the word resurrection. Much credit is due to the floral committee of the Young Peoples' Society for the taste displayed in the decoration.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

Easter Sunday was appropriately observed in St. Mary's Catholic church yesterday. In the morning three masses were celebrated. The first was at 10:45 o'clock and the Rev. F. R. Smyth was the celebrant. During the service Father Stafford preached a sermon on the Resurrection. The decorations were very pretty. The tabernacle on the high altar was draped with tinsel and the altar was literally covered with lilies. In a profusion of cut flowers, and when the candles were lighted the effect was beautiful. A special feature of the occasion was the singing by the new choir which is composed of the following ladies and gentlemen: Soprano—Miss Ivy Flanagan, Miss Julia Day and Miss Josie Shaffer. Alto—Miss Alice Kealy, Miss Tessie Kealy and Miss Maggie Conway. Tenor—Messrs. John O'Rourke, William Reves and John Traynor. Bass—Messrs. James Lanagan, Edward Harding and John Heath. Organist—Prof. Kerfer. Benediction at eight o'clock last evening concluded the service for the day.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The pulpit was occupied morning and evening by the Rev. W. C. Goodrich, D. D., of Jersey City. He took for his morning text Luke 7:2 "There was no room for them in the inn." The sermon was one of exceptional interest and power. The front of the pulpit was hidden by beautiful potted plants. The service of song was as follows: Organ prelude, [allegro, from mass in D, Lambillotte; Old Hundred, choir and congregation; hymn, 239 hymnal, Christ the Lord is risen; anthem, this is the day the Lord hath made, Shackerley; gloria patri, in A, Novis; notices, Christ our passover, Gounod; hymn, 763 hymnal; aria from Messiah, I know that my Redeemer liveth; Mrs. H. C. Bein. Handel; organ postlude, "Hail the glory of the Lord," Handel, D. R. Davis, organist and musical director. In the Sunday-school in the afternoon, Easter cards were given the Sunday school scholars.

CHERRY AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Easter at the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church was observed in a manner suitable to the day. The sermon by the pastor, Rev. Thomas S. Richards, 1Cor. 15:5 "He was seen of Cephas, then of the twelve". It was a sermon of great interest and eloquence. The floral decorations were very tasteful and rich. The special service of song was most excellent and the solos and choruses were well rendered. The choir was composed of the following:

Leader, Mr. J. C. Pierson; organist, Miss Josie Utter. Soprano, Mrs. J. K. Myers, Miss Gussie Hosmer, Miss Alice Greene, alto, Miss Alice Hosmer Miss Jessie Demarest, Miss Ella Demarest, Miss Clara I. Dunn, Miss S. R. Struthers; bass, Mr. A. J. Garrett, Mr. C. A. Bayless, Mr. Alfred Holmes; tenor, Mr. Elmer Runyon, Mr. Geo. Schoonmaker.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY CROSS.

This church was crowded in the morning, chairs being placed in the aisles for the accommodation of the worshipers. The great profusion of flowers were artistically arranged and presented a beautiful effect. Memorial pieces adorned font, pulpit and lectern. The musical portion of the service was very heartily and correctly rendered by the choir, assisted by a number of about forty voices. Mr. Bullard of New York presided at the organ. The rector the Rev. T. Logan Murphy preached an appropriate sermon from 1 Cor: 15: 20 v. "Now is Christ risen from the dead." There was a very large number who partook of the Holy Communion. The afternoon service was for the children of the Sunday school. Many were obliged to stand who could not be provided with seats. The children marched into the church carrying the impossible cross. They preceded by the vested choir singing a processional carol. This service was very interesting. The rector addressed the school, and the superintendent, Mr. Henry R. Phillips made a report as to the work accomplished during the year.

PERSONAL.

Policeman McCue is confined to the house by illness.

Mrs. John Flynn of Scotch Plains, is visiting relatives in Connecticut.

Messrs. Jackson & Codington of this city have been appointed counsel for the Township of Fanwood.

Mr. M. Day, formerly of this city, but now of Brookly, N. Y., is visiting his parents on Cottage place

Mr. Peter Blimm has returned to his home on Somerset street from a brief stay at Summit, N. J.

Miss Katherine Riker of Brooklyn returned home yesterday after a short visit to ex-Councilman Ira Riker of North Plainfield.

Mr. William Pennington and family of Newark spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. George Lewis of Mountain avenue.

On the 16th inst. a musicale will be given at the residence of ex-Councilman S. A. Stone, corner of Broadway and Carleton avenue.

The Young Peonie's League of the First Baptist church will hold a notable at the residence of Mr. Thos. Worth on Grove street North Plainfield Tuesday evening.

Prof. John Fiske lectured in Seminary Hall Saturday evening for the benefit of the Unitarian church. He took for his subject Les Cases. The lecture was well attended and apparently enjoyed by all present.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Clara Dreasbi took place at the German Reformed church yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The Gesang und Turn-ing Society of which Mr. Dreasbi is a member attended in a body.

The University Magazine of March, a monthly edition devoted to collegiate matters gives a full page sketch of Mr. Chauncey B. Ripley of Westfield, and devotes two pages to a description of his many works and a history of his life. The article is headed "Chauncey B. Ripley, LL. D. and his work." The subject of this sketch has been an efficient worker in colleges and universities, continuously, for a quarter of a century, and mainly in the institutions with which he was connected as a student, from which he graduated and from which he has received his scholastic degrees. During this period he has been an examiner of candidates for degrees in the law department of the University of the City of New York and more than five hundred lawyers have passed their final examination for degrees and certificates to practice before committees of which he was a member, as chairman or otherwise. Mr. Ripley, graduated from the law department of the University of the City of New York in 1885 with the degree of L. L. B. and was valedictorian of his class." That follows a history of his life.

Lightning at Work.

During the progress of the thunder-storm which passed over this city this afternoon, lightning struck a house on Spooner avenue occupied by a family named Smoker. It struck the chimney, glanced from that to the roof and then into the ground. The effect was not very great, slightly damaged. The house was filled with smoke which at first led to the supposition that the house was on fire. Investigation showed that the only damage was on the roof. The occupants were badly frightened, but unhurt.

The Men Quit at Noon.

Some months ago the employes of the Fund Machine and Tool Works petitioned for half holidays on Saturdays from the first Saturday in April until September. The firm refused the request stating that on and after the first Saturday in May the employes could quit work at noon. This did not seem to suit the ideas of the petitioners and Saturday at noon 224 of the employes went to their noonday lunch and failed to return to work during the afternoon. The men went to work as usual this morning.

The Hoffmans Discharged.

In the Middlesex County Court tuesday Judge Rice discharged Mary Hoffman and her mother, the women who were arrested at New Brooklyn a few weeks ago, charged with concealing the body of an illegitimate child after its death. The Grand Jury could not find any bill of indictment against the women.

The Miller Case Adjourned.

The second trial in the case of the city vs. Joseph B. Miller who is charged with keeping his barroom open after hours, was to have come up before City Judge Codington this afternoon, but owing to the inability of the Corporation Counsel to attend it was adjourned over for one week.

An Accident on Park Avenue.

An agent for root beer while endeavoring to turn his vehicle around on Park avenue at about one o'clock this afternoon was thrown from the seat of the wagon to the macadamized road. He escaped serious injury. One of the wheels of the vehicle was wrecked.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

AN INTERESTING COMMUNICATION.

Pensions for Soldiers, the Tariff Bill and the President Discussed.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7, 1890.

For many years past some Democratic leaders have been quietly, ingeniously sending their strikers throughout the various towns, precincts and school districts of this country, inducing soldiers to believe that they were entitled to a service pension bill and that if they would send their petitions to Congress such a bill could easily be passed. The men who stood in the way and barred the advance of the Democratic rebel hosts between 1860 and 1865 are growing very old now and many of them are feeble sight unto death. The vast majority of them are very poor, and moreover, the vast majority of them are uneducated men. I was talking to-day to one of the veterans of the Third Iowa Cavalry, whom I knew many years ago at the outbreak of the war as a very bright and promising young man, and he said to me: "Four of the best years of my manhood which ought to have been spent at school, were spent in camp and on the battle field, or in the hospitals, and I am to-day a comparatively ignorant man. I would not ask one cent for my country but I gave up that when I now feel to have been of more importance than life itself, and that is education. I lost an eye and I lost a left arm and the muscles of my right leg are crippled but I do not mind these infirmities half as much as I do the loss of education. I gave up everything for my country and to-day when I am approaching the verge of old age the country is unable to do anything for me because I cannot pass an examination under the Civil Service law but must stand aside for some college graduate who wants a government position. Naturally men of this class are very anxious to receive service pensions, and they have been deceived into a belief that petitions will secure such a pension bill. It is well known here in Washington however, where all matters involving appropriations are considered upon the test-ter of dollars and cents and not upon the matter of patriotism, that a service pension bill could not possibly be passed without adding upon the country a burden more than it could bear. Consequently when a service pension bill is presented to the Senate or the House, it is voted down by an overwhelming majority, and a great many Republicans are obliged to vote against it. Thereupon the Democratic leaders who started the ery for service pensions, come to the front and denounce the Republican party because that party will not use its entire power to pass a bill of this kind. It is mere politics; trickery the best you can make of it, and it is to be hoped that the people may not be deceived by it.

The tariff bill as reported from the Committee on Ways and Means met with the unequivocal approbation of the entire Republican party in the House, and also in the Senate. Certain local interests may induce several members to demand that the bill may be amended in certain important particulars. Nevertheless, the bill, as a whole is regarded as a measure which is as nearly perfect as human parliamentary and political science could make it. It is a bill of economy running all through the bill is the consideration of the interests of the farmers of agriculture, as well as the laborers in the cities and manufactures. The capitalists throughout the country are very much dissatisfied with the McKinley bill and they will appear to be very bitter and. It is a measure however which has been drawn entirely in the interests of the poor people, and the Republican party will see that it is passed not only in the House but in the Senate also.

Now that the Lenten season has passed and society has resumed its sway in the National capital, the White House will be open to public receptions and the people can go and see the President of the United States and his wife; and when that occurs there will be crowds. The people in this city will be very glad to know that they can call at the White House and be received by the President and his wife and her friends, but it must be an awful bore to a busy man who is trying to wrestle with the Republican party, a great problem, to consider the many bills which are placed before him for his approval or disapproval, and decide upon numberless matters of great importance. However, society is inexorable and compels the obedience and obeisance of Kings and Emperors, as well as Presidents.

ARMAT.

—Holden's new carriage repository on West Front street is completed.

—The Board of Education will hold their regular monthly meeting to-night.

—The City Common Council will meet in regular session at eight o'clock this evening.

—Eleven persons were admitted to membership in Westfield Presbyterian church yesterday.

—The new business wagon of Messrs. Marsh & Ayers, the painters, attracts considerable attention.

—The class for Inductive Bible Study conducted by Mr. W. D. Murray will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The Emanuel Baptist Mission of which the Rev. J. N. Mitchell is the pastor has secured Cutler's Hall as a place of worship.

—Lent is over. Now for the wild whirl, whirl, and gayety of fashionable society. Numerous parties are announced for this week.

—Mr. George Orleman has opened a meat market at No. 17 West Front street. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of meat at low prices. See adv.

—Patent leather shoes are to be worn this Summer so the fashion journal tells us. Dunne and Van Arsdale say their assortment can not be beaten even in larger cities.

—The United Tea and Coffee Growers Association say they had 500 customers Saturday evening and wish to thank them for their patronage and solicit further favors. See adv.

The Weekly Payment Bill.

The Committee on Legislation of the Retail Merchants' Association of New Jersey has issued a circular calling on the organized retail trade of the State to appoint a delegation to urge the State Senators to vote for the Weekly Payment bill, which has already passed the House. The trade is urged to act promptly. It is expected the bill will be considered in the Senate to-morrow.

Pond's Team Won.

A lively and interesting foot ball match took place Saturday afternoon between teams chosen from the employes of the Fobd Machine and Tool and the Potter Press Works. The game was played on a vacant lot on South Second street. The former team won by a score of three to two. At its conclusion the teams proceeded to a restaurant and partook of refreshments.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Resolved, that invents a has done more for the world than discovery is the question for debate at the meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

Affirmative, Vincent Rockwell, Lynn Edsall and Frank Ames. Negative James Kimball, A. J. Spicer and Harry H. Lowrie.

—The store windows are filled with Easter novelties.

—Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., will hold a regular encampment to-morrow evening.

—Auction sale of Crockery at Laing's House to night at seven o'clock. H. W. Gibbs auctioneer.

—The four o'clock meeting at Reform Hall yesterday was one of great interest. It was characterised by spiritual prayers and lively testimony.

—The Young Crescents of this city defeated the Young Americans of Dunellen in a game of base ball Saturday afternoon. The score was eight to five. The former nine will play the Young Arlingtons of this city to-morrow morning.

—Moving has commenced. Vehicles of all kinds are pressed into service, from the lumbering four and six horse van to the ash cart. Many families are moving from Plainfield to North Plainfield and vice-versa. Several families are removing to other cities, while new residents are arriving here. Our subscribers, if moving, will save themselves all trouble and annoyance, and receive the News regularly, by notifying us with their past and present addresses at once, so that they may be changed on our books and routes.

—Mary Robert Frobman, who presents her triple bill at Music Hall to-night, arrived in Plainfield this morning, and expressed herself as being delighted at once more appearing before a Plainfield audience. Miss Frobman is a charming conversationalist and most entertaining in manner. She exhibited to interviewers a few of her recently imported costumes from Worth. She referred to the success of her season's tour. The advance sale of seats for the large house is expected that Miss Frobman will greet a crowded house to-night.

Cent-a-Word Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 3-14

A YOUNG GIRL wishes situation where she can learn half the housework. Address Mrs. Pickett, Scotch Plains, N. J. 4-8

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Or. Hill. 4-3tf

100 ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 3-14

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD—A blank Ledger lost. Leave it care of EVENING NEWS.

LOST—Friday evening in the Crescent avenue church, a gold breast pin. Reward given. Return to Shaw's drug store.

PROTESTANT girl wants to do general housework in small family. 161 West Front street.

SWEDISH Girl wants a place as cook and laundress. Wages $15. Call at 28 Second street. 5-8

SETTINGS of eggs of the thoroughbred S. Plein duck for sale. Exhibition strain of Pekin ducks. Plainfield Poultry Yards, 119 Rock view avenue. 5-6*

TWO GIRLS wish situations. One as cook the other as parlor maids girl. Good references. 103 W. Front street.

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large room, No. 31 Somerset street, also stable for four horses in the rear. 3-1f

TO LET—A small house, 39 Park place, North Plainfield. 4-3

WANTED—Experienced saleswoman. Address Dry Goods care of THE EVENING NEWS. 3-5*

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a reliable N. Y. Company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to their employes. Also agents of back salary $40, to enroll members $6,000 now enrolled, $100,000 pay (c). Exclusive territory exchanged. Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Look box 610, N. Y. e m ly

Special Notices.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoons. Class for boys under 12 years Saturday forenoons. For reasonable rates address J. H. COOLEY, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 5-10-1m*

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents secured and Reissues secured. Trade-marks registered. An honest opinion rendered for moderate fee. Information, advice, and special reference sent on request. 12-12-tf

DANCING AND ELOCUTION.

Prof. Seguine's class, 17 Bank Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Class for children Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms, etc., and for a complete Address 32 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 3-14-tf

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

$1.40!

Is Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquett Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $1.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the meantime remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS). THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

EASTER MONDAY, APRIL 7,

MARIE HUBERT FROHMAN in three opposite characters.

FIRST—"ROMANCE".

"King Rene's Daughter" the Blind Princess, a tale of love and chivalry, full of poetry and heroic charm.

SECOND—REALISM.

"Snow Bound"—A touching story of love in the Sierra Nevadas full of tender pathos.

THIRD—COMEDY.

"Palm Cottage"—A dainty French farce of the last country sparkling with wit. Will serve you a trip to Paris.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Wednesday.

NOTICE.

CHARITY BALL,

Tuesday, April 8.

In order to avoid all confusion in arriving and departing from the Hall, the managers have arranged with the Captain of Police. That in coming to the hall all carriages will proceed North Second street, to Front street and after leaving parties at the Crescent will depart by North avenue. In departing from the hall all carriages will form on Penn street south of the Crescent facing the railroad in two lines one on the right side of the street and the other on the left side and wait until called and depart by the left side. All parties interested will take particular notice of this order. The police will be instructed to see no carriage drive up to door from any other direction.

G. W. GRANT, Capt. of Police. 7-2*

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

WE QUOTE A FEW PRICES FOR BENEFIT OF PUBLIC:

Fine Dairy Butter, 18, 20, 25c. per lb.
Fine Elgin Creamery, 28 and 30c. per lb.
Fine Flour (think of it) $1.95 per hundred.
Flemington Hams, 13c. per lb.
Flemington Shoulders, 7c. per lb.

SUGAR AT COST,

We sell for cash, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

29 W. Front St.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-2m*

AUCTION.

Fine Crockery and Glassware.

I have received on consignment a large stock of fine crockery. Consisting of hand-some decorated tea, toilet and dinner sets, together with many pieces that will be sold separately and many regular. Sale will commence to-night at seven o'clock, at Laing's Hall, West Front street and continue every night until the entire lot is sold. Come and get Bargains. H. W. GIBBS, Auctioneer.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers..... $1.69
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped Plaids and Cheviots. $2.50, $3.50 $4.98
Ladies' Spring Coats.. $2.50, $3, $3.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $1.50 to 6.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular. .15
Children's " " " .15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves..... 25c
4-Button Kid Gloves..... 50, 60, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In Chancery of New Jersey.—Between Alonzo G. Conant, complainant, and William C. Butterfield, assignee of Lewis A. Rhoades and others, defendants. By virtue of the above-stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1890,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and State of New Jersey.

Being known and designated on a certain map entitled "Map of property situated on Front, Richmond and Second streets, Plainfield, New Jersey, the property of E. F. Ellis, M. D., &c." as lot number nineteen (19), which is bounded and described as follows to wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Richmond street, distant two hundred and sixty-seven (267) feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Richmond and Front streets, and running thence (1) northerly and parallel with Second street, one hundred and seventy-nine feet and fifty-five hundredths of a foot; thence (2) westerly and parallel with Richmond street fifty (50) feet; thence southerly at right angles to Richmond street one hundred and seventy-nine feet and fifty-five hundredths of a foot to the northerly side of Richmond street; and thence easterly along the said northerly side of Richmond street fifty (50) feet to the point or place of beginning, and also all the estate, right, title and interest of the party of the first part of, in and to the lands lying in front of the above position to and adjoining the above described premises to the centre of the said Richmond street, which premises the said party of the first part hereby releases unto the party of the second part and Edward C. Mulford and wife, and to the heirs and assigns of Edward C. Mulford and wife, and to their use forever.

F. F. GLASBY, Sheriff.

J. B. COWARD, Sol'r. 7-4w
Fee—$9.05. JAEN

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,

where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stockinet, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P.O.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $4.00 PER ANNUM.

EACH BOOK 1. TELEPHONE-61. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

An International Partnership.

Erastus Wiman writes in The North American Review a striking article on the British capital now being invested in American industries at the rate of a million dollars a week. British investments here were in the first place in ranches, mines and mortgages. But the character of investments has undergone a distinct change. Ranching and farm mortgages proved out disastrously. The trend is now strongly in the direction of manufacturing industries.

The new investments began with the wholesale purchase of breweries. A brewers' syndicate has not less than $12,000,000 invested in St. Louis. Then followed rapidly grain elevators and flour mills and iron, steel and other industries.

Warner's patent medicine establishment passed into English hands at a price of three millions and a half.

Mr. Wiman points out the exceeding care which our British cousins take to prevent loss. First they ascertain perfectly the present and past condition of an industry that is offered them That done, when they buy, the new company is incorporated under the local laws of its own state. Men of solid standing in England are chosen as the officers of the company. Finally the American owners of the industry, those who have brought it to prosperity, are in all cases required to retain not less than one-third interest in it still and continue in active management.

The last is a wise and necessary precaution. Our native American population do not take kindly to the business methods of John Bull, especially his lordly assumption of superiority, as certain corporations have found to their cost, when attempting to run their business with British clerks and managers.

In answer to the query why the American proprietors of so many successful business enterprises are willing to sell, Mr. Wiman says that America is the country where capital is most needed. Manufacturing establishments and plants are enlarged at the expense of their capital, and even the largest proprietors are apt to be cramped for money. Therefore they are willing to give capitalists a share in their business. One of the results of the vast influx of foreign capital will be to still more consolidate great business enterprises and diminish competition.

School for Male Nurses.

In connection with the Bellevue Medical college in New York is the only training school for male nurses in the country. There is only one other in the world, and that is in London. Numerous such schools are in the country for training women nurses, but at last it is proposed to let men invade educational courses hitherto deemed sacred to women.

The superintendent of the male nurses' training school is a woman, Mrs. O. S. Willard, who is a graduate of the Bellevue school for female nurses. Six young women graduates of the same establishment give ward instruction to the men, there being no male nurses to be found that are competent to this task. As fast as young men are graduated who can take charge of the ward instruction they take the places of the women. It is said that the women have the greatest difficulty in teaching a man how to put a pillow into a pillow case properly.

To enter the school a man must be of sound health and morals, between the ages of 21 and 35, able to read and write well and keep accounts. He must be also able to read aloud well, which not one American in two hundred can do. The course in the training school lasts two years. There are many applications from men desiring to be pupils.

Sir Henry Ackland, M. D., has come to a conclusion that is not reassuring. It is that the great cities of ancient times—Nineveh, for instance—went to decay and ceased to be inhabited because the soil on which they were built became so permeated with filth that it bred plague and pestilence, and people could no longer dwell therein. It is a fact that there were great cities of the ancient time that for some unknown reason ceased at length to be inhabited, and all their beauty and glory perished. Will the great cities of modern times, London, Paris, New York, Chicago, share the same fate? Will they continue to grow for some centuries yet, and then a plague suddenly arise that shall sweep away their population and leave them empty? Sewer gas and bad sanitation will in time get the better of the strongest and wisest race on the globe.

It is to be hoped that The London Times is prompt pay, and that it will settle speedily the little bill of $25,000 damages it has agreed to pay Parnell for slandering him. After that it is to be hoped we shall hear no more about how Parnell's mother in America is so poor that she goes without fire or sufficient food. Parnell himself is poor and in debt, and The Times' money will be a windfall that only his enemies will grudge to him.

GENERAL RAUM REPORTS

He Explains His Work as Pension Commissioner.

CLAIMS ARE RAPIDLY EXAMINED.

During March 16,376 Pension Certificates were Issued, the Largest Month's Work Ever Performed by the Bureau—The Commissioner's Efforts for Promptness.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Gen. Green B. Raum, commissioner of pensions, Saturday submitted the following report of rapid progress recently made in adjudicating claims:

"Hon. John W. Noble, secretary of the interior.

"Sir—On the 23d of December last I issued an order requiring that an examination of the claims pending in this office should be made, and that all cases which appeared to be complete should be placed upon what I denominated the 'completed files.' As a result of this examination 30,857 cases were placed upon the files, and the adjudicating divisions were required to spend five days in each week in their examination. Some days later I issued a further order which provided that claims would be placed upon the 'completed files' upon the application of the pensioner or his attorney, upon a proper statement of facts showing that the cases were complete.

450 Applications Per Day.

"Since the issuing of that order 25,500 cases have been added to the files placed upon the 'completed files,' in all, 56,357 cases.

"During the past three months 52,239 of these cases have been examined upon; and there now remains but 3,973 cases on the 'completed files' and applications at the rate, upon an average, of 450 per day are received and pending examination on the files. These orders also required that one day in each week should be devoted by the adjudicating divisions exclusively to making calls for additional evidence in pending cases. As a result of this arrangement for the transaction of the business of the office, we are now sending out calls in about 50,000 cases per month, and receiving in about 16,000 per month, so that we are actually handling about 66,000 cases per month.

The Bureau's Largest Month.

"During the month just ended 16,376 pension certificates were issued, being, as I find from the records, the largest month's work ever performed by the bureau. Of these 14,166 were original applications.

"During the past five days 3,540 certificates were issued, of which 3,161 were originals. I take pleasure in informing you that the business of the office is now in such a condition that every claim placed upon the 'completed files' will be taken up and acted upon within five days following the day it is so placed upon the files.

"As the business is now arranged in the office, I will be able, by the last of May, to issue the examining boards from the building in the office on the first day of January last, have every claim allowed that is completed and call for evidence made in those not completed.

Concerning Medical Examinations.

"It is proper to state that I now have a section in each adjudicating division for the purpose of medical examination in all pending claims for increase of pension. These examinations when made will fix the date upon which the increase of pension will begin, when parties are entitled to the same, and in a very short time the work of ordering these examinations will dispose of the accumulated business, after which time the orders for examinations in new cases will be made from day to day, as the cases are filed in the office. Very respectfully,

"GREEN B. RAUM, Commissioner."

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS.

A Forecast of the Business of Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The time devoted to the consideration of the Florida nominations in the senate during the week just ended was taken from the time which would have been devoted to general executive business, as the executive calendar is now pretty well crowded with nominations. To dispose of these will be one of the chief duties of the senate during the week to come. Among those who have announced their intention to speak are Senators Spooner, Evarts, Teller and Dawes on the Republican side, and Senators Vest, Vance, George, Turpie and Jones (Ark.) on the Democratic side of the chamber. Mr. Hale will call up some time during the house bill for the exclusion of the Chinese, which he thinks will lead to little debate. The bill has been amended in the senate committee until very little of the original measure is left. It will probably go through the senate in this form and be determined finally in conference. The pooling appropriation bill may be brought in and put on passage during the week. Beginning today the senate returns to its former hour of assemblage—12 o'clock. Three contested election cases will be taken up and disposed of by the house during the week. In the cases of Bowen against Buchanan from Virginia, and Posey against Parrish from Indiana, the members for the elections committee have united in favoring the sitting member, in each case a Democrat. On Thursday has been set aside for the consideration for the contested case of Waddell against Wise from the Third, or Richmond, district of Virginia. The case will, doubtless, be severely fought in the house. The Republicans of the election committee have decided that Mr. Waddell, a Republican, was elected; Mr. Wise claims that he was elected, while the Democratic members of the elections committee have decided that there was no election, and will bring in a resolution for holding a special election to determine the matter. On Tuesday it is probable that the naval appropriation bill will be called up.

Secretary Blaine Keeps Mum.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The state department is like a clam. It is practically shut up. The officials who are many of news are not at liberty to say anything for publication, and Secretary Blaine, who is, is not to be found. Efforts were made to find out anything about the recent or pending negotiations about the Behring question or the seal fishery question in Behring sea or the prospective negotiations with South American republics have been futile. The state department officials will not even admit that such negotiations are in progress. They have even gone so far as to refuse to affirm that Mr. Charles Tupper was in Washington, when he could be seen any day at the Arlington hotel, from which he has made frequent visits to the residence of Secretary Blaine, built a square distant. In fact, but little or no information of public interest is given out from the state department, and Secretary Blaine, since the death of Walker Blaine, who was the medium of communication between the public and the secretary, has cut off the estimation of many of his warmest friends much reputation by his carelessness about affairs of which the public has a right to be informed.

GEN. CROOK'S SUCCESSOR.

Brig. Gen. Nelson A. Miles the Man and Other Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The president has nominated Brig. Gen. Nelson A. Miles to be major general. Col. Benjamin H. Grierson, Tenth cavalry, was nominated to be brigadier general. Nelson A. Miles was born at Wachusettville, Mass., Aug. 8, 1839. He enlisted as captain of the Twenty second Massachusetts infantry in August or October, 1861. His first act of distinction was in the battle of Fair Oaks, where he was ordered to take command of the Sixty-first Pennsylvania volunteers, the colonel of that regiment having been killed. He acquitted himself so well that he was made lieutenant colonel of the Sixty-first New York volunteers on May 31, 1862. He was appointed colonel in 1862 and commanded the regiment at Fredericksburg. He was severely wounded at Chancellorsville. He was made brigadier general on May 19, 1864, and distinguished himself in the Richmond campaign. He was made a colonel in the regular army in 1869, and in 1869 was transferred to the command of the Fifth infantry. While colonel of the latter regiment he conducted a successful campaign against the Cheyennes and Comanches in 1874.

After Custer's defeat in Montana he was ordered to the command of action at his request. After four years he subdued the Sioux and captured the Nez Percys. For this he was made brigadier general in 1880 and assigned to the department of the Missouri in 1885 and later to the department of Arizona to succeed Gen. Crook. His campaign ended in the capture of Geronimo, the crafty and cruel Apache chief. The general is related by marriage to Gen. and Senator Sherman, and to Senator Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania.

Gen. Lewis A. Grant, of Minnesota, has been nominated to be assistant secretary of war. Gen. Grant is a resident of Minneapolis. He was born at Winhall, Vt., Jan. 27, 1829. He entered the service in 1861 as major and was successively made lieutenant colonel, colonel, brigadier and finally brevetted major general for "gallant and meritorious service" before Richmond. Secretary Proctor was major in the regiment of which Grant was colonel, and the men were friends before the war and comrades during it.

Robert Mills, of New York, has been appointed appraiser of customs for the port of Patchogue, N. Y.

The president has also appointed the following postmasters: New Jersey—William R. Hinchman, Long Branch; New York—I. Waldron, Hamilton; I. H. Quackenbush, Warwick; H. L. Burrill, Westport. Pennsylvania—Mrs Kate M. Scott, Brookville; A. B. Boubrake, Waynesborough.

THE ADRIATIC'S VERSION.

She Would Not Have Left the City of Paris in Peril.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The steamer Adriatic, from Liverpool, reached her dock last evening, and Capt. Roberts was besieged by reporters for his version of what occurred when he passed the steamer City of Paris. He said that when he answered the distress signals of the City of Paris, Capt. Watkins asked to be towed to Queenstown. This Capt. Roberts refused to do, but he stood by with all steam off, ready to render assistance in case of need, and he offered to bring the passengers and crew to New York. Capt. Watkins would not consider this proposition, so the Adriatic lay by until daylight, when a steamer was sighted, which Capt. Roberts thinks was the Cherbourg. Rockets were sent up, but the steamer paid no attention and kept on her course.

Several hours later another vessel was sighted, which answered the signals of the Adriatic and City of Paris. This proved to be the Aldersgate, and her captain offered to tow the City of Paris to Queenstown. This offer was declined. Capt. Roberts says he would never have left the City of Paris until he was positive she was all right.

They Do Not Beat in Futures.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 7.—The Chamber of Commerce has received a circular from the Chicago Board of Trade asking this chamber to appoint a delegate to go to Washington with delegates from other boards to work against the passage of the Butterworth option bill, which will eliminate the feature of favoring the bill, claiming that this chamber does not deal in futures.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	No.	90.55
California Plums	2½	2.80
California Apricots	2½	2.85
Standard Pie Peaches	3	1.35
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	2	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice..	2	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 312

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

Latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Ruches, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Steaming and Dyeing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

TWELVE UNDER ARREST.

Sixty Warrants Issued for Jersey City Election Officers.

JERSEY CITY, April 7.—Twelve of the Jersey City election officers have been arrested. Forty-eight more will be taken into custody, as sixty warrants were signed by Judge Lippincott. The dozen were not deprived of their freedom long, as bondsmen were at hand in Judge Lippincott's office. Of the remaining forty-eight all who are to serve at the ballot boxes next Tuesday will be arraigned today to prevent an arrest while on duty Tuesday, as that would cause them to loose their places in the election board.

It is said that none will go to the county jail in default of bail. The complaint was made by J. T. Abrams, of the Single Tax League and Ballot Reform association.

It is claimed that he made the complaint at the instance of Democratic Senator, whose contest for the seat of Senator McDonald brought about this investigation. The fact that ex-Judge Hoffman, counsel for Stuhr, presented the complaint strengthens the opinion. The twelve prisoners served in the First, Third and Fourth precincts of the First Assembly district. Nine were appointed as Democratic inspectors—Henry Jacob Moschell, Thomas Fallon, James Hart, John Farrant, George Heiler, Thomas Nelson, Joseph H. Buckridge and Harry Speers. Three were appointed as Republicans—Thomas Duraney, Charles H. Scott and Oscar L. Frieburg.

They were arraigned before Judge Lippincott and were informed that they could have an examination if they wished, but all waived this privilege. The bond was fixed at $1,000 in each case. County Superintendent Gannon became the surety for Moschell, Fallon, Nelson and Trotter. John Regan gave bonds for Hart, Farrant, Buckridge and Speers, and Sheriff Kinsmoor Kelly is the bondsman for Frieburg and Scott, two of the Republicans. Michael Reddy is bondsman for Thomas Duraney and Thomas J. Keely for George Heiler.

The action is not indorsed by many people, as it is believed that the grand jurors, averse to finding indictments, will confine the investigation to the officers against whom complainant has of the dishonesty of the election officers, which means that the guilty officers will escape. Several Hudson county grand juries have had the courage to refuse to render true bills against violators of the law, even when directed to do so. The contest in the coming election will be the hottest in years. There is thought to be a good chance of a fight at some of the polling places. The registration is 26,476.

THE DEATH-KNELL OF STRIKES.

Railroad Labor Organizations Adopt a Scheme of Federation.

ELMIRA, N. Y., April 7.—Three hundred delegates representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Firemen, Brakemen and Switchmen, gathered here Sunday, and, with a few members of the new order of railway conductors, discussed and adopted a scheme of federation by which all the organizations of trainmen in the United States. Delegates were present from Buffalo, Jersey City, New York, Hoboken and many places in Pennsylvania and Ohio. There were two secret meetings during the day, and a public meeting was held in the opera house last night.

The object in short is to federate the interests of all the different bodies, but each to retain its own organization. The meetings are considered to have been of great importance. Special trains were run from New York, Buffalo and other places.

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DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood sausage, Liver-sausage, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Mixture, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBBS, Plainfield and Elizabeth

Discovery With Mean Death.

AKRON, O., April 7.—At Cuyahoga Falls, a few miles north of this city, Saturday as the 11-year-old daughter of Ruth Watchman Rhodes was passing along an unfrequented street she was caught by a tramp, who stifled her cries with his hand and carried her into a wood, where he kept her for three hours. The child was discovered late that night and taken to a physician, who pronounced her injuries very painful. A posse of 100 men at once organized to search for the tramp and all the roads are guarded by horsemen, while the woods and fields are being scoured. Capture means a lynching.

Ran Into a Landslide.

UTICA, N. Y., April 7.—A landslide occurred on the West Shore road near St. Johnsville last evening. Both tracks were blockaded. A New York train bound east either ran into obstruction or was caught in the moving mass. No definite news has been received except that the track is blockaded and that the train is derailed. The engineer of the train, whose name is Potter, sustained a fracture of the leg, and one of the brakemen was also injured. The West Shore passenger train east and west were ordered to run over the Central road between Athens Junction and Schuylerville, near this city.

Lain Eloped with the Doctor.

KINGSTON, N. Y., April 7.—Dr. E. M. Sheehan and Miss Lulu Terbune, aged 16, eloped from Greenbush on Thursday. Miss Terbune's parents are wealthy, and the matter caused a sensation. A detective found the couple at Saratoga Saturday, but the doctor was able to show a marriage certificate that they had been wedded Thursday by a priest at Schuylerville. Miss Lulu had started from home for school as usual. A hack was engaged and driven with him to the rectory. The young bride's parents have become reconciled, and all is well.

The Great Carpenters' Strike Commenced.

CHICAGO, April 7.—The great carpenters' strike commenced this morning. About seventy-five delegates attended the meeting last night, representing over 6,000 men. Until 12 o'clock the council was prepared to receive any committee from the Master Carpenters' association with a view to arbitration, but no committee appeared. The object of the strike is to make forty cents an hour the minimum rate, and eight hours a eight hour workday, and to bring about a recognition of the council from the employers.

Ease Is in No Hurry.

SANTIAGO, April 7.—Emin Pasha has arrived in this city from Bagamoya. He does not appear to be particularly anxious to start on the proposed expedition to the interior, and the impression is that he is dissatisfied because of his castitation. It is reported that he wishes to cancel the engagement, and return to Europe before deciding definitely as to his plans for the future

Caused by the Green Eyed Monster.

BUSHNELL, Ills., April 7.—At 5 o'clock last evening Lemuel Abraham shot John Ham, landlady of the National hotel, and then fired a bullet into his own brain, causing instant death Mrs Ham will recover and was supposed to have been committed during a fit of jealousy.

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Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Cadaverous Frozen.
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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

It Was a Terrible Storm.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Passengers who arrived from the northern parts of New York state describe the rain storm which was reported from Ithaca as being the most severe in their experience. One man said he had never witnessed such a rain storm even in the tropics, where he had traveled extensively. The train on which he was a passenger was delayed over an hour by a washout near Carolina, where a track was discovered for a space of about 150 feet, and in some places it was twenty feet deep. The passengers were transferred. The storm was accompanied by a gale of wind which threatened to blow the train from the track.

Three Negroes Shot Dead.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 7.—At Irondale, six miles from this city, Town Marshal England and Deputy Sheriff Fontenberry attempted to arrest a crowd of negroes on a charge of lunacy. The negroes opposed this on the officers, shooting down Marshal England at the first fire. Deputy Fontenberry took refuge behind a tree and shot down two of the negroes. The others ran off to the woods and escaped. The shooting created the wildest excitement in the town on account of the political troubles there, and if the town was not under arms before the exact nature of the affair was learned England will die.

A Desperate Fight with Tramps.

LIMA, O., April 7.—Conductor Tucker had a desperate fight with six tramps on his train and was fatally shot by one of them. As his freight on the Fort Wayne railroad was moving upon a side track half a mile west of this city, six tramps climbed into a box car. Conductor Wagner drew them out, ordered them to get out. Two of them caught him, holding his arms so that he was powerless to defend himself, and another placed a revolver at the conductor's left side and fired, fatally wounding him. Four of the tramps were arrested.

Hon. Allen G. Thurman Ill.

COLUMBUS, O., April 7.—Hon. Allen G. Thurman is seriously ill at his home. He has been confined to bed for several days, and on account of his age his family fear that he may not survive the attack

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First floor work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1284

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M. F. L. CONDE,

Late of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best teacher given to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hadwig, No. 24 West Fifth street.

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DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

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Easter Books, Easter Cards, Easter Eggs.

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(And our own Purses.)

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but PURE VEGETABLE O IL from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

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They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10c Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

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When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered and Experienced Only.

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WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

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HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 up $45 each.

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IS DARLING IN CANADA?

Strange Disappearance of John F. Plummer's Partner.

A MILLION OF DOLLARS IS GONE.

Starting Was Financial Manager of the Firm of Plummer & Co. and Alone Knows Why the Crash Came—He Has Been Missing Nearly a Fortnight.

New York, April 7.—Partner W. B. Darling, of John F. Plummer & Co., did not come to town yesterday, and the creditors of the firm would now be very much surprised to see him in New York. The news that Mr. Darling has been missing for over a week furnishes the key to the mystery of this remarkable failure. Furthermore, it relieves Mr. Plummer of some of the imputations which had been made against him. But the question, "Where has the money gone?" has not been answered yet. All that is known about it is that a big hunk of it is gone. Darling has been missing for a fortnight. A million dollars is a million dollars, and the only man who can tell where it has gone, has gone, too.

How the Partners Worked.

This situation was made possible by a very peculiar arrangement in the management of the affairs of John F. Plummer & Co. There was an arbitrary division of duties among the partners. Mr. Plummer attended to his brother's estate solely to what may be termed the outside end of the business. Mr. Plummer gave his special attention to developing and enlarging the trade which is made at the mills. Mr. Darling had charge of the books and of the whole financial department as absolutely as if he had been the owner of the firm. Mr. Plummer was not even an auditing of his accounts. He gave his partners to understand that they were doing a most profitable business, with earnings at the rate of about $130,000 a year.

The volume of the business fully warranted this statement, and if that matter is hasn't yet been shown to be untrue. The partners did not draw all their profits. It is said that the senior partner drew enough to enable him to live at the rate of about $60,000 annually.

Mr. Plummer Was Amazed.

The crash came when some of the mills demanded security or payment toward the big indebtedness which had made the firm. In the case of one mill the amount was $400,000. This brought to light the real state of affairs, and no one was more amazed than Mr. Plummer himself. They will not show preference on their claims. Mr. Plummer consulted counsel and Mr. Choate's advice was: "If you can't meet your liabilities in full, act without partiality to any one creditor." Then Mr. Plummer made an assignment and began to inspect the ruins.

A week before he supposed himself to be a comparatively wealthy man, but it needed only a brief investigation to show that he couldn't pay 30 cents on the $1 of his liabilities. Before the smash had been fully disclosed Partner Darling had disappeared.

Is Darling in Canada?

"We haven't heard a word from Mr. Darling," said Mr. W. L. Strong yesterday. "But I haven't a doubt that he is in Canada. The examination of the books has not been finished yet, and we have no clew to what has been done with the money. I hope that he is alive, but they may not. There are all sorts of rumors, but none of them has been verified. Yes, this development relieves Mr. Plummer of all suspicions whatever on the score of integrity, but it does not relieve him from responsibility in the eyes of business men. It was a duty he owed his creditors to look after his affairs more closely than he did. So his business men say. His own reputation will suffer in the light of these latest facts."

Petitions Did Not Interfere.

"Did his interest in politics contribute to this ignorance of his financial affairs?"

"I think not. He duties under the assignment were divided among the partners who fairly attended to. He had plenty of leisure. He had designs all made and orders given ahead to the mills to the amount of fully $1,000,000, enough to keep them busy for small part of September. Still Mr. Plummer had good reason for placing confidence in Mr. Darling. Years ago Mr. Plummer was in Mr. Darling's employ, and he had been associated with him for nearly twenty-five years. Mr. Darling was Mr. Plummer's senior, and had apparently led an exemplary life."

"Will there be legal proceedings against Darling this week?"

"I don't know. What would be the use? The bird has flown."

What John F. Plummer Says.

John F. Plummer said to a reporter yesterday that he had received notices from his partner, and had no information of his whereabouts. "I trusted everything to Mr. Darling," said Mr. Plummer. "I had been associated with him for nearly twenty years, and if that is too soon to trust a man who should confidence begin? He was the financial man of the firm of Stoney & Darling as well as of our firm, and Mr. Stoney can tell you nothing more about the real situation than I can. The examination of the books will be finished in a few days, and then perhaps we shall know more about it. For my part, I haven't the slightest idea where the money has gone."

At Mr. Darling's apartments at the Grenoble it was said yesterday that he had not returned, and that nothing had been heard from him.

Where Did the Money Go?

There are various rumors about the $1,000,000 which apparently has disappeared from the assets of the firm. First, it is said that Mr. Darling has speculated in stocks. A man who ought to know says that Darling lost something less than $50,000 some time ago in Wall street, but that the big dollar-mary has not gone there. Another report is that he has been heavily on real estate and in his wife's name in the upper part of the city. The fact about this is that three years ago Mr. Darling bought forty-three lots on One Hundred and Sixty-fifth street, which stand in his wife's name, and which cost $31,000. Today they are worth fully $70,000. The creditors do not know yet whether this property can be called to pay assets of the firm.

Mr. Darling, it was said by one of his friends yesterday, "was possessed of a vein of the Arizona mine which was a possible figure among the assets of the failed firm before a settlement is finally reached.

He Was a High Liver.

Mr. Darling is not without defenders. His friends profess to believe that he will return and explain everything. Mr. Darling is about 50 years old, and is what would be called a high liver. He has a wife and two children. He formerly lived at Nutley, N. J., where he and John F. Plummer were jointly interested in a large sumac mill. Mr. Darling was quite active in politics and is said to have spent money freely.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Death Tips Over the Wheel Gracefully, Quilted.

Rev. John Dougherty Wood, Methodist minister at Fort Allegheny, Pa., has been arrested for the abduction of Agnes Spacy, preferred by Mrs. Alice Ford, of Philipsburg, N. J.

Gen. Boulanger has resolved to return to Paris in mask.

John L. Sullivan has offered to fight J. J. Corbett, of San Francisco, four rounds for $1,000, with the proviso that he will not accept a cent unless he puts Corbett to sleep in three.

The Iowa legislature has voted to continue prohibition in Iowa for two years more.

The house at Washington has passed to senate joint resolution for the removal of the powder magazine from Ellis island, N. Y., and for location of an emigrant station at that point.

The Olympic football team, of Fall River, on Saturday defeated the Kearney Rovers, of Newark, N. J., in a game for the American championship cup ($50 3) at Pawtucket.

Count di Montecuculi was again arraigned at Philadelphia for distributing scurrilous and incendiary circulars. He was fined $20 and held in $500 bail.

Murderer Kemmler, now in solitary confinement in Auburn prison, claims to be converted, as the result of a miraculous visitation. His manner has greatly changed.

Dom Pedro is seriously ill.

James H. Kellmeir and Max Schultz were killed by a dynamite explosion at Rochester, N. Y.

The President's Kindness.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—President Harrison has become the hero of quite a romance story. Through his kindness a family long separated will soon be reunited. Robert Brown, with his two sons, Horace and David, arrived in this country from Surrey England, twenty years ago. Mr. Brown's sister wrote to the president a few weeks since stating that she had lost all track of her brother and nephews and begged him to hunt her up. Instead of throwing the letter into the waste basket the president instituted an investigation and ascertained that Robert Brown had died in Boston several years ago, but that David and Horace, his sons, were living and engaged in business there. Letters addressed to Mr. Brown, Jr., it was discovered, had all been returned to the dead letter office. The president has written to the sister informing her of the successful search, and it is said that the nephews have invited their aunt to come over to Boston and spend the remainder of her days with them.

Lord Churchill's Third Letter.

LONDON, April 7.—Lord Randolph Churchill is out with a third letter in criticism of the government's Irish land purchase scheme. He declares that British credit should not be used to buy out Irish purchase except when given in response to a spontaneous request of the Irish people, who should offer their rate revenues as security and bind themselves by every obligation of national honor to repay the amount loaned. He closes with a suggestion that the government, in the event of a determined opposition to his bill, can "fan the parnellite fog" by withdrawing it, and in the meantime pass partial measures and appeal to the country with confidence in a patriotic majority. He reiterates his argument in favor of dissociating coercion and giving Ireland a popular local government such as is enjoyed by the English and Scotch.

He Answered Letters to Spirits.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., April 7.—Dr. Walter E. Reid, president of the Michigan Spiritualists' association, has been convicted of using the mails for fraudulent purposes in the United States court here. Reid published a spiritualist paper in which he intimated an advertisement to answer letters addressed to persons who have "passed to spirit life" without breaking the seals. His fee for answering questions in a letter sealed in the envelope addressed was $1. If sealed with wax or sewed with thread, $5. He did an extensive business and reaped rich profits until his methods were brought to the attention of Postmaster General Wanamaker. Sentence was deferred to give counsel time to prepare a motion for a new trial, the principal being required to give bail for $1,500.

A Spectator Fatally Stabbed.

NEWARK, N. J., April 7.—During a row among Italians on the River street bridge, James Kenney, aged 19 a spectator, was fatally stabbed. He was taken to a hospital. The Italian who stabbed him escaped.

The Weather

Partly cloudy and warmer weather, with more humidity and towards evening perhaps light rain.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

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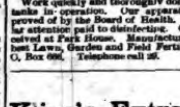

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Kline's Extracts.

A POISONING MYSTERY.

Did Emma Stark Kill Mr. and Mrs. Newland?

VERMIN POISON IN THE CORN.

The Chicago Police Puzzled Over the Strange Case—Two Persons Dead and Two Ill—Grave Suspicions Against a Young and Disappointed Actress.

CHICAGO, April 7.—The poisoning of the family of F. W. Newland, the wealthy real estate owner, promises to develop a sensation. Maude Stark, a young variety actress, was sent to the Newland residence Friday from the Anderson mission, Mrs. Newland having applied there to have a servant sent to her. When the Newland family was so suddenly attacked on Friday night after eating dinner with symptoms of arsenical poisoning, the young woman, who had been sent for under the name of Emma Stark, disappeared.

Was She a Twin Sister?

When captured at a matinee at the Park theatre she denied her identity as Emma Stark, but said she had a twin sister. Afterward she admitted she was the woman wanted. The police do not directly charge the Stark woman with having purchased poison to kill any one, but are much puzzled and bewildered because of her sudden flight as soon as the poisoning became apparent. Strenuous efforts are being made to discover the sister of the Stark woman, if she is in existence.

The Girl's Statement.

She acknowledged to the chief of police that she purchased the vermin poison at the drug store of F. D. Rogers and had intended to kill herself, but threw it away just as she bought it. She ran away when the police drove Rogers into custody, because she was frightened; didn't know what else to do. She had no falling out with any of the family there; they all treated her kindly.

The girl wanted to kill herself because she couldn't get work on the stage. She first went over to the drug store, bought fifteen cents' worth of rat poison, spent the other ten cents for chewing gum. She asserts she didn't put any of the poison in the corn or anywhere else, but said when she left the house she put the poison in her apron and threw it away.

The Young Lady May Die.

An analysis of the corn partaken of by the unfortunate family has developed quite a quantity of arsenic and corrosive sublimate, which are the chief ingredients of the vermin poison purchased. Frank and Grace Newland are still confined to their beds, and while there is now every chance for their recovery, they are greatly prostrated and the shock may yet kill the young lady.

Two Victims Are Dead.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Newland are still at the family residence in care of an undertaker, and no arrangements will be made for the funeral until the coroner has impanelled a jury to view the remains. An autopsy will be held and the stomachs of the victims submitted to chemical analysis. The police said today that in case the chemical analysis demonstrated the presence of arsenic in the stomachs of Mr. and Mrs. Newland they would have an investigation case against the servant girl, notwithstanding that no possible motive can be discovered for attempting to take the lives of the Newland family. The police now beginning to think there is something behind what has been developed that will startle people when it comes out.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

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AND

INSURANCE.

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Frank Linke.

Established 1866.

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Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

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Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

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NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

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Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

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Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Fatal Affray Over "the Growler."

New York, April 7.—During a quarrel at No. 32 Cherry street last night, caused by some of the occupants of the tenement refusing to contribute money for "the growler," which was being "rushed" by two notorious characters named Clarke, several persons were stabbed, and one, John Sloan, an old longshoreman, will probably die from the injuries he received. The Clarke brothers were captured by officers after a long chase over the roofs. Sloan is thought to be dying at the hospital and Lawton is very low.

Dalath's Blow at Chicago.

DULUTH, Minn., April 7.—The Duluth Board of Trade, which has handled 17,600,000 bushels of wheat since September, is determined to get even with the Chicago Board of Trade. Saturday it succeeded in getting direct quotations from New York. The directors have voted to instruct the Western Union and Mutual Union Telegraph companies not to furnish the Chicago board with Duluth quotations until the Chicago board consents to furnish the Duluth board with quotations.

Rested on New York.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The weather was perfect Sunday and the leading avenues were crowded with promenaders clad in the gorgeous habiliments appropriate to the season. The churches were filled with worshipers, especially the cathedral and the fashionable churches on Fifth avenue, which were finely decorated with palms, flowers, etc., and where the musical services were very elaborate.

The Bell Rock Beacon Shattered.

LONDON, April 7.—A fog signal in the famous Bell Rock lighthouse, on the Scotch coast, sounded prematurely last night, shattering the dome and extinguishing the light for the first time since the lighthouse was built in 1811. Fog signals were employed in vain, vessels during the remainder of the night, but one steamer narrowly escaped being wrecked on account of the absence of the beacon.

Ordination Services at Calvary Church.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Ordination services were held Sunday at Calvary M. E. church in connection with the New York East conference, now in session here. Bishop Goodsell ordained a number of deacons and elders. The annual meeting of the Educational society was held last evening, many leading clergymen and attendants on the conference taking part in the exercises.

Dropped Dead in Church.

MANSFIELD, O., April 7.—James H. Ensminger, aged 56 years, dropped dead in St. Luke's church during the services last night. Mr. Ensminger was secretary of the Richland Mutual Fire Insurance company and superintendent of the St. Luke's Sunday school. He was also a trustee of Wittenberg college. Cause of death, apoplexy.

Yesterday's Ball Games

New York, April 7.—The baseball games yesterday resulted as follows: At Brooklyn—Chicago (P. L.), 7; Cleveland (P. L.), 6. At Newark, N. J.—Rochester, 5; Newark, 2. Fifteen thousand people witnessed the former game.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near ... 10-15tf

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

Row Among the Cities.

Seattle—We've got the biggest Wash in the Union.

Jacinto—And we the prettiest Min.

Philadelphia—And we the wealthiest Pa.

Hot Springs—But we are the most ancient; we have got the Ark.

Bangor—And what's the matter with Me?

New York—Hush, children, about your politics; you will make little Chicago ill with envy.—New York Herald.

Across His Father.

Irate Father—I can see through you, you little scamp.

Suffering Boy—You ought to be able to; I'm trans-parent.—Life.

Not Against the Law.

"Is this the police station?" queried a female voice through the telephone the other day.

"Yes'm."

"Well, I want you to arrest my husband."

"What for?"

"He's carrying on the awfulest you ever saw."

"How?"

"Why, he's gone and got a crowbar, and he says he is going to dash out my canary bird's brains. He keeps making the awfulest motions you ever saw, and I know he intends to commit murder."

"We can't do anything."

"Isn't it against the law for a great big man to strike a wee little canary bird with a crowbar or sledge hammer?"

"Hardly, ma'am."

"Well, that's a pretty state of affairs, and shows what kind of a country we live in! Good-by, and"——

The crowbar probably descended with a "squah" just at that time, as she closed the telephone with a snap.—Detroit Free Press.

Where the Luck Comes In.

Sadleigh—Did you hear of Mr. Garner's sudden death? It was very sad. Just as he had finished the accumulation of a large fortune, and had begun to lay his mind to rest and enjoy himself for the remainder of his life, he was suddenly struck down from nervous exhaustion. It is terrible!

McPhile—Yes, but isn't it fortunate he can't take his fortune with him! The fellow who gets it without the nervous exhaustion is in luck.—Boston Transcript.

They Were Well Known.

Mrs. Gammon—Mr. Jaynstik is a man of great penetration, even if he is inclined to be asbenty.

Gammon—Penetration! Oh, yes; everybody knows of his penny snatch.—Munsey's Weekly.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:00 and 9:30 a. m. and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 9:30, 11:45 a. m. 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:00 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.;

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 7:00 p. m. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., close 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 9:30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m., and closes at 7:30 p. m., Saturdays at 8:00 p. m.

Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock-boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect April 1st, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:45, 6:40, 7:30, 8:00, 8:37, 7:36, 8:00, 8:30, 8:45, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. and 12:30 a. m. Sunday, 5:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:00, 12:30 p. m. and 1:30 a. m.

Leave New York at 5:45, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. and 12:30 a. m. Sunday, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:00 p. m. and 12:30 a. m. Sunday.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:40, 8:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:37, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 5:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:00 a. m., 12:30, 1:30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6:15, 7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. and 12:30 a. m. Sunday at 9:30, 9:45 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:00 p. m. and 12:30 a. m. Sunday.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 8:00, 9:37, 11:20 a. m., 2:30, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:45, 7:55, 9:30 p. m. Sunday at 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 8:30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 10:45, 12:30, 2:30, 3:45, 5:15, 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 10:45 p. m. Sunday at 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 5:15, 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 10:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON

Leave Plainfield at 7:30 a. m., 2:45 p. m. Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:37 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:37 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7:30 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9:37 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Allentown, 12:30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 4:30 p. m. For Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, etc. 5:30 p. m. Stewartsville, Dutton, Williamstown, Scranton, etc. 6:30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bridge Beach, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc. 7:30 p. m. For Flemington. 8:30 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. 8:00 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown. Sundays at 9:12 a. m. for Easton; 5:37 p. m. for Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk. 7:30 p. m. for Stanhope, etc., 8:00 p. m. for High Bridge Branch. Sundays, 8:30 a. m. for Tamaqua and Pottsville. 6:35 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 10:05 a. m., 12:30, 2:45, 4:30, 5:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 10:45 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:57 a. m., 4:30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7:30, 10:05 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 2:45, 4:30, 5:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 10:45 p. m. Sunday 8:57, a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 7:37 11:10, a. m., 1:07 p. m. Sunday 8:57 a. m.

For Freehold 7:30, 8:00, 10:05 11:30, a. m., 2:45 5:15 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7:17, 7:50, 8:50, 9:18, 11:30 a. m., 1:04, 2:30, 4:05, 5:40, 6:20, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 1:17 2:36, 10:51 a. m., 2:30, 4:08, 5:54, 6:55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:17, 9:18, 11:30 a. m., 1:04, 4:05, 5:40, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 1:17, 2:36 a. m., 4:07, 6:00, 7:54 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Speculative Heredity.

Masterfamiles—Imogene, I don't think I could ever approve of your marrying George Rockgate. I should hate to think that any of my grandchildren would be like him. He was such a hard headed boy, and is rune in the family.

Imogene—Yes, mamma, I know all the Rockgates are awfully hard headed, but you must remember that there is softening of the brain in our family.—Life.

His Mistake.

"What were you about to remark?"

"Nothing at all, I assure you," replied Willie Washington.

"But you looked as if you had something to say."

"Ye-es; I'm very deceptive that way. I've often thought, myself, that I had something to say, and discovered after I said it that I hadn't."—Washington Post.

Mormon Rewarded.

Railway Official—Is this the man that has just saved the train from destruction?

Several Bystanders—Yes, this is the man.

Railway Official (with emotion)—My friend, you have saved a hundred human lives and Mr. Gould's dollars. Here is a check for sixty. I will see that you are rewarded. (To subordinate): Wilkins, take up a collection among the passengers.—Chicago Tribune.

No Bad.

"You shouldn't speak so harshly of your fellow man," said a merchant to his clerk. "You ought to remember the admonition to return good for evil. That's what I've just done; and I did it with a vengeance."

"How?"

"I gave a man change for a counterfeit $10 bill."—Washington Post.

They Usually Do.

"Did you make much on your last stock deal?"

"No; lost $700."

"But I thought that MacDollars gave you a pointer."

"He did; but it proved to be a disappointer, instead."—Munsey's Weekly.

After Many Days.

"Why so beaming, Brieftext?"

"Congratula...no me. I have got a client at last."

"Indeed?"

"Yes, sir; myself. My landlord is suing me for rent."—New York Sun.

If You Have Bills You'll See the Point.

"How are you getting on with your new home?"

"I have had to tear it all down."

"What's the matter?"

"It wasn't built the way my friends wanted it."—New York Sun.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—

SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Free trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:55 a. m. train. Round trip, one passenger, 25 cents. Leaves Depot 10:10 a. m. to Hillside; also to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

Lv	10	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.55 a. m. train.	
Lv	20	9.15	do	9.55	do
Lv	30	10.30	do	11.00	do
Lv	40	11.30	do	11.54	do
Lv	50	1.30 p. m.	do	2.10 p. m.	do
Lv	60	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.35 p. m.	
Lv	70	3.30 p. m.	do	4.00 p. m.	do
Lv	80	4.40 do	do	5.00	do
Lv	90	5.40 do	do	6.00	do
Lv	100	6.40 do	do	7.00	do

Stages will also leave Plainfield Avenue and 7th Street for Somerset and Easter avenues, North Plainfield, according to the above time tables and make connections.

Stages will make return trips over above routes, leaving Somerset and Easton avenues, 8.00, 9.00, 9.40, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 2.00, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Stables open from 7 o'clock in the morning, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call, 16. 1m*

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m. 1-10-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 19-21 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, 2 years old; White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Lawnmowers.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows, Oats and sec the improvements on the Corwin Corn Planter. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

27 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front post place. P. O. Box 982.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 28 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience. Repairing attended to. Satisfaction given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 681.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

25 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence, 25 West Front street, opposite Park. Everything pertaining to the business kept always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE

at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.

Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY President,
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET

and 23 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 295.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER

and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 23.

TUNIS J. CAREY

21 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

AMUSING AND INSTRUCTIVE ENTERTAINMENT FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

A Few Suggestions to Lads Who Are Fond of Playing at "Santa Mattson" or Leap Frog—One Practice That Ought to Be Avoided.

Leap frog is a game known to all the older boys, but to make it better understood by Susie fellows, we will suppose that eight boys are playing at it. Seven of them stand in a row, about eighteen feet apart, with their sides to the leapers, hands on their knees, body doubled and head bent down. The eighth player then takes a short run, and, placing his hands on the back of the first player, leaps over him, then over the second, and in like manner over all the other players, one after the other, and when he has done so he places himself in front of the line, in the proper position and at a proper distance from the last player; the first over whom he jumped rises immediately he has passed and follows him over the second, third, etc., who all rise in succession and leap in their turns; and after they have successively jumped over the last players, they place themselves down in the line, as before described; the game continued during pleasure, or, rather, till all the parties are tired.

PLAYING AT LEAP FROG.

Some players stand with their backs to the leapers, as is shown in the cut, instead of their sides. The mode is optional, although in some sections it is usual to compel those who can never take a good leap to do so. This practice must be particularly avoided, and any player found guilty of it ought to be at once excluded from the game. We allude to the trick called *fudging*, for spitefully stooping just as the jumper is taking his leap over your back. The result of this practical joke is that your friend, instead of having the slight fall you intended for him, may come to the ground with great violence and injure himself seriously. We have heard of a collar bone broken through fudging, nor was the said bone fudged back into its place without a good deal of painful suffering to the injured boy, and well earned remorse endured by the thoughtless lad who had caused the accident.

Benjamin Franklin's House.

The following anecdote is told of Benjamin Franklin: When he was traveling in cold weather he would frequently stop at an inn, tarven fire where he could warm himself, the genius whose statue adorns Printing House square cried out the order, "Half a peck of oysters for the gentleman in the corner!" and all the firepiace crowd rushed out to see a horse eat oysters. They soon the bottle re-turned and the "Yankee" was discovered eating out the oysters." "Won't he?" said Franklin, now comfortably seated by the fireside. "Well, then, bring them in and cook them, and I'll eat them myself."

A Unique Fan Wiper.

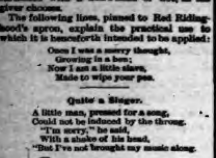
Golden Days suggests that if there is any little girl who wishes to give her father or brother a birthday present, she can do so at a very small cost by giving him a "Red Riding-hood" pen wiper. It is made from a wish-bone of a chicken or turkey, dressed in scarlet cloth and a pointed hood may be furnished with a doll's head or not, as the giver chooses.

The following lines, pinned to Red Riding-hood's cape, explain the practical use to which it is henceforth intended to be applied:

Once I was a merry thought,
Gracing a bird;
Now I am a little slave,
Made to wipe your pen.

Quite a Singer.

A little man, pressed for a song,
Could not be induced by the throng.
"I'm sorry," he said,
With a shake of his head,
"But I've not brought my music along.



I BELIEVE I COULD GO UP TO K.

"It's a pity it happens just so,
For you'd all like my tenor, I know;
So high it can rise,
That I often deny my eyes
So terribly dizzy I grow.

"The musical scale, as you see,
Has the letters from A up to G;
And, if it were need,
Through the whole alphabet,
I believe I could go up to Z!"
—St. Nicholas.

The Use of Neither and Nor.

Discriminate in the use of neither and nor. Don't say, "He would neither give house, nor land, nor money." Say, "He would give neither house," etc. The conjunction must be placed before the first word to be qualified; say, "He can neither help his infirmity nor his weakness." Say, "He can neither help his infirmity," etc.

The First and Last Call.

When mother says "Johnnie,
Won't you please get up, sonny?"
Why, Johnnie don't hear at all;
But when father says "John!"
John's slumbers are done—
He knows it's the first and last call.

Changing the Sheets.

To change the under sheet when a patient is very ill and weak is a matter of some difficulty. Protect one end of bed, thus: Begin at the side and roll the sheet lengthwise. Push rolled sheet and all coverings toward the patient, leaving the mattress bare. On the bare sheet roll, tucking one side under the mattress, unroll it towards the patient and move him over the roll on the smooth space, keeping him covered with the top blankets. Go to the other side of the bed, pull out under blankets and rolled sheet, finish unrolling clean sheet and tuck it in. Lay the clean upper sheet over the top blanket and cover it with the other blanket and this white spread. When these are in place, remove the blankets that are next the patient, and he will be left by between clean sheets without having been exposed for an instant to the chance of taking cold.

MY LITTLE COTTAGE DOOR.

When the stars begin to glimmer,
In the soft sky overhead,
And the daylight wanes dimmer,
And the rosy light is dead;
All the cares of day forsaken,
All the toiling is o'er,
And now soon I will betake me
To my little cottage door.

There the joys of life hover,
And there is no grief or care,
And no trouble 'ers will enter,
For 'tis love that's dwelling there;
Love that fills the heart with dreaming,
Bright'ning all things more and more,
And its holy light is beaming,
In my little cottage door.

And so fondly do I cherish,
That to save from pain and care,
I would lay me down and perish,
For the loved one's dwelling there;
And I pray to God in heaven,
And I trust He will not deny,
That the dearest blessing given,
Enter in my cottage door.
—Atlanta Constitution.

THE GIRL WIFE IN INDIA.

Wretched Existence of the Girls Who Become Widows at an Early Age.

On the day of her marriage, the East Indian girl is put into a palanquin, shut up tight, and carried to her husband's house. Hitherto she has been the spoiled pet of her mother; now she is to be the little slave of her mother-in-law, upon whom she is to wait, whose commands she is to obey implicitly or, and who teaches her what she is to do to please her husband—what dishes he likes the best and how to cook them.

If the mother-in-law is kind, she will let the girl go home occasionally to visit her mother. Of her husband she sees little or nothing. She is of more value to him than a little cat or dog would be. There is seldom or never any love between them, and, no matter how cruelly she may be treated, she can never complain to her husband of anything his mother may do, for he would never take his wife's part.

Her husband sends to her daily the portion of food that is to be cooked for her, himself and the children. When it is prepared she places it on one large brass platter, and it is sent to her husband's room. He eats what he wishes and then the platter is sent back with what is left for her and her children. They sit together on the ground and eat the remainder, having neither knives, forks nor spoons.

While she is young she is never allowed to go anywhere. The little girls are married as children, and three years after the marriage the boy to whom such a child is married die the next day, she is called a widow, and is from henceforth doomed to perpetual widowhood: she can never marry again. As a widow she must never wear any jewelry, never dress her hair, never sleep on a bed—nothing but a mat of matting spread on the hard brick floor, and sometimes in fact, not even that between her and the cold bricks; and, no matter how cold the night might be, she must have no other covering than the thin garment she has worn in the day.

She must eat but one meal a day, and that of the coarsest kind of food, and once in two weeks she must fast twenty-four hours, that is, not a bit of food nor a drop of water or medicine must pass her lips, not even if she were dying. She must look upon it as a favor and in the promises of her mother-in-law, unless commanded to do so. Her food must be cooked and eaten apart from the other women. She is not allowed to speak to them, nor she may never even look on at any of the marriage ceremonies or festivals. It would be an evil omen for her to do so.

She may have been a high caste Brahminic woman, but on her becoming a widow, any, even the lowest servants, may order her to do what they do not like to do. No woman in the whole country ever looks upon a word of love or pity to her, for it is supposed that if a woman was so like slightest inclination to a widow she will immediately become a widow herself. —New York Ledger.

Unhealthy Parlors.

"I never call here but I feel so stuffy."

"Stuffy! That's just the word. I was wondering myself why it is. The rooms are large and well furnished, too."

"Too well furnished for health," quickly chimed in the first speaker. "The house is so full of antiquities and rare curios that it is never aired for fear some dust might get in through the open windows or doors. I don't believe a ray of sunshine is ever let into this house. I never call but I feel like a mummy myself and get so sort of mummified that I think I feel as if all the antiquities were coming down in a body to inhabit me. The sunshine is shut out, the rooms are never aired, and the antiquities give an unpleasant odor, which oppresses me, especially when coming in out of the fresh air. I don't think I shall ever call here again."—Cincinnati Times-Star.

A Premonitions Box for Life.

In the Fifth Avenue theatre one of the lower proscenium boxes is always empty or occupied by a pale little old lady and her guests. The pale little old lady is Mrs. Gilsey, whose husband, long dead, and once a servitor of supreme fitness, left her a part of large area of land in the region of Broadway and Twenty-eighth street. Mrs. Gilsey herself lives in a great big house next door to the theatre and to the rear of the latter and the ground it stands on. According to the lease she is entitled to free entrance to one proscenium box at every performance, and she exercises her rights in this regard, often sitting patiently through the dullest plays.—New York Letter.

Economy in Coal.

A correspondent dwells upon the all important plan of placing carefully the half consumed coals in the bottom of the grate, and then getting the fresh coal at the back, whenever the fire is "made up," taking care not its most serviceable de to put any coal on any flames that may happen to be but at the back of it, as by that means you maintain a cheerful fire, beneath by the rays of heat given off from the flame and live coals while the fresh is lighting, prevents in some cases your chimney smoking, and make some of the smoke from the fresh coal burn (a considerable saving), and which would otherwise cause your chimney to require sweeping the oftener.

Topics for the Breakfast Table.

The women of little strength and frayed nerves are the ones who bring their petty distressing troubles to the breakfast table, who regale the parlor with complaints about the gas and water fixtures, and refresh the breakfast table with lamentations that the mutton is late with cream for the coffee, and the necessity of changing to another vendor at Caldwell's and Market streets, diverging on to the different tastes and amounts of milk in the coffee of the various guests in their coffee, with accounts of the holes in the carpets and devices for keeping the tablecloths on for more than one meal.—Home Magazine.

Looking for Number Ten.

Shoe Dealer (to young widow, who is hauling over a pile of ladies' slippers)—Are you looking for number two, ma'am?

Young Widow (blushingly)—Yes, sir. Are you an unmarried man?—Burlington Free Press.

FEMININE INGENUITY.

WOMEN WHO LIVE BY THEIR OWN ORIGINAL INDUSTRIES.

New Occupations Suggested by the Fair Sex—A Broad Field for Honest Competition—Qualities That Are Necessary to Insure Certain Success.

A most perplexing question to many a woman today is how to get bread, clothes and shelter.

The necessity of wage earning falls most heavily on delicately reared women, who contrast the dilemma after girlhood has passed. In early life, when habits are forming, impressible quickly received and adaptations easily made, new lines of work may be readily assumed. But after years of ease and luxury the difficulty is greatly increased.

Fortunately, the range of choice in avocations is ever wider, and it seems to be generally accepted that a woman may do whatever she will. The world is willing to pay for almost anything that is done in a superior manner, while skilled work is the first to go to the wall. Whether she recognizes the fact or not, almost every woman has ability, latent or known, in some direction. The first question she asks herself may well be: "What do I like to do?" Liking to do a thing is strong presumption in favor of doing it well. The next query should be: "Can I do it well?" If she finds she can do one thing superlatively well and likes to do it, she may be reasonably sure of succeeding. Last and best comes the vital, crucial question, "How shall I get it to do?" Often the most difficult part is finding an avenue for bringing that one thing excellently well done to publicity. She is the more apt to need that thing, and can pay for it. It requires considerable tact in watching for an opportunity.

PERFECTION IN ART.

It must always be remembered that a thorough understanding of the work proposed, an absolute mastery of all its details, and practical experience are essential to the best results. Any one who has studied the careers of women successful in any department, it is found that while they attend to the minutiæ, without losing the grasp on broad general principles.

Probably Miss Wilkinson, when she established a number of her family to lay out estates, design gardens and parks, little thought of ever pursuing the business. But she supports herself now by personally superintending the mechanical labor of laying out playgrounds of the London Public Garden association. Her designs are carefully made, and she is said to combine beauty and economy more successfully than the men.

A lady, with some skill at painting, while traveling abroad, became interested in cathedral glass, and then in the whole subject of architecture, and resolved to be an architect. She had already achieved distinction by designs for houses and chapels, characterized by harmonious proportion and original treatment. While acquiring her education as architect she successfully pursued household decoration.

The more unique the work the less competition and the greater the probability of success. The city woman who first undertook shopping for country cousins, with 5 per cent. commission on all purchases, was so successful as to have many imitators. The same is true of the women who act as guides to ladies visiting the metropolis. She takes the whole responsibility of the visit, meeting them at the railroads, providing rooms, and even escorting them to the places most worth seeing. Besides her direct fees she receives a percentage from the hotel and livery keepers. She is ladylike, well dressed, and does her work agreeably.

PECULIAR OCCUPATIONS.

Another unusual business was chosen by a woman of 30, reduced from affluence by death and barring. Experience had prudently fitted her to be a director of weddings. She provides trousseaux if desired, and is competent to order everything, from wraps to slippers. She plans the gowns of the bridal party, from the mother to the little sister who is maid of honor, or the little brother who is page. She attends to all the invitations, arranges the house, plans the floral decorations, and superintends the wedding breakfast or the evening collation, as the case may be.

A Washington lady, forseeing the loss of her income, carefully considered her capabilities, and early in the spring decided to put her experience in the making of preserves, pickles and jellies. She knew ladies of social prominence and secured their names as references. Then she had circulars printed, which she sent to people likely to correspond with orders, and she put an advertisement in a few newspapers. She received orders enough to guarantee her enterprise, but the beginning on further sales she made about thirty gallons of pickles of various kinds and 250 glasses of jelly and jars of fruit. Her energy and courage never failed her, and always were rewarded by largeing the business.

An English woman from the middle class came to America. She had no near relatives and could not support herself here. In her distress, she went to her rector, whose first inquiry was, "What can you do well?" Gradually he drew from her the fact that she had learned perfectly to be a parish assistant for training women. A bright thought struck him as he recalled his wife's impatient waiting for a carpenter "to do up the old jobs round the house." The woman gladly accepted his suggestion of testing her ability at repairs the next day.

The rector's wife was greatly pleased and said, "She's worth a dozen men, she is so handy, and she never leaves a bit of dirt." The rector recommended her to other families and she found always more or less demand. She gets $2.50 a day and her lunch and dinner.—Ladies' Journal.

Do Not Whisper.

Although we may consider a person too ill to be aware of what is taking place about them, they are oftentimes fully cognizant of the events of the room, and always more or less susceptible to any and all things going on in the sick room. For that reason conversation about the condition of the patient carried on in the room, whispered or in any mysterious manner, should be avoided and an air of quiet cheerfulness always maintained.—Good Housekeeping.

The Place for Chins.

If you happen to pick up at a fashionable auction a fan bit of china in the shape of a cup, the saucer of which is lacking, you may stand it on your toilet table among your silver; keep it half filled with pink powder, and you have a dainty trifle with a silver handle for other half. If the cup happens to be Royal Dresden the effect is particularly good.—New York Sun.

Thirty years ago Adelina Patti was appearing in Italian opera, and the casts included Grisi, Mario, Ostanniga, as well as herself, and Brignoli was in the company. The admission rates ranged from 25 cents to $2.50 for the best seats.

A little girl, feeling a sharp pain in her neck, was told that it was "a stitch in her side." "Why," she exclaimed, with a terrified look, "are our heads sewed on?"

Pins and Needles.

Chicago has 600 women's societies, including 30,000 women.

A lady writes to say the time she spends in front of her looking glass as "moments of reflection."

A West Virginia girl has saved money enough to buy herself a gold watch by trapping muskrats and other animals.

Ambitious New York women say that the best way to get acquainted in New York is to join a religion.

The women of Milford, Me., have built a town hall. They were two years getting the money together, which they collected by giving fairs, oyster suppers and other entertainments.

Frequent bathing and outdoor walking will do more for woman's health than quantities of medicine.

If you want poached eggs to look particularly nice, cook each egg in a muffin ring placed in the bottom of a saucepan of boiling water.

For moths. Put one ounce gum camphor and one ounce shell of red pepper (powdered) in eight ounces alcohol. Let it stand seven days then strain; sprinkle the goods then roll them in cotton.

The business done by the Women's Temperance Publication association, Chicago, in 1889, amounted to $180,000. The national organ of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, The Union Signal, has 73,000 subscribers. The increase in work receipts this year is $30,000. A dividend of 7 per cent. has been declared for the third time to stockholders. The enterprise is conducted wholly by women.

"Give me a boy-girl rather than a girl-boy," was the expressive, albeit uncomely, statement made by one of the speakers at a recent athletic convention. The idea was not that the maiden should unsex herself in behavior, but that freedom of exercise, under proper influences, makes better and more healthful women.

"She Was Twelve Years Old Yesterday."

A day or two ago, while Conductor Isaac Bowe was taking toll from a carload of passengers, he came to a little girl who has been a regular patron of the road for some time. She handed the conductor a five cent piece. He could be offered but two cents change, which she refused. "My dear young lady," said Isaac, in his kind, fatherly way, "children under 12 years of age ride for half fare, and you know we have never charged you but three cents. Take these pennies and buy chewing gum." Instead of yielding to temptation the little lady remarked, with a proud and satisfied air: "Kind sir, I was 12 years old yesterday, and I must insist that you take the full amount to which, by the rules of the company, you are justly entitled. Please do not annoy me further by insisting that I am a mere child." Isaac turned pale and clung to a strap for support. He said afterwards that in all his experience he never knew or heard of such a case.—Norwalk Hour.

The Bag of Luck.

Fill a paper bag with candy and tie it firmly by the top to a string long across an open doorway. Each player is blind folded in turn, given a long stick, and placed at a little distance from the bag, which he tries to hit with the stick. Three trials are permitted. If he has not then succeeded, he gives up his place to another. The game is kept up until some one has succeeded in making a hole in the bag. The others have a right to all the candy they can get in the scramble for it that follows. Sometimes the bag is filled with little trinkets which the guests are allowed to keep, and sometimes, as a joke, a bag of flour is substituted for the bag of candy.

A game resembling this consists in suspending a large ring, or other object, by a long string; then, blind folded in turn, each player endeavors to cut the string with a large pair of scissors.—Ladies' Home Journal.

One Woman's Superstitions.

Mrs. Arthur Stannard, author of "Bootles' Baby," is a tall woman of handsome presence. She is very superstitious, and always carries two little bits of gray fur inside the cuffs of her dress, which she looks upon as a talisman.

"I have never been without these bits of fur since I was married three years ago," she said, looking at them quite affectionately. "Sometimes when I am composing and come to a standstill I take them out and pass them gently over my lips and cheeks, and you have no idea how they soothe me and promote inspiration as if by magic."

She has the same odd feeling about old bits of iron and cast off horseshoes, of which she has quite a quantity, as she picks up everything of the kind she comes across. "They always bring me luck," she said, seriously.—New York Telegram.

Dress and Jewelry in Bahama.

I do not believe there is a woman in the Man-o'-War or any of the outlying islands who has worn a glove or eaten candy. Yet fashion has its realm even in these secluded rocks. Dress fabrics, which are mostly calico, must be resplendent with prints representing nautical articles, such as anchors, masthead, captains, belaying pins, pennants, crosstrees, etc. As for jewelry there is no limit. Every one recognized decoration, earrings, which are large brass pendants, made in two patterns, the first representing an anchor and the second a belaying pin.—Cor. Portland Transcript.

A Useful Adjunct.

In a family of girls a skirt stand is as necessary as a sewing machine. Whether the sewing is done by the mother or a seamstress, it is a comfort as well as a convenience to have a portable figure at hand, as the work is facilitated, a better effect can be had and the tired spared the fatigue of standing for a fit. To make a skirt everything is put on and worn a wire stand but putting on the belt. Being adjustable the ribs can be raised to the hip measure, and the work required, instead of being done by the newer without leaving her chair.—Boston Record.

Smoking in Japan.

Everybody smokes in Japan. The pipes hold a little wad of fine cut tobacco as big as a pea. It is fired, and the smoker takes one long whiff, blowing the smoke in a cloud from his mouth and nose. The ladies have pipes with longer stems than the men, and if one of them wishes to show a gentleman a special mark of favor she lights her pipe, takes half a whiff, hands it to him and lets him finish out the whiff.—Chicago Herald.

An Editor at Tea.

Anna Katharine Green, author of "The Leavenworth Case," was born in Brooklyn, but has lived most of her life in New York city and vicinity. At the age of 19 she and her little playmates published a pamphlet written under her direction, as she was virtually an editress at that age. The little book was passed from one to another at "five cents a read."—New York Ledger.

A Crying Need.

"I see," said Mrs. Gorrill, "that The Boston Budget wants people taught to talk as well as to read and write."

"That's all right," said Gorrill. "You never needed to be taught to talk. And, by George! when I think of it, what our normal schools need is a chair in silence."—Harper's Bazar.

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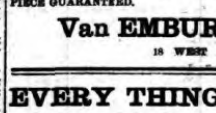

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, APRIL 8. 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

PLAINFIELD COUNCIL.

THE SEVENTH MEETING LONG AND LIVELY.

The Democrats Ousted and the Republicans Put in Control of Our Interests in the Water Works.—Proposal to Increase the Street Commissioner's Salary from $1 000 to $1,500.

The City Common Council met in regular session at eight o'clock last evening. In response to roll call President Moffatt and Councilmen Dunham, Gallup, Hatfield, Jenkins, Johnston, Newhall, Roberts, Rushmore, Smith and Spangenburg answered present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A communication from John Lindsay and others stating that some time ago Council had made an appropriation to extend the New Street sewer, but that nothing whatever had been done in the matter, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

A communication from Elis U. Manning requesting permission to build a one-story frame extension to her house on East Front street was read and referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings with power.

A petition from Messrs. A. E. Kenney, Julius Scott and others requesting Council to relieve the ordinance in reference to the laying of sidewalks on Elm place, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

T. B. Booker and others petitioned Council to change the grade of Belvidere avenue near Broadway and to macadamize the street. The document was referred to the Committee on Streets.

The Water Works Company through Mr. Charles E. Moore, presented a check for one thousand dollars as per contract, and in a communication asked for the return of maps and plans and agreed to allow the consulting engineer the use of his office free of charge. The matter was referred to the Water Committee.

A communication from the members of the fire department and endorsed by the Board of Engineers, requesting Council to establish a better fire alarm system was read and referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings.

The City Treasurer in a communication requested Council to furnish him with a desk and safe in which to keep the city's documents. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee with power to act. Council to receive bids for the same and report at the next meeting.

A communication from City Clerk Coward stated that he had received from bank, peddlers' and auctioneer licenses the sum of $970, and stated that he had paid the same over to the City Treasurer and received his receipt. The document was ordered filed.

Mr. R. O. Bowers and others in a communication objected to the using of La Grande avenue for street railway purposes, giving several reasons therefor. The matter was referred to the Street Committee.

In a communication the Board of Health asked for an appropriation of $600 for the use of the Board for the coming year. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

Petitions from Messrs. Thomas H. Spencer, R. Niles, F. W. Bird, J. Bell, D. O'Brien, J. H. Kreeson, F. Day and T. Callahan, for hack, peddlers' and cartmen's licenses, was referred to the Committee on Licenses.

Frank Lisko petitioned Council for a wholesale liquor license. The matter was referred to the Committee on Licenses.

P. E. Miller petitioned Council for a license to sell liquor in the building known as the Hotel Netherwood. The petition was referred to the Committee on Licenses.

The Board of Engineers recommended the following persons as fit candidates for membership to the fire department: Alert Hose Co., C. B. Leggett and W. S. Lowry; Engine Company No. 1, Theodore Smith and Whitney Bauer; Badger Hook and Ladder Co., William Wintermeyer. The matter was referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings.

The monthly statements of the City Collector and Treasurer were read and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Corporation Counsel Marsh asked for instructions as to what were his duties in the case now pending between the Police Board and Chief of Police Carey. He said that at a former meeting of the Board he was asked by the Board for an opinion on a question of law and that he cheerfully complied with the request. Mr. Marsh thought that he should not be asked either to prosecute or defend said officer, but should be instructed to give an opinion on legal questions when called upon by the Board to do so.

Mr. Smith offered a resolution to the effect that Mr. Marsh's request be granted. It was unanimously adopted.

The following claims were then presented, read and referred to the proper committees.

CLAIMS.

T. C. Deane, $41.66; Geo. Conover, $41.66; G. F. Gassner, $25; J. R. Waters, $4.25; D. A. Woodhouse, Manufacturing Company, $6.25; J. Cooney, $17.33; H. K. Voorhees, $5; J. E. Albert, $7; F. B. Randolph, $39.59; E. Schleicher, $5; J. A. Reeves, $65.75; Plainfield Gas Co., $61.36; M. Hatfield, $31.59; A. M. Bigelow, $13; S. Hiscott, $16.25; J. C. Pope, Agt., $100; Hendrix Light Co., $275.17; Central Times, $17.10; M. C. Bird, $62.50; V. W. Rash, $109.76; W. V. Mundy, $41.66; W. R. Quimpton, $105; J. S. Coward, $197.39; A. Whewell, $97.50; John Johnston, $135; M. Rash, $105; J. Connelly, $250; George M. Anglemon, $4.20; J. Heffernan, $10.50; John Kelly, $15; Jas. Brannon, $6.25; A Manning, $3.37; J. C. Mosher, $69; Wm. Hand, $4.75; A. Mosher, $6.26; H. K. Mosher, $37; A. J. McClain, $25; T. Dunlap, $6; Thos. Flynn, $12.50; M. Conway, $20.25; John McFadden, $15; S. White, $15.75; Jos. Brannon, $18.50; John Adams, $13.13; John Dunn, $16.87; D. McCarthy, $7.50; Geo. Kane, $13; Jno. Kane, 75c; Tower & Lyon, $9.30; A. Metz, $3.75; S. B. Hops, $6; E. Lake, $24.; J. Conway, $60; T. McCue, $60; P. Lynch, $60; C. Gomez, $60, G. W. Grant, $60; D. J. Flanagan, $60; J. J. Carey, $61.25

Claims on the Poor Fund were presented and referred to the Alms Committee.

A communication and statistics from Washington, D. C., in reference to the taking of the census for 1890 was referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

Mr. Newhall from the Finance Committee returned the February reports of the City Collector and Treasurer. They were ordered filed.

The same gentleman also reported favorably on the bond of Robert A. Mosher as street commissioner and moved that it be recorded. So ordered.

A resolution then prevailed that when the Council adjourn it be to meet again on Monday evening, April 14th.

Mr. Newhall offered a resolution to the effect that all standing committees report at the next meeting, making an estimate of the amounts for necessary expenditures from April first for the balance of the year. The resolution was adopted.

The Finance Committee reported that two notes, one for $2,500 and the other for $1,000, would become due on April 15th, and moved that the Treasurer be instructed to cancel them. It was so ordered.

The Committee on Fire and Buildings reported favorably on the election of the candidates for membership to the Fire Department and they were unanimously elected.

Mr. Hatfield, for the Committee on Fire and Buildings, reported back the petition of the firemen in reference to the fire alarm system and recommended that the committee be instructed to dispose of the present system at the best possible advantage and with the proceeds of such sale procure a steam gong, and have the same erected on the Electric Light station.

Mr. Newhall thought that the committee should first ascertain to what advantage they could sell the present system and what would be the cost of a steam gong.

Mr. Hatfield said that the present system was delapidated; that the tower was not safe and was cracking the bones to pieces, and that it should be abolished as soon as possible.

Chief Deane was then given the privileges of the floor and he said that the present system had been condemned eight years ago; that it was unsafe and should be abolished as soon as possible.

Mr. Newhall said he was heartily in favor of improving the present workings of the department, but thought that the motion should be reduced to writing and then acted upon.

Mr. Hatfield then put his report in writing, leaving the injunction that the committee should report back to Council before any action was taken in the matter, and the motion was adopted.

The License Committee reported favorably on the petitions for hackmen's licenses, etc., and they were on motion granted.

The first application of Frank Lisko for a wholesale liquor license was on motion referred back to him.

Mr. Gallup from the Water Committee presented the maps, specifications, etc., in reference to the erection of Water Works, presented by Moore & Lovell be returned to that firm.

Mr. Newhall stated the Council of 1889 had directed the Water Committee to hold papers of the contractors subject to the call of parties who sent them to the committee; that Mr. Moore could have the papers at any time upon applying for them at his (Mr. Newhall's) residence and that there was no necessity for such a resolution.

Mr. C. K. Moore was allowed the privileges of the floor and he stated that he had been misinformed in the matter and wished to make a public apology to Mr. Newhall, a note was then taken and the motion was lost.

Mr. Hatfield:—"Then am I to understand that the Committee are to still retain possession of the papers."

Mr. Newhall:—"Your are to understand that this Council have nothing whatever to do with the matter, as the Council of 1889 instructed its Water Committee what to do."

Mr. Gallup from the Water Committee moved to refer back for correction the bill of Rudolph Hering. So ordered.

Mr. Hatfield moved that the Street Commissioner's salary be increased to $1,500. In supporting the motion he said that while Mr. Mosher had been asked to accept the appointment he said he would not do so under the present salary, and that he (Mr. Hatfield) had informed him that he would make a motion to have it increased. He said that Mr. Mosher had agreed with the Board to survey the streets free of any cost to the city, and that that was a big item in the city's pocket.

Mr. Rushmore suggested as an amendment that before the salary be increased that Mr. Mosher enter into some definite contract with the city in relation to surveying the streets.

The motion to increase the salary after considerable debate was withdrawn by Mr. Hatfield.

Mr. Rushmore moved to proceed to the election of a Water Board. The motion was carried.

Nominations were then called for and Councilmen Hatfield, Spangenburg and Gallup nominated each other. At the previous meeting Councilmen Newhall, Jenkins, Rushmore, Dunham and Hatfield were nominated.

Messrs. Newhall and Newhall were appointed as tellers and a ballot was taken which resulted as follows:

Newhall	7
Jenkins	0
Rushmore	6
Dunham	6
Hatfield	4
Spangenburg	5
Gallup	5

Messrs. Newhall, Dunham and Rushmore were declared elected as the Water Board.

The clerk was instructed by resolution to notify the engineer and Water Works' Co. of the action taken by Council in creating a Water Board and that both the company and engineer would hereafter conduct all business pertaining to the erection of the Water Works with such Board.

Mr. Hatfield moved that the privileges of renting "tenth row" at $45 per month for the accommodation of the city's poor, the owner to put the same in good repair, and he made a motion to that effect. Mr. Dunham later withdrew his motion in order to present it at a subsequent meeting.

Mr. Hatfield moved to take from the table the ordinance relating to the duties of the city physician. It was read for the third time and laid on the table.

Mr. Hatfield moved a vote of thanks to the clerk for the ordinance books. So ordered.

Mr. Jenkins moved that $50 be appropriated to assist the G. A. R., to properly observe Memorial Day. It was so ordered. All voting aye.

Mr. Hatfield called from the table the amended liquor license ordinance and it was adopted, all voting aye.

The same gentleman moved that the ordinance relating to wholesale liquor licenses be taken from the table and placed on its third reading. It was so ordered.

The ordinance was read for the third time and it was adopted by a vote of 6 to 4.

The Auditing Committee reported all the claims referred correct and they were ordered paid.

The meeting adjourned at 11:15 p. m.

A Tramp Surprised.

At about half-past six o'clock last night a tramp who was apparently under the influence of liquor visited the residence of Mr. Peter Flynn on West Third street, and asked for something to eat. While Mrs. Flynn was preparing the victuals the fellow thinking probably that she was alone in the house, began talking in an abusive manner to her. Mrs. Flynn's son Peter, happened to be upstairs and hearing the fellow, quietly descended and treated the tramp to a neck thrashing. The tramp became so frightened at the unlooked for turn of affairs that he run away as fast as his legs would carry him, leaving his hat behind.

PERSONAL.

Mr. John Crawford of Dunellen was in town on a short vacation from college.

Mrs. Soper and her son Edward starts tomorrow for Illinois, where they will hereafter reside.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Cadmus will now be found at their new home No. 22 Central avenue, having removed from their former home No. 5 Central avenue.

Mr. C. K. Moore one of the firm of Moore & Lovell who have the contract for the Water Works for Plainfield, and who was injured recently by the accidental discharge of a pistol he was cleaning, is able to be about carrying his hand in a sling.

Easter Election.

The annual parish meeting for wardens, vestrymen and delegates to the Diocesan Convention took place in the church of the Holy Cross last evening. Wardens, George F. Dupee and Charles L. Taggart; vestrymen, Messrs. Dupee, Taggart, W. Tyson, John H. Carman, Samuel Townsend, William L. Saunders. Delegates to Convention—Wm. J. Leonard, John H. Carman, A. R. Fabor, Jr. Alternates—Frank P. Browne, Henry H. Phillips, G. H. Hartley. Delegate to Convention to be appointed by the rector.

Camera Club Meeting.

The Plainfield Camera club held a meeting at the residence of Dr. H. H. Lowrie last night and decided to lease new rooms in the Clarkson building on East Front street. The committee also took over the advisability of annexing a ladies department to the club but no definate action was taken in the matter. Mr. Ernest Marx took a flash light picture and the meeting adjourned.

An Accident at Dunellen.

Sunday afternoon a gentleman and his family were enjoying a carriage ride through Rahway avenue, Dunellen, when one of the wheels of the vehicle collapsed. The women and one of the children were thrown out but escaped serious injury. Another vehicle was procured and the party proceeded on their way homeward.

A Lawn Tennis League.

A lawn tennis league is to be formed by the Bound Brook, Dunellen and Belle Meade Clubs, the Centennial Club, of Evona, and the Grasmere Club of Metuchen.

—The Franklin school building looks fresh and bright in its new coat of paint.

—A disgraceful street fight occurred on West Third street near Plainfield avenue this morning.

—The members of the Middlesex County Gun Club are enjoying a shoot on their grounds in Dunellen to-day.

—Street Commissioner Conover of North Plainfield has a gang of men at work clearing and scraping the road-bed on Somerset street. As the thick coating of mud is removed the hollows in the macadam are disclosed. A covering of crushed stone would be a benefit.

—The gentlemen who are engaged in the disgraceful exhibition of Chief Carey and Police Board, ought to take warning by what was done in Council last night. Public sentiment is all against them, and the rumored resignation proposed will seal their fate forever in this city.

—A number of the members of the shooting section of the Plainfield Gaming and Turning Society engaged in target practice yesterday afternoon. Mr. Jacob Gobb made three bull's eyes and three eleven and Mr. Fritz Reichel made four bull's eyes and two nines. This is considered a good shooting.

—The Charity Ball, the event of the season, will take place at Crescent Rink this evening. Plainfield's swell six hundred, for that many tickets have been disposed of, will appear either on the dancing floor or in the boxes. It is expected that the costumes will be quite elaborate and beautiful. The proceeds, after the expenses have been paid, will be devoted to Muhlenberg Hospital.

—The second annual ball of the United States Express Messengers took place in Arlington Hall on West Second street last evening. The affair was well attended and everybody apparently enjoyed themselves. The grand march occurred at nine o'clock and was led by Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Staats. The committee in charge were: General Director, Elmer H. Staats: Floor Manager, Louis D. Gustafson; Assistant Floor Manager, John M. Carney; Floor Committee, Messrs. George J. Tobin, John Hibbins, L. B. Gambertoni and John Carney.

FROM OVER THE STATE

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

A Stranger Killed, Child Drowned, a Fish Story, Small Pox Raging, Wheelmen's Dilemity, Tramps, and Mad Dog's Damage.

Twenty-seven hundred tramps were lodged in the Trenton police station during the last three months.

A two-year-old child of Pilot Samuel M. Schellenger of Cape May, N. J., was drowned yesterday in a washtub, into which it accidentally fell.

The shad fishermen are having good luck for the beginning of the season. One party took nearly three hundred large shad in their first haul at Keyport, N. J.

A mad dog has caused much excitement at Flemington N. J. It bit three ladies, three mues, and several cows and horses. Some of the bitten had pieces torn from the calves of their legs, and are much worried. One lady has gone to a New York hospital for treatment.

Robert B. Benson, a wealthy resident of Ayerigg avenue, Passaic, has one of the most severe cases of smallpox ever known in that city. All day yesterday his food had to be passed into his room on the second floor by means of a ladder. Another case was reported last night, and the alarm is becoming general. A canvass of the schools will be made to see that all the pupils are properly vaccinated.

An unknown man, 5 feet 6 inches tall, with dark hair and mustache, and about forty years old, was killed by a passenger train on the Central Railroad Sunday night at Roselle while crossing the track. The only article in his pocket which might furnish a clue to his identity was a white silk handkerchief with the letter B done in a corner. The body was taken to Durning's morgue, Elizabethport. The County Physician directed that it be held for a few days.

Capt. F. C. Gilbert, of Elizabeth wheelmen, and Secretary Bennett have made charges of assault against Theodore Glaser and his son Fritz, with the wheelmen allege, attacked them Saturday night as they were riding on their bicycles along Rahway avenue, Elizabeth. Glaser claimed that the wheelmen frightened his horse, and he afterwards went at them with a horsewhip, while his son attack them with a box. There were five wheelmen. The others were Lieut. Caldwell and Messrs. Coddington and Whipple. It is said the New Jersey Division of the League of American Wheelmen will vigorously prosecute the charges.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers in Plainfield township were recorded in Middlesex county clerk's office during the month of March:

March 4—Geo. W. Fewsmith and wife to Elizabeth T. Chetwood; $1; and other valuable consideration.

March 5—Samuel Lacey and wife to J. W. and Harriet Coddington, Piscataway township; $1,200.

March 14—Mary E. Pyatt et al. to Samuel Pyatt, Piscataway township; $1.

March 14—Thos. E. Warman and wife to John C. Ott, Raritan township; $3,000.

March 21—Stephen B. Todd to Martin Puck, Piscataway township; $11,500.

March 21—Mrs. S. Simons and wife to Stephen B. Todd, Piscataway township; $11,200.

March 21—Stephen Harris had wife to Martin Deitrich, Piscataway township; $2,000.

"How to Get a Home."

The Home Building Loan Association mass meeting at Reform Hall last evening was an extraordinary success. The hall was, filled to the doors, and the utmost interest manifested in the explanation of "How to get a home," and in the amusements.

—The Young People's Society of Warren mission will be held to-night by Mr. Walter Dobbins.

—The taking of testimony in the Hyde-Francis mill dam case will not be resumed until June 3d.

—The petit jurors for the May term of the Union county court will be drawn at Elizabeth to-day.

—Perseverance Lodge No. 73, Knights of Pythias, will meet in their new hall for the first time next Friday evening.

—The Water Works Company have opened their office on North avenue opposite the depot, in the handsome new Sebring building.

—The Young Alerts vs The Young Stars was the first ball game of the year. It was played yesterday. Score 2 to 11 in favor of the Alerts.

—The Ladies' Society connected with the Gaming and Turning Society gave an invitation ladies ball at Gaming Hall on Somerset street last evening. It was well attended.

—There were two public balls, a free lecture and phonograph exhibition, and several other attractions to draw the people away from the theatre last night, but in spite of them all quite a large audience graced that clever performer Mahlon Richmond at her appearance in three different plays, and seemed to heartily enjoy them.

—The Moy Pharmacy Company's new store, corner of Park avenue and Fourth street is a model of drug stores, from its handsome and inviting show windows to the prescription department in the rear. The new store has just started but are succeeding famously. Mr. T. S. Burr is President and Mr. G. V. S. Moy Secretary and Treasurer of the company.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Shalle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1. Tuesday	38	48	40
2. Wednesday	32	48	40
3. Thursday	32	48	40
4. Friday	32	48	40
5. Saturday	32	48	40
6. Sunday	32	48	40
7. Monday	32	48	40

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE BILL IN PERIL.

An Attempt to Kill the Werts' Bill.—Werts' Clever Scheme to Stop It.

TRENTON, N. J., April 8th. (Special.)—In the Senate this morning in the absence of Senator Werts, Senator Carter introduced a substitute to the Ballot Reform Bill and it was passed to its second reading. When Senator Werts arrivet and heard of this he became very angry and an interesting scene occurred. A debate followed. Senator Werts read several laws to the Senator bearing on the ballot reform question and a large portion of Governor Abbett's address. He called this his speech, thus occupying the Senate and preventing them taking action on the bill. During the excitement following, he moved the Senate adjourn until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, and before the opposition could stop it, he had the motion passed.

Wetumpka Lodge Anniversary.

Wetumpka Lodge, Knights of Honor No. 3401 of Plainfield, will celebrate their second anniversary this week by holding the organization, at Music Hall, Tuesday, April 15.

An interesting programme has been arranged for the evening. Only those holding invitations from the members will be admitted so the invitations are eagerly sought. The programmes for the evening are mostly home talent. We give the programme below:

PROGRAMME.

Part First.

Overture—Welcome.....Orchestra
Address.....Guard of the Order
Piano Solo—Caprieeio by Mendelssohn.....Miss Edna stay Pace
Humorous Selections.....Miss A. S. Hall
Duet—Selected—Mrs. Wm. M. Colquhoun and Miss H. May Hall, from the Brooklyn Celebrated, Accompanist, Mr. Lizzie Whitlock.
Banjo Selections, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jenkins, of Somerville, N. J.
Recitation—Selected.....Miss A. B. Hall
Soiree de Prestigee—Selected. Mr. Howard D. Kimberly, manager of Criterion Theatre, Brooklyn.

Part Second.

Selections—Aurora.....Orchestra
Solo—Accompanist, Mrs. W. M. Colquhoun.....Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jenkins
Banjo Selections.....Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jenkins
Humorous Recitations.....Miss A. B. Hall
Piano Solo—Selected.....Miss Edna Ray Pace
Miss Edna Ray Pace.
Solo—Selected.....Miss H. May Hall
Accompanist Miss Lizzie Whitlock
The Mysterious Cabinet.. Mr. H. A. Knudson
Selections.....Orchestra

Schedule of Games.

The following is a schedule of the games to be played by the Crescent base ball club of this city so far this season:

April 12th, the Star Athletic of Newark; April 19th, Acme of New York; April 26th, the Lafayette College nine of Easton; April 30th, the Columbia College nine of Elizabeth; May 3d, the Rockwell College nine; May 10th, the Rutgers College nine; May 17th, the Wilsons of New York; May 24th, the Y. M. C. A. of Brooklyn; May 30th, the Phalanxs of Long Island; in the afternoon the Brooklyn T's; May 31st, the Unions of New Brunswick; June 7th, the Acorns; June 14th, the Sylvans; of Haldon; June 21st, the Metropolitans of New York; June 28th, the Mercers of Trenton.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanBurgh & White's. 5-19

A YOUNG WOMAN wishes News office to learn the printing business. 8-3

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritz. 8-3

A BOY of good character, 14 years old, wants work. Address "E," care of EVENING NEWS

BOARD wanted—By a young man. Private family preferred. Address, stating terms and location, "P," Box 183, Equitable Building, New York city.

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double for two years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son. 8-3 4-5d

GOOD Table board can be had at 70 Park avenue. 8-3

100 BOLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanBurgh & White's. 5-19

HORSES—Another load of good horses will arrive fresh in this city next Saturday, at J. H. Parker's sales stable, corner of Grant avenue and Fourth street. 8-5

MULES—Two fine spans, one span extra fine, at Parker's sales stable, corner of Grant avenue and Fourth street. Will arrive Saturday. 8-5

SETTINGS of eggs of the thoroughbred Pekin duck for sale. Exhibition now in window of Randolph's pharmacy. 112 Rockview avenue. 8-3

SUPERIOR Table board, large rooms, 25 West Fourth street, Jacob Migley.

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large building No. 11 Richard Street. Also stable for four horses in the rear. 8-3d

WANTED—Girl for general housework, having good reference. Apply 15 Crescent avenue.

WANTED—A few sober respectable men to board. For particulars call at 61 East Third street, city.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply to 67 Mercer avenue, between Washington and Sycamore avenue, North Plainfield. 8-4f

Special Notices.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.
At the Rooms in Cash Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday afternoon. Class for young men. Call at H. H. GOOLEY, Chief Gymnasium Committee. 8-30-1m*

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 515 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Advice free. Charges moderate. Patents secured. Trade-marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees. Reference, advice, and special reference sent on request. 12-19-6f

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.
Prof. Goodlin's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms apply at 17 East Front street, Plainfield, or 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 3-29-1m

$1.40!

is Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquett Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $1.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS.) THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

NOTICE.

CHARITY BALL,

Tuesday, April 8.

In order to avoid all confusion in arriving and departing from the ball the committee have arranged with the Captain of Police. That in response to the ball all carriages will drive from Seventh street through Peace street and after leaving parties at the Crescent will depart by North avenue. In departing from the ball all carriages will form on Peace street south of the Crescent, facing the railroad in two lines one on the right side of the street next to the curb and one on the left side and wait until called and depart by North avenue. The centre of the street must be kept clear. All parties interested will take particular notice of this order. The police will be instructed to let no carriages drive up to door from any other direction.

G. W. GRANT, Capt. of Police. 7-9*

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

WE QUOTE A FEW PRICES FOR BENEFIT OF PUBLIC:

Fine Dairy Butter, 18, 20, 25c. per lb.
Fine Elgin Creamery, 28 and 30c. per lb.
Fine Flour (think of it) $1.98 per hundred.
Flemington Hams, 12c. per lb.
Flemington Bacon, 7c. per lb.

SUGAR AT COST.

We sell for cash, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

29 W. Front St.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

GRAND ENTERTAINMENT

By the TEMPERANCE CADETS

OF

THE HOLY NAME SOCIETY,

To be held in St. Mary's School Hall on the evening of

Wednesday, April 9,

AT EIGHT P. M.

Proceeds to procure library. Tickets 25 cents. The affair promises to be very enjoyable.

DICKINSON

IS PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

26 EAST FRONT STREET.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Hosiery, Hosiery Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Greenhouse Office by Mr. Lindsay, 94 West Front street. 4-7

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.
FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purpose.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(Where we expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St., where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers..... $1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, stripe, checks and plain..... 1.98
Ladies' Spring Coats..... $1.50, $2, 2.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $2.50 to 6.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular. .15
Children's " " " " .15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves..... 25c
4-Button Kid Gloves..... 50, 60, 75c

Louis Callman,

49 FRONT WEST STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

C. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

EACH BOX 1. TELEPHONE 62. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

The Farmers' Alliance Exchange.

Clarence N. Ousley furnishes to The Popular Science Monthly a history of the rise and fall of a farmers' co-operative enterprise in Texas, which carries its own lesson with it.

The Farmers' Alliance of the southern states originated in Texas. Its members belonged largely to the class of tenant farmers, and one of the principal objects was to develop a better state financially among those belonging to it. This was especially needful. The small farmers of the south are, or think they are, obliged to mortgage their crop before it is grown to the country merchant for supplies during the growing season.

In 1887 the Farmers' Alliance Exchange of Texas was founded, to help the farmer out of the clutches of the country merchant. The exchange was to act as the farmers' agent, and sell their crops for supplies. It was somewhat like the grange stores in the north that were to sell everything to the farmer cheaply. The grange stores at the north went out after a brief and troubled existence; ditto the Farmers' Alliance Exchange in the south.

The capital stock of the exchange was to be half a million, paid in $5 at a time each by members of the alliance. The exchange agency was opened in Sept. 1887, in Dallas. It is saddening to think of the high hopes and expectations formed of the concern. Factories of all kinds and finally a Farmers' Alliance university were in the plans made by the ambitious exchange.

Well, in 1889 the co-operative business collapsed like a balloon. And yet the expectations formed of it might have been realized in time, under wise management. Among the causes of the failure Mr. Ousley enumerates the commission paid to the alliance without capital other than donations and assessments which the trustee had no power to collect. Again, instead of confining its operations to buying and selling as the farmers' agent, the exchange undertook to supply goods on credit to all the members of the alliance in Texas. Out of the ruins of the old concern has grown a small buying and selling agency for farmers. This occupies the buildings at Dallas, and will endeavor to gradually reconstruct the business on a solid basis.

A Man to His Own House.

Scribner's Magazine has begun the publication of a series of papers on the *rights of man as a citizen. From the* first one, by Frederick W. Whitridge, we learn that a man has more rights in his house than he has anywhere else. He may turn anybody out who is in there against his wish. Wife, children and servants are bound to obey him. If they do not he may dismiss the servants and thrash the children. It is not very clear what he may do to his wife if she does not obey him, at present, but up to a generation or two ago it was permitted him in Europe to beat her, provided he did not use a rod thicker than the judge's thumb. Then there are divers and sundry other rights of a man in his own house, some of which Mr. Whitridge enumerates as follows:

In Boston, for instance, he may, in his own house, swear freely, which he cannot do outside without subjecting a tobacconist manager in Washington he may take the name of the Trinity in vain, while if he does it in the streets he renders himself liable to be fined two hundred dollars and sent to Mahler and Kansas, if he can get wine and beer into his house, he may drink it without let or hindrance and without a physician's certificate.

The women shirt makers that struck in New York worked previous to the strike sixteen hours a day. For the shirts they made they received 35 to 50 cents a dozen. The women became so worn out in a short time that they could not even make the scanty average earnings. *Life* is certainly not worth having on such terms as these. It would be much more preferable to sit down and starve comfortably in a short time than to have the life in one slowly ground down to powder *between the upper and nether millstone.* It is gratifying to know that the shirt makers were successful in their strike. There is no need that body linen should be cut down to starvation prices. The man who would not be willing to pay 10 cents more on the shirt for the sake of these women does not deserve to wear a shirt.

There is one great operatic theme never touched, and that is the American Indian. If we had in this country any musical genius that could construct an opera, here would be a thrilling subject. Buffalo and a prairie fire could be introduced. There would also be splendid capabilities for dress and scenery. The discovery of America by Columbus would likewise be a magnificent theme for an opera. But where is the American who can compose the music?

Among the various methods for the electric lighting of towns it has at length been discovered what one is not best. That is the to-ver system. In cities where it has been used it has in several cases been ordered discontinued.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

A Fight Over the Senate's Dependent Pension Bill.

CONGRESSMEN AND THE SOLDIER.

A Motion to Suspend the Rules in the House and Pass the Bill Fails to Receive the Two-thirds Vote Necessary.

A Spirited Debate Held.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—In the house Mr. Morrill (Kan.) moved to suspend the rules and pass (with a substitute) the senate bill granting pensions to soldiers and sailors who are incapacitated from the performance of labor and for the benefit of their widows, minor children and dependent parents. Mr. Springer (Ills.) demanded a second, and the motion was seconded—139 to 57. Mr. Morrill briefly explained that the substitute provided a service pension of $8 a month to soldiers who were disabled the age of 65 years or who are dependent. It was estimated that the senate bill would require an annual expenditure of $36,000,000 and the house substitute would require $39,000,000.

Mr. Springer offered the objection that the soldiers were not asking for this measure. They wanted a service pension bill. It this bill passed congress would have no opportunity to pass a service pension bill.

Tired of Indiscriminate Legislation.

Mr. Tarsney (Mich.) said the soldiers were tired of indiscriminate legislation which placed the skulking coward on a level with the brave man. Mr. Martin (Ind.) suggested that the bill was called up today in order to prevent the offering of amendments in behalf of the soldiers. He thought vote on the motion reluctantly, because he believed that it was a breaking of the promises made to the soldiers of the country. Mr. Yoder (O.) said on Friday he had sent a request to the speaker asking for recognition Monday in order to put in its passage, after four hours, the service pension bill. He had a response to that request in the present statement from the speaker. That Republican might gag the house but they could not gag the soldiers of the country.

The Motion Lost.

Mr. Cutcheon (Mich.) rebuked Democrats for posing as friends of the soldier, and said that *every general pension law* had been enacted against the opposition of the Democracy. Mr. Cannon (Ills.) said that the passage of the bill would place 500,000 names of soldiers on the pension rolls, and he submitted that no friend of the soldier could refuse to vote for it, even though it did not go as far as he would like to see it go.

After further debate the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill was lost—yeas, 139; nays, 137—not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative.

The following were among the bills introduced in the house: By Mr. Boothman (O.)—Granting a service pension to persons who served in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during the war of 1861-65.

The speaker laid before the house a letter from the secretary of the treasury transmitting a letter from the lighthouse board recommending an appropriation of $45,000 for a lightship carrying a steam fog signal to replace the present lightship in the harbor of New London, Conn.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—In the senate the house amendment to the joint resolution for the removal of the naval remains from Ellis Island, N. Y., was concurred in. Mr. *Evarts presented resolutions of the New* York Chamber of Commerce protesting against the pending bill for a camera multiteration of the Chinese. A memorial on the same subject from the American Missionary association was presented by Mr. Dawes. Discussion of the Montana election contest was then resumed, and Mr. Vance spoke in favor of the minority report declaring Clark and Maginnis, the Democratic claimants, entitled to the seats.

Senator Vance for the Minority Report.

In the course of his speech he told a story of a person who was advocating a country republic to St him to be a good father as a citizen. The person had a little what was the outward and visible sign of paternity. The advocate, after scratching his head for a while, answered with an air of triumph, "Why, the baby, to be sure." And so said Mr. Vance the outward and visible sign of hostility of the Republican party will be the Montana twins—not a baby, but a couple of them. [Laughter] He also illustrated Mr. Hoar's position (that while some of the objections to counting the votes of precinct 34 in Silver Bow county was sufficient of itself to justify the rejection of the vote of the county) together did constitute sufficient grounds for doing so) by the anecdote of an old justice of the peace before whom a case was tried, in which eleven distinct pleas in bar were entered. The justice took them up one by one and decided, as to each of them that it was not worth one cent, but that taking all of them together, they made a good case for the defendant.

Mr. Vance declared that he had never heard a title to a seat in the senate based on such slender technical trifling grounds. He had never known the public will of a community to be thwarted and trampled under foot on such flimsy pretexts.

Mr. Spooner's Argument.

Mr. Spooner, also a member of the committee on privileges and elections, made an argument in favor of the majority report that Saunders and Power, the Republican claimants, are entitled to the seats. A senator, he said, could, of course, only be elected by a majority of a quorum; therefore, in order to seat a man in the senate he must have been chosen by a legislature organized within the meaning of the constitution. But it was not necessary, in his opinion, to go beyond what might be called prima facie evidence, and that prima facie evidence was found in this case in the certificate of the board of canvassers, consisting of the chief justice, the governor and the secretary of the territory.

Mr. Spooner contended that it was the right and duty of the canvassers to reject the vote of precinct 34 as false and fraudulent. Without finishing his argument Mr. Spooner yielded for a motion to proceed to executive business.

Mr. Platt introduced a bill for the construction of an addition to the custom house at New Haven, Conn., not to exceed in cost $75,000.

The secretary of war sent to the senate a communication recommending the extension of limit of appropriations for fortifications indefinitely so that where it is impossible to complete work within the three years provided by law the appropriation may be available still. The secretary also recommends that the feature of the bill restricting the expenditure to products of this country be modified so that if necessary the disk springs for the breechloading mortars may be purchased abroad.

TO OFFSET WELLAND CANAL.

A Proposed Ship Canal for Uncle Sam Around Niagara Falls.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The house committee on railways and canals has acted favorably on a bill introduced by Representative Payne, of New York, directing the United States to make a ship canal around Niagara Falls from a point on Lake Ontario to a point on Lake Erie. The bill provides that the canal shall be constructed along one of the routes for such a project heretofore surveyed. The route favored is twenty miles long. It is provided that the canal shall be located by a board, composed of five persons, to be appointed by the president. The board is directed to report, immediately after the organization and to arrange all preliminary details for carrying out the project. For this work $10,000 is appropriated, but beginning the project $1,000,000 is appropriated by the bill.

The canal is intended as an offset to the Welland canal, on the Canadian side of the Falls. Under treaty provisions the United States is allowed to keep but one gunboat in the great lakes, and because of this it would be utterly impossible to concentrate a squadron quickly in the event of war. It is also intended to protect American vessels against what is claimed to be unjust discrimination in violation of the treaty obligations of the Canadian government in the Welland canal. The treaty with Canada provides that no discrimination shall be made in the canal, but Canada allows a drawback of 20 per cent. on duties for every cargo landed in Canada. This is claimed to be an injustice to American vessels. The proposed canal is to be 20 feet deep, 100 feet wide at the bottom and its estimated cost is about $23,000,000.

ANOTHER CYCLONE REPORTED.

Prophetstown, Ill., Swept Away and Many People Killed.

BURLINGTON, Ia., April 8.—It is reported here that Prophetstown, Ill., was blown away last night by a cyclone. The wires are down and no particulars can yet be learned. It is said that many freight cars were blown to atoms and that the whole town has been wiped from the face of the earth, and that many people have been killed.

Prophetstown it a post village in the township of the same name, Whiteside county, Ills. It is situated on the south bank of Rock river and on the Mendota and Clinton railroad, twenty-one miles southeast of Clinton, Ia.

The village had a population of about 900, *and among its institutions* were a national bank, a newspaper, a church and a graded school.

Easter Monday at the White House.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—To-morrow jolly, rollicking, tumbling children and 20,000 eggs, the children, like the eggs, variegated in color and as different in size, will give and receive gifts at the White House. The fusion was the scene presented in the White House grounds on Easter Monday, and Baby McKee was one of the jolliest of the throng. He didn't eight is content to be without. It has long been observed here, and Easter Monday is looked forward to by the children of Washington with almost as much interest as Christmas. All the avenues of approach to the White House were early alive with children and nurses and parents. Many persons basket of colored eggs was an invariable companion. Once upon the ground without concert of action, the little ones rolled their eggs down the sloping hills and tumbled them about in countless ways. The music of the Marine band enlivened the scene. At 2 o'clock President Harrison, his wife and the McKee family appeared on the White House balcony, and were cheered by the vast crowd of prattling, merry children.

New York's Fair Fund.

NEW YORK, April 8.—*The World's fair* committee has about $15,600 left on hand, which amount has been collected by Wednesday, when the manner of returning the funds to the donors will be decided on.

A Keystone State Firm Assigns.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., April 8.—Kendig & Hostetter, proprietors of the Mapleton Handle and Barrel manufactory, have made an assignment. Liabilities, $18,000; assets, $19,000.

A Buffalo Contractor Found Dead.

BUFFALO, April 8.—John Halloway, the leading paving contractor of this city, was found dead in his bed Sunday by his daughter. Apoplexy is given as the cause.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	90c.
California Plums	20c.	2.50
California Apricots	25c.	2.75
Standard Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

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10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

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FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

Latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Fichus, Fattues, Laces, etc. Short Frizzes and Notions. Dyeing and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St

RUINED BY A DEFAULTER

A Sensational Failure in New York City.

NEARLY HALF A MILLION GONE.

G. K. Sistare's Sons State That Their Late Partner, Douglas Hilger, of Philadelphia, Caused Their Failure—The Firm Similarly Crippled Once Before.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Wall street was treated to a sensation yesterday afternoon by the announcement in "The Stock Exchange of the failure of George G. Sistare's Sons, bankers and brokers of 16 Broad street. It was stated that the cause of the suspension was due to the discovery of a defalcation by the firm's late partner in Philadelphia. The firm has done very little business in listed securities of late, its principal business being in city bonds and specialties. It has evidently been a bear on the market, as 100 St. Paul, 100 Pacific Mail, 200 Lead Trust, 400 Cotton Seed Oil, 200 Atchison and 87,000 Texas and Pacific land certificates have been bought in under the *rule for its account.*

The Amount of the Defalcation.

No statement of the affairs of the firm, the amount of defalcation or the method of embezzlement could be had at its office, but a statement is promised today.

The amount of the defalcation was variously estimated at from $150,000 to $250,000 The firm has a branch office at 121 South Third street, Philadelphia, which is exclusively managed by a resident partner, the late Douglas Hilger. Hilger became ill about two weeks ago, and the head of the firm, W. H. M. Sistare, took charge of the office. Mr. Sistare now claims that in going over the accounts he discovered a large deficiency and false entries. Hilger's condition was too prostrate to admit of an explanation. He died Saturday last. Since the discovery the firm has endeavored to tide over the trouble, but was compelled to suspend.

An Unfortunate Firm.

The firm seems to be particularly unfortunate in the selection of managers for its out of town branches. About five years ago Henry Sistare, of this district branch, defaulted with $150,000. The firm was founded in 1832 by George K. Sistare who left the firm to his sons, Henry, W. Hilliard street. Sistare did very little business until Tweed came into power. The latter gave him all the city bonds to negotiate, and in this business he became moderately wealthy. He died in 1880, and the firm was continued by his sons, W. H. M. and George K., Jr. The latter retired Nov. 6, 1887, and was succeeded by his brother, W. H. M. Sistare, the present head of the house, has been a member of the Stock Exchange since Oct. 9, 1865.

It May Reach $500,000.

Last night H. S. Bennett, counsel for the firm, stated that no assignee had been decided upon, but the name would not be announced until today. Mr. Bennett also stated that the amount of the defalcation was over $300,000, and possibly in the neighborhood of $500,000.

The News in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—The Philadelphia branch of George G. Sistare's Sons claim to know nothing of the failure outside of the fact that there has been one. It is known that Hilger had contracted considerable debts before his death, but his friends claim that they were personal ones. At that time it was said the amount was $250,000. Later investigations approximate the amount at the amount is larger and that this is the *cause of the failure. Hilger's friends indig*nantly deny that he committed suicide, but died of typhoid fever. Persons having any knowledge are very reticent and will not talk on the subject.

Mrs. Stephenson,

25 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, *Fancy* Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, FILLSBURY and ROLLER, the best in quality. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of GROCERIES and FOODS constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

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No. 7 East Front street.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

Are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese, (Fresh every day).

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood worst, Liver-worst, *Boiled Ham, Pressed* Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Worcester and Saltets, Sauces, Mixtures, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

CHAMPAGNE FOR EVA.

New Jersey's Legislature Will Investigate Mrs. Hamilton's Prison Life.

TRENTON, April 8.—The Times says that Eva Hamilton, the wife of ex-Assemblyman Robert Ray Hamilton, who is trying to get a divorce from her, is having a fine time in the Trenton prison, where she is at present incarcerated. She enjoys all the luxuries of people freer than she, including whisky, champagne, cigarettes and everything else that can be had from the outside point of view. It is also charged that goods are being sent out of the institution without being branded by the contractor as prison goods, which is a direct violation of the law.

A resolution was passed by the New Jersey legislature, April 4, by the Senate, to appoint a committee to investigate these charges. Judge Hoffman, Mrs. Hamilton's counsel, says that the stories about her being allowed whisky, champagne and cigarettes are the fabrication of people who were not allowed to see her, and that it was done to injure her standing with the court of pardons. Keeper Patterson says that Mrs. Hamilton is allowed no delicacies and works every day at sewing button holes in prison garments. She has had all of this and is treated kindly by the keeper's wife; otherwise she fares like the rest of the prisoners.

Speaker Hoppenheimer has appointed Assemblymen Mahon, Trier, Voorhees and Williams a special committee to investigate the charges brought against the prison officials.

A Reception to Inventor Edison.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The exhibition of the Exchange for Woman's Work was opened at the Lenox Lyceum last night by a reception tendered by the board of managers to Thomas A. Edison. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Grover Cleveland and many other distinguished persons, besides the entire board of managers, among whom are Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. George Bliss, Mrs. Wm. H. Hilton, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. John Paton, Mrs. C. R. Agnew, Mrs. B. H. Bristow, Mrs. F. R. Coudert, Mrs. W. H. Dodge and Mrs. F. R. Thurber. The exhibition will be open until May 15. Among the interesting features of the evening's entertainment was the connection by phonograph and telephone with the Metropolitan Opera house and other theatres, so that those who chose to do so could listen to the performances at those places of amusement.

Four Hangings in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—This will be a great week for hangings in Pennsylvania. The four murderers named below will die today. William Andrews, of Bellefonte, Centre county, who killed a man named Simmons at Johnstown. Carter is a negative colored fellow and comes of a family of Virginia criminals, a brother having been hanged in Delaware. Seth Taylor of Waynesburg, Greene county, who waylaid and murdered a divorced woman, William McCausland and shot his body.

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EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Jersey Veal.	Western Dressed.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. B. Smalley's, Door at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Byram. P. O. Box 1295. Jobbing attended to, and I make given cheerfully on all kinds of work

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

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16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

MILK Producers Boycott Creameries.

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 8.—The milk producers have at last determined to make a stand, and a fight with the creameries in this vicinity has been declared. The cause of the trouble is the determination of the farmers to sell milk at living prices. Last month the producers' union fixed the price of milk for the summer at 2½ cents. Mr. Beakes, a leading member of the Milk Exchange, refuses to recognize the producers' union and says he will only contract for fifteen days at union rates. The milk producers met here and passed resolutions recommending that all the sections with which the milk business is handled by the creameries. In addition to the policy of holding back milk, the secretaries of the sections are authorized to call meetings for the purpose of selecting an agent who is to be located in New York city to represent the producers there.

A Railroad Deal.

FINDLAY, O., April 8.—The Pittsburg and Western railroad, which extends to Akron, O., has purchased the Toledo and Delphos narrow gauge road, which is finished from Carey to Delphos. The track will be made standard gauge and extended to Chicago. It is proposed to build a branch road to Findlay, and then purchase the American Midland system now in operation between this city and Ottawa, and which is graded as far as Wayne. This is done by building a short distance make a great trunk line between Pittsburg and Chicago fifty-two miles shorter than any route connecting these two cities. This new line is known as the "Carnegie road." The American Midland is now in the hands of a receiver, and is soon to be sold.

The Bodies Found at Last.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 8.—Charles P. Myers, of Philadelphia, and Joseph George Eaton, of Bridgeport, went fishing on Oneida lake on Christmas morning. Their boat was found overturned and the men were missing. A diligent search was instituted, but the men could not be found, and it was thought that they had been drowned. Yesterday the body of Myers was found on the lake shore in eight feet of water, and Eaton's body was recovered Monday morning near Syivan beach, it having floated fifteen miles.

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence and shop, Second street, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1244

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ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Terms moderate. address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1203.

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Taught by Madam Louis Vivaux and Credentials from Paris. Private lessons given at pupils, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at the Misses Locke's School for ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Terms and hours made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 25th street. 9-29-1y

M. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of Violin, 13 years's resident. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Address, Residence, 109 East Front street, or concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 122. 4-9-1y

MISS BERTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of guitar. Gives lessons either at her own or at people's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1203.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

The Misses Locke and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. S. S. SIMPSON,

50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

DR. E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

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Easter Goods.

Easter Books,

Easter Cards,

Easter Eggs.

A FULL LINE OF EACH.

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24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 79.

Gone with His Wife's Stepdaughter.

FALL RIVER, Mass., April 8.—Frank Garrick is reported to have eloped with a stepdaughter of his wife, with whom he went away two years ago. After a year's search his wife found the couple living together in Manchester, N. H., having one child. Garrick was at last heard from proposed to return to his wife, and they have since been keeping a boarding house here. Last week Garrick decoyed his wife from home, packed up his valuables and left probably for Boston, where it is supposed the girl joined him.

The Plumbers' Strike.

CHICAGO, April 8.—The arbitration committees, appointed by the strikers, and the master plumbers held a four hours' conference, and, it is understood, practically decided upon a settlement which will only contract for fifteen days at union rates. The milk producers met here and passed resolutions recommending that all the sections with which the milk business is handled by the creameries. In addition to the policy of holding back milk, the secretaries of the sections are authorized to call meetings for the purpose of selecting an agent who is to be located in New York city to represent the producers there.

Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacists Only.

When You Are Well

you may obtain delicious soda, cold or iced with syrups, handsome toilet articles, sponges, chamois, shaving brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

Leave your orders at our counter. P. O. Box 1288.

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages !

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield, which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

DON'T FORGET

WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

J. P. Laire & Co.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Stoves Ranges, and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos,

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

H. CHANE'S,

Hatter and Furnisher, 19 Park Avenue.

FATAL KENTUCKY FIGHT

A Unique Battle Which Cost Three Lives.

RIDING INTO AND FROM A TRAIN.

One Party Was Stationary and the Other Went at Thirty Miles an Hour—Shots were Exchanged with Deadly Effect—A Strange Story.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 8.—A desperate fight has just occurred at Chambers station, on the Kentucky and Tennessee railroad, fifteen miles east of Mount Sterling. A pauger train was fired into by Albert Barnes, George Stevens and six other mounted ruffians. Will Barnes and Kelly Day were killed, the former being shot three times in the head and the latter once in the head. It is believed George Stevens was also killed, as he was seen to fall as if dreadfully wounded.

History of the Trouble.

It seems that ten years ago Will Barnes and his neighbor, John Stevens, for cause which he was sent to the penitentiary for life. A year ago he was pardoned and came home to Powell county and became intimate with the wife of Albert Barnes, a brother-in-law to John Stevens. Albert and John Stevens, brothers of George, heard of Will Barnes' conduct, and they decided to kill him.

Will was told of their threats yesterday, and this morning he and his son, John, armed themselves with rifles and boarded the train for Chambers, which was reached early in the afternoon.

A Fight at Thirty Miles Per Hour.

Conductor Petrey discovered that Albert and his party were waiting for Will Barnes at Chambers, and he ran through the station at thirty miles an hour. When the station was reached Albert and his party opened fire on the car in which Barnes and his son were sent. They fired back, and it is thought George Stevens was killed by them.

The train reached Mount Sterling with one or two of the ten passengers in the car who were shot. The bodies were taken to Mount Sterling. Young Day is the son of a prominent merchant of Mount Sterling. Barnes was always considered a bad man, and many people fear this killing will start another mountain warfare.

JERSEY BALLOT REFORM.

The Bill Goes to Its Second Reading in the Assembly.

TRENTON, N. J., April 8.—The ballot reform bill was called up in the house last night by Mr. Merrit, the Democratic leader, and it was read at once for a second reading. This was objected to by Mr. Potts. He said there were a number of important amendments to be added, and the measure should be made a special order for Wednesday morning. This motion was lost and the bill went to second reading.

A number of amendments, all partisan and decidedly obstructive were offered. The most important was offered by Mr. Voorhees, the Republican leader. It provides that all the official ballots be printed by the state and be issued by the voters before being presented at the polls in official envelopes printed by the state and containing on the back the facsimile of the signature of the county clerk. Each voter is to seal his envelope before depositing it in the box. When the polls close all the sealed ballots in envelopes are to be cast open. When an envelope is found to contain two or more ballots the envelope and its entire contents are to be rejected.

Assemblyman Potts, of Jersey City, offered a substitute for the entire ballot reform bill. The substitute embodied the registration features of the original, and after that it provided for the Australian system of voting in use in Massachusetts and Rhode Island. The substitute was voted down.

Balloting in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 8.—In the election yesterday Henry C. Dwight (Rep.) received 3,891 votes and Charles R. Chapman (Dem.) 3,857, making Dwight mayor by 108 plurality. The Democrats elect four aldermen and seventeen councilmen, and the Republicans elect five aldermen and fifteen councilmen, but of the eight aldermen who hold over from last year, six are Republicans, so that the city government is Republican on joint ballot by a majority of two. This was the first city election under the secret ballot law. At Bridgeport, Robert E. De Forrest (Dem.) was elected mayor by 500 majority over Civilion Ponos, the Republican candidate. The control of the city council remains with the Democrats. Both parties favor the secret system of voting.

Elections in Ohio.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 8.—The municipal election passed off quietly. The Democratic city ticket is elected by about 1,300 plurality, but the Republicans elected twenty-two councilmen against fifteen elected by the Democrats. The board of education is still Democratic. Toledo has a Democratic council and a Republican board of aldermen, with a Republican majority of one on a joint ballot. Jones (Dem.) got trustee, was re-elected. The vote in the city was very light. Both Democrats and Republicans claim small gains.

A Pension for Mrs. Parnell.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The house committee on pensions has authorized a favorable report on the bill introduced by Mr. Brookshire of Indiana, granting a pension to Mrs. Delia T. S. Parnell, the mother of Charles Stewart Parnell. The committee reduced the amount of yearly pension from $1,500 to $600. Mrs. Parnell's claim is based on the services performed by her father, Admiral Charles Stewart, as an officer of the United States navy during the wars of 1812, and with Mexico, and the war of the rebellion.

Le Caron's Whereabouts Discovered.

DUBLIN, April 8.—The Freeman's Journal says that Maj. Le Caron, who became notorious because of the testimony given by him for The Times before the Parnell commission, is now living in a suburb of London. He has grown a gray beard and mustache which has so completely changed his appearance that his most intimate friends could not recognize him. The Journal also says that he has been promised a further government engagement in Australia.

Rochester's New Mayor Inaugurated.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 8.—Mayor Carroll was inaugurated yesterday, and it is now a Democratic government took charge of the city affairs. The new mayor, in his official address, said that the law prohibiting the opening of saloons on Sunday will be rigidly enforced under his administration.

Jersey City's Election.

JERSEY CITY, April 8.—The city election is in progress here today. The candidates for mayor are Orestes Cleveland (Dem.) and George F. Perkins (Rep.).

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Break Ties Both the Wires Carefully Untied.

Antonio de Navarro has announced his engagement to Miss Mary Anderson.

The Cayuga Woolen company, of Auburn, N. Y., has failed. Liabilities, $150,000; nominal assets, $195,000, valued at $90,000.

The late Mary Rebecca Parsons Underwood, L. I., bequeathed $155,000 to charity.

The New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church unanimously adopted the following: "In all cases of appeal the controversy we hold it to be the duty of Christian citizens of a commonwealth Christian in its history and in the character of its laws to refer to the Bible as a national book, and claim for it a place wherever the state attempts to educate youth for the duties of citizenship."

The suspension of John F. Plummer & Co. says he anticipates serious complications when he progresses in his investigation of the accounts of the old firm of Parsons Darling. The latter is still in custody.

Ebenezer Nicholson, the well known minstrel and variety performer, died of acute catalepsy in the New York hospital April 7 and his body was known upon the stage as Little Mac.

A jury after examining Miss Harris Coffin, the eccentric admirer of Kyle Bellew, pronounced her insane, and she was returned to the Amityville insane asylum, Brooklyn.

The Amateur Athletic union has rejected the entry of Malcolm W. Ford for the standing broad jump, and T. H. Bailey, of Providence, for the 600 yard dash.

Iva Defeats Heiser.

CHICAGO, April 8.—Frank Ives, of Chicago 275 points, and J. Randolph Heiser, of New York, 250 points, played the first match game of the handicap billiard tournament yesterday. "The Napoleon" won, his opponent gathering in only 138 buttons. The score was: Ives—14, 0, 0, 23, 12, 7, 2, 0, 6, 5, 1, 6, 70, 6, 8, 18, 34, 7, 0, 26 —Scores, Heiser—0, 6, 0, 8, 1, 3, 4, 22, 0, 0, 0, 7, 45, 27, 7, 2, 0—138 Averages—Ives, 13 15-20; Heiser, 7 5-19. Last night's game was between Schaefer and Daly, and was won easily by the former, despite the handicap of 200-100, which Daly received. The score was: Daly—1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 7, 1, 2, 0, 4, 2, 3, 1—Total, 200. Schaefer—5, 0, 0, 98, 75, 20, 25, 8, 5, 10, 8, 10, 0, 23, 5, 29, 108, 63—560 Averages, Daly, 5 5-18. Schaefer, 29 7-17. Highest runs—Daly, 16; Schaefer, 108.

To Prosecute a Good Samaritan.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Gertie Schultz, 9 years old, disappeared from her parents' home, 223 East Seventy-third street, Tuesday last, and has just been found playing on the dock at the foot of East Seventy-ninth street. She had been stopping with George Collins, aged 60, captain of a canal boat that lay at the dock. Collins was arrested. He says the little girl came to him crying and hungry, and told him she had run away from home because her father was drunk and abused her. Collins took her in and cared for her out of charity, he says. They were the only occupants of the boat. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children will prosecute Collins, though he asserts that he did the child no harm.

Referee Meeks Goes to Jail.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Lawyer Joseph Meeks, who was referee in the Flack bogus divorce case, was sent to jail to-day for a month's imprisonment, but made application for a stay of proceedings, has abandoned the application, and asked the court to let him serve out his sentence without delay. He says his action in the Flack case was foolish, but not criminal. He wished to relieve Mrs. Flack's mind. He was told by order of Judge Bookstaver. He does not waive his right of appeal, and expects the judgment against him to be reversed, but says he will submit to the judgment.

He was at once taken to the Tombs to serve out his sentence.

They Fought on a Railroad Track.

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 8.—About 11 o'clock two Italians, residing at Tompkins Cove, were returning home from a merry jollification, walking down on the West Shore track. When near Tompkins Cove the men had a quarrel over a matter of no consequence, the difference by a fist fight. So interested did the men become in pummeling each other that they did not notice the approach of a train, and, notwithstanding the engineer did all in his power to bring the train to a standstill, his efforts were without avail, and the locomotive struck the men, killing the instantly and crushing the skull of the other.

After the Knox and Lincoln Railroad.

ROCKLAND, Me., April 8.—A Boston syndicate has offered $1,500,000 for the Knox and Lincoln railroad. The offer will be considered at a meeting in the several towns owning the road, and will probably be accepted.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC., LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Partes entrusting us will be satisfied. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 496. Telephone call 29.

Kline's Extracts.

Mormon Preachers Ask Release.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 8.—An application was made before the United States district court in this city for the release of twenty Mormon preachers, who were sentenced, most of them a year ago. In their application they argued that they were sentenced to be confined in the United States penitentiary at Sioux Falls, and by the constitution of South Dakota slavery was abolished, and in view of the fact that no such place as the United States penitentiary of Sioux Falls now exists, they asked to be released. The application was denied.

A Victory for Armour & Co.

RICHMOND, Va., April 8.—United States Judge Hughes has rendered a decision upon the appeal of Armour & Co., of Chicago, declaring the meat inspection law passed by the legislature to be contrary to the federal constitution. The decision is elaborate and takes the ground that inspection is not meant as a sanitary measure, but as astate revenue measure, that the tax of one cent per pound is outrageous and that the meat slaughtered within 120 miles of the place of delivery could be sold under the law in an unsound condition.

Did Crowin Kill Dorf?

NEW HAVEN, April 8.—The body of David I. Boyd, who has been missing since Dec. 24, 1889, has been found floating in the harbor at Lost Island. The supposition is that he was murdered, and have arrested the supposed murderer, John Crowin, who is known to have been with him on the night of his disappearance, and who has given several conflicting stories of the matter. The authorities will say nothing about the case, but hint that they have a strong case against the accused.

Sir Charles Tupper and the Fisheries.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 8.—The minister of marine department, Sir Charles Tupper, has left here for Washington. He was accompanied by Mr. C. C. Chipman, his private secretary. Minister Tupper will assist Sir Lewis Tupper, the British minister to the United States, in the negotiations in the Behring sea matter, which are this week to be resumed at the federal capital.

Another Death from Electricity.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 8.—Matilda Louis Schaack, 23, married, has just died from from an electric shock. While at the Salvation Army barracks she touched an electric lamp with an iron poker, and at the same time a companion named Cargill caught an iron peg, thus completing the circuit. She received a heavy shock, and after a few hours' illness died in great agony.

Another Suicide from "Le Grippe."

TOLEDO, O., April 8.—W. H. Jackson, aged about 39, shot himself through the head at his home on Huron street. He had been suffering from the "grippe," and believing that death would result, ended his life. The deceased leaves a wife and one child.

A Fatal Quarrel Over Love.

HENDERSON, Ky., April 8.—Charley Wells and Eugene Cornell, aged respectively 18 and 19, rivals in love, quarreled in the street. Cornell struck Wells on the head with a stone, and young Eugene Wells drew a revolver and shot him dead.

Bradford Challenges Atalanta.

BOSTON, April 8.—The Bradford Boat club of this city has challenged the Atalanta Boat club of New York to a match race in eight oared shells for prizes to be mutually agreed upon. The date suggested is Memorial day.

$1,500 for Part of an Arm.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., April 8.—A jury has awarded Homer F. Fisk $1,500 against the Ames Manufacturing company of Chicopee for the partial loss of an arm by an explosion of a defective steam sode bottle.

An Alleged Mail Robber Arrested.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 8.—United States Detective John O'Brien has arrived here and lodged in jail one Jogge Thomas, a young man charged with breaking into the postoffice at Richboro, Pa., and rifling certain letters. The officer will proceed with his prisoner to Allegheny.

Worcester's $50,000 Fire.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 8.—The Forest block, occupied by Taylor's hotel and a number of stores, was burned Sunday. Loss, $50,000; well insured.

Weather Indications.

Warmer and from fair to partly cloudy, followed by rain.

Frank Linke,

Established 1865.

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-27-1y*

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best males promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

The Fight May Prove Fatal.

WATERBURY, Conn., April 8.—Thomas Peters and Lewis Carr quarreled in Harvey's pool rooms Friday night and adjourned their fight to the Waterbury ball grounds to settle an old grudge. Both were terribly pounded during the mill, and Peters so badly that he had to be carried home by companions, and since then he has been unconscious. The matter was conducted by his friends to avoid prosecution. Physicians have found that a portion of Peters' skull had been driven against his brain, and yesterday afternoon he was taken to the surgeon's room and all the spectators. Lewis Carr is in custody and the police are looking for Dan Carr, his brother, who, it is said, kicked Peters in the face. The doctors think Peters' case fatal, but think he cannot live. Peters hails from Winsted. Both Carrs have bad reputations.

"Snapper" Garrison's Horses Sold.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Twenty-three race horses, the property of William McMahon and Edward Garrison, the jockey, were sold at auction at the Sheepshead Riding academy. The first twelve sold for $19,-125, an average of $1,906. Rolina brought $6,400; Speedwell, $1,300; Falcon, $2,400; Garrison, $2,000; Vera, $1,500, and John Atwood, $1,625. Kempland brought $3,900. Result of sale, $21,315.

A Criticism from Stanley.

LONDON, April 8.—The correspondent of The Times at Alexandria says that Stanley condemns the British East Africa company for allowing American and Russian sportsmen to exhaust for mere pleasure the resources of their territory. It would be far better to allow Germany to control the district. She would at least prevent buccaneering.

Keenan Remained in Canada.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Business and other engagements in Canada prevented ex-Alderman John Keenan from being present in the supreme court here when argument was begun in his suit against aqueduct contractors O'Brien & Clark, for a share in their profits. The case is still on.

Capt. Howland Remembered.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., April 8.—Capt. Howland, of the whaling bark Canton, of this port, who rescued the crew of the British ship British Monarch last December off the Cape of Good Hope, has received a handsome gold medal from the Liverpool Humane society.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

NEW YORK, April 8.—At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 24; Athletic, 6. At Pittsburg—Syracuse Stars, 7; Pittsburg, 4. At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 9; St. Louis, 4. At Baltimore—Baltimore, 20; Yale, 7. At Des Moines—Des Moines, 6; Indianapolis, 5. All were exhibition games.

Not Situated but Silent.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 8.—Nothing is known here of the arrest of ex-Cashier Bilgold on suspicion of being a partner, or confessed with that of Fred Silcox, the bank clerk who disappeared a week ago and has just returned.

He Knew the Place.

Square in the restaurant—Didn't you order soft boiled eggs? I thought you couldn't bear them.

Nickleby—Neither can I, old man. But they'll be frizzled chicken by the time the waiter gets them here.—Lawrence American.

Formed by Circumstances.

Mrs. Hillsire—Your husband is the most accomplishing man I ever saw.

Mrs. Barnes—Yes, he says that he never saw a lounge that was comfortable until he met with the accident that broke his back.—New York Sun.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 20 Somerset Street.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

29 North avenue.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near ... 10-17sf

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R TEA.

ON DUTY.

A Colored Policeman Who Fully Appreciates His Own Importance.

There is only one man in the south more envied than the colored fireman on a locomotive, and he is the colored policeman. He is fully cognizant of his fact, and governs himself accordingly. On a recent day" in an Alabama town seven or eight dusky citizens stood staring at an officer who had just got off the train to arrest the first man that day. He paused and repeated them several times without a look, although his own father and several old friends were among them. He could not hear what they had to say finally had him to stop and demand:

"What yo' all doin' yere?"

"Lookin'," replied one of the crowd.

"What yo' all lookin' at?"

"Lookin' at yo'."

"What about me?"

"Yo' is as fine as silk. Hu! But wouldn't I dun like to be in yo' place!"

"Yo' nebber kin git up dis high, James Johnson," answered the officer.

"But you looked kin."

"No he can't."

"Can't yo', Missur Blivens!" appealed the young man.

"Yo' see, I nought if I was younger," answered the father, who was old and bow legged and bow backed.

"You will dun cum 'long wid me!" said the son as he collared him.

"Whoa! What fur yo' 'rest me, Bill?"

"Fur stealin'."

"Don't I hain't dun stole nuffin'!"

"Yes, yo' hev! Six yars ago yo' an' me an' Jim stole dat ar' white hog from Marse Ben Jackson an' cut him up in de woods, an' I has kept my eye on yo' ebber since yesterday. Now, dem kin yo' be a policeman in dis town?"

"No, Bill—no!"

"Kin Gallus or James Johnson?"

"No—no!"

"Kin any of de rest of dis crowd?"

"No—no!"

"Den I'll let you go, but be mighty keerful in de feuber. Ize got boaf eyes on dis crowd an' Ize gwine to come down wid an awful smash when I jump. De United States didn't dun make me a policeman to let no one run to help uphold de constitushun. Yo' niggers stand back an' keep dis sidewalk cl'ar or I'll cut some dese streets swim wid blood!"—New York Sun.

The Man for the Work.

Mr. Highstrung (in newspaper office)—I am the manager of the West End Amateur Dramatic company, sir—composed, as you know, of the most fashionable people in the city. We are to give "Hamlet" to-night, and I have brought an admission ticket for your critic.

Busy Editor—Yes, sir. Good day, sir.

Mr. Highstrung—Good day! (Aside, swearing)—Ah! you are from The Daily Rustler. The dramatic critic, I presume?

Man with Ticket—No, I'm a reporter.—New York Weekly.

Mixed Metaphor.

Happy—Ah! I, say, hope I'm not, aw, staying too late, Miss Furt!

Miss Furt—Oh, no, indeed! You do fill up that here corner of the room so nicely, you know.—Lawrence American.

Very Rich.

"Well, Mister McPhelan, how'd ye enjoy last night?"

"Ah, blast, Donny—blast! Uncommon a good date ar the tatoes."—Harper's Bazar.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:00 and 10:30 a. m., 1:45 and 6:00 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:00, 9:55, 11:00 a. m., 1:45, 6:00 p. m.

SOUTHERN AND WESTERN MAILS.

CLOSE—7:00 a. m., and 6:00 p. m.

ARRIVE—9:55 a. m., and 6:00 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 9:00 p. m. Open every morning until 9:30 p. m. to accommodate hour boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys may obtain them by calling on the Side Delivery Windows.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 20, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.05, 7.05, 8.00, 8.40, 9.07, 10.08, 10.40 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.40, 3.30, 4.05, 4.40, 5.05, 5.40, 6.05, 6.40, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sundays, 3.37, 5.05, 7.05, 8.00, 8.40, 9.07, 10.08, 10.40 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.40, 3.30, 4.05, 4.40, 5.05, 5.40, 6.05, 6.40, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Express trains, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05 p. m. Sundays, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.05, 8.00, 9.05, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sundays, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Express trains, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05 p. m. Sundays, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.05, 8.00, 9.05, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sundays, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Express trains, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05 p. m. Sundays, 5.05, 8.00, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05 p. m. Passengers for Easton change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 8.40, 9.07, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sundays, 8.40, 9.07, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Express trains, 8.40, 9.07, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sundays, 8.40, 9.07, 10.40 a. m., 1.05, 3.30, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Passengers for Lake Hopatcong change cars at Bridgewater.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

[illegible] For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

[illegible] For Easton, Allentown, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mahanoy City, Pottsville, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

[illegible] For Easton, Allentown

PETERSBURG LOST

The Siege Closed on the 2d of April, 1865.

SHORT CONFEDERATE SUPPLIES.

"The "Last Ditch" Reached—Battle of Five Forks—Lee's Lines Broken by a Vigorous Assault—The Death of Confederate Gen. A. P. Hill.

When Lincoln and Grant stood on the streets of Petersburg after the occupation by Union troops, April 3, 1865, the president said: "Do you know, general, I have had an idea for some days that you intended to do something like this?"

The work was an idle word, for although the Union armies had been nine months before the city, it had been evident for some time that the prize could be had when the time was ripe for it.

The Confederate armies were subsisting up their substance where they were; and their only lines of supplies were under surveillance of Union troops and could be cut whenever it should be policy to do so. These lines were south and west of Petersburg, and were along what was known as the Union left flank. The two fourths of Grant's force was located, namely, the Second corps, under Gen. A. A. Humphreys; the Sixth, under Gen. H. G. Wright, and the Fifth, under Gen. G. K. Warren.

DESPERATE STRAITS.

Just at the beginning of winter the direct railroad from these four to Weldon, N. C., the principal route for supplies for Lee's army, had been destroyed for a distance of forty miles by bold expeditions under Gen. Warren. This compelled the Confederates to

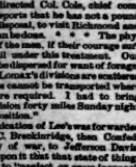
MAP OF PETERSBURG'S LINES.

use wagons for transportation from the break in the road to the besieged camps. To threaten this line the corps of Warren and Humphreys and Gregg's division of cavalry were sent out early in February, and after some desperate fighting the Union intrenchments were permanently established on this route. The road was not cut, but the success of the Union troops caused the Confederates to take a more circuitous and difficult way for their wagon trains.

The weather was very severe during this operation on the flank, and in reporting to the Confederate war office the next action he had taken to ward off the danger to his lines of supply, Gen. Lee wrote on Feb. 5: "Yesterday, the most inclement day of the season, I visited the left of the line. Our troops in line of battle, having been in the same condition the two previous days and nights. I regret to be obliged to state that under these circumstances, and in the absence of the fire of the enemy, some of the men had been without meat for three days, and all were suffering from reduced rations and scant clothing, and from the inclemency of the weather. I have directed Col. Cole, chief commissary, who reports that he has not a pound of meat at this depot, to go to Richmond and see if nothing can be done. * * * The physical strength of the men, if their courage survives, must fail under this treatment. Our cavalry has to be dispersed for want of forage. Fitz Lee's and Lomax's divisions are scattered because supplies cannot be transported where their services are required." It had to keep W. F. Lee's division forty miles Sunday night to get him in position.

This condition of Lee's was for warded by Gen. John C. Breckinridge, then Confederate secretary of war, to Jefferson Davis, who indorsed upon it that that state of things must be owing to "neglect or gross incapacity."

Among the soldiers of both armies there existed a strong belief in the approach of a peaceful end of the war. Rumors of a conference between President Lincoln and Secretary Seward for the Union, and A. H. Stephens, J. A. Campbell and R. M. T. Hunter for the Confederacies, and the informal exchange of views between the belligerents that followed this conference. Early in February the Confederate authorities were known through the hostile lines just east of Petersburg, in sight of nearly all of the Union army. Their mission was speedily announced in the camps, and the fact that a



GEN. J. G. PARKE.

interview took place in Hampton roads between them and the president was, of course, made known through the press, and reached the camps of both armies. Following the question from the combatants of both sides to the men in front of them, "Do you want peace?" On the part of the southern soldiers there was general willingness to secede to any terms the United States government would offer, and they were harsh in criticism of Davis and those who thought with him for insisting upon a recognition of his government before the south would treat of peace.

The winding up of the battle of Fort Stedman between Gordon's Confederates and the Ninth Union corps, on March 25, 1865, was witnessed from a distance by President Lincoln, who had accompanied Gens. Grant and Meade from City Point towards the front and found himself on a high knoll about a mile from the scene just as the reserves advanced upon the captured line.

As soon as the result of Gordon's sortie became known on the Union left Gen. Humphreys, commanding the Second corps, ordered his troops under arms. Finding the enemy's line weak he advanced his men beyond the Confederate picket line, but found the main works too strong to carry by assault. Gen. Wright also advanced his corps, the Sixth, in the same way, and the ground secured by these movements proved to be valuable in the subsequent movement on the part of the line. Late in the day "the Confederates made some desperate attemp's to recapture their picket pits, but failed." Humphreys and Wright lost about 1,000 men in all, and the

GRANT'S HEADQUARTERS, CITY POINT.

Confederates in front of them a like number. The advantage of the day remained with the Union army.

After March 25 there was constant firing across the lines both with artillery and musketry. The men were at the works day and night, and sometimes the firing was as steady as it is in battle.

FIVE FORKS AND PETERSBURG.

Sheridan joined the army on the 27th of March, and that evening the left extension of Lee's right flank began on the 30th, having been delayed one day by rain. The left wing of the Army of the Potomac had also been reinforced by the two fourths of Grant's force that was located, namely, the Second corps, under Gen. A. A. Humphreys; the Sixth, under Gen. H. G. Wright, and the Fifth, under Gen. G. K. Warren.

The several movements on the Union left had crowded the Confederate right to our rear lines, and in a general direction southwest and lying between the Union positions and Hatcher's Run. Hatcher's Run is a swampy stream, and made a good barrier when defended at the fords. About thirteen miles west by south of Petersburg there is a good road crossing the run and leading to the South Side railroad. This railroad has the Lynchburg and Danville connections and was of highest importance to Lee in Petersburg. At Five Forks this road was defended from the Union intrenchments, and at Dinwiddie Court House, five miles southeast, there were outposts and defenses to guard against a surprise at Five Forks. Sheridan and the corps of Warren, Wright and Humphreys moved together toward the Union left, and Lee sent out Gen. R. H. Anderson, with detached divisions, to cope with this strong force. Pitzhugh Lee was in command of the Confederate cavalry in this vicinity, and his chief ordered him to defend Five Forks.

Fitz Lee advanced to Dinwiddie Court House with his cavalry, and fought Sheridan there on the 30th. On the 31st Sheridan's entire force fought Pickett, Bushrod Johnson, W. H. F. Lee, with some cavalry under Gen. George H. Pickett, who commanded the force in the trenches at Five Forks. That night Fitz Lee moved his division to the Five Forks, and on the Union side Warren's Fifth corps was added to Sheridan's command and reinforced the left to the line. Dispositions were now made to attack the intrenchments at Five Forks, where Pickett had five brigades of infantry and ten guns. The cavalry of Gen. T. L. Rosser and of W. H. F. Lee was on the right and left flanks.

Sheridan's plan was to move his cavalry up so as to threaten the position and engage the enemy, while Warren's troops should assault and carry the point of the works on the White Oak road. Owing to ignorance of the ground and the confusion of masses of roads and forces, the attack was not a part until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, April 1, when the assault was made. Warren found the point of the Confederate line at the left, as Grant and Sheridan supposed it to be, but he carried it, and in a short time had placed Crawford's division squarely in the rear of Pickett's forces on the front line. The Confederates lost six guns, 4,500 prisoners and thirteen flags. Warren took 5,266 prisoners, four guns and eleven flags. His loss was 634 killed, wounded and missing. The cavalry loss was slight. It was for an alleged want of activity in this battle that Gen. Sheridan

MAP OF FIVE FORKS.

peremptorily removed Warren from his command.

During the night Gens. Mumford and W. H. F. Lee moved their cavalry back to the crossing of Hatcher's Run, by the South Side railroad, and Gens. Ord, Parke and Gen. R. I. Anderson arrived also with their commands, and Lee stood ready to defend his last positions. Promptly on the arrival of news that Five Forks had fallen and that Gen. Grant ordered a demonstration on the Petersburg lines. The Second corps attempted to carry the trenches on its front, but found the enemy far too active. A bombardment was kept up all night, and Gen. Grant ordered an assault at 4 o'clock on the morning of the 2d with the men of Ord's, Wright's and Parke's commands. The Ninth corps, of the Sixth corps was to the left of the Weldon railroad, where Union Forts Fisher and Welch were captured. The Confederate lines in front of these forts had been taken on the 25th of March, and they now offered shelter for the massing of troops to storm the high parapets which formed the Confederate line.

Gen. Parke was to move on his own front opposite Fort Stedman and between the Norfolk railroad and the Appomattox plank road. Wright's Sixth corps carried all before them, pressing on to the South Side railroad, leaving, however, the original defenses unstriking and working on their right rear. This compelled Wright to face about and form a new line. Ord and Humphreys also carried the works on their front, and, pressing through Gordon's lines, left the Confederate army south of the Appomattox in two. Parke's Ninth corps troops took the outer lines in front of them, but could not carry the inner lines. The Confederate artillery was still in position and swept every foot of ground along the whole front. Several attempts were made on Gen. Gordon's line, which still commanded in front of the Ninth corps, to retake the ground seized by Parke, but they all failed. Gen. A. P. Hill was killed on the line while going out to join Gordon's command in person, who had broken through the intrenchments.

Up to this time Gen. Longstreet had been north of the Appomattox protecting the Army of the James, but the situation in Petersburg drew him, with Field's division, to the scene of the new danger. The river road, by the Confederate rear, running into Petersburg from the south were held by Ord and Wright. Near where they passed the Confederate defenses there were two strong works, Forts Gregg and Whitworth. "Fort Gregg was an enclosed redoubt, mounting two guns; Fort Whitworth had a brigade and three guns.

When Ord and Wright formed their new lines the division of Gen. Foster, Gibbon's Twenty-fourth corps, was in front of Gregg and Whitworth, and, advancing under a severe fire, found a wide ditch obstructing the way and batteries commanding the whole field. A division of supports came up and two brigades assaulted Fort Gregg, and the rest Fort Whitworth. After a contest, Fort Gregg yielded and Whitworth was then abandoned. There were 55 dead Confederates in Fort Gregg, and Gibbon lost over 100 killed and 600 wounded.

The Confederates were now completely separated, one column being on the South Side railroad confronting Sheridan and Humphreys, who had swept westward along the track from Petersburg, and the other being in the contracted lines at Petersburg and along the James river toward Richmond. Lee was at Petersburg. It was past noon on Sunday, April 2. The fall of Forts Whitworth and Gregg and the failure to dislodge the Union troops south or east of the city decided the fate of that place, and Lee ordered preparations to be made for abandonment that night.

Sheridan was pressing on to get his forces of cavalry and infantry, the Fifth corps being still under his command, between Lee and Danville, the only means by the line of retreat. At Petersburg the Union commanders remained alert for every opportunity to strike a telling blow. The pickets kept pressing up to the opposing lines, but at no point in the old works could a weak place be found.

The Confederates gave a good account of themselves in defending their "Last Ditch." The Union intrenchments extended from the Appomattox river below the town to the river above, and Gen. Grant ordered a heavy bombardment to be begun at 5 o'clock on the morning of the 3d. This was to be followed by a grand assault at 6 o'clock. But preparations were going on quietly in Lee's lines for evacuation, and this was to be accomplished before the hour fixed for assault. In this campaign, beginning on March 30 with Sheridan's and Fitzhugh Lee's encounters at Dinwiddie Court House, the Union corps had amounted to 12,000 men, or about one-fifth of Lee's force. In the death of Gen. A. P. Hill, these corps counted the south lost one of its most fiery leaders. It was he of whom "Stonewall" Jackson spoke in his delirious moments on his death bed, when he said: "A. P. Hill, prepare for action!"

Hill was the last of the prominent leaders of the southern army to fall, and his death was tragic. He had been in Petersburg during the 1st of April, while Sheridan was fighting Pickett at Five Forks, and on the morning of the 2d had gone, in obedience to orders from Lee, to prepare the troops to reenforce Pickett. Hill's troops, now consisting of the divisions of Heth, C. M. Wilcox and Mahone, were occupying intrenchments on the right in front of the positions then held by the Union corps under Wright and Humphreys. When these commanders made their attack on the morning of the 2d they were met by a fire from Hill's lines. Completely, and those Confederates who were on their left, or the Petersburg side of the break, were compelled to flee back towards the Appomattox river to join their fellows on the right of the break. Wright and Humphreys pushed on so rapidly that the Union and Confederate troops were at times on the same lines in alternate spaces.

Hill was on foot passing along the region of the battle, and seeing a body of men whom he supposed to be his retreating to Gordon's defenses, he hurried toward them only to learn on drawing near that they were enemies. He now started across a field to gain

GEN. A. P. HILL.

the line of the Appomattox where his friends were marching, but came upon a party of Union soldiers who were separated from their comrades. One of these, seeing a man in gray within what were now the Union lines, fired without warning,

and Hill fell without an opportunity to defend himself. The name among whom Hill had fallen belonged to the Sixth corps and were considerably in advance of their main line, having, in fact, made a rush from the captured Confederate front toward the Appomattox. Their impetuous movement was without the orders of their commanders, and hence had not been followed up by the usual supports, and they were speedily rallied after their surprise, and Gen. Lee, who was in the vicinity, came in person to the scene.

Calling for A. P. Hill, and not finding him, he soon learned that he had ventured on dangerous ground and, dead or alive, was in the hands of the Union troops. Lee now ordered a sharp cover the ground where Hill had last been seen, the scattered troops of the Sixth corps were driven back and Hill's body was found. It was in charge of Vir gilio, and had received West Point training and served in the Mexican and Seminole wars.

Meanwhile Wright and Humphreys in carrying the Confederate intrenchments south of Petersburg completed the work of the siege, which had occupied by nearly nine months. It is true that Petersburg was not yet surrendered, but Confederate outlets were cut off. It could communicate with Richmond, but Richmond was invested north and east, and the only line of travel was by the two lines places and a single outlet to the westward from a point between the two was all that remained to the army with Lee, the chief reliance of the Confederacy.

The losses in the siege have never been separately announced. The total of the Sixth corps was to the left of the Weldon railroad, where Union Forts Fisher and Welch were captured. The Confederate lines in front of these forts had been taken on the 25th of March, and they now offered shelter for the massing of troops to storm the high parapets which formed the Confederate line.

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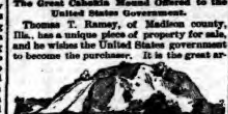
UNION BATTERY ON THE JAMES.

From the 15th of June to the close of the actual fighting in the trenches on April 2, 1865, there had been constant skirmishing along the lines, collisions varying from pocket vollies to actual battles. The Confederates had lost 42,000 men, with the exception of those in the assault at Fort Stedman, March 25, 1865, and the attempts made at various times to drive off the forces Grant was using to extend his line along the Weldon road during the summer of 1864. The Union dead in the siege is one of the most remarkable in modern war, because the evidences of the Confederacy was stripped of its military power, and the Confederate army was at no time actually surrounded. It was simply one end of the Confederate line

AN ANCIENT PYRAMID FOR SALE.

The Great Cahokia Mound Offered to the United States Government.

Thomas T. Ramey, of Madison county, Ills., has a unique piece of property for sale, and he wishes the United States government to become the purchaser. It is the great ar-



THE BIG MOUND AT CAHOKIA.

tificial hill at Cahokia, in St. Clair county, Ills., which is the most stupendous memorial left by the prehistoric people called the mound builders. This hill has an altitude of 109 feet, its base covers sixteen acres and it contains at least 30,000,000 cubic feet of earth. Says Mr. Ramey in his letter to Senator Cullom suggesting the purchase of the gigantic pyramid by the government:

"It is a parallelogram with straight sides, the longer of which are north and south. The top of the mound is flat and divided into two parts, the northern and being four or five feet higher than the southern portion, the summit containing about one and one-half acres. On the southern end, some thirty feet above the base, is a terrace or apron containing nearly two acres of ground. In the middle of this terrace at the base of the mound is a projecting point, apparently the remains of a graded pathway to ascend from the plain to the terrace. On the western side, and about thirty feet above the southern terrace, is another terrace of somewhat less extent. The side of the mound below the western terrace is very irregular and forms projecting knobs. To the northeast corner of this large structure there seems to be a small mound attached. The remaining sides are quite straight. Cahokia is the largest pyramid in the world, surpassing the pyramids of Egypt in size."

AN AFRICAN EXECUTION.

An Interesting Extract from Advance Sheets of the April Century.

Mr. E. J. Glave, who was one of Stanley's pioneer officers, contributes to the April Century a profusely illustrated article on "The Slave Trade in the Congo Basin," the result of his observations during a residence of twenty months among the savage natives of Central Africa. Of an execution, of which he was a witness, Mr. Glave says:

A SLAVE HUNTER.

"In this particular instance, the mother of a chief having died, it was decided, as usual, to celebrate the event with an execution. At the earliest streak of dawn the slow, measured beat of a big drum announces to all what is to take place, and warns the poor slave wife to be the victim that his end is nigh. * * * The executioner's assistants, having selected a suitable place for the ceremony, procure a block of wood and a fresh supply. The slave is then placed on this in a sitting posture; his legs are stretched out straight in front of him; the body is strapped to a stake reaching up the back to the shoulders. On each side stakes are placed under the armpits as props, to which the arms are firmly bound, other lashings are made to posts driven into the ground near the ankles and knees.

"A pole is now planted about ten feet in front of the victim, from the top of which is suspended, by a number of strings, a bamboo ring. The pole is bent over like a fishing rod, and the ring fastened round the slave's neck, which is kept rigid and stiff by the tension. During this preparation a group of dancers surround the victim and indulge in drunken mimicry of the contortions of face which the man is caused by this cord of which he knows him to show. But he has no sympathy to expect from this merciless horde.

"Presently, in the distance approaches a company of two lines of young people, each holding a stem of the palm tree, so that an arch is formed between them, under which the executioner marches. The whole procession moves with a slow but dancing gait. Upon arriving near the doomed slave all dancing, singing and drumming cease, and the drunken mob takes their places to witness the last act of the drama.

"An unearthly silence succeeds. The executioner wears a cap composed of black cocks' feathers; his face and neck are blackened with charcoal, except the eyes, the lids of which are painted with white chalk. The hands and arms to the elbow, and feet and legs to the knee, are also blackened. His legs are adorned profusely with broad metal anklets, and around his waist are strung wildcat skins. And he throws a wild dance around his victim, every now and then making a feint with his knife, a murmur of admiration arises from the assembled crowd. He then approaches and makes a thin chalk mark on the neck of the fated man. After two or three passes of the knife, to get the right swing, he makes the final blow, and with one stroke of his keen edged weapon severs the head from the body."

The Fortune the First Consideration.

If rich American girls are anxious to secure titled husbands, the impecunious descendants of the crusaders and the robber barons of the middle ages are not at all behind in their desire to bring about a union of republican wealth with European rank. This was shown recently in the widely published exposure of the "Count and Countess Joseph" swindling transactions, of San Francisco." The proprietor, Ludwig von Rosmayer, received hundreds of applications for wives from poor but noble foreigners, but before he had time to arrange any bargains and secure his fee from the business went to smash and Rosmayer committed suicide. The poverty of these titled chevaliers of industry to snap up tawdry young women of fortune resembles nothing more nearly than the avidity of the shark. The only difference is that the prey, unfortunately, is too often a million dear.

Special Offer For This Week.

RE ATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. 'TIS THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

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18 WEST FRONT STREET.

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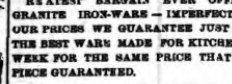

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Call and examine our goods.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CHIEF CAREY REMOVED

AND POLICEMAN LYNCH SUSPENDED BY THE POLICE BOARD LAST NIGHT.

While Such Things are Possible, What Safety is There for Life and Property? Enemies Accuse, Try and Convict.—Mayor Male and Counsellor Bergen Protest in Vain.—Corporation Counsel Marsh Ignored.

It was our painful duty to refer recently to the barroom episode which was so disgreditable to three Plainfield Councilmen, one as low a passage than the President of the body. It is our still more painful duty to refer to their action last night, compared to which, in our judgment, their first offense was almost nothing.

As previously announced the Police Board held a meeting in the Council Chamber for the purpose of hearing the charges against "Captain of Police" Tunis J. Carey and Policeman Patrick Lynch.

Chairman Roberts called the meeting to order at 7:09 o'clock.

At that time the lobby was crowded with persons, who remained throughout the proceedings, and were most orderly.

In response to roll call Messrs. Chairman Roberts, Mayor Male and Messrs. Moffett, Hetfield and Spangenberg answered present.

Mr. Hetfield moved that the charges against "Captain" Carey be taken up and investigated. Carried.

Mr. Hetfield then read the charges by Elmore D. Moffett, charging Chief Carey with using profane and indecent language while a member of the Council on March 18th, and at various times since January 6th.

Mr. Carey pleaded not guilty, and the Board called as the first witness Mr. Edward Herbin, a minstrel performer bouncing at Miller's Hotel.

Mr. Hart Bergen, counsel for Chief Carey, then offered the following objections:

Plainfield, N. J., April 8th, 1890.

In the matter of the charges preferred by Elmore D. Moffett against Tunis J. Carey on March eighty-first eighteen hundred and ninety. } Objection to Board Hearing Trycott.

To David Roberts, Job Male, Walter L. Hetfield, Leonard Spangenberg and Elmore D. Moffett, styled the Board of Police of the City of Plainfield.

The said Tunis J. Carey, by Frank Bergen his attorney, hereby denies the authority and jurisdiction of the said Board of Police of the City of Plainfield to inquire into or investigate the matters and things alleged in the charges preferred by the said Elmore D. Moffett against the said Tunis J. Carey on the thirty-first day of March last, for the following reasons:

First. Because there is no power conferred in or by the charter of the City of Plainfield, or otherwise, on the said Board of Police of the city to create or establish a Board of Police by resolution; and the alleged ordinance establishing the said Board of Police and a police force, approved February 28, 1889, and the amendment thereto, approved March 18, 1889, are void. Because the said alleged Board of Police has no jurisdiction in this matter and authority to pass upon or determine, or report upon the right of the said Tunis J. Carey, to hold the office of Captain of Police, and or to be an officer of the police force of said city.

Third. Because the statute entitled "An act concerning municipal corporations" and regulating the tenure and terms of office of officers and men employed in said departments," approved March 27, 1884, and the said Tunis J. Carey a right to a fair and public trial of any and all charges preferred against him, before a competent tribunal of any government which has power to remove him from office for sufficient reason; that said alleged Police Board of Plainfield has no such power and any finding or report which the said Board may make on said charges and the said charges would be illegal, unauthorized and void. Respectfully submitted,

FRANK BERGEN,
Attorney for Tunis J. Carey.

Chairman Roberts stated that the Board proposed to investigate the charges, and if the decisions under which they were made was not valid it is about time that the Board knew it.

Mayor Male asked: "Has the person making the charges a right to vote on them," and objected to his so doing.

On motion of Mr. Hetfield the Mayor's objection was overruled.

Mr. Bergen then presented the following protest:

Plainfield, N. J., April 8th, 1890.

In the matter of the charges preferred by Elmore D. Moffett against Tunis J. Carey on March eighty-first eighteen hundred and ninety. } Challenge

The said Tunis J. Carey, by Frank Bergen his attorney, hereby challenges the right and competency of Elmore D. Moffett, to act as a member of the Board of Police at the hearing of the charges mentioned above, for the following reasons:

First. Because the said charges were preferred by the said Elmore D. Moffett himself, and the hearing thereof is referred to his alleged to have been spoken by the said Tunis J. Carey of the said Elmore D. Moffett.

Second. Because the said Elmore D. Moffett is not indifferent as to the truth of said charges, and will not favor the trial of the same and take part therein, impartially; that he has formed and expressed an opinion and conclusion thereon; and is hostile to and entertains a strong and fixed prejudice against the said Tunis J. Carey in respect of the matters alleged in the said charges.

And the said Tunis J. Carey by Frank Bergen his attorney, hereby challenges the right and competency of Walter L. Hetfield [illegible] to act as a member of the Board of Police at the hearing of the said charges for the following reasons:

Because the said Walter L. Hetfield is not indifferent as to the truth of said charges, and will not favor the trial of the same, and take part therein impartially; that he has formed and expressed an opinion and conclusion thereon; and the said Tunis J. Carey therefore, and is hostile to and entertains a strong and fixed prejudice against the said Tunis J. Carey on account of the matters alleged in the said charges.

And the said Tunis J. Carey objects to the testimony of the said Elmore D. Moffett and Walter L. Hetfield being received as evidence or taken part in the investigation of the said charges, because he is not guilty thereof, and has a right to be tried on the said charges by the said Tunis J. Carey hereby offers, and claims the right, here and now, to prove the falsity of the said charges and each of them, and the bias of the said Elmore D. Moffett and Walter L. Hetfield to sit as aforesaid, and take part in the proposed investigation.

FRANK BERGEN,
Attorney for Tunis J. Carey.

On motion of Mr. Hetfield this objection was also overruled.

Mr. Marble then testified in substance as follows: "I know Mr. Carey by sight. On the morning of March 18th I was going from the hotel office to my room upstairs. I should judge it was about midnight. I heard an unusual noise and came down the stairs and saw Captain Carey standing in the door leading to the barroom. He used profane and indecent language to members of Common Council.

Another witness, Mr. Enemire, testified that he saw Chief Carey on the afternoon of March 18th, and engaged in conversation with him; that Carey said he was sorry he caught Mr. Hetfield and him in the barroom; that Moffett was the man he was after, at the same time applying a profane and indecent epithet respecting Mr. Moffett. On cross examination Mr. Gallup said, "Corporation Counsel Marsh had informed me that Chief Carey had made a complaint against Mr. Miller for keeping his bar room open after hours; I was angry with Chief Carey when I met him on the afternoon of March 18th."

Mr. Bergen:—"Why were you angry with the Chief?"

Mr. Gallup:—"Because I was caught and I was ashamed of being caught in such a scrape." Continuing Mr. Gallup said: "At the time I thought the Chief had done his duty, but I now think it was a matter of spite. Councilman Gallup appeared much confused under the cross-examination, admitting that he had no reason finally for believing that there was any spite in the matter at all. He simply impressed it.

Mr. D. W. Littell was the next witness called.

Mr. Bergen objected to Mr. Littell as a witness. The Board then conferred and at the conclusion of the conference Mr. Moffett moved that Mr. Littell's testimony be admitted.

Mayor Male objected and said he thought that the Board should not investigate charges previous to March 18th, urging that it was absurd to take up every chance word a man might drop in the course of six months. But the Board started ahead. Then Corporation Counsel Marsh arose and stated that he stood ready to advise the Board on any points of law, but he was ignored altogether.

A vote was then taken on Mr. Moffett's motion, and it prevailed, all voting aye but Mayor Male.

Mr. Littell then testified that a few days after the organization of Council Chief Carey had called Mr. Roberts a traitor to his party and charged him and others in language toward Mr. Moffett. On cross examination he testified that he had personal animosity against the Chief.

Gershom Frazee was the last witness called but his testimony was of little importance as "Gershom" memory had him.

The prosecution then rested.

Mr. Bergen then arose and said: "The Board has no jurisdiction in this matter and I advised my client that our whole duty was to present our protests. The law says a person must have a fair and impartial trial. I do not think we can expect such a record to anybody a fair trial when three members and they a majority of the Board before which he is being tried have a personal animosity against him. I, therefore, decline to proceed further, but will see that justice is done in another tribunal.

Mr. Moffett moved to defer further action in the matter until the charges against Policeman Lynch were taken up. So ordered

The charges against Mr. Lynch were then read and he pleaded not guilty to them.

Mr. John Brooks was the first witness called and he swore to the charges previously published. His testimony was corroborated by Messrs. F. A. Miller, G. W. Eddy and A. L. Cadmus.

Mr. Lynch was then called and testified in his own behalf. He said that he hand-cuffed two prisoners, under instructions from Chief Carey, who told him to take no chances, as they were four serious charges against the men. His testimony was corroborated by the Chief.

After hearing the testimony Mr. Brooks made a motion that the charge against Policeman Lynch be withdrawn. The motion was seconded by Mr. Miller.

Mr. Brooks was informed by a member of the Board that the matter rested with that body and not with the citizens, notwithstanding that they were the complainants who thought to have the charges withdrawn because so unsatisfactorily urged.

Mr. Hetfield then moved that the Board take a recess of five minutes. The motion prevailed and the Board adjourned to a committee room and canned the testimony.

At the expiration of 15 minutes they reappeared and Mr. Moffett moved that Policeman Lynch be suspended for one month from April 1st, without pay.

A vote resulted as follows: Ayes—Moffett, Hetfield, Roberts and Spangenberg. Nay—Mayor Male.

Mr. Hetfield moved that Captain Carey be suspended for three months without pay. Mr. Moffett seconded the motion. Ayes—Moffett, Hetfield, Roberts and Spangenberg. Nay—Mayor Male.

Mr. Hetfield then moved that the resolution adopted at a previous meeting making Mr. Carey Captain of Police, be rescinded. The motion was seconded by Mr. Moffett and carried.

Mr. Hetfield—"I now move that George W. Grant act as Captain of Police for the balance of the year." The motion was carried, Mayor Male voting no.

The Mayor arose and questioned the right of the Board to take such action in the matter without first conferring with Common Council. In noting the question the Mayor's hand was unsteadied appealingly, and he showed a deep emotion.

Our ground did not seem very exposed more ground for them when on this occasion he stood protesting against so great a wrong to two of the best officers ever any city was blessed with. For those officers have been wrongfully and unjustly removed from office, and the reasons given do not fully realize the demoralizing influence generally of such a proceeding.

While Mayor Male was talking Mr. Moffett moved that the meeting adjourn. The motion prevailed.

After such action one citizen remarked "if that is not "gag" law I do not know what is."

After the meeting was over Councilman Hetfield and Councilman Roberts were likewise spent some time talking over the affair, seemingly much pleased with their action.

THE CHARITY BALL.

A SOCIAL SUCCESS.—BRILLIANT COSTUMES.

In Spite of the Disagreeable Weather, About Six Hundred People Attend.

Delicious music, under the able leadership of Mr. Emil Elliott, the soft shuffle of hundreds of feet on the hard wood floor, the subdued laughter of the many dancers, a brilliant glare of light falling upon laughing, pleasant and handsome faces, and magnificent costumes, greeted one upon entering Crescent Rink last evening, the occasion being the much talked of Charity Ball.

It was a brilliant gathering, representing the best people of the city. There were comparatively few spectators. The music was of no unchanging a character that few cared to be spectators when they could be participants.

The interior of the building was handsomely decorated with orange and white bunting, artistically draped along the walls and gallery. Small pine and fir trees cut off the cold air from the door, and enclosed the floor at both ends of the rink. At the far end, about a quarter of the floor space had been so enclosed for a supper room. The green of the pine and the waxy graceful ferns made it quite a little garden. Marcel of New York was the caterer.

Portions of the lower gallery and all the upper gallery were arranged into cosy boxes, which were all occupied by various well-dressed groups. Around the open fire-place portieres were hung and rugs laid. Here between dances the low easy chairs and cushion covered divans, would be occupied by graceful girls, surrounded by attentive gentlemen. The only fault found during the evening was the condition of the floor which was rather dusty. The programme was as follows:

PROGRAMME

1. Lancers—The Brigands.....Offenbach
2. Waltz—Tout Paris.....Waldteufel
3. Polka—Early and Late.....Fahrbach
4. Lancers—The Gondoliers.....Sullivan
5. Waltz—Santiago.....Corbin
6. York—Love's Dream.....Strauss
7. Lancers—Victoria.....Weingarten
8. Polka—Plainfield Assembly.....Elliot
9. Caprice—McGinty.....Flynn
10. Lancers—Grand Duchess.....Offenbach
11. Waltz—Loreley Rhein.....Strauss
12. Polka—Wee Ones.....Fahrbach
13. Lancers—The Doll's Fairy.....Bayer
14. Waltz—Nuit Etoiles.....Waldteufel
15. Schottische—Dancing in the Barn..Turner
16. Lancers—The Belle of the Evening.....Weigand
17. Yorke—Little Pansy.....Strauss
18. Waltz—Love's Dreamland.....Roeder
19. Lancers—Clover.....Suppe
20. Polka—Wee Ones.....Elliot
21. Caprice—Woman's Heart.....Hoist
22. Waltz—Roses de Noel.....Waldteufel

The ball could not but be a success when such patronesse as those were interested in its welfare: Mrs. William Bloodgood, Mrs. Charles E. Brooks, Mrs. Pliny Fisk, Mrs. Frederick T. Kuhne, Mrs. Robert L. Burnett, Mrs. Harry G. Runkle, Mrs. William T. Kaufman, Mrs. Dewitte C. Ivins and, Mrs. Charles J. Fisk

The Floor Committee to whom great credit is due, were: Messrs. William Bloodgood, Harry G Runkle, William T. Kaufman, Charles J. Fisk, Frederick J. Kuhne, Lewis G. Timpson, Andrew McKinney, Frederick W. Wells, Edward M. Van Buren, Edward Bloodgood, John N. Moore, John P. Mines, Charles E. Brooks, Robert L. Burnett, Pliny Fisk, Dewitte C. Ivins, Harry V. Borden, James W. DeGraff, G. Harry Squires, Herbert W. Stover, Clarence L. Murphy, Thomas V. Kakeeper, Percy Kuhne, Howard W. Beebe and D. O. Witherspoon.

Those holding boxes were A. D. Shepard, Mrs. M. E. Edgerton, Rowland Cox, J. J. H. Pollen, Charles Ame, F. J. Kuhne, Mrs C. J. Fiske, Mrs. D O. Wotherspoon, C. Scott, F. F. Ivins, Chancellor Williamson, Andrew McKinney, Walter Stewart and H. F. Talmadge. The supper tables contained a profusion of white and gold flowers of various kinds. After all expenses have been paid several hundred dollars will be cleared for the benefit of Muhlenberg Hospital.

MUHLENBERG HOSPITAL,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHICH THE CHARITY BALL WAS GIVEN LAST NIGHT.

PERSONAL.

The Young Peoples' Society of the First Baptist church held a sociable at the residence of Mr. Thomas Worth on Grove street, last evening.

Mr. W. E. MacClymont of 73 Washington avenue will give his friends a party, at his residence, Friday evening. Dancing will commence at nine o'clock.

Dr. C. M. Field, of corner Broadway and Fifth street, who recently completed a trip around the world, and then visited Florida, returned Monday. He is in fine health and spirits.

Mrs. Wm. L. Patton of East Ninth street will read a paper before the Unitarian Society at the Unitarian building on Second place, entitled "Life of Father Damien" at eight o'clock this evening. The meeting is free to all.

South Plainfield and New Market are to be boomed by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, as places of suburban residence. Handsome stations surrounded by attractive grounds are to be built and frequent fast service is to be provided.

The German's Ball.

The committee who had charge of the calico ball given by the Ladies' Society of the German and Turning Association March 31st, before, was as follow: Mr. W. Barter, Mrs. Chas. Keller, Mrs. M. Wunderlich, Mrs. C. Danckian, Mrs. H. Kesenfield, Mrs. C. Drell and Mrs. M. Miner. The officers of the Society are as follows: Mrs. A. Bohnacker, President; Mrs. C. Danckian, Vice President; Mrs. G. Hoehne, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Chas. Keller, Treasurer; and Mrs. William Barter, Financial Secretary.

G. A. R. Meeting.

Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., held a meeting last night and transacted business of a routine nature. During the evening Mr. George W. Moore was installed as Adjutant by Junior Vice Department Commander Atwood. The resolutions passed at a recent meeting respecting the late Isaac Brokaw have been engrossed and framed with exhibited silver in the shape of a G. A. R. badge. They were exhibited to the Post last evening. Resolutions respecting the death of the late J. Newton Jenkins were also adopted.

Just Think of It!

The price of ice has already been advanced by the New Brunswick dealers from 40 cents to $1.25 per 100 pounds for households, $1 for grocers and 60 cents for boarding houses.

The druggists have given notice that soda-water will hereafter be 10 cents a glass instead of five. Ice-cream will sell at 60 cents a quart instead of 40 and 50. If the Plainfield dealers raise the price also, the young men will become more and more the open Winter.

A Pleasing Concert.

The second public concert given under the auspices of the Westfield Choral Union took place last evening in the Presbyterian church at that place. The affair was well attended and all great enthusiasm, very well pleased. Prof. A. D. Schlueter was the conductor and Caryl Florio, the accompanist.

To Fourth Ward Republicans.

The Republicans are requested to meet in their rooms in Cotter's Hall next Saturday evening at eight o'clock. The meeting is called for the purpose of disbanding the Fourth Ward Club and forming an association to be known as the Plainfield Republican League. A full attendance of the members is desired.

—A fine display of the Royal Worcester China may be seen in the store window of the United Tea and Coffee Growers Association at No. 29 West Front street.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Action Taken To-Day and to be Taken Hereafter.

TRENTON, N. J. April 9, (Special.)—The Baldo Reform Bill did not come up this morning in the Senate because the substitute bill was not printed in time. On motion of Senator Werts, the matter was deferred for discussion until next Monday evening, to which time adjournment was taken.

To-morrow will be next Tuesday or Wednesday take a recess for ten days to enable the committee to prepare its report on the Hudson county frauds.

The House will probably adjourn to-morrow until next week.

Neighboring City Elections.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., April 9, (Special.)—In the charter elections yesterday City Collector Chas. T. Warner, Republican, is re-electedby 121 majority over J. Litthurst, Democrat. Assessor Dunn, Democrat, is elected over Assessor Costner, by 280 majority, and W. S. Barkins, Democrat, Recorder, over C. T. Ford, Republican, by 180 majority. Republican aldermen were elected from the Second, Fourth and Fifth Wards, and Democrats in the First and Sixth, leaving the Board, as last year, seven to five, Democratic.

—The Borough Council will meet in adjourned session next Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

—The employes of the Fond Machine and Tool Works are organizing a Mutual Aid Society.

—The Easter vacation of St. Mary's Parochial school closed to-day. The school will open to-morrow.

—A special parlor car conveyed a number of residents of Elizabeth to this city last night to attend the Charity Ball.

—The mid-week meeting of the Plainfield Reform Club will take place in Reform Hall to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The regular monthly business meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle club takes place in the club house Monday evening April 14.

—The tennis championship held by the Plainfield High School Seniors over the Juniors is soon to be contested for in a tournament.

—Black and blue cheviots are the latest novelty for gentlemen's wear this Spring, as advertised in our columns. Schwed Bros. have a large stock of them, together with the other leading styles.

—Chief Carey will in a few days secure desk room in the office of Councilman M. M. Dunham and states that he is now prepared to act in the capacity of detective for any persons desiring his service.

—The "mothers' meeting in Reform Hall will be led by Mrs. P. M. French, who will entertain the mothers with a description of the Deacons' Home and their work in Chicago. Those who attend are requested to bring their Bible.

—The Crescent Avenue Presbyterian church raised last year over $10,000 for charitable purposes and nearly $15,000 for a new chapel and other extraordinary expenses, besides expending the usual large sums for various purposes. The church members number 732.

—The latest efforts of Plainfield's "fake" writer appeared in a New York paper to-day. It is a sock and ball story of a ghostly visit. The scene is laid in Washington Park. Wolves screams, horses heads, pistol shots, crackling bones and a village clock are the prominent features of the tale. It is needless to say it is untrue.

Petit Jurors.

The Court of Common Pleas held a special session yesterday morning when the following petit jurors were drawn for the May term of court.

Elizabeth—
First ward, John H. Wolff, Henry Wilts.
Second ward, Henry Lazroyd, George M. Woodruff, James Lynch, James Donahue, James Kelly.

Fourth ward, Edward Newberger, William McCormick, Robert S. Taylor, George A. Mooney.

Fifth ward, Jacob W. Haviland, Nathan S. Starr, John R. Leggett.

Sixth ward, Isaac Shaw W. Noyes Jr., Smith F Pandolfo.

Seventh ward, Adam Neubeck, William Meyer.

Eighth ward, Joseph Wise Caleb G. Frazee.

Rahway—W. Fulton, Chas. D. Whaley, John J. Smith.

Plainfield—Mulford Cole, Robert S. Manning.

Railway—J. Tench Davis, Owen Starr, Thomas A. Lee, William W. Timmons, Edwin L. Clark, Henry O. Houston, Luther S. McClean.

Cranford—David Rankin Jr., Gains Tappings, Thomas J. Kip.

Summit—Judson R. Grove.

Union—Elias C Thompson, George N. Miller, Jr., Hugh Leech, William E. Moore, Charles W. Hurd.

New Providence—Barnella A. French.

Berkeley—Irving W. Tunison.

Westfield—Augustus K. Gale.

Springfield—Joseph Bryan, Voorhees Sayre.

Cent-a-Word Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-1*

A YOUNG Woman wishes a situation for general housework in small family. Call at 43 West Second street. 9-2

A WOMAN wants work by the day, housecleaning or laundry work. 73 Broadway.

A YOUNG man wanted at News office, to learn the printing business. 9-2

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritts. 9-2*

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double for two years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son, 26 Park avenue. 4-6tf

GOOD Table board can be had at 70 Park avenue. 8-3

100 ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-9*

HORSES—A rotter load of good horses will arrive from Canada in this city next Saturday, at J. H. Forsher's sales stables, corner of Grand avenue and Fourth street. 5-5

I HAVE two hundred dollars to loan or invest in good paying security. Address "Money" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-9tf.

IN Lot 7, two fine spans, one span extra fine mares, at Forsher's sales stables, corner of Grand avenue and Fourth street. Will arrive Saturday. 9-2

ROOMS to rent over Mattison's drug store, on Somerset street. Second floor. Inquire of F. W. Bird, 107 East Front street. 9-2

SEITINGS of eggs of the thoroughbred Pekin duck for sale. Exhibition now in window of Randolph's pharmacy. 112 Rockview avenue. 4-6tf

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms. R. R. Fairchild, furniture store, 21 East Front street. 8-3

TO RENT—Front floor and cellar, large building No. 81 Somerset street, also stable for four horses in the rear. 3-tf

WANTED—Temperate man to help milk and work on small farm. Steady work, good home, fair wages. G. B. H. box 987, city. 9-2

WANTED—Situation by German girl, healthy minded. Is good cook and housekeeper, would prefer situation in small family. Address "German" care of EVENING NEWS, city. 9-2

WANTED—A few sober respectable men to board. For particulars call at 61 East Third street, city. 5-6

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply to 87 Mercer avenue, between Washington and Sycamore avenue, North Plainfield. 9-2*

$1.40!

In Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquette Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $2.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS.) THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

Special Notices

PHYSICAL CULTURE.
At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies' class Thursday afternoons. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. COOLEY, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 3-26-1m*

HEADQUARTERS.
Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., Department of New Jersey. At a regular encampment of this Post held March 11, 1890, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Almighty to remove from our Ranks our honored Post Commander Isaac Brokaw, therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of Comrade Brokaw, this Post lost one of its main supports, the Order one of its ablest defenders and his country, a brave and fearless citizen.

Resolved, That the heartfelt sympathy of Post 73, Department of New Jersey, G. A. R. and its Auxiliary Corps, No. 16, W. R. C., Department of New Jersey, be extended to the family of our late Commander in their bereavement.

Resolved, That these resolutions be engrossed, framed and presented to the family, that they be spread upon the Post's minutes, and and a copy be furnished the papers of our city for publication.

J. M. ATWOOD
GEO. W. MOORE } Detail
JOHN H. STEWART

At a regular encampment of Winfield Scott Post No. 73 Dept. of N. J., G. A. R. held Tuesday evening April 8th, 1890. The following preamble and resolution were adopted.

WHEREAS, God in his infinite wisdom has called from our midst our Comrade Newell Jenkins. Therefore be it resolved, that in the death of Comrade Jenkins our post has lost one of its most esteemed members, whose ever approached, charitable whenever opportunity to and rejoice may afford their lives that they may convey relief.

Resolved. That the heart felt sympathy of this post be extended to the family of the late comrade in their affliction.

Resolved. That these resolutions be spread upon the records of the post, a copy be given to the family of our deceased comrade and a copy furnished the daily press of our city for publication.

J. M. ATWOOD
GEO. W. MOORE } Detail
JOHN H. STEWART

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.
Prof. Hogan of the school of East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginning Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a circular. Address 29 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 4-2m*

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRINGSTYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Plaids as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

WE QUOTE A FEW PRICES FOR BENEFIT OF PUBLIC:

Fine Dairy Butter, 15c. per lb. 25c. per lb.
Fine Rigis Creamery, 25c. and 30c. per lb.
Fine Flour (think of it) $3.95 per hundred.
Flemington Hams, 12c. per lb.
Flemington Shoulders, 7c. per lb.

SUGAR AT COST.

We sell for cash, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

29 W. Front St.

AUCTION.

T. J. GILLIES, auctioneer will sell at public sale on

Thursday, April 10,

and on SATURDAY, April 12th, at No. 72 West Front street, near Grove, at 1:30 p. m., a fine assortment of

FURNITURE

Can be examined on morning of sale. Now is your day for purchasing.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.
FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purses.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.69
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped	$2.98, $3.25 2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats	$3.69, $5, 3.69
A full line of Infants' long and short Cloaks, Caps and Hoods	$1.19 to 3.69
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular	.15
Children's " " "	.15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeve	25c
4-Button Kid Gloves	49, 69, 75c

Louis Callman,

49 FRONT WEST STREET.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE,

Office 29 Door Street, North Fl. nfield.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS SO DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TWELVE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS BOX 1. UNLESS YOU ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

An engineer who has been examining the condition of the Panama canal predicts that it will be finished by the close of this century. One is glad to find they are getting down to some definite time.

After all, the statue of Liberty is not to look down upon the immigrants and upon her own Liberty Island. She will turn her cold left shoulder to them as they hustle down the ship's plank on Ellis Island, near the Jersey shore.

The principal actors in the Ohio ballot box forgery case have all been done in wax, and are being exhibited in a dime museum. Such is fame. There is one thing to be said in favor of the group, however. They are nearly all handsome men, including both the governors of Ohio, Editor Murat Halstead, blonde and rosy; Amor Smith, the stunning looking ex-mayor of Cincinnati, and Congressman Ben Butterworth, whose earthly temperament strives all the while to get the better of his Quaker ancestry.

American Dramatic Talent.

Who will be the next famous American actor or actress? Mary Anderson, in the zenith of her fame and fortune, retires from the stage, permanently it is said, to be married and settle down like an ordinary mortal. Lawrence Barrett is ill and has been for months, and will remain abroad indefinitely. A number of our leading dramatic actors have died in the last two or three years. Those who are left, of both sexes, are mostly well on in years; some indeed, only for the marvelous art preservative of the stage, would be classed already as old folk.

Who will take the places of all these? We have at present no one of either sex who gives extraordinary promise. We have no one at all, even among those active on the stage, who can fill anything like the place that Irving and Miss Terry and Mrs. Kendal fill in England, or that Bernhardt and Jane Hading and Coquelin fill in France. Mary Anderson was our most beautiful and graceful actress; but it was said of her that she had never been in love, and therefore her art was cold. If she could be induced to give a series of theatrical representations after her marriage we should then discover really whether her power to delineate emotions had improved; whether, as some claim, it is necessary for an actor or actress to have been in love, the offener the better, to be able to portray the subtler, intenser shades of feeling.

But where are the coming great American actors or actresses?

The Census.

By Aug. 1, if all goes well, we shall know once more how many people the United States contains at present. The enumeration commences June 1, or rather June 2, the first day of the month being Sunday.

So well are the plans arranged that it is thought the work will be finished in two weeks in the large cities. Among the straggling country populations it will take longer. It is said to be a fact that in some parts of the country are persons so ignorant that they do not know the ages of their own children. Others will insist on giving also the names of their children who are dead.

For census purposes the country is divided into 175 districts, with a supervisor to each. The president appoints the supervisors of these districts, and the supervisors appoint the enumerators who do the field work. It is expected that all the enumeration will be ended by July 1.

In the list of questions are some that constitute a new feature in census taking and show how Americans are advancing in metaphysical science. The enumerated person must tell whether he is married, single or divorced, which might be called neither married nor single. So, if we tell the truth, it will be known just how many legally disjoined persons there are in the United States, the home of divorce.

You must also tell whether you have any acute or chronic disease, and how long you have had it. You must likewise inform the census man whether you are an idiot, whether you are deformed, crippled, crazy or maimed. If you are a tramp or pauper, that too must go down upon the pitiless page of the enumerator, and you must "fess if you are a prisoner, homeless child or a convict. You are obliged to mention whether you own or rent the house you live in. An electrical counting and tabulating machine has been invented since the last census was taken, which does in 5 hours labor that formerly required 53. It will be brought into lively requisition this summer.

The amount of mortgaged property in the country is expected to be ascertained. Finally, the only way to escape telling how old you are is to die before the census taker comes. A heavy fine is imposed for refusing to answer questions or for answering them untruthfully.

IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

The Anti-Trust Bill Passed by the Senate.

MONTANA'S CONTEST DISCUSSED.

Only Two Republicans Listen to Mr Pugh's Speech for the Democratic Claimant—The New Navy Claims a Large Portion of the House's Time.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—In the senate house bill to admit free of duty articles intended for the St. Louis exposition in September and October, inst., that may be exported from the republic of Mexico was reported favorably from the finance committee and passed with amendments adding the words, "and other American republics and the dominion of Canada." Mr. Vest offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the president for a copy of the report made to him by the secretary of state and copies of other correspondence in relation to the propriety of distributing the funds received from the Mexican government on account of the Chamizal claim.

Republicans Leave the Senate.

The senate then resumed consideration of the Montana contested election case, and Mr. Spooner continued his argument in favor of the right of the Republican claimants.

Mr. Spooner's speech was directed chiefly against Democratic Senator Pugh, for, in his course in reference to the meeting of the legislature. The title of Messrs. Clark and Maginnis, he said, depended in part on the question of the right of citizens of the United United States and were not entitled to vote. Mr. Pugh argued in favor of seating the Democratic claimants. After speaking for an hour and a half he yielded him to call attention to the fact that there were but two seats occupied on the Republican side of the chamber, and that there was less than a quorum present. A motion directing the sergeant-at-arms to request the attendance of absent senators was agreed to. A call of the senate was ordered. Mr. Pugh said he did not feel well enough to continue his argument, so it was agreed that the Montana case be laid aside for the day and the anti-trust bill be taken up.

Mr. Sherman Not Satisfied.

Mr. Sherman said that while the bill was not all that he wanted he believed that it would be a step in the right direction and therefore vote for it as it stood. Mr. Vest said that he was satisfied that the public interest required the passage of the bill as it stood, and was therefore opposed to any amendments as it would necessitate its being sent to conference complaining of such injury committed by the same defendant against each of them to join as plaintiffs, and for the court or jury to find the amount of damages.

Messrs. Edmunds and Morgan argued against these amendments and they were rejected. The bill was then passed—yeas, 29; nays, 1. The bill passed exactly as it came from the committee. The senate then adjourned.

The Navy in the House.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—In the house Mr. McAdoo (N. J.), from the committee on naval affairs, called up the bill to prevent the enlistment of aliens in the navy of the United States. The bill further provides that aliens now in the service shall not be permitted to re-enlist at the expiration of their present term. It was amended by the addition of clauses providing that the law shall go into effect July 1, 1891; providing that enlistment and service in the navy for five years shall be construed to be residence in the United States for the purpose of securing naturalization; and permitting enlistment of aliens in cases of emergency on foreign vessels. The bill was then passed.

The Silcott Defalcation Bill Passed.

Mr. Adams (Ills.) called up the motion to reconsider the vote by which the house defeated the bill making appropriation to supply the deficiency caused by the Silcott defalcation. In support of the motion, Mr. Payson reviewed the decision in the Crain case in the contest of 1882, that the secretary of the treasury had authorized him to say that his department would not appeal from the decision. A motion of Mr. Holman to table the motion of Mr. Adams was lost, and the vote was reconsidered and the bill passed.

Congressmen and the New Navy.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation bill. Speaking to the bill, Mr. Boutelle (Me.) congratulated the country that under the policy adopted in building up the navy had been demonstrated the fact that we were able to produce everything that entered into the construction of large ships. Mr. Payne (Wis.) said that the report of the committee furnished no information respecting the increase of the navy, and proceeded to criticise the bill, devoting his attention chiefly to the provision for the large battle ships.

Mr. Holman thought the present naval force of the United States amply sufficient.

Mr. Peters (Kan.) thought the day for battle ships on the ocean had passed. The strongest mandate was the diplomatic mandate. Mr. Dolliver (Ia.) said that the people of the west took a pride in the increase of the American navy. Mr. McAdoo said the proposed battle ships would be the picket guard of our defenses. The navy had defended the American coast defended the farmer and miner of the west. Mr. Lodge (Mass.) said that the policy of the best coast defense was a navy consisting of a few ships of the most powerful types Mr. Boutelle said that to stop the creation of a navy now would be a ridiculous thing. Without completing it the house adjourned.

Secretary Windom's Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Secretary Windom has made the following appointments: Deputy collectors of customs, at Oswego, Charles H. Hill; at Fair Haven, James Byer; at Port Ontario, R. D. Eole; at Oswego, S. F. A. Waugh and D. J. Wilson. Inspectors of customs at Oswego, N. Y., John Leets, M. H. Dimon, A. T. Campbell, Frank Winchell, George Glynn and John J. Summerville. Weigh-ers inspectors at Oswego, N. Y., Joseph H. Worden, Bryson P. Schists and W. H. Chauncy.

To Investigate Power et al.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The County democracy has instructed a committee to investigate the charges made by Judge Murray against Mr. Power and other leaders.

SLY JOHN CHINAMAN.

He Gets Into the Promised Land Despite Its Laws

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The secretary of the treasury has directed that additional force be sent the collector at Santiago, Cal., to assist him preventing Chinese from coming in at that point. The collector had already organized three Chinese who are scampling to cross the border of Mexico into this country. These Chinese came over with seventy-four other Chinamen from China, were transferred from the bay at San Francisco, and landed at a point in Lower California, which is under Mexican jurisdiction. These Chinamen worked their way up and now, under cover of night, trying to enter the United States.

Assistant Secretary Tichenor says that the Chinese by way of the Rio Grande can't help to get into this country from British America on the north and from Mexico on the south and under cover of law as merchants, etc., and that the utmost exertions on the part of the government can hardly prevent some of them from smuggling themselves into this country.

The secretary of the treasury sent to the senate yesterday, in response to a resolution adopted March 26, a statement of the arrival and departure of Chinese persons from China and from San Francisco from Jan. 2, 1882. The secretary says that an examination of the files and records of the office discloses many allegations of collusions of the law relating to the exclusion of Chinese laborers, but except in a very few instances the allegations are not supported by tangible or reliable proofs.

The alleged violations appear to consist mainly in the use of fraudulent certificates; in the smuggling across the northern and southern frontiers of Chinese laborers, and in the existence among Chinese residents in this country and Canada of a general system for the fraudulent landing of Chinese laborers within the territory of the United States. No proofs or allegations are on file so far as the secretary knows concerning complicity of officers of the government in such fraudulent transactions. The statement prepared by the bureau of statistics shows that there arrived from China at the port of San Francisco during the six months ending Dec. 31, 1889, Chinese persons of the following occupations in the number named: Actors, 12; clerks, 2; cooks, 1; druggists, 10; interpreters, 2; merchants, 694; mining engineers, 2; pawnbrokers, 8; physicians, 3; shoemakers, 10; students, 4; persons without occupation, 341; total, 823. All of these were landed with the exception of 221 of the persons coming under the head of those without occupation. The departures during the same period were 5,653.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

The Boy Wonder Defeats Catton—Schaefer and Hotaer Play.

CHICAGO, April 9.—The two young western experts, Catton and Ives, opened yesterday afternoon in the championship billiard tourney, the former playing 350 to 275 by Ives. Catton had the game well in hand until the seventeenth inning, when the boy wonder started out for blood and gained the verdict. It was the closest contest of the tourney thus far, and was either's game almost to the end. Catton played with more confidence than usual, while Ives appeared to be a trifle rusty. The latter's run of 85 was earned through a bunch of scores made in the seventh inning, which proceeded by 62 points of merit. The score:

Ives—0, 2, 16, 9, 0, 20, 6, 19, 0, 23, 12, 0, 2, 0, 68, 88, 3, 0, 23, 5; total, 273. Catton—0, 4, 66, 13, 12, 0, 0, 0

SWEPT BY THE CYCLONE.

Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Colorado Shaken Up.

SEVERAL PEOPLE WERE KILLED.

Thirty Young Women Buried in the Ruins of an Umbrella Factory at Norwalk, O.—One Killed and Several Injured—Women Struck by Lightning.

CLEVELAND, April 9.—A cyclone struck Norwalk, O., about 5 o'clock last evening. The storm came from the northwest and swept a track about a half mile wide from the western limits of the city and a long distance in the country. The umbrella factory of Sprague & Prouch, in which about thirty young women were employed, was crushed like an eggshell. Many of the girls escaped, but others were caught in the falling building. Dora Palmer, aged 17, received fatal injuries and died in a short time. Her skull was crushed. Nellie Harding was seriously injured about the head and upper part of the body. Miss Bush had her collar bone broken and was otherwise injured.

Several other girls whose names are not given received injuries. Barns belonging to Col. Sprague, O. M. Barnes, John Cooper, John Myers, Charles Barer, Dr. L. A. Severance, William Perrin, D. E. Wick and John Taylor were blown down and other small buildings were wrecked. Trees were uprooted and fences torn down in every direction.

Pelted with Hail Stones.

The force of the wind was unprecedented in that section. At 7 o'clock another terrific storm visited the city, the wind blowing a gale and hail stones as big as hickory nuts falling, smashing windows and demolishing fences.

The Storm at Other Places.

ALLEMAN, Mich., April 9.—A cyclone from the southwest struck the north west portion of Townbridge township, preceded by a high wind and rain storm. It destroyed the barn, kitchen and fences of George Frayer. John Gerwin's mammoth barn was turned completely around. In Orleans township barns and tore down fences in Watson township. The south part of Allegan village was shaken up, but no lives were lost, though several persons were injured in Townbridge.

The tornado passed north and south through Battle Creek, leveling buildings, fences and windmills. The Panama cottage at Gognac Lake, two miles south, were blown down, but fortunately no lives were lost.

At Kalamazoo the gale descended in the northwest part of the city and the roof of the Woodward avenue school was raised and damaged $1,000. Sheds and chimneys were blown away.

At Mount Clemens Mrs. Fred Eberlein, of Fraser, was instantly killed by lightning while accompanied the cyclone.

Killed by the Lightning.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 9.—A terrific thunder storm swept over the city and several buildings were struck, but not much damaged. Miss Ida Miller, aged 20, while standing in the doorway of her father's house, on South Calhoun street, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Her mother was injured. A traveling man, name unknown, who had just entered the store, was struck and seriously injured. He is now at St. Joe hospital.

Prophetstown All Right.

The reports of Prophetstown's cyclone were greatly exaggerated. The only damage done by the wind was the blowing down of a grain elevator, the unroofing of the Burlington railway depot and the destruction of a few cribs and sheds. A few persons were injured, but none of them seriously. A string of fourteen cars were blown out from a siding to the main track for three miles with brakes set.

Houses Wrecked at Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE, Mich., April 9.—A terrific cyclone passed over the northern part of the city yesterday. The heaviest loss was to the Richardson Hill company, the roof being torn off the main building, entailing a loss of $4,000.

Mayor Packard's barn was torn to atoms. A wing to Mr. Burbank's residence was wrenched from the main part and lifted into an adjoining lot. The house of Dr. Bonsteel was also damaged. Trees were uprooted and many small buildings were carried away.

The Cyclone at Denver.

DENVER, April 9.—The most terrific wind storm for many years passed over this city yesterday afternoon. Many houses were unroofed, and the walls of several buildings in the course of erection were blown down. No one was injured.

"CRAZY KELLY'S" CRIME.

Without Cause He Shoots Down a Medford (Wis.) Society Belle.

HINCOMB, Wis., April 9.—A man named Willard Williams, nicknamed "Crazy Kelly," went to the house of Judge Clinton Potter, of this city, and addressing Miss Maggie Pritchard, a niece of Mrs. Taylor, said: "Are you Maggie Pritchard?" She said, "Yes." Then he said, "You must die," and drawing a revolver fired at Miss Pritchard, killing her instantly. The man then shot himself. He is still alive, but will probably die.

The feeling against Williams is so great that it is safe to say that he would not have lived an hour had he not shot himself. Miss Pritchard was one of the leading young society belles of this village and a favorite. The cause of the tragedy is not known except that it be due to insanity.

Rebellers in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 9.—Cranston and Jamestown elected Republican representatives yesterday. North Smithfield and Portsmouth failed to elect. Under the statute the present representatives hold over; but there are reports from both towns that an endeavor will be made to hold another town meeting. If the sitting representatives hold over, the figures will stand: Republicans, 52; Democrats, 47, with nine to be elected from Providence. The Republicans will thus need to elect ten to continue their grand combination, while the Democrats need eight to accomplish the same result.

Killed by the Old Colony.

BOSTON, Apr. 9.—Henry B. Marsh, an old newspaper man of this city, was run over and killed by an Old Colony train last evening. He was 58 years old and a son of ex-Alderman Marsh, of Cambridge.

Rev. Wood Went to Jail.

OLEAN, N. Y., April 9.—The Rev. John D. Wood, the alleged bigamist, has been sent to jail in default of $500 bail. Mrs. Alonzo Bolley, sooner of his victims, was released by giving a bond.

THE CHURCH AND THE NEGRO.

Resolutions Concerning His Education Adopted by the M. E. Conference.

NEW YORK, April 9.—At the last day's session of the New York Methodist Episcopal conference the Rev. James R. Chadwick, corresponding secretary of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Educational society, offered for adoption the following: "The colored race in the south with their inherited tendencies of superstition and the long, dreary history of ignorance, thriftlessness and slavery must be entitled to education to the fullest moral and intellectual development, first as human beings with individual responsibility and immortal souls for whom Christ died; and, second, as citizens and voters in a representative republic."

The resolutions go on to say that despite the efforts of the south and educational aid received from the north and from religious and philanthropic sources illiteracy is increasing at the south and that the school funds cannot be met by her resources. The resolutions call on congress to take promptly such steps as their constitutional powers would permit and their wisdom suggest to contribute to all such states as would accept the same the national aid to which the northern and western states have been so largely indebted during the past century in the founding and maintaining of common schools and in enlightening and stimulating the educational spirit of the states. It was afterwards decided to send the resolutions, which were adopted, to United States Senator Evarts.

A supplementary report on the amusements of the present day denouncing dancing, card playing and the theatres was adopted. There was considerable excitement manifested in the conference when the committee appointed to consider the case of Rev. H. McPherson, of Peekskill, who had been charged with "breach of contract," announced that its report was ready. Mr. McPherson was accused of having failed to pay his aged father $100 per year on condition that his father remain away (100 miles) from the son. The father is a man whose character is not above reproach. Mr. McPherson was found guilty first, having failed to keep his contract with his father; and, second, guilty of imprudent and unchristian conduct in failing to keep his natural and acknowledged obligations, thereby violating the fifth commandment.

Dr. McGrew also said that Mr. McPherson had been censured on a recent session by the bishop. He said that it is understood Mr. McPherson's congregation desire him to continue their pastor.

The report of the committee was largely devoted to the liquor question. The majority report of the committee on temperance, in favor of prohibition, and the minority report, which merely condemned license, were discussed. Substitutes of various forms were also debated. Finally all these were dropped and the resolution adopted by the conference of 1888 was again adopted. It opposes license or taxation to regulate the liquor traffic because such methods insure the continuance of the evil. Christians are ordered not to be controlled by party organizations managed in the interest of the liquor traffic. Voluntary total abstinence is the true ground of personal temperance, and legal prohibition of the liquor traffic is the duty of the government.

A resolution was also adopted petitioning the New York state legislature to submit the question of constitutional prohibition to popular vote.

The Conference at Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The New York East Methodist Episcopal conference continued its session in Brooklyn. A supplementary report was read from the conference claimants committee stating that the receipts exceeded those of any previous year, and the claimants would receive an increased allowance.

Rev. Charles Griffin read a report upon the Methodist Book Concern and also dealing with the condition of the Methodist religious papers. Dr. Pullman expressed his regret that personalities had appeared in the columns of The Christian Advocate. Dr. Buckley, the editor, denied the truth of this. He said that before publishing personal matter to any pastor he gave him an opportunity to set himself right before the publication.

AGAINST DEALING IN FUTURES.

The Butterworth Bill Favorably Reported to the House.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Chairman Funston, of the house committee on agriculture, this morning made a report favorably on the passage of the Butterworth bill to prevent dealings in options and futures by imposing special taxes on dealers in them. The report is signed by the full committee. It is stated in the report that the bill is intended to apply to that class of transactions conducted in the boards of trade and grain pits of the country known as "puts and calls," including the whole range of mere speculative gambling in farm products. "It does not affect injuriously," says the report, "any legitimate trader or dealer in farm products. It seeks to and does impose an internal revenue tax upon those dealers in grain, corn, cotton and pork who as a rule never see, own or handle a peck or pound of the articles they sell. It applies to dealers whose transactions have the least possible reference to the supply, and still less reference to the demand for consumption. It does not concern itself whether the harvests are blighted or bountiful.

The bill which in terms affects transactions for future delivery which are innocent in themselves and do no harm to any one, is yet intended to reach that class of speculators only who do not sell what they do not own, with no purpose or intent, near or remote, to deliver what they sell; who require little capital or stock in trade, and yet who sell in the basket shops and pits of the United States every thirty days more wheat than is grown in the whole world in one year; thus in great measure destroying legitimate trade and the business of commission merchants engaged therein from the field, and forcing the price of farm products below the cost of production, rendering the tilling of the farmer unprofitable and degrading toil.

The committee offers an amendment to the bill providing that the act shall not apply to any contracts or agreements for the future delivery of any of the articles mentioned in the bill made with the United States or any state, county or municipality, nor to the contracts or agreements made by farmers for the sale and delivery of any of these articles in actual course of production by farmers at the time of making the contract. The committee adds that it has no doubt of the constitutionality of the measure.

Against the Bill.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—The Cotton Exchange has protested against the Butterworth bill.

Two Suicides at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., April 9.—The body of an unknown man was found in Burnet woods at 5 o'clock with a pistol ball in his head. He was about 60 years old, well dressed, and a letter addressed to A. Matins, 449 West Eighth street, was found in his pocket. At 2 p. m. a man named Ed Whitaker, aged 35, of 15 East Ninth street, committed suicide by cutting his throat. No cause assigned.

Gladstone Denounces the Land Bill.

LONDON, April 9.—Mr. Gladstone, in an address to deputations at the Tring railway station, said that the land bill was in a most objectionable shape from the exception even among friends of the government. He would be glad if he could approve the principle of the bill, but he could not, as it gravely risked Ireland's credit. In conclusion Mr. Gladstone adjured his hearers to keep their representatives in parliament to their pledges.

The Walkers at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, April 9.—The score at the beginning of the third day of the 6 days' go-as-you-please match was as follows: Hazy, 256 miles; Guerrero, 240; Noremac, 200; Hart, 77; Golden, 169; Connors, 183; Howarth, 208; Grant, 0; Peterson, 0; Hughes, 0; Burns, 185; Bates, 107; Nolan, 156; Hagnes, 200; Crosier, 128; Tracey, 60; Glick, 100; Fox, 155; Gibbons, 86; Barclay, 107; Holsbein, 102; Taylor, 121.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be cooler and generally fair, preceded by rain or snow.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

ALLEN.
The Stationer,
HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED
Easter Booklets,
WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.
23 EAST FRONT STREET.

Frank Linke,
Established 1866.
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER.
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Liquor and Wine Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 1-21-ly

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 SOUTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS.
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

A bill was reported favorably to the house of representatives to re-examine and pay Pennsylvania's claims for money spent in 1864 for militia called into service under the president's proclamation.

At Brookville, near Lambertville, N. J., a 5-year-old daughter of Robert Lockerly, who was carrying her 3-year-old sister, stumbled and fell into the canal and both were drowned.

Marcus C. Stearns, the old resident of Chicago who attempted suicide Saturday morning by shooting himself, is dead.

James H. Lounsberry, aged 49 years, one of the oldest carpet dealers in New York state, died at Rondout, N. Y., April 8. He was for sixteen years in charge of the carpet department of Howard's wholesale house in New York city.

The annual meeting of the Connecticut Republican league was held at Hartford, April 8. About thirty members were present. Edward L. Lindsley, of New Haven, was elected president.

Seignour Quintal, a heretofore highly respected old Montreal man, is said to have eloped with another man's wife, taking with him a large sum of money which, it is said, did not belong to him.

The impression prevails that the great Chicago carpenters' strike will be compromised this week, as the loss on account of it amounts to many thousands of dollars a day to bosses, workmen and owners.

In the argument before the general term of the supreme court for a stay of execution for ex-Sheriff Flack and his son, their counsel assailed the charge Judge Barrett made to the jury, saying that was taken undervisement and may not be decided for a week.

Hon. James H. Manning was elected mayor of Albany, N. Y., by a majority of 7,340, his opponent, H. N. Fuller, the Republican candidate, polling but 6,422 votes. The Democrats elect seventeen aldermen, the Republicans two. The Democrats elect sixteen out of seventeen supervisors in the city.

At the election in Lockport, N. Y., James S. Liddle (Dem.) was elected mayor by 145 majority. The town elected Republican supervisors.

The barbarous murder of Helena Montana, a respectable woman, at Haberstad, near Aix-le-Chapelle, has created great excitement. The woman was killed in some mysterious manner in the open street, under the eyes of the passers-by. The body was disemboweled and otherwise mutilated in the fashion of Jack the Ripper.

Mayor Lovelace, of Jersey City, April 9.—The municipal election, like the campaign that preceded it, was marked by great excitement. The vote is close. According to the best estimates Mayor Orestes Cleveland (Dem.) has been reelected by over 2,000 majority over George F. Perkins (Rep.). The Republicans gain three aldermen, with a chance of two more.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANSIES, Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 99 West Front street

Headquarters
For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Shoddy, Shirtings, Underwear, Flannels, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods store.
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No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
H. A. POPE.
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near " 10-17tf

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
DRINK THE THREE B. TEA.

A TERRIBLE SHOCK.

In Which the Awful Experience of a Reporter Is Vividly Described.

Reporter (briskly whipping out notebook)—Well, uncle, is it true that this is your 100th birthday?

Centenarian—It is, young man.

"How many years have you been chewing tobacco, Uncle?"

"Never chawed it at all."

(Somewhat taken aback)—"How many years have you smoked?"

"Never smoked in my life."

(Visibly weakening)—"Been addicted to the occasional use of alcoholic stimulants, I presume?"

"Never drank anything stronger than milk."

(Much agitated)—"Ever see George Washington?"

"No."

"Vote for Jefferson or Adams?"

"No."

(Faintly)—"How long does it take you to walk ten miles?"

"Never tried to walk ten miles in my life."

(In a gasping whisper)—"How quickly can you saw a cord of wood?"

"Haven't sawed a stick of wood since I was a boy. Here, somebody! Bring me a dipper of water! He's keeled over in a dead faint!"—Chicago Tribune.

He Went at Once.

Hotel Clerk—Yes; but as you have no baggage, I shall be compelled to ask you to pay in advance.

Mr. de Beat—I'll have you to know, sir, that that is not my style of doing business. When I go away, I'll pay you, and not before.

Hotel Clerk—Oh, that'll be perfectly satisfactory, seeing 'a your going this very minute. Here, Bouncer! Here's this gentleman—never mind, he's gone.—Boston Transcript.

Properly Punished.

"Waiter," said the fussy young man, pushing his plate away from him, "you may bring me a glass of aqua pura to wind up with."

The waiter, who had romped on Boston Common in the golden days of his youth, brought a glass of water to the smart young man and changed the figures on his check from 35 to 60.

"Articles not down on the bill of fare charged extra, sir," he said.—Chicago Tribune.

He Doubted.

"Why don't you eat, Mr. Bilvenf" said that young man's landlady. "You seem in doubt about something."

"I am."

"What is it?"

"I can't make up my mind whether that is a very small piece of steak or whether the servant simply forgot to wash the plate."—Washington Post.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1497.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 13, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.17, 5.40, 6.48, 8.04, 8.49, 9.46, 10.30, 7.30 a.m., 2.15, 3.42, 4.27, 5.20, 10.05, 11.06, 11.35, 4.00, 4.27, 5.20, 10.05, 11.06, 11.35 p. m. Sundays, 5.17, 5.40, 6.48, 8.04, 8.49, 9.46, 10.30, 11.06 p. m. Sundays, 3.37, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.45, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.40, 8.29, 9.20, 10.00, 8.30, 9.20, 10.00, 11.40, 12.30, 1.07, 2.00, 2.30, 3.15, 4.17, 5.07, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 10.12, 11.26 p. m. Sundays, 9.20, 10.00, 11.40 a. m., 12.30, 1.07, 2.00, 3.15, 4.17, 5.07, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 10.12, 11.26 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.35, 8.25, 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Trains leave Broad street at 8 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.50, 8.07, 9.32, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 3.30, 5.45, 6.55, 8.30, 9.55 p. m. Sundays, 9.32, 11.30 a. m., 5.45, 6.55, 8.30, 9.55 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.30, 8.45, 10.10 a. m., 12.10, 2.45, 4.40, 7.30, 9.10 p. m. Sundays, 10.10 a. m., 9.10 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.50, 8.07, 9.32, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 3.30, 5.45 p. m. Sundays at 9.32, 11.30 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.17 a. m.; 5.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

Leave Plainfield at 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday (except Queen Citizen) 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For North Branch, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05 a. m., 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Flemington, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Lambertville, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Atlantic City 3.30, 11.30, a. m., 1.00 p. m. Sunday 8.30 a. m. For Trenton 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Philadelphia 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Easton, Belvidere and Delaware, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Belvidere and Delaware, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Phillipsburg, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 6.15 a. m. Sunday, 8.30 a. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.30, 6.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday (except Queen Citizen) 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For North Amboy, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05 a. m., 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05 a. m., 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Jamesburg, 3.30, 6.00, 10.05 a. m., 5.54 p. m. Sunday 3.30, 6.00, 11.30 p. m. For Freehold 3.30, 6.00, 10.05 11.30, a. m., 2.15, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 8.30 a. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.17, 5.12, 8.30, 10.00, 11.10 a. m., 12.10 p. m., 2.30, 4.05, 5.34, 8.10 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 9.38, 10.13 a. m., 9.30, 4.05, 5.34, 8.10 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.17, 5.12, 8.30, 10.00, 11.10 a. m., 12.10 p. m., 2.30, 4.05, 5.34, 8.10 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 9.38, 10.13 a. m., 9.30, 4.05, 5.34 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

PEERLESS DYES GIVE THE BEST RESULTS.

Kline's Extracts.
PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 699. Telephone call 39.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1497.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Headquarters
For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Shoddy, Shirtings, Underwear, Flannels, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods store.
C. E. CLARKE,
No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Too Like Him.

"Too bad about Hodge Podge, the playwright, attempting suicide; tried to cut his jugular."

"It's just like him, though. The critics tell us that he is all the time doing something in his best vein."—New York World.

Why It Rang.

Cholly (to Irishman ringing for bell at farry landing)—Aw—my man, why is this bwell ringing?

Irishman—Can't you see, you phool, it's because O'im pullin' th' re-ropel—Life.

The Blood Runs Away.

"Blood will tell, sir. It is blood makes the hero."

"You don't know what you are talking about. Hero, indeed. You evidently never saw how blood runs in a battle."—Harper's Bazar.

Can't Help It.

"How did you find the table when you were down in Mexico, Miss. Pattit?"

"Very excellent."

"Well, you'd be sure to farewell anywhere."—New York Sun.

Candid.

Jinks—Lend me a dollar!

Binks—Till when?

Jinks—Till you get it back again.—Lawrence American.

A Book of Interest.

"What book do you find of the most interest, Mr. Goldie?"

"My bank book."—Munsey's Weekly.

Precautions.

Passenger—C-c-c-o-o-a doctor, why have you let the fires go out? We are almost frozen to death.

Conductor—Well, you see, gents, we soon come to a very rotten bridge, and if there should be an accident the company won't want the newspapers to lay the blame against the car stoves.—Scribner.

Builders Cards
John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N.
All kinds of work. 25 years experience. Repairing attended to. Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 681.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Doyle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Long covered trucks,
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
HOUSE IN WARREN
Between Second and Third streets, North Plainfield.
Residence No. 28 Third street, corner New Market street, opposite to the Seminary. 25 years on hand. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE
at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.
Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY President,
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President,
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET
and 25 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 889.
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

TUNIS J. CAREY
61 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Price, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and despatch.

Miscellaneous Cards.
B. N. Spencer, 19-21 Somerset st.
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Extra Choice Timothy and Clover Seed. White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.
BARGAINS
In wagons, carts, farmwork, pungs, barrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin Carriage. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.
Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address
E. E. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to P. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.
Abel S. Titsworth
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield
Paul A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.
T. S. Morgans
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc
27 1-2 West Front street.

A MONSTER OF THE AIR.

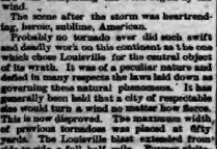
THE HAVOC WROUGHT BY THE TORNADO'S DEADLY SWEEP.

A Force of Nature That Cannot Be Eliminated or Controlled—How to Avoid Danger—The Recent Horror at Louisville.

Death wears no more hideous and appalling shape than when garbed with mystery and darkness. Before the lightning's fury the man will quail who in the stubborn conflict, eagle eyed and undaunted to the last, but a tooth-ache, the reason for which he cannot understand, makes him cry. In the face of nature's awful and unexpected wrath the iron nerved grow weak and the cool headed frantic. So, when the other evening the mad might of the tornado swirled down upon the fair city of Louisville it is no wonder that the first sensations were those of panic and dread unutterable. But as to the crash of falling buildings, the wounded cries of the wounded, brave hearts and willing hands were not found wanting to meet the unparalleled emergency, and through the dismal hours that followed to help the labor of those by the light of blazing structures wherein fire was completing the work begun by the wind.

The scene after the storm was heartrending, heroic, sublime, American.

Probably no tornado ever did such swift and deadly work on the continent as the one which chose Louisville for the central object of its wrath. It was of a peculiar nature and defied in many respects the laws laid down as governing these natural phenomena. It has generally been held that a city of respectable size would turn a wind no matter how fierce. This is now disproved. The maximum width of previous tornadoes was placed at fifty yards. The Louisville blast extended from side to side a full half mile. Former observations of "cyclones" have taken place almost exclusively in the afternoon. The latest horror had an extra terror added to it



THE STORM CENTER.

The black dots indicate the location of previous tornadoes recorded in the south-central part. This diagram is taken from Lieut. Finley's book on storms.

by a pall of darkness. In a word, it was unlight, both as to the conditions surrounding it and the frightful loss of life and property for which it is responsible.

Louisville was founded in 1778 and incorporated as a city in 1828. It has never before met with a serious disaster, that is, serious as compared with the recent horror. The calamity which has fallen upon the metropolis of Kentucky naturally brings up anew the question: What can be done to safeguard the future? A reply may be given in these words:

"The populous region of the United States is forever doomed to the devastation of the tornado. As certain as night follows day is the formation of the funnel shaped cloud."

This is the deliberate conclusion reached by Joseph John P. Finley, U. S. A., after years of careful attention paid to the subject of atmospheric phenomena. But he declares if the danger cannot be averted it is among the possibilities for it to escape the more extreme effects of its wrath. There are many premonitory signs which denote with almost absolute certainty the approach of the tornado, such as an oppressive, enervating air, the peculiar and unusual silence of birds, the uneasiness of domestic animals and the development of coppery colors in the sky. Dogs usually ferocious, like the mastiff or the bulldog. Human beings feel weighed down with an indefinable premonition of some impending evil. The sultriness of the day continues, but in the hitherto clear and coppery sky great banks of clouds appear, generally one in the southwest and another in the northwest or northeast, moving towards each other. They are entirely different in aspect from the ordinary heralds of a summer storm. They may resemble the thick smoke from a burning building, or a bank of fog or steam, or, if heavy and dark, take on a greenish hue, which betrays the quick coming of a fierce and irresistible elemental foe. Sometimes nature manifests these forces of destruction in solid and heavy masses; again they roll up lightly, but black and frowning as the darkest midnight.

TORNADO STRIKING A TOWN.

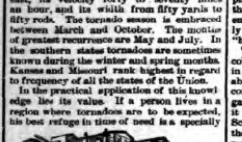
The crash when the wings of this airy army come together and unite for their mighty revel-up takes place in Europe, who have witnessed it as something diabolically grand and awe inspiring. The noise resembles the angry roaring of uncounted beasts of prey, or the confusion of the vastest and sullen booming from a battle field. Then begins the terrible progress across town and village, the country side and city. The huge demon of the air leaps with giant strides from ridge to ridge, or else chooses some river valley for its route and rushes onward over its appointed course, leaving behind a pathway marked by ruin, desolation and death.

Nothing can stop the tornado save the exhaustion of its own inherent forces, therefore those who have studied the phenomenon have directed their efforts to discovering the laws governing its birth, course and velocity so as to formulate rules for minimizing its destructiveness. Speaking unscientifically, a tornado may be said to have its origin in and be maintained by well defined upward movements of air over a limited area at the center of disturbance. The whirling motion of the current first shaped cloud depends upon a pre-existing disturbed and gyrating state of the atmosphere. To illustrate this upright shaft of air, funnel formed, large at the top and with a small lower aperture. Fill this with water, remove the plug from the bottom, and the liquid will run out with no rotary disturbance. But a slight circular movement of the finger at the surface will set the water whirling as it falls with all the semblance of a miniature tornado. Says Lieut. Finley:

"The tornado with hardly an exception occurs in the afternoon, just after the hottest part of the day, and generally disappears before the going down of the sun. The hour of greatest frequency is between 3 and 4 p. m. A tornado very rarely, if ever, begins after 6 p. m., but a tornado commencing about 5 p. m. may continue its characteristic violence until nearly 8 p. m., which only means that the tornado cloud may be traveling after 6 p. m., but it does not develop, that is, make its appearance for the first time, after those hours.

Its usual track is from southwest to northeast, its velocity forty to seventy miles an hour, and its width from fifty yards to fifty rods. The tornado season is embraced between March and October. The months of greatest recurrence are May and July. In the southern states tornadoes are sometimes known during the winter and spring months. Kansas and Missouri rank highest in regard to frequency of all the states of the Union.

In the practical application of this knowledge in its widest sense it is put to life in a region where tornadoes are to be expected, his best refuge in time of need is a specially



LOUISVILLE TOBACCO WAREHOUSES.

prepared cave situated on the west side of the house. If such a cave is not at hand, and no time to get from the building, he should avoid taking a position in a northeast room, a northeast corner, an east room, or against an east wall. The tornado creates a vacuum outside, and the air inside a closed house expands at the removal of the ordinary pressure, causing destruction by explosion. To prevent this, shut all the doors and windows on the side toward the coming storm and open those on the side away from the storm. A northwest

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, APRIL 10 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE MILLER-MOFFETT-CAREY CASE.

An Important Legal Notice Served on the Police Board by Chief Carey.

By direction of his counsel Chief Carey yesterday afternoon served notice on Mr. Bond it, Esq., as chairman of the Police Board, notifying him of his readiness to do duty as chief or captain of the Plainfield police force.

The Supreme Court will not be able to reach the case before next November, and Chief Carey is not the slightest doubt in the minds of good lawyers but that the action of the Police Board in removing Chief Carey was illegal, and that he will be fully sustained in his action and the city relieved to pay him during the intervening time and costs.

While the Supreme Court has decided in this matter he is advised to proceed criminally and civilly against such members of the Board and others as have attacked his personal character, until he has secured full and complete vindication, and he has already taken the necessary preliminary steps in that direction.

Some of our most prominent citizens have come forward and assured him that they will stand by him financially and otherwise until his character in the city of Plainfield by the verdict of 12 jurors. Carey and Lynch is wiped out and the perpetrators properly punished.

The city will have two Captains of Police to pay, besides the expense of special counsel to defend the Police Board, as the Common Council has directed Mr. Marsh, the Corporation Counsel, to prosecute, but simply to act in an advisory Counsel. *If the whole folly does not* cost the city fully $1000—(Mr. Carey's salary alone will amount to over $800) good judges are mistaken. The city might have called upon Mr. Carey and dealt him considering all the circumstance, and it will probably be insisted upon that action be taken against the members of the Police Board who voted to remove Chief Carey, to recover the amount, especially in view of the fact that they ignored the Corporation Counsel, directed by Common Council to advise them. The same rule will it is thought, apply to the case of Policeman Lynch which is not included in the above estimate of expense.

Whether it may be made very clear to all concerned, that vindictive persecution does not pay.

—The public schools will reopen next Monday.

—Several weddings are set down for this month.

—F. B. Jamison has been appointed postmaster at Belle Mead.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders will meet one week from to-day.

—Mr. George Winans of this city is having a house erected on Somerset street.

—The Forth Ward Republican Club will hold a meeting in Cutter's Hall to-night.

—Major Anderson Post, G. A. R., will hold a regular encampment to-morrow evening.

—The Emerald Benefitable Society of this city are arranging for a grand ball in Amption Hall.

—An evening sociable is soon to be given by the members of the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society.

—Captain Grant is looking after canteens, revengers and others who have not as yet paid their licenses.

—The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad has already received part of the engines given for locomotive, in the early part of the year.

—The April term of courts will open next Tuesday. The calendar is not yet complete. Only eight cases have been thus far noticed for trial.

—The Crescent Base Ball club will play the first game of the season next Saturday, weather permitting. The game will be called at 3:30 p. m.

—Mr. Charles K. Moore of the Water-Works Company expects to pump water from the six wells, just sunk at Netherwood, some day this week.

—Boys should not kill robins. They are the only song-bird we now have, and should be protected. The law imposes a fine of $15 for every bird killed.

—A prominent Plainfield ice dealer last night informed a News reporter that the price of ice would probably advance to $1.25 per hundred on May 1st.

—The electric lights used at the Charity Ball in the Crescent Tuesday were furnished from the Spencer plant in that building and not by the Electric Light Company.

—Crystal wedding cake are the latest. There is a fine display in the store windows of the United Tea and Coffee Growers Association on West Front street.

—A special meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held Saturday evening in the Seventh Day Baptist church at 8 o'clock. See adv.

—Elizabeth seems to be the headquarters of a well organized gang of burglars. The police cannot cope with them and robberies are of an almost nightly occurrence.

—The dirt scraped from the road bed of Somerset street is likely to be put back in its former place by the passing wagon wheels, if left by much longer. It ought be removed.

—The Temperance Cadets of the Holy Name Society of St. Mary's church gave a dramatic and musical entertainment in St. Mary's school hall last evening. The affair was largely attended and was heartily enjoyed by all present.

—The citizens of Somerville have long been clamoring for a new passenger station on the Jersey Central Railroad, but now that the company is about to erect a handsome new structure, the people begin to complain that the train service is vastly inefficient, and that the company ignores the town in the matter of providing rapid transit conveniences. An effort if therefore being made to have the Lehigh Valley Company build a spur from its tracks three miles distant, and open up communication by giving rival facilities for business. Somerville is a thriving town and deserves better treatment.

AN EX-COUNCILMAN.

MR. DARLING'S DEFALCATIONS AMOUNT TO ABOUT $500,000.

Drawing on a Bank in Which He Had No Account. — The Drafts Were Paid by Checks of John F. Plummer & Co.

William S. Darling, the missing junior partner of John F. Plummer & Co., formerly resided in this city and was a member of the Council of 1891. He was elected from the Second Ward.

Darling had complete control of the finances of the firm. His long acquaintance with the senior partner, who had the utmost confidence in him, placed him in a position to handle the finances of the business just as he pleased. Darling lived here until within a short time ago, and engaged in heavy transactions with Mr. Plummer in real estate. Large sums of money passed through his hands, so that when he began his illegal operations he was in good standing with the First National Bank.

Darling's plan was a simple one. He deposited personal checks with the bank here on the First National Bank of New York, where he kept no account. When the check reached the New York bank Darling would give a certified check of the firm for the amount, and destroy his personal check. In this way he drew out of the firm several hundred thousand dollars, according to the opinion of Mr. Newcombe and the assignee. The amounts of money which Darling drew from the Plainfield bank varied from time to time. Some of the checks were for as high as $80,000, while others dropped as low as $1,000. The firm checks which Darling used to take up his personal drafts were all certified by the Broadway National Bank, where the firm's account was kept.

Mr. Newcombe sent about $14,000 of these certified checks and learned that they had been received in payment of the Plainfield bank's drafts. Mr. Newcombe brought to light about $69,000 of these checks with which took up those drawn at Plainfield.

Investigations are now on foot to discover what During did with this large sum of money. It was learned yesterday that there was about $200,000 in real estate in Mrs. Darling's name. With the keys which were sent to the assignee were several to safe deposit vaults, but these cannot be opened except by order of the court after it has legally been ascertained that Darling is a defaulter and has run away. Then attachments will be issued against any property which can be found in his name. This will be done within the next day or two. It was said yesterday on excellent authority, that the prospects now were that the creditors of the firm would be paid nearly in full.

THE ELIZABETH PRESSYTERY.

The Annual Meeting to be Held in Plainfield.

The annual meeting of the Elizabeth Presbytery will be held in this city on Monday and Tuesday of next week, and will be a session of much interest.

Rev. Dr. Teal, of the Westminster church, Elizabeth, will preside. Among the matters of interest will be a report of the confession of faith.

The report has been prepared by Rev. E. B. Cobb, of the Second church, of Elizabeth; Rev. Mr. Owens, of Perth Amboy, and Rev. Mr. Payson, of Rahway. It will be read on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

An April Snake Story.

Some person as yet unknown, played a practical joke on a number of merchants in this city yesterday. He in some way came into possession of a garter snake and in order to have some fun procured a small box and placed the reptile inside. He then sent one of a district messenger boy and after admonishing him not to "give him away" told him to deliver the box to a prominent Front street merchant. The boy did as requested and after the afternoon rush the merchant had viewed the contents he carefully re-wrapped the box and contents again and told the messenger to deliver it to another merchant. This was done and the next recipient sent it to Mr. L. D. W. McIntosh, the popular bookkeeper at French's carriage repository. Upon opening the box and ascertaining what it contained "Lew" was more than startled and without any ceremony whatever pitched the box and its contents into Greenbrook. He is now looking for "revenge" as he is no lover of snakes.

Conference Appointments.

The appointments announced by the M. E. Conference at Newark Tuesday, for this vicinity are:

Plainfield, Rev. C. H. Mitchell; Somerville, Wm. H. Trumbower; Basking Ridge, G. T. Jackson; Bernardsville, C. E. Winans; Passaack, N. C. Nelson; Round Brook, Richards Johns; Centreville (supply) S. B. Rich; East Millstone (supply) D. D. King; Raritan, J. A. Cole.

Rev. T. H. Jacobus will go to Allendale, N. J. Rev. O. R. Holt will remain at Clinton. Dunellen, J. W. Sutton.

Unofficial Criminals Sentenced.

In the Union County Court of Special Sessions yesterday Judge McCormick sentenced Thomas Barry and Michael Ford, two youths, aged respectively 13 and 14 years, to two years in the State prison each. The boys are unschooled criminals and have been arrested a number of times before. In passing sentence the Judge severely reprimanded them and said that any Judge who better off when 5 was old of their presence.

113 C. L. S. C. Meeting.

The 113th meeting of the C. L. S. C. will take place April 19, 1890, at Mrs. Emerson's residence on Central avenue. The programme is as follows:

1. The Audience..... Miss Nancy Randolph
2. Dicotetism..... Miss Hazlewood
3. The Lyric Poets..... Miss Ida Randolph
4. Music.....
5. Essay..... Miss A. G. Hazlewood
6. Music.....

Wreck at Roselle, Lock Jaw Caused by Cigarettes, A Sand and Rag Storm.

Nearly all of the ballot-boxes at New Brunswick were reported to be out of order.

Over 300 tramps were counted on their way out the Pennsylvania railroad, east from Camden, on Wednesday.

A homeless lad deliberately stole a watch in New Brunswick in order that he might be sent to the Reform School for a home.

A fourteen-foot sign, blown from a store front at Holly Beach during one of the recent storms, has been picked up on the coast of Maryland, 110 miles distant.

During the heavy electrical and hail storm at Paterson, N. J., at noon yesterday, City Surveyor Ferguson reports, a large mass of ashes and potato-bugs fell from the clouds on the roof of the extension to the City Hall. The sudden change after the storm picked up a number of the bugs.

Terence Hickey, nine years old, was admitted to the Wells Memorial Hospital, in New Brunswick, yesterday suffering from lockjaw, which the physicians are of the opinion was caused by excessive cigarette-smoking. The boy has been an inveterate cigarette-smoker over two years.

A wreck occurred last night on the Central Railroad at Roselle, and travel was stopped several hours. A big shifting engine going out of the yard at full speed jumped the track and covered three tracks, leaving for use only the east-bound one, which was blockaded with coal and freight cars. Several cars attached to the engine that was derailed were smashed and the locomotive itself was damaged. It ran across the wires connecting with the signal tower, smashing them and rendering the signals unmanageable. Trains were stalled along the track for miles and the Philadelphia express was delayed over an hour. Roselle is becoming famous for wrecks and fatal accidents.

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. Sobest of Dunr street, North Plainfield, has returned home from a visit West.

Miss Mary Coulther of South Plainfield is visiting her niece, Mrs. C. A. Thomas of New Brunswick.

Mr. Joseph Traynor and his sister, Rose, of this city sailed this morning for Europe to remain indefinitely.

Mr. Francis C. Harder has purchased the handsome residence of Mr. E. B. Day on Madison avenue and Ninth street.

Miss Alexander has removed from the corner of Madison avenue and Forth street to East Fifth street near Franklin place.

Miss Slevin is spending her vacation from college at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Slevin of Franklin place.

Mr. Robert G. Wyckoff and Miss Theresa Cone both of this city were yesterday united in marriage by the Rev. Mr. Vernon.

Mr. M. M. Thorn, who has just returned from a visit to California is thinking of returning and permanently locating in that State.

Godfrey A. Haberle died at his home on Somerset street yesterday afternoon at 4:30 after an illness lasting about two and a half weeks. Deceased was born February 20th, 1830, in Germany, and emigrated to this country about fifty years ago. He was a clothing cutter and worked at his trade up to within about three weeks of the time of his death. Mr. Haberle had been a resident of this city about forty-two years and was one of the first clothing cutters to locate here. He was a man of sterling qualities and was highly respected by all who know him and by his death Plainfield loses one of its oldest citizens. He has been an employe of Schepflin & Co's for thirty-eight years past and for fourteen years was foreman of the place. He was a member of M. E. church, from which place his funeral will take place Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock. He leaves a wife and nine children, all of whom have arrived at their majority. Deceased was 70 years old at the time of his death, which resulted from paralysis.

Fatally Injured by the Train.

An unknown man was struck by a train on the Central Railroad yesterday, near Cranford, while working along the track, and his skull was fractured. He was found several hours later lying between the tracks, and was taken to Cranford, where his wounds were dressed by Dr. McConnell. Then he was put on a train and taken to the Elizabeth Hospital. He is about fifty years old. His injuries are thought to be fatal. Nothing was found to identify him. He was plainly dressed and wore a reddish beard. Last night he was unconscious, and the hospital authorities believed his death to be a question of only a few hours.

Contest in Declamation.

The Woman's Aid Society of the Reform Club is arranging for a prize contest in declamation on April 24 in Reform Hall. The competition will be between misses from New York, who have been prize takers in other contests arranged by the model contest banner. One of them, Miss Iva Odell, is unusually gifted as an elocutionist. In commenting on her speaking a newspaper remarks that she has "a clear, ringing voice of her years, in the fact that all who heard her, even those who were there as old critics, could not hide the emotion that the pathos of her whole manner enkindled."

—A new lawn-tennis club has been formed in the vicinity of Washington Park. It will be call by the novel name of "The Raggedy Club."

—The law requires the police to look after truant children. Parents should remember that the law fixes the fine for permitting children to remain from school at $20, and if the offender is prosecuted bonds in $200 must be furnished by the parents.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

—Wednesday was the warmest day of the season.

—Mr. Charles Hall has been appointed postmaster at Hall's Mills

Plainfield Evening News.

SEE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT 21 SOMERSET STREET.

S. W. BORRIDGE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

BOOK BOX L. TELEPHONE 62. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Never a Strike.

The Blount manufacturing establishment has been in operation at Evansville, Ind., about a quarter of a century, more or less, and there has never been a strike at the works. Part of the reason for this may be found in a statement made by the manager at a banquet celebrating the twentieth anniversary of the day when himself and his present superintendent in the works entered the employ of Henry Blount: "Not one cross word or look can I recall in all that time —only words of kind approval and encouragement in everything I did."

Profit sharing with his employes on a peculiar plan of his own has long been practiced by Mr. Blount. In its way his establishment is as worthy of notice as the famous one of Guise. No man belonging to trades unions are found among the many workmen in the Evansville establishment. The proprietor says: "No union can be so close as that between employer and employed."

The system at Evansville is that of rewarding individual merit. Each employe's work is carefully watched. As a man proves himself faithful and capable his pay is raised without his asking for it. Then at the close of the year, after all proper sums have been deducted, amounts of money are distributed among the best men, according to their skill and time of service.

On one occasion it became necessary to discharge a workman from one of the departments, because there was not enough labor to occupy them all. The foreman was in doubt which to discharge. The proprietor said: "Bring me samples of all their work." These were brought. Mr. Blount examined them critically and selected the poorest, not knowing who had done any of it. "Send me the man who made this," he said to the foreman. The man came to the office. Mr. Blount himself told the workman that he was discharged and why. Strange to say, the man did not even seem to feel any resentment, but acknowledged that justice had been done.

Mr. Blount's plan has been to give liberal pay for the best work and to exact no cavilling. For five years his manager and superintendent have had a share in the profits of the business. As a consequence they are well to do already, and becoming more so. Another consequence is that Mr. Blount himself is not even obliged to live in Evansville. Not long since he and his family spent two years in Europe. At present he resides in Washington.

The business has been phenomenally successful. The workmen, under such auspices, have become so sober and self-respecting that for the past eight or ten years not a man in the shop has gone out for beer during the forenoon. Thus much time is saved.

In an address at the banquet already mentioned, Mr. Blount remarked that the troubles temporarily brought upon the labor world by the universal introduction of machinery could be overcome by building up the humanizing side of man's nature. His effort had been in that direction, and it had not been a failure. Finally he said:

> Now let us strive to keep ours the model establishment, where temperance, self respect and true manhood are considered, and our motto, that of Switzerland, "Each for all and all for each."

A bill has been reported in congress "in the interests of pure lard." It proposes to put a tax or cottonseed oil. Now, in the words of The Nebraska State Journal, "when a man wants the oil of pig, pure and simple, he should be able to get it without taking a chemist along to analyze the article." But if people generally used more cottonseed oil and less pig's oil to lubricate their cookery, their health would be improved. No scrofula, no trichina, no black measles, no cholera, no nothing, but just the pure vegetable oil that the magic chemistry of the sun puts there with materials drawn from earth and blue air. What clean, rational being would not prefer this in his insides to diseased animal fat. Cottonseed oil must not be used to adulterate lard, but of itself there is nothing unclean or unhealthful about it, and it can be thoroughly bleached and deflavored. The offense in selling it would be to sell it under false colors.

The fashion papers have heretofore neglected the outfit of the bridegroom entirely in descriptions of wedding garments. Fortunately this is to be so no longer. A list of the least number of clothes with which any really swell youth would think of being married is given in a journal that is authority in such matters, and its cost is $10,000.

The powder invented by Dr. Emmins has been tested at the United States navy yard at Washington, and found to be perfectly smokeless.

Warning to wives: "I nagged him all the time he was awake, and he thought if I kept it up he had better be dead, so he let himself alone," said pretty little Mrs. Dempsey to the police court of Jersey City, where her husband was on trial for attempted suicide.

FIVE DIED BY THE ROPE.

It Was Hangman's Day in the Keystone State.

WILLIAM BARTHOLOMEW'S DEATH

He Entered the Undiscovered Country with Oaths Upon His Lips—Andrews, Taylor and Carter Pay the Death Penalty—A Murderer in Alabama Swings.

EASTON, Pa., April 10.—Fully 1,000 curiosity seekers were crowded in the jail yard yesterday when William Bartholomew was hanged for the murder of Aaron Dillard. The rain came down in torrents, yet for two hours and more the crowd jostled and pushed, battling all the while of the crime and the criminals. Not a word of pity for the murderer was heard, and no one criticised the verdict. Refusing the new clothes ordered, the condemned man took his place on the trap clad in his prison trousers, held in place by a pair of Aaron Dillard's suspenders. His wore neither coat, vest nor hat, and no collar interfered with the placing of the noose.

Blaspheming to the Last.

Blaspheming to the last he had ignored the efforts of the three ministers who asked him to repent; repudiated their religious services, reasserted his innocence and with the foulest language damned his accusers and his persecutors.

To his spiritual advisers must be credited the absence of any resistance on his part. Had such been shown, four stalwart policemen accustomed to such work would have forced him to take the death march. He cursed as he walked to the scaffold, he cursed while standing upon it, and he cursed as he had been all day long exclaimed as he felt the rain beating against him: "I hope the storm will fetch them all. Now bring Mary Ann Dillard and Jesse Carter up." Then the drop fell and the physicians ran forward. The body was cut down and given to relatives.

The Murderer's Crime.

Aaron W. Dillard was a prosperous farmer of Easton, and a frequent visitor at his home was William Bartholomew. Mrs. Dillard was the gossip to whom callers came, however, and although gossips connected their names, the husband suspected nothing. Becoming tired of the life of deceit, Bartholomew and his schoolgirl mistress decided to take her to a western state. He had another plan, however, and at last Mrs. Dillard consented to become his accomplice in crime. She agreed to poison her husband to his death. About 3 o'clock on the morning of Sept. 6 Aaron Dillard was awakened by his wife, who said she believed some one was stealthily stalking from the coops. A search the back yard gave color to this, and Dillard dressed in haste. He lighted the lantern and left his bedroom, followed by the man who had put on a loose wrap. She volunteered to carry the light, and followed her husband, holding the lantern so that the coops were in the dark. When within a few feet of the chicken coop there was a report, and Dillard fell dead, his chest riddled with shot. The murderer was hidden in a clump of bushes. Running from the back yard and awakened the neighbors, telling them that thieves had killed her husband. Bartholomew and Mrs. Dillard are said to have had a share in the profits of the business. As a consequence they are well to do already, and becoming more so. Another consequence is that Mr. Blount himself is not even obliged to live in Evansville. Not long since he and his family spent two years in Europe. At present he resides in Washington.

Alfred Andrews Pays the Penalty.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., April 10.—Ciara Price is avenged and the body of Alfred Andrews, her murderer, lies in a coffin. Andrews' cell was crowded until 12 o'clock Tuesday night, and over 200 persons saw him hanging. Andrews arose about 6 o'clock and ate a hearty breakfast. The death warrant was read to him shortly thereafter. From that time on he received spiritual advice, and later the march to the gallows began. The condemned man read a chapter from the Bible and prayed, bidding all good-by. He took part in the cap drawn, and the trap sprung. He was pronounced dead in twenty minutes. The doctors said the neck was broken down below the shoulder blade. Andrews showed great self command, and walked to his death with a firm step.

The Murder of Miss Price.

Andrews paid the death penalty for the murder of Miss Clara Price. The victim was a belle of the village of Karthaus and was the daughter of David Price. Her body, horribly mutilated, was found on the road between Karthaus and Snowshoe on the morning of Nov. 27, 1889. There were bullet holes in her head and breast. Her murderer had approached her and then had slain his victim. Andrews, who had been seen following the girl on the morning of the murder, was arrested. The men who had found the body noticed a man's footprints in the mud and officers took the measure of the marks. A pair of muddy shoes found in Andrews' house agreed well with the measure, and this and other circumstantial evidence proved sufficient to convict the prisoner. After the death sentence had been pronounced Andrews confessed his guilt.

Zach Taylor Swings.

WAYNESBURG, Pa., April 10.—Zach Taylor, condemned for the murder of William McCausland, was hanged here yesterday. Taylor spent the hours of his life talking freely about things that occurred while he was a free man, eating and sleeping as he would under the most ordinary circumstances. Rev. Mr. Maxwell was with him much of the time, and Taylor expressed himself willing to die. He talked very calmly to the clergyman in the morning, giving him certain directions as to his funeral.

The Story of His Crime.

The crime for which Zach Taylor suffered death was the murder of William McCausland, an Allegheny brewer. George Clark, his brother-in-law, was hanged a few weeks ago for the same crime. McCausland was found in the barn, shot with a bullet hole through his head and his pockets rifled. Clark, Taylor and James Neff were arrested and all were convicted, but Neff appealed for a change of venue from Greene county and upon a second trial was acquitted.

A half dozen executions were put to work in the time of a couple of two months later these men were all arrested and jointly indicted for the murder. They were said to belong to a gang that had been terrorizing Greene county for years, of which George Clark was the ringleader. Mary Clark, a 16-year-old girl, who was arrested for complicity in the murder, was released in order that she might be used as a witness.

Charles Carter Hanged.

EDENBURG, Pa., April 10.—Charles Carter, murderer of John Matthews, was hanged in the county jail here yesterday afternoon. He was about 22 years old, a negro, and a native of Richmond, Va. He came from a family of criminals. His brother, Jesse Carter, was hanged in Allegheny county several years ago. Another brother is now serving a term in the Western penitentiary.

The murder for which Carter was hanged was committed in November, 1889, in Johnstown. Carter and his victim, Matthews, became infatuated with Emma Brown, a white girl. Carter and Matthews quarreled about the girl. Carter shot Matthews through the breast and escaped.

An Alabama Murderer Swings.

MOBILE, Ala., April 10.—George Fields, colored, was hanged at Mount Vernon, Ala., for the murder of Jennie Moseley, colored, on May 14 last. The drop fell at 10:42 and Fields was pronounced dead in two minutes and a-half. He subsequently confessed his crime and advised his hearers to profit by his example.

THE READING ROW.

A New Move Which Is Said to Strengthen Mr. Corbin.

PHILADELPHIA, April 10.—At the meeting of the Reading board of managers Messrs. Rose, Caldwell and Bright resigned, and Messrs. Thomas Dolan, Henry G. Gibson and A. A. McLeod, vice president and general manager, were elected in their places. The row is ended, and seems to make Mr. Corbin stronger than ever. It is said that the two managers who were first asked to resign in favor of Messrs. Dolan and Gibson declined to do so.

Mr. Bear will continue his confidential relations as counsel and as manager of the Reading Coal and Iron company, and Messrs. Thomas Dolan, Henry G. Gibson and A. A. McLeod, vice president and general manager, were elected in their places. The row is ended, and seems to make Mr. Corbin stronger than ever. It is said that the two managers who were first asked to resign in favor of Messrs. Dolan and Gibson declined to do so.

Mr. Bear will continue his confidential relations as counsel and as manager of the Reading Coal and Iron company, and Messrs. Thomas Dolan, Henry G. Gibson and Caldwell will retain their active interest in the road. It is believed that the fifth member of the voting trust will be Mr. Gibson. Mr. Corbin still has control, and seems to make it

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

The Chinese Enumeration Bill in the Senate.

TO EXCLUDE THE MONGOLIAN.

Senator Mitchell's Poor Opinion of the Measure—He Says It Is Absolutely Worthless and Insufficient—The Silcott Solicitation Still Passed.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—In the senate Mr. Wilson (la.) offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the committee on interstate commerce to inquire what additional legislation is necessary in respect to competition and excursion tickets, so as to prevent abuses now existing in regard to individuals and localities. The house bill appropriating $75,000 to supply the deficiency occasioned by the reduction in the salary of the sole sergeant-at-arms of the house was reported from the committee on appropriations (without amendment) and passed.

The Montana Case.

The senate then resumed consideration of the Montana contested election case, and Mr. Pugh continued his argument in favor of the Democratic claimants—Messrs Clark and Maginnis. Mr. Turpie made an extended argument in which he denied the right of the governor in Montana. He argued that in no some were the county or territorial canvassers judges of election. The principles laid down by the majority of the senate Mr. Turpie spoke of as "principles of electoral estoppel." It was not entitled to credence or regard.

Mr. Morgan in asking for more time to continue the discussion said that if the questions were decided on mere partisan grounds the people would learn to treat the senate with contempt, and when it did so the people would have more than half the journey toward the destruction of the republic.

The Chinese Enumeration Bill.

The Chinese census enumeration bill, on the motion of Mr. Hale, was then taken up and discussed. Mr. Mitchell explained the purpose of some amendments which he had himself offered to the bill and gave a brief history of the past anti-Chinese legislation, coming down to the pending bill, which was not intended, he said, as an experiment but merely as an aid to the proper execution of the legislation in regard to Chinese exclusion. He did not like the 20 per-cent fee in addition to that exacted from the house, but as amended by the senate committee it was, in his judgment, absolutely worthless and insufficient.

How any person in favor of the admission of the Chinese could oppose the bill as reported from the committee was a mystery to him, for so far from aiding in exclusion of Chinese it was a direct repeal of the first exclusion law, and of nearly every point of existing legislation on the subject. As the Scott exclusion law went into effect on Oct. 1, 1888, he desired to know if persons arrested under provisions of this act to show that they were residents on Oct. 1, 1888, lived out of the U. S. before that time. He asked Mr. Hale whether he was willing to give a certificate that should be good as a "ticket of leave" or a "ticket of stay" to those Chinese of "who had put in the country unlawfully since the passage of the exclusion law.

Senator Hale's Idea.

Mr. Hale admitted that he was willing to give such a certificate to the 5,000 Chinese persons who had come into the country against the law since October, 1888, for the sake of closing the doors in the future, and to prevent 10,000, 20,000 or 30,000 coming in, who would come in unless some such proposition as the committee had proposed was embodied in the bill. Mr. Mitchell agreed with Mr. Hearst, and desired to have a law that would exclude all Chinese except members of the diplomatic corps. The bill was further discussed by Messrs. Stewart, Dolph, Hale, Dawes and others, but without action.

Mr. Hale and the New Navy.

Mr. Hale, from the committee on naval affairs, reported to the senate as amendments to the naval appropriation bill the bill providing for an assistant secretary of the navy at $4,500 a year and the bill heretofore reported to the senate providing for the naval establishment by the construction of eight battle ships of 7,500 to 10,000 tons displacement, two armored coast defense vessels, three gunboats of 800 to 1,500 tons displacement and five first class torpedo boats, and appropriating $5,000,000 toward the construction and $2,000,000 toward the armament of these vessels.

New York Custom House.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The house committee on public buildings and grounds has agreed on a bill providing for the erection of a new custom house and appraiser's warehouse in New York. The bill limits the amount to be paid for sites to $3,000,000, and limits the cost of the building to $5,000,000. The secretary of the treasury is authorized to sell the present custom house property at auction to the highest bidder, for not less than $4,000,000. The secretary of state is authorized, if he deem it proper, to appoint three citizens of the state of New York, who shall be designated as United States building commissioners, and who shall be charged with the erection and completion of the buildings. The committee struck out the provision in the bill providing that the buildings should be in the vicinity of each other.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—In the house the senate amendments were concurred in to the house bill providing for town site entries of land in Oklahoma. The house then went into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Cogswell (Mass.) offered an amendment appropriating $50,000 to improve the Lehigh inland navy yard. Lost—47 to 67. Mr. Lodge (Mass.) said the matter of establishing a navy yard on the gulf was under consideration in the committee. The claims of Algiers, Pensacola, Port Royal and other places were presented, and, without coming to a conclusion the committee rose.

The New Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Republican members of the ways and means committee have decided to wipe out the section in the McKinley bill increasing the duty on flax and incorporating the present tariff provision in its place. A delegation representing the carpet and upholstery manufacturers appeared before the committee and asked that cheviots be included in the McKinley bill under a specific instead of a general paragraph. Mr. McKinley's report on the bill was presented to the committee today.

Commemorating Appomattox.

BOSTON, April 10.—The Twenty-third Regiment veterans celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of Appomattox by a reception last night. Gens Sherman, Howard and Sickles were among the guests.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Edward Homer, aged 35, special officer for the West Shore railroad, was killed by a shifting engine at Syracuse, N. Y., April 9.

Theodore G. Morse has been appointed an examiner in the New York custom house.

The president has nominated J. C. Kerr, of Delaware, to be post-chaplain in the army.

Thomas Dunlap has been appointed warden of Ludlow Street jail, New York, in place of Gen. Gray, who failed to furnish the required bonds.

The trustees of Mount Holyoke college have confirmed the election of Mrs. Lizzie Mead as president. She has of late been an instructor at Abbott academy, Andover. She is a cousin of the Rev. Dr. Storrs, of Brooklyn.

Aristides Welch, the well known breeder of horses, formerly a member of the famous Erdenheim stock farm at Chestnut Hill, Pa., died April 8, aged 79 years.

Mayor Cleveland's majority for re-election as mayor over George F. Perkins, the Republican candidate, at the charter election in Jersey City was within 100 of 2,000, and when the returns are in it may be more than 2,000. Unofficial returns from all the precincts in the city give him 1,937 majority.

The Merriam colliery at Ashland, Pa., has resumed, giving 400 employes work after several weeks' idleness.

The city council of Wilkesbarre has authorized the employment of idle miners in breaking stones and doing other street work until the spring.

E. S. Kimberly, a coal dealer of New Haven, has assigned. Liabilities estimated at $75,000; assets unknown.

Dr. S. B. Ward, president of the Morgan Reaper company, died April 9, at his home in Brockport, N. Y., aged 71 years. He leaves an estate valued at $2,000,000.

Billiards at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 10.—The game of the billiard tourney thus far most looked forward to was played last night at Central Music hall. "Jake" Schaefer and his pupil, "Napoleon" Ives, were the contestants. Schaefer played from scratch from the start, and finished the game in the thirteenth inning. He made two remarkable runs—one of 120 in the eighth and the other one of 209 in the eleventh. Score: Ives—0, 0, 0, 0, 14, 1, 0, 0, 0

WOMAN AND HOME.

AN INDEFINABLE SOMETHING WHICH MAKES WOMAN'S CHARM.

Daintily Housekeeping in France—Gymnasiums for Women—The School of Methods in Berlin—Happy, Though Not Beautiful—Lace Worth Over $125,000.

Beyond beauty, cleverness, wit, attainments, beyond any endowment which can be given to a woman, is the simple and indefinable attribute which we call charm. It is impossible to analyze its component parts, and equally so to write a prescription in a newspaper or apothecary's weight the resultant precipitate of which shall compose this best of the Creator's gifts to women.

Rev. had it, we fancy, had Miriam, Ruth and the queen of Sheba; and it belonged too, no doubt, to Jezebel, the infamous but splendid and surpassingly brave princess, before whose wrath Elijah ran cowering. Sapphod had charm, so had Cleopatra and Beatrice and Rosalind. Mary of Scotland bewitched men's hearts not less by her conquering charm than by her wonderful loveliness and dauntless daring, while Elizabeth of England—many sided, strong and resolute, with a man's heart under her petticoats—had charm—had the fatal defect of lacking charm.

There are women in every community, in every church, who, with no apparent effort, captivate all hearts and enjoy a popularity which others vainly covet, continuing to please till their latest day, for age cannot wither nor custom stale the infinite variety of a true charming woman. She is the pretty waitress at your elbow—may possess it, while it is denied to her mistress, the daughter, perhaps, of a hundred earls. Whatever else it is, be sure it is not womanliness, and it never belonged to the fair sex since that far off day when the sons of God beheld the daughters of men, and beholding, loved them.—Harper's Bazar.

Dainty Housekeeping.

Not only does the French woman buy the material for her dinner, but helps to cook it when bought. In that marvelous place, the French kitchen, with two or three little holes in a stove cook such delicate dishes, and perform such *culinary feats* as our great roaring coal fires have no conception of, she flits about like a fairy, creating dainty messes out of raw material of the most ordinary description. Yes, though a lady born and bred, refined, elegant and agreeable in society, she is in her way, yet she does not think it beneath her dignity to lighten the household expenses by practical economy and activity.

The dinner of a French family is cheap and simple. There is always a soup, the meat of the mess—as sometimes, if not strict in expenditure; another plate of meat generally, two vegetables, dressed and eaten separately, and sometimes, not always, a sweet dish; if not that, a little fruit, such as may be the cheapest and ripest in the season. But there is very little in each thing, and it is rather in arrangement than in material that they appear rich.

The French may be a trifle epicurean in their tastes, but they are not gourmands. They spend little in eating and they set inferior store by their cookery in consequence than a mere accident of civilization. At home the great aim of the French is to save, and any self sacrifice that leads to this result is cheerfully undergone, more especially in eating than the mere luxury of idleness.

No French woman will spend a cent to save herself trouble. She would rather work like a dray horse to buy an extra yard of ribbon or a new pair of gloves than lie on the softest sofa in the world in pinched, fine ladyism, with crumpled gauze or bare hands.—Waverly Magazine.

School of Methods.

The department devoted to the preparation of girls, who have left school, for the duties of wives, mothers, nurses, housekeepers and servants was next visited, and in this important department of the Pestalozzi-Froebel House over 2 hundred women from various ranks of life were gathered. It was under the special patronage of the crown princess, whose own daughters were its first pupils. Here was to be learned the mysteries of washing and ironing kept a close eye to the perfection of the work, which is all classified. At one time table linen was washed and ironed properly; at another time the method of treating dish towels are taught; at another the washing of flannels and the doing up of infants' clothes; at another dyeing, bleaching, the cleansing of laces and fine materials, and so on, until the whole round of a family laundry has been scientifically taught and enforced by practice.

In one room a girl of 14 or 15, formerly a pupil in the Kindergarten, was washing window and panes. She, I observed, she was poised on a step ladder, polishing a large pane of glass with a chamois skin. Her pail of suds stood on the shining floor, with a bit of oil-cloth under it, that not a drop of water should touch the varnish. I involuntarily looked at the wall paper along the edges of the window and door casings and baseboards, and saw that not one spot was on it—not even left by the trail on a surface for which it was not designed. As I glanced back at the maiden she was folding her towels and placing them in a covered basket with a compartment for each. —In and Around Berlin.

Miss Abbott's Bonds.

Emma Abbott has in her possession the first money she ever made, but it has been transferred to government "fours." Her musical education was her $16,000 legacy, and her money with it. On the night that she received her first dividend she asked her husband what she should do with it. "Put it in real estate," was his rejoinder. Miss Abbott thought government bonds were safer and she transferred it accordingly. Since that time she has constantly added to it until she had accumulated a handful of "fours."

She had never had them registered and their custody caused her considerable worry. To counteract it, she confided to Wallace, who she mistaid them and it was quite a while before she found them. Next morning she left Willard's in company with a clerk of the Riggs bank and went with to the treasury department to have her bonds registered. Nobody would have supposed that the ordinary package of brown paper, which she carried carelessly in her left hand contained $125,000. But it did.—Cor. Philadelphia Times.

Gymnasiums for Women.

The good that follows physical development in a gymnasium should by no means be monopolized by men. Indeed, if it were possible that only one sex could enter and use a gymnasium, the advantage would be the one which comprise the mothers, and which, as surely transmits to sons and daughters whatever of strength or of weakness heredity entails. This fact has been slow to find recognition in this country, where devotion to women is a dominant character of all intelligent Americans. More generally than elsewhere are the women of America accorded equal advantages in the battle of life in all fields of labor.

But in all efforts to secure that most desirable of possessions, sound health, the American woman is granted fewer opportunities than men. She takes less exercise, her clothing is less calculated to leave the vital organs unhampered and she is rarely induced to indulge in out door exercise, in boating, bicycling, tennis, etc. At best, her time of muscular energy is during the out door months. During the rest of the year she hibernates, in so far as muscular development is concerned, while her brother can keep his summer gained muscular tissues from growing flaccid by an evening's dumbbell exercise and other doings at a public gymnasium. School drill and calisthenics accomplish something for the girls, but not enough. They should have a gymnasium of their own, or have certain hours of their own at a gymnasium for both sexes. There are too many pale girls, dyspeptic girls and sallow girls.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

The Box Didn't Make Change.

A lady, nicely dressed, boarded a short line Birmingham car at the corner of Carson and Tenth streets, to ride to the city. She flashed out of her pocket, which was concealed where no man could ever find it, a beautiful little purse, and extracting a dime, she refused the proffered aid of a fellow passenger to put her fare in the box. She walked to the forward end of the car and dropped the dime into the opening of the box. Then she stood there with an expectant look on her face and rose a nickel on top of the box. Whether she expected the box would open and hand out a nickel in change in about the same manner as operated by a cocktail "you may" the other passengers could only guess. The driver told her she would have to stand the loss of the nickel unless the car took on another passenger.

At the Pittsburg end of the bridge another passenger got on. He wore a slight blonde mustache and a self satisfied air of "mash." Everything in sight on him he bringed just the young lady. As he asked the driver for two nickels in exchange for a dime, the mute passenger held up the lady's proffered payment. Of course, he was only too glad to pay her back the five cents and smiled sweetly as he handed over the amount. With a "you-bet-I'll" remarks, he turned around and dropped the other nickel in the box. Then he discovered that he was out a nickel, and the smiles of the passengers made him go out on the platform and commune with himself. The individual who enjoyed the joke the most was the young lady who caused his misfortune.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Lace Worth Over $125,000.

The grandest of all the pieces is an overdress made for the Empress Eugenie, and completed at the time of the fall of the empire, so that it never came into her possession. It represents the finest skilled labor of a large corps of expert point lace makers for a period of many years, and is valued at $100,000. The dimensions are 5½ yards in length, 54 inches in width, and its weight is only 13½ ounces.

At Paris Universal exposition this was awarded the first prize. The material is a marvelously wrought combination of the finest point lace, comprising Alencon, point de gaze and Venice point. On the ground-work of its voluminous folds is a bewildering array of sprigs, medallions, tulips, lilies, roses and the myrtle and trefoil, with the industest detail of each and all of which bears the most critical inspection. To connoisseurs it is indeed a thing of beauty and tireless admiration. To the feminine mind it is a vision of loveliness, which, once seen, never can be forgotten.

Several millionaires have tried to purchase this dress, but it is not for sale. An ardent admirer of Mrs. Langtry is reported to have made an offer of $120,000 for it, but without avail.—New York Star.

Happy, but Not Beautiful.

In my life I have known many women well. Among them not a fair majority of what the truly appreciative would call happy, for which I thank God, as it has helped me to take, on the whole, a hopeful view of life, as well as of human nature. But of those who were blessed, as many of them are, with devoted husbands, cheerful homes, cultivated society and leisure for the exercise of any special taste, not they may possess, beautiful women! With one or two exceptions, no. Indeed, more than a few of them are positively plain, if only features be considered, while from the rest I can single out but two or three whose faces and figures conform to any of the recognized standards of physical perfection. Nevertheless, they are loved, they are loyal, they are deferred to. While not eliciting the admiration of every passer by, they have acquired the knack of the sweetness or originality of their character the appreciation of those whose appreciation confers honor and happiness, and consequently their days pass in an atmosphere of peace and good will, which is as far above the delirious admiration accorded to the simply beautiful as the placid shining of the sunbeam is to the phosphorescent blaze of an evanescent flame.—Anna Katherine Green.

Mrs. Astor's Black Pearls.

It is not often that women have admirable jewels and are not aware of the fact. When the late Mrs. John Jacob Astor died she left all her personal property, including her splendid collection of jewels, to her husband. When the late John Jacob Astor was about starting for Europe in 1889, he sent the precious casket of jewels as a gift to his daughter-in-law, Mrs. William Waldorf Astor.

Mrs. Astor, who was in town only to say good-by, sent the box to a safe deposit company unopened, and then retbraced to Newport.

During the summer she saw a woman at the Casino wearing black pearls.

"Why, I'd like to have some black pearls!" she exclaimed.

"But you have all the Astor jewels."

"Yes, but I've never opened the jewel case and don't know what's in it."

"What!" gasped a half dozen women in various stages of collapse. "Well, you just send for it at once."

The case was duly forwarded, and therein, sure enough, were the celebrated Astor black pearls, a set unequaled in the world for size, color and symmetry.—New York Letter.

How to Amuse the Children.

The 4-year-old may be allowed to wipe dishes, help set the table, and even break the crumbs from the carpet. If the child is praised a little and made to feel some interest, she will take pride in putting her toys carefully away and in learning where to find former seasons. A word of suggestion here and there will be gladly received, whereas if the mother waits until the heavenly habits are fixed, the child will be much harder to manage, and perhaps never be neat.

In regard to toys, the mother will soon find that the most lasting in the child's favor are those in one that change in form, or in the vast new ideas about. I believe that is one reason the doll is never forsaken. A few cheap articles will be just as valuable to the little one as something costing a small fortune. For example, a bundle of lamp lighters will afford interest, as the child can first lay them down in rude outline of houses, trees or animals; then weave them into fences, gates, the letters of the alphabet, etc. A paint box and some advertising pictures, a pencil and paper, a pair of blunt scissors and a newspaper will help to fill up the hours and give mother a chance to breathe.

Another excellent plaything is a soft ball, which one child can throw up and catch, while the others count, thus learning to catch and count at the same time. If mamma will bring cat her box of buttons, little Mischief will be pleased to string them for her, and she will run off with lasting threads with the greatest dispatch and skill. In fact, a child that is trusted and feels some responsibility will be much happier, and there will always be a confidence in the mother and a desire for her advice.—Henrietta C. O'Kane in New York Mail and Express.

The Use of Narcotics Among Women.

I could give you a formidable list of narcotics which women in all ranks of society are daily using: chloral, chloryden (more extensively than used by women here than in America), ai volatile, eau de Cologne, and so on. I have had patients who had habituated themselves to two ounces (60) grains of chloral as their daily allowance. Twenty grains of chloral, I may say, is a full medicinal dose. I have treated patients who have got into the habit of swallowing eight ounces of chlorodynes a day; and I have known ladies who could take a pint of chlorodynes in the twenty-four hours. Both tea and coffee are used to excess. I found a patient immobile in her room one day who had drank nothing but tea. But she had consumed a pound of it. In the day. Snuff, in the form of Rappee as well as cigarettes, is constantly resorted to by women. Thirty cigarettes a day has been the allowance of some of my patients.—Dr. Norman Kerr in St. James Budget.

A Kitchen Necessity.

A good range or cooking stove lightens a woman's work so much that every kitchen should contain it, though the parlor be unfurnished or the house unpainted, have a safe, reliable stove with which to do the family cooking. A woman living with such a stove would bother with an implement as trying as a burned out, cracked cooking stove that takes three times the fuel it should be beat the oven should be roomy; it is a mistake to buy a small stove. A range with six lids, large oven, elevated warming oven and other conveniences is the joy of a housewife's heart. A stove with four lids, revolving top, reservoir, will do. There are many good kinds made. Stoves and ranges should have fire boxes. When wood is burned in winter, chunks and small logs can be burned therein at night; if the drafts are properly regulated the fire will keep until morning.—Good Housekeeping.

Foreign Women in the East.

A French lady, who was the first European female to visit the town of Nim-Dinh, Tonkin, made a great sensation when she first appeared in public, and a fair set of the town gathered around, and their comments gave great entertainment to the Europeans who understood them. The ladies regarded the European women as above the height of ordinary mortals. They could not understand the bustle at all, but formally decided that it was a natural deformity, which, however, enabled a fire of pleasantries instead of consideration, and when they saw the young woman take the arm of her husband and walk away her remarks were regarded as simply disgusting, and there was a chorus of interjections exactly equivalent to our word shocking. Like Leigh Hunt's fish, they thought the sight of a man and woman walking in the street "indecent in fix" a most unseemly spectacle.—Exchange.

Antiquity of Face Painting.

The custom of painting the face was brought to Gaul and Germany by the Romans. A few centuries later 100 different salves for the complexion were sold in the German market. In modern times France has been the great manufacturer and consumer of cosmetics. In England, too, the custom has become so general that in 1770 the English parliament found it expedient to consider a bill to the effect that "all women, without distinction as to age or rank, maids, widows and wives, who should deceive the male subjects of his majesty and mislead them into marriage by means of paint, asive, beauty water, false teeth, false Spanish rumps, or padded hips, should be punished under the provisions of the law against sorcery, and the marriage should be declared null."—Berlin Courier.

Delicate Chinaware.

Belleek ware is the latest craze of china collectors. It is manufactured in a little Irish town, is of a rich ivory tint, and is so fine and light that a faint wind might blow it away. A cup and saucer of this ware carries out the idea of a cactus in delicate leaf like design of the saucer, and the cup shaped like the blossom with a prickly handle. This ware fires well and brings out delicacy and richness of tint exquisitely. The housewife who owns it, however, must see to it with her own dainty fingers, for the best of servants cannot be trusted with such paper like china. Every woman possessed of handsome china and cut glass must give it her personal attention.—Atlanta Constitution.

Beauty Beaten by Grace.

There are thousands of pretty, engaging little ways which every person may put on without running the risk of being deemed affected, and which, if applied with tact, will be cordial bow; the earnest movement in addressing a friend, or more especially a stranger whom one may recommend to our good regards; the hospitable glance, which is as captivating when united with self possession, that will insure us the good regards of even a churl. There are all graces in a certain delicacy of manner which should be cultivated, and which, in either man or woman, adds a charm that compensates for lack of beauty.—New York Journal.

Why Many Women Fail.

The reason so many women of fairly good features are so utterly uninteresting is, they think of little else than the drudgery of their lives. Their faces reflect only pastry and puddings, soups, dishes and dusters or fashions and means for lunch. The drudgery of fashionable life is no more elevating to looks or physique than the cares of kitchen and nursery. Ten women find nothing in life worth living for but loveliness and love, and unfeelingly put to death all that make them things.—Shirley Dare in Home Magazine.

Plain Dress for Sunday.

"Have you ever noted," said an observing man, "how much more quietly and politely the women of New York dress on Sunday than on other days of the week? Go up Fifth avenue any week day and notice the costumes, and then go up the same street on Sunday and note the difference. And it is said not be all church time either; you will see the same thing any time in the afternoon. I dare say there's a plan in it, for it seems to be a very sensible and fitting thing, too."—New York Evening Sun.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

PREVAILING FASHION IN DRESS FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

Novelties in Men's Shirts Which Please Frenchmen and Offer Suggestions to Americans—Attractions in the Smaller Minutiæ of Dress—New Handkerchiefs.

Paris, always noted for its gay cotton shirts with odd patterns, has a novelty in ordinary white shirts that will doubtless find favor here, inasmuch as it promises increased comfort to the wearer. The linen fronts are rounded off in the lower half (see cut) so that a man in an ordinary high waistcoat need not wear so much useless starch on his breast

TWO FRENCH SHIRTS.

Another novelty is a shirt with the monogram of the owner worked out in the shirt front, the points of the collar and the cuffs. The monogram may be in white or colors. Of course only Frenchmen could wear such a showy garment.

Accessories to Dress.

In the smaller minutiæ of dress there is much that is charming. The finest white handkerchiefs are in great variety, being in some cases daintily bordered in colors and others bordered with drawn work. There are also others, with the most captivating little flowering, in various colors all over the surface.

Items of the newest fans are painted in true Parisian style on gauze, crepe de Chine and lisse, one of the most beautiful being shaded from a rich orange chrome to petunia (which is one of the colors of the season). The design is large, loose petaled poppies, blending into one another. It would go well with almost any toilet. Black lace fans, mounted over white gauze, and with tortoise shell sticks, are much used by elderly ladies. A white Brussels lace fan, with small sections of the design marked by rue diamonds, with mother of pearl mounts and diamond ornamentation, is most beautiful.

FANCY FANS.

In Fig. A in our cut the leaf is covered on both sides with roches of lace fixed lengthwise on foundation of white silk; the sticks are made of ivory or white wood heightened with gold.

Fig. B—The gauze leaf is colored in imitation of the graduated tints produced by the rising sun, from pale rose to fiery yellow, and painted with a flowering sprig of gypsophila. The sticks are carved and gilt wood.

Fig. C—The leaf is formed alternately of rose colored satin ribbons and insertions of cream gauze painted with tinydflowers.

Fig. D—The blue leaf is of satin embroidered with jet and gold beads, mounted on ebony sticks.

The foulards are out in new colorings. Spots are in fashion and are sometimes thrown on stripes. A new trimming has semi-precious stones introduced. Epaulettes, hard and oval in form, are coming in again.

A Thing of Beauty in Parasols.

The tulle or white lace parasol of next summer, to be quite perfect, must show a beautifully beaded ring, which is to slip over the parasol when closed and keep it in place. This gem set ring is fastened to one end of a long gold chain with its attendant at the other end to the handle. When the parasol is open the ring goes just over the ferule and rests on the white cover, which displays its brilliant jewels to best advantage. The most magnificent specimen of this kind is said to be owned by Mrs. Langtry. The cover is old rose point over white silk, the handle of carved ivory, studded with a fine emerald surrounded by diamonds set in the top and a long gold chain with its golden ring at the end, set with alternate emeralds and diamonds.

Little Girls' Frocks.

Children's frocks for the ages of 6 to 8 are most simply made with plain full skirts and often sashes, and full bodices with yokes. The sleeves are fanciful, and even for children are worn high. The full bishop sleeve, gathered into a band, is one of the styles they much affect, while some are gathered full at the top, and then laced in such a fashion on the outside of the arm that a puff is formed between the lacings.

Shoes for Babies.

The newest shoes for babies have straps to fasten across the instep, instead of round the ankle. But a bit of colored ribbon is generally preferred to the straps. Babies' shoes are made in all the fashionable materials and colors—satin, bronze kid and Russian leather. When made of the latter material they are usually in shades of tan and claret.

Echoes from the World of Fashion.

Men's trousers are still worn very baggy and loose, and frock coats will be very fashionable this season.

An effort is being made to introduce long flowing veils, but ladies still cling to the little net veils.

Has any one noticed that the patterns of men's trousers follow the styles affected by women? Last year, when stripes were worn by women, stripes were worn by men, too. This year the new trouserings are in checks—hence very pretty, and very loud.

In veil nets dots appear; also geometrical figures. Some are covered with small crescents in black velvet; others, again, show small medallic dots.

Diamonds were never more fashionable than at the present time.

Just now dress skirts are so simple that much attention is being paid to the bodice and sleeves.

If a wedding takes place in the morning, the bridegroom must wear either a morning coat or a frock coat.

The newest net drapes are remarkable for their severe simplicity—the skirts full and plain.

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. THE THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

Van EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

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will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

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STYLES OF

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1890.

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My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. For a poor man to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by small shops, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods at the same price. Best in first class goods and warranted.

We have the largest assortment for a lower Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the latest styles in "Ladies' Dongola Leather", Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

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COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

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METAL WORKERS.

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Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

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Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Kidney Troubles, and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for ladies. 20 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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Money to Loan on approved security. Office front street and Park avenue.

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PEERLESS GUM SEALING

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—Base ball to-morrow Crescents vs. Star Athletics.

—The directors of the Middlesex County Gun Club will hold a meeting to-night.

—The City Common Council will meet in its regular session next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—Street Commissioner Meeker has a force of men engaged repairing the streets and gutters at Netherwood.

—The regular monthly sociable of the Methodist Episcopal church will be held in the chapel this evening.

—The Fourth Ward Republican Club held a meeting last night at Custer's Hall last evening. Business of a routine nature only was transacted.

—Perseverance Lodge No. 72, Knights of Tryhlar will meet for the first time in their new rooms in the Hand building on West Second street.

—On Tuesday evening next Watsessaka Lodge, Knights of Honor will celebrate its second anniversary. The exercises will be held in Music Hall.

—The Northern Pacific Tea Co., offers some extraordinary attractions in the way of presents in their advertisement to-day, to which special attention is directed.

—Justice Hardy yesterday held Elizabeth M. Hand in $500 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of assault and battery. The accused was apprehended at Cranford.

—Borough Street Commissioner Conover is pushing the work of cleaning the streets of the Borough in a commendable manner, and the good results of his work are already showing themselves.

—The jewelry Captain Martin, F. L. C., makes his bow in our advertising columns to-day, which invariably lead to success, when commanded by merit such as Frank and his goods are sure to possess.

—It is reported that there is to be a mass meeting of citizens held next week to express their indignation at the outrageous conduct Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch, and take steps to have redress in the courts.

—On Monday and Tuesday evening next Mr. D J. Canary, the celebrated bicycle rider will give an exhibition of the bicycle and monocycle. Another interesting feature of the entertainment will be a match game of polo between the Bridgeports and Hartfords.

—The police were called upon this morning to eject a woman named Herrin from a house on West Fourth street. It appears that she obtained admittance to the place and then refused to leave. She was given the choice of either leaving or being arrested. She left.

—Plainfield, which is about half the size of New Brunswick, realized nearly $8,000 the other night for the Muhlenberg Hospital by a charity ball. Why cannot the society people of this city raise $8,000 for the Soldiers' Monument by a charity ball?—Home News.

—Some persons in North Plainfield are violating the health ordinances by filling up old privy vaults before removing the contents. There is an ordinance in force fixing a heavy penalty for such violation and authorities of the Borough take this method of notifying them to desist.

—A petition is being unanimously signed by influential people in New Brunswick for the pardon of ex-Justice H. D. B. Lefferts, who who was sent to the State Prison a year ago for obtaining money by false pretenses. He has about a year to serve, but is in poor health, and much sympathy is felt for his family.

—The Rev. A. H. Lewis, D. D., will preach to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. at the Seventh-day Baptist church, on the theme "Sabbathism and Holidayism; their Relation to the Future of the United States." This is in response to the general request of the N. W. C. T. U., the National Reform Association and the American Sabbath Union.

—The B. & O. passenger train makes the fastest trip from New York to Washington, D. C., on Tuesday, entirely over its new route, via Staten Island Ferry and the new branch to Cranford Junction, thence by the New Jersey and Long Island Branch, by Philadelphia & Reading to Philadelphia, and by its own road to Baltimore and Washington.

—"One of the largest audiences of the season greeted the Boston Howard Athenæum company at the Central Theatre last evening." (March 11th, 1890.) "The company" which is to appear in Plainfield April 17th, "received quite an ovation, especially those who made their first appearance here. Miss Lottie Collins' skirt dancing was greatly admired, and she captured the audience by her song, "My Heart was Whispering Yes," which she and Mamie thrilled the audience with their thrilling and inimitable manner, and Mons. De Blanche, master of music, performed tricks ingeniously and then showed and explained to the audience how they were done.—Boston Evening Star.

—A long talk want is at last supplied. One of our enterprising merchants in this city has become aware for a clock that not only is capable of awakening you at any hour you wish, but will open the damper in your stove an hour before the alarm goes off, so that instead of going down stairs into a cold room and waiting and shivering and fuming for the fire to come up, you find the stove red hot and the kettle boiling. The only thing now needed is an attachment that will cook the breakfast and place it on the table. One by one, the items of unsettled life are being supplied, and it is expected that this last improvement will cause quite a boom in the matrimonial market.—Burlington Enterprise.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thursday			
Friday			
Saturday			
Sunday			
Monday			
Tuesday			
Wednesday			
Thursday			
Friday			

DARLING'S FINANCIAL DIFFICULTY.

His Transactions While Building Hotel Netherwood.

(From The New York Star.)

The "listing" operations of W. S. Darling, the financial man of John F. Plummer & Co., do not meet with approval in financial circles On the contrary, very general surprise is expressed that he has been able, for a period extending over six years, to draw on the First National Bank of New York, where he never had any account, through the First National Bank of Plainfield, for sums which aggregated hundreds of thousands of dollars.

DARLING'S REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Residents of Netherwood, N. J., think a good deal of Mr. Darling for the efforts he put forth in building up that pretty little village on the line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey. It is a fact, however, that Mr. Darling did not make the residents of Netherwood contribute to him from entirely disinterested motives. On the contrary, residents of Plainfield maintain that he looks out for his own interests so very closely in connection with the building of the Netherwood hotel that altogether too many persons were crowded to the wall for good nature to stand without protest.

An old resident of Plainfield stated yesterday that Mr. Darling "tried to deceive everybody" in connection with the building of the Netherwood Hotel. One of the sufferers was the First National Bank of Plainfield, which had some transactions with a gentleman who had a large quantity of brick at his disposal, and which eventually came into the possession of the bank. Mr. Darling was furnished with brick by the bank to the amount of $10,000, for a large part of which the bank never received a cent's equivalent. The Netherwood Hotel is now under new and prosperous management, but when Mr. Darling was building it for the old firm of Pomeroy & Plummer, it was easier, if current reports in Plainfield are true, to get promises for work or to get money.

It is said that there was a forty-thousand dollar mortgage on the lot on which the hotel was built before a hole was dug in the ground, and that plumbers, carpenters, bricklayers and others could not collect their claims. The plumbing alone has $5,000, and a firm of carpenters failed for $5,000. Stock was issued and taken freely by citizens of Plainfield whom Mr. Darling interested in the matter, but for some reason or other there was a financial hitch. The mortgage on the ground was foreclosed, and the hotel, which cost about $100,000 to build, was "bought in" at a public sale.

A company was then organized, and the hotel enterprise put upon a paying basis. Mechanics and other working men in Plainfield speak very bitterly about Mr. Darling in connection with the hotel, and blame him personally for their losses.

DIED OF HIS INJURIES.

The Unknown Victim of the Rail Dies at the Hospital.

The unknown man who was found lying alongside of the Central railroad tracks at the Lehigh Valley junction between Cranford and Roselle, at six o'clock yesterday morning, and taken to the hospital in Elizabeth, died about nine o'clock yesterday morning.

He is supposed to have been a tramp. He was about five feet five inches in height, of light complexion, and wore a sandy beard. He was about 45 years of age. He never gained consciousness and died without being able to give any account of himself.

The Young Crescents Victorious

The Young Crescents of this city crossed bats with the Greenbrooks of North Plainfield yesterday afternoon on the Sixth street grounds, defeating the North Plainfielders by a score of 25 to 4. W. Theiss and H. Sebring composed the battery for the Greenbrooks and J. Sutphen and C. Sutphen acted in the same capacity for the Young Crescents. Sutphen struck out eleven of the opposing club. The teams were made up as follows:

Young Crescents—J. Sutphen, p.; R. Carpenter, lb.; C. Sutphen, 2b.; G. Mathis, ss.; M. Sutphen, 3b.; W. Thorn, lf.; F. Carver, rb.; A. Lederer, rf.; R. Dunn, cf.

Greenbrooks—W. Theiss, c.; W. Kreiting, 1b.; M. Milin, ss.; E. Sebring, p.; W. Nelson, 2b.; L. Rand, 3b.; D. Drier, lf. Umpire—E. Neighbour. The score by innings is as follows:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Y. Crescents..	8	3	1	3	3	0	1	6	2—25
Greenbrooks..	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0— 4

How Others Look at us.

Plainfield's Chief of Police has probably never heard of Cardinal Richelieu's advice—"Above all, no zeal." If he had, he might not now be on the retired list. In his official zeal, he raided a rum-shop kept open in defiance of the ordinance which it was his duty to enforce. He also committed a blunder, a part of the game which he bagged on that foray comprised three Aldermen, Messrs. Moffett, Hetfield and Gallup. Naturally enough these law-makers were indignant when they were thus contemptuously eyed upon as law-breakers, and the result is that the Chief of Police has been retired from active service. That is the way the moral business is conducted in Plainfield.—Burlington Daily Enterprise.

The P. A. S. C. Dissolved.

A few weeks ago, the Park Avenue Social Club and organization which has been in existence for the past five years, disbanded, owing to the fact that a number of the members had removed from the locality. The social club of the long existence of the club the members decided to give a farewell banquet. Accordingly invitations were sent out and last evening about thirty of the old members of the organization assembled at Hilmich's Hotel where a collation was partaken of. After their appetites had been satisfied speech making, singing etc., was in order and was indulged in with a vim. At about eleven o'clock the guest departed for their several homes thoroughly satisfied.

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

WELL, THE NEWS IS A NEWSPAPER

And Always Tries at Least to do Right by Everybody and Fear Not.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The Press puts words into the mouth of the Corporation Counsel and then proceeds to distort the meaning of the supposition attributed to that gentleman, sentiments which he never entertained nor expressed.

If it were said that THE NEWS has done more to hurt Chief Carey than the Press," it was without doubt said in the sense that the publication by THE NEWS of the facts in the Miller-Moffett-Carey episodes did more to incite the persecution of Carey by the Councilmen whom he had caught in the bar room after the law required it to be closed, than did the Press by trying to shield the unfortunate Councilmen and to punish Mr. Carey for doing his duty. THE NEWS may have assisted in bringing to the light of day iniquities whose exposure has temporarily made Chief Carey the victim of them, whom he detected, but in this THE NEWS did its simple duty, just as Chief Carey did his, and in the end duty done is sure to bring the reward of public commendation. Chief Carey will live to see his persecutors routed and condemned and himself reinstated in office, and doubly secure in the confidence and support of the people of Plainfield. The Corporation Counsel declared to the jury in the Miller case that he was satisfied that Chief Carey had acted from a profound conviction of duty, and with a full realization of the consequences likely to follow. He added that such conduct on the part of a public official presented a spectacle of moral courage that should command the admiration of all right-minded people.

ONE WHO HAPPENS TO KNOW.

Another Problem for the Mathematicians.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Your friend "Prox" has been having things all his own way, and now I want to ask him to solve the following problem, by arithmetic:

"A general at the head of an army which is twenty-five miles long. He gives the order 'forward march,' and the whole army at once move forward, while at the same instant the general moves toward the rear. When he reaches the rear he turns at once and rides back to the head, and upon his arrival there finds that the army has advanced just fifteen miles. How far did the general travel?"

A. B. C.

WESTFIELD AVENUE PREFERRED.

Union Freeholders to be Asked to Make it the County Road.

A big petition is to be presented to the Freeholders of Union county at the next meeting. Residents of Elizabeth and some of the outlying townships will ask that the line of one of the proposed county roads be changed. Instead of constructing it from Jersey street through Elmora they want Westfield avenue.

It is claimed that Westfield avenue is a more direct route, because it passes through the villages of Cranford, Westfield, Fanwood and other places on the line of the Central Railroad. Besides, it is regarded as much safer, as it does not run near or across any railroad tracks. It is said that many citizens heretofore in favor of the Jersey street route are now heartily in favor of Westfield avenue.

The Board is opposed to making any change in the county roads, but if it can be satisfactorily demonstrated that the best interests of the people of the county would be subserved by adopting the route via Westfield avenue to Plainfield it may be agreed to.

Freeholders' Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Somerset county Board of Freeholders was held on Wednesday. Freeholder-elect Rockafellow, who had been appointed in place of Freeholder Wyckoff resigned, was inducted into office and took his seat upon all the standing committees of which his predecessor was a member. The Finance Committee reported gross expenditures to date of $85,435.48.

The committee to whom was referred last month the bills of the election officers reported favorably, and the bills as passed by the Board allow for two days' work. An advance report was also made to the claims for damages presented by Matthias Gaddis, Jr.

John A. Frech, Esq., counsel for the Board, reported having received from A. B. Wilbur, Daughter of Asa M. Dougherty, of Asbhurst, $200 on account of the suit of the Board against her estate. The amount was turned over to the County Collector.

The Clerk was authorized to renew the insurance upon the Court House buildings for five years. Mr. Frech reported in writing the cost of bridges in North Plainfield township. Bills of ex-Sheriff Tunison and Sheriff Codington were referred to the auditing committee to be reported upon at the next regular meeting.

Presbyterians to Meet in Plainfield.

The Presbytery of Elizabeth will meet in the First Presbyterian church, Plainfield, Monday evening, at 7:45 o'clock, and will be opened by a sermon by Rev. Dr. Task of Elizabeth. Interesting popular services will be held Tuesday evening, at which addresses will be made as follows:

Rev. J. H. Owens of Perth Amboy, on Consecration; Rev. R. Cobbon, growth; Rev. J. H. Pagnes of Rahway on the Christian's duty, and wisdom as to the unpaintent.

The Committee on Revision will report on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. All are invited to all the sessions and services.

A Runaway on Liberty Street.

A horse belonging to Mr. T. A. McCarthy left standing on Liberty street this morning became frightened and ran away. The wagon contained a sewing machine which was thrown out and badly damaged. The frightened animal was caught before it succeeded in wrecking the wagon.

HISTORY OF A SONG.

How "The Sweet By-and-Bye" Came to be Composed.

Mr. Bennett, a hymn writer, and Webster, a music writer, partners, had just about completed a Sunday-school hymn and tune book, between them, and were very intimate friends. The latter was subject to melancholy.

Bennett came in one day and found his friend Webster sitting at his desk in a depression of spirit.

"What is the matter now?"—said Bennett noticing his sad countenance.

"No matter," said Webster, "I will be all right by-and-bye."

"Yes, that sweet by-and-bye," said Bennett. "Would not that sentiment make a good hymn, Webster?"

"Maybe it would," replied Webster indifferently.

Turning to his desk, Bennett wrote the three verses of the hymn, and handed them to Webster. When he read them his whole demeanor changed. Stepping to his desk he began to write the notes.

Webster finished them he requested his violin and played the melody. In a few moments more he had the four parts of the chorus jotted down. It was not ever thirty minutes from the first thought of the hymn before the two friends, and two others who came in, in the meantime, were singing all the parts together.

It was the fifth of July, 1867, that this took place, at Elkhorn, capital of Walworth Co., Wisconsin. Mr. P. P. Van Arsdale then of Jersey City was visiting that city at the time, and was one of the two to happen in and take part in the singing. Mr. Van Arsdale thus has the honor of being the first one to sing the melody, or leading part, of "The Sweet By and Bye"—and that while the ink was drying on the original manuscript.

It was sung over a great many times, Webster's face lighting brighter and brighter, while all were in ecstacies of delight. A bystander who had been attracted by the melody and had listened in tearful silence, remarked "That hymn is immortal." It is now sung in every land under the sun.

Mr. P. P. Van Arsdale later removed from Jersey city and has long been a well-known citizen of Plainfield. He is the only surviving member of the parties above referred to, and resides on East Front street.

PERSONAL.

Mr. James Evans has returned to his home on West Fourth street from a brief stay at Denver, Colorado.

A sociable was held at Mr. Leo Daft's on Wednesday evening. A very pleasant time was had by all present.

Dr. A. S. Titsworth of New Market has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to attend to his business.

Mr. Frank MacGregor of East Third street has received the sad news that his sister died at Middletown, N. Y., a few days ago.

Mr. Raynor Tunison of Door street, North Plainfield, has so far recovered from his recent serious illness as to be able to walk out.

Mr. Peter L. Conde, the violinist, furnished the music last evening at the Cooking Class sociable held at Mr. G. T. Waring's on Park avenue.

Mr. Will Mac Clymont will entertain his friends at his home 79 Washington avenue this evening. Mr. Peter Conde will furnish the music

Miss Jean Murray of Central avenue and Miss Eleanor Demarest of East Fifth street left Friday on a visit to the Rev. and Mrs. C. F. Dunn of Alamuchy, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bushnell have returned to their home, "Maple Cottage," East Second street, from a pleasant visit to the family of the Rev. A. V. V. Raymond at Albany, N. Y.

At the annual parish meeting of the First Presbyterian church, held Wednesday evening the following officers were elected: Elder, Mr. F. C. Lounsbury; Deacons, Messrs. J. W. Anthony and C. A. Haseltine; Trustees, H. A. Pope, Wm. H. Shotwell, E. St. John and C. E. Bond.

District Deputy Grand Master Frank O. Herring of this city made his first official visitation to Bayonne Lodge, No. 99, F. and A. M. of Bayonne last evening. Degree work was exemplified during the communication. After the business session the local brethren agreeably entertained their guest and other visitors.

Frank Wynkoop is one of the most interesting engineers on the Central Railroad of New Jersey. He is not what could be called a full-fledged veteran, but he has had sufficient experience to justify the assertion that he is a first-class runner. Frank is a young man, thirty-two years old, and he has been railroading fifteen years, one of which he has been an engineer. He is Secretary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers' Council, of which he is a member, and has held the position for the past six years. Mr. Wynkoop resides at Dunellen and is the owner of a very fine residence. He has charge of engine 94, and says he has the daily run. It requires him to be on the road fifteen hours per day. There are flashy men in railroad service who are philosophers. Frank proved himself to be one of them when he confidentially remarked that he thought he would live just as long if he had about five hours taken off his day's work.—Ex.

Quite Likely.

The Union County Democratic Quartet is said to consist of County Clerk Crowell, Rahway; Freeholder Moffett, of Plainfield City Council; Assemblyman Marsh and ex-Judge Gilhooley. Their ticket is to look after Elizabethport during the coming campaign for Senator and Sheriff, while Assemblyman Marsh is to take care of Elizabeth proper, Clark Crowell, of Rahway Junkanoian Legion, is expected to look out for that city, and President Moffett to take care of Plainfield.—World.

—Music Hall Association is negotiating with the manager of Mie Maud Granger for her appearance at Music Hall this month.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A General Strike begun To-Day.

NEW YORK, April 11. (Special.)—A general strike occurred here to-day led by the bricklayers, and joined in by the carpenters and painters, for forty cents per hour and eight hours per day. Fourteen hundred men quit work at noon, and the strike is spreading. It is directed particularly against the firm of Paulson & Egg, builders, who it is claimed are making war against the Housesmiths Union, and it is threatened to be made the most general strike in this line which has ever occurred in this city.

Its Twenty-first Anniversary.

Cœur De Leon Commandery, No. 8, of New Brunswick, celebrated its twenty-first anniversary Wednesday night. There were about sixty guests, including Right Rev. Sir Alfred D. Winfield, Grand Commander of New Jersey, and the council officers of each Commandery in the State. At the banquet Commander Josiah Tee, of Cœur De Leon, turned over the baton to Sir Knight Jerome B. Borden as toastmaster. Sir Knight Borden is the oldest Templar in New Jersey, was the first Commander of Cœur De Leon, and is now the only one left of the original members. He is known as "the father of New Jersey Templars." All the members of Trinity Commandery, No. 17, of Plainfield, were present. Addresses were made by Grand Commander A. D. Winfield, of Paterson, and Sir Knights Warren Dobbs, of Jersey City; A. Mills and Dr. Reeve, of Camden; Burrowe, Burlington; Shepard, of Elizabeth; E. B. Cook, of Rutgers Grammar school; W. H. Sebring, of Plainfield; J. E. Rowe, of Trenton; R. Digwell and W. Pugh, of Jersey City, and others. Sir Knight Dobbs, the inspecting officer, complimented Cœur De Leon Commandery upon being in the best condition as regards its finances and records of all commanderies in the State.

30 Days for Drunkenness.

Peter Wilson, an umbrella-mender, was released from the Union county jail at Elizabeth, Wednesday, having served out a 30 days' sentence imposed by City Judge Codington for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Peter arrived in Plainfield yesterday and succeeded in getting intoxicated again. The police found him in that condition last night and lodged him in the station house. This morning he was arraigned before City Judge Codington. That official repeated the former sentence, 30 days. Wilson was taken to Elizabeth this afternoon.

A Pair of Swindlers.

Yesterday morning a couple of swindlers made their appearance in Highland Park, representing that they were Government agents to put up numbers on people's houses preparatory to the introduction of free postal delivery. They called on grocer Gebhart, who declined to believe their story and advised them to clear out. When upon which they called refused to be victimized, and being threatened with arrest they disappeared.—Home News.

—The pastors of the city met at the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening and decided to engage if possible the Rev. R. Fay Mills for evangelistic work in this city during the coming Fall.

Cent-a-Word Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-1*

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Pritts. 4-28*

HORSEMEN ATTENTION—Speedy road and work horses at Insley's hotel, Scotch Plains. Private sale until Monday April 14. One bay mare trotter timed 2:40 on track, 2:46, 6 years old and sound. One stallion extra well broken, with good pedigree. The horses are sound and well broken to all harness. 10-3

FRUIT and shade trees, vines and greenhouse plants at Dunellen's Hillside avenue nursery. 11-3

FOR SALE Cheap—A light phaeton with pole and shafts in good order. First class make. A. W. Haviland, 26 Rockview avenue. 11-3*

FOR SALE—A light top-phaeton of finest quality and in good condition. Made by Myers, New York. Dunn's stable, rear of 66 Park avenue. G. H. Goddard, 19 West Ninth street. 10-3

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mares. Have been used double for four years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son, 58 Park avenue. 10-3

100 ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-1*

HORSES—Another lot of horses will arrive from Ohio on Saturday, at J. H. Forsher's salesstables, corner of Grant avenue and Fourth street. 5-1

TO LEAVE Two hundred dollars to loan or invest in good paying security. Address "Money" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-9d*

M. DEVOY has REMOVED HER place of residence and dress-making establishment from 67 East Front street to No. 7 Liberty street, near Front street. 4-9*

MULES—Two fine spans, one span extra fine, at Forsher's sale stables, corner of Grant avenue and Fourth street. Will arrive Saturday. 5-1*

TO LET—Small house 83 Park place, North Plainfield. 10-3

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms on R. R. Fairchild, furniture store, 21 East Front street. 4-9d*

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large building No. 81 Somerset street, also stable for four horses in the rear. 5-1*

WANTED—Situation by married man as coachman. Can give good references. Address or call at 189 South Second street. 10-3*

WANTED—An American girl to cook and for general housework. Small family. Apply No. 42 Madison avenue. 4-11-3*

WANTED—A competent nurse to assist with light housework. 32 Hillside avenue. 10-3*

WANTED—Housekeeper for small household. Apply after 5 p. m. 194 West Front street. 10-3

WANTED—A few sober respectable men to board. For particulars call at 61 East Third street, city. 5-2*

$1.40!

Is Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquette Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $1.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS.) THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

Special Notices.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held Saturday evening in the Seventh Day Baptist church, April 12th, at eight o'clock. It is earnestly hoped every member will be present as very important business will be received.

MRS. T. B. TOMLINSON, Pres. W. C. T. U. 10-2*

PHYSICAL CULTURE. At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoons. Class for boys under 18 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address, H. E. Cocker, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 5-30-1m*

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS. Prof. Segelin's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Now here commence Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. Now beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms apply, send for a catalogue. Address 32 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 4-14-1m*

BICYCLES!

I wish to inform my friends and the public in general that I have opened a

Bicycle Agency,

AT NO. 76 PARK AVENUE,

where I shall be glad to furnish any of the following machines:

Columbia Bicycles and Tricycles, Hartford Safety, Gales Safety, Rusk Safety, Cleveland Safety, Juno Safety for gentlemen or ladies, Junior Safety for boys and girls, Our Pet Safety for children; also the best Velocipedes in the market. Catalogues on application.

Frank L. C. Martin.

For Two Nights Only

AT

The Crescent!

April 14 and 15,

Match Game of POLO between

THE BRIDGEPORTS, Champions of 1890, of the New England League, and the HARTFORDS, Champions of 1888.

GRAND EXHIBITION

OF Fancy and Trick

BICYCLE AND MONOCYLE RIDING,

BY

Daniel J. Canary,

Champion of the World.

Game of Polo on Eagle Bicycles

By four of the most Expert Players.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, April 17,

THE BIG NEW YORK HIT.

THE FAMOUS

BOSTON HOWARD ATHENAEUM CO.,

Headed by one of Plainfield's most prominent tax-payers,

George Thatcher,

together with

20 *Great Artists* 20

SPECIAL—We bring our own orchestra from New York to insure a perfect performance. Prices 35, 50, 75c. and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

FOR

SATURDAY.

GRANULATED SUGAR, 6c. per lb.

A Present worth 50c.

GIVEN WITH 1 LB. OF TEA.

Call and see our new line of presents at the Old Stand.

NORTHERN PACIFIC TEA CO.,

210 WEST FRONT ST.

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRINGSTYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Plaids as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

UNITED TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

WE QUOTE A FEW PRICES FOR BENEFIT OF PUBLIC:

Fine Dairy Butter, 18, 20, 22c. per lb.
Fine Elgin Creamery, 28 and 30c. per lb.
Fine Flour (think of it) $1.25 per hundred.
Plantation Hams, 12c. per lb.
Flemington Shoulders, 7c. per lb.

SUGAR AT COST.

We sell for cash and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

29 W. Front St.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-25-tf

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.

FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purse.)

A Temple of Purity,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, Pres. GEO. W. Y. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 NORTH AVENUE.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

SEND BOX 1. TELEPHONE 23. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

There is at least one state in which pool selling is not a violation of the law against gambling, and that is Maryland, where pool sellers' parades.

A prominent Mississippian said of the negro question half a dozen years ago: "This race question will never be settled until the negroes go off somewhere and show what they are capable of doing for themselves."

Our readers will be delighted to learn that Professor Dujardin-Beaumetz rates antipyrin as first of the antithermic analgesics, while methylacetanilid is second, phenacetin third, and poor old acetanilid no good on account of the alarming eyesores it produces. Beware of acetanilid.

It is not easy to see how, at first thought, the strike of the Liverpool dockmen could raise the price of glass in America, yet it has done so, at the rate of 10 per cent. It happens in this way: The soda ash used in the manufacture of glass is the gift of it imported from Liverpool. The strike of the dockmen has prevented its shipment. It is a good illustration of the interdependence of nations in this age. But why cannot we produce our own soda ash?

Dime Novel Boys.

Four boys, in age from 14 to 15 years, sons of citizens of Lincoln, Neb., were arrested for burglary a short time since. Some weeks before this a trunk full of goods was taken from a store in the city by burglars. Among the goods taken were shoes and tobacco. A second time the store was entered and another trunk full of goods was stolen. Some days later two boys walked into the store wearing two pairs of the very shoes that had been stolen therefrom.

They were arrested and confessed. Two other boys had been engaged in the burglary along with them. They took the officers to an old barn. There they had a large stock of sundries, obtained in the same manner as the goods from the store.

These enterprising youths intended to obtain a horse and buggy by the same easy method and then take a trip west, when they were checked in their libidinous career. They had got their plan from romances they had read in the story papers.

A National Park at Washington.

Unless Washington should become entangled in some unfortunate web of Tweedism, or some other dire misfortune should happen to it, it will soon be one of the most beautiful cities in the world. Among its attractions is a zoological garden of native animals, which in every year becoming more full and interesting. Attending this garden is the beautiful site proposed for a public park, which, if the design is properly carried out, will be worthy to adorn the capital city of a great and prosperous nation. Not Paris, with its Bois de Boulogne, will be more beautiful than Washington when this park is finished.

The park site will be fixed along lovely Rock creek, a picturesque stream that glides between alternating walls of green and blue rock and red and yellow clay.

For persons who have already made their fortunes, or even for those of moderate means, the most delightful place of residence in the union is probably Washington. The social life has a southern tinge of friendliness and hospitality that is especially pleasant. Families of wealth and leisure gather at Washington more and more every year to make it their permanent home.

The Magic Reel.

Word comes across the water of a marvelous machine invented by a certain French count, who shuns notoriety so greatly that he does not wish even his name to be known. He is a gentleman of wealth and quiet scientific tastes, who has spent his life in experimenting in the field of nature.

He visited London recently for the purpose of getting a very fine spun wire for his most wonderful invention, the magic reel. If the wire he obtains is as fine spun as the story of the reel it will be very fine indeed. Still, the story may be true. It is safe in our time to suspend one's judgment about many things, neither believing nor disbelieving.

The marvelous machine consists of a reel on which is wound several miles of the finest silver wire that can be made. Two magnetic needles that cross each other are attached to the reel and suspended by a thread. The ends of the wire terminate in two conductors or handles. The apparatus is inclosed in glass. The count takes hold of the handles, and asks the visitor to will it to move either to the right or left. He is not to speak, but to will powerfully and silently.

The reel will turn under the influence of what the count pronounces the mightiest power in the universe, the power of the human will. If a weak willed person attempts to operate it the machine will stagger and vacillate.

Well, it is a good story anyhow.

EXPERTS WITH THE KEY.

The Telegraphers' Tournament Opened at New York.

WINNERS OF SOME OF THE PRIZES

Many Bright Young Ladies Enter the Test of Speed and Skill—The Prizes and Who Gave Them—Great Records Made with the Little Instruments.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The national fast sending tournament which took place yesterday afternoon and evening in Hardman hall, Fifth avenue and Nineteenth street, was the most interesting event of the kind in the history of the telegraph. The hall was crowded, the audience including not only telegraphers, but a surprisingly large number of people not familiar with the art, who had been attracted by the novelty of the contest. Among those competing for the various prizes were the very cream of the telegraphic fraternity; the experts both in speed and excellence of transmission. The hall was fitted up with telegraph wires, batteries, and sounders, and receiving operator, and the matter transmitted could be heard all over the room. Each contestant was given five minutes in which to send as many words as possible from a printed form.

The Ladies and the "Vocal Sounder."

Prizes were awarded both for the highest number of words transmitted and for the perfection with which the Morse characters were sent. A special prize was given to the operator making the best copy in receiving the matter as sent. The afternoon was devoted to the ladies' class and the "old timers" class, the latter being open only to those who have been operators for twenty-five years or over. Each contestant had his or her typewriter stationed in the audience, and was warmly applauded on taking the platform. A large delegation of newspaper men was present—many of the reporters being old telegraphers themselves. It was also noticed that the public interest in the affair was something remarkable, and in fact exceeded that taken in the recent billiard tournament.

The Gold-Medal Prize Awards.

Mr. Frederick Catlin, a veteran telegrapher, was manager of the tournament, and the judges were Walter P. Phillips, general manager of the United Press; Thomas B. Taltavall, editor of The Electric Age; George H. Usher, manager of the Postal Telegraph Cable company; E. F. Howell, superintendent of the Western Union main office, New York, and George E. Holbrook, of the The New York World. C. W. Price, of The Electrical Review, was starter, and W. J. Johnston, of The Electrical World, was timer.

Those Who Contributed the Prizes.

The contributors of the $720 in prizes were Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Thomas A. Edison, Walter P. Phillips, A. B. Chandler, the United Press, the Associated Press, The Electrical World, The Electrical Review, The Electric Age, Thomas S. Gresly company, J. H. Bunnell & Co., the Western Electric company, the New Haven Clock company and E. H. Johnson.

Fair Winners of Prizes.

The first contest was in the ladies' class, free to all, first prize $50, second $40, third $30. Miss Katie B. Stephenson, of New York, won the first prize, sending 317 words; *Miss Belle M. Dennis*, of New York, second prize, 312 words; Miss E. R. Vaneslow, of New York, third prize, 310 words. Miss Tillie V. Fraser, of New York, won the special prize of $25 offered by the United Press for excellence combined with speed.

"The Old Timers" Who Won.

The second contest was that of the "old timers." Mr. Albert S. Ayres, of the United Press, New York, won the first prize of $50 for highest speed, 229 words, and also the special prize of $25 offered by the United Press for excellence combined with speed. Mr. Fred Cattin, of New York, won the second prize of $40, sending 217 words. The other contestants were G. M. Edmiller, of Pittsburg, 197 words, and J. H. Dwight, of New York, 138 words.

The Free for All Competition.

The next competition was in class A, open to all operators. First prize $100, second $70, third $30, and a special prize of $25 offered by the United Press for speed, excellence combined with speed. Some of those entering in this class sent during the afternoon and some during the evening.

The result finally announced was: First prize, B. S. Pollock, Jr., of Hartford, 260 words; second prize, W. M. Gibson, of the United Press, New York, 229 words; third prize, Frank J. Kimball, of the United Press, New York, 228 words. Special United Press prize, W. L. Waugh, of the United Press, New York, 229 words.

He Sent 511 Words in Five Minutes.

The next and last contest was in class B, open to all except those who have a record of sending 500 words inside of eleven minutes. The first prize, of $85, was won by Frank L. Catlin, New York, who sent 251 words in the allotted time of five minutes. The second prize, $65, was won by W. L. Waugh, of the United Press, New York, 209 words, and the third, $30, by Frank English, New York, 225 words.

The special prize offered by the United Press for excellence combined with speed was won by James P. Bradt, of the United Press, New York, 220 words.

The prize of $20 offered by Messrs. A. B. Chandler and Fred Catlin for the clearest transmission, regardless of speed, was awarded to Albert S. Ayres, of the United Press, New York, and a similar prize offered by those gentlemen to the receiving operator who made the best pen and ink copy from W. L. Waugh's transmission was taken by Thomas B. Taltavall. The decision in class A was reached only after Messrs. Pollock, Catlin, Gibson and Robison had competed a second time. In his second trial Mr. Pollock sent two words more than on his first trial.

A Woman Caused Kimball's Downfall.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 11.—It is thought that a woman was responsible for Walter Kimball's downfall, as when he reached Boston on April 2, after stealing the bank's funds, he was joined by a woman. At Boston all trace of the pair was lost. State Detective Hosier is confident that Kimball did not leave New York city by a steamship.

National Aid Will Be Asked.

GREENVILLE, Miss., April 11.—A meeting of the citizens of Washington county was held in the Court House grounds to petition the national government for aid in assisting the levee board to close the breaks in the levees and secure reform. A memorial will be forwarded to congress on the subject.

Vermont's Democratic Platform.

MONTPELIER, April 11.—The Democratic state convention will be held at Burlington on May 29. It has been decided to embody in the platform high license, ballot reform and revenue reform. The leading candidate for governor is Hon. H. F. Brigham, of Barnardsid.

NEWS FROM ALBANY.

Many Bills Passed—The State Roads Committee Debated.

ALBANY, April 11.—In the evening session of the senate the following bills were passed: Mr. McCarron's Brooklyn navy yard matter bill; Mr. Coggeshall's Utica armory $20,000 appropriation bill; Mr. Ives' amendment to the law allowing corporations to change their names; Mr. Roesch's Farmers' Loan and Trust company bill; Mr. Peck's bill enabling the Hebrew orphans to observe Saturday observance; Mr. Henderson's $15,000 Herkimer armory appropriation bill, and Mr. Peck's bill making rent and mortgage of armories an incumbrance. Mr. Richardson's $10,000,000 state roads bill was opposed by Mr. Fassett in committee of the whole on the ground that it would impose enormous burdens upon farmers. He said, however, that a change in the law for working roads was advisable. He added that there was a big scheme to defeat money, and even that would not be a "marker" to what would be needed. Mr. Richardson said that under existing laws decent roads were impossible and that people in the country favored the bill. The state maintained canals as water highways and should take equal care of other sections. The bill merely submitted the question to the people.

Mr. Hunter said the bill could not become a law until the people voted to make it so. The bill gave farmers the advantages of good roads instead of at the expense of the state. The state would take care of the main roads and the farmers could care for the cross roads. The cities might oppose the bill, but farmers would favor it.

Mr. Sloan said the present year was unfavorable for spending so large a sum of money, and that the bill would impose so large an increase in taxation. The bill was progressed.

Mr. Saxton gave notice of a proposed measure in relation to facilitate the progress of the new ballot bill.

SHE IS A FLYER.

The New Ocean Greyhound Majestic Breaks All Maiden Records.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The maiden records of all transatlantic steamers were broken Tuesday by the new White Star liner Majestic, which made the voyage from Queenstown to Sandy Hook lightboats in 6 days 16 hours and 30 minutes. The maiden record of the City of Paris, the record holder of the Inman line, was broken by 6 hours and 39 minutes, while that of the Teutonic, the sister ship of the Majestic, was lowered by 5 hours and 15 minutes. Commodore Parsell commanded the new flyer. The trip was one of rough seas and head winds, with occasional icebergs appearing.

The Majestic reached Sandy Hook at 5:30 p. m. yesterday, but was not sighted owing to a dense fog. Among the passengers was Robert Adams, jr., United States minister to Brazil, who left at once for Philadelphia. The Majestic is 582 feet in length, breadth 57 feet 6 inches, a depth of 39 feet 4 inches, and registers 10,000 tons. She is built of steel throughout, and is fitted with a pair of triple expansion engines. The vessel is built with longitudinal bulkheads running fore and aft. Three large taunt poles, exactly of the pattern of the Paris, the Inman familiar forerunts on ocean steamers. She is designed to carry 300 first class passengers, 150 second class and 700 steerage. The interior accommodations and decorations are unusually admirable, and reflect credit alike on the designers and owners.

Orations Furnished by Wholesale.

NEW HAVEN, April 11.—The Yale senior class has received from a Tiffin (O.) firm a package of orations to be distributed to the members of that class, in which the firm offers to furnish essays, compositions, debates, orations, etc., for prices ranging from $3 to $25. The circular, after giving details of the scheme, concludes as follows: "There are students who waste both time and parental money in procuring a brain with material that is essentially as foreign to that particular intellect as sawdust is in the human system. The large number of satisfied patrons we have had is one of the best colleges in the land have given entire satisfaction." The letter is signed "Chichester, Roberts & Co."

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped Cheviots	$1.69, 2.25
Ladies' Spring Coats at	$1.50, 69, 2.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks	$1.50 to 8.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular	.15
Children's " "	.10
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves	25c
4-Button Kid Gloves	49, 69, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

A Great Bargain

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.25
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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14 West Front St.

AT THE MERCY OF A MOB.

A Desperate Anti-Carlist Demonstration in Spain.

THE MILITARY WERE POWERLESS.

The Carlist Club Invaded by a Maddened Mob of Two Thousand—The Rioters Barricade the Streets—Charged by the Troops—A Number Reported Killed.

MADRID, April 11.—The arrival of the Carlist leader Marquis Cerralbo at Valencia was the occasion of a grand anti-Carlist demonstration. Thousands of anti-Carlists met at the station and followed the marquis to his hotel. They smashed many windows of the hotel and tried to set fire to the building. A detachment of troops charged *and dispersed the mob. Many persons were* wounded.

The Troops were Powerless.

A mob of 2,000 persons invaded the Carlist club and set fire to the furniture. When the firemen came the mob tried to obstruct them. The mob then smashed and burned a carriage in the court yard. Another mob tried to burn a church, but was prevented by a detachment of troops.

The troops have failed, however, to disperse the constantly gathering crowds. The latter have built two barricades in the streets. The military authorities have taken possession of the city and the whole garrison is under arms.

People Reported Killed.

The rioting continues. The troops have made several charges. Many persons have been injured, and it is reported that a number of people have been killed, though orders were given to avoid bloodshed as long as possible.

Chamberlain on Gladstone's Policy.

LONDON, April 11.—Mr. Chamberlain in a speech at Birmingham last night summed up Mr. Gladstone's home rule policy as "born of deceit, nurtured by evasion and enshrined in mystery."

Ex-Queen Natalie's Victory.

BELGRADE, April 11.—Ex-Queen Natalie has written to a friend that the czar has advised the Servian regents to allow her to reside near herself and the regents have consented to do so.

Wounded in a Duel.

PARIS, April 11.—M. Borrigione, an ex-member of the chamber of deputies, and M. Edwards, director of the Matin, have just fought a duel with swords. Edwards was wounded in the arm.

THE DYING STATESMAN.

Mr. Randall Growing Steadily Weaker. The End Not Far Off.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Representative Samuel J. Randall, of Pennsylvania, is still alive, but his death is a question of a few days at most. He grows weaker contin ually and can say only at any moment. Last evening he suffered another relapse and is weaker than he was in the morning though his mind is more than normally clear.

It has been said that Mr. Randall was unconscious most of the time, but Dr. Mallon says that this is not so. He remained all about him and occasionally spoke, but any tendency to conversation on his part was restrained as far as possible. Dr. Mallon and Dr. Lincoln had a consultation last evening and they were the only persons outside the family who saw him, with the exception of Postmaster General Wanamaker, who made a daily visit to the sick man.

Interest in the sufferer and sympathy for him are general. Even the boys of the neighborhood went elsewhere to play when they found it was necessary that Mr. Randall should have all the quiet possible. His colleagues in the house, especially those with whom he had been long associated, feel the shadow of his coming death deeply, and many and themselves unable at times to restrain their tears when his name is mentioned. A feeling reference to his illness was made by the chaplain of the house in his opening prayer. The last report from his bedside stated that Mr. Randall was resting easily.

Shellenberger Steals $125,000.

DOYLESTOWN, Pa., April 11.—Additional notes against the absconding J. Monroe Shellenberger to the amount of $20,000 have been brought to light since the failure in the country, and the known shortage is thus increased to $125,000, but the returns are far from being complete. Shellenberger's large practice in the orphans' court was taken advantage of by him to rob many widows and orphans. The crime of forgery has been added upon him by the production of notes to which the names of J. R. Landis and others were forged. The notes were given by Shellenberger as security for borrowed money. Shellenberger left Monday and entered against Shellenberger Monday more than covers his property, so that other creditors have a poor prospect of getting anything. A meeting of creditors is called for April 16.

Yesterday's Games.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn (N. L.), 13; New ark, 2.

At St. Louis—Chicago (P. L.), 10; Cleveland (P. L.), 11.

At St. Louis—St. Louis (A. A.), 4; Chicago (N. L.), 10.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia (N. L.), 17: Allentown, 6.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg (N. L.), 8; Wheeling, 6.

At Brooklyn—Five A's, 1; Brooklyn (P. L.), 17.

At New York—New York (N. L.), 3; Rochesters, 6.

At Omaha, Neb.—Cleveland (N. L.), 5; Omahs, 7.

At Brooklyn—Jersey City (A. L.), 11. Brooklyn (A. A.), 4.

Ohio Crude Oil Booming.

FINDLAY, O., April 11.—There was much excitement here over another advance in the price of Ohio crude oil, which was made by the Standard Oil company to the independent buyers from the field. The war between the great monopoly and the outside companies began about a month ago, and has been red hot ever since. When the Sun Oil company came into this field the Standard was paying only fifteen cents per barrel, but by the liberal premium paid the buying figure a few cents at a time, until yesterday thirty cents was offered for Ohio oil. The Sun Oil company immediately put the price to thirty-two and one-half cents. The battle will be resumed.

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WILLIAM G. REID,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

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GRANGE A. MARSH,
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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Plain and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, room 2 2d and 3d. Imposters and Trader Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

TWELVE HORSES BURNED.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., April 11.—The most disastrous fire that ever occurred in Hempstead started in the organ factory owned by George Earle here last night. The organ factory and its contents were totally destroyed, together with five large barns, most of them filled with farming implements, wagons, harness, etc. Twelve horses were also burned. The total loss will reach upward of $25,000, and the insurance will not reach half that amount. The fire was of incendiary origin.

To Contest Cleveland's Election.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The Jersey City mayoralty election, which resulted in the success of Orestes Cleveland, the Democratic candidate, by a majority of 1,500 over Hon. P. Ferrine, the Republican candidate, was defeated by the heavy Democratic majorities rolled up in the First and Second Assembly districts. It is charged by the supporters of Mr. Perkins that these majorities are fraudulent, and he has consented, at their request, to make a contest.

The New Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The house ways and means committee, by a strict party vote, has decided to report favorably the McKinley tariff bill to the house. Maj. McKinley desired to present it at once, but Messrs. Carlisle and Mills begged that the committee be given until Monday next to prepare its report and the request was granted.

He Was One of Rube Burrows' Gang.

WAYNESBORO, Miss., April 11.—In the trial of Rube Smith, a supposed member of the Rube Burrows gang of train robbers, several witnesses identified Smith as one of the men who robbed the mail train of the Mobile and Ohio railroad near Buckatunna bridge. Great interest is manifested in the trial.

Private Wild on Steele's Statement.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 11.—Ex-Private Wild, whose name in the telegram announcing Lieut. Steele's sentence looked up, contracted his brow and uttered words more emphatic than polite to the effect that the sentence was altogether too light. He said this was the final outcome of the attempt which has been manifested all through to shield Steele. Burrows and Wild, the court martial, he said, had been conducted with rank injustice and its members should be tried for perjury in that they did not act according to their oaths. According to Wild's statement, Steele doubly perjured himself, and Wild says he will not let the matter rest with this verdict. He has it in for Steele and intends to make him suffer. Lieut. Steele is now at Fort Yates, having returned immediately after the investigation. He did not stop at St. Paul on his way but was joined by his wife at Fargo and proceeded directly to his post. Lieut. Steele was reprimanded and sentenced to confinement for three months in the limit of his post.

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Jersey Cows.	Chicago Bread.
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FREE SILVER COINAGE.

A Report Which States That It Seems Assured.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUSES HELD.

In Both Senate and House the Republicans Are Said to Favor Such a Scheme.

3 Committees Appointed to Draft a Silver Coinage Compromise Measure.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—A meeting of the committee appointed by the Republican caucus to consider the silver question was held last night at the home of Senator Sherman. Some progress was made but the bill is to be presented to the caucus was not definitely determined on. One point has been made clear during the discussions thus far—that a coinage involving very like unlimited coinage is to meet with the approval of the friends at this session of congress. The caucus committee is now preparing a compromise measure on which the Republicans can stand in solid battle, but the information has come to the Republican caucus with some directness that the Democratic senators will vote almost without exception for free coinage.

Free Coinage Seems Assured.

As many Republican senators must vote with them on this point free coinage (so far as the senate can determine the question) seems almost assured. This information comes from most reliable sources, and it is the information on which the Republican caucus committee is working. Some of the Republican senators are bitterly opposed to unlimited coinage, and how to reconcile them and the silver advocates so as to present a solid front to the ranks is the problem with which the caucus committee is wrestling. Many of the western silver men have expressed a wish to see a conference measure if they can be placed on the right attitude before the people, but if the Democratic members vote solidly for free coinage it would be a political calamity to the west but their votes the consummation for which the west has been working so many years.

The House Favors It, Too.

The Republican members of the house held a caucus last night to consider party policy. The silver question was taken up immediately and developed a great breach. During the discussion a remarkable feeling in favor of unlimited coinage developed, and if present indications are of any value, the house will pass such a bill before long by passing a bill providing for free coinage. Mr. Conger, of Ohio, was the first speaker. He explained the provisions of his silver bill. He was followed by Mr. Walker, of Massachusetts; Mr. Cannon, of Illinois; Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, and Mr. Carter, of Montana. Mr. Carter made a strong plea for free coinage.

To Devise a Compromise Measure.

The views expressed were so diverse, however, that it was agreed that a committee of fifteen members should be appointed to confer with a committee of Republican members of the senate to devise some measure that would be ineffect a compromise, and the report on a caucus to be held in the house on Monday night next.

IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

Representatives Warmly Discuss the Naval Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The house went into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Peters (Kan.) moved to strike out the entire clause for the increase of the navy. He believed that the United States had no need of battle ships and possessed all the cruisers that it required. Mr. McAdoo (N. J.) said he favored the low first class type of vessel. Mr. Cannon (Ills.) said he feared those ships proposed to be built would become obsolete before completion.

Mr. Lodge (Mass.), referring to the Samoan controversy, suggested that if it had occurred when Germany was under its present guidance, passion and not reason might have ruled, and we might have found ourselves plunged in a naval war. Mr. Symes (N. Y.) said he favored fortifications rather than a navy at this time. Mr. Weaver (Col.) thought the need of the United States was for an aggressive navy, and that it needed fleet cruisers rather than battle ships.

Mr. Sweeny (Ia.) advocated the development of the torpedo system. On motion of Mr. Holman (Ind.), the paragraph providing for three battle ships was struck out 88 to 79, the provision for an armored cruiser being left in the bill.

Finally the bill was ordered reported favorably to the house.

The senate resumed consideration of the Mexican pension bill. Sherman and Mr. Call each closed his speech. He declared that the country was verging upon a condition of things under which men would hold their seats by the aid in defiance of the public will and the obligations of the constitution. No action was taken.

The President Given a Cane.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Seymour P. Sage, of Philadelphia, on behalf of A. Leyden Snowden, of Philadelphia, now minister to Greece, has presented to the president a gold headed cane. Engraved on the head of the cane is this inscription: "This cane cut from the yoke which supported Independence hall in 1778. To President Harrison."

A Fugitive from Justice.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—A special to The Inquirer says: A. E. Weller, a farmer, who is charged with over through matters Lancaster county, and part of Chester county as a commission merchant, is a fugitive from justice. He is charged with forging the name of Peter Worst to a bond whereby he obtained possession of the farm he has lately lived on. He is also accused of forging the names of Worst and J. E. Shirley on numerous notes to the amount of $6,000. Weller also imposed a number of spurious notes on other individuals.

Wrecker Pell Again in Jail.

NEW YORK, April 11.—George H. Pell, who was arrested with P. J. Clausen for complicity in attempting to wreck the Sixth National bank, has been surrendered to United States Marshal Jacobus by John McDermott, one of his bondsmen. Mrs. Spaulding, a sister of Pell, was also on the bail bond with McDermott, offered bonds in the sum of $50,000, but the United States commissioner required two bondsmen in $25,000 each. Pell was taken to Ludlow street jail, where he will remain until bailed out.

Arrested for Illegal Voting.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 11.—A colored man named Henry Daly was arrested in Pawtuxet for illegal voting. He voted in the Second district under the name of William J. Daley and in the First under the name of James J. Daley. He voted for Ladd and Stephens.

EX-GOVERNOR CORNELL'S TROUBLE.

Nearly $6,000 of His Notes Protested. He Has Disappeared.

NEW YORK, April 11.—As ex-Governor Cornell did not appear Wednesday to pay the notes held against him and held by the Broadway bank, Lewis, Kelly and McKee, attorneys for the bank, yesterday entered up judgment on the default and issued execution papers by the sheriff. Deputy Sheriff Young has given charge of the papers, but up to a late hour had not found the ex-governor to serve them.

The story is told that ex-governor had run away or was hiding from his creditors was emphatically denied by his son Charles, who said to a reporter; "I cannot conceive why my father should run away; he has nothing to fear. That story is as absurd as the one that he is suffering from softening of the brain. Why, I breakfasted with him at our home, Lexington avenue. You may meet him at any moment on the street; he is down town attending to his business. I do not know where you can find him, but he is somewhere down town. He has an office in the Tower building, but gave it up when the lease expired, April 1.

"He has his own reasons for not wanting to be found, and must have felt pretty sure of judgment in his favor, or he would not have refused to pay. As for softening of the brain, father is in better health today than for years."

Others, however, declare that Mr. Cornell has been breaking down for some time, and that his New York bank failure will not be cannot be troubled by creditors. The circumstances and the conditions of affairs have raised serious doubts in the minds of bankers and business men as to the soundness of the ex-governor's financial affairs and already nearly $6,000 of his notes have been protested.

These are held: By the Broadway bank, $1,000; Mechanics' National bank of this coste, $1,329; Middlesex County bank, of Perth Amboy, $2,500, and the North River bank, $2,000. By some of the interested parties it is declared that Mr. Cornell has become mixed up in some fanciful financial schemes and that he has been led to make notes and negotiate them and sacrifice his financial reputation by men who took advantage of his age and apparent decrease of mental powers.

KNIGHTS OF THE CUE.

Daly Wins One Game and Loses Another. Ives Defeats Slosson.

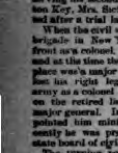
CHICAGO, April 11.—Daly played two games in the handicap billiard tournament this afternoon. His first was against Catton, who played 250 to the Brooklyn expert's 300. The contest was a very long and tiresome one. At the twenty-sixth inning the score was: Catton, 130; Daly, 256. Then the former treated his opponent to a dose of the same medicine he administered to Heiser on Wednesday, when he victoriously ran 74 on even strings. He rolled up 69 in a bunch, and shortly after took the game. The score: Catton—7, 0, 3, 3, 4, 8, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0

THE "YANKEE KING" OF SPAIN.

Gossip About Gen. Sickles, New York's Present Sheriff.

Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, recently appointed sheriff of New York county in place of Flack, who resigned after conviction of a crime, has in his unemployed many ports upon the stage of life. He was first a printer, then a lawyer, and next a politician. He went to the New York legislature in 1847, and subsequently served as secretary of legation at London under Minister James Buchanan. In 1856 he secured a seat in congress, and received a re-election two years later. While serving his second term he killed Philip Barton Key, Mrs. Sickles' lover, and was acquitted after a trial lasting twenty days.

When the civil war began Sickles raised a brigade in New York city and rode to the front as a colonel. He rose rapidly in rank, and at the time the battle of Gettysburg took place was a major general. In that fight he lost his right leg. He joined the regular army as a colonel after the war, and is now on the retired list with the full rank of a major general. In 1869 President Grant appointed him minister to Spain. Until recently he was president of the New York state board of civil service commissioners.



GEN. SICKLES.

The turning point in Sickles' life was undoubtedly his trial for the killing of Key. One of his lawyers chanced to be Edwin M. Stanton. After being released Sickles resumed relations with his wife, and thus alienated many who had stood by him during his previous troubles. In 1861 he had but few friends and little money. The war came, bringing with it his opportunity. Edwin M. Stanton, Sickles' former counsel, was secretary of war. He believed in the New Yorker and admired his ability. To Stanton Sickles owed his rapid promotion, and the skill he displayed fully justified the secretary's confidence.

Gen. Sickles' management of American affairs in Spain when acting as United States minister was characteristic. He stood by the Castelar administration, "honest" Castelar himself, and got to be known throughout the peninsula as the "Yankee King." The Spaniards liked him not only because of his genuine interest and sympathy for them, but also for the reason that the general's second wife was from one of the most illustrious families of Spain.

The new sheriff, as a young man, was determined to be seen as well as heard, and even as his uncle was a Methodist Buchanan's secretary he created a sensation. The rule that the republic's diplomates should always dress in the "plain garb of an American gentleman" he knew how to set aside on one occasion, for he astonished the other guests by appearing at a queen's ball in the uniform of an officer of the New York state militia. A few years ago Gen. Sickles' father died in great age, and his bequests to the son, added to the latter's previous accumulations, make the present sheriff of New York a very wealthy man.

A Young American's Extravagance.

The thrifty peasantry of Switzerland have a praiseful reason to remember the rapid progress that Charles Pinlen made through their country some years ago. The young man was the only son of his father, and had unlimited spending money. He visited the little mountain republic with a magnificent equipage and numerous servants, and at each hamlet where he stopped created a very agreeable sensation. Bread and wine were ordered served to every one at his expense, cheese filled the village cows with bounteous maidens, and silver was given by the visiting master of ceremonies to the handsomest and most deserving bride. His lavish Christmas and Easter entertainments were participated in by entire communities, and his expenditures continued until his father caused him to be confined in an asylum for inebriates and the insane. On the death of Mr. Pinlen, some few years ago, the portion of the estate was tied up in such a manner that he could only receive the income without touching the principal. Young Pinlen brought suit to have the will set aside and his share of the fortune given him outright. His prayer was denied recently by a New York surrogate, and the heir will have to content himself with less costly pastimes than those in which he formerly indulged.

Deluged with Offers of Marriage.

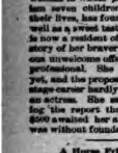
Miss Lillian Almonte Lathrop, the young woman to whose presence of mind and heroism seven children of Buffalo, N. Y., owe their lives from fire, has brought her name as well as a sweet taste in the cup of fame. She is now a resident of Chicago, and the recent story of her bravery has brought her numerous unwelcome offers, both matrimonial and professional. She does not care to marry yet, and the proposals made her to resume a stage career have brought her reminiscences as an actress. She said the other day, regarding the report that a testimonial purse of $500 awaited her at Buffalo, that the story was without foundation.

A Horse Frightened to Death.

"An elephant," says a modern humorist, "is a thing that is afraid of a mouse once and a tail at each end." A horse belonging to an English tradesman, going one of these "square animals" for the first time recently, jumped into the air and fell dead. His owner promptly brought suit for damages against the proprietor of the menagerie and obtained a verdict. The case may prove valuable as a precedent when some other equine expires at viewing the monstrous pachyderm with the double tail.

After the Blythe Millions.

The millions left behind by Thomas H. Blythe, the California capitalist who died some three ago at Paris, are now the subject in legal custody pending a decision as to who is the rightful heir. The deceased plutocrat had a remarkable career. He was a poor English boy of doubtful parentage. He drifted to the Pacific coast during the "Gold Rush" of the last generation and made a large amount of money. After that he contracted an awful domestic alliance in London and at San Francisco. He died suddenly in the room of a female, who left him to bear the common law. His will left all his property to a female child by an English woman. After his death a swarm of people appeared, who based their claims to shares in the great fortune on the grounds of relationship. One of the latest to assert an interest in the property is Carlton H. Blyth, of London, who is quite sure the dead man was his cousin. The man, already very much "blythe," is now likely to be still *farther* and *wan*.



CARLTON H. BLYTH.

BABIES OF WASHINGTON.

TINY LADS AND LASSIES WHO ARE PRETTY, RICH AND HAPPY.

The Pranks and Charms of Nana Wanamaker—The White House Trio at Luncheon—A Stranger from South America—A Senatorial Group.

[Copyright, 1890.]

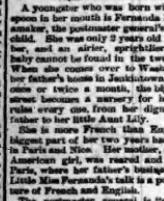
FERNANDA WANAMAKER.

A youngster who was born with a golden spoon in her mouth is Fernanda Henry Wanamaker, the postmaster general's only grandchild. She was only 2 years old last December, and an airier, sprightlier, naughtier bit of femininity it would be hard to mention. When she comes over to Washington from her father's house in Jenkintown, as she does once or twice a month, she makes the house over into a nursery for her, and she rules every one, from her dignified grandfather to her little Aunt Lily.

She is more than half an Englishman, as the biggest part of her two years has been spent in Paris and Nice. Her mother, although an American girl, was reared and educated in Paris, where her father's business kept him. Little Miss Fernanda's talk is a polyglot mixture of French and English.

The name she has learned is "grandpapa," her mother "mamma," her oldest aunt she always calls "Minnie," while to the youngest she gives the name "Tante Lily."

The family never talk of giving her her stately name Fernanda, but have made the pretty, diminutive "Nana" from it. Next to her father and mother "Nana" loves her



MARTHENA HARRISON.

Aunt Lily and that little girl, who is just at the serious age of 13, adores her. Her gray eyes glisten when "Nana" is mentioned, and she says "Oh, what do you want to know about Nana? She is the dearest little baby, and oh, so naughty. She got into the drawing room the other day and before we knew it she had pulled down a great big Chinese idol and it was shattered into pieces. She loves flowers and she pulls them off the tables before we can stop her. Once mamma said something to her about it and she looked up and said: 'Shut up, bonne maman.'"

There was a tragic scene one day when the three White House babies met, down in their 11 o'clock dinner. The bill of fare was simple but appetizing. In addition to the bonbons there was a big dish of cream and a dish of very rare roast beef, a generous plate of brown bread, a side dish of prunes and a

JEWELL SAWYER CHASE.

mysteriously covered plate. There were three covers laid, Benjamin, Jr., having the seat of honor in the middle, his little Cousin Marthena at his left, and blue eyed Baby Mary at the right. The three nurses stood at the backs of the chairs.

There was a momentous pause.

"The blessing, Benjamin," said Katie, the nurse. Mary clasped her chubby fists and looked down, Benjamin laid his head on the table and mumbled something. Marthena paused and looked at the cover.

"Say it, Benjamin, 'God is great,'" prompted Katie. Silence, only Mary looking devout. "God is great," again prompted Katie. No response from Ben, who was luxuriously rolling his head over his arms.

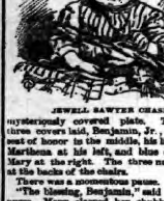
"Katie will take everything away until you are ready," said the nurse, beginning to lose her temper. There was a wail of despair from Marthena as she saw the precious prunes go; the uncontrite and irreverent Ben grabbed a cracker and began munching, probably thoughtfully out of the window at the war, state and navy buildings. Marthena's wail became a well sustained cry of hunger, and Benjamin, aroused by it to action, plucked the cover from the mysterious dish the severe Katie was removing and disclosed squares of golden cake richly sugared. He hastily passed Marthena, Mary one or more, assuming a dignified attitude. "Say it, Benjamin, 'God is great,'" said his mamma.

Near cake of rage and despair, but no signs of capitulation upon Ben.

"Well, well, what is the matter with my babies?" came in a cheery voice from the doorway, and Mrs. Harrison harried up to Ben.

"Benjamin won't say grace! Of course, he will for grandma," but a look at her grandson's disfigured face and at Marthena, cuddled, sobbing, in her old nurse's arms, assured her that the riot was past settling by arbitration.

Coming clear over into the enemy's camp, the grandmother said indignantly: "Well, let it go today; the children are hungry, and Marthena ate so little breakfast. We'll forgive them this time, Katie; put the things back on," and the mollified Ben was soon dipping his crackers in his soup without his



BENJAMIN HARRISON, JR.

ing acknowledged the ouelipotence of God. At least two-thirds of the dignified senators are grandfathers to toddling babies; three, Senators Cameron, Cockerill and Hawley, have wee baby daughters, but only one, and that Senator Pelliton Sawyer, has the honor of being great-grandfather to a pink bit of humanity. The baby who stands in this relationship to the Wisconsin senator is Jewell Sawyer Chase, seventeen months old. She has spent a part of her short life in the big brown stone castle Senator Sawyer has lately erected on Connecticut avenue, and a dainty nursery is kept there for her.

Master Mitchell Handy, Senator Mitchell's grandson, is a pretty, rotund youngster, hardly a baby longer, for he is past three. His mother is Senator Mitchell's oldest daughter. Master Mitchell has always had every want satisfied since he was born. He lives with his grandfather and has a brother, Harold, who is nearly two years older.

"That Hawley baby" is a phrase that every mother in Washington has used, for "that Hawley baby" ever since she was born, eighteen months ago, has been a model for all other Washington babies, all because her English mother brought her up in the Spartan English fashion. When young mothers would carefully carry their bundled up darlings into the close corpse where they were to have their daily outing they would say: "But that Hawley baby" pass without even a veil over its fat face and clapping pink fists devoid of mittens. So "that Hawley baby" is well known, partly because it persists in going out every day in the year and enjoying it, and partly because it is the only child of Senator Hawley, who was 62 when this baby was born.

Senator Donald Cameron has half a dozen grown children, but he also has a sweet baby daughter, who is scarcely 3 years old. She is the child of his second wife, who was the

MITCHELL HANDY.

daughter of Judge Sherman, of Cleveland. Mrs. Cameron was considered one of the most beautiful women in Washington, and the baby daughter inherits her beauty.

Much of the money that Gardiner Hubbard had made from electricity will one day go to the brightest baby boy in Washington—his only grandson, Gardiner Hubbard Bell. His two daughters married brothers, Alexander Graham Bell—telephone Bell—and Charles J. Bell, the banker.

The first named has three daughters, Elsie, Marian and Alleen, who are pretty, lovable children, and seem not to mind it in the least that they are Rice their mother, deaf and dumb. The second—the banker—has three children, two daughters and this little 10 months old boy, who is the idol of the whole family, his young mother and sedate nurse being his most devoted worshipers. He was only 5 months old when the picture used here was taken.

Mlle. Rosita Sanz-Pena has the honor of being the only little Pan American baby at the Pan-American congress brought to this

GARDINER HUBBARD BELL.

country. Her father is the delegate from the Argentine Republic, and her mother is the most beautiful of all the dark eyed ladies from South America. Rosita was born two years ago in Buenos Ayres and has been five months in Washington. She is named for her mother, who was Senorita Rosa Gonzalez, and Rosita is the sweet diminutive of Rosa.

Little Rosita is arch and mischievous, and she is honored in a way that few American babies are. Her nursery maid goes every day with her and her nurse to the park. Rosita wears rich white frocks and is loaded with gifts of the Spanish fashion. She wears jeweled bracelets around her fat wrists, tiny rings on her chubby fingers and armlets set with diamonds. The richest American

ROSITA SANZ-PENA.

baby has not as much jewelry on, for Senora Sanz-Pena has a jewel case filled with rare gems, and she loves to put them on her baby.

CAROLINE SIPTON PEFFER.

The "costume allowe" is one of the present fads of fashion. The lady who forms it must be a skilful physiognomist in all the latest theme graves. When the platoons are arranged they are surrounded with patterns of the material and specimens of the trimmings. The lady selects the dress that she likes, and the first worn is noted. In this manner a society woman can keep a record of the triumphs accomplished with each dress.

The alarmists have announced recently that gard-barts in 892 or have disappeared. Mantuas are also to be abolished. Wall fashions forme many disguises. Those who have been in the habit of wearing the mantua will, however, be allowed to wear it in the form of a cloak, thus following the example set by the

JOAN OF ARC MEMORIALS

Two Costly Structures to Be Built by the French People.

The French people are at present a unit, at least on one thing, and that is the determination to honor the memory of the Maid of Orleans by the erection of two remarkable structures. At Domremy, Joan of Arc's birthplace, a basilica is already in process of construction, and the monumental group, representing Joan listening to the voices, has been completed. At Vaucouleurs a more ambitious memorial

LISTENING TO THE VOICES.

is to rise. It will be a colossal castle of medieval design. The donjon above the castle will be 140 feet high, and at the summit it is intended to place a gigantic group, of which Joan shall be the central figure. The Vaucouleurs enterprise involves the collection of an enormous sum of money, but contributions are being liberally received, and it is thought the needed sum will be realized within a reasonable time. The Domremy memorial displays Joan as receiving her mission; the other is to represent her as the warrior maid who saved France.

A Man with a Charmed Life.

Lawrence Long, a young man who resides at Jeffersonville, Ind., has had at least three escapes from death of a most remarkable nature. When a lad he fell off the Louisville bridge, and despite the terrible tumble did not receive a scratch or bruise, his only damage being a thorough wetting. When 17 years old Long married the daughter of a neighbor secretly. On hearing the news, the girl's father loaded a shot gun and started out to kill his son-in-law. They met and the old man emptied both barrels at the boy, but failed to hit him. Long's latest adventure occurred at Louisville on the night of the recent tornado. He was in the ill fated Falls City hall when it was struck by the whirlwind, and was buried with the ruins. He promptly crawled out of the ruins and found that the only injury he had sustained was a small scratch on one ear.

Rosita to Remain in Africa.

"The disarm of Africa," that mysterious spell which lures back to the jungles and the forests of the dark continent every one else who has once set foot upon its soil, remains potent in the case of Senin Pasha. He has faced danger and death for years in the Soudan and in the equatorial belt, and his renown as a feat in which all the world took interest. But he cannot even move beyond the confines of the country that holds him. He has abandoned his proposed visit to Europe, joined Maj. Wissman's exploring expedition, and is preparing once again to plunge into the mighty wilderness of Central Africa.

Sixty Years a Sailor.

During his sixty years of naval service Vice Admiral Stephen Clegg Rowan, who died recently at Washington, participated in many exciting events. As a midshipman he took part in the Seminole war, conducting boat expeditions and engaging in operations on shore. As lieutenant he served in the coast survey, was executive officer of the sloop Cyane in the Pacific squadron, and during the Mexican war was present at the capture of Monterey and San Diego. On blockade duty in the Gulf of California the Cyane captured a score of Mexican vessels and destroyed several gunboats. At the victories of San Gabriel and La Mesa Rowan was wounded in the shoulder. He rejoined the coast survey and was engaged in the civil war, saw much active service, and at the end of the conflict had attained the rank of rear admiral. He was promoted to vice admiral while in command of the Asiatic squadron in 1868. He was a native of Ireland, and was 81 years old at the time of his death.

VICE ADMIRAL ROWAN.

The Eighth One to Go.

Eight representatives have died since the election of members of the Fifty-first congress—four from each party. The last to pass away was Hon. David Wilber, who expired recently at his home in Milford, N. Y. He never occupied his seat in the house during the present session because of illness. The oath of office was administered at his home at the same time Speaker J. Randall, also an invalid, was sworn in, and the gentlemen remained paired until Mr. Wilber's death.

HON. DAVID WILBER.

Mr. Wilber was born in Schenectady county, N. Y., in 1830. In childhood he removed to Milford, in Otsego county. He was a Republican in politics, and represented Herkimer, Otsego, and Schoharie counties the Twenty-fourth congressional district—in the Forty-third, Forty-sixth and Fiftieth congresses, and was re-elected to the Fifty-first congress. In private business he was a banker and a hop grower.

"A humanitarian ball fight" was one of the recent attractions at Birmingham, England. Convenient recesses were provided in which the ball fighters might retire to cool off whenever the ball's wrath was aroused. The game of tag consisted for some time, and afforded healthy exercise to the men and also to the animal. No blood was spilled.

To Judge James V. Campbell, who died recently at Detroit, Michigan, undoubtedly owes much for the present condition of the state statute books. For thirty years Mr. Campbell occupied a place on the bench of the state supreme court, and during that period was nine times chief justice.

Special Offer For This Week.

GREATEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED IN SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT GRANITE IRON-WARE — IMPERFECTIONS AMOUNT TO NOTHING AND OUR PRICES WE GUARANTEE JUST ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES. 'TIS THE BEST WARE MADE FOR KITCHEN USE, AND YOU CAN BUY IT THIS WEEK FOR THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR TIN-WARE. EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, APRIL 12 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—A horse belonging to Mr. J. S. Powlison of Somerset street died this morning.

—Mr. H. H. Baker of Plainfield is engaged painting the house of J. Bound Brook.

—No more coal cars are now seen on the P. R. R. trains on the Central railroad.

—The Hope Chapel Boys' Brigade will meet for drill next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—The Rev. Mr. Mitchell's "Visitor" for April is out, and is as full of interesting news as ever.

—On Monday evening next the Union County Wheelmen of Westfield will hold a meeting for the purpose of re-organizing the Club.

—At a meeting of Major Anderson Post, No. 103, G. A. R., held Thursday evening, it was decided to observe Memorial Day in an appropriate manner.

—Messrs. Marsh & Ayers, the painters, have now engaged decorating the front of Mr. J. J. Kenney's shoe store and J. P. Ayers' grocery store.

—A number of young people spent a pleasant evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Bushnell at the corner of Central avenue and Ninth street last evening.

—County Superintendent Holmes has issued a circular to the principals of the schools, calling attention to Arbor day, and directing them to prepare for its observance.

—Company C, Fifth Regiment of Newark, have issued invitations for a reception to be held in their armory on the 23d inst. A number of Plainfielders have been invited.

—Mr. Thompson Park has something special to say to-day in our advertising columns. "He is a hustler and no mistake," as you may conclude by reading what he has to say.

—The engraved resolutions passed by Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., respecting the death of the late Isaac Brokaw, are on exhibition in the window of Stelle's pharmacy.

—Perseverance Lodge No. 74 Knights of Pythias met for the first time in their new rooms in the Hand building on West Second street last evening. The rooms have been handsomely furnished.

—Young ladies of the "Y" holding cards for the Y. M. C. A. building fund are requested either to bring or send them to the meeting to be held at the "Y" rooms Tuesday April 22d, at 4 o'clock.

—Mr. F. A. McCarty requested us to deny the statement that it was carelessness on his part that caused his horse to run away on Liberty street yesterday morning. He says the damage resulting from the accident was slight.

—John McCabe, engineer on the Baltimore & Ohio train that leaves Bound Brook at 2:57 p. m., on Monday had the misfortune to cut his wrist severely while putting down the cab window of his engine. He is now taking a short vacation.

—The report current of a proposed insignificant meeting of Music Hall next week is believed to be a mistake. Respectable Democrats are uniting with Republicans forever, in a movement which it is believed will secure impeachment and punishment.

—A grand chorus of one hundred voices will render the cantata of "Esther" by Dudley Buck, April 15th and 17th, under the direction of Professors Campbell and Seeley. All in full costume of 2,300 years ago. The tableaux of Esther before the king is something to be long remembered. Do not fail to see the beautiful costumes. Train for Plainfield will wait until after the concert.

—"Silver" Downing, the insane Newark convict, made his escape from the Morris Plains Asylum again yesterday morning, for the fourth time. Downing has threatened to kill Detective McManus of Newark, and it is believed he went directly to that city. The last time he escaped he got as far as Buffalo passing through this city, and tried to swim a river and kill his captors.

A Strange Medal Presentation.

At this particular time the presentation of a medal to Mr. George W. Grant, captain pro tem of the Police force, by Commissioner Especially coming as it does from Consetinus Spangenberg, a manufacturer of such medals, and one of the Police Board whose conduct in removing Chief Carey and suspending Policeman Lynch for doing their duty, reflected only discredit upon the entire force, especially in view of the fact that it was Captain Grant who selected the jury which tried Mr. Joseph B. Miller for having his barroom open in violation of the ordinance.

We say it looks queer, not that Mr. Grant is not deserving, for he is generally a good officer, no more so however, if as much as other officers, but that at this particular time such a presentation seems to have a deeper significance than appears on the surface, and is intended to mean not that they care a fig more for Mr. Grant, but that the circumstance may be used to still further show the malignant hatred of the persecutors of the faithful officers who are the victims of the powers that temporarily be, so grossly as it has been exhibited.

The jury agreed to disagree, notwithstanding that Mr. Miller and all his witnesses positively all that was charged by Chief Carey in performance of his simple duty, and made it necessary for the second trial which is to take place Monday, it is hoped before an impartial jury.

We can only say to Capt. Grant that he may be excused to remember the old axiom of the ancients, to "Beware of the Greeks bearing gifts."

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
Sunday	36	46	40
Monday	36	48	40
Tuesday	36	48	40
Wednesday	36	48	40
Thursday	36	48	40
Friday	36	48	40
Saturday	36	48	40

MR. JOHNSON KILLED.

STRUCK BY A LOCOMOTIVE AT NOON TO-DAY.

While Walking on the Track, Buried to the Sidewalk and Striking on His Head.

Potter Johnson of East Third street, "boss" carpenter, while going along the railroad track from his dinner to a house on Central avenue, near West Third street, he had both and was finishing, was struck on the left hip at ten minutes to one o'clock this afternoon by engine No. 361, drawing an empty West bound coal train, while on the Park ave. bridge, and was thrown to the sidewalk. He struck on the back of his head, the contact causing concussion of the brain. He was carried into the lumber yard office of Messrs. Cook Brothers, nearby, and died within fifteen minutes, Drs. Davis, Fritts and Probasco, arriving within about five minutes after the accident, being present.

The engineer blew his whistle, but not soon enough it appears, for Mr. Johnson to entirely clear the track.

Deceased leaves a wife, a son, and two daughters. The son is 17 years old, and one daughter is older and the other younger.

Deceased was a member of Jerusalem Lodge, F. and A. M., members of which attended him in his dying moments, and had his body delivered to Undertaker Runyon.

He was at one time a member of the firm of Shepherd, Johnson & Godown, who were the leading carpenters in Plainfield until their failure some seven years ago, since which he has done business on his own account. He was about 45 years old.

OUR FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Is It Best to Buy Horses? Let us See.

Councilmen Johnston, Hatfield and Roberts, comprising the Committee on Fire and Building, met last evening to confer respecting the purchase of a steam fire gong and fire horses for the fire department and decided to recommend that they be purchased.

It is proposed to remove the bell tower at No. 1's engine house, it being alleged to be in a dangerous condition, and to replace it by the steam gong.

It is thought that the tower will be purchased by the Borough Council and erected at the rear of the house of Warren Engine No. 3.

Mr. Roberts, it is said considers that the horses will cost about $300 each, or $1,000 for all. He is undoubtedly a good judge of horses, having had much experience with them, so that if the animals should not prove to be worth the money it will probably not be his fault.

The present system is to have horses as they are needed, by special arrangement with the owners, who are sure to take proper care of the animals.

Previously some of the companies had their own horses, purchased by popular subscription, but the change of their location was found to be a burden on the firemen, and in spite of their efforts and kindness the animals did not thrive. Those owned by one of the companies both died suddenly, and the other company finally sold their horses on case of our ever having to purchase them. So that it will be seen that experience thus far has not been such as to warrant the outlay proposed.

If, however, it is proposed to board the horses at one of our livery stables where they would be properly cared for that would cost probably not less than $16 per month for each horse. The prices run all the way from $15 to $25. But at the low price of $16 each, boarding the five horses would cost $960 per year, to say nothing of shoeing, which would cost $1.50 for each horse per month, or for the year for the five horses, $90 more or $1,050 in all independent of the first outlay. In addition the city must also stand the loses by injury, sickness or death to the animals.

The present plan is to have control of seven horses instead of five, the cost of each per month, and stable room. That is $672 instead of $1,050 per year, or over one-third less cost for nearly fifty per cent more service, to say nothing of the fact that for the $672 the city assumes no risk while for the $1,050 it has all the risk. Of course we don't pretend to say that the Committee have not carefully considered all this, but think that it would be well, if they present the matter to Council Monday evening, that they be prepared to explain the satisfaction of the Committee in the conclusions they are elected to serve, where else city is to gain by the arrangement.

Let us summarize the matter thus:

FIRST YEAR TO OWN.	
Purchase price for five horses	$1,050
Boarding five horses	960
Incidentals (estimated)	100 $2,150
FIRST YEAR TO HIRE.	
Hire of seven horses	$672
Boarding seven horses	
Incidentals	672
Difference in favor of taxpayers	1,478

If we only count the same number of horses the difference is much greater. In subsequent years the interest on the investment must be added to the cost.

Church Sociable.

One of the usual delightful monthly Methodist sociables occurred at Vincent chapel last evening. The entertainment included literal and instrumental music, recitations and refreshments, and there was an unusually large attendance. Among those who took part were: Violin solo by Peter Conde, recitation by Master John Voehl, piano duet by Miss Wilfred Fowell and her sister Miss Hazel, piano solo, Miss Hannen. All rendered their selections admirably and were heartily encored.

—The members of the Catholic Young Men's Literary Union are arranging for a grand banquet to be held early in July.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock led by the Rev. Mr. Fenwick.

Rev. Hobart Clark of Boston will preach both morning and evening at the Unitarian church Pierson place.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Mr. Sutfern will conduct the Young Men's Gospel and Song service at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at 4:15 p. m.

Usual Sunday services at 73 West Front street, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m., will be held to-morrow, to which all are invited.

The Rev. Wm. Maxwell Reilly will occupy the pulpit of All Saints church at Scotch Plains to-morrow morning and evening.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration at 8 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

The Boy Choir of the Y. M. C. A. will aid in the services of the Rev. Mr. Nicholson's church at the consecration rooms, Sunday at 4:15 p. m.

Christian Mirror at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Ellsworth, pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Devotional meeting in Reform Hall at 9:15 Sunday morning. Gospel temperance meeting at 3 p. m. Rev. Mr. Nicholson. This meeting will close at five o'clock promptly.

Services will be held in the German Reformed church on Craig place to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject of morning service Holy communion will be partaken of.

Services in First Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Conducted by pastor Rev. E. P. Goodwin. In the evening there will be a specially prepared Easter Praise service. All welcome.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow as follows: Morning, Rev. Mr. Ann Read Dibs, at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "Manners for a prize." Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Chas. R. Mitchell, pastor, will preach morning and evening. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. "Not attend church" Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.

Reform Hall will be open to-morrow at the usual hours of 9:15 a. m., 4 and 7:45 p. m., and a cordial welcome is extended to all visitors. Colonel F. Leonard, editor of the Central New Jersey Times, will deliver the evening address.

It may be interesting to THE NEWS readers to learn that Rev. Arthur Brooks of the Church of Incarnation, New York, and brother of Rev. Phillips Brooks, will preach in Mr. Redmond's church, Monroe st. at 7:45 p. m.

At the memorial chapel at Washington Square, Plainfield, Rev. Chas. R. Mitchell, M. Wilson of South Jersey, at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school in the afternoon at 2:30 p. m. Devotional meeting in the evening at 7:30 p. m. conducted by Mr. Le Boyteaux.

In the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. the Rev. C. H. Chilcott of the Presbyterian church of Westfield, will preach. Sabbath school at 2:30 p. m. In the evening at 7:30, the pastor, Rev. Conrad Clever, will preach. Subject: "Our duty in view of the mysteries of God." A welcome to all.

Wynne Mission Sunday-school at 2:30, praise meeting at 7:30 a. m. and prayer meeting night at o'clock to be led by Mr. D. M. Bonnell. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. at o'clock. Christian Endeavor Society meet for prayer and praise. Come and see us. Our meetings are very interesting and we feel that we are blessed in our work.

The First Church of Christ in Plainfield Vermont, corner of Watchung and North avenues. Social service 10 a. m., conducted by Mr. Stewart. 11 a. m., review of Sunday's Pentecost. Part II inquiries and teaching of eternal punishment and the future life. 7:30 p. m., preaching. Closing, 9:30 p. m. Bible school, 2:30 p. m., by Mr. Stewart, who will be glad to answer questions. Subject for the afternoon: "Why does God hate sin?" Let all that have any questions solicited. Usual services on the evening of Wednesday and Friday.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Embree of Westfield are visiting at Chicago.

Mr. Fornald will lead the meeting at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at half past seven o'clock.

Mr. Frank McChesney of East Third street left to-day for Middletown, N. Y., where he will hereafter reside.

Miss Sarah Weaver of Plainfield has been spending a week with Mrs. Mason of Bound Brook, so says the Chronicle.

Col. Charles K. Moore is slowly recovering from the wound he received caused by the premature discharge of a revolver.

A number of the friends of Mr. W. McClymonts met at his residence on Washington avenue, North Plainfield, last evening and spent the evening pleasantly in dancing.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Godfrey A. Haberle took place from the St. M. E. church this morning at half-past 10 o'clock. Interment was made in Evergreen cemetery.

An evening sociable was held at the residence of Mr. W. H. Terry at Willow Grove Thursday evening. Miss Alice Abbott and Miss Hattie R. Terry were the committee in charge of the affair.

Mr. Wm. Bushnell of Plainfield has been appointed a notary public for the county of Union. His commission will be issued.

Mr. Frank Sheridan has been appointed conductor pro tem. on the run of the late William Stinson on the D. L. & W. The duties in the case of the son of the deceased to revolve his father's will is in progress before Surrogate Parrot.

—The Crescent Lodge Bowling team visited Westfield last night and rolled two of the Central League games with the Nameless of that place, winning both games.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

STILL TINKERING AT PENSIONS AND THE TARIFF.

The Municipal Elections, Ingersoll's Opinion, Senate Dinners, A Working Senator.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11, 1890.

"I am not satisfied with the dependent pension bill which Congressman Morrell of my State brought before the House for consideration last week," says Congressman Funston of Kansas. "I am in favor of a service pension bill and have been in favor of a service pension bill from the beginning, because my people think it is right, and I think it is right. There is no use of mincing matters, either upon the pension question, the tariff question, or the agricultural question. Of course everybody knows that it will cost a great deal of money to pay service pensions to the boys who were in the army, but the fellows who object to a service pension bill must have an exceedingly short memories, or else very ungrateful hearts. I believe that the majority of the people of this country remember with gratitude the deeds of the soldiers of the Union army, and that they will not begrudge the small sum of pension that Congress chooses to vote them."

The delay on the tariff bill from the Committee on Ways and Means, has not been accidental but intentional, said Chairman McKinley this afternoon. "From the very beginning it has been the intention of that committee to give every industry throughout the country a fair hearing upon every article upon the schedule, and in order to do that a great deal of time has been necessarily consumed. Those who have been clamoring for an immediate report of the bill, are not our friends, nor friends of the working people throughout the country. They have desired us to bring in a very imperfect bill by reason of undue haste, merely in order that they might place it to its place and gain political capital for themselves. A bill is being prepared in the interest of the people, and in my judgement it will be satisfactory to the people."

The Republican leaders in the Senate and House do not seem to pay any attention to the Democratic spoke which seems to be visible throughout the entire country at the municipal elections. Probably the most significant expression upon the subject, was made by Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, as he laid down a paper containing a long list of Democratic successes; "The Democratic party boats 1-31, drawing a full hand, when nobody is betting."

Society is in the swim again and gaiety pervades the atmosphere in the National Capital. The President and Mrs. Harrison are busily engaged in giving their annual state dinners, that is, their official entertainments to the Supreme Court, House of Representatives, Senate, heads of departments and heads of bureaus. A separate dinner will be given to each in addition to the regular general receptions to the public. Upon these occasions the White House is elaborately decorated with flowers, is in fact a perfect fairy palace.

"That is the hardest working man in public life, in the present generation," said Senator Dolph, Vermont, pointing to Senator Allison, as he passed down on the floor of the Senate one afternoon recently. "He has been my friend for a number of years, and I have never known him when he was not busy, forever busy. Nevertheless, he always takes time to serve his friends. I believe there are no better men in this country for the Presidency. He is able, alert, tireless, patriotic, vigilant, and probably the best posted man in the Nation concerning the resources of the Republic, and the necessary expenditures for an economically administered government." ARNAH.

The April Courts.

The April term of the Somerset County Court will open next Tuesday. The list of causes to be tried so far is filed as follows; those in the Supreme Court are in order as filed, but the order in the Circuit list may be changed:

SUPREME COURT.

William H. Shotwell v. Robert W. Rice. In tort. E. V. Lindabury; Orsig A. Marsh.

Sebor Cox v. Garret Cox. Covenant. F. E. Bradner; John S. Voorhees.

Isaac N. Grier v. Charles Matthews. On contract. W. M. Davis; Traphagen & Beekman.

Isaac V. Van Cleef v. Thomas Cooper, administrator. On contract. A. A. Clark; James J. Bergen.

William Ottman v. John C. Shaw. On contract. G. W. Anderson; Joseph C. Garretson.

Hickman Horn Coupling Co. v. Francis Hickman. In tort. John R. Hardin; Joseph C. Garretson.

William H. Skillman v. John Schoupp. On contract. James J. Masham; G. D. W. Vroom.

CIRCUIT COURT.

George W. Anderson, administrator, v. George N. Van Doren. In replevin. G. W. Anderson; A. A. Clark.

W. W. Anderson v. Emma Sutfen. On contract. G. W. Anderson; Alfred Dixon.

James J. Bergen v. William F. Wells. On contract. G. W. Anderson; George V. Van Derveer.

William H. Skillman v. Adam Fritz. On contract. Reuben Runyon; Walter L. Hatfield.

A Peculiar Accident.

A moulder named Frederick Thompson employed by the Ford Machine and Tool Company met with a peculiar accident while engaged at his labors in the foundry yesterday morning. A heavy casting was being transferred from one part of the shop to the other when in some way his head was caught between the crane and the casting and badly crushed. An ambulance was soon secured and he was conveyed to the Muhlenberg Hospital where Dr. Probasco dressed the wounds. He was later taken to his home on West Front street.

Appointed Administrator.

Mr. Patrick Sheridan has been appointed administrator pendente lite of the estate of William Stinson of this city. The estate is in the case of the son of the deceased to revoke his father's will is in progress before Surrogate Parrot.

The New Allentown Branch.

The new Allentown Terminal road, which has been talked of considerably on account of its significance to the Central Railroad of New Jersey and Philadelphia and Reading Companies, is now in operation, and, although less than four miles long, is a very important little road. It is controlled by these companies, who meet all obligations in the way of taxes, 5 per cent. dividends on the stock and 6 per cent. interest on the bonds. The peculiarity of the road is the great number of bridges in proportion to its length. These are the bridges, with length, etc., as described by a railroad authority interested: Two bridges span the Lehigh river above and below Allentown. One of these is 28 feet high, 330 feet long and 30 feet wide. The other is 410 feet long, twenty eight feet high and 30 feet wide. The Lehigh Valley's tracks are crossed by the span of one of these bridges at East Pennsylvania Junction, near the new tracks connecting with the Philadelphia and Reading. There is a three-span bridge near the East Pennsylvania Junction, over Jordan Creek. This bridge is 325 feet long. Two fine passenger and freight stations have been built in the city. One is a joint one for the Lehigh river which will afford the Jersey Central connection, which is the longest of all the bridges, having four spans each of which is 150 feet long and 18 feet high. The bridges cost the Company nearly a quarter of a million dollars. The little road is double tracked.

Another Unknown Buried.

The body of the stranger who was found fatally injured at Cranford on Wednesday morning, and died yesterday at the hospital, was buried yesterday by Morgueskeeper Dunning at the almshouse grounds in Elizabeth. No further steps, said he, will be taken to identify the man who was supposed from the time of his discovery until he died.

He was the second unknown man who has found interment in a pauper's grave in Elizabeth this week. The other was the unfortunate killed at Roselle on Sunday evening.

New Market Squibs.

Yesterday John Stein of New Market spent three hours fishing on the lake in that place and was rewarded by catching nineteen large cat fish.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad company is arranging to set out handsome flowers on their grounds surrounding the depot.

Mr. Rich, the celebrated horseshoer and manufacturer, is spending a week here and is delivering a course of lectures.

Cent-a-Word Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-19

A MILLINER Wanted immediately at Mrs. Dunn's, 14 West Front street. 12tf

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritts. 4-26tf

$70 SEVEN octave piano Rosewood case in good repair and fully warranted. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street.

HORSEMEN ATTENTION—Speedy road and work horses at Hisley's hotel, Second street, Bound Brook, on and after March 15th. One bay mare never trained and can trot in 2:40, 6 years old and sound. One stallion extra fine for road or work, 5 years old. These horses are sound and well broken to all harness. 10-3

FRUIT and shade trees, vines and grass-plot plants at Denton's Hillside nurseries. 11-3

$225 UPRIGHT piano. In use three months, with slight defect in case. Must sell for five years. A bargain. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street.

FOR SALE Cheap—A light phaeton with pole and shafts in good order. First class make. A. W. Haviland, 26 Rockview ave. 11-3*

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—House containing eleven rooms and improvements, ten minutes walk from station. Also lot 145 x 309 ft. Will exchange for small property in Plainfield or Westfield. Box 606, Plainfield.

$190 CHICKERING piano. This fine instrument left for sale. Perfect in every particular. Thompson Park.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE the Park House, Plainfield. Address Lewis E. Wood, Real Estate agent, 79 Montgomery street, Jersey City.

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double for two years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son, Scotch Plains. 4-26tf

$60 ORGAN. Solid walnut case, 10 stops, sub bass and coupler. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street.

100 BALES of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-26

HORSES—A number load of good horses will be offered for sale at public sale next Saturday, at H. Fowler's sale stables, corner of Grand avenue and Fourth street.

I HAVE two hundred dollars to loan or invest in good paying security. Address "Money" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-26tf

M. Dixon, two fine single span spanking mares, at Fowler's sale stables, corner of Grand avenue and Fourth street. Will arrive Saturday.

TO LET—Small house 81 Park place, North Plainfield. 10-3

$165 7-3 piano. Rosewood case, carved legs, full frame, over-strung. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 4-12tf

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms. R. R. Fairchild, furniture store, 31 East Front street. 4-26tf

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large front room, No. 31 Dudley street, very desirable for four horses in the rear. 3-4tf

WANTED—A girl for general housework, at 43 West Sixth street.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Call at 17 Duer street. References required. 12-3

WANTED—A situation for general housework. Address No. 24 Kensington street.

WANTED—Situation by married man as coachman and gardener. Address or call at 105 South Second street. 10-3

WANTED—Housework for small household. Apply after 5 p. m. 194 West Front street. 10-3

WANTED—A few other responsible men to board. For particulars call at 61 East Third street, city. 5-5

29 W. Front St.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICESS AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

Special Notices

MR. W. O. BALDWIN has just received 30 good draft and business horses, Saturday. Call and see them. 13-3

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held Saturday evening in the Seventh Day Baptist church, April 12th, at eight o'clock. It is earnestly hoped every member will be present as very important business will be presented.

MRS. T. H. TOMLINSON, Pres. W. C. T. U. 10-3*

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium, Ladies class Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 18 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. COOLEY, Chairman of Committee. 5-26-1m*

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. Segallo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Next term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 4-1-tue*

BICYCLES!

I wish to inform my friends and the public in general that I have opened a

Bicycle Agency,

AT NO. 75 PARK AVENUE,

where I shall be glad to furnish any of the following machines:

Columbia Bicycles and Tricycles, Hartford Safety, Cake Safety, Rush Safety, Crescent Safety, Juno Safety for gentlemen or ladies, Junior Safety for boys and girls, Our Pet Safety for children; also the best Velocipedes in the market. Catalogues on application.

Frank L. C. Martin.

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRINGSTYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Fields as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

For Two Nights Only

AT

The Crescent !

April 14 and 15,

Match, Game 'of POLO between The BRIDGEPORTS, Champions of 1890, of the New England League, and the HARTFORDS, Champions of 1889.

GRAND EXHIBITION

of Fancy and Trick

BICYCLE AND MONOCYLE RIDING,

BY

Daniel J. Canary,

Champion of the World.

Game of Polo on Eagle Bicycles

By four of the most Expert Players.

MUSIC HALL. M. B. A.

Thursday, April 17,

THE BIG NEW YORK HIT.

THE FAMOUS

BOSTON HOWARD ATHENAEUM CO.,

Headed by one of Plainfield's most prominent tax-payers,

George Thatcher,

together with

20 *Great Artists* 20

SPECIAL—We bring our own orchestra from New York to insure a perfect performance. Prices 35, 50, 75c. and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

THE CANTATA OF EASTER

IN THE

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Dunellen, N. J.,

Monday and Thursday Evenings,

APRIL 14 and 17.

Concert at 8 o'clock. Admission 30 Cents. Plainfield train will wait until after the Concert. 12-3*

UNITED TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

WE QUOTE A FEW PRICES FOR BENEFIT OF PUBLIC:

Fine Dairy Butter, 18, 20, 25c. per lb.
Fine Eight Creamery, 20 and 22c. per lb.
Fine Flour (think of it) $2.25 per hundred.
Flemington Hams, 12½c. per lb.
Flemington Shoulders, 7½ per lb.

SUGAR AT COST.

We sell for cash, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

29 W. Front St.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE,

DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses will convincingly demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

* * *

How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! 'Tis the best bargain we have offered in some time—a few cents more and 'twill all be sold.

* * *

Do you want matting? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

* * *

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

* * *

House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a cheval set you will find it here. We sell shades complete at 25c. Curtain poles complete at 25c.

Van Emburgh & White

19 WEST FRONT ST.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.
FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purses.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treasurer.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

C. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

SENT TO SUBSCRIBERS BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY, TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $2.00 PER YEAR.

MAIL BOX, P. O. BUILDING. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

No, No, Mr. Curtis.

But the brilliant accession of New York divines, at which, as a member of parliament said two or three years ago as the names were read out, "the whole House cheered," the dishes are occasionally sodden and served as hot as at the finest private houses in England, and the wine has the requisite accumulations of bouquet and eloquence and aplomb—all this is not known out of New York.

It is also new here. It is a comparatively modern "function," and really began with the New England Society dinners, at which those who were famous orators in New England, summoned them annually by turn to speak in New York. The original dinner was held in the winter of 1839, and, however, was the annual oration.

It was that part of the annual celebration, the hospitable custom of which set at last honored and has remained its crowning ceremony. Its pendulum, the gradual passing of the scepter of affairs in New York hands into Yankee hands, the blandishments of the orators at the dinner, which purely oratorical occasion has become the political capital of New England in New York, the presence of famous guests who were themselves instructors of New England orators, and the fame which it has given all, long supplied the example of singularly renewing public feast which could be, and has been, and is now imitated by every association of every kind. The college dinner is its latest form, and none a happier or more popular.—C. W. Curtis in Harper's Weekly.

Mr. Curtis is not more than half right. There is no continuing and triumphant ascendency of New England in New York. England controls her fashions and Tammany controls her politics.

Neither is it true that good dinners and good dinner speeches are to be found only in New York. Ingersoll is a prompt Mr. Depew; are either southern or western at present. Ingersoll is a western man. So was Garfield. It was the large western heart and soul in Beecher that made him what he was. The rich soil and warm skies of the prairies produce alike food and men unexcelled.. Twenty-five years ago there were speeches in the west at banquets that have no superior today, either the speeches or the feasts. It is true that nowadays the New York feast is prepared by a Frenchman or Italian who places before you a long row of twisted up dishes with French names, but not a man who eats of them could lay his hand on his heart and truthfully say he preferred them to honest American cookery of the best class.

Sailors in the Navy.

If there is anything Americans have less reason to be proud of than another, it is probably the manning of our navy, both officers and men. Recent investigations have thrown a whole electric light on both. It has shown that too many of the officers are petty tyrants and snobs, the men almost without exception foreigners, of the kind ordinarily picked up anywhere and everywhere by merchant steamers. These desert when ever they feel like it, and there is no keeping them.

During the cruise of the Enterprise it is said that sixty sailors deserted at one port and another. During a long cruise of a naval vessel the sailors have opportunity to become skilled electricians, mechanics and gunners. As soon as they learn these occupations, their time becomes more valuable to them and they are often offered higher wages than the United States pays them to work for private firms at home or abroad.

These are merely unlisted foreigners, who have no patriotism to bind them to the flag. They go off at the first good opportunity.

The remedy is to train American boys to the navy. Enlist on the training ships youths who have some pride and love of country. Then treat them decently and give them hope of promotion, even to the highest place. Then there will be no trouble.

England uses her young sailors better than we do. At 17 a boy is enlisted. He follows the sea till he is 32. Then he is allowed to retire with a pension, not a large one, but enough to sustain him till he finds another occupation, which he is still plenty young enough to do. The London fire department is largely composed of these ex-sailors, and they are noted for their skill and activity. They also occupy posts in the life saving stations.

A pair of old oilskin trousers may play a most important part in Arctic discovery. Both are worn by men who bear the name of one of the crew of the Jeannette, was found on the west coast of Greenland. The Jeannette was crushed in ice floes north of Siberia, in 1881. The trousers had therefore presumably drifted around the pole westward and on and on till they passed northern Europe, then still westward, till they floated north of Greenland, then drifted south and lodged on the west coast of Greenland. That old oilskin garment had probably circumnavigated the globe around the pole by the northwest passage that has been the dream alike of poets and explorers for a hundred years. Dr. Nansen, the Norwegian traveler, argues that if a pair of empty trousers can go through the northwest passage, trousers with men in them certainly can. This summer, in June, Nansen will begin such a voyage, starting in through Behring strait.

There is one consolation left to New Yorkers in connection with the World's fair. They can predict that Chicago is sure to make a dead failure of it. This privilege they are availing themselves of.

FLOORED WITH A HAMMER

Two Convicts Overpower Guard Leander See.

SING SING WAS LEFT BEHIND.

The Escaped Jailbirds Doff Their Striped Suits and Take to the Woods—Brought to Bay with Carbines—Citizen Ambler's Profitable Ambie.

SING SING, N. Y., April 12.—One of the most desperate attempts ever made to escape from Sing Sing prison occurred yesterday. Late in the afternoon Deputy Ward on Connaughton was surprised to find Leander See, one of the guards, descending the stairs in the prison covered with blood, his clothing torn and his hands tightly bound with rope. He said he had been overpowered by two prisoners who had succeeded in escaping from the prison.

Foiled with a Hammer.

A short time before Keeper See took James Kelly and Ed. Feeny, two convicts, to the old female prison to clean the place prior to locking up the prisoners for the night. This duty is done every day by some of the prisoners under the guard of Keeper See.

As the two entered the building Kelly saw August Clint, a convict, cleaning lamps, he being the only other person in the large prison. Kelly grabbed Clint and, pushing him in a vacant cell, locked him in. Feeny grappled with his guard and a desperate struggle ensued. See drew a large 44 calibre revolver See was failed to the floor by a blow on the forehead with a hammer which Kelly carried.

Tore His Revolver and Keys.

The blow did not stun him, and he attempted to get on his feet again and make a fight for his life, as he knew that if the prisoners would rather kill him than to run the chances of being caught and losing their liberty, which they intended to gain. See stayed on his feet long enough to jump upon him and told him if he wanted to save his life he had better lie still. They then took his revolver and keys, and as Feeny opened the door Kelly struck See again. Kelly went for a rope and bound his hands and legs.

They then went into Keeper Pier's room, and, quickly taking off their prison garb, dressed themselves in suits belonging to Pier. They then went down stairs into the basement of the building, and pressed

THE GENERAL WELFARE.

An Interesting Pan-American Report Considered.

ARBITRATION MADE OBLIGATORY

All Controversies Between North, Central and South American Countries Must Be Settled by Reason and Not by Force of Arms—The Text of the Report.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Pan-American conference has under consideration the report of the committee on general welfare. The full text of the report is as follows:

Article 1—The republics of North, Central and South America and of Hayti hereby adopt arbitration as a principle of American international law for the settlement of all differences, disputes or controversies between two or more of them.

Art. 2—Arbitration shall be obligatory in all controversies concerning diplomatic privileges, boundaries, territories, indemnities, the right of navigation and the validity, construction and enforcement of treaties.

Art. 3—Arbitration shall be equally obligatory in all cases other than those mentioned in the preceding article, whatever may be their origin, nature or occasion, with the single exception mentioned in the next following article.

The Single Exception.

Art. 4—The exception above referred to shall be when, in the opinion of a nation, its independence may be endangered by the result of arbitration. For such nation arbitration shall be optional, but compulsory for the adversary power, if required.

Art. 5—All controversies or differences with the exception stated in article 4, whether pecuniary or other arising, shall be submitted to arbitration, even though they may have originated in occurrences existing the present treaty.

Art. 6—Questions shall be revived by virtue of this treaty concerning which a definite agreement shall already have been reached. In such cases arbitration shall be resorted to only for the settlement of questions concerning the validity, interpretation or enforcement of such agreement.

Art. 7—Any government may serve in the capacity of arbitrator which maintains friendly relations with the nation opposed to the one selecting it. The office of arbitrator cannot be conferred upon tribunals of justice, to scientific bodies, to public officials or to private individuals, whether citizens or not of the state selecting them.

Art. 8—Upon request of the Court.

Art. 9—The court of arbitration may consist of one or more persons. If one person be shall be selected jointly by the nations concerned. If of several persons each arbitrator may be jointly made by the nations concerned. Should no choice be made each nation selecting a distinct interest in the question shall have the right to appoint one arbitrator on his own behalf.

Art. 9—Whenever the court shall consist of an even number of arbitrators the nations concerned shall appoint an umpire who shall decide all questions upon which the arbitrators may disagree. If the nations interested fail to agree in the selection of an umpire such umpire shall be selected by the arbitrators already appointed.

Art. 10—The appointment of an umpire and his acceptance shall take place before the arbitrators enter upon the hearing of the questions at issue.

Art. 11—The umpire shall not act as a member of the court but his duties and powers shall be limited to the decision of questions upon which the arbitrators shall be unable to agree.

Art. 12—Should an arbitrator or an umpire be prevented from serving by reason of death, resignation or other cause, such arbitrator or umpire shall be replaced by a substitute to be appointed in the same manner in which the original arbitrator or umpire shall have been chosen.

Art. 13—The court shall hold its sessions at such place as the parties in interest may agree upon and in case of disagreement or failure to name a place, the court itself may determine the location.

Art. 14—The court shall consist of several arbitrators, a majority of the whole number may act notwithstanding the absence or withdrawal of the minority. In such case the majority shall continue in the performance of their duties until they shall have reached a final determination of the questions submitted for their consideration.

The Expenses of Arbitration.

Art. 15—The decision of a majority of the whole number of arbitrators shall be final, both on the main and incidental issues, unless in the agreement to arbitrate it shall have been expressly provided that unanimity is essential.

Art. 16—All general expenses of arbitration proceedings shall be paid in equal proportions by the governments that are parties thereto, but expenses incurred by either party in the preparation and prosecution of its case shall be defrayed by it individually.

Art. 17—Whenever disputes arise the nations involved shall appoint courts of arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the preceding articles. Only by the mutual and free consent of all of such nations may these provisions be disregarded and courts of arbitration appointed under different arrangements.

In Force for Twenty Years.

Art. 18—This treaty shall remain in force for twenty years from the date of the exchange of ratifications. After the expiration of the period it shall continue in operation until one of the contracting parties shall have notified all the others of its desire to terminate. In the event of such notice the treaty shall continue obligatory upon the party giving it for at least one year thereafter, when the withdrawal of the nation shall not invalidate the treaty with respect to the other nations concerned.

Art. 19—This treaty shall be ratified by all the nations approving it according to their respective constitutional methods, and the ratifications shall be exchanged in the city of Washington on or before the first day of May, A. D., 1891. Any other nation may accept this treaty and become a party thereto by signing a copy thereof and depositing the same with the government of the United States, whereupon the said government shall communicate this fact to the other contracting parties.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I beg to state all the above brands of WHISKIES, RUNT, PILLSBURY and MOET. The latter is our specialty. BAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the finest PRICES LOW. A fine assortment of Wines constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

GREEN BAIZE GIANTS.

Schaefer Defeats Cotton and Slosson Downs Heiser.

CHICAGO, April 12.—Jake Schaefer defeated William Cotton in the billiard tournament last night and can emerge from the series proper with no worse than a tie for first place. The game was exceedingly close at the beginning, the "Wizard" scoring only thirty-nine in the first dozen innings. Then he took a drink and cracked out carroms so rapidly that his opponent shivered. In Schaefer defeated Slosson to-night he won by a close score, and, in such an event, if Ives defeats Daly this afternoon the "No-pocket" player will second money and Slosson third. Should Slosson and Ives win they first place will be a tie between Schaefer Slosson and Ives. Last night's score:

Schaefer—50, 0, 9, 5, 13, 3, 0, 9, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 33, 15, 76, 42, 15, 5, 7, 44, 44, 121, 47—500. Cotton—0, 2, 9, 11, 3, 2, 7, 2, 5, 0, 24, 7, 11, 0, 1, 13, 6, 0, 2, 0, 6, 8, 17—148. Averages: Schaefer, 21 17-25; Cotton, 6 2-25.

Slosson disposed of Heiser in the afternoon in the handicap billiard tournament. The game on "the student's" side was at times exceedingly brilliant and again stupidly slow. He made his highest run of the tourney (178) in beautiful style, but in the latter half of the game the balls rolled badly and the play grew monotonous. Heiser made a very poor show. The score: Slosson—6, 19, 3, 8, 61, 178, 6, 1, 0, 5, 0, 53, 58, 50, 4, 3, 7, 0, 7, 2, 0, 6, 3, 6, 0, 9, 5, 9, 1, 24—500. Heiser—0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 7, 0, 0, 11, 12, 5, 0, 11, 0, 1, 5, 23, 0, 5, 7, 0, 0, 2—112. Averages: Slosson, 17 7-29; Heiser, 3 23-29.

Ives and Daly closes this afternoon, and the tourney closes to-night with Schaefer and Slosson. If draws result they must be played off.

NEW YORK'S CONSOLATION.

She May Get a Grand Naval Review in April, 1892.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Senator Hawley from the select committee on the World's fair, has reported favorably to the senate with amendments the house bill providing for holding the World's fair. The senate committee amended section 8 of the bill by adding the following: Section 8—The president is hereby authorized and empowered to hold a naval review in New York harbor in April, 1892, and to extend to foreign nations an invitation to send ships of war to join the United States in rendezvous at Hampton Roads and participate in said review.

The president is further empowered and directed to make arrangements for the unveiling of a statue to Christopher Columbus at Washington with the appropriate ceremonies and civil and military parade under his instruction after said naval review and not less than five days before the opening of the exposition, and to invite the attendance thereat of foreign representatives.

A Fire Bug Caught.

NASHUA, N. H., April 12.—For some time past there have been numerous attempts made to burn the shop of Gregg & Son, and an old blind factory of Gregg & Son, and on several occasions the destruction of the plant has been prevented by the timely discovery of the fires started by the watchman. Friday morning the watchman found and extinguished a fire near a piles of lumber. Shortly afterward John R. Hanscom, an employe, was found in the yard and arrested. A strong odor of kerosene pervaded his clothes and a wad of cotton batting saturated with oil, and similar to a wad found where the fire was started, was found in his pocket. At Hanscom's house a comforter was found from which the cotton batting had apparently been cut, and a bottle containing what other pieces had been abstracted from it previously. Hanscom has been employed by the company for a long time.

Milk Producers Weaken.

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 12.—The milk producers of the Homer Ramsdell Transportation Branch union have accumulated to the Milk Exchange after a ten days' fight and much sacrifice on the part of the farmers who have been spilling their milk rather than sell at unprofitable prices, held a meeting here. President Brown said he had arrived at the conclusion that the union was making a mistake by refusing the exchange and advised it to throw up the sponge. There was a heated debate, the result being that a resolution was passed authorizing the members to sell their milk on the best terms they could, and to whom they desired.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE O LS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANS PARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1

Reynold's Pharmacy

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

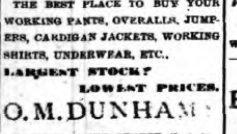
LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Leins's Hotel.

PLAINFIELD

CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to cleaning cellars. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the Lewis, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 686. Telephone call 38.

MR. RANDALL'S CONDITION.

He Is Slowly Dying—The End Not Far Off.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Representative Randall's condition continues unchanged from Friday, weather to a gradually growing weaker and weaker and is sinking rapidly. It was thought that he would last the day but his great endurance can hardly sustain him for "even a very few days at the most." He rests easily and sleeps a good part of the time. His rest is natural in his sleep of ill health, and there is no need to give him anything to induce sleep. He takes nourishment regularly.

So far as possible perfect quiet is maintained about the sick chamber, and not even all the members of the family are allowed to see him, as the presence of any one he has not grown accustomed to seeing during his illness might excite him and induce him to talk.

The effect of the septicemia was seen in an increasing tendency to sleep almost constantly and in a diminution of consciousness, so that his recognition of the family is now more instinctive than otherwise. At a late hour he was reported as sinking very rapidly.

Buffalo's Fair Property Sold.

BUFFALO, April 12.—The property of the Buffalo International Fair association was bought at public sale by a syndicate represented by Mr. Milton Hamlin. The bid which was the only one put in, was $207,523, and Mr. Ansley Wilcox, the referee, accepted it. It was decided to hold open the subscription list so that every one, including old stockholders, might have an opportunity of joining the syndicate. Nothing definite was decided upon as to what use the property should be put to.

The Great Chicago Strike.

CHICAGO, April 12.—The Carpenters' union in this city now numbers nearly 7,500 men. The strike has now resolved itself into question of endurance. Neither side will give in, and the probability is that building operations in Chicago will be suspended for weeks to come. The Master Carpenters association has assumed a defiant attitude, and did not attend the Parish labyrinth in their reference to the strikers.

They Did Not Want the British Flag.

BOSTON, April 12.—The scholars of the Lincoln school at Brookline were all in their places when school was called, and the trouble over the flag is ended. The principal says the scholars who refused to salute the flag on Thursday had probably been wrongly led to believe that the British flag was to be placed over the school. The flag presented by the British American society was the stars and stripes.

He Was Yon Caprivi's Cousin.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 12.—Frederick von Schlegell, judge of probate of Hennepin county for a number of years, died April 12 at the age of 78. He was a Bavarian. He had been educated in Germany and served in the German army in the bodyguard of the emperor. He was also a cousin of Chancellor von Caprivi.

Anticipating the Duty.

KINGSTON, Ont., April 12.—Grain dealers here are buying barley in large quantities and arranging for its speedy shipment to the United States in anticipation of the new American tariff, which increases the duty. Five vessels with barley cleared from here within a week.

Stolen Property Recovered.

NEWARK, N. J., April 12.—Friday morning twenty-one coats, which were stolen from Marks's store in Springfield avenue on Wednesday night, were recovered from a house at 21 Market street. As far as known no clew has yet been obtained to the thieves.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Beer Ale Wines, Brandies and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J. All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 1-17-1y

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 97 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

It is said that Mr. Andrew Carnegie's gift to Pittsburg, Pa., instead of taking the form of a library, will be the founding of a great institution of learning.

The president has approved the act making an appropriation to supply the deficiency occasioned by the defalcation of Silcott in the office of the sergeant-at-arms of the house.

George H. Stuart, prominent in commerce, financial and religious circles, died at Philadelphia, April 11.

Arrangements have been completed for supplying Hartford, Conn., with electric power from the Farmington river, using the water power below Tariffville. It will light the streets and supply motors.

The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed in New York state: J. C. Riggs, Nelsonville; I. Church, North Galway; J. F. Lewis, Oran; J. R. Mitchell, South Erie, and R. F. Cogswell, Yonkos.

Miss Annie Gould, of Aurora, N. Y., a graduate of Wells college, and a well known society woman, eloped with George L. Winters, a laborer. They were married at Auburn, and the day after the ceremony was performed the girl left the husband and refused to live with him.

The New York Sun says President Harrison has formally announced that he will be a candidate for renomination in 1892. His spokesman is his intimate personal and political friend, the Hon. J. N. Huston, treasurer of the United States and chairman of the Republican state central committee of Indiana.

About 1,200 men in the building trades of New York struck because their walking delegates had not been properly received at the Hecla Iron works.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

At New York—New York (N. L.), 5; Rochester (A. A.), 3.

At Brooklyn—Newark (A. L.), 5; Brooklyn (A. A.), 10. Brooklyn ("L"), 2; Brooklyn (F. L.), 26.

At Baltimore, first game—Baltimore (A. L.), 9; Boston (N. L.), 7. Second game—Baltimore (A. L.), 5; Boston (N. L.), 9.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia (N. L.), 7; Hamilton (A. A.), 0.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati (N. L.), 12; Columbus (A. A.), 5.

At St. Louis—St. Louis (A. A.), 17; Chicago (N. L.), 4. Cleveland (P. L.), 1; Chicago (P. L.), 13.

At Jersey City—Brooklyn (N. L.), 26. Jersey City (A. L.), 8.

Ex-Governor Cornell's Troubles.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Charles E. Cornell, son of ex-Governor Alonzo B. Cornell, said yesterday that his father was in Canada and had not been away since the suits were brought against him. He declared very emphatically that all statements that anything was wrong in his father's affairs were false, and attributed the present difficulty to a disagreement between the ex-governor and persons with whom he has had business dealings. He also said that there was no truth whatever in the story that his father has become insane. He is at his son's house, 66 Washington avenue, Brooklyn, under doctors, and it is admitted that he is much worried about his business.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Mittens, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that one will always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near R. R. 10-18tf

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

An Interesting Moment.

Crowd (in elevator)—How soon does this elevator go up, Jay?

Elevator Boy (reading a weekly paper)—Jes as soon as I find out if the gal who leaped from the cliff was caught by her feller, who stood on the rock one thousand feet below.—Harper's Weekly.

Revenge Is Sweet.

Dentist—Now, sir, just a second and that aching tooth will cease to trouble you.

Patient—Going to yank it right out, doctor?

"Yes!"

"Well, don't hurry at all. Worry it around a little while, jab it with your knife and squeeze it tight once or twice before you yank it. The blamed thing's been keeping me in agony for six months, and I want it to feel how it is to be tortured itself!"—Lawrence American.

Drawing Her Out.

Miss Prime—I fear there is nothing in Miss Towle. Did you see her yawn while you were saying such beautiful things to her?

Mr. Secundus—Yes, and I kept right on, hoping she would end next.

Miss Prime—Why?

Mr. Secundus—I thought it just possible she might talk some in her sleep, you know.—Life.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Most Corns Killed on Earth; Softens Hard Corns, Callouses and Bunions. Stops pain instantly, and makes walking easy. Ingrowing nails relieved. Insist that your druggist procures for you Scatter-Corns. At druggists, 15 cents. Prepared only by

W. T. ELLIOTT & CO., Newark, N. J.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

28 NORTH AVENUE

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 13, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 7.30, 8.00, 9.45 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.45, 3.30, 5.15, 6.30, 8.30, 10.05, 11.24 p. m. Sunday, 2.37, 4.05, 5.45, 8.30, 10.05, 11.24 p. m.

Leave New York at 5.40, 7.25, 8.40, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.00, 6.25, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.05, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.15, 6.40, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.30, 8.05, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday, 9.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 7.00, 8.30, 10.00, 12.00 m., 2.00, 4.30, 6.00, 8.00, 10.00 p. m. Sunday, 10.00 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 11.15 a. m., 1.15, 3.30, 5.15, 7.15, 9.15 p. m. Sunday, 9.15 a. m., 5.15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.07, 9.37 a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.37 p. m. Sunday 9.37 a. m., 5.37 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.30, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.15, 4.05, 6.35 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

Leave Lake Hopatcong at 6.30 a. m., 2.00 p. m.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 13, 1890.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

Leave for Bangor, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington and Scranton.

For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1.30 a. m., For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1.30 p. m., For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1.30 p. m., For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1.30 p. m.

For Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Williamsport, etc. 8.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Manch Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc., 4.00 p. m. For Flemington, 6.00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, 4.00 p. m. For High Bridge, 12.00 noon, 4.00 p. m. For Easton, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville. Way for Easton, 6.00 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 1.37, 3.37, 5.37, 7.37, 9.37, 11.37 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m., 1.37 p. m. For Perth Amboy, 7.37, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.37, 11.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 9.37, 5.37 p. m. For Keyport, 7.37, 11.30 a. m., 4.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 9.37 p. m.

For Atlantic City 9.37, 11.30, 2 m., 1.07 p. m. Sunday 8.37 p. m.

For Bound Brook 9.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.30, a. m., 3.37, 5.37 p. m.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.37, 7.30, 8.00, 9.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 7.37, 9.37, 11.37 p. m. Sundays at 7.37, 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 2.30, 4.00, 5.14, 6.55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.37, 7.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.37, 4.00, 5.30 p. m. Sundays at 7.37, 11.30, 4.00, 6.55 p. m.

E. F. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best

How He Paid the Bill.

Some years ago, when Judge H. G. Hicks was not as prosperous as he has been in later years, he owed a little bill of $25 to a well known firm, and one of the members came to see him about it. The judge, then a plain colonel, lately returned from the war, frankly confessed that he was "busted" and asked for an extension of time.

"Can't do it," said the gentleman; "if you don't pay it we'll have to sue you."

"How can I pay when I haven't got the money?" asked the colonel. "All I want is a little time."

"Well, we'll have to bring suit," said the gentleman, as he started off.

"Hold on," said the colonel, as a bright idea struck him; "you must see me, why not give me the case? You will have to employ some lawyer."

"That's so," said the gentleman; "all right, bring the suit."

Col. Hicks brought the suit, confessed judgment, sent in his bill for $50 attorney's fee, collected it, then settled the judgment. From that time on he had all the firm's law business.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Good Judges of Character.

Passenger (alighting from cab)—What's the charge?

Cabman—One dollar.

Passenger—Well, that's quite reasonable. I knew by your face you wouldn't try to be extortionate.

Cabman—Thankee. I knew by your face that you wouldn't be too mean to pay more than the legal fare without a lawsuit.—New York Weekly.

In the Tyrant's Power.

Young Mr. Green—Really, my dear, you must get rid of that couch of ours. The dinner is perfectly dreadful.

Young Mrs. Green—I don't dare to, Richard. I must give her a week's notice, you know, and there is no telling what she might do in that time!—Munsey's Weekly.

Yes, Indeed!

On the frame surrounding the portrait of a certain beautiful woman, used for advertising purposes, appears the inscription, "The Best Tonic." So charming a subject surely would tempt a man to stand before the altar and vow to take her for bitters or for worse.—Lowell Citizen.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

40 North avenue.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—Starting from Park House.

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 7.45 a. m. to meet 8.05 a. m. train. Route, Hillside ave., Somerset st., Broadway to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.35 a. m. train.
2d do	9.15	do	9.35 do
3d do	10.00	do	10.20 do
4th do	11.00	do	11.24 do
5th do	12.00	do	12.20 p. m. do
6th do	1.00	do	1.20 p. m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.35 p. m.
8th do	3.00	To the Park ave. Depot.	
9th do	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
10th do	4.30	do	4.51 do
11th do	5.45	do	6.07 do
12th do	6.45	do	7.07 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenues, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 3.00, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' and gents' calling purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Stage to Grove on Sunday evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Spruce street, between 8th and 9th. Telephone Call, 18. 1-26tf

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 9:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:00 a. m. and 6:00 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. Direct mail to Paine, Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

ARRIVE at 9:30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office open at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Office Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 78-79 Somerset st.

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Spices. Pure Cider Vinegar, 4 years old; White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Shovels.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, harnesses, pungs, horses. Call and see the improvements on the Farvin iron wagon. John P. Watts, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerville, N. J.

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth.

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Jon A. Gaylord, corner 11 Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard south Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

27 1-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 982.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 982. North Plainfield, N. J.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience. Repairing attended to. Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 481.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine Street. H. B. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Long covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

HYDRE AVE AND WARREN ST.,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 21 Third street, corner Hyde. Everything pertaining to the business in first-class shape. Orders by telegraph or telephone promptly attended to. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE

at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.

Great reduction in prices of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits; payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET

and 22 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 229,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER

and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 32.

TUNIS J. CAREY

21 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Collection of Vagaries Facts and Out of the Ordinary Information.

We have at present in use various stops in written documents, as period, colon, semicolon, comma, point and so on. It is difficult to learn the exact time when these stops first came into use. It is certain that ancient writers did not use stops. Any one may assure himself of this fact if he examines an old manuscript, such as the Alexandrian in the British museum. The whole of that great work is written without a break, either between the words or sentences. How such manuscripts were read seems to be no matter for puzzling. The words themselves became in course of time separated from each other by means of certain marks.

There is a Latin inscription, found near Bath, Eng., which has its words parted from one another by a mark like the letter V, while another inscription has been found with a similar fold in a horizontal position between the words. It has been supposed by one who gave attention to the matter that punctuation, or how we call it, did not begin until after the invention of printing. The first printed books have no stops at all, but those which appeared in the next century begin to show them in the shape, in the main of interrogation, the full stop and the parenthesis are the earliest.

Toward the end of the Sixteenth century we find the colon, and afterwards the semicolon; the first instance of which occurs in "Hackluyt's Voyages," 1599. The note of admiration is said to be the latest of all.

Letters Never Delivered.

The number of letters sent through the mails that fail to reach their destination on account of imperfect addresses, illegible writing and reveals an amazing amount of ignorance and carelessness on the part of the senders. According to a report of the postmaster general for the fiscal year 1889 there were 4,867,000 misdirected letters received; 128,232 were held for want of postage; 19,110,140 had been mailed without any address at all; 31,-000,000 letters containing drafts, checks, notes, etc., were received, with the enormous aggregate value of their inclosures of over $7,000,000, which were returned to their owners without loss and a half million letters were destroyed in the office which could not be delivered or returned to the writers. The increase of delivery of mail matter and of the dead letter office was 17 per cent. over that in 1888.

An Exterminating View of False Hair.

It is told that some years ago Bishop Tascherau, of Canada, refused to impose his episcopal hands upon false hair, thereby following the example of the early fathers, who inveighed against the chignons and waterfalls of the ladies of ancient Rome. Clement of Alexandria even questioned the spiritual validity of certain ecclesiastical ceremonies that might not be affected by wigs; for how can the priest know, when his hand rests upon the head, whether he is really blessing? Tertullian shuddered at the thought that Christians might bear upon their heads the hair of the condemned in hell; he saw in the custom of dyeing hair the fulfillment of the prophecy of the declaration that man cannot make one hair black or white, and in the tier upon tier of false hair a rebellion against the universe that man cannot add a cubit to his stature.

Where at Rome Do as the Romans Do.

St. Augustine was in the habit of dining upon Saturday before upon Sunday; but being puzzled with the different practices then prevailing (for they had begun to fast at Rome on Saturday) consulted St. Ambrose on the subject. But St. Ambrose himself did not fast on Saturday, and the answer of the Milan saint, as recorded in St. Augustine's epistles to Casulanus was this:

"When I am here, I do not fast on Saturday; when at Rome, I do fast on Saturday.

And Burton, in his "Anatomy of Melancholy" says: "When they are at Rome they do there as they see done."

The Origin of Great Men.

Christopher Columbus was the son of a weaver and was a weaver himself. Claude Lorraine was bred a pastry cook. Cervantes was a common soldier. Homer was the son of a farmer. Demosthenes was the son of a cutler. Oliver Cromwell was the son of a brewer. Daniel Defoe was a hosier and son of a butcher. Cardinal Wolsey was the son of a butcher. Lavigan was the son of a maker of statuary. Virgil was the son of a porter. Horace was the son of a shopkeeper. Shakespeare was the son of a wool stapler. Milton was the son of a money scrivener. Pope was the son of a merchant. Robert Burns was *the son of a plowman in Ayrshire.*

Kindergartens.

According to an educational report, the kindergartens in 1887-88 numbered 321; teachers, 1,321; pupils, 31,327. In 1873 there were but 63 kindergartens in the United States, 73 instructors and 1,253 pupils. Women have *almost the exclusive management* of kindergartens *every where.* The kindergarten commences an attractive training of the minds and muscles of little children almost at the beginning of their existence. They are made to derive instruction and lasting utility from toys and playthings.

Song as a Bun is a Dog.

When we make use of the phrase "as sung as a bun is a rug" probably few of us know we are quoting the words of as noted a person as Benjamin Franklin, originally addressed to Miss Georgina Shipley in a letter to her on the loss of her pet squirrel, the couplet being:

Here thing lies sung
As a bug is a rug.

Washington Had It.

Dr. John Warren in a letter dated May 30, 1798, describes the epidemic known as the grippe and among other things in regard to the disease says: "Our beloved President Washington is but now on the recovery from a very severe and dangerous attack of it in that city"—New York.

"Have Dot Pieces."

It has been estimated that during a single voyage of the Cunard steamship Etruria, crockery is broken, on the average, at a rate of 920 plates, 280 cups, 635 saucers, 1,252 tumblers, 207 wine glasses, 27 decanters and 68 water bottles.

The Wettest Place in the World.

Cherrapongee, in southwest Assam, enjoys the distinction of being the wettest place in the world. In 1861 the rainfall there reached 905 inches. The average rainfall for the world is 36 inches.

How to Copy Drawings.

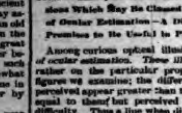
According to a German authority the following is the simplest method of copying a drawing to ordinary opaque drawing paper: Stretch the paper over the drawing in the usual manner and soak it with benzine by the aid of a cotton pad, when the paper becomes completely transparent. On this the drawing can be traced either with India ink, pencil or water color. The benzine evaporates on exposing the paper to the air, and leaves it in its normal condition.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

PRACTICAL ITEMS OF INTEREST TO A LARGE CLASS OF READERS.

Several Examples of Curious Optical Illusions Which May Be Classed Under Those of Ocular Estimation—A Discovery That Promises to Be Useful in Photography.

Among curious optical illusions are those of ocular estimation. These illusions depend rather on the particular properties of the figures we examine; the differences clearly perceived appear greater than the differences equal in fact but perceived with greater difficulty. Thus a line when divided appears greater than when not divided; the direct perception of the parts makes us notice the number of the subdivisions, the size of which is more perceptible than when the parts are not clearly marked off.



CUT 1—OPTICAL ILLUSIONS.

Thus, in Fig. 1, we imagine the length a b equals b c, although a b is in reality longer than b c. In an experiment consisting of *dividing a line into two equal parts, the right* eye tends to increase the half on the right, and the left eye to enlarge that on the left. To arrive at an exact estimate, we turn over the paper and find the exact center.

Illusions of this kind become more striking when the distances to be compared run in different directions. If we look at A and B (Figs. 2 and 3), which are perfect squares, A appears greater in length than in width, whilst B, on the contrary, appears to have greater width than length.

The same illusion is presented in a number of examples in the affairs of daily life. An empty room appears smaller than a furnished room and a wall covered with paper hangings appears larger than a bare wall. It is well known among sportsmen to present some one with a hat and request him to mark on the wall its supposed height from the floor. The height generally indicated will be a size and a half too large.

CUT 2—OPTICAL ILLUSIONS.

If we examine Fig. 2 in the second cut, the continuation of the line a does not appear to be of the length of b in reality—but 2, which is a little longer. This illusion is still more striking when we make the figure on a smaller scale as at 3. Miller says the Milan affair was on Saturday, and the answer of the Milan asked, as recorded in St. Augustine's epistles to Casulanus was this:

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PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Some Errors in Selecting Glasses—A Valuable Physiological Truth.

One source of error in buying glasses is mentioned by Medical Classics. This is the hurried trial given them. Many persons find afterward that while everything appeared bright and clear from a few minutes' use of the glasses selected, after continued wear they tire the eye or the print becomes blurred. This is especially true of either short sighted or farsighted persons, for when the nearsighted patient is allowed to select his own glasses he will in 99 cases out of 100 select too strong a glass, because it will give him a brighter or clearer picture; whereas the patient selecting glasses for old age will in a glass in most instances which enlarges the print, thinking that the larger the print appears to him the better he sees; or, on the contrary, he will be guided by the number of the subdivision, the size of which is more perceptible than when the parts are not clearly marked off.

Cheerfulness a Source of Health.

"Whatever else you do, don't worry yourself to death, if *yourself die,*" was the sage if somewhat cynical advice given by a physician who nearly attained five score years.

"A merry heart doeth good like a medicine," is more than a poetic metaphor; it is a physiological truth of immense practical value. It is a fact, not so difficult to explain as might be supposed, that many persons succumb to an attack at a time when numbers are sick of the same malady and not a few are dying from it who would have recovered if they had been the only sufferers. The effect of the mind upon the body is so well known that the first effort of all well informed physicians, when called to attend a person seized with any malady, is to secure mental tranquility and a hopeful spirit.

Whatever may be said of the power of faith to cure disease and restore the sick, no one who has had any experience with invalids will deny that there is much left for many to die who would have recovered if they had been sanguine of the result. A fright will check the motion of the heart, and people perish annually without any organic disease simply from the shock of a sudden alarm which has filled them with terror. The importance of the will to prolong life in a frail body has been so often witnessed that the medical authorities now accept it as established beyond all contradiction.

The Hour at Which Death Occurs.

From a study of fifteen thousand cases, extending over a period of twelve years, Dr. J. F. Burns writes to The New York Medical Journal that death occurs seemingly without any particular predilection for any certain hour, and that the number of deaths for each hour is very nearly proportional, considering the large number of cases taken and the time covered. The only very positive conclusions the author has arrived at from the figures are (1) that the idea that more deaths take place in the early morning hours is an erroneous one; (2) if stimulants are to be applied in the last extremities, as during the practice must be justified upon some other ground than to avert the possibility of danger supposed to be very probable at this period; (3) that the vitality of individuals in disease is not regulated by the same influences or subject to the same laws that govern the vitality of a healthy human being, the normal equilibrium maintained in health between the mental and physical states being altered.

Chilling the Feet.

Dr. Hinds says that to the imprudent act of getting out of bed without putting the feet—one so commonly committed by women without thought of the consequences—may be traced many an attack of cellulitis, brought to the light by the inflammatory exposure of the feet to cold. It has caused more diseased to women previously healthy than could result *from any other single act of imprudence.*

Tight Collars and Short Sight.

A new theory of the cause of shortsightedness is that of Dr. Forster, director of the Ophthalmic university of Breslau. He declares that in 200 cases that he has studied the pressure of tight collars upon the muscles of the neck has so disturbed the circulation of the blood as to affect the eyesight.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

"At Home" Days and Afternoon "At Homes"—Shall the Hostess Introduce?

An "At home" day, though not an afternoon party, approaches very near to one when acquaintances are numerous, and the "At home" day is a well established fact. On the other hand, an "At home" day may be very sparsely attended, bad weather perhaps being one cause for this. An "At home" day is usually weekly; once a month is almost unnatural which week the call is made; while *as regards an afternoon* "At home," it is uncomplimentary not to be present on the occasion to which you are invited.

"At home" days are now becoming very general, but it by no means follows that calls may not be made on other days of the week, but merely that on one day of the week there is a certainty of finding a lady at home, while on other days her being so is doubtful. The other side of the question is that an "At home day" may prove a tie in some instances, and prevent other engagements being formed for that day. Also, when a number of people are present, very little conversation can be had with any one in particular, and the "At home" day becomes a pleasant rendezvous for mutual friends; the hostess, beyond shaking hands with those who come and go, sees but little more of them.

A lady accustomed to having "At home days" usually knows how many to expect at afternoon tea, and her daintiest and prettiest china is in readiness on a tea table in a cozy corner of the drawing room, and she or her daughter pours out the tea for the visitors. *At afternoon* "At homes" the dining room is the scene of action, with maids and men servants in attendance, when a great display of dainty refreshments is the rule.

The question of introductions at them "At homes" and at home days is a very broad one; ladies hold different views respecting it. As a rule a hostess it is a more general practice than at others. Perhaps the secret of its not being done lies in the fact that people move very much in the same circle, and it is then far granted that they know each other more or less, and introductions in their case would therefore be superfluous. Anyhow, it is the fashion in many houses to introduce but very little, as a general rule; in others, however, introductions are made with the desire of promoting sociability between the most valued and intimate friends of a hostess. There is something more required when making introductions than to utilly mention names, and to those who are unaccustomed to them the other, doubtful what to say first, or whether to speak at all. It requires a few if not many kindly words from the hostess, and it is the duty of the gentleman kindly to place his themselves until the fusis sure that they are getting on well together. It is needless to add the lily, or to remark how pleasant a thing the "At home days" to her many friends, we have little so.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Plain Linen That May Be Embroidered and Hemstitched at Will.

Quite the latest fad in table linen is to use plain twill, without border or design; but *this* is undoubtedly one of the ephemeral fancies born to die in a season, says Decorator and Furnisher, calling attention, however, to the fact that there is economy in the plain goods, as they can be bought by the yard and every inch made use of in small doilies for finger bowls, cheese, bottles, etc. The plain goods offer opportunities for hemstitching and embroidery which the figured do not. Some handsome plain surface cloths show a large medallion center, with border to match; others are entirely without decoration, except a deep border representing a waving satin ribbon or a succession of fine satin lines.

Among the figured goods are found large numbers of floral designs, the corn flower, large cluster and vines of wild roses, the red clover leaf and blossom, clusters of *lily of the* valley and great pond lilies floating on a fine satin damask surface, all of natural size.

Napkins are of usual size and match the cloths and center pieces with which they are to be used; but the dollies are available in many sizes. They are in great variety and new designs, and quaint letterings are eagerly looked for by the connoisseur in these things. Most ladies do these themselves, and there is great rivalry among them as to who shall have the handsomest.

Colored Faience Jars and Pots.

Large colored faience jars and pots are considered to be valuable in furnishing in the country for piazzas and halls. Yellow and green tints are the favorite colors, but a novelty appears this season in large bowl shaped pots, blue and white, and imitated from the Japanese. For out of doors there are fine pottery garden seats shaped in flash colors, such as are seen in oriental porcelains. On these are mounted large jars of similar color. Other decorative bare Renaissance decoration in relief, as white on green with bowl like jars to match. Yellows are particularly good and are often tub shaped. They are resplendent in the country, filled with masses of yellow lilies, Maximilian daisies, yellow hollyhocks, or daffodils. The secret of color decoration is in keeping the colors massed. Parti-colored bouquets are not effective. The flowers, however, may contrast in color with the jar, but they are better of one kind and tint. Great bunches of pink roses are admirable in turquois blue jars.

A Luxury for Smokers.

Among chairs specially constructed for the use of smokers is one with sliding seat and movable rail panel at back, which being attached to the seat, moves with it, the angle determined on allowing of fixed adjustment. The equipments for smoking are in two drawers on each side beneath, and with their fronts flush with the supporting rail of the seat, explains Decorator and Furnisher.

Quick Cookies.

Use equal parts of sweetened cream and sugar, with flour to roll. Sweetened cream is made by stirring dry soda into sour cream until it forms a stiff jelly. Add to flour after stirring to taste; a quarter of a spoonful of good baking powder improves the whole. The rule as first stated, however, is invaluable for short-ness, and lends good weather there is one cupful or six of the ingredients used.

Jellied Chicken.

Jellied chicken is prepared by boiling the birds until tender; then they are skinned and the meat cut from the bones and chopped in small pieces. Pour a quart of the water in which they were boiled over a box of gelatine for the meat of three chickens. Season with salt and pepper. Pour this over the chicken and set it in a cool place until the liquor becomes a jelly.

To Restore Elasticity to Cane.

The elasticity of cane chair bottoms can be to a great extent restored by washing the cane with soap and water until it is well soaked, and then drying thoroughly in the air, after which they will become as tight and firm as new, if none of the canes are broken.

A Kitchen Convenience.

The ordinary ironing board is oftentimes very much in the way in the household.

STATIONARY IRONING BOARD.

An idea for making a stationary article which has given great satisfaction is illustrated in Farm and Fireside by means of the cuts here reproduced.

IRONING BOARD IN USE.

The board is supported to the swinging about thirty inches from the floor, or at any desired height, the length of the brace under side being proportioned accordingly.

Odds and Ends.

Carved wood flower boxes, inside the window of reception rooms, are becoming popular, especially in conservatories, reaching the window-sash to the ground. The plants stand in them.

Old fashioned chairs with large seats, such as may be met with in old cottages and farmhouses, are coming into favor. Get the chair seats are of chessing, worked in crewels. The work is done by skillful hands at home.

An umbrella stand which has to its upper rim a movable tubular receptacle for the forced apart by pressing the handle of the umbrella into them, and then close upon it and hold the umbrella upright, is a welcome improvement on the ordinary slippery receptacle.

$1.40!

Is Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquett Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $1.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS.) THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL

Spring and Summer Opening

of

Imported and Domestic Millinery

will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 6-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 35c per yard.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Quaities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

18 AND 15 SOMERSET STREET.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacists Only.

When You Are Well

you need; obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, handkerchief extracts, bath sponges, chamois, shaving brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

N. W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W. RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 23B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Boston Prices. Goods delivered promptly to all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE

1890.

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so low. It is your wisest policy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some stores, when you can buy the very best at the same price. Now is the time for every lady to get their goods and overshoes.

We have made great preparations for a large Spring trade, and have a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the latest styles in Ladies' and Misses' Leather, Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Lungs, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Spinal Curvature, Female Diseases, Neuralgia, Paralysis, etc. Private apartments for Ladies. 29 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

FOR PARLOR and BRICK GRATE FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

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24 and 26 doors. Bell 'Phone.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Over Second street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & S. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Post avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, APRIL 14 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—City Common Council meeting to-night.

—The Easter collections in St. Mary's church amounted to $625.

—Easter services were held in the Westfield Congregational church last evening.

—The class for inductive Bible study meets at the Y. M. C. A. to-night. Men welcome.

—The scholars of the public schools resumed their studies to-day after their Easter vacation.

—The Elizabeth Presbytery will hold its session in the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church to-night.

—The Plainfield Water Works Company have handsomely fitted up their new offices on North avenue.

—It is reported that a number of small boys went swimming in the Raritan river at Bound Brook yesterday.

—Mr. A. C. La Boyteaux will give an interesting Bible talk to the Young Men's Association at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—Two hundred and forty of the employes of the Pond Machine and Tool Works again quit work at twelve o'clock Saturday.

—The Bridgeport and Hartford Polo Clubs and the D. J. Canary combinations give two hours entertainment at the Crescent this evening.

—Yesterday is said to have been the hottest day for the middle of April of which there is any record. The thermometer played around the eighties.

—The regular business meeting of the "Y" will be held in the rooms Tuesday afternoon at five o'clock. Every member is requested to be present.

—The Young Crescents of this city visited Dunellen Saturday morning and defeated the Young Americans of that place in a game of ball by a score of 18 to 6.

—If German girl who advertised last week in THE NEWS for employment will call at this office she may receive another large bunch of answers awaiting her.

—Special Policeman Bitter yesterday after noon arrested two men for reckless driving. His morning they were arraigned before City Judge Coddington and fined $15.

—Bishop Wigger of the diocese of Newark will administer the Sacrament of Confirmation to a number of children in St. Mary's parish early in September.

—Meeting for consecration and prayer at the parlors of Mrs. E. J. Poole this evening at 8:45 o'clock, 32 West Third street, second door from Central avenue. All are invited.

—Captain Grant raided a number of young men who were playing cards in the vicinity of the Oil Cloth Works yesterday afternoon. The gamblers escaped but Mr. Grant captured the cards.

—The annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Elizabeth will be held in the chapel of the Crescent avenue church on Tuesday, April 15th, at 2:30 o'clock.

—The Mission Band of the Westfield Presbyterian church held an entertainment in that edifice last evening. It consisted of recitations, singing, etc. These entertainments will be repeated monthly.

—The rush of people at the store of Messrs. Bingham and Fulper of the Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, No. 29 West Front street, continues to be extraordinary, and they advertise new bargains to-day.

—During the pulling out of a drawhead on one of the freight cars last night, the mails train was delayed some time and it was found necessary to transfer the milk cans to another car before the train could proceed on its way.

—Saturday afternoon as a bicycler was turning the corner of Park avenue his machine collided with a daughter of Mr. John Chandler. The shock almost knocked the young lady down and caused the cyclist to take a header.

—Saturday morning Mr. Charles Johnson procured the loan of Mr. C. H. Hand's horse and wagon to deliver a chest of tools at his house East Third street. When he arrived at his destination he tied the animal to a hitching post. It appears that the horse was not used to this treatment and it began jumping about in a threatening manner and before Mr. Johnson could unhitch the frightened animal it succeeded in breaking a shaft and some of the harness.

—The car stove which has been the cause of the destruction of many lives and much property by setting fire to railroad trains in cases of wreck, seems now to be in a fair way of being superseded by steam heating arrangements on the Pennsylvania Railroad. An appliance for this purpose, said to be devised by the company's own mechanics, was tested for the first time on the 4:40 p. m. express from New York to New Brunswick, Oliver Holmes, conductor, and W. R. Cordes, engineer, on Monday. It consists of steam pipes running along the sides of the cars, and covered with woodwork, having openings the lower length from the floor to permit the heat to pass into the compartments. Some engineers think that the method of heating apparatus is very odd weather will be a great success. It is claimed to create steam enough for both locomotive and cars, however, so say that there will be no trouble of that nature. The latest appliance is consistent with the results of previous experiments on other roads.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1890.			
1	34	46	40
2	32	48	40
3	34	50	42
4	36	52	44
5	38	54	46
6	40	56	48
7	42	58	50
8	44	60	52
9	46	62	54
10	48	64	56
11	50	66	58
12	52	68	60
13	54	70	62
14	56	72	64
15	58	74	66
16	60	76	68
17	62	78	70
18	64	80	72
19	66	82	74
20	68	84	76
21	70	86	78
22	72	88	80
23	74	90	82
24	76	92	84
25	78	94	86
26	80	96	88
27	82	98	90
28	84	100	92
29	86	102	94
30	88	104	96

THE BASE BALL SEASON

BEGINS IN PLAINFIELD WITH A DEFEAT FOR THE LOCAL TEAM.

The Contest Very Exciting.—The Game A Credit to the Crescents.—A Large Crowd Witnessed the Play and Everybody was Surprised.

One of the most interesting as well as exciting ball games that has ever occurred in this city took place on the Crescent League grounds Saturday afternoon, when the Crescents of this city and the Star-Athletics of Newark crossed bats for the first time. At 3:45 o'clock when the game was called there was a large crowd present and excitement ran high. There was much speculation as to what would be the result of the game and it was evident from the start that it would be a lively contest.

The nines were made up as follows:

Crescents—Lee, 3b.; McMurray, r.f.; Lafferty, 2b.; Martin, s.s.; Wiegand, 1b.; Jones, c.; Livingston, p.; McLoughlin, l.f.; Spencer, c. f.

Star-Athletics—Carlin, Reed, Craig, Nerlen, Armitage, Cahill, Dearne, Yahan and Hetzel.

First inning.—The Crescents lose the toss for choice and went to the bat. Lee was the first man up and he struck out. McMurray went out on a fly and Lafferty was out at first. The visitors also went out in 1, 2, 3 order. Carlin was caught out on a foul, Reed was thrown out at second base and Craig struck out. Result 0.

Second inning. — Martin struck out, Wiegand went out at first and Livingston struck out. Jones was left on second base. Star-Athletics—Nerlen went to the bat and knocked a ball over the right hand fence making a home run. Armitage was put out at the home plate; Cahill was caught out on a fly and Yahan followed in his wake. Dearne was left on base. Result, 2 runs.

Third inning.—McLoughlin struck out; Spencer was put out at first, McMurray was caught out on a fly. Lee was left on second. Result, 0. Stars—Reed was thrown out at first, Craig was caught out on a fly and Nerlen was put out at first. Result 0.

Fourth inning.—Lafferty reached second and in attempting to steal third was thrown out. Martin made a run on Wiegand's "bunt." The latter being thrown out at second. Livingston struck out. Jones was left on second. Result 1 run. Stars—Armitage struck out; Cahill was thrown out at first, Dearne was caught out on a fly. Result 0.

Fifth inning.—McLoughlin reached first; Spencer struck out; Lee followed suit. McMurray sent McLoughlin to second; Lafferty was thrown out on first. Result 1 run. Stars—Hetzel went to first and finally reached home. Hetzel struck out; Carlin followed suit; Craig was caught out on a fly. Reed was left on second base. Result 1 run.

Sixth inning.—Martin reached third; Wiegand got as far as second; Jones struck out; Livingston followed suit. Result, 0. Stars—Nerlen, Armitage and Cahill went out in one, two, three order.

Seventh inning.—Spencer went out at first; Lee was caught out on a fly; Lafferty was put out at first, McMurray was left on second. Result, 0. Stars—Dearne went out at first at second; Hetzel struck out and Carlin was put out first; Yahan was left on second. Result 0.

Eighth inning.—Martin made a run, Wiegand was thrown out at third; Livingston struck out and McLoughlin went out on a fly. Jones left on second. Result 1 run. Stars—Reed was put out at third; Craig struck out; Nerlen was caught out on a fly. Result 0.

Ninth inning.—Spencer was caught out on a fly; McMurray and Lafferty followed suit. Lee was left on second. Stars—Armitage, Cahill and Dearne were caught out on flys.

Tenth inning.—Lafferty went out at first, Martin and Wiegand followed suit. Stars—Yahan went out; Hetzel was caught out on a foul and Carlin was put out at second. Result 0.

Eleventh inning.—Jones, Livingston and McLoughlin went out in 1, 2, 3 order. Stars—Reed, Craig and Nerlen followed suit.

Twelfth inning.—Spencer was caught out on a foul; Lee struck out and McMurray did likewise. Stars—Cahill made a base hit and Dearne struck out.

The score by innings is as follow:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Crescents.	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—3
Stars.....	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—4

The Miller Case.

The case of the City vs. Jos. B. Miller, who is charged with keeping his barroom open after hours came up for trial a second time this afternoon before City Judge Codington and a jury. The case was called at 2:30 o'clock, Prosecutor Coursen appeared for the city and Mr. Samuel Kalisch of Newark appeared for defense. Mr. Kalisch renewed his plea to dismiss the complaint on the ground that the ordinances were not valid and were not in force; that no conviction can be made under ordinances because they conflict with the Wurts act. The case is still on as we go to press.

A Permit Issued.

County Physician Wescott arrived in Plainfield Saturday afternoon in response to a telegram from Undertaker A. M. Runyon & Sons, and viewed the remains of the late J. Potter Johnson, who was killed by the cars Saturday afternoon. He deemed an inquest unnecessary and issued a permit for the removal of the remains. The body was later taken to the deceased's late home on East Third street.

License Granted.

In the Middlesex County Court Saturday Judge Rice granted the license applications of Mr. Taylor to keep a hotel at Dunellen; Mrs. Geary, to keep one at South Plainfield, Lloyd Nelson was also licensed to keep a place at New Market. A number of other applications were granted.

Killed on His Birthday.

Henry Middlecoff, a war veteran, was killed Saturday by a train on the Central railroad at Elizabeth. Middlecoff was sixty-four years old. He was killed on his birthday anniversary, which he had intended to celebrate by a party in the evening.

THE WATER-WORKS TEST.

An Average Supply of 1,444,000 Gallons in 24 Hours.

Saturday afternoon at three o'clock the Plainfield Water Works Company tested their driven wells at Netherwood. The test was a preliminary one. There are six well in all and they are all connected. A vacuum gauge was adjusted on one of the wells and it ran up 13 lbs. of pressure and did not vary. The water was as clear as crystal and the the visitors present said they could not wish for better drinking water. The spill-way and flue to measure the exact quantity of water was not ordered in time to be of any practical use. It was made under the direction of Mr. Cady, the assistant engineer and will be ready for the next test, which will probably take place in about two weeks. By measurement of the pump plunger and the stroke of the pump, however, it was ascertained that the wells yielded 1,000 gallons of water per minute, or an average of 1,444,000 in 24 hours. This was thrown from the pipes continuously for five hours without reducing the water in the wells.

Among the gentleman present were: Mayor Mabie and Councilmen Dunham, Hetfield, Johnston, Roberts, Rashmore and Spangenberg. Engineer Rudolph Hering, Assistant Engineer Cady, Col. Chas. K. Moore, John R. Moore and Edwards S. Miller, the sub-contractor.

Mr. Charles K. Moore has been given the power of attorney for the company and will transact all their business. His office is located in the Sebring building on North avenue.

EX-COMMUNICATED.

A Bride and Groom Deprived of the Rights of the Church.

When the Rev. Father Smyth ascended the pulpit to preach the sermon at the 10:45 o'clock mass Saturday morning the large congregation present was not prepared for the bomb that was to explode in their midst. The reverend gentleman after reading the Gospel for the day chose for his text the Sacrament of Matrimony. He explained the nature of the ceremony, its prohibitory portions and impediments. He said it is a well established fact that no persons can get married in the Catholic church during the Lenten season without special dispensation from the Bishop of the diocese. Continuing he said, notwithstanding this fact two members of St. Mary's congregation went to Brooklyn and were made man and wife. Father Smyth then announced that the parties were ex-communicated and that they would not be entitled to receive the sacrament of the church until they made public reparation.

The announcement caused considerable comment and much speculation as to who the parties were. It was finally ascertained.

THE MARTENS ARRIVE.

Remarkable Birds, and the Regularity of Their Arrival.

Yesterday morning the advance guard of the martens arrived in Plainfield and visited the premises occupied by them last year, building, 37 West Front street, of Mr. W. W. Cornell, who has furnished the bird house and cared for the birds these twenty years or so, they in return keeping his place well rid of flies on which they subsist. The martens have visited Plainfield regularly for half a century at least, coming in the Spring and departing early in the Fall with remarkable regularity.

Ex-City Judge Sullivan, since 1865, has kept a record of their arrival and departure, and to him we are indebted for the record given below of

THE DATES OF ARRIVAL.

1885.....	April 21
1886.....	" 19
1887.....	" 20
1888.....	" 19
1889.....	" 13
1890.....	" 13

A full description of this species of birds appeared in THE NEWS about a year ago.

PERSONAL.

Mr. John Corriel of New York city, spent yesterday with his grand mother, Miss Ritchie of this city.

Mr. Samuel Mulford formerly of this city, but now of New York, spent yesterday with friends here.

Mr. George Mohl of West Second street left town Saturday to accept a lucrative position in Boston, Mass.

Mr. Frank McClusky has returned to his home on South Second street from a pleasant visit to Worcester, Mass.

Miss Lottie Mills of Summit and Miss Lucy Mills of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, spent yesterday with Westfield friends.

Mr. Edward Birmingham, the man who was injured at the Potter Press Works, has almost entirely recovered from the injuries.

Mr. J. E. Crozer of East Front street has so far recovered from the recent operation performed on his left foot as to be able to walk out with the aid of crutches.

Mr. E. D. Young, a former employe of the Pond Machine and Tool Works left to-day for Plainfield Saturday afternoon in response to a telegram from Undertaker A. M. Runyon & Sons, and viewed the remains of the late J. Potter Johnson, who was killed by the cars Saturday afternoon. He deemed an inquest unnecessary and issued a permit for the removal of the remains. The body was later taken to the deceased's late home on East Third street.

Downing Caught in the Woods.

James, alias "Silver" Downing, the notorious Newark desperado who escaped from the Morris Plains Insane Asylum Friday morning was recaptured in the woods. He fought like a demon, and great trouble was experienced in subduing him.

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

Old School-boy Answers Old school-boy.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The reply to problem in THE NEWS a few days ago, which no one seems able to solve is as follows:

I answer from the deep my name is God;
SOUNDS edible, not audible, are mine;
Beheaded, if not singular, I'm odd;
Tailless I'm Co.—for company the sign.

To these oft I prompt the baited line
That drags quivering from my briny bed,
My tail denotes the roaring river Dee.
The C 'tis easy seeing 'tis my head.

Twixt head and tail naught's left, O hapless fish!
Yet deftly mixed I make a dainty dish.

AN OLD SCHOOL-BOY.

And here is another version:
"Cut off my head and singular I am.
Cut off my tail and plural I appear.
Cut off both head and tail and stranger to tell
Although my middle's left there's nothing there.

What is my head cut off? A sounding sea.
What is my tail cut off? A roaring river.
Within whose lowest depths I play
Parent of sweet sounds tho' mute for ever."

For Those Interested.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. April 10, 1890.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The experiments of the Entomologists during the season of 1889 has proved that many of the staple crops of the State are seriously damaged by insect attack,—e. g., the wire worms and a root louse on corn; the borer in melons and squashes and a leaf louse on the same plants; the rose bug on grapes, maggots on cabbage and onions. All of these are fairly well known so far as their life habits are concerned, but the remedies usually adopted do not seem to be as satisfactory as is desirable. The main work of the coming season will therefore be to the line of experiments with insecticides, with especial reference to the insects above mentioned. To make these tests satisfactory, the co-operation of the farmers is necessary, if more than one or two crops are to be regarded. Farmers troubled by either of the above named pests are requested to write to the station, and, if they are willing to make and report on experiments, insecticide substances to be tested will be furnished by the station in experimental quantities.

Letters should be addressed to Prof. J. B. Smith, Entomologist, and should, if possible contain a short account of the farmer's own own observations on the insects especially annoying to him.

JOHN B. SMITH,
Entomologist.

PLUMMER & CO'S SCHEDULE.

Assignee Murphy Finds the Nominal Assets $1,200,000, and the Actual Assets $200,000

The schedule of Jeremiah P. Murphy, the assignee of John F. Plummer & Co., are to be filed this week and will show that the nominal assets of the firm are about $1,200,000, and the actual assets about $200,000. The liabilities amount to more than $900,000.

Assignee Murphy's investigations have tended to show that the firm's embarrassments were directly due to the peculiar operations of W. S. Darling, the financial man for John F. Plummer & Co. It is known that Darling used the First National Bank of New York, drawing on them his personal checks for an amount between $400,000 and $500,000.

The actual assets of the defunct firm consist of stock and claims for goods sold and delivered, as well as the individual property of Mr. Plummer, which includes real estate valued at $130,000. Among the liabilities are $40,000 to the Broadway National Bank, $20,000 to the Central National Bank, $225,000 to the Hockanum Company, $150,000 to the New England Company and $45,000 to the Springville company. The Hockanum balances are due on open account, the account.

There are also a number of claims scattered about among dry goods men in sums of about $3,000 each.

To Extend the Newark Branch.

The New Jersey Central Railroad Company is said to have decided to extend its Newark branch westward to connect with the main line at Pawnee. The goods will be elevated so as to cross Broad and the other streets in Newark above grade. The plan is to use archways similar to those used in Philadelphia by the Pennsylvania road. The extension will prove of inestimable value to the people of Newark and the outlying towns and villages, who at present have to use horse-cars. The project has been agitated for a long time. It is not likely that it will be carried out for some time to come.

Turn Verein Convention.

The New Jersey Turn Verein held a convention yesterday afternoon in the Turn Verein Hall on Webster avenue, Jersey City. Delegates representing all the societies in the State were present. Christian Stoettner, of Elizabeth presided. The convention appointed twenty-five delegates to attend the Hoster Staats Verein fest, which is to be held in Williamsburg in June.

—The Elizabeth Herald under new management is showing itself to be a very decent Democratic paper, with which it will be a pleasure, no doubt, to hold it present high standard, to discuss public questions for the public good. The paper a few days ago donned a new dress and has therewith become rather "fresh," but only in the sense of suggesting that its appearance is to be as its character has been—new. We extend the right hand of fellowship, with best wishes for success.

—An advance copy of the report of the Dairy Commissioner of New Jersey on food adulteration shows that during the past year 903 official notices were served on dealers in milk and cream, of whom excepted the offer of the State Board of Health to analyze goods of doubtful quality. During the year 2,597 articles of food were analyzed; of these 1,495 were pure, or equal to the legal standard; and 1,102 were sophisticated within the meaning of the act. This shows that 42 per cent. were pure and 58.96 were adulterated.

THE STEEL WORM.

Will This Explain Some of the Railroad Accidents?

A little but most destructive insect has been discovered in Germany. It is said that this is the most remarkable worm known to exist. This wonderful creature is only satisfied after a feed on common steel, and was first brought to notice by an article in the Cologne Gazette, in June, 1887. For some time preceding the account circulated the greatest consternation existed among the engineers employed on the railroad at Hagen, caused by accidents which always occurred at the same place, proving that some terrible defect must exist either in the material or in the construction of the rails. The government became interested, and sent a commission to the spot for the purpose of maintaining a constant watch. It was not, however, until six months had elapsed that the surface of the rails appeared to be corroded, as if by acid, to the extent of over one hundred yards. The rail was taken up and broken, whereupon it was found to be literally honeycombed by a thin, threadlike, gray worm. The worm is said to be two centimetres in length and about the bigness of a common knitting needle. It is of a light-gray color, and on the head it carries two little sacs or glands filled with a most powerful corrosive secretion which is ejected every ten minutes when the little demon is laying undisturbed. This liquid when squirted upon wonders that metal soft and spongy and of the color of rust, when it is easily and greedily devoured by the little insect. "I here is no exaggeration," says the official report, "in the assertion that this creature is one of the most voracious, for it has devoured thirty kilogrammes of rails in a fortnight."

Died.

COLLINS—In this city John Collins, died April 12th, 1890, age 56 years.

Funeral on Tuesday April 15th, from his late residence 69 West Front street at 8 a. m, and from St. Mary's church 9:30. A Solemn Requiem Mass will be offered up for the repose of his soul. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. *C

Cent-a-Word-Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-4t

A MILLINER. Wanted immediately at Mrs. Dunn's, 14 West Front street. 12tf

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fine. 4-29tf

FRUIT and shade trees, vines and greenhouse plants at Denton's Hillside avenue nurseries. 11-3

$70 SEVEN octave piano Rosewood case in good repair and fully warranted. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf

FOR RENT—House, barn and garden, and if desired, from 20 to 30 acres, of tillable land adjoining and situate about one mile from Dunellen. To a good tenant terms will be made easy. Apply to I. Scribner, No. 33 Maple st., North Plainfield. 4-5tf

FOR SALE—Central avenue and Randolph Road. Choicest location in Plainfield. Colonial Villa just completed; spacious and commodious, finished in hard wood. Cabinet trim, electric light throughout. Lot 115x265 feet. Will be sold cheap. W. F. Hall. 11-3tf

FOR SALE Cheap—A light phaeton with pole and shafts in good order. First class horse. A. W. Haviland, 26 Rockview avenue. 11-3tf

$190 CHICKERING piano. This fine instrument left for sale. Perfect in every particular. Thompson Park. 4-12tf

FOR SALE—My handsome property of nearly four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-6-eotf

FOR SALE—Brown mare, very stylish, and of kind and true disposition. Also good saddler, will be sold cheap. Address Box 59, Westfield, N. J.

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double for two years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son, 58 Park avenue. 4-5tf

SETTINGS of eggs of thoroughbred Pekin ducks, $1 per dozen. Also eggs of the thoroughbred black Minorca fowls, $1 per setting. Crescent layers known, both Winter and Summer. 113 Rockview avenue. 4-14tf

TO LET—Small house, 38 Park place, North Plainfield. 14-3

TO LET—For season, furnished house. A good sanitary order, large grounds and stable. Address House, care of EVENING NEWS. T and S

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms. Inquire of R. Fairchild, furniture store, 21 East Front street. 4-9tf

$225 UPRIGHT piano. In use three months, with slight defect in case. We arrange to exchange. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large front room, No. 31 Somerset street; also stable for four horses in the rear. 8-tf

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply at 57 East Fifth street.

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a responsible company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to consumers at cost. Also a lady of character in each local members $6,000 now enrolled, $100,000 paid in). References exchanged. Empire Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Look box 612, N. Y. e my 1y

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Call at 17 Dover street. References required. 12-3

WANTED—Situation by married man as coachman. Can give good reference. Address or call at 1126 South Second street. 10-6.

WANTED—A few sober respectable men to board. For particulars call at 61 East Third street, city. 2-6

Special Notices

MR. W. O. BALDWIN of Somerville, Mass., received 30 good draft and business horses, Saturday. Call and see them. 13-3

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 18 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. COOLEY, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 5-30-1m*

BICYCLES!

I wish to inform my friends and the public in gen eral that I have opened a

Bicycle Agency,

AT NO. 75 PARK AVENUE,

where I shall be glad to furnish any of the following machines:

Columbia Bicycles and Tricycles, Hartford Safety, Globe Safety, Rudge Safety, Crescent Safety, Juno Safety for gentlemen or ladies, Junior Safety for boys and girls. Our Pet Safety for children; also the best Velocipede in the market. Catalogues on application.

Frank L. C. Martin.

For Two Nights Only

AT

The Crescent!

April 14 and 15,

Match Game of POLO between

The BRIDGEPORTS, Champions of 1890, of the New England League, and the HARTFORDS, Champions of 1888.

GRAND EXHIBITION

of Fancy and Trick

BICYCLE AND MONOCYCLE RIDING,

BY

Daniel J. Canary,

Champion of the World.

Game of Polo on Eagle Bicycles

By four of the most Expert Players.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, April 17,

THE BIG NEW YORK HIT.

THE FAMOUS

BOSTON HOWARD ATHENAEUM CO.,

Headed by one of Plainfield's most prominent tax-payers,

George Thatcher,

together with

20 Great Artists 20

SPECIAL—We bring our own orchestra from New York to insure a perfect performance. Prices 35, 50, 75c. and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

THE CANTATA OF EASTER

IN THE

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Dunellen, N. J.,

Monday and Thursday Evenings,

APRIL 14 and 17.

Concert at 8 o'clock. Admission 50 Cents. Plainfield train will wait until after the Concert. 12-3*

Nothing Old,

NOT EVEN THE PROPRIETORS.

New Store. New Firm. New Goods.

We make no secret of our business system. Here it is: We sell for CASH, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. We buy for CASH in the largest lots and lowest rates for really first class goods. We are contented with small profits and quick sales. We make money by them and you save money.

Our prices for this week on following goods will be:

PILLSBURY FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; GOLDEN AGE FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; IMPERIAL FLOUR, best 70c. per bag; GOOD FAMILY FLOUR, best 60c. per bag; FLEMINGTON HAMS, 13c. per lb; FLEMINGTON SHOULDERS, 7c. per lb; Teas of all kinds from 40c. (I lb for $1); Cream Combination Coffee (Mocha Java and Maracaibo) 33c. per lb. Sugar at Cost. Crockery at Pottery Prices.

Remember every article is warranted strictly pure. Bean Coffee, free from stones, and bog us beans; Ground Coffee, free from Peas, Rye, etc. No Oleomargarine kept in stock. We pay biggest price for Fresh Country Eggs. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

Our extra wagons for delivery of goods in country and adjoining towns will be complete loads of two words. Therefore people desirous of saving money by becoming our customers will leave their orders with

MESSRS. BINGHAM & FULPER, Prop.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

Dealers in full line of groceries,

NO. 29 WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE,

DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses will convincingly demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

* * *

How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! 'Tis the best bargain we have offered in some time —a few days more and 'twill all be sold.

* * *

Do you want matting? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

* * *

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

* * *

House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a dinner set you will find it here. We sell stains complete at 25c. Curtain poles complete at 25c.

VanEmburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in American Damask, a neat pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 61 East Front street, (also rooms with cook), both and furnished complete for housekeeping, is now for sale. Apply to W. C. Baxter, No. 1 East Front street. 10-3-tf

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.

FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purses.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

W. W. SOMERSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT FIFTY CENTS A MONTH.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 62. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Those congressmen who take a week to make a speech ought to get some live newspaper reporter to edit their ideas for them. They might be surprised to find their remarks boiled down to half an hour, and greatly improved in the boiling process.

The pension bill that has met most favorable consideration in congress recently is the service pension act. It provides that when a man who served through the war and was honorably discharged has reached the age of 62, he shall be placed on the pension list and receive the sum of $12 month the rest of his life. Those in such bill as this will be passed before many years, if not immediately.

"Dear Mr. Kennan—When this reaches you I shall be in prison." This is the beginning of a letter that Mrs. Maria Trebrikova sent to George W. Kennan, in America, just before she forwarded to the czar the petition for which she is exiled to Siberia. With the letter to Kennan was a copy of the petition. It was eloquent beyond most appeals for justice, asking the czar to give his people free speech, a free press and a parliament. It did not contain a suggestion of a threat. It was, as Kennan says, "as frank, earnest but temperate and perfectly respectful petition for liberty, justice and the redress of wrongs." Yet for this Mme. Trebrikova, a gifted, patriotic woman, past forty years of age, is doomed to the horrors of Siberia. Small wonder that Alexander III is a victim of melancholia. The only wonder is that he is not a maniac. What the end of his reactionary government will be is something to contemplate with a shudder.

Recent Storms.

All of this country except a narrow strip along the Pacific coast has congratulated itself up to a few years ago that it was safe from earthquakes. The dread experience at Charleston shows this faith to have been ill-founded, while the awful floods and tornadoes of late years prove that even an earthquake is not the direst natural calamity that can overtake mankind.

What seems to be the era of tornadoes began about thirty years ago, and they have occurred at irregular intervals ever since. There is no record in the early history of the country of such violent storms as now occur, even in the Ohio valley and the middle states.

The tornado that devastated Louisville came, as usual, from the west. The hour at which it arrived at the various cities in its dread track is worth noting. Early in the morning of March 27 a heavy wind and rain storm began at Omaha, Neb., turning to a blizzard about noon. Dubuque, Ia., was struck at noon with snow and a wind forty miles an hour. It reached Keokuk, Ia., in the afternoon in the form of wind and rain. At 8 o'clock it was in St. Louis and at 4:20 p. m. it was at Cairo. Chicago was north of its main track and it did not appear there till evening, and then not in its most damaging form. While it prevailed occurred the terrible explosion in the sugar refinery there.

For Louisville the storm had reserved its wildest fury, and here it came at 9 o'clock in the evening.

The Flood.

Persons outside of the valley of the lower Mississippi have little idea of the devastation wrought by breaks in its levees. In 1882 thousands of farm animals perished from drowning and starvation, and millions of dollars' worth of crops were swept away. At one point the river was sixty miles wide. When the woods are flooded with water the wild animals are driven out of their lairs. Hundreds of starving deer walked boldly about the streets of villages and into farm yards. They lost their terror of man in the greater dread of flood and hunger. Millions of buffalo gnats appear at such times and sting to death the farmer's live stock.

When the first breaks in the levees occurred in Louisiana this spring some southern newspapers were inclined to blame those in Louisiana on the rice flumes, which are openings to flood the rice plantations from the Mississippi. But the great river, which man has been trying for a hundred years to pen in, would have asserted itself in any case. The floods in the lower Mississippi will probably never cease till the river has overflowed its banks so often that the sediment deposited will have raised the whole surface of the ground many feet higher than its present level. "The trouble with this region is that it was settled 300 years too soon," said the state geologist of Louisiana in 1882.

The suffering and destruction this year will probably be not less than they were in 1882. Meantime let us not forget that all Americans are brothers. Let us send help to the suffering even as we would have it sent to us in need. Fortunately we have Clara Barton and her Red Cross auxiliaries still.

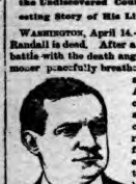
HIS LIFE WORK IS OVER

Ex-Speaker Samuel J. Randall Has Passed Away.

DEATH WON THE VICTORY AT LAST.

Surrounded by His Loved Ones, the Commoner Passed the Portal and Entered the Undiscovered Country—The Interesting Story of His Life.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Samuel Jackson Randall is dead. After a long and valiant battle with the death angel the great commoner peacefully breathed his last at 10:5 a. m., Sunday, April 13. Internal cancer was then steadily thatended his career. He was surrounded by his family—his devoted wife and affectionate children, his daughters, Mrs. Lancaster and Susie Randall and his son Samuel—in his last moments. Mr. Randall came to

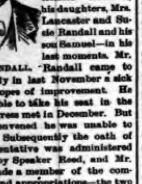


SAMUEL J. RANDALL.

Washington early in last November a sick man, but with hopes of improvement. He expected to be able to take his seat in the house when congress met in December. But when congress convened he was unable to leave his home. Accordingly the oath of office as a representative was administered as his residence by Speaker Reed, and Mr. Randall was made a member of the committee on rules and appropriations—the two important committees he had served on for so many years. Mr. Randall then longed to be able to take his seat and participate actively in the affairs of the house at the conclusion of the holiday recess, but the dreaded and fatal malady from which he suffered slowly but surely made inroads on his strength, and each month as it passed found him weaker.

He Was Slowly Falling.

Mr. Carlisle, his associate on the committee of rules, and Democratic members of the appropriations committee and other Demo-



HIS LATE HOME.

cratic representatives called frequently at Mr. Randall's house to consult him about party matters and committee work. Some of these called occasionally, but regularly noticed that Mr. Randall was showing fatally physically, although mentally he was as strong and clear-headed as ever; and for the past two months they felt that he would never or leave his house alive. During the last few weeks of his life Mr. Randall suffered very much at times and he had become greatly emaciated. His devoted wife and children were untiring in all their attentions through his sickness, and his friends in congress (and he had a host of them of both political faiths) contributed much toward his comfort by frequent friendly visits.

His Last Look of Love.

During his last hours his wife and family were constantly at his bedside. Mr. Randall was unconscious at times during the last day or two of his life, and was speechless toward the end. To Mrs. Randall he smiled a last look of recognition a half hour before his death.

The funeral will take place here on Thursday morning. The arrangements will be in charge of a congressional committee to be appointed today. Mrs. Randall prefers that the services be held in the Metropolitan Methodist church, of which Mr. Randall was a member, and not in the house of representatives. After the funeral services the funeral party will take a special train over the Pennsylvania railroad to Philadelphia, where the interment will take place in the Randall family vault in Laurel Hill cemetery.

The Story of His Life.

Samuel Jackson Randall was born in Philadelphia, Oct. 10, 1828, and his career through life justifies the assertion that he was born a statesman. He received a good academic education and pursued his studies with the intention of devoting his life to mercantile pursuits. After he had finished them he obtained a position in the counting room of a mercantile establishment, but in a short time his work became irksome and he secured a distaste for the duties of a merchant. His father, the late Josiah Randall, was one of the active Democrats of Philadelphia, and he inspired his son with a taste for the political life, which feeling increased in intensity as he attended conventions and meetings until he finally adopted it as the principal pursuit to his taste. In 1856, accompanied by his father, he went to Cincinnati, and assisted at the convention that nominated Buchanan for president. Mr. Randall was elected a member of the city council of Philadelphia, which position he held for four years, familiarizing himself with city politics, and making for himself a reputation and a record which were afterwards distined to push forward his political fortunes. In 1858 he was elected to the Pennsylvania state senate, of which he soon became the most conspicuous member.

A Defender of the Union.

When the civil war broke out, he took strong grounds in favor of the maintenance of the Union, and while he differed with the administration on many point of method, he was one of the most distinguished supporters of an undivided country to the end. He was at that time a member of the First troop, Philadelphia City cavalry, and volunteered with his command under Gen. Lincoln's call for troops and served the ninety days. In 1862 he was elected to congress from the Third Pennsylvania district and has been re-elected to each succeeding session, serving continuously since that time. In 1875, when the Democrats gained control of the house for the first time since 1861 his friend, tried hard to have him elected speaker, knowing that he possessed the qualities so essentially fit for the position. The party caucus, however, decided against him and in favor of Michael C. Kerr, of Indiana.

The Tilden-Hayes Controversy.

Then came what was probably the most delicate and trying period of Mr. Randall's political life. In 1876 he was again elected speaker—at a time when the dispute about the Tilden-Hayes presidential election excited congress to a condition bordering on fury and almost brought the country to blows of another civil war. Suspicion was so keen that ordinary parliamentary courtesy to a political opponent was the cause of severe party criticism, and for the last month of the session the speaker had to exert all his ability and strain to the utmost his influence with his party to steer the ship of state safely. Through that exciting ordeal he passed with pronounced success, exhibiting a mastery in the management of the vexed question which agitated the country.

His was re-elected speaker for the two following years, serving in that position until March 3, 1881, when the Republicans took the house for a term. When the Democrats again obtained control of the house in 1883 that party on the revenue issues led to his defeat for the speakership and to the election of John G. Carlisle. But Mr. Randall's ability as a parliamentary leader and his talents had won for him and grow in reputation. As speaker he was not tender in the administration of his office. He was a commander and ruled the house with a heavy hand. From the first Mr. Randall was recognized in congress as a power, and finally he became the recognized leader of his party.

His High Tariff Attitude.

His served in turn on all the important committees—the committee on rules, on banking, on commerce and on appropriations, of which latter committee he was the chairman and dominating spirit when his party was in power. For the past few years the name of Samuel J. Randall had connected with the tariff question gradually alienated him from the majority of his party, both state and national; and although no man impeached his fidelity or sincerity to the principles of democracy, this separation from his associates had undoubtedly greatly weighed upon his mind, and added to the other drains upon his physical system. His appearance Mr. Randall was what might be called a peculiar man. His countenance was rather boyish, but singularly winning and attractive. His feet and hands were small and shapely, but he had a way of drawing up his left shoulder that made one of his arms appear much longer than the other. In walking he stepped out briskly, with shoulders a little stooped, and a gait that was rather shambling. But though his ensemble was peculiar, there was added to the oddity of his appearance. For more than twenty-five years he wore the same style of clothing, and no one ever seemed to have any idea of a new suit of clothes. A cutaway coat thrown loosely back, baggy trousers a trifle bunchy at the knees, and a soft felt hat, all out of shape, were among them; immaculate linen, broad comfortable shoes, and a remarkable hat completed his attire.

He Died a Poor Man.

Mr. Randall was a poor man. He was twenty-eight years a member of the house yet no one has ever been found to reflect upon him in the slightest degree upon his integrity or honesty. He was probably poorer in purse when he died than when he came to Washington away back in the Thirty-eighth congress, and occupied the modest residence in which he lived on Capitol hill. It is situated on C street and is not worth more than $5,000. The modest dwelling represents the savings of nearly half a life time. He made very little money outside of his salary, and, indeed, had very little time to spare from his public duties.

Proof Against the Lobby's Temptations.

The stories gleaned from the lobby as to unsuccessful attempts upon his virtue as a legislator are only unparalleled by the stories told of his fidelity to the underlying front which he always presented to the petition of friendship when it ran counter to his sense of public duty. A lawyer who was his boom friend tells that he carried $10,000 in his pockets for months, having undertaken to give it to Randall as a retainer in behalf of a certain corporation, but could never muster the courage to give it to him or even broach the subject. On one occasion a wealthy blanket manufacturer, knowing that Randall was a poor man, and having a profound admiration for him, sent him a check for $500 saying that as an old friend and constituent he believed it his duty and privilege to make that subscription to help pay his election expenses. The check was promptly returned with a letter so curt that it would have mortally offended any one who did not make allowance for Randall's infirmity of temper in this respect. When asked once if he did not carry his independence or indifference to the lengths to an extreme, he replied: "No, there is no middle ground in such matters. I draw the line at use originality." Also compassionate poverty is a requirement to his sterling integrity.

Mr. Randall scorned a public man who appointed any of his own relatives to office. His brother wanted a European consulship, and he could have secured it for him, for he was close to the administration at the time. But Mr. Randall sturdily refused and did the same thing with other relatives. At the same time no man was more loyal to his friends than he.

His Remarkable Reticence.

One of Mr. Randall's peculiarities was his remarkable reticence about himself and his affairs. About twelve years ago, when it came first began to be prominently mentioned in connection with the presidential nomination of the Democratic party, a well known newspaper correspondent who wanted to compile his biography was surprised to find no published data available. He sought Mr. Randall and asked him for some of the details of his early life, telling him the party for which he desired them. Mr. Randall told him, in his blunt way, that he would find all that was worth knowing about him in the congressional direc tory.

The correspondent consulted that repository of the autobiographies of statesmen and was surprised to find that while the records of others usually hardly knows outside of their own district contained between 500 and 600 words, less than 100 were employed to chronicle the record of the man who was the leader of the house. As another instance of his reticence, it is related that just after the famous Oak View conference, where President Cleveland outlined his message to Mr. Randall, a personal friend asked *him what he had heard about it. "I did hear,"* was Mr. Randall's laconic reply. "that they got out as free whisky." To this Mrs. Randall he was singularly devoted.

In July, 1888, Mr. Randall was suddenly taken seriously ill in Washington with hemorrhage of the stomach. During the months three months he had undergone several very severe and trying surgical operations in Philadelphia, which greatly impaired his constitution. The hemorrhage developed into inflammation of the bowels and his condition rapidly grew worse. He never fully recovered from this attack.

By the death of Representative Kelley Mr. Randall was entitled to succeed him as "father of the house" by reason of longest continuous service. It may be said of him that he died in the harness—a public man absolutely without a stain.

A Heavy Obit Failure.

AKRON, O., April 14.—Heirs of Everett Farnham, a recently deceased farmer of Richfield township, have assigned, without preferences, to Jacob Sherman. The liabilities already reported reach $68,000, and will probably not be far from $100,000. It is the heaviest farmer's failure in the history of this district.

SAWTELLE CONFESSES.

He Tells What He Knows About the Murder.

HOW HIRAM WAS MADE WAY WITH.

"The Conspiracy" He Says, "Was Planned by Blood, Assented to by Me, Directly Furthered by His Companion and Indirectly by a Friend in Lowell."

BOSTON, April 14.—The Globe publishes what it claims to be a confession by Isaac Sawtelle to his counsel in regard to the murder of his brother Hiram, for which crime issac is now in jail at Dover, N. H. Isaac says that he and Hiram's wife conspired to lure Hiram to an abandoned camp in Lebanon, Me., where he was to be held captive by the notorious Dr. Blood and the ex-convict "Jack" (who have been suspected of connection with the crime) until he should relinquish in writing all claim to his father's estate. Issac decoyed Hiram to Rochester, N. H., and drove him to a point near the Lebanon camp, where he turned him over to "Jack" and knew nothing of him until he received word at Portland that it had been necessary to kill Hiram, and that every man of the trio must look out for himself. The murder was committed in Maine by Blood and "Jack" according to this confession, the genuiness of which remains to be established.

How Hiram Died.

Sawtelle said he had had Dr. Blood's own handwriting for the proof that Hiram was killed in a struggle, during which more than ten minutes elapsed, by either Blood or "Jack" to prevent Hiram from gaining his liberty. "The conspiracy," he said, "was planned by Blood, assented to by him, directly furthered by his companion, and indirectly by a friend in Lowell."

The Conspirators' Part of the Plunder.

According to Issac, Blood was to get $500 for his part in the conspiracy, and Issac gave him $100 in cash and a note for $400 more, payable in weekly installments of $25. He claims that Mr. Richardson, of Lowell, at whose house he spent the night on his way to Rochester, N. H., with his niece gave him the pills which he afterward gave the girl, and that the pills were harmless, only causing a sickness which served as an excuse to decoy Hiram to Rochester, and that he (issac) told Richardson of the intended operations against Hiram.

Issac says that Blood wrote him a letter at Rochester giving him instructions to drive from Rochester to an old house near Spring river, Me., where he would find a party to whom he was to pay the installment of the note then due. The letter also requested him to bring a spade.

"Jack" Waited on Ax.

He drove to the house on the Tuesday before the murder, where he found "Jack," who requested him to bring an ax with which to cut wood for fires, as he said Blood and he were going to be prepared to remain all winter, if necessary, to get Hiram to sign the paper giving up all claim to the property. "Jack" also wanted a spade and blanket, which, he said, would also have a part in the prosecution of Hiram, but as issac says, he supposed for ocular effect only.

On Wednesday Issac says he drove Hiram to the same spot, where "Jack" met them and told Issac to go for a doctor while he drove Hiram to the house where he expected *to find his sick daughter. Issac left the* carriage and "Jack" returned it to him about an hour and a half later. Issac then drove "Jack" about three miles up the Springvale road, where "Jack" left the carriage with a bag which he had in behind and which, Issac thinks contained Hiram's clothes and head. He claims he did not see Dr. Blood at Springvale, nor has he seen him or "Jack" since the disappearance of Hiram.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 319

M. M Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and

Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING

AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

3 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Peaches, Quinces, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood worst, Liver-sausage, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sourcraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Munster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Sand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth.

Forest Fires in New Jersey.

PLEASANTVILLE, N. J., April 14.—A fire is raging in the heavy pine timber near this place. Large gangs of men have been sent from here to endeavor to stay the march. Many barns and huts in the woods are said to have been burned and considerable live stock lost. The fire is said to have been started by tramps. The fire is started near Absecom, in the pine woods owned by Alfred Dougoty. Over 300 acres of timber land have already been burned over and the fire is still burning. Thousands of cords are also destroyed.

It Will Affect 30,000 Men.

BOSTON, April 14.—At a meeting of the amalgamated building trades held in this city all men employed by Norcross Bros., builders, were ordered to quit work. Norcross Bros. are filling many contracts in New York city and all through New England. In this city they are building the new Stock Exchange, the Shoe and Leather Exchange, the state house extension and the large Ames building, corner of Court and Washington streets. It is said that the movement will directly or indirectly affect about 30,000 men. The strike is the outcome of the locking out of trowsers cutters, and is a practical defiance to all builders.

Pitcher Chamberlain Suspended.

St. Louis, April 14.—General Von der Ahe has suspended Pitcher Chamberlain without pay until his conduct since he joined the team could be investigated by the board of directors. It is said that the action of the latter will be held in a day or two. Von der Ahe will not say what charge he will bring against Chamberlain. Chamberlain was in the box in the Omaha game for two innings during which time the visitors made sixteen runs.

A Drunkard's Fatal Blow.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Patrick Reilly, a drunken bastman, struck Israel Gottlieb, aged 14, of No. 179 Stanton street, on the head with a hammer on the corner of Ninth street and Third avenue shortly after 8 o'clock Saturday night, fracturing Gottlieb's skull and producing concussion of the brain. The boy is now in Bellevue hospital, where it is said he will die.

Missing with His Finance's Cash.

BOSTON, April 14.—George W. Shepard, of Los Angeles, Cal., was to have married Miss Christie McAskiel at Vieth's hotel on Saturday night, but he did not appear, and the relatives of the young lady are now searching for Shepard and $600 of Miss McAskiel's money, which he induced her to place in his keeping.

A Brooklyn Man Missing.

BROOKLYN, April 14.—William Boscowen, proprietor of the hair restorer in this city and well known in business circles, has been missing since the 5th inst. He is a prominent G. A. R. man. He is 57 years old, tall, with florid complexion and gray hair.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near Spoor, Evens. P. O. Box 1298. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only

A fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No 5 PARK AVENUE,

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Prof. Jacques Rosen, Louis Viroux and Creditaire, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison square, New York. Special instructions to the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 20th street.

4-9-1y

MR. F. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violin, 13 years a student. Special instruction to beginners. Fine tone and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 356.

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,

a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Reasonable terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1583.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. after 6 p. m.

E. R. VOORHEES, U. S. C.,

Vacancies, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence, No. 106 West front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public, Commissioner, Jersey City. Residence, No. 169 East Front street, Plainfield.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to. Residence, Front street; to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR B. KELLE,

Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city; rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mr. Vernon Birds Won.

COS COB, Conn., April 14.—Fully 300 sporting men from this state and New York witnessed an exciting cocking main near Greenwich Saturday night between Norwalk and Mt. Vernon birds. The stakes were $50 on each battle and $250 on the result. The Mt. Vernon birds won three out of five battles. A special battle between a Norwalk and a Stamford bird for a purse of $100 was won by the Norwalk bird.

Bought by an English Syndicate.

NEWARK, N. J., April 14.—The wholesale produce business of Wilkinson & Gaddis has, it is announced, been sold to an English syndicate for $1,800,000, of which $600,000 is payable in cash and $900,000 in bonds. The present management of the business will be continued.

Seventy Men Locked Up.

DENVER, Colo., April 14.—Saloons illegally open Sunday were raided, and seventy persons, including some prominent citizens, arrested and locked up without bail.

A Fatal Runaway Accident.

FREDERICKTOWN, O., April 14.—By a runaway accident Miss C. Levering was fatally injured and her guest, Miss Emeline Hill, of Needmore, Pa., was instantly killed.

Shellenberger in New York.

DOYLESTOWN, Pa., April 14. — Shellenberger, the absconder, was seen in New York Saturday.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped	$1.98
Ladies' Spring Coats	1.50, $2, 2.98
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks	$1.50 to 5.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular.	.15
Children's	.15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves	25c
4-Button Kid Gloves	49, 69, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit

and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.25
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.10
Franklin Brand Succotash	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice..	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Braiding and Stamping. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsey's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsey, 92 West Front street

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Somerset streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work, Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 797.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,

where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

Kline's Extracts.

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OURS.

McGINTY'S.

Prime Cattle

Native Veal.

Jersey Pork.

Fresh Dressed Turkeys.

Sugar Cured Hams.

FAIR PRICES.

Texas Beef.

Colorado Goats.

Western Grazed.

Chicago Dressed.

Kansas Frozen.

Shoulders Ham Trimmed.

N. B. Smallboy's, Door at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

Baby Carriages

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which is style, quality and price. I know I will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

DON'T FORGET

WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

J. P. Laire & Co.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Stoves,

Ranges, and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.

Moving Pianos.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 up $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S.

Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Avenue.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

Office 20 Door Street, North Pl ne ele.

SIX REPORTED DROWNED

Thirty Passengers Swept Into the Saginaw River.

ENGINEER AND CREW IN JAIL.

The Captain Left the Steamer to Take Care of Herself and She Collided with the Span of a Drawbridge—Dragging the River for Bodies.

BAY SAGINAW, Mich., April 14.—The steamer Handy Boy, of the Bay line, plying between here and Bay City, on the Saginaw river, left her dock at noon Sunday with about thirty passengers. Just before the bridge is reached, the draw being open, the steamer sheered sharply to port and plunged into one of the spans with a terrific crash, carrying away her entire upper works and sweeping the passengers into the river.

Six were Drowned.

Some of the passengers were picked up by fishermen, who found them clinging to parts of the wreck. How many were lost it is impossible to say at present, but statements from passengers aboard confirm the belief that at least six persons were drowned—four women and two men.

Among them is Miss Mary Haight and Mrs Catherine Nevin, both of this city. Miss Haight was never over since dragging into the river, but no bodies have yet been recovered. The water is high, the current swift and a strong north wind has been blowing all the afternoon. Capt. H. J. Nolan had charge of the boat, but he was not at the helm at the time of the accident, he being engaged in collecting fares.

The Cause of the Accident.

The cause of the accident was either to carelessness of the helmsman or the refusal of the steamer to answer her helm, but it is asserted by some that the helmsman—who was a deckhand or a stranger, it is not known which—gave the signal to go ahead instead of back, as he intended, and lost his head as he saw the steamer running so rapidly with the current and bearing down upon the bridge.

Capt. Dolson Runs Away.

Capt. Dolson, it is said, did not remain at the scene of the accident more than a few moments after it occurred and was seen going across the bridge to the east side, where he disappeared. The engineer, Henry Link, was arrested and locked up and officers are searching for the members of the crew. There is intense excitement in the city and all are eager to learn if they had friends on board the ill fated steamer. Mrs. Nevin was the mother of the Rev. Frank Nevin, of Detroit.

Two Fatal Collisions.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—There were two collisions on the Pennsylvania railroad Sunday afternoon, two men being killed, one fatally injured and a dozen badly injured. The first collision occurred on the New York branch near Bridge avenue station, at about 4 o'clock, where two freight trains crossed by means of a wrong signal being displayed. In this accident one engine was smashed and the engineer, Richard Seal, killed, at the age of 60. The other engine and a more serious wreck occurred three hours later on the Delaware extension of the Pennsylvania railroad at Hamburg station, when the fireman of the engine was killed, the engineer was seriously and perhaps fatally injured, one brakesman was dangerously hurt and another badly injured, but might recover. The two men who were injured were taken to the Presbyterian hospital; one, Hugh Joy, unconscious and the other, George W. Simons, unconscious. Joy suffered a fracture of the skull and his ankle was broken. The skull was trephined at the hospital in two places.

The Huntington-Stanford Row.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—The quarrel between C. P. Huntington and Senator Leland Stanford shows no signs of an immediate settlement being effected. Stanford has made a formal demand in writing on the directors of the Southern Pacific company that Huntington's charges shall be formally stated. He asserts that he has not used the money of the corporation to further his own political schemes, and insists that a full inquiry into the matter shall be made and the results given to the public. Huntington is openly censured by his associates for talking so freely, as they claim he is injuring the financial welfare of the road. The opinion of prominent officers of the company is that the directors will make the investigation demanded by Stanford and that the result will be a vindication of the senator.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I beg to stock all the choice brands of Beer, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and RIDGE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of HECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRINGSTYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Fields as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

[illegible] EAST FRONT ST.

THE DEMOCRATS WIN.

John W. Davis Will Be Governor of Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 14.—The city election for senator and eight representatives resulted Saturday in the election of all the Democratic ticket except one representative, by majorities ranging from 154 to 870. This insures the election of Governor Davis and the Democratic general officers in grand committee.

The candidate who failed of election as representative was John M. Brennan, of the Tenth ward, a Democrat, by a majority of 3. His principal opponent was W. H. Covell (Rep.). A new election will be held in that ward.

The incoming legislature now stands 57 Democrats, 50 Republicans. This insures the election by at least two majority in the grand committee of the Democratic state ticket as follows: Governor—John W. Davis, of Pawtucket; lieutenant governor—William T. C. Wardwell, of Bristol; secretary of state, Benjamin Mc Kenzie, of Providence; attorney general—Elba O. Slocum, of Gloucester; treasurer—John G. Perry, of South Kingstown.

Saturday's half holiday and pleasant weather brought out the full Democratic vote. The Republicans also polled a larger vote than at the regular election, but could not overcome the increased vote of their rivals.

The election of Governor Davis and his colleagues will take place in the May session of the general assembly at Newport. The ticket is the same as that elected in 1887 with the exception of Mr. Wardell.

The election in Providence worked smoothly, very few voters requiring instruction and all having ample time to prepare their votes.

The Cruiser Charleston's Plates Fitted.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Information has been received by navy department that some of the steel plates of the new cruiser Charleston are already badly pitted in the neighborhood of her stern by the action of the water in the bay of San Francisco. The waters of the Pacific ocean are much more detrimental to the bottoms of steel vessels than those of any other sea. Many naval officers and marine architects believe that it is impolitic to use all steel vessels in the Pacific, and favor the building of composite vessels sheathed with wood and copper. Mr. William H. White, the chief constructor of the British admiralty, in a recent paper announced that the admiralty had determined to return to that system in the new cruisers about to be built. Naval Constructor Philip Hichborn has long contended for sheathed ships, and it is probable that in most of the future vessels his advice will be adopted.

Bryan Is 1,500,000 Bushels Short.

DETROIT, Mich., April 14.—Four years ago Charles V. Bryan came here from Rochester, N. Y., and began to operate on 'change. He had but little money, yet by bold speculation made about $100,000 the first two years. He was elected president of the board, and increased his bank account. Friday he cornered all the wheat for May, July and August delivery he could get in, and is understood to have been severely pinched. Various estimates are to the effect that he was short from 1,000,000 to 4,000,000 bushels on the deliveries, and he is known to have operated in New York, Toledo, Detroit and Chicago, and sold short in all the markets. He admits he is short 1,500,000 bushels. His friends say that he will be able to recover himself and pay 100 cents on the dollar, but this is not generally believed. He has not resigned as president of the board and will not if he can weather the storm.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In Chancery of New Jersey.—Between Alonzo G. Conant, complainant, and William J. Dutton, defendant, of Lewis A. Rissume and others, defendants. Fi. fa. for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed and delivered, I expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1890,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the right, title and interest, claim and demand, hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and State of New Jersey.

Being known and designated on a certain plan or survey of Block No. 19, situated partly in said Plainfield and partly in Scotch Plains, made by Edward Richmond, civil engineer, and surveyor, dated the 2d day of October, 1869, and filed in the office of the clerk of Union county, on the 4th day of October, 1869, as follows: Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Richmond street, distant two hundred and eighty-three (283) feet westerly from the intersection of the northerly corner of Richmond and Front streets, and running thence (1) northwesterly at right angles to Richmond street, one hundred and seventy-nine feet and fifty-five hundredths of a foot; thence (2) westerly, parallel with Richmond street, fifty (50) feet; thence (3) southerly at right angles to Richmond street one hundred and seventy-nine feet and fifty-five hundredths of a foot, to the said northerly side of Richmond street, and thence (4) easterly along the said northerly side of Richmond street fifty (50) feet to the point or place of beginning, also all the estate, right, title and interest of the party of the first part of, in and to the said Front and Richmond street, opposite to and adjoining the above described premises to the centre of said streets. Being the same premises this day conveyed to the said Patrick H. Beams, wife of Sarah Beams, by deed of Edward C. Mills and wife, not yet recorded.

F. F. GLARBY, Sheriff.

J. B. COWARD, Sol's. Fees—$9.00. J&EN m2

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer. P. O. Box 606. Telephone call 39.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

C. W. Hatch, accused of the murder of his uncle, Henry W. Hatch, near Flagler, Colo., a year ago, has been acquitted.

Engineer George Kerr, of Trenton, N. J., was scalded to death beneath his engine at Bordentown yesterday.

Mrs. Sarah M. Brunner, of Asbury Park, N. J., widow of the late William Brunner, of Doylestown, Pa., lost every penny of her property—about $20,000—by the defalcation of J. Monroe Stuckert, her trusted friend of a time. She has two children dependent upon her.

Of the twenty-six starters in the Pittsburg walking match, only the following seven on the track at the finish: Stowe, with purses—Hirty, 555½ miles, $600; Moore, 530 miles, $515; Hughes, 530 miles, $315; Norman, 501 miles, $200; Howarth, 470 miles, $120; Horan, 470½ miles, $90. At the end of the race Hughes challenged Herty for a race for $1,000 a side.

The Samoan treaty has been ratified by the national powers of all the provinces.

Potter Johnson, a prominent Plainfield (N. J.) contractor, was killed by the cars Saturday afternoon.

In the Virginia contested election case of Waddell against Wise, Mr. Wise (Dem.) was relieved of his seat in the house at Washington and Mr. Waddell declared entitled to it.

Jacob Schaefer won first prize in the fourteen inch balk line handicap billiard tournament at Chicago. Ives took second money, losing to the winner only. Slosson secured third place and Catton was given fourth money.

Mr. Joseph Francis, the venerable inventor of the life saving car, was on Saturday presented in the Blue room at the White House, by President Harrison, with a medal especially voted him by congress. The medal is valued at over $3,000.

Malcom W. Ford has been suspended from competing in athletic games on charges preferred against him by the Amateur Athletic union.

Ex-Governor Cornell's attorney has written a letter for publication admitting that Mr. Cornell is financially embarrassed, but denying that he is weak mentally, that he has a bank account and that he has been guilty of any wrong doing whatever.

The application for a recount of the votes cast at the election in Jersey City last Tuesday will be made this week. The joint committee of the Republican city executive committee and the Ballot Reform association have had a conference and engaged Counselor Dwight L. Rogers. Recorder and Otto Crouse to conduct the prosecution.

Emin Pacha starts for the interior of Africa next week. He has openly declared that the principal reason for his entering the German service are his disappointment at his treatment by his former supporters and his resentment of the manner in which he has been misrepresented in Stanley's speeches.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased in exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Frank Linke,

Established 1880.

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Beer Ale bottled to order.

170 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-11-1y

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS.

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

A Philadelphia Theatre Wrecked.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—A 5,000 gallon water tank, weighing with its contents over twenty tons, crashed through the roof of the Park theatre in this city Sunday afternoon, wrecking in its descent the paint frame, some of the scenery, and almost one half of the stage. The tank went clear through to the cellar, where everything was flooded. Most of the scenery used by Wilson Barrett in "Sir Mayo Cres" and "Clito" was smashed. The concussion caused by the fall was so great that window glass and dishes in the adjoining houses were broken, and quite a panic created. The loss is heavy. A large force of carpenters were at once put to work, and temporary repairs will be made so that the theatre will be open for evening's performance. It is supposed that the timbers supporting the tank were not heavy enough to bear the weight and gave way. Loss, $10,000.

The Women Are Not Tired of Voting.

SALINA, Kan., April 14.—Mrs. Louisa M. John, president of the Kansas State Women Suffrage association, desires the press generally to contradict the statements telegraphed from this state that women are getting tired of voting at municipal elections and are ceasing to vote. She says the facts are just the reverse, and that in nearly 200 cities the number of women who vote exceeds that of men. The late elections show a feminine vote of about 50,000.

Knocked Out by the Sheriff's Wife.

HART, Mich., April 14.—At a late hour at night Mrs. Cooper, wife of Sheriff Cooper, went into the jail to give the prisoners a light. James Waldron, awaiting trial for forgery, struck her two blows over the head with a stick, his purpose being to escape, but she dropped the lamp and struck fairly out from the shoulder, catching Wa dron on the point of the jaw and knocking him out. Then she dragg-d him into a cell and locked him up. Mrs. Cooper's head was badly cut.

The Mine Bosses were Negligent.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 14.—The coroner's jury investigating the recent explosion in the Susquehanna Coal company's mine at Nanticoke have completed their labors. They rendered a verdict that the fire boss—Brent and Emely—were guilty of negligence in permitting workmen to enter their places in the mine until the gas had been removed. It will be remembered that four men were killed and four seriously burned by the explosion.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 20 Somerset Street.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE O LS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

Headquarters

For Wrstands, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner o Front and Somerset streets.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near P. 10-15tf

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

Accounted For.

Chicago Man (in hotel corridor to fellow guest).—Excuse me, sir, but I believe you have taken my hat by mistake; I just came out of the dining room and noticed my peg was empty; yes (trying it on), I was right. This is my hat.

Fellow Guest—But, sir, you must be in error. Why, it is altogether too small for you.

Chicago Man (haughtily)—Precisely. But you see, sir, I am from Chicago, and "Chicago has that before we got the World's fair."—Clothier and Furnisher.

A Mind for Emergencies.

(Agitated whistle from composing room.) Office Call!

Voice down the tube—Th' ain't no standin' matter, 'nd Murphy's pled a hull galley of type!

Editor (promptly)—Shove it into the form and head it "The Pied Piper of Hamelin, by Robert Browning!"—Drake's Magazine.

Anatomical.

Quiss (to butcher)—Where do you say is the heart of the city?

Butcher—I hardly know; but it must be somewhere near where the lights are.—Local Citizen.

Infelicitous Queries.

He—By the by, talking of old times, do you remember that occasion when I made such an awful ass of myself?

She—Which?—Punch.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns Kill Corns, Bunions, Inflamed Joints, Soft Corns or Tender Toes. Relieve Ingrowing Nails. Prevent Blood Poisoning. Positive Cure. At druggists, or by mail, 15c. in stamps. Sample free. Address, W. H. ALCOTT & CO., Newark, N. J.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

28 NORTH AVENUE

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.39, 5.50, 6.38, 6.50, 7.46, 8.30, 9.46, 10.30, 11.46 a. m., 12.46, 1.46, 2.46, 3.46, 4.30, 5.46, 6.46, 7.46, 8.46, 9.46, 10.46, 11.46 p. m. Sunday, 5.46, 6.46, 7.46, 8.46, 9.46, 10.46, 11.46 p. m. Sunday, 2.46, 3.46, 4.46

THE LOVE OF LIFE.

"Tis sweet to hear the hunter's horn
And deep-mouthed cries of hounds afar
Across the hills where I was born
And all the joys of memory are.

"Tis sweet to catch the first pale ray
That ushers in another morn,
And sweet to breathe the same old way
The fragrant breath of early dawn.

"Tis sweet to see a floating cloud
Or fleecy form of fair as high,
But sad the dark celestial shroud
That glooms its pathway far and nigh.

"Tis sweet to see a rose in bloom,
With all its pearly banners flying,
But sad to think, how soon its doom,
When all the winter winds are sighing.

Oh, life is sweet, how sweet to live
When all is life and love around us;
But this is sad, how sad it is
When life has lost the tie that bound us.
—Atlanta Constitution.

COLORS WOMEN CAN WEAR.

Harmony Between the Individual and the Apparel Discussed.

That devoted disciple of Isidarte, Henrietta Russell, says that the only woman who can wear black to advantage is the one who has black eyes, black hair and is fat. Most girls of 16 could wear black, but there is always a pallor about their faces that is not becoming in black, which she thinks should never be worn in clothes, not even in mourning by Christians.

"Why then, if black is so bad, is it so generally worn?" the writer asked.

"Living north of Europe on an island is a city that pretty well rules the world; that city is under a continual fog; now choose a color to wear on a foggy, dark day, something that won't 'show dirt,' and you have found the reason why sunny India and sunny America wear black—because they wish to be 'no English.' The wearing of this dismal hue belongs to modern times. Who ever heard of a Greek or an Oriental or an Egyptian in black?

"As to harmony between the individual and the dress," continued Mrs. Russell, "you can make it by following first, by nature, the

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, APRIL 15 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

THE ADJOURNED MEETING LAST NIGHT.

Estimates of Amounts of Taxation for 1890, A Unanimous Vote Rectifying a Wrong to the Town.—Important Preambles and Resolutions on the Action of the Police Board in Punishing Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch.—A Stormy Session.

The city Common Council met in adjourned session last evening. It was 8:30 o'clock when the meeting was called to order and Clerk Conrad called the roll, President Moffett and Councilman Dunham, Gallup, Hatfield, Jenkins, Johnson, Newhall, Roberts, Rushmore, Smith and Spangenberg answered present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Newhall moved that the regular order of business be suspended and that the Council go into the Committee of the Whole to agree upon the tax levy and to receive the reports of the various committees. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Newhall was chosen as chairman of the committee and Mr. Coward was made clerk.

After due deliberation the various committees reported as follows as to the amounts that they thought would be necessary in their departments for the balance of the year:

Alms Committee	$4,500 00
Finance Committee	200 00
Fire Department	10,000 00
Police, Salaries & Election Cost	15,000 00
Public Light Committee	9,000 00
Public Property Committee	1,000 00
Water, Printing and Stationery Com.	1,500 00
Board of Health	200 00
Public Library	2,200 00

Mr. Moffett introduced the tax ordinance fixing the amount necessary for the coming year and recommended its adoption by Council.

Mr. Hatfield moved that the committee then arise. It was so ordered.

Chairman Newhall then reported to Council the action taken by the committee and recommended that Council adopt an ordinance providing for the amounts of the following accounts: General purposes, $35,000; poor fund, $4,500; library, $2,200; fire purposes, $10,000. The report of the committee was received and the recommendation was adopted.

Numerous petitions from hack, peddlers and carmen's licenses were presented and referred to the Committee on Licenses.

A communication from Engine Co. No. 2, recommending Garret Drier and James Dawe as fit candidates for membership, was read and referred to the Committee on Fire and Police.

The bill of Rudolph Hering for $1,680 was presented and referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. Newhall moved that the bill be referred to the Water Board. The motion was not seconded.

Mr. Dunham from the Alms Committee presented a communication from C. Thorp, agent, agreeing to lease the building on West Front street known as "Bottle Row" to the city for the use of the poor, at an annual rental of $600. Mr. Thorp in his communication also agreed to put the building in thorough repair.

In connection with the above Mr. Dunham offered a resolution that Mr. Thorp's proposition be accepted and that the Corporation Council be instructed to prepare a lease and that the Mayor and City Clerk be authorized to execute it.

Mr. Hatfield asked how much the city would save by this transaction.

Mr. Dunham replied that he thought the city would save about $200.

The resolution was then adopted, all voting aye.

Mr. Newhall reported that pursuant to instructions from the Council he had communicated with several fish Companies with reference to the purchasing of a safe for the use of the City Treasurer and that he had received bids from two of the companies, (the Baring and Marvin).

The bids were then opened by the Clerk and the Baring Company agreed to furnish the city a safe for $113.50 and the Marvin Company presented two bids, one for $90 and the other for $100. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee with power.

Mr. Newhall moved that the proposed new tax ordinances be placed on its first reading. The motion prevailed.

The Clerk then read the ordinance for the first and second times, and it was ordered engrossed and duly advertised.

Mr. Hatfield reported back the applications of Garret Drier and James Dawe for membership in the fire department and recommended that the nominations be confirmed. It was so ordered.

He also reported on the petition of Messrs. John H. Tee and J. W. & H. Codington requesting permission to erect a frame building in the lumber yard of Messrs. Loomis & Rice on Broadway to be used for the purpose of storing ice. He said that the Council had no authority to grant the permit and moved that the request be refused. It was so ordered.

Mr. Rushmore from the Committee on Laws and Ordinances reported in reference to the sewer matter and recommended that the whole subject be referred to the Board of Health. The report was received and the recommendation was adopted.

The same gentleman also reported in reference to the claim of the late George P. Suydam for damages for injuries received by his horse in breaking through a culvert, and recommended that the matter be compromised for $250.

Mr. Gallup asked whether it was the city's or the freeholders duty to adjust the matter. He said it was under the direction of the freeholders that the culvert was built and that he should think that they were the responsible parties.

The matter was referred back to the committee for further investigation.

The same committee also reported on the claim of Mr. T. W. Morrison, which has been pending before the city Council for a year past. The claim was reported as it last ran and Mr. Rushmore moved that it be paid. He said that the Committee had looked into the matter thoroughly.

His motion was seconded by Mr. Smith.

Mr. Hatfield asked if the claim was the one which the City Clerk of last year refused to audit and the one the Water, Printing and Stationary Committee of last year refused to pay.

Mr. Rushmore replied that he was present at the meeting of the last Council when the claim was reported on and that the Committee stated to Council that owing to the time taken up with the Water Works contract and other important business, that they had not had time to thoroughly investigate the matter and asked permission to refer it to the Council of 1890.

Mr. Dunham said that the claim was a just one and that the previous City Clerk had been instructed to pay it, but through his neglegence the claim had remained unpaid.

Mr. Hatfield said that the Clerk had informed him that there was a bill pending before the Council for printing done by THE NEWS when it was not an official paper.

Mr. Dunham replied that none of the official papers had been appointed until after the bill had been presented to the Council, but that they all held over from the previous year.

Clerk Conrad informed the Council that the official papers were not chosen until March 4th of last year and that the bill was dated March 1st.

Mr. Jenkins thought the bill should have been paid last April.

The motion to pay the claim was then carried, all voting aye.

In reference to the claims of Jasper H. Wilson the same committee reported that Council would be liable and recommended the same payment. The report was received and the recommendation was adopted, all voting aye.

The License Committee reported as correct the various applications for cartmen's peddlers' and huckster's licenses and the applications were granted.

The application of Mr. F. E. Miller requesting permission to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in the building known as the Hotel Netherwood was reported by the Committee as being in conformity with the law and was ordered advertised; as was also the application of Frank Linke for a wholesale license.

Mr. Spangenberg reported in reference to a number of petitions for public lights and recommended that they be granted. It was so ordered.

Mr. Newhall introduced the following:

WHEREAS, proceedings have been instituted before the Police Board of the City of Plainfield, by the Board of Fire Commissioners of said City, for the purpose of removing from office Police Board to exclude from office Tunis J. Conover, Chief of Police, and members of the police force of said city, with forfeiture of their salaries for specified periods; and

WHEREAS, the Police Board of the said Police Board in the premises may be illegal and irregular whereby the city of Plainfield, and the members of Common Council of said city, may be rendered liable for the payment of the salaries of the said officers during the time the proceedings are pending before the Police Board, either from action, or otherwise; and

WHEREAS, the said action of the said Police Board may be illegal, and the said officers will be entitled to the salaries of their offices during the pendency of said proceedings, which the city will be compelled to pay; and

WHEREAS, the said action of the said Police Board is of such a character as to affect the full benefit of the advice of competent counsel upon the legality of the action upon which the validity of the decision of said Board depends; therefore

Resolved, That the Corporation Counsel be and is hereby instructed to prepare a written opinion as to whether the proceedings of said Police Board, in the said cases of Chief Lynch, Carey, Lynch, were in every way, formal and according to law, and particularly, advising the Council (1) whether said officers can be tried by said Board, lawfully tried according to the laws of the State of New Jersey; (2) whether a regular formal appeal has been taken by said officers from the decision of the Police Board, and, if so, whether under existing rules and adjudications, there is reason to believe that the action of said Board will be set aside (3) whether, if the proceedings of the said Police Board are held, by an appellate tribunal to be irregular and illegal, the city of Plainfield, or the members of said Board, or the members of Common Council, not members of said Board, will be liable for the salaries of said officers, and if so, to what extent; (4) whether, if there is reason to believe that the things complained of in the said Police Lodge is not adjudged to be unlawful, there are means provided by law whereby the city of Plainfield can be protected against legal proceeding and liability growing out of the said action of the said Police Board in further

Resolved, That upon the coming in of the said opinion of the Corporation Counsel, further proceedings be had in the premises, without unnecessary delay, upon the subject to which these resolutions relate.

Mr. Hatfield said that in his opinion the resolution reflected on the Police Board, and that he thought it was illegal and irregular and out of order.

President Moffett so declared it.

Mr. Newhall said the resolution did not question the right of the Police Board; it did not criticise the action of said Board, nor did it propose to look into its action. It simply asks for an opinion from the Corporation Counsel as to the points of law in the matter to which Council is certainly entitled, so as to know whether or not it can be held liable for the salaries of suspended officers.

Mr. Rushmore—I will second Mr. Newhall's appeal."

Mr. Hatfield—"I claim the resolution will do no good. If the Board wanted any such opinion they knew where to go for it. It would be folly to have laws unless we enforce them. Whatever the Board did, the Council and city are bound by it. The ordinance gives them the power to act. It is a law on our statute books. No opinion of the Corporation Counsel can affect it. No resolution of the Council can alter it. If the ordinance is invalid the Supreme Court must declare it so. The Court of Common Pleas cannot do so. I contend that the resolution is out of order and think the ruling of the chair should be sustained.

Mr. Rushmore—"I am more than surprised at the stand taken by Mr. Hatfield in this matter, and that he should go so far. It seems to weigh pretty heavy on his mind. I think the resolution should prevail. The gentleman says the opinion of the Corporation Counsel will make no difference. If that is the case why does he take such a stand? I think if I were afraid to have my actions criticised by this body I would have acted in the same way that he has."

Mr. Hatfield—"I move to adjourn."

President Moffett put the motion amid great excitement and declared it carried.

Messrs. Rushmore and Johnson, jumping up simultaneously, shouted "I do," demand the ayes and nays on the question."

While Mr. Johnson was calling for a vote by ayes and nays he was seen endeavor to his demands by hammering the top of his desk with the butt end of every thing in his that poor inoffensive piece of furniture the ink stand which found a resting place thereon would jump several feet in the air (more or considerably less.)

A vote was then taken by roll call and the motion to adjourn was lost by a vote of 6 to 3, Mr. Smith voting with the Republicans and Mr. Roberts with the Democrats.

Mr. Hatfield then moved to lay the whole matter on the table. The matter was lost by the same vote.

Mr. Hatfield—"The liability is already incurred, and whatever opinion you may get will not alter it. An opinion is of no use. It is ridiculous. There is something hidden behind this resolution."

Mrs. Johnson—"I insist on a vote on the motion to sustain the appeal from the chair."

Mr. Hatfield—"I move that further action in the matter be postponed until the first meeting in May."

A vote was then taken and Mr. Newhall's appeal from the decision of the chair was sustained.

Mr. Smith moved to amend the resolution by striking out all after the word. The motion was carried.

Mr. Gallup moved to lay the whole matter on the table. The motion was carried by a vote of 6 to 3, Messrs. Smith and Roberts voting with the Democrats.

The Auditing Committee reported as correct the claim of Rudolph Hering and it was ordered paid.

The meeting adjourned at nearly midnight.

At the conclusion of the meeting Mr. Smith while in conversation with several members of the Council said that he had made a great mistake in not voting for the resolution, but that when it came before the Council again, he would surely do so.

D. J. CANARY AT THE CRESCENT.

An Exciting Game of Polo Interests Plainfielders.

Mr. D. J. Canary, the celebrated bicyclist gave an exhibition at the Crescent rink last night before a fair-size audience. From the applause he received it was evident that his efforts pleased those present. Between the acts of evening was a game of polo between the Bridgeports, the champions of the Inter-state Polo League of New England and the Hartford's, the ex-champions. The game was very exciting. The names of the teams together with the scores are as follows:

Bridgeports—Menard and Pierce, rushers; Williams, centre; Conway, half-back; Smith, goal.

Hartfords — Sealy and Cotton, rushers; Smith, centre; Sullivan, half-back; McCarthy, goal.

The game consists of forty minutes actual playing time in two halves of twenty minutes. Eleven goals were made during the forty minutes playing, but the Hartford's having made three fouls they forfeited the goal which filled the score to eleven goals. Fifteen minutes play three minutes over time the Bridgeports winning by a score of 6 to 5. Probably the best feature of the game was the absence of foul by Pierce of the Bridgeports in the twelfth goal by juggling the ball past the entire Hartford team. The second exhibition will be given to-night.

The K. of H. Anniversary.

This evening the second anniversary of Wetumpka Lodge, No. 3,401, Knights of Honor, in Plainfield, will be celebrated with a concert in Hale's Hall. The Lodge is one of the most successful in the State, and its meetings are pleasing social events. The concert this evening will be preceded by an address from the Grand Dictator by C. J. Feytel, and a varied and interesting programme is promised. It will include vocal and instrumental solos and quartettes. The performers are all well known and the selections made are the best in their repertoire.

A Gunstrap on Front Street.

A horse and wagon belonging to Mr. Geo. Ostrom, Jr., of Scotch Plains, while in front of the butcher shop on Front street this morning was run into by a team of horses attached to an open wagon and driven by a man named Mosper. The collision smashed the shafts and harness of the latter, and threw the horse to the ground, cutting the animal's head considerably. In the excitement the team of the cruel driver got off. Mr. Ostrom is now hunting for him.

Fractured His Wrist.

Will Chase a young man employed by Mr. H. A. Pope, the dry goods merchant fractured his left wrist yesterday afternoon. He was standing in the delivery wagon preparing to go out. The horse started suddenly, the jerk throwing him head foremost to the side walk. He fell heavily on his left wrist, breaking it and on his left wrist fracturing the bone.

A Valuable Gift.

Mr. Lemuel W. Serrell, one of Plainfield's public spirited citizens, presented to the High School yesterday a geological map of New York city and vicinity. The map is very valuable and will be of great use to the school.

—The Union Teachers' meeting will be held as usual this evening in Vincent chapel at eight o'clock. The lesson for next Tuesday will be taught by Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, D. D

—A false alarm of fire called out the fire department at about half-past eleven o'clock last night. After running a short distance the apparatus was again returned to the various houses of the department.

—The fair which was given under the auspices of the Independent Order of Odd Ladies closed last night with an evening socialde. Several contests were decided, the gold watch being awarded to Miss Mollie Krissy, the Vice Grand of Robeson Lodge No. 8.

—Van Emburgh & White are certainly pushing business at 18 West Front street. Go there when you please, and you will always find buyers, and one of the principal reasons is, that when they advertise bargains they always have them. They will continue their special sale in gramite-iron ware a few more days.

DECLARED GUILTY.

THE SECOND TRIAL OF MR. J. B. MILLER FOR HAVING HIS BARROOM ILLEGALLY OPEN.

The Jury Recommend Mercy Considering the Circumstances, and Judge Codington Suspends Sentence.

As reported in THE NEWS the case of the Treasurer of the City of Plainfield vs. Joseph B. Miller came up for trial a second time yesterday at 9:30 o'clock before City Judge Codington and the following jury: Foreman, Francis E. Marsh; and Messrs. Charles H. Hand, Charles R. Thiers, William Addis, J. V. Berkaw, John H. Rowland, Wm. H. Brokaw, Samuel E. Hart, Wm. H. Hardy, W. W. Dunn, John J. Kenney and John F. McIntyre.

Before the jury was called Mr. Samuel Kalisch, counsel for Mr. Miller moved to dismiss the charge on the ground that the complaint was defective, it charging Mr. Miller with two distinct offences, when according to the laws of the State he could only be tried for one. Mr. Kalisch argued at length on this point and also removed his motion made at the first trial to dismiss on the ground that the ordinances under which the complaint was drawn were invalid because they conflicted with the Wurts' bill.

Mr. Marsh replied to the motion in an able manner and City Judge Codington denied it.

The jury was then sworn in and the taking of testimony began.

The testimony given in was the same as that heretofore published, the only new witness being Councilman Johnston and Nicholas Conway. They swore to having heard Mr. Miller admit, when on the witness stand at the Police investigation, that his barroom was open on the 17th inst.

The Counsel for the defence and prosecution then summed up and after the Judge's charge the case was given to the jury and it retired at half-past five o'clock.

After two hours deliberation the jury returned to the following verdict:

TO THE CITY JUDGE OF THE CITY COURT OF PLAINFIELD:

We, the members of the jury in the case of Treasurer of the City of Plainfield vs. Joseph B. Miller, who found the defendant guilty and recommended him to the mercy of the court, request that sentence against said defendant be suspended owing to the circumstances under which the act was committed.

April 14, 1890.

F. E. MARSH,
CHARLES H. HAND,
CHARLES R. THIERS,
WILLIAM ADDIS,
J. V. BERKAW,
JOHN H. ROWLAND,
WM. H. BROKAW,
SAMUEL E. HART,
WM. H. HARDY,
W. W. DUNN,
JOHN J. KENNEY,
JOHN F. MCINTYRE.

Mr. Miller was then arraigned and Judge Codington suspended sentence.

Chief Carey in very much pleased over the verdict of the jury in the Miller case. He has said all along, as we published at the outset, that he did not believe Mr. Miller would have violated the ordinance under ordinary circumstances, and he thought mercy might wisely be shown, on this occasion at least, when it was the other party to be contented, and they the city's own law-makers who led Miller into the scrape.

Mr. Miller has been afraid that had he at the outset pleaded guilty, and asked for the mercy of the court, he would have been fined about $100 over the penalty being $100 fine, or sixty days' imprisonment, or both at the discretion of the court.) This alone might not have deterred him, but the saloon-keepers are now required to sign an agreement upon taking out their license that Common Council may revoke their license if they violate the ordinance. This would mean the loss of $700 more besides his business. Under these circumstances who can blame him for trying to do everything in his power to avert such a calamity as this. The only point in the case which it is hoped will last him a life time, and teach him that while so excellent an officer as Mr. Carey is chief of Plainfield no one must "monkey" with our laws with impunity. Of course the suspension of sentence only holds the matter in abeyance, for in case Mr. Miller ever again violates the law he can be fined for this offence as well as the other, and it will be doubtful if he gets off for less than $1,000 and the loss of his business as well. The law is lenient, being hoped that the Chief so long as he obeys the laws, but the Chief never allows personal feeling to interfere with his duty when the law has once been violated. And those who keep this in mind need have no trouble.

The decision of the court removes Mr. Miller out of the case for the present, however. The next step is to undue the outrageous wrong which has been done to Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch, and no peace, no rest, should be given the wrong-doers until the wrong is righted. Indeed, before then Common Council may revoke their license if they violate the ordinance. This would mean the loss of $700 more besides his business. Under these circumstances who can blame him for trying to do everything in his power to avert such a calamity as this. The only point in the case which it is hoped will last him a life time, and teach him that while so excellent an officer as Mr. Carey is chief of Plainfield no one must "monkey" with our laws with impunity. Of course the suspension of sentence only holds the matter in abeyance, for in case Mr. Miller ever again violates the law he can be fined for this offence as well as the other, and it will be doubtful if he gets off for less than $1,000 and the loss of his business as well. The law is lenient, being hoped that the Chief so long as he obeys the laws, but the Chief never allows personal feeling to interfere with his duty when the law has once been violated. And those who keep this in mind need have no trouble.

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ELIZABETH PRESBYTERY

THE SEMI-ANNUAL SESSION HELD IN PLAINFIELD.

Services in the Crescent Avenue Church Last Night.—The Session in the Presbyterian Church To-Day. List of Elders and Ministers Present.

The Presbytery of Elizabeth held their regular semi-annual session in the First Presbyterian church on East Front street last evening. A large and distinguished congregation was present.

The services were opened by a sermon delivered by Rev. Dr. Teal, past moderator, followed by a hymn, prayer and roll call of ministers present which resulted as follows:

Reverends Dr. Katlogz, Dr. Rankin, Mr. Williamson, Dr. McNulty, Dr. Kempshall, Dr. Hamre, Mr. Jones, Mr. Blauveit, Dr. Liggett, Dr. Kecham, Dr. Gillespie, Mr. Honeyman, Dr. Mason, Mr. Rouree, Dr. Teal, Mr. Ayres, Mr. Perry, Mr. Converse, Mr. Condit, Mr. Richards, Mr. Cobb, Mr. Payson, Mr. Owens, Dr. Kleu, Mr. Kerr, Mr. Cadwell, Mr. Gibson, Mr. Buckle, Mr. Green, Mr. Boppaugh, Mr. Axmann, Mr. Voorhees, Mr. Stinson and Mr. Lee.

The names of the newly elected elders of the various churches of the Presbytery were then announced and noted by the Secretary, as follows:

CHURCHES.	RULING ELDERS.
1. Basking Ridge	—Calvin Thompson.
2. Bayonne City	Inc.
3. Bethlehem	—Henry Race, M. D.
4 Clarksville.	
5. Chilton	—N. W. Voorhees.
6. Conn. Farms	—S. C. Sum.
7. Cranford	—S. C. Blake.
8. Dunellen.	
9. Elizabeth First	—C. H. Langdon.
10. "	Second—S. B. Thompson.
11. "	Third—O. Woodruff.
12. "	First German—Peter Dulk.
13. "	Madison avenue—W. H. Candee.
14. "	Marshal street—R. S. Smith.
15. "	Bloomfield—James Van Doren.
16. "	Westminster.
17. Lamington	—David Dunham.
18. Liberty Corner	—Henry H. Apgar.
19. Lower Valley	—Jacob Neighbor.
20. Metuchen	—E. M. Kelley.
21. Perth Amboy.	
22. Plainfield, First	—Abram L. Cadmus.
23. Plainfield Crescent avenue	—H. C. Squires.
24. Plainfield,	Park.
25. Rahway First	—Joseph Beach.
26. "	Second—W. R. Wells.
27. "	First German.
28. Roselle	—A. D. Hope.
29. Springfield	—W. K. Smith.
30. Westfield	—J. J. Ross.
31. Woodbridge	—J. S. Payne.

Rev. Mr. Green of Cranford was unanimously elected moderator for the coming six months. The retiring moderator, in the absence of a hand-shake and short address by Rev. Dr. Teal, the retiring mod-rator. Rev. Mr. Greene is a young man of slight build, and in his election Cranford has made a very favorable impression upon those present. Having thus appropriately taken his place as the Bishop of the Presbytery or a Bishop of Bishops as the Rev. Dr. Teal expressed it in his remarks, the meeting then took up the business of the session, at which there were present but a few ministers who were unable to be present. Rev. Mr. Cobb of Elizabeth, Rev. Mr. Cleaveland, and Mr. Voorhees of North Branch was unanimously elected to the Presbytery membership. The Rev. Mr. Kimball, of the Standing Committee on Arrangements proposed a change in the programme which had been announced heretofore. The motion to change was unanimously adopted. Rev. Mr. Ketchem then announced that the session would adjourn till nine o'clock this morning and hold in session until 12:30. The afternoon session to be from 2 o'clock to 5:30.

This meeting last evening was very brief. There was nothing of importance transacted this morning at the session, at which there was even a larger congregation present than at last evenings session.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

A MILLINER Wanted immediately at Mrs. Dunn's, 14 West Front street. 12tf

A PINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritts. 6-tf

$70 SEVEN octave piano. Rosewood case in good repair and fully warranted. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf

FOR RENT—House, barn and garden, and if desired, from 10 to 50 acres of land adjoining, situated about one mile from Dunellen. To a good tenant terms will be made easy. Apply to Herbert, 23 Maple avenue, North Plainfield. 14tf

$190 CHICKERING piano. This fine instrument is left for sale in Plainfield by every particular. Thompson Park. 4-12tf

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double for two years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son. 98 Park avenue. 5-6tf

$60 ORGAN. Solid walnut case, 10 stops, sub bass and coupler. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf

100 GOALS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

I HAVE Two hundred dollars to loan or invest in good paying property. Address "Money" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-9tf.

$165 7 1-3 piano. Rosewood case, carved legs and lyre. Looked these officers are been put in fine repair. Thompson Park. 4-12tf

SITUATION Wanted—for upstairs work Our general house work with a small family Call at 46 West Front street. 14-2

STRAYED from 118 Rockview ave., a white bull terrier dog, with black spot on forehead. A liberal reward if returned at once. 14-2*

SETTINGS of eggs of thoroughbred Pekin Ducks, $1 per 13. Also eggs of the thoroughbred Black Minorca fowl, $1.50 per setting. Greatest layers known, both winter and summer. 113 Madison avenue. 14-2*

TO LET—Small house, 38 Park place, North Plainfield. 14-3

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms, on Park Parkchild, furniture apply 91 East Front street. 14-2tf

$225 UPRIGHT piano. In use three months, with slight defect in case for sale for five days. Bargain. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large building No. 3 Somerset street, also stable for four horses in the rear. 2-tf

WANTED—A place for general housework. Apply at 91 West Fourth street. 13-3

WANTED—Situation by married man as coachman. Can give good reference. Address or call at 120 South Second street. 10-4

Nothing Old,

NOT EVEN THE PROPRIETORS.

New Store. New Firm. New Goods.

We make no secret of our business system. Here it is: We sell for CASH, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. We buy for CASH in the largest lots and lowest rates for readily first class goods. We are connected with small profits and quick sales. We make money by them and you save money.

Our prices for this week on following goods will be:

PILLSBURY FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; GOLDEN AGE FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; IMPERIAL FLOUR, best 70c. per bag; GOOD FAMILY FLOUR, best 60c. per bag; FLEMINGTON HAMS, 12½c. per lbs; FLEMINGTON SHOULDERS, 7c. per lbs; Teas of all kinds from 40c. (3 lbs for $1); Cream Combination Coffee (Mocha Java and Maracaibo) 25c. per lb. Sugar at Cost. Crockery at Pottery Prices.

Remember every article is warranted strictly pure. Bean Coffee, free from stones, and bogus beans; Ground Coffee, free from Peas, Rye, etc No Oleomargarine kept in stock. We pay biggest price for Fresh Country Eggs. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

Our extra wagons for delivery of goods in country and adjoining towns will be complete inside of two weeks. Therefore people desirous of saving money by becoming our customers will leave their orders with

MESSRS. BINGHAM & FULPER, Prop.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association,

Dealers in full line of groceries,

NO. 29 WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

Special Notices.

MR. W. O. BALDWIN of Somerset street received 20 good draft and business horses, Saturday. Call and see them. 13-3

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 16 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. COOLEY, Gymnasium Committee. 2-30-1m*

BICYCLES!

I wish to inform my friends and the public in general that I have opened a

Bicycle Agency,

AT NO. 75 PARK AVENUE,

where I shall be glad to furnish any of the following machines:

Columbia Bicycles and Tricycles, Hartford Safety, Gale Safety, Rudge Safety, Crescent Safety, Juno Safety for gentlemen or ladies, Junior Safety for boys and girls, Our Pet Safety for children; also the Royal Velocipede in the market. Catalogues on application.

Frank L. C. Martin.

For Two Nights Only AT *The Crescent!*

TO-NIGHT

Match Game of POLO between

The BRIDGEPORTS, Champions of 1890, of the New England League, and the HARTFORDS, Champions of 1889.

GRAND EXHIBITION of Fancy and Trick BICYCLE AND MONOCYLE RIDING, BY

Daniel J. Canary,

Champion of the World.

Game of Polo on Eagle Bicycles By four of the most Expert Players.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, April 17,

THE BIG NEW YORK HIT.

THE FAMOUS

BOSTON HOWARD ATHENAEUM CO.,

Headed by one of Plainfield's most prominent newspapers,

George Thatcher,

together with

20 *Great Artists* 20

SPECIAL—We bring our own orchestra from New York and insure a perfect performance. Prices 25, 50, 75c. and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in American Damask, a most pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.

FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purse.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. HURR, President. G. WM. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE,

DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses in Plainfield convinces all visitors that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

* * *

How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! The the best bargain we have offered in some time —a few days more and 'twill all be sold.

* * *

Do you want matting? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

* * *

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

* * *

House-Furnishing Goods indexed every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a dinner set you will find it here. We sell shades complete at 35c. Curtain poles complete at 35c.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

CYCLES for ALL.

YOUNG AND OLD.

"VICTOR," KING OF WHEELS. "NEW MAIL," "CLUB," and many others. SEBRELL & FOUND, and W. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Agents, No. 7 Park Avenue.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOFFMAN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL ITS SUBSCRIBERS IN THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR $4.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE. SINGLE COPIES, ONE CENT.

MAIL BOX 5. TELEPHONE 25. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

The Blair education bill was unfinished business in the United States senate for a good many years before it was finally talked to death.

M. J. Cheatham, who was strangled to death in nine minutes at Grenada, was the first white man in Mississippi to be hanged for the murder of a negro.

Stealing acorns from a blind pig has hitherto been the expression for the climax of meanness, but if the testimony of the pupils is true, even that has been paralleled in the Pennsylvania State Institution for the Blind, whence come stories of cruelty and hunger that make one wonder once more why we call ourselves civilized.

Heroes of Today.

Are there no heroes in this hard, money getting time? One has only to recall the story of the terrible fire in Indianapolis not long since to be convinced otherwise. At that fire thirteen as heroic souls as ever inhabited this earth went to heaven in flame and smoke.

A four story building was on fire inside. Without a thought of their own safety twenty-nine firemen climbed to the roof and began work. Suddenly there was an appalling crash. The roof sank to the basement, through the fire, carrying with it the firemen.

A fireman on an adjoining building shouted: "For God's sake pour water into the upper windows. Twenty men are buried there!" Then the effort at rescue was made. A fire ladder had fallen across the forms of several of the men and pinned them down. Such scenes as this met the rescuers:

Under the ladder, mute but breathing, appeared the face of a man not even bearded. The mortar and dust were cleaned from his lips, but he was denied so deeply that no human help could come to him. On all sides blackened and bleeding faces, distorted with agony or drenched in death, urged the crowd who had waded the deep to assist them to redouble their efforts.

The rescuers themselves took their lives in their hands when they went into that fiery hole. The burning walls of the building threatened at every moment to fall on them too. But they kept at their task till the last man was carried out, a burnt and blackened corpse, or yet living in agony. Every year in this land brave firemen are killed or disabled while trying to save the lives and property of others. No money can pay for service such as this.

Surely those who say there are no heroes today forget our firemen.

The Swiftest Runner.

The extraordinary running of young William Day, of New Jersey, at Morris Park, near New York city, deserves to be remembered. It was at a championship match in which there were a hundred contestants.

The occasion of the meet was the great run of the National Cross Country association, in which representatives of over twenty different clubs took part. The day of the race was one of mingled snow and rain, with mud on the track three inches deep. The run was eight miles long.

It was known that young Day was a fleet runner, but nobody expected the extraordinary speed he manifested that day. His most formidable opponent was thought to be a young Englishman named Thomas. All the runners were very young, most of them under 20. Day and Thomas were a perfect contrast in appearance. The American boy is dark, long limbed and thin as a greyhound. His figure is so slight as to be girlish. The beholders looked at his slender limbs and said wonderingly: "Where does that boy get his power?"

His chief opponent, Sidney Thomas, is of the English type, rosy and fair, and short and strong built. Thomas is the champion cross country runner of England. In the betting he received at the hands or rather the legs of Day, therefore, America beats England in a running match.

Day's reputation for fleetness was such that he gave odds to all the others, including thirty seconds to Thomas himself. At the word he started with a bound. It was a thrilling sight, those hundred boys, bare limbed and bareheaded, running like a flash of light athwart the gray winter landscape. There were three hurdles on the track to be jumped, and one water leap of seven feet. This water leap was what tried the boys' souls. Those who could not take it tumbled headlong into several feet of icy water.

The first contestants were allowed 7½ minutes the start of Day. He speedily distanced those nearest him, caught up with the seven minute men, passed them and trotted in with long easy strides to the winning post, having made on a muddy track, with the wind blowing, the remarkable distance of eight miles in 48 minutes and 54 seconds. This record reminds one of the stories told of the fleet footed Indian runners of both North and South America. It does not look as though the American was degenerating physically.

MARSHAL NEAGLE FREED

The Killing of Judge Terry Pronounced Justifiable.

THE OPINION OF JUSTICE MILLER

The United States Supreme Court Decides That Neagle Is Not Answerable for Murder in California's Courts—He Did His Duty as a Federal Officer.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The Neagle habeas corpus case has been decided by the United States supreme court, the judgment of the United States circuit court for the southern district of California being affirmed. This puts an end to all proceedings against Marshal Neagle for shooting Judge Terry at Lathrop last August, in which case he killed Justice Field. After the shooting Neagle was arrested at Stockton, Cal., by the state officers, but was released on a writ of habeas corpus, based on the ground that Neagle, who was acting under instructions, had merely performed his duty as an officer of the United States. The case came before the supreme court here on an appeal from this order.

Justice Miller's Opinion.

The opinion of the court was delivered by Justice Miller. It says that the evidence before the circuit court in the habeas corpus case produced the conviction of a settled purpose on the part of Terry and his wife, amounting to conspiracy, to murder Justice Field, and Judge Field, who had been a friend of Judge Field, traveling with him and aware of the previous relations of Terry to the judge—as he was—he would have been justified in what he did in defense of Field if the necessity of his case required it. After a long discussion of the questions of law and fact involved in the case the opinion concludes as follows:

Justified in Killing Terry.

"The result of the whole case here arrived upon this examination is that in the protection of the person and the life of Mr. Justice Field while in the discharge of his official duties, Neagle was authorized to resist the attack of Terry upon that eminent judicial officer. That he was justified in the killing of Terry if the instant action on the part the assault of Terry upon the judge would have ended in the death of the latter. That such being his well founded belief, he was justified in taking the life of Terry, as the only means of preventing the death of the man who was intended to be his victim. That in taking the life of Terry under the circumstances he was acting under the authority of the law of the United States and was justified in so doing, and that he is not liable to answer for murder to the courts of California on account of his part in the transaction.

Justice Fuller Dissented.

"We therefore affirm the judgment of the circuit court ordering the discharge from the custody of the sheriff of San Joaquin county." Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Lamar dissented from the opinion. Justice Field did not sit in the case or take any part in its decision.

IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

Universal Sorrow Over Hon. Samuel J. Randall's Death.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—In the house Mr. Randall's late seat was draped with black, and a general air of gloom pervaded the chamber. Mr. O'Neill (Pa.) announced the death of the ex-speaker, and the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the house has heard with deep regret and profound sorrow of the death of Hon. Samuel J. Randall, late a representative from the state of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That a committee of nine members of the house, with such members of the senate as may be joined, be appointed to attend the funeral of the deceased.

Resolved, That the house do now adjourn.

The speaker announced the following committee: Messrs. O'Neill, Carlisle, Harmer, Holman, Cannon, Forney, Springer, McKinley and Reilly. The house then adjourned.

The Pennsylvania Delegation's Tribute.

The members of the Pennsylvania congressional delegation met immediately after the adjournment of the house of representatives this afternoon in the room of the committee on ways and means, Hon. Chauncey F. Black presiding, and Hon. Bailey acted as secretary. The following resolutions were presented and adopted:

Whereas, Our colleague, the Hon. Samuel J. Randall, has departed this life, therefore be it

Resolved, That whilst bowing to the inexorable decree that it is appointed for all men once to die, we yet mingle our sincere feelings of profound sorrow naturally aroused in our hearts at the removal from our midst of one so beloved and honored by us, and so endeared to the bereaved widow and family in this their hour of affliction over heartfelt sympathy.

Resolved, That the devotion to duty, the purity of purpose, the stern integrity and signal ability that marked his life during three decades of public service elicit and command the respect and gratitude of the whole American people.

Resolved, As testifying our esteem, that we attend the funeral of our late colleague in a body, and that the chairman of this meeting shall appoint a committee of five to have those resolutions engrossed and presented to the family.

In the Senate.

In the senate the chaplain, Dr. Butler, in his opening prayer alluded tenderly to the death of Mr. Randall, and invoked divine blessing and comfort on his bereaved family.

Mr. Plumb introduced a bill intended to relieve the overcrowded state of what was referred to the finance committee. The bill provides that the money required to be deposited for the redemption of the National bank circulation shall be collected into the treasury and treated as funds available for the reduction of the public debt and for the current expenses of the government; that all funds held for the payment of the matured debt and interest, due and unpaid, shall be similarly treated, and that hereafter no funds available for the redemption of $10,000,000 shall be retained in the treasury; this is not to be construed, however, as permanently diminishing the fund of $10,000,000 now held for the redemption of treasury notes.

The message from the house announcing the death of Mr. Randall and the appointment of a committee to attend the funeral having been presented and read, Mr. Cameron rose and in a voice tremulous with emotion said: "Mr. President—The announcement just made of the death of my distinguished colleague, Mr. Randall, will produce sincere sorrow in the heart of every member of this senate, irrespective of party. I offer the following resolutions:"

Resolved, That the senate has heard with deep regret and profound sorrow the announcement of the death of Hon. Samuel J. Randall, late a representative from the state of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That, as a public concern in the resolutions of the house of representatives for the appointment of a committee to attend the funeral of the deceased, and that a committee of five on the part of the senate be appointed by the vice president.

The resolutions were agreed to and Senators Gray, Allison, Dawes, Voorhees and Eustis were appointed the committee on the part of the senate. As a further mark of respect to Mr. Randall's memory the senate adjourned for the day.

HANDS OFF OUR SEAL!

Three Yankee Men-of-War to Cruise in Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Orders have been issued by Secretary Tracy to have the Alert, now at the Mare Island navy yard, Californ-ia, put in repair with a view of dispatching it to the destination of the Alert in the Behring sea, where she will cruise all summer and fall in protecting the seal fisheries of the United States in Behring waters. The Alert is a light rigged, carries four guns and about 100 men and is of about 1,000 tons displacement. She is a rapid and good sailer, and will be, if it is practicable old to the Pinta and Thetis in protecting American interests in and about the seal islands.

This action in sending three men-of-war to Behring sea, in accordance with the recent proclamation of the president warning all persons against trespassing in American waters, is regarded here as an evidence of a firm determination to prevent encroachment on American seal fisheries this summer. Each vessel will carry all the men they can and be able to subsist in port any prize seizures that may be captured.

Miners in Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., April 15.—The convention of the coal miners of the state for the purpose of reorganizing under the newly formed United Mine Workers of America was called to order at 10 o'clock by Mr. Jones. There were about 100 delegates present, representing the local assemblies of both the old National Progressive union and the Miners' national, and the Knights of Labor. These are the two organizations which were consolidated by the formation of the United Mine Workers. Officers of the convention were elected as follows: John P. Jones, president; Jonathan Longbottom, vice president, and Ebenezer Lewis, secretary. The principal business before the convention will be the division of the state into districts. The prevailing sentiment seems to indicate that the state will probably be divided into twenty districts. The number of delegates are in favor of dividing Ohio into five districts. The Indiana and Illinois operators have refused to attend the convention.

Tragedian Barrett May Never Act Again.

CINCINNATI, O., April 15.—While in this city last week Edwin Booth, the tragedian, received a letter from Lawrence Barrett, now in Europe, which makes it appear improbable that the latter will ever again appear on the stage. The letter communicates the fact so long dreaded, yet fervently hoped against, that the operation to which Mr. Barrett submitted last summer would not finally relieve him of the neck affliction for which it was undertaken as a last resort. The gloomy tidings just received are in substance that the complaint has again manifested itself in enlargements in other parts of the body. This time the legs and arms are affected. One of the legs, Mr. Barrett states, is especially distorted with the tumors. However, he is not without hops of a cure.

The Glidden Patents Declared Invalid.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 15.—Judge Deady in the United States circuit court has rendered a decision in the cases of the Washburn and Moen Manufacturing company, Worcester, Mass., and Elwood, of De Kalb, Ills., against Knapp, Burrell & Co., Portland, Ore., agents for the St. Louis and the Braddock Wire company of Pittsburg, denying the applications for injunctions and holding the Glidden patents invalid. These decisions affirm the decision of Judge Treat, of St. Louis, and Judge Sawyer, of San Francisco, holding that the Glidden patents, under which the Washburn-Moen Manufacturing company and Elwood claimed a monopoly of barbed wire business, to be invalid.

Philadelphia's Licenses for 1890.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15.—The liquor license judges have granted 1,178 retail licenses or 31 less than the court granted in 1889, and 910 wholesale licenses, or 278 more than 18 granted last year. All of the large hotels, with one exception, were granted licenses. The charge against it was that the bartender sold to minors. Old time saloon keepers who had sold on Sunday or in any other way violated the law were almost uniformly rejected.

Red Men on the Rampage.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Dispatches received at the Indian office from Agent Andershaw at Tongue River, Mon., report the Northern Cheyenne Indians congregating and threatening life and property in that vicinity. Troops, he telegraphs, are needed quick. The dispatches were forwarded to the war department, with a request to forward troops at once.

ALLEN.
The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in this city and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements when cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

"They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 15 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

A BODY IN A LIME CASK.

It Crossed the Sea from Distant Denmark.

MADE DUTIABLE AT 25 PER CENT.

The Cask and Its Ghastly Contents Passed Through the New York Custom House as "Chemicals"—The Story of a Danish Criminal's Horrible Deed.

NEW YORK, April 16.—A dead man packed in a barrel of lime was found at the appraiser's storer in Leight street yesterday. The body has been there since March 4, but no one ever suspected it. Funch, Edye & Co., of this city, yesterday received a cablegram from their agents in Copenhagen. It said:

A Startling Message.

Investigate one barrel or parcel shipped per the Thingvalla line from here, Jan. 15. Parcel is addressed per bill of lading Beresford Bros., Racine, Wis. It still in custom warehouse, New York. It is supposed to contain the body of a killed man. If found make necessary arrangements to secure it. It will probably be wanted to return. Wire result as quick as possible.

An agent of Funch, Edye & Co. took the cablegram over to the custom house, where it was submitted to Charles S. Wilbur, the newly appointed chief of special treasury agents. The record showed that a parcel answering the description had arrived on the steamer Thingvalla Feb. 4. It was marked "chemicals" and had been transferred to the appraiser's stores March 4.

Wilbur Investigates.

Chief Wilbur promptly posted off to the stores, and he and Deputy Collector Burr made a search for the parcel. It was found in the cellar. It was an ordinary iron bound kerosene oil barrel, and its destination was painted on the barrel head, as described in the cable: "Beresford Brothers, Racine, Wis., via New York." A dock board tag tacked to the head of the barrel indicated that its contents had been officially examined March 4 by Dr. D. Virgo W. Jewett.

He disclosed it as a package consisting of one cask of chemical compounds" and fixed the duty at 25 per cent. There was a smell of coal oil about the barrel, but nothing to indicate that it contained a corpse. Deputy Burr ordered it removed to a small room on the upper floor and sent Big John Kerwin, one of the laborers, to take out the head of the barrel. Big John laughed at the idea of there being a human body in the barrel.

A Ghastly Discovery.

Big John stuck the edge of his hatchet between the barrel head and the staves and began to pry it open. The head came off with a jerk. Big John jumped backward and his hatchet fell from his hand.

The sight revealed to those who stood about was horrible in the extreme. Sticking up from the lime which filled the barrel was the head and a man's hand and forearm. A dark beard and mustache was matted to the face, the features of which were dark and distorted, and on the second finger of the hand was a gold ring. The hand was held in an upright position and the head sagged over towards it.

It Was a Horrible Sight.

The dead man's eyes were open and being and his chin had dropped, exposing the teeth, and giving the face a grinning and ghastly appearance. There were dark marks on the neck, as if the victim had been strangled to death. To all appearances the entire body was intact, the portion not exposed being imbedded in the lime.

The shirt and collar had been torn from the throat, and the only clothing visible was the edge of the coat collar. This was of a dark material, but it had been so covered with the lime that it was impossible to make out whether it was plain or figured. Nor could any one guess the age of the murdered man, the features were so distorted.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and

Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING

AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves, Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Blackberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood sausage, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Pressed Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles and Relishes. Sauer Kraut, Mince Meat, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

The lid was quickly replaced and fastened tightly. Chief Wilbur hurried back to the custom house to report his dreadful find to his superiors, and the news was straightway flashed under the ocean to the authorities in Denmark.

The History of the Crime.

The body is undoubtedly that of Manager Maiers, who was murdered in Copenhagen Jan. 17. On that day Maiers, an old and trusted factory manager, had been sent by his firm to cash bills. He never returned. The police of Copenhagen declared it a case of embezzlement, and photographs of the missing man, with offers of reward for his capture, were telegraphed over Europe.

A private detective, a relative of the man, sent a letter to Justify his belief that the messenger had been foully dealt with. He learned that on the day in question Maiers had been seen to go aboard the ill-fated steamer Phillipsen, with whom he was on most friendly terms. Shortly afterward Phillipsen disappeared, after having first set fire to his factory and realized on the insurance which he had upon it. The detective picked up a clew to his whereabouts, and at Hamburg on Saturday last arrested him on board a steamer which an hour would have been on its way to Cape Town, South Africa.

He Coolly Confessed.

He was brought back to Copenhagen, confessing that he had, with the aid of a confederate, strangled the messenger, whom he had lured into a room on the pretense of showing him a model of a patent safe. The murdered man, packed his body in lime, which he shipped on Jan. 13 on a New York steamer to some supposition firm at Racine, Wis. Over this fact the Danish police pronounce that the authorities were slow to believe him. Even Inspector Byrnes, to whom the chief of police at Copenhagen cabled a description of the body on Saturday night, placed little credence in it.

Meantime the authorities at Copenhagen learned that on the day named by Phillipsen as the time of competition he had shipped a cask by the Thingvalla addressed Beresford Brothers at Racine, and consigned to Wills, Burge & Co. They then cabled to the New York custom house with the result already shown.

Reinstated in the N. A. of A. G.

NEW YORK, April 15.—A committee of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen met last night at the Gilsey house. The following were present: Secretary Wood, Boston, Albany; W. Coffrey, Boston; E. J. Mahoney, Cambridge; E. J. Carner, Newark; H. F. Corcoran, Boston, and F. N. Atherton, Boston. The fourteenth annual regatta will take place at Wooster on Aug. 12 and 13.

Omaha's $115,000 Blaze.

OMAHA, Neb., April 15.—The clothing store of Hayden Bros. & Co. was burned. The stock of N. B. Falconer, dry goods, and J. Benson, millinery, was damaged by water. Loss, $114,000; insurance, $75,000.

The Cardiff-Godfrey Mill Stopped.

BOSTON, April 15.—The glove fight scheduled for last night at Music hall between George Godfrey and Patsy Cardiff was not permitted by the police.

R. W. BAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronson. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,

Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Credaine, of the British School of Languages, Monson square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private families. Classes for ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms moderate. Call or address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 25th street. 9-25-1y

MR. F. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violin, 13 years student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for concert and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 260. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,

Graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons in vocal and piano music, in French and German languages, and in Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 1 West Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTHEWS,

Teacher of piano. Private lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1036.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

E. K. VOORHEES, D. D. S.,

De Veuve-nue, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 194 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. ROBBINS,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 169 East Front street, Plainfield.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,

Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUSHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties going to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR K. TEALE,

Architect, 287 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

A Panic in Wheat.

CHICAGO, April 15.—There was a wild time again in wheat Monday morning. The May future, which closed at 88¾ cents Saturday, opened at 90 cents, immediately booming to 92¾ cents, and then falling to 85 cents. There was talk of a corner, but the principal cause for these strange fluctuations appeared to be the terribly oversold market. The shorts were frightened and rushed into the market to buy, but found very little for sale. A panic resulted, and after a little was sold the longs offered so much that prices fell quicker than they advanced.

A Dime Novel Devotee's Suicide.

PITTSBURG, April 15.—The body of William McGregor, aged 17 years, was found last night suspended by the neck from a rafter in Mrs. Johnston's boarding house, No. 165 Fifth avenue. Whether the boy deliberately committed suicide or whether he suspended himself as an experiment is not known. Young McGregor was an assistant news reader of five cent novels. On his person were found two—"The Boy Sheriff, or the Regulators of Pico Valley," and "Cool Sam's Girl Pard."

Sued for $50,000 Damages.

BOSTON, April 15.—Elisha Greenhood, administrator of the estate of Patrick Lyons, Patrick Cuddy and James Thayer, has sued the People's Ice company for $50,000 damages for alleged injuries received Nov. 14, 1888, while at work on a building owned by the defendant. The building fell and crushed Lyons so that he died in eight hours, and injured both Cuddy and Thayer severely. The answer is a general denial of liability.

A Combine Against Dry Goods Clerks.

NEW HAVEN, April 15.—Certain dry goods concerns here will attempt to form a combination to govern the employment of clerks. They propose to employ no clerk who, for any cause whatever, has been discharged from any city dry goods house. A female clerk recently discharged by F. M. Brown & Co. because she had been previously dismissed by William Neily & Co. will probably bring suit against the latter firm.

Trash Will Be Investigated.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The Marine Society had an exciting meeting yesterday. A motion to request the trustees of the Sailors' Snug Harbor to investigate the charges of cruelty by the governor, Trask, toward the inmates, led to a violent scene, during which the lie was passed and blows narrowly prevented. The motion was finally carried, despite the angry protest of Trask, who was present.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

321 and 323 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware. Lamps etc., in great variety.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grease.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham.
FAIR PRICES.	Trimmed.

N. B. Smalley's Meat is Always Fresh.

Door at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit

and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Pears	25	2.75
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Sweet packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces and Ribbons. Novelties from Paris. Silver and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Stamping and Pressing. Feathers Dyed, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 62 West Front street

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets. Special N. J. Specialty—Finishing work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. Nevius,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P. O. Box 798.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER,

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,

where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE OHLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-2m*

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

DON'T FORGET

WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT

J. P. Laire & Co.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Stoves, Ranges, and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S.

Hatter and Furnisher, 13 Park Avenue.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

Office 20 Door Street, North Pl ne st.

Kline's Extracts.

THE AFRICAN CONQUEST

An English Expedition to Anticipate Emin's Move.

EXPLORER STANLEY WILL LEAD IT

To Capture the Debatable Lake Territory Before Germany Gets It—Stanley Pays a Visit to Don Pedro—Emin May Not Prejudice English Interests.

London, April 15.—It is now no secret that the British East African society has decided upon an expedition from Mombasa to the debatable lake territory in the interior of Africa in advance of the proposed German expedition to be headed by Emin. The various stories concerning the purpose of Emin's return to the interior have aroused the suspicions of the British East African people that it is not philanthropy on the part of the former governor of the Egyptian equatorial province or his employers that induced him to engage to re-encounter the hard ships of the African climate, but rather a desire to forestall the British in actual occupation of the lake country, the most fruitful and desirable of any of the territory yet explored.

Stanley to Lead the Expedition.

This suspicion having grown into conviction it has been resolved to anticipate the German movement so far as the late regime is concerned. Of this expedition, it is asserted Mr. Stanley will assume the leadership at a later date and the fact that he has declined a number of invitations to banquets, receptions, etc., lends color to this statement. Assuming that Stanley has refused these honors because they would interfere with his preparations to return to Africa it is fair to presume that he expects to take the lead of the new British expedition within a very short time.

The Dark Continent No Longer.

Commenting on these reports, *The Pall Mall Gazette* says the day of discovery and exploration in Africa is over. The Dark Continent has passed from the traveler into the hands of the financier, and finance will henceforth develop what has been discovered and discover what remains to be developed.

Stanley Visits Don Pedro.

Henry M. Stanley visited Don Pedro at Cannes. His recent interview in The London Times has caused a great sensation, especially his remarks about Dr. Deane, whom he charges with having taken money from King Leopold and used it for the benefit of Francis Deane's associations.

Public feeling in Berlin is also much aroused against him, evoked by the remarks of the explorer Reichard, who knows African and Australasian matters thoroughly. It is now certain that Stanley will visit neither Berlin nor Paris. The Germans are indignant at Stanley's attempt to overreach them.

Sir James Ferguson Interviewed.

Sir James Ferguson, under foreign secretary, stated in the house of commons with reference to the new expedition under Emin Pasha that the British government had cast assurance that Emin intended to operate only within the German sphere. It was not sought to prejudice British interests. Dispatches had been sent that the Mahdi is in dire straits, and that famine is raging throughout the Soudan.

She Is Like Verne's "Nautilus."

PARIS, April 15.—At Cherbourg the new electric sub-marine torpedo boat Goubet was submerged for three-quarters of an hour. The satisfactory manner in which the vessel was manoeuvred indicates that she can be easily and safely operated under water.

A Blockage for Portugal Republicans.

LISBON, April 15.—The returns show that in the elections for the fifty elective members of the house of peers the Conservative and Progressive parties have in every instance been successful. Not one Republican was elected.

The Czar's Cousin Arrested.

BUCHAREST, April 15.—A dispatch from Jassy to The Telegraphi states that the Grand Duke Constantine Constantinovitch, cousin of the czar, has been arrested in St. Petersburg for connection with the revolutionary propaganda.

Parnell Consults Gladstone.

LONDON, April 15.—Mr. Parnell held a consultation with Mr. Gladstone yesterday preliminary to the introduction in the house of commons by the former of a motion to reject the Irish land purchase bill.

They Want More Duty on Rubber Goods.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Mass., April 15.—D. Apley, of Hudson, a prominent gossamer goods manufacturer and president of the New England Rubber trust, is on his way to Washington in the interest of legislation favoring largely increased duties on imported rubber goods. It is stated that he has with him a petition bearing the signature of prominent rubber goods manufacturers.

Embezzler Arrested on Bail.

BELAIR, Md., April 15.—Ex-State Treasurer Archer has been admitted to bail in the sum of $25,000. He will not, therefore, appear before the court in Annapolis today as called by the governor. It is expected his successor will be appointed soon.

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRING STYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Plaids as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The New York Presbytery elected a solid delegation in favor of revision to the coming general assembly, despite the clamors of those opposed to revision for representation in that body.

The Republicans in the assembly at Albany have unseated Michael Gillice by declaring that Leroy was elected in the Cohoes district.

John Welsh, a well known Democratic politician, was stabbed in the side at Trenton, N. J., by Jonathan Coakley, a notorious character, and will probably die.

The assignee of John F. Plummer & Co. announces the following schedule: Liabilities, $977,635.32; nominal assets, $1,061,; 346.19, and actual assets, only $775,801.64. There were also filed individual schedules of Mr. Plummer showing his liabilities to be $93,380.97; his nominal assets, $201,950; and his actual assets are valued at $138,; 206.69.

Mrs. Robert Ray Hamilton's motion to compel her husband to pay her counsel fees in defending his suit for divorce has been denied. The ground of the motion for fees was argued Mr. Hamilton's affidavit was read, showing that the woman had $2,000 last fall. Justice Van Brunt refused Judge Andrews had to deny the motion.

Matthew Harris, Parnellite member of parliament for East Galway, is dead.

George Shafer, of last season's Detroit club, and Taylor Shafer, of the Toledo, have signed with the Athletic club of Philadelphia.

Claussen Pleads Not Guilty.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Ex-President Peter J. Claussen, of the Sixth National bank, who was indicted last week by the federal grand jury for his part in the recent wrecking of the Sixth National, Lenox Hill and Equitable banks, was brought before Judge Benedict, of the United States circuit court, to plead to the indictment. A plea of not guilty to the indictment, which charges Claussen with making false entries on the books of the bank to the amount of $207,800, for the purpose of injuring the bank association, and also with the intent to deceive those who were appointed to examine into the condition of the bank, was made. Gen. Foster, counsel for Claussen, said he would file a demurrer to the rest of the counts and Judge Benedict said he would hear argument on Thursday.

The "Doom Seekers" Disappointed.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 15.—According to the prophecy of Mrs. Woodworth, George Erickson and several other revivalists, who created considerable excitement in Oakland some time ago, yesterday was the day on which San Francisco and Oakland were to be destroyed by earthquake and tidal waves and the cities of Chicago and Milwaukee were also to be visited in the same calamity. There was no indication of a convulsion of nature here, but the "doom seekers," as they have been termed, have been leaving Oakland for the mountains and on the bay week or two, and yesterday they were encamped on the hills near Santa Rosa, St. Helena and Healdsville, holding religious services and waiting for the news of destruction.

A Big Starch Factory Burned.

DES MOINES, Ia., April 15.—Gilbert's immense five story starch factory at Chesterfield, seven miles south, was destroyed by fire at noon. The fire quickly took hold of the factory and in less than an hour it was burned to the ground. No lives were lost, as the wheels blew and gave all of the women and men ample time to get out. The loss is probably $400,000 and the insurance about $200,000. The property was, it is reported, turned over to the Starch trust a few days ago. The factory employed 112 men and about as many more children. It will no doubt be rebuilt.

She Is Insane.

FALL RIVER, Mass., April 15.—On the arrival of the New York boat this morning the police were called on to remove an insane woman. The woman is a bout 35 years old, wears a seal plush sacque, has blonde hair, and says her name is "George," has managed the wards of St. She refers frequently to some "Tom Logan," and the only sensible remark she has made is that she has had a cold for five weeks. She had no ticket, and it is not known whether she boarded the boat at New York or Newport.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, SNOWFLAKE, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. Highest price paid for full corn. CRACKERS foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

PLAINFIELD

OBORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms to suit purchasers. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Leaving Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 1,000.

He Looked for the Leak with a Candle.

LOUISVILLE, April 15.—Gus Rosse, the proprietor of a drug store at Jefferson and Twenty-first streets, took a lighted candle into the cellar of his store to look for a leak in the gas pipe, when a terrific explosion occurred, fatally injuring him. Fred Carlson, a 14-year-old boy, who was standing near the cellar door, was blown out into the street and seriously injured about the head. Ernest Rosse, a brother of the proprietor, who also was badly burned while rescuing his brother from the burning cellar.

Killed at a Cocking Main.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 15.—Early Sunday morning a small body of sports met at the lakeside near here to witness a cocking main between Auburn and Rochester birds. The main ended unfortunately owing to the death of one *Julius Rhinehart*, a father, of Rochester. Those present claim Rhinehart fell dead from his seat. It is alleged that in a free fight ensued as the result of a battle he was killed. The coroner will investigate.

Pittsfield Boys Fight to a Draw.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., April 15.—Peter McDonough and James Fitzgerald, youths under 20, fought a prize fight for $10 a side, at Onota lake. Martin Kelly, a local barkeeper, acted as referee. The fight lasted fifty-five minutes and was then declared a draw. Both men were badly punished. It is reported that another fight is arranged for next Sunday.

New England Methodism's Centennial.

BOSTON, April 15.—At the session of the New England Methodist conference a programme was outlined for a celebration of the centennial of New England Methodism on Boston Common, Oct. 21-23, to end with a banquet in Faneuil hall on the evening of the 23.1 with addresses by prominent Methodists.

A Nashville Exchange Assigns.

NASHVILLE, April 15.—The Merchants', Traders' and Produce Exchange has assigned. Liabilities, $100,000. The assignment is due to declines in Tennessee coal and Louisville and Nashville stock and the rise in wheat and pork, by which the exchange lost $300,000 in the past sixty days.

Foul Play Is Feared.

PATERSON, N. J., April 15.—The body of John Adams, a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity, who has been missing since March 27, was brought to the surface of the Morris canal by a passing boat. There are fears of foul play.

The Weather.

Generally warmer and from partly cloudy to cloudy, with rain.

He Died to Save Chicago.

CLINTON, Ills., April 15.—A strange case committed suicide near here yesterday. He asserted seriously his belief in the prophecy that Chicago would perish that day, and that he could avert the dire calamity by his death. He left a note in which he pointed he disunded from this delusion, and while no one was present cut himself before the west bound train on the Illinois Central railroad reached Wapella. He was well dressed and about 40 years of age. Letters show his name to be Hamilton and his home to be near Louisville, Ky.

Yale College In Out $25,000.

NEW HAVEN, April 15.—E. S. Kimberly, coal dealer, who assigned last week, has assets of $50,000 and liabilities of $75,000; assets, $50,000. Yale college is a creditor for $25,000. Much of the paper is indorsed by Lucien W. Sperry, of this city, who is quite outright the failure may embarrass Mr. Sperry.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stockenery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No 9 East Front street next to P. O.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Pe- 10-1587

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27 NORTH AVENUE,

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Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 97 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

THE DEAD STATESMAN.

Funeral Arrangements of the Late Ex-Speaker Randall.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The funeral of the late Hon. S. J. Randall will take place at 9:30 on Thursday morning from Dr. Chester's Presbyterian church, and at 12 the funeral party will leave for Laurel Hill cemetery. The casket will be opened at the cemetery to allow friends and acquaintances in Philadelphia an opportunity to view the remains.

The honorary pallbearers selected are: George W. Childs, A. J. Drexel, Alexander K. McClure, John Wanamaker, William McMullen, Charles A. Dana, ex-Governor Andrew G. Curtin, Senator A. P. Gorman, ex-Congressman William H. Bowden, Representative Jam s H. Blount, Senator John S. Barbour and *Dallas Sanders.*

Mr. Randall's remains will lie in the room in which he died and will not be placed in the casket until Thursday morning. They will be taken to the church at 8 o'clock on the morning of the funeral and lie in state until 9 a. m., when the funeral services commence.

Miss Kelso's Story Doubted.

CLEVELAND, O., April 15.—The police and detectives reject the story of Miss Maud Kelso, who strangely disappeared Thursday evening, came home Friday noon in a pitiable condition, and related a narrative of abduction and violent treatment to account for her absence. The officers are trying to make it appear that Miss Kelso, who is only *15 years of age, called at a house that evening* which she had been forbidden to visit. Although its occupants are not of known bad character, they have been in some one there who induced her to drink wine and enticed her to some building not far away, and that the girl invented the abduction story to hide her disobedience. If the officers are right the guilty parties cannot well escape detection. But Miss Kelso, who has now recovered her mental equilibrium, sticks firmly to her original story. There is as yet no clew to her abductors' identity.

A Steamer's Thrilling Experience.

BOSTON, April 15.—A Halifax special says: "The steamer Stratford, Gibraltar, from *London for New York*, which put into Louisburg last week damaged by ice, was found to be making water so fast that she had to be grounded to prevent her from sinking. An immense hole 18 feet long and 9 feet wide was made on the starboard bow, and there are two smaller ones on the port side. The stern is also stove in. The captain says it was the worst experience he ever had. Being so long stuck in the ice the coal was used up, and in order to keep steam up he used all the woodwork on board. A large quantity of cargo was also thrown overboard to lighten the vessel and keep the bows out of water."

News from Trenton.

TRENTON, April 15.—The governor has *sent in to the senate the name of Willard C.* Fisk, of Jersey City, as one of the Riparian commissioners. Mr. Fisk is secretary of the Democratic state committee and was Mr. Abbett's private secretary when he was governor the first time. Jesse D. Dudiam, exassemblyman, was named by the governor as lay judge in Cape May county. The Republican senators held a caucus last night and decided not to agree to final adjournment until the Hudson county investigation was completed. This puts off final adjournment until May 1. The caucus also decided to support the Carter Australian substitute for the Wertz ballot reform bill.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 20 Somerset Street.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets,

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Beer Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 1-17-1y

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

Yesterday's Ball Games.

At New York—New York (N. L.), 16; Newark (A. L.), 2.

At Brooklyn—Crescent Athletic, 6; Brooklyn (P. L.), 13. Brooklyn (N. L.), 8; Metropolitan, 2.

At Philadelphia—Athletic (A. A.), 3; Philadelphia (N. L.), 5.

At St. Louis—St. Louis (A. A.), 9; Cincinnati (N. L.), 4. Chicago (P. L.), 4; Pittsburg (P. L.), 3.

At Wilmington, Del.—Boston (N. L.), 9; Wilmington, 0.

At Des Moines—Cleveland (N. L.), 8; Des Moines, 6.

At Jersey City—Jersey City (A. L.), 9; Rochester (I. L.), 13.

Warrants for Minneapolis Aldermen.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 15.—The grand jury, after two weeks' investigation of the aldermanic boodle charges, have issued bench warrants for the arrest of Aldermen John T. . cGowan and Fred Bruschaber, of the First ward, and City Clerk Charles F. Abbey. The charges are bribery or attempted bribery. The aldermen are accused of soliciting money for the vacation of a street, and the city clerk is alleged to have acted as their messenger in the matter. Twenty-five aldermanic vouchers on asphalt paving contract if he was paid $7,000.

Flung the Body at Her Foot.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 15.—Paul Bergrentudt, a rancher of Okonogan county, Wash., murdered his neighbor, James J. Williamette, and flung the mutilated body of his victim to Mrs. Williamette, and flung it at her feet. The men were alone when the murder occurred. Bergrentudt is now under arrest. Bergrentudt was captured by a posse of citizens, who had first intended to lynch the murderer, but better counsel prevailed and the sheriff was permitted to take him to jail.

Corbett Defeats McCaffrey.

NEW YORK, April 15.—James Corbett defeated Dominick McCaffrey in a four round scientific bout last night at the Brooklyn Casino. Corbett had the best of it from the start. McCaffrey did not seem to be in good condition and acted wholly on the defensive. Corbett was in fine form and had the best of his opponent throughout. Straight and fourth rounds *McCaffrey was very weak*, and Corbett had his hands at his side almost all the time, except when he struck out. Twice the Californian had McCaffrey against the ropes pummelling him like a good fellow, and once, when he broke away from a clinch on the ropes, he put out his long right arm, and planted his four fingers glove on Dominick's mouth and held it there. McCaffrey was unable to move until his enemy retreated of his own accord. Corbett showed two good hands all the way through. In the fourth round he got McCaffrey in a rally near the ropes and beat a tattoo on him. One right hander landed plump on the Pittsburger's stomach, and McCaffrey fell on the ropes with head and one arm over.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers,.....	$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped	$1.69, $2.25 2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats,.. $1.50, $2,	2.50
A full line of Ladies' Jackets, $3, Cashmere Cloaks,..... $3.50 to	5.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular.	.18
Children's " "	.18
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves,.....	25c
6-Button Kid Gloves..... 49, 60,	75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 6.40, 7.37, 8.40, 9.37, 10.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.37, 2.40, 3.45, 4.34, 5.37, 6.35, 10.05 p. m. Sundays 5.37, 6.40, 8.07, 9.40, 10.37 a. m., 1.37, 5.37, 10.05 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sundays 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.15 night. Sundays 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.40, 8.07, 9.40, 10.37 a. m., 1.37, 5.37, 10.05 p. m. Sundays 8.07, 9.40, 10.37 a. m., 5.37, 10.05 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.55, 8.22, 9.55, 10.52 a. m., 2.52, 5.52, 10.20 p. m. Sundays 8.22, 9.55, 10.52 a. m., 5.52, 10.20 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.07, 9.40, 10.37 a. m., 1.37, 5.37, 10.05 p. m. Sundays 8.07, 9.40, 10.37 a. m., 5.37, 10.05 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.17 a. m., 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, and Scranton.

1.07 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Sunbury, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

4.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.20 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Sunbury, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

8.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, and Scranton.

8.07 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Sunbury, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

9.40 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Sunbury, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

10.37 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Sunbury, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.37 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Sunbury, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

10.05 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Sunbury, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.00, 10.05 a. m., 1.37, 5.37 p. m. Sundays 8.07 a. m.

For Freehold 5.37, 8.00, 10.05 a. m., 1.37, 5.37, 10.05 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.17, 7.18, 8.38, 9.38, 10.38 a. m., 12.08, 1.38, 2.38, 3.38, 4.38, 5.38, 6.38, 7.38, 8.38, 9.38, 10.38 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 9.38, 10.38 a. m., 2.38, 4.38, 5.38, 8.38, 9.38 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.18, 9.38, 11.38 a. m., 2.38, 4.38, 5.38 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 9.38 a. m., 4.38, 5.38 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Asking Too Much.

Hotel Porter—Will you please to refrain from spitting on the floor, sir?

Western Granger—What, do you expect me to hit the wall from here?—Hotel Mail.

He Wasn't "Hitched."

Jealous Brutus Brown—Golly! I didn't see sump'n movin' in dat yer log, I'se mistook.—Life.

Fate Exchanges.

HER.

Oh, sir, you stole a kiss without my knowing!

Pardoning what you have taken back so soon;
I should not stay; I ought to be a-going—

But—please, sir, will you give it back to me?

HE.

You stole away my heart, my little beauty!
You stole it with your witchery, your glances;
To make amends is now your only duty—

"Exchange" no money for it—so give me yours!
—Rhode Island Knights in Chatter.

An Unkind Cut.

"At the party last night I was the only upper ten lady present, and I had to sit all alone by myself," said Mrs. Touchmenot.

"Dear me, how bored you must have been," said Mrs. Psalm.—American Commercial Traveler.

Possibly.

Molly—Ned's actually engaged to that horribly shortsighted Miss Margin. I wonder how he happened to propose?

Polly—Perhaps because he thought she couldn't see her way to refuse.—Time.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7.36 a. m. train. Second trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st., thence to Crescent ave. to Park ave. to Depot.

M trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.36 a. m. train.
1st do	9.10	do	9.36
2d do	10.00	do	10.37 do
3d do	11.00	do	11.36 do
4th do	11.45	do	12.00 p. m. do
5th do	1.00 p. m.	do	1.10 & 1.36 p. m.
6th do	2.45	do	To the Post Office.
7th do	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
8th do	4.40	do	5.07 do
9th do	5.45	do	6.07 do
10th do	6.45	do	6.07 do
11th do	7.45	do	8.07 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenues for Depot, Saturday evenings, to connect with above table, and make same connections.

Stages leave Masonic Temple every half hour, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.30, 9.07, 10.15, 11.30 a. m. 2.04, 2.30, 5.05, 5.34, 6.30, 10.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hiring. Livery, and saddle purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Horses for 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Station on Sycamore street, between 6th and 7th. Telephone Call. 15. 1-26f

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:50, 11:30, 11:50 a. m.; 2:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 8:30 p. m.;

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8:10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Somerville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m., and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 9:00 p. m. Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Delivery of lock boxes.

Owners of lock boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-28-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 76-78 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange G. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, 4 years old; White Granite, Yellow-Ware Stone, Earthen and Glass Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, harnesses, pumps, barrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin Iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerville, Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Cultland see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth.

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord. dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

1091-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front-east place. P. O. Box 949.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

DIBBSON & GAYLE,

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W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

HYTHIAN AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 28 Third street, corner Berckman street, North Plainfield. Over 20 years on hand. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE

at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.

Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits; payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
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ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 324 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 28 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 288,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covers for trunks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 92.

TUNIS J. CAREY

81 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

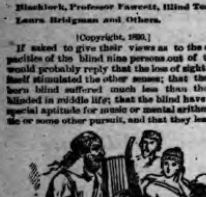
FAMOUS, THOUGH BLIND.

THE SIGHTLESS FEW WHO HAVE TRIUMPHED OVER MISFORTUNE.

John Milton, Francois Huber, Governor William West, Homer, Sanderson, Dr. Blacklock, Professor Fawcett, Blind Tom, Laura Bridgman and Others.

[Copyright, 1890.]

If asked to give their views as to the capacities of the blind nine persons out of ten would probably reply that the loss of sight of itself stimulated the other senses; that those born blind suffered much less than those blinded in middle life; that the blind have a special aptitude for music or mental arithmetic or some other pursuit, and that they learn



HOMER RECEIVING HIS POEMS.

to distinguish colors by touch. Yet they would be wrong on every point. The error is like that of assuming that men who lost the sight arm in the war learned to write with the left with comparatively little trouble. They did learn, many of them, but it was because they had to; there is every reason to believe, however, that in case them more labor than it would have cost them when they had two good arms.

Similarly of the blind. They have, indeed, developed marvelous powers; but those who would have been equally capable and much more active with sight. It is carelessly assumed, for instance, that their musical ability is great. Well, there are (as near as can be determined now) something over 32,000 totally blind persons in the United States and about 32,000 in Great Britain; in all these 64,000 how many noted musicians are there? How many who have even a state or provincial reputation? So very few that if you consider how powerfully the blind are impelled towards music as a means of livelihood you must conclude that their average ability is considerably below that of others. Yet Europe has produced one marvel in this line and England another.

Blind Tom is an idiot—the physiology or psychology of his achievements must forever remain a mystery; but Blind Stanley, the English organist, was a man of marked ability in many directions. One of his achievements attracted considerable attention in the world, though it is now almost forgotten. At a public performance of one of Handel's "Te Deums" the organ was found to be a half note too sharp. For the other instruments whereupon, instead of requiring that the violins should be screwed up to the organ's pitch, Stanley at once transposed the whole piece, to suit them, into a lower key. This was the more wonderful as the new key was the remote one of C sharp major.

His execution of organ was equally remarkable. To test it a gentleman, who had not met him for twenty years, came up to him

BLIND TOM AT THE PIANO.

in the midst of a great throng in Pall Mall, and in a feigned voice said, "How do you do, Mr. Stanley?" The musician hesitated an instant and said, "Why, God bless me, Mr. Rivers, when did you return from Jamaica?" That he could tap his cane lightly on the floor of a room and tell how much furniture there was in it is strange, but many blind men have had this power. A blind porter employed in Edinburgh used to adopt this and other like methods of determining the furnishings and general condition of houses to which he was sent with packages, and often gave the dealers valuable hints as to certain people's capacity to pay.

"Aye, aye, sir," he would sometimes say, "yell get the siller. The leddy of the house is an honest leddy; I'd put my life on her veloe." In a similar way the learned Dr. Thomas Blacklock, being led by a dog, noted the pattering of the animal's feet on the boards which partially covered an old well, and was thus saved from falling into it. This once noted genius was born at Annan, Scotland, in 1721, and at the age of 6 months became totally blind. Inheriting others' sound he soon became a boyish expert in English history. He was then taught Latin, and at the age of 12 produced creditable verses in that language. He acquired a classical education, preached many years with marked success, and produced several philosophical and theological works. We are not, however, to conclude that he would not have done equally well, or even better, with sight.

At this point it is well to consider a fact often mentioned in the official reports, but still a puzzle to scientists—the great disproportion of the blind in different countries. They are fewer in the United States than in any other country in the world, never rising above 1 in 1,000, while in Nova Scotia they are about 1 in 1,600, the same in Prince Edward's Island, 1 in 900 in France, 1 in 2,000 in Sweden, 1 in 1,000 in Russia and 1 in 800 in Norway. In Great Britain recent statistics are not available, but the totally blind several years ago were about 1 in 1,300. Going south and eastward the ratio increases, rising to a point which, to English speaking people, seems horrible. Including Egypt and adjacent countries the ratio of the blind to the whole population in the zones from 30 degs. to 40 degs. north latitude is believed to be 1 in 200,

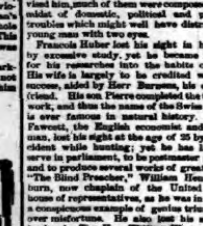
MILBURN PRAYING FOR CONGRESS.

while in considerable sections the partially blind are one-fifth of the population.

Two facts are self evident: the north temperate latitudes, say from 35 deg. to 55 degrees, are most favorable as it is only between the people are more civilized, and the British-American race has the best eyes in the world. In Ireland, however, the ratio is nearly three times as great as in the United States, and the local medical authorities attribute it almost entirely to the comparative American exemption from smallpox. It should be added that the "1 in 3,500" above set down means native Americans; immigration has noticeably increased the ratio, though the immigrant lands with apparently good eyes. As Dr. Howe well said, "Many not born blind are born to become blind." In China alone, on the other hand, there are at least 1,000,000 totally blind, and in India about 400,000. The number in the whole world is thought to fall but little short of 2,000,000.

The most wonderful blind man of modern times, probably, was Nicholas Saunderson, born in Yorkshire in 1682. At 1 year old he lost his sight by smallpox, yet early in life he mastered Greek, Latin, algebra and geometry. He taught mathematics and optics at Cambridge and perfected a "Method of Fluxions." His skill in antiquaries was great, and by touching a coin with his tongue he could declare its era and national coinage. Dr. Willard, of Deerfield, Mass., who became blind while a young man, soon acquired a minute knowledge of his little farm and could gather his fruit, prune his trees and lay out and plant his garden even to the age of 84. The affecting story of Laura Bridgman is well known. As she was dumb, deaf and blind her friends might well have despaired; but Dr. Howe found means to communicate with her, and, if such a phrase could be used of man, one might say that he created an intellect in this isolated and unfortunate girl.

It was long the fashion to speak of Homer as the blind poet of classical antiquity, and Greek legend relates that he lost his sight in early manhood; but it is doubtful if "Homer" does not possess a mythical character. John Milton was among the greatest scholars of his time, and wrote many able treatises and elegant verses before passing middle life. He almost ruined his sight by excessive study in early manhood, but apparently recovered; at the age of 42 his eyes began to fail, but he neglected the advice of his physicians and was soon totally blind. Ten or twelve years



MILTON DICTATING TO HIS DAUGHTER.

five is, indeed, deep and dark, and despite all that can be done for them they must dwell for the most part in a region of thought apart from others. Instead of thinking it strange that out of so many blind there should be so many remarkable examples, there is reason for amazement that there should have been so many.

J. B. BEADLE.

The dangers of the professional vocalist would seem to be as serious as those that environ the reckless rider or the enthusiastic climber of a perilous mountain side. Sir Morell Mackenzie has just lectured gloomily upon this fact, and cited the case of Signor Rokitansky, who was suddenly stricken with vocal incapacities. An examination revealed that the extraordinary compression incidental to singing the high notes had fractured his collar bone.

BELLES OF BALTIMORE.

A GROUP OF RARELY BEAUTIFUL MAIDS AND MATRONS.

The Loveliness of Three Charming Girls Contrasted with That of Three Married Ladies—Baltimore Is Like Paris in One Respect.

MRS. JESSIE TYSON.

Although the Monumental City has numerous superb beauties, there are a half dozen to whom society with common consent awards the palm. They are the three young matrons, Mrs. Jesse Tyson, Mrs. Alexander Brown, Mrs. Frank Brown, and the three maidens, Miss Adele Horwitz, Miss Rebecca Williams and Miss Lota Robinson. Other lovely Baltimoreans are Mrs. Alfred Ritchie, she who was Virginia Caskie, Richmond's famous beauty; Mrs. John Van Bibber, one time Mollie Lusby, with amber eyes and rich brown hair; Mrs. William Yates Perot, brunette, and darling Ellie May, once the fiancee of James Gordon Bennett, and Louise Morris, the loveliest debutante of the past season.

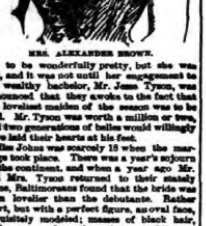
Baltimore is like Paris in that young married woman rule society and receive the homage of the tremendous swells, who pass the artless debutantes by. A young matron whom no maiden can rival is Mrs. Jesse Tyson. Tennyson saw no lovelier in his "Dream of Fair Women." As Miss Johns, of a family gardless and old, she had hardly the successes of a modern belle. Every one knew

MRS. ALEXANDER BROWN.

her to be wonderfully pretty, but she was shy, and it was not until her engagement to the wealthy bachelor, Mr. Jesse Tyson, was announced that they awoke to the fact that the loveliest maiden of the season was to be wed. Mr. Tyson was worth a million or two, and two generations of belles would willingly have laid their hearts at his feet.

Miss Johns was scarcely 18 when the marriage took place. There was a year's sojourn on the continent, and when a year ago Mr. and Mrs. Tyson returned to their family home, Baltimoreans found that the bride was even lovelier than the debutante. Rather short, but with a perfect figure, as oval face, exquisitely modeled; tresses of black hair, dark eyes, soft rather than sparkling; a mouth tender and wistful, of a manner matchless in its dignity—that is the picture of the young matron whom men admire and women command.

Her voice has the frankness of a child's and the peculiar contralto quality of a high bred woman's. The picture of her given here is by a London artist, and in it her child beauties, color and expression cannot be shown. Her cheeks are of as glowing red as



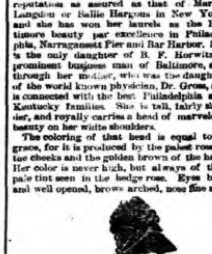
MRS. FRANK BROWN.

the rare Ulrich Brunner rose, and her expression is at once modest and appealing.

It has been said that Baltimore's beautiful women look alike, either being fair and lily like or unfashionably brunette. Mrs. Alexander Brown, though not resembling Mrs. Tyson in feature, produces the same effect on the eye, for they both have the same black hair, dark eyes and rich coloring. Mrs. Brown has been married seven years and has two lovely little daughters.

Miss Bessie Montagu, Baltimore born and bred, but many men outside her own city were her suitors, and it was said that more than one New York millionaire felt chagrined when they heard that the belle of Baltimore had chosen to marry in her own city. Mr. Alexander Brown is connected with the widely known banking house of Brown & Co., and it the only son of the senior member. Mrs. Alexander Brown looks like a girl of 18. Her figure is fairly perfect, her arms and throat being well rounded and full. She wears her black hair a la Bretonne, waved and shaped to the forehead. Not satisfied with flowering her with beauty, Nature has given her a brunette wit, and she is a most excellent dinner companion, quick as lightning in her repartee and—a strange quality in a woman—a good passenger.

Mrs. Frank Brown, wife of the prominent



MISS ADELE HORWITZ.

of Baltimore, has for several years been considered one of that city's prettiest women. She is of medium height, of a beautifully rounded figure, with a face fair, dimpled and humor loving. Some of the finest entertainments in Baltimore have been given at her magnificent home on Charles street. She is a perfect hostess and popular. She leaves shortly for Europe, where she will remain eighteen months.

The most talked of beauty in the Monumental City is Adele Horwitz. She has a reputation as assured as that of Marion Langdon or Sallie Hargous in New York, and she has won her laurels as the Baltimore beauty per excellence in Philadelphia, Narragansett Pier and Bar Harbor. She is the only daughter of B. F. Horwitz, a prominent business man of Baltimore, and through her mother, who was the daughter of the world known physician, Dr. Gross, she is connected with the best Philadelphia and Kentucky families. She is tall, fairly slender, and royally carries a head of marvelous beauty on her white shoulders.

The coloring of that head is equal to its grace, for it is produced by the palest rose of the cheeks and the golden brown of the hair. Her color is never high, but always of that pale tint seen in the hedge rose. Eyes blue and well opened, brows arched, nose fine and

MISS REBECCA WILLIAMS.

small, and a ripple mouth make up the other attributes of the beautiful Miss Horwitz. She has the well groomed look of a high bred English girl, but dresses in the quite fetching fashion of a French maiden. Two years ago, when she made her debut, even Baltimore was taken by storm, for her mother, a witty, brilliant woman, gave a series of entertainments in her honor.

There was a luncheon for ladies, a large theatre party the same night and a ball possibly the following night, and by the three was Miss Adele successfully launched.

She was seen last winter at the Assembly in Philadelphia and at several other balls in the Quaker City, and was also one of the fine riders at the Dumbiane hunt in Washington, where several little dinners were given in her honor.

A girl who is considered very lovely is Baltimore is Miss Rebecca Williams, the daughter of an old and wealthy family who have lived for half a century in a fine brownstone on the historic Mount Vernon Place. Miss Williams has been an invalid for a year past, but her illness has only seemed to idealize and make her more lovely. She is of the

MISS LOTA ROBINSON.

second Baltimore type, that of the pale blonde. In addition to the beauty of soft blue eyes and fair hair, she has as lovely mouth and teeth as one ever sees and a peculiarly winning expression.

She is one of the few lovely American girls whom the great French portraitist painter, Alexander Cabanel, consented to paint, and the picture used here is copied from it. At the time she posed for the portrait she was ill, and it shows her more fragile than she is, and with dark circles under the eyes. Miss Williams inherits her beauty, for a Healy portrait of her mother shows her to have been a rarely beautiful woman of the same soft, refined type as the daughter. Both her father and mother are dead, and it is through the former that she is related to the Bonaparte. A younger sister, Miss Charlotte, is counted among Baltimore's pretty girls. Her face is piquant and charming and she has an exquisitely rounded figure.

Not strictly beautiful, but with an arch and vivacious manner that makes her singularly attractive, is Miss Lota Robinson, daughter of Mrs. John M. Robinson, one of the most famous society ladies Baltimore has had in many a day. Miss Robinson is tall, gracefully formed, and dresses in a style peculiarly becoming to a brunette. She is a fair dashing and daring in her dress, but her conservative city seems to like the change from more demure beauties, and she is universally popular.

CAROLINE SUTTON PEYTON.

$1.40!

Is Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquett Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $1.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS). THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL

Spring and Summer Opening

of

Imported and Domestic Millinery

will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Enabled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. Very utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacist Only.

When You Are Well

you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, handkerchief extracts, bath sponges, toilet articles, shaving brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W. RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 753.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

1890.

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is your economy to buy to-day, shoddy goods will be dear at any price. We have a full line of solid leather goods to buy. We deal only in first class goods and warrant.

We have a large assortment for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with Men's, Youths', Boys', Ladies', Misses' and Children's, Gaiters.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wasting Complaints, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 22 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors. Rear Bldg.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

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Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLEEPER Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

WETUMPKA'S TREAT.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL THRONGED LAST NIGHT.

A Feast of Amusements to Celebrate the Second Anniversary of the Knights of Honor.

By eight o'clock last evening Stillman Music Hall was filled, and the story often came after that hour were compelled to stand. Seldom there were more friends than seats to accommodate them.

The occasion was the second anniversary of Wetumpka Lodge, No. 3,601, Knights of Honor, which was to be celebrated by an entertainment and it prove to be a very pleasant one, too.

The following programme was rendered:

PROGRAMME.

Part First.

Overture, Welcome ..... Orchestra
Address, Good of the Order ..... C. J. Feytel
Piano Solo ..... Chapman Musician
Miss Helen May Park.
Humorous Selections ..... Miss A. B. Hall
Song, Sailor Boy ..... Mrs. M. Colquhoun and Mr. McCormick.
Reading, Selected ..... Miss A. B. Hall
Address to Prestigue, Selected ..... Mr. Howard Knudson

Part Second.

Selection, Aurora ..... Orchestra
Solo, selected ..... Mrs. W. M. Colquhoun
Duet, Selected ..... Mrs. and Mrs. Geo. Jenkins
Recitation, Selected ..... Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jenkins
Piano Solo ..... Tarantella by spanberg
Miss Edna Park.
Solo, Selected ..... Miss McCormick
Solo, Selected ..... Mr. H. A. Knudson
Selection, Ophicleide ..... Orchestra

The main object of the entertainment was to present the benefits of the order to the favorable consideration of those present, and that was ably done by Mr. C. J. Feytel in his address.

Altogether the affair was a very enjoyable one to the audience and creditable to the order, demonstrating its social feature combined with its financial feature has been conspicuous for years, and has won for it a most excellent reputation.

The officers of the organization are as follows:

John H. Donne—Past Dictator.
C. J. Martin—Dictator.
J. F. Barber—Vice-Dictator.
W. F. Dewar—Assistant Dictator.
F. W. Haffner, P. D., Reporter.
C. E. Veil—Financial Reporter.
Rinehard Bahlke—Guide.
C. F. Wheeler—Chaplain.
Thos. Dunnett—Guardian.
Wm. Bahlke—Sentinel.
J. C. Farnan, Jr.—Treasurer.
Peter Dominguez, C. T. Benedict, Vincent L. Frame—Trustees.

JOTTINGS.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting to-morrow night.

—Gaskill Engine Company No. 1, took their apparatus out for a "wash" last evening.

—On Saturday the Crescents will play the original Annes of New York at Crescent Park.

—Grand Sentinels of North Plainfield was granted a wholesale liquor license by the Somerset County Court yesterday.

—Is another column attention is called to the advertisement of Mr. L. A. Rheaume who has resumed business at the old stand as agent. Notice what he has to say.

—Patrick McCloymont of North Plainfield was arrested by Policeman Conley early yesterday morning. He was arraigned before Judge Codington later in the day and fined $10.

—The Cantata of Esther was presented at the First Presbyterian church in Dunellen last Monday evening and was very pleasing. The performance will be repeated to-morrow evening.

—A Plainfield merchant informed a NEWS reporter this afternoon that Plainfield is being flooded with counterfeit ten cent pieces. He said that he found four in his money-drawer yesterday.

—Dr. Simpson has removed his pharmacy from the corner of Fifth and Liberty streets to the corner of Fourth and Liberty streets, where he will be pleased to see his former patrons and friends.

—The Rice-Shotwell case which was to have come up yesterday in the Somerset County Court was, at the request of Mr. Lindabury, counsel for Mr. Shotwell, adjourned until next Monday, with the consent of Corporation Counsel Marsh, Mr. Rice's counsel.

—A travelling theatrical company consisting of nine persons are giving a variety of shows at Reform Hall every evening. Their manager to yesterday was Mr. W. H. Burroughs. The company say that yesterday he disappeared, together with the receipts leaving them managerless and moneyless.

—Don't forget Arbor Day, Friday, April 18th. Plant a tree, if you possibly can. Arbor Day was first established in Nebraska in 1874, and the other States rapidly followed the example. New Jersey did not reach it until 1884. In 1887 the public school pupils became interested in it, and to the school children is very properly committed a duty which their sires too long neglected.

—There seems a misunderstanding as to the verdict of the jury in the Miller case. Some persons are of the opinion that the jury acted as Judge also. This is not so. After they had rendered their verdict of guilty with a recommendation to mercy, and Judge Codington had discharged them, they presented the following requesting that sentence be suspended, and not before they were discharged so as to be heard.

—The management of the recent Charity ball employed Policeman Lynch to guard their property. There was brick-a-brac alone amounting to $1,500. Mr. Lynch guarded the property Monday and Tuesday nights. When offered remuneration he positively refused it, but requested that whatever it was intended to pay him be paid over with the rest to help support Muhlenberg Hospital, for whose benefit the ball was given. Mr. Lynch is without doubt unnecessarily because of the wrong done him by a few who seem to over-estimate their importance while clothed with a little petty authority. The management of the ball should gladly ask us to mention Mr. Lynch's name in connection, so worthy of him, and we take pleasure in complying with the request.

MRS DARLING AT NETHERWOOD.

Plainfield Ladies Sympathize With Her in Her Misfortunes.

The following is from this morning's New York Star:

The departure from the Grenoble flat on Thursday last of Mrs. Emma Darling, wife of W. S. Darling, the financial man of John F. Plummer & Co. and Stoney & Darling, was an interesting piece of news to the creditors of the firms with which her husband has been connected.

Since Mr. Darling's disappearance Lawyer W. H. Hamilton has been Mrs. Darling's legal adviser. Mr. Hamilton said in reply to questions that Mrs. Darling has gone to live in Plainfield, N. J., with a Mrs. Watson, a friend of hers, until her home in Netherwood, on South avenue, had been fitted up with the furniture she had moved from Grenoble. The Netherwood house is owned by Mrs. Darling.

Mr. Hamilton stated that since her husband's disappearance Mrs. Darling had been very ill indeed, and that her physician had ordered her away to live in a retired place away from the city where she would be free from callers, who sometimes numbered fifteen and twenty a day.

"There was no secrecy about Mrs. Darling's going away," continued Mr. Hamilton. "Although I am sorry she did not declare her intentions to me before then she was going to Plainfield. I have written to her since she went to Plainfield and have received a reply from her."

It had been planned by Mrs. Darling's friends that she should remain at a hotel in New York while the work of removing the furniture to her cottage was in progress. This plan was changed by the kindly interposition of Mrs. Watson, who lives at Plainfield, and who persuaded her to at once leave New York and go and live with her while her cottage was being prepared for her occupancy.

DARLING'S SPECULATIONS.

L. S. Yates, one of the prominent residents of Plainfield, lives on Seventh street. He was a particular friend of Darling, having been associated with the latter in many real estate speculations. Mr. Yates, when seen at his residence last night by a Star reporter, professed to know nothing of Darling's investments, and said that he never met Darling only when he ran across the latter on the train. "I always knew him as a man of a nice fellow," said Mr. Yates, "and I did, I come to remember, meet him occasionally in the Council."

"What Council do you refer to?"

"To the City Council, the Aldermanic Chamber. Mr. Darling belonged to the Council. I believe, from what I know, I'm wrong," added Mr. Yates, hesitatingly; I don't remember whether he was a member of the Council or not".

It was ascertained from another source that Mr. Darling was a member of the City Council about four years ago, and that Mr. Yates was also a member of the Council at the same time. Darling was a Democrat and Yates a Republican in Council affairs.

Since his disappearance Plainfield it was learned that Darling at one time owned a very large estate, which had its boundary lines extending from Netherwood to Plainfield. The property was very valuable, but it had to be sold recently at a great sacrifice.

PERSONAL.

Mr. E. J. Morse and family of Franklin place are spending a week in Philadelphia.

Mrs. J. B. Bacon of Sycamore avenue is the successor of a excise which now displays 446 bulbs.

Mr. W. A. Coddington has been chosen secretary and counsel for the Plainfield Grocers' Association.

Mr. John T. Pritchard has been appointed Assistant Treasurer of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, with office in New York.

The funeral of the late John Collins took place from St. Mary's church yesterday morning at half-past eleven o'clock. A High Mass was celebrated. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Father Smith, the pastor of St. Mary's church entertained the new church choir at St. Mary's rectory Monday evening. A banquet was followed by singing, recitations, etc. A very pleasant evening was spent.

On April 11th, Mrs. Emma Palen Good and Mr. G. F. Wales were united in marriage at the residence of the pastor the Rev. Charles L. Jackson in Brooklyn. Mrs Wales is the widow of the late ex-City Judge Peter F. Good who formerly resided in this city.

Albert Hunt Martin, son of George C. and Josephine B. Martin, died suddenly at his parents' residence on West Eighth street, last evening. At the time of his death deceased was 17 years of age and was a most promising young man. The many friends of the youth will be shocked to hear of his death: as he was one of the very persons and appeared in the best of health and spirits. He was a promising pupil of Leal's and was highly esteemed by both teachers and scholars. Mrs. Martin is in delicate health and her friends fear for her. Mr. Martin had been traveling in Chicago in connection with his business and arrived home last evening. The Rev. Chas. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which Mr. Martin is a deacon, is a close friend of the family and to him was given the hard and sorrowful task of breaking the news. He and Mrs. Martin have the sympathy of the community, who mourn with them the loss of one whose future was so bright and full of hope. Albert was the youngest of three sons, George C. Jr., and J. Frank being the other two. A younger sister, Alice completed the family. The funeral will take place from the late residence, 20 West Eighth street, Thursday, April 17, at three p. m.

E. B. A. Nominations.

At a meeting of Branch No. 8, Emerald Beneficial Association, held Monday evening the following officers were nominated for the ensuing year:

President—John F. Steehen.
Vice President—Dominick McNamee.
Recording Secretary—Daniel Galbraith.
Financial Secretary—Charles Collins.
Treasurer—James Ellis.
Messenger—Matthias Argyo.
Sentinel—James Ennis and Patrick McElwee.
Marshal—Andrew E. Kenady.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

THE SECOND MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

Committee Reports Read.—Special Marshals Appointed.—The Clerk's Bond Accepted.—Mr. Hageman's Report on Sidewalks.—Other Business.

At eight o'clock last evening the North Plainfield Borough Council met in adjourned session, Mayor Pisco and Councilman Beale, Emmons, Hageman, Sebring and Smalley were present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A communication from Mr. A. E. Faber, jr., calling attention to the bad condition of the sidewalk in front of Mr. Martin's property on Mercer avenue was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

Bids for furnishing crushed stone were read as follows: Jasper B. Wilson agreed to furnish stone at 90 cents per ton at crusher; F. H. Gaus will deliver for $1.10 per ton, and Mr. F. T. B. Nevius will furnish it for 77 1-2 cents per ton at crusher. The bids were referred to the Street Committee.

Claims from the New York and New Jersey Globe Gas Light Company were presented as follows: $96.15, $80.07, $320.67. They were referred to the Auditing Committee.

Mr. Smalley from the Committee on Marshals asked for an extension of time in reference to the appointing of a regular marshal as the committee had not as yet decided upon a permanent person.

Mr. Hageman from the Committee on Streets reported that the committee had made a thorough inspection of the streets and avenues of the borough and that they found many of the streets in a bad condition; also that the majority of the board walks in the borough were almost worthless and the committee urged upon the property owners the necessity of repairing the same as speedily as possible, as good walks were indispensible adjuncts to any city, borough or town. In reference to the report that had been filed in brook above Elm place the committee reported that the borough had nothing whatever to do with their removal that it was a matter for the freeholders to look into. The report was received and ordered filed.

Mr. Hageman presented the bond, to be used by the borough for the keeping of stationery, etc., be placed in the Council room for the use of the borough officials.

Mr. Emmons offered a resolution to the effect that Mr. James Hardy be appointed to the office of Constable of the borough, to serve the borough ordinances. It was so ordered.

A petition from Harshan Schwed and others requesting Council to have a stone crosswalk laid on Brook avenue across Westerfield was read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. Hageman offered a resolution that the Committee on Printing and Stationary be empowered to have a closet for the keeping of borough documents, erected in Council Chamber. The resolution prevailed.

Also that the same committee be empowered to purchase stationery necessary for the use of the borough for the ensuing year. It was so ordered.

Mr. Emmons offered a resolution to the effect that Thomas McDonald hold over as Keeper Marshal until his successor was appointed.

The resolution drew forth considerable debate in the course of the following vote: Ayes —Messrs. Emmons, Sebring and Beckam. Nays.—Messrs. Smalley, Hageman, Buskin and Mayor Pisco.

Mr. Smalley moved that Messrs. George Concover, Louis Conant, William Simmons, Hall Mayor, J. W. Cornelius, William Bows, Job Coddington and William Sharky, be appointed as special Marshals of the borough and to receive $2 per hour as a compensation for their services when doing duty. It was so ordered.

Mr. Sebring moved to confirm the election of the firemen whose names were presented at a previous meeting. It was so ordered.

Mr. Hageman moved that a warrant be drawn to the order of B. J. Hageman, jr., for $61.50 for sundry bills of the fire department last week. The motion prevailed.

The same gentleman also called attention to the street lights and in connection therewith offered the following resolution.

Resolved, That the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps inspect the street lights and make such changes as to location as in their opinion they deem necessary. It was so ordered.

On motion the regular order of business was suspended.

The clerk then presented the claim of Thomas McDonald for $18.75. It was referred to the proper committee and subsequently ordered paid.

Mr. Hageman in a resolution moved that the Committee on Streets be empowered to expend an amount not exceeding $100 more than provided for at the previous meeting, in the cleaning of the streets. The proposed resolution was adopted.

The bond of the Borough Clerk was presented and referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances and subsequently ordered filed with the Mayor.

The meeting then adjourned.

City Court.

Policemen Laine and Giese last night arrested Patrick Cahill, who was charged with drunkenness, disorderly conduct and wife beating. He was arraigned before City Judge Codington this morning and pleaded not guilty. The Judge held him in $50 bail for his appearance for trial to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

—The Society for the prevention of Cruelty to Animals will hold an adjourned meeting this evening at eight o'clock in Chief Carey's office.

—The Nameless bowling team of Westfield visited Fanwood last night and rolled two of the Central League games with the Fanwoods. The latter won two games.

—Conover's stage will run to and from the entertainment given by the the Crescent Division, K. of P., at Scotch Plains to-morrow. It will leave the corner of Park avenue and Front street, at 7:15 p. m.

—Yesterday afternoon two well-known characters who were under the influence of liquor, amused themselves on West Second street by throwing decayed lemons at one another. A lady was passing at the time and was struck by one of the flying missiles. She made no complaint against the parties.

THE MOFFETT-CAREY MATTER.

Representative Citizens Now Taking the Matter up, to Protect the City and Right the Wronged.—A Great Meeting Last Night.

There was a large preliminary meeting of representative citizens, irrespective of party, held last evening in Library Hall, to confer as to the best action to be taken by the citizens against the Police Board for removing Chief Carey and suspending Policeman Lynch, as they did. This is independent of Mr. Carey's action.

The matter was thoroughly discussed, and developed the fact that all were satisfied that the great wrong had involved the city, and that this was the duty of the citizens to take immediate steps to protect the city's interests in every possible way, and see that those who have willfully placed these interests in jeopardy be properly dealt with according to law, and the disgrace which has been put upon the good name of Plainfield wiped out.

A very able committee was appointed to report at a future meeting, to be held at an early date.

The developments will appear later on. Eminent legal gentlemen present expressed themselves as to the course thought best, and assured to have no doubt as to the criminal and civil liability of those who are the cause of the wrong.

The action as a preliminary step an injunction may be applied for to restrain the offenders from continuing where they may wrong. If such be the case, the expensive litigations and suits for damages which the taxpayers will be compelled to pay. Although the action of the Police Board has received from those who have caused the mischief, if they have any property.

The proceedings of the meeting are private for the present, but as the fact of the meeting, its object, and its decision seem to be generally known, it is thought proper to generalize thus far.

The Final Meeting of the Presbytery.

The Presbytery re-assembled and resumed business at the Presbyterian church at 9 a. m. this morning.

The minutes of Monday's session were read and approved.

The following appeared in the Presbytery and were received.

Ministers—Drs. Campbell, Kims, Gillespie, Rev. Messrs. Monroe, Payson, Williamson, Gibson, Hoppaugh, Owens, Jones, Love and Dr. Mason.

Elders, Joseph Cross, Westminster, Elizabeth; W. S. Wills, Rahway 2d; Henry Race M. D., Plainfield; Wm. Ayres, Rahway 1st; Jonas Crane, Bethany, Elizabeth 1st; Jonas VanDoren, Second Street, Plainfield; Rogers, Liberty Corner; Lyon, Old Bridge; Lower Valley; C. C. Pierson, Perth Amboy; Geo. B. Dale, Bayonne City 1st.

The minutes of the stated meeting and of the intervening meetings were read for correction and approved as recorded by Rev. A. H. Lewis, D. D., Seventh-day Baptist general conference, Rev. J. A. Wills, Methodist Episcopal Conference, Detroit, Mich., Rev. C. S. Mitchell, Newark conference M. E. church, were invited to sit with the body in a consultative capacity.

The moderator appointed the following Committees on the Revision of the Standing Committees:

Rev. Drs. McNulty and Rankin, Elder S. B. Thompson.

And at the direction of the Presbytery the following committees were appointed:

On ministerial supply—Dr. D. H. Pierson, Rev. Dr. Teal.

On obituary minute of Rev. R. B. Edgar, Rev. W. R. Richards.

Rev. Wm. C. Stinson presented a certificate of dismission from the Presbytery of Monmouth, and Rev. Jno. Love also certificates from the Presbytery of Pennsylvania. These letters being found in order the brethren were received and enrolled as members of Presbytery. The business from them was of a general nature. The Presbytery adjourned at 2 o'clock.

France Lee Will Case Settled.

The famous France Lee will case has just been amicably settled. Messrs. Monroe Long and John Jackson, the executors, have settled with the heirs at law, each Mr. William Hetfield and Mrs. James H. Hones have agreed to renounce their claims for appointment as executors. The estate is to go to the heirs. It is appraised at $68,000. The personal property is worth the same amount and will go as bequeathed. A fair division has therefore been made. The lawyers, however, will get the most of the spoil. The legal fees will amount to about $50,000, which will leave legatees and executors about $18,000.

The Scotch Plains Baptist church is the principal legatee. The trustees will get $58,000 of the $300,000 originally bequeathed.

The Supreme Court Spoonfeeds for Chief Carey.

Chief Carey received a telegram from his counsel last evening setting forth that the Supreme Court had granted the writs, and promptly ordered that the proceedings of the Police Board be certiorated. It is only a question of time until the Court redresses the great wrong.

The Police Board will now be required to appear in Trenton by counsel to-morrow, and show cause why their proceedings shall not be set aside as illegal and void.

It is reported that the Board has employed special counsel, but why should the city be required to pay both sides? The prominent citizen of the citizens elsewhere refused to may result in compelling the Board to pay their own bills.

T. A. B. Officers.

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society at its meeting Monday evening elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—John Walsh.
Vice President—Dominick McNamee.
Financial Secretary—John Carney.
Recording Secretary—John O'Rourke.
Treasurer—Andrew E. Kenny.

Runaway on Somerset Street.

As Mr. Johnson who resides on Johnston's drive was driving home at about nine o'clock Monday evening on Somerset street, he struck at a heap of dirt in the roadway on Somerset street near Grandview avenue. The same at once upset, throwing Mr. Johnson into a bush head striking a telephone pole. An ugly gash was inflicted. The wagon was wrecked.

Died.

MARTIN—Suddenly, April 15, Albert Hunt, son of George C. and Josephine B. Martin, aged 17 years.

Funeral from residence of his parents, 20 West Eighth street, Thursday, April 17 at three p. m.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Found Dead, Training, Assault, Forest Fire, Cashing a Check, Probable Foul Play.

Thomas Carr, of No. 63 Clinton street, Hoboken, was found dead seated in a chair in his room yesterday. His death is attributed to heart disease. The body was taken to Crane's Morgue and the County Physician notified.

Robert White, aged twenty-four years, of new Bedford, Mass., was taken to St. Mary's Hospital in Hoboken yesterday suffering from cuts on his head and severe bodily injuries received by being struck by a moving train of the West Shore Railroad at Weehawken.

Collector Large of Newark announced this morning that he had appointed Edwin R. Abbot as an inspector in his office, to succeed Colonel Commissioner James McKinney, who resigned on Saturday. Mr. Abbot is a resident of Somerville, and is employed in the Pilsbury flour mills, on the Central Railroad. He will make his home in Newark.

At the request of some prominent people of Newark, among them a highly esteemed clergyman, James Smith, jr., went to Trenton to intercede for John Boyle, who will be executed next week for murder of his wife. He was with a gang that assaulted Policeman Boyle in 1887, and struck several blows and it said to be dying of consumption. The Board will probably release him.

A forest fire has been burning since yesterday morning about ten miles west of Lakewood, N. J., near Cedar Bridge. The which started early yesterday morning, continued through the night and destroyed a large amount of valuable timber and young trees. At times the path of the flames was two or three miles wide. The burning timber of considerable area this afternoon, after hours of hard fighting.

Coroner W. V. W. Vreeland of Newark was arraigned before Judge Kirkpatrick in the Court of Quarter Sessions yesterday to answer an indictment for larceny. He plead non vult and bail was fixed at $500 for trial next May. The amount of the money involved was $1,800, of which a portion was returned to the owner which it had been overdrawn by Vreeland, who received $2,000 on a check that called for only $200. Vreeland was unable to find a bondsman, although he sent messengers all over the city, so he was committed to jail and spent the night there.

The body of an unknown man, apparently forty years of age, was taken to Crane's Morgue in Hoboken yesterday. It was found floating under the Hackensack bridge, near the Secaucus road, Jersey City. The appearances of the body foul play is suspected. When taken out of the water the pocket of the coat had been turned inside out. There were several bruises on the head and body. The man was of stout build, about 5 feet 9 inches in height, and had on a new suit of clothes. He wore dark clothes and overcoat of good material, new shoes and new kid gloves. Gen. B. Dale, Bayonne City 1st.

The minutes of the stated meeting and of the intervening meetings were read for correction and approved as recorded by

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Cent-a-Word Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

A MILLINER. Wanted immediately at Mrs. Dunn's, 14 West Front street. 12tf

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Fritts. 4-3tf

$70 SEVEN octave piano Rosewood case in good repair and fully warranted. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

FOR RENT—House, barn and garden, and 17 of dairy, from 25 to 30 acres of tillable land if desired. Inquire of Mrs. Ellis, Grove street, Dunellen. To a good tenant terms will be made easy. Apply to I. Scribner, No. 32 Maple avenue, North Plainfield. 3-tf

$190 CHICKERING piano. This fine instrument left for sale. Perfect order. Thompson Park. 12tf

FOR SALE—Choice lots on Putnam, La Grande, Carlton and Kensington avenues will be sold at a sacrifice. To parties building immediately no money will be required. Address E. A. Jones, 18 Kensington avenue.

FOR SALE—Central avenue and Randolph Road. Choicest location in Plainfield. Apply to the owner on the premises and commodious, finished in hard wood. Cabinet trim, electric light throughout. Price low. M. W. S.*

$60 ORGAN. Solid walnut case, 10 stops, six base and complete. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf

100 ROLLS of Matung at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

I HAVE two one-ired dollars to loan or invest in good paying security. Address "Money" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-9tf

$165 7 1-3 piano, Rosewood case, carved legs, full fringe, over-strings, just been put in fine repair. Thompson Park, 4-12tf

LOST—A fobsick setter dog. Answers to name of Jack. Any one returning will be paid for his return to R. M. Stelle, Front street corner Park avenue. 16tf

LOST—April 8th or 7th, a pink and white worsted shawl strap. Baby carriage. Please return to EVENING NEWS for owner.

SETTINGS of eggs of thoroughbred Pekin ducks, $1 per setting. Also eggs of two hundred black Minorca fowl, $1.50 per setting. Greatest layers known, both White and Brown Leghorns, 125 Roosevelt avenue.

TERMS! TERMS! Parties about setting out trees will do well to examine some of the finest to be had in the market. We will sell at 15 cents per half for two dollars a hundred, and upward. Apply to E. A. Jones, 18 Kensington avenue.

TO LET—Small house, 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 14-3

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms. R. R. Fairchild, Fairchild's farm, 21 East Front street. 4-9tf

$225 UPRIGHT piano. In use three months, with slight defect in case. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

TO LET—Third floor and cellar, large building, 121 Somerset street. Also stable for four horses in the rear. 3-tf

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid and seamstress with washing. Apply at 34 Kensington avenue.

WANTED—54 inch Columbia bicycle, must be in good condition. Address Box 406 city.

WANTED—A place for general housework. Apply at 91 West Fourth street. 15-2

WANTED—Situation by married man as coachman. Can give good references. Address or call at 105 South Second street. 10-6

Nothing Old,

NOT EVEN THE PROPRIETOR'S.

New Store. New Firm. New Goods.

We make no secret of our business system. Here it is: We sell for CASH, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. We buy for CASH in the largest lots and lowest rates for ready fired cream goods. We are contented with small profits and quick sales. We make money by them and you save money.

Our prices for this week on following goods will be:

PILLSBURY FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; GOLDEN AGE FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; IMPERIAL FLOUR, best 70c. per bag; GOOD FAMILY FLOUR, best 60c. per bag; FLEMINGTON HAMS, 12c. per lb; FLEMINGTON SHOULDERS, 7c. per lb; Teas of all kinds from 40c. to 75c for $1; Cream Combination Coffee (Mocha Java and Maracaibo) 32c. per lb. Sugar at Cost. Crockery at Pottery Prices.

Remember every article is warranted strictly pure. Bean Coffee, free from stones, and hog-in bones; Ground Coffee, free from Peas, Rye, etc. No Oleomargarine kept in stock. We pay biggest prices for Fresh Country Eggs. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

Our extra wagons for delivery of goods in country and adjoining towns will be complete inside of two weeks. Therefore people desirous of saving money by becoming our customers will leave their orders with

REGERS, BINGHAM & FULPER, Prop.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

Dealers in full line of groceries.

NO. 29 WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

Special Notices.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Trade-marks secured. Trade-marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees and our position, advice, and special reference sent on request. 19-13-tf

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Tuesday and Friday afternoons. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. COOLEY, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 2-20-1m*

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. Nagel's school, 17 East Front street, Thursday afternoon, 4 p. m. Terms for advanced scholars. New business Thursday 4 to 8 p. m. Will teach at Rahway on Saturday. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 9-1mo

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, April 17,

THE BIG NEW YORK HIT.

THE FAMOUS

BOSTON HOWARD ATHENAEUM CO.,

Headed by one of Plainfield's most prominent ex-players,

George Thatcher,

together with

20 *Great Artists* 20

SPECIAL—We bring our own orchestra from New York to insure a perfect performance. Prices 35, 50, 75c. and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

BICYCLES!

I wish to inform my friends and the public in general that I have opened a

Bicycle Agency,

AT NO. 78 PARK AVENUE,

where I shall be glad to furnish any of the following machines:

Columbia Bicycles and Tricycles, Hartford Safety, Sales Safety, Rush Safety, Crescent Safety, Juno Safety for gentlemen or ladies, Junior Safety for boys and girls, Our Pet Safety for children, also the new Veloceptor in the market. Catalogues on application.

Frank L. C. Martin.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT,

Dealer in

COAL, LUMBER

and

Masons' Materials,

BROADWAY and FOURTH ST.

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.

FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

[And our own[illegible].

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where we expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BUER, President. G. W. F. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses will convincingly demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

That Granite Iron-ware does sell? The best bargains we have ever offered. Three pieces —a few days more and 'twill all be sold.

Do you want matting? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a chandelier you will find it here. We sell shades complete at 35c. Curtain poles complete at 25c.

VanEmburgh & White

16 WEST FRONT ST.

CYCLES for ALL.

YOUNG AND OLD.

"VICTOR,"
KING OF WHEELS.
"NEW MAIL,"
"CLUB,"
and many others.

SEBRELL & POUND

and W. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Agents, No. 7 Park Avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in American Damask, a most pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News:
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 MARGARET STREET.

E. W. HORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ROOM NO. 1. TELEPHONE NO. 6. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Ladies, beware how you carry your pocketbooks in your hands. The scientific thief now comes along beside you and touches your wrist with a piece of metal which is charged with electricity. It shocks you violently and hurls the purse from your hand. The thief snatches it up and is off with it before you can recover from your dizziness. Many robberies have been committed in this way recently.

A good deal of newspaper comment is excited by what is said to be the change of heart of Senator Allison, of Iowa, on the tariff question. From being a thorough protectionist, apparently, a year ago, he has now decided that the country has come to a point where tariff revision is necessary. In a general way the senator would follow the senate tariff bill of last year, but he thinks business changes in the country since that was passed have made changes in it also necessary. Things could go on the free list now that were not put on that list then, and other articles could be reduced. Mr. Allison is satisfied there should be a deep cut in the duty on sugar, say 45 per cent.

Some Annexed Women.

A New York Tribune correspondent writes that the women of southern California towns are doing more for the development of that region than the men. A notable instance is given in the case of San Diego, which, like many another town, was left high and dry "when the boom busted."

The distressed inhabitants saw their town sliding to the wall. Something must be done to revive prosperity. The chamber of commerce passed resolutions. At this point the correspondent says:

Somebody suggested, perhaps in sport, that the women could do more to revive business than the chamber of commerce. The first thing known was the organization of the "Ladies' Annex to the Chamber of Commerce." Some of the men here resented it called the "Women's Annex," but "lady" in the west has a greater dynamic effect than "woman." The ladies' annex under the compulsion of the latter, as a matter of fact the most work has been done by the women. They have inaugurated a system of boom and are the pennon wilderness called the city park, and they will make it a veritable beauty's bower of blossoming shrubbery. They have begun a system exhibit of San Diego county products, and a wonderfully interesting affair it is; they keep the city authorities up to the mark in matters of street improvements; they entertained the senate committee on arid lands and the senate committee on Pacific railroads when they visited San Diego as the distinguished statesmen had never been entertained before; and they have secured the granting of the half million dollar subsidy to be offered for a new transcontinental railroad connection. In fact there is nothing that comes up which will benefit the town that these women do not pitch in and work for.

The ladies are the wives, mothers and daughters of the business men of San Diego. They have accomplished so much that their example is being imitated. Other towns near, among them Elsinore and Los Angeles, have also formed ladies' annexes to clean the streets and help other public enterprises.

Expressions of the Mouth.

A Frenchman (M. T. Pideret) has written a curious paper on the physiognomy of the mouth. The varied expressions of the face are the result of evolution. When the primitive man tasted anything he did not like, instinctively he separated his jaws so as to get the tongue as far away as possible from the palate. He did this when he tasted things bitter or nauseating. In process of the ages this physical expression of disgust and aversion came to be used also of feelings that were bitter and unpleasant, as soon as the primitive man was sufficiently developed to know one feeling from another.

Hence the look of the face which M. Pideret calls the bitter expression. Fancy yourself tasting something intensely disagreeable, and your face will instinctively assume it. The sides of the nose and the middle of the upper lip are lifted, and the skin of the forehead is wrinkled vertically. The bitter expression in the diagram M. Piderer gives us is remarkably like that the countenance of Roscoe Conkling wore habitually. If the expression has a dull look, and has become chronic, it indicates bitter suffering, and "is a sign that the person is suffering from bitter feelings and trials."

On the other hand is what our writer names the "sweet expression." It has been evolved with the process of the ages in the same way as its opposite, the bitter one. When the prehistoric man tasted something agreeable, he tasted it as long as he could, drawing the corners of the mouth slightly upward and the lips softly back against the teeth. Fancy you are tasting a delicacy you are very fond of, and the face will assume the sweet expression. In course of the ages, this too came to express mental emotions as well as physical ones.

Pideret says the sweet expression is rare. It is almost never found among men, but is occasionally met with among affectionate women. When it is constant in the face, it becomes altogether too much of a good thing, like eating candy all the time, and grows tiresome to the beholder.

Among the present Anglo-Saxon race, however, there does not seem as if the bitter would be wearied out in that way for a while.

IN THE WORLD OF LABOR

Miners and Operators in Convention at Columbus, O.

A MAMMOTH STRIKE MAY RESULT

If Ohio and Pennsylvania Operators Adopt the Scale and Illinois and Indiana Operators Reject It, Serious Trouble Will Result.

COLUMBUS, O., April 16.—The joint meeting of the miners of the United Mine Workers of America and operators was called to order yesterday afternoon by A. Dampster, of Pittsburg, P. McBride acting as secretary, for the purpose of arriving upon competitive district and agreeing upon the scale of wages. The chairman stated the object of the convention. Miners representing the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Pennsylvania and West Virginia were present. The letters from Indiana and Illinois operators, saying that they would not attend the convention, were read. After reading the letters, Mr. Dempster said: "In the absence of those operators, let common sense and prudence govern all proper actions."

The scale committees invited the Indiana, Illinois and West Virginia miners to have representatives on the committee, and these were appointed: West Virginia, J. W. Kirk and Jeremiah Hood; Indiana, John Kane and James Anderson; Illinois, Samuel Skelton and James Harrison.

The Scale and the Operators.

One of the high officials of the United Mine Workers of America was asked concerning the scale proposed. The reporter said: "Only the operators of Ohio and Pennsylvania will be represented in the joint convention of miners and mine operators which meets this afternoon. What if they should agree to pay the scale of prices proposed by the miners, and the Indiana and Illinois operators, not being represented, refused to adopt it? Would there be a strike?"

"There would," he replied. "Unless the Ohio and Pennsylvania operators should adopt the scale, and the Indiana and Illinois operators to adopt the same scale, we would all refuse to return to work in the mines until our terms are conceded by all. It would be the greatest strike ever known. We will have no more of this piecemeal business. They will have to either accept it all ground or not at all."

The Strength of the Miners.

The official stated further, to show the strength of the miners, that there are 147 delegates in the convention, representing fully 100,000 organized miners in the United States. The organization, the United Mine Workers, is in an excellent shape for a conflict. Nineteen weeks ago the Punxsutawney Coal company did the first thing known was the organization of the "Ladies' Annex to the Chamber of Commerce." Some of the men here resented it called the "Women's Annex," but "lady" in the west has a greater dynamic effect than "woman." The ladies' annex under the compulsion of the latter, as a matter of fact the most work has been done by the women. They have inaugurated a system of boom and are the pennon wilderness called the city park, and they will make it a veritable beauty's bower of blossoming shrubbery. They have begun a system exhibit of San Diego county products, and a wonderfully interesting affair it is; they keep the city authorities up to the mark in matters of street improvements; they entertained the senate committee on arid lands and the senate committee on Pacific railroads when they visited San Diego as the distinguished statesmen had never been entertained before; and they have secured the granting of the half million dollar subsidy to be offered for a new transcontinental railroad connection. In fact there is nothing that comes up which will benefit the town that these women do not pitch in and work for.

The Ohio Miners Meet.

The joint convention of the miners of Ohio continued in session. On the question of one or five cents differential the convention voted as follows: For one cent, 6,881; for five districts, 1,284; total, 8,165. The vote was made unanimous. The scale committee of the state association then agreed that the rating of the half million dollar subsidy to be offered for a new transcontinental railroad connection. In fact there is nothing that comes up which will benefit the town that these women do not pitch in and work for.

Mine Operators in Session.

The mine operators held a caucus. There were about fifty or sixty operators present from Ohio and Pennsylvania, only one from Illinois. Indiana was not represented. The policy of the operators on the scale question was discussed, but no action taken. A committee of four was appointed from each state to vote in the joint convention and represent the remaining operators. This will make the vote of the operators in the convention eight, as only Ohio and Pennsylvania are represented, the Illinois operator saying he would take no part in the convention.

LABOR TROUBLES GALORE.

Friction Between Employer and Employe Here and There.

CHICAGO, April 16.—The building trade in Chicago is almost at a standstill. The striking carpenters have fulfilled their promise to tie up the town. A few attempts to do work were made by the bosses, but in most instances but one man reported for work where fifty would have been engaged. Reports from the strikers' agents at Racine and other points where the bosses have sent men to hire carpenters were to the effect that none of the craftsmen would come here to take their striking brethren's places. There was a bit of excitement in the morning at the Brotherhood of Carpenters' headquarters, 244 and 246 Clark street. The contractor secured fifteen carpenters from various country towns within the past week, and started them to work on the new Grand Opera House block. A short time committee of the strikers were on the ground reasoning with the new men and endeavoring to persuade them to quit. The contractor learned of the plot, and at 7 o'clock yesterday morning a special car load of officers from the Thirty-fifth street station were sent to the park. The men had quit work, however. The strikers' committee soon convinced the men that it was to their interest to quit and the fifteen men signed the union roll. A week on the Brotherhood bull park is stopped.

A number of the cloak makers employed by F. Siegel & Brothers, 222 Market street, have struck work on account of dissatisfaction with the foreman. The firm employs several hundred persons, many of whom are women. The strikers, however, were all men. The firm say the strikers will not hurt their business.

ROCKLAND, Me., April 16.—Granite paying cutters in the employ of the following companies have struck for higher wages: Booth Bros. and Rockland Hurricane Granite company, Lurraine Island quarry; Jenkins, Granite company, Burgess & Partridge and R. Andrews, Vinal Haven. The men have been receiving an average of about $2.25 per day. They want from $1 to $2.50 more per 1,000 superficial feet. The Lurraine quarries and some rock being harder to work than others.

BOSTON, April 16.—Not over twenty stonecutters of the hundred expected to strike yesterday stopped work. It is said that the leading cause for the failure of the bricklayers and carpenters to support the strike in the least is that it would certainly affect the eight hour movement to be inaugurated May 1.

PITTSBURG, April 16.—The committee of the brotherhood of Railroad Men, consisting of about twenty-five men from all the railroads in the city, presented a statement of their grievances to all the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, Pennsylvania company, Allegheny Valley and Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroads yesterday afternoon, and informed them that they would return today for an answer. Up to 3 o'clock the committee had not called at the Baltimore and Ohio and Pittsburg and Western roads, but the officials thought the same demand would be made on them as were made on the others.

The demands are in substance: Increase of wages for yardmen, trainmen, etc.; so one but yardmen must do yard work; shorter hours; no man must be discharged without his case first being laid before the grievance committee. The grievances are said to be sixteen in number. The general officers of the Federation Order of Railroad Employes have been called for, asking them to attend a meeting of railroad men in this city this afternoon. At this meeting the advisability of calling out all railroad employes will be discussed, and it is also authoritatively that the passenger conductors and engineers will strike, if necessary, to gain the demands made. It is said that the strike will involve all of the men employed of the passenger service and will effectually close traffic on all railroads centering in this city. The yardmasters' grievances are regarding from $1.80 to $1.85 per day. The advance demanded ranges from thirty to fifty-five cents per day.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., April 16.—Over 1,200 coke ovens have been shut down indefinitely by the Frick, Schoonmaker and McClure Coke companies. Notice was given last week of their suspension. Over 1,200 men are out of employment. The cokers have threatened a general strike if this action was taken. They insist upon having protection restricted by closing down all the works in the region one, or if necessary, two days a week, so that all the workers may obtain equality of the labor.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 16.—Seven hundred union carpenters have struck here for eight hours. One hundred non-union men and fifteen union men are still at work. The contractors are not in a yielding mood.

VON CAPRIVI TO THE DIET.

The New Chancellor Makes His First Official Speech.

BERLIN, April 16.—The Prussian diet was opened yesterday by Chancellor von Caprivi. The chancellor referred to the important position which had been held by Prince Bismarck and expressed the hope that in the future the empire would continue secure. The edifice of the state was cemented firmly enough to resist wind and weather. Moreover, the people, gratified by the peace, and the monarch had already manifested itself at home and abroad. He affirmed his undying belief in the future of Prussia and of the German empire, and spoke on Prussia's ascendency.

In conclusion, the chancellor said he would allow the widest scope to practical criticism, and trusted that the spirit of the convention it was found. He would co-operate with all persons having at heart the interests of Prussia, and aiming to foster the monarchic feeling in Prussia and the national feeling throughout the empire. The speech was received with hearty applause.

The Body in the Cask Disposed Of.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Collector Erhardt has received a telegram from Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Tichenor authorizing him to deliver the body containing the body of an unknown man received by the steamer Thingvalla to the Danish consul at New York. The dispatch states that this action is taken at the request of the secretary of state.

Two Men were Killed.

GLADWIN, Mich., April 16.—The boiler in Ormond's sawmill, some miles south of this place, exploded, completely wrecking the mill and instantly killing H. M. Covey, the engineer, and Aaron Covey, his son, who was acting as fireman.

ALLEN.
The Stationer,
HAS SOME VERY NICE L/W PRICED
Easter Booklets,
WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.
23 EAST FRONT STREET.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!
SOMETHING NEW.
Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.
This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and stamps permanency to a photograph as it cannot fade.
Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.
Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

Not "Soap Fat,"
but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and
African Palm Soap.
These are not surpassed by any soaps of the same kind except our Perfumed Almond Cakes per cake or 2 for 25 cts.
Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

A Lively Tilt Over the Montana Election Case.

BEARING OF RECENT ELECTIONS.

The Case to Be Disposed of This Afternoon—The House Passed the Naval Appropriation Bill After Rejecting the Three Line of Battle Ships.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The senate continued the debate on the Montana election cases and agreed to take a vote on them not later than 2 p. m. Wednesday.

The senate passed a resolution calling on the secretary of the interior for the report of Jesse Spaulding, government director of the Pacific railroads, as to the general management of the Pacific railroads; also a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to whether Chinamen permitted to pass through the United States have failed to leave the United States under the terms of their admission in transit.

The house bill increasing the limit of cost for the postoffice building and site at Scranton, Pa., to $250,000 was passed.

The Montana Contest.

The Montana election case was then read and Mr. Morgan addressed the senate. He referred to the recent elections in Montana particularly at Butte, in Silver Bow county, in which the Democrats were successful, as an indication that the particular district about which the whole controversy existed was Democratic in sentiment. He declared that if the state of Montana was now seeking admission as a state "with all that filthy clinging to her shirts" she would be kicked from the threshold, and he insisted that no man had the right to claim a seat in the senate as a senator from Montana unless he has the certificate signed by the governor and the secretary of state. Neither of the claimants had certificates thus signed, the Democratic claimant's certificate having signed by the governor and the Republican claimant's certificates signed by the secretary of state Mr. Daniel argued against the case on security sport, which he characterized as a "paddee and stuffed record, make up of make weight which do not belong to the question." Mr. Vance declined to read a telegram which he said had just been received from Montana. It read as follows:

Hurrah for honest citizens, who vindicate the right.

Hurrah for law and liberty, the people won the fight.

Republican corruptionists went weeping to their fate,

For the voters placed the ban upon the men who stole the state.

The mourners speak in whispers, there's crape on every door.

The G. O. P. was killed by stealing precinct Thirty-four.

Senator Stone and Precinct 34.

Mr. Daniel said that as he understood the facts the Democratic majority in Butte which a year ago was 300, had been reduced to about 250 and that at precinct 34 there was not a single voter left. All of those upper ant voters had gone, like last year's snow bank. He left, he said, his "friend from North Carolina to his comic eloquence."

Mr. Vance—The senator from Massachusetts deserves as much comfort out of small material as any senator on this floor. My information is very different. The city of Butte gave a Republican majority last year; and there has been a great "turn over" in consequence of "subsequent proceedings." The Republican feeling had been in bed at 2 o'clock last night his ideas would have been clearer this morning.

It Was a Conspiracy, He Said.

Mr. Daniel resuming his argument criticised the majority. The action of the returning board of Silver Bow county in including the votes at precinct 34, and the acts of the territorial returning board, he said, was an open and notorious development of a conspiracy, perpetrating all the officeholders of Montana in order to get control of political power. The whole machinery of the administration of the law in that territory had been prostituted, and debased, and tortured, and corrupted, in order to include in the returns the votes which he would have voted for Clark and Maginnis, who were here asserting their righteous title and seeking equitable support. Without concluding his speech Mr. Daniel yielded for a motion to adjourn.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—In the house Mr. Boutelle (Me.) called up the naval appropriation bill, and the house, after rejecting the amendment of the committee of the whole striking out the three coast line battle ships, passed the bill. Mr. Cannon (Ills.), from the committee on rules, reported a resolution for the immediate consideration of the bill to define and regulate the jurisdiction of United states courts. The resolution was adopted—yeas, 138; nays, 99. The bill was then passed—yeas, 181; nays, 12—the speaker counting a quorum.

What the Bill Provides.

The bill withdraws all original jurisdiction now vested in the circuit courts of the United States and vests the same exclusively in the district courts of the United States; and also provides that the circuit courts of the United States shall exercise such jurisdiction by writ of error and appeal as they have and exercise under existing laws. The circuit court is made an appellate court exclusively, and the court has the power to issue all remedial process. The circuit courts are to consist of the present circuit judge and the others to be appointed in each circuit by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate. The terms of the circuit court are to be held at the following places: First circuit, Boston; second circuit, New York; third circuit, Philadelphia; fourth circuit, Richmond, Va.; fifth circuit, New Orleans; sixth circuit, Cincinnati; seventh circuit, Chicago; eighth circuit, St. Louis; ninth circuit, San Francisco. Writs of error in proper cases shall in all other cases appeal may be had from the district to the circuit courts, both at law and in equity.

A writ of error from the circuit court or an appeal to the circuit court may be had in all criminal cases in which the circuit court may now exercise jurisdiction by writ of error. Circuit courts are given appellate jurisdiction by writ of error or appeal, to review the judgments and decrees of the supreme courts of the several territories for the review of judgments and decrees of the supreme court of the district courts are to have final and conclusive jurisdiction on appeal or writ of error in all cases in which jurisdiction is acquired by the diverse citizenship of the parties or the alienship of the parties only and in which no question arises under the constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; but questions of jurisdiction alone in cases of a novel, difficult or important character may be certified to the supreme court for determination in the discretion of any two of the circuit judges trying the case.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 2015. Plainfield, N. J. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laine
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Educational.

ELOCUTION, Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alice Carey, P. O. Box 1098.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Mme. Louis Vironx and Creditaer, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Boston, and Professor Vironx, Special instructor at the Plainfield High school, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and children at their private residences. Correspondence invited. First trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 45th street. 9-28-1y

MR. F. L. CONDE, Teacher of **Violin**, 13 years a student, special attention to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solo and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 256. 4-9-1y.

MISS C. S. HELLWIG, is a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, given for studies in music, languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 Somerset, Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1098.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Bersbower and Miss Newton's school for girls, 1 Cedarside avenue, corner of Washington street.

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DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. after 6 p. m.

DR. G. W. BRIERS, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. ROSE, Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 108 East Front street, Plainfield.

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office first floor First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG & ADAMS, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 1 Park avenue. Civil Engineering, small bridges a specialty. Plans, specifications, estimates and all parts of the work. Residence corner of Fifth and Somerset streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 245 Broadway, New York city, room 22 and 23. Residence Crescent Park Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No. 7 East Front street.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,
Choice Clover,
Timothy and
Lawn Seeds.
FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HARDWARE, PLUMBING
AND TINNING.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
.3 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call 6.

THE DAIRY,
62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,
are offering special inducement in
Gilt Edged Butter
Call and see them.
Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese, from fresh cows.
Get our Prices on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.
DELICATESSEN
Relishes, Frankfurts, Roast Onions, Bologna, Liverwurst, Boiled Ham, Spiced Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sour and Sweet Pickles, Sour Kraut, Mustard, Horse Radish, Pumpkin, Hand and Limburger Cheese.
W. C. HUBBS, Plainfield and Elizabeth

The New Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—After a day spent in frequent consultations the Republican members of the ways and means committee decided to postpone the submission to the house of the new tariff bill and the report on it until today. It was the intention to submit the bill and report Monday, but the early adjournment of the house on account of Mr. Randall's death prevented this. Yesterday the Louisiana delegation and a number of sugar growers descended upon the Republican members of the committee and submitted a proposition that sent them into conference to take the matter under advisement. The sugar question and a proposition made by sugar refiners and manufacturers against the proposed duty on carpet wools were discussed at length, and the conference adjourned at 5 o'clock without having come to a conclusion on the propositions. The proposition made by the sugar men was to provide for the granting of a bounty of two cents on each pound of sugar grown or the imposition of a duty of half a cent on every pound of sugar imported, and a bounty of one and a half cents for every pound grown, with a proviso that the bounty should hold for fifteen years. Should any change in the proposed sugar schedule be made the report will have to be changed to conform with it, and this will cause an additional delay in its presentation.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF HENRY I. VAIL, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Morgan, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executor of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of and deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

WILLIAM H. DAKIN, Executor.
February 20th, 1890. 3-28-ow-6t

ESTATE OF FANNIE L. EARLE, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Farrer, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscribers under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscribers.

CORNELIA C. HARDEN, Executrix.
February 14th, 1890. 3-25-ow-6t

A Great Bargain
in the following
Canned Fruit
and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.20
California Plums	20c.	2.20
California Apricots	25	2.75
Fresh Shelled Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey peas	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
45 North avenue.
Latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Flushes, Satines, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking and Stamping at reasonable prices. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.
TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence and shop, Second Front street, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344

Crushed Stone
The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size desired, at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.
P. T. B. NEVIUS,
RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
P. O. Box 793.

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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
M. E. MOORE,
BUILDER.
IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,
where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to
JOBBING.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, TRY US

DICKINSON
12 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

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FURNITURE
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BEDDING,
Baby Carriages!
I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which for style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.
R. R. Fairchild,
21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.
4 doors below Post-Office.
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59 WEST FRONT STREET,
is still making her famous
FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything required.
SILVER TO LOAN.
Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware. Lamps etc., in great variety.

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EAST AGAINST THE WEST.
OURS. McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle. Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs. Colorado Goats.
Native Veal. Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork. Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys. Kansas Prime.
Sugar Cured Hams. Shoulders Ham Trimmed.
FAIR PRICES.
N. B. Smalley's, Door as any Price.
94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Meats of all Kinds
at the New Meat Market,
No. 17 West Front Street.
GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,
Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

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REAL ESTATE
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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

DON'T FORGET
WHEN MAKING SPRING PURCHASES THAT
J. P. Laire & Co.
HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF
Stoves,
Ranges, and
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
IN THE COUNTY. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Harness a Specialty.
Joseph Krewson,
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Furniture Express
51 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,
50 dozen Spring styles
HATS, HATS,
also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.
U. S. CRANE'S,
Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Avenue.

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Office 30 Door Street, North Plainfield.

Kline's Excelsior

A REBELLION ROMANCE.

An Abolitionist's Grandson to Wed Winnie Davis.

THE ROMANTIC COURTSHIP.

The Prospective Husband Is Said to Be Alfred Wilkinson, Grandson of Rev. Samuel J. May, of Syracuse, N. Y. Spoken Unless North and South.

NEW YORK, April 16.—A special to The World from Syracuse, N. Y., says: "It is now verified a report of a very interesting character which has materialized into a fact of great significance, and cannot fail to attract the widest attention in both Europe and America. In a word, it is the crowning event of the great rebellion. It is nothing more nor less than the announcement by one of the very intimate friends here of the marriage of Miss Winnie Davis, the oldest daughter of Jefferson Davis, the late president of the southern Confederacy, to Mr. Alfred Wilkinson, of this city, the grandson of Samuel J. May, the great abolitionist of the south. The event is of more than ordinary significance owing to its bearing on the birth and fall of the rebellion. This marriage, when accomplished, will unite two families who have been heretofore the most bitterly hostile politically, and to whose efforts the successes and fervor of the rebellion are largely due.

Who the Prospective Husband Is.

"Mr. Wilkinson is a son of John Wilkinson, a very prominent figure in local history, and the grandson of Rev. Samuel J. May. The name of the Rev. Mr. May is one of the bright gems in the abolition sky, for he was the principal worker in Syracuse, Geneva, Philadelphia and Longfellow, in the great work for the abolition of slavery. In Great Britain especially Mr. May lectured upon slavery to large audiences. After his removal to Syracuse Mr. May continued to be very active and prominent in promoting the anti-slavery interest, and assisted many slaves to Canada. He is also known as one of the abolitionists sheriff before the declaration of war, were violently assailed in Boston and other cities the mayor of Syracuse earnestly requested Mr. May to prevent the holding of a meeting here lest it should provoke a riot. Before the hour appointed for the convention riders took possession of the hall which Mr. May had hired for the convention and his was roughly used, the meeting being prevented and Mr. May was burned in effigy in Hanover square.

A Romantic Courtship.

"The story of the courtship is most romantic. Miss Winnie Davis came north some four years ago to visit Dr. Thomas Emery at his home in this city. The reception given in her honor she was introduced to Mr. Alfred Wilkinson. It will be remembered that Miss Davis received a very cool reception in one or two houses here, and this treatment of the "Daughter of the Confederacy" is said to have brought her and Mr. Wilkinson very close relations. He resented the coolness shown her and gallantly championed her cause. The friendship thus engendered between them blossomed into love in due time. Miss Winnie later on went to Europe with a cousin of hers, and is still there.

"Mr. Wilkinson some two months ago crossed the ocean to see Miss Davis and spent several weeks with her sightseeing on the continent and pressing his suit. When he returned he was the accepted lover.

"Mr. Wilkinson is a bright and promising young lawyer here, about 28 years of age. He is not wealthy and the match is a love match. The young man, however, moves in the very best society here and stands high in the estimation of the community. The actual time for the wedding has not been set, but it is understood that the date will be in the near future."

Congressman Wiley's Marriage.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 16.—Virginia Emeline Cooper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Cooper, of this city, was married yesterday to John Bell Cox Wiley, representative-elect to congress from the Buffalo (N. Y.) district. The ceremony was performed at the Tabernacle Presbyterian church at 5 p. m., Rev. Albert Hale officiating. Later in the evening a wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride, followed by a reception. The marriage of Mr. Wiley is the consummation of a romance which began in 1888, when Mr. Wiley and Miss Cooper first met at Saratoga. They were made acquainted with each other by Mrs. Thomas A. Hendricks, whose husband was for many years a warm friend of Mr. Wiley.

To Keep John Chinaman Out.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 16.—The secretary of the treasury has revoked the privilege heretofore extended to steamers from China of transferring Chinese passengers to steamers for Mexico and Central American ports touching this port. This action is expected to prevent further smuggling of Chinese into this country from Mexico.

Crushed Beneath a Car.

GREENSBURG, Pa., April 16.—William Moore and Scott Johnson, of near Latrobe, were, it is thought, fatally injured in the stone quarries on the Ligonier railroad by being thrown under a loaded car, which passed over them, crushing them in a terrible manner.

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRING STYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS.

Also, Wide and Plaid, as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

THE LOYAL LEGION CELEBRATES.

A Distinguished Gathering of Veterans Officers of the Late War.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—At the Academy of Music last night the ceremonies incidental to the celebration of the twenty-first anniversary of the Loyal Legion were held. Seated on the stage were a number of distinguished men, including Secretary Tracy, Gen. Schofield, Gen. Hoffman, Rear Admirals Almy, Franklin and Gherardi, Gens. Beaver, Howard, Slocum, Porter, Hawley, Miles, Patrick and Marshall, Commodore Melville, and Lieutenant Curtis and many others. The building was crowded from pit to dome with an audience composed of companions of the order and invited guests.

Gen. S. Meld. Gregg, commander of the Pennsylvania companions, delivered an address of welcome to the visiting companions, and then introduced ex-President Hayes, commander-in-chief of the order, who delivered an interesting address. The ex-president was followed by Gen. Charles Devens, of Massachusetts, who spoke at some length. Next followed a recitation by the Marine band. This was heartily enjoyed by the veterans present, who rose to their feet and joined in the singing of some of the songs as they occurred on the piece. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the members were escorted to the Union League club house where a reception was tendered them.

At the afternoon session ex-President Hayes made a speech, after which Maj. Gen. Wager Swayne, commander of the New York commandery, offered a resolution, which he read. It provided that upon the application, made in writing, of twenty companies of the first class residing outside of the State of New York, and upon the commander-in-chief, a charter be issued for the establishment of a commandery at such place outside of the United States upon the same terms as are now provided for the commanderies, subject to the approval of the commander-in-chief. Gen. King supported the resolution, saying that action should be taken at once.

The application of twenty officers from the state of Washington for a charter for a commandery was favorably acted upon.

A committee consisting of Gen. Merrill, Paymaster Barton, Maj. White, Gen. Tuttle and Gen. Fairchild was appointed to consider the proposed changes in the constitution of that commandery. The change propose the abolition of the first and second classes.

A Fatal Railroad Accident.

CINCINNATI, April 16.—Shortly after 6 o'clock this morning the Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore railroad was traveling northward with a train of six or seven freight cars, when one of the cars in the rear of the train jumped the track, the wheels catching in a frog of a switch, upsetting the car. Standing on the top of the car were Elias Bennett, the foreman of the braking crew, and Edward Berg, a young brakeman. They were hurled to the ground and before they could arise the car came tumbling down upon them. Berg's body was found to be cut completely in twain. Bennett was removed to his home, No. 97 State avenue, in a patrol wagon. He is fatally injured internally.

Incendiaries and Murder.

JACKSON, Miss., April 16.—Governor Stone has been notified of a horrible murder in Laurence county, thirty miles from this city. The stable of Jerry Bass (colored) was set on fire by incendiary parties, and when Bass and his son Charles came out of the house to extinguish the flames they were fired on in the darkness. The boy was killed and Bass badly wounded. Their dwelling house was then burned to the ground. No clew to the identity of the murderers has been discovered. To the statutory reward Governor Stone has added $700 for the capture and conviction of the fiends.

Against the Butterworth Bill.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The members of the Cotton Exchange, with President J. H. Parker in the chair, met to protest against the passage of the bill offered by Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, taxing "options" and "futures" and imposing special taxes on dealers therein. The chairman explained the nature of the injury to the trade which the passage of the bill would cause. After a general discussion Mr. J. O. Bliss offered a series of resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, declaring that the enactment of the proposed measure would be detrimental to business in general.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, PURITY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also OATS, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BUILDING goods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOOD AND WARE

PLAINFIELD

"CORDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY"

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms cash in advance. Excavation is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties not attended to cannot trust. Orders or communications left at Mr. Morgenthau's office and Lewis, Hayden and Field corporators, P. O. Box 666. Telephone call 28.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Mrs. Mary Scudd, of Pottstown, Pa., dropped dead after snatching two of her children from a railroad track in the face of an approaching train.

Postmaster General Wanamaker has prepared a postal telegraph bill in which the rates are made higher than was proposed in the original measure.

Mr. William N. Wyeth, a well known wholesale steel and iron merchant, died April 15 at Baltimore. He was a member of the firm of Ely & Williams, New York and Philadelphia, and president of the Iron Merchants' association of Baltimore.

Maryland's defaulting treasurer, Archer, has been formally removed from office.

The committee of citizens of the city and towns interested in the Knox and Lincoln railroad have recommended its sale to a syndicate represented by Levi C. Wade, of Boston, for $300,000 cash and $1,200,000 of 4 per cent. bonds.

Deacon Jacob Estey, founder of the Estey Organ company and senior member of the firm, died suddenly April 15 of heart disease at Brattleboro, Vt.

Robert W. Griswold, who was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree for killing Jennie O'Brien, was sentenced to Auburn State prison for a term of fifteen years.

Miss Cushing has posted $100 on a challenge to fight Jake Gilhooley for the 158 pound championship and $1,000.

The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed in New York state: W. M. Doubleday, Fly Creek, Otsego county; J. M. Brown, Miller's Place, Suffolk county; and P. B. Fellows, Shutter's Corners, Schoharie county.

Supervisor Henry L. Butler, Contractor John Tolan and Inspector Cook, of the New Jersey State prison, were arrested at Trenton, charged with having violated the law taken at contract for the stamping of all goods made in the prison.

The New York Sun says that ex-President Cleveland has become alarmed at his rapidly increasing weight and has placed himself under the care of a physician of the Schweninger system of fat reduction, from whom he is to receive daily treatment until he has reduced his weight. The nature of the treatment in the ex-president's case will be daily exercise in a sort of treadmill, or "mountain climber," invented by Dr. Schweninger.

The First regiment at Hartford, Conn., has nominated Capt. C. B. Erickson, of New Britain, for colonel and Capt. A. L. Thompson, of Hartford, for lieutenant colonel.

Col. Appleton, of the Seventh regiment, N. G., S. N. Y., says it will be impossible for the regiment to accept the invitation to attend the unveiling of the statue of Gen. Lee at Richmond, Va., on May 29.

Editor E. L. Godkin, of The New York Post, has been arrested, charged with criminal libel by Peter Mitchell, a New York lawyer.

A movement to raise funds for a monument to the late Samuel J. Randall has taken substantial form in Philadelphia.

The Alleged Hilton-Stewart Exposé.

NEW YORK, April 16.—In its alleged exposé of the Hilton influence exerted over the late A. T. Stewart by Judge Hilton, The World says that the secret, on the authority of one of the best known and most reputable citizens of New York, involved a charge of the birth of a child, the entanglements growing out of which Hilton compromised for A. T. Stewart. The World further declares that after the death of Stewart Hilton kept Mrs. Stewart under his thumb by threatening to blast her dead husband's reputation by publishing the scandal to the world.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes, Etc.

U. S. Hair Tonic,

Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE.

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near ... 10-1587

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS.

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 7 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine

A Professional Murderer's Confession.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 16.—Ben Elsey, colored, who is to be hanged Friday for the murder of J. W. Meadows a year ago last January, has confessed that he and another negro murdered an Italian peddler near this city in December, 1888. Elsey, according to the confession, has been engaged in the business of killing people for several years. He robbed and murdered an old farmer and his wife in Georgia several years ago, and later shot a policeman in Atlanta and has killed two people in this state.

Daggett's Postal Card Works Attached.

NEW HAVEN, April 16.—Wilkinson Bros. & Co. have attached the postal card works at Ansonia on a claim of $40,000 under instructions from Washington. The government officials have recently found fault with the cards made by Contractor Al Daggett and he was forced to procure a new contract before he could receive his pay. It is hinted that the contract made by the government with Daggett may be annulled.

They Scorned $1 a Day.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 16.—The city council a few days ago appropriated $1,000 to be expended on the streets, and authorized the employing of destitute miners of this city. Eighty-five men were recommended by the charity committee now relieving the poor of this city, but when they were informed that they were to receive only $1 a day they refused to go to work, demanding higher wages.

Fire Fatalities in Arkansas.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—The Times-Democrat, Helena, Ark., special says: Information was received here of the drowning of three persons of Old Town lake by the upsetting of a canoe late yesterday evening. They were Ed Bush, Matilda Jackson and a boy whose name is unknown. The bodies have been recovered by guards on the line of the Luma county levees in Mississippi county yesterday.

To Dissolve the Milk Exchange.

ALBANY, April 16.—An application has been made by the milk dealers of Delaware, Chenango and Otsego counties to the attorney general to dissolve the Milk Exchange of New York. The first hearing was held here yesterday. Judge Gilbert appeared for the Farmers' association and Mr. Ely, of New York, for the exchange. The attorney general took the papers and reserved his decision.

A Beautiful Russian Girl Arrested.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 16.—A beautiful young girl of high family connections was arrested yesterday on suspicion of being a clerk of the general staff to procure for her a copy of the new scheme of military mobilization. The parents of the girl were also arrested and all charged with being agents of a foreign power.

A Boy Fatally Hurt.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., April 16.—A shifting engine and four loaded coke cars on the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie railroad yesterday ran off a bridge fifty feet high yesterday. The engine men escaped by jumping. Abraham McQuigan, a boy on the train, was fatally injured.

Weather Indications.

Promises to be generally cloudy and slightly warmer, with rain.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 30 Somerset Street.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Base Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

SPOILING A RANCHER'S FUN.

He Had Been Anxiously Awaiting Those Indians for Two Years.

On one occasion, when with the government survey party in Texas, a man rode into our camp on a mule and gave us the news that a band of Indians had attacked a rancher about seven miles away. We made up a party of twelve soldiers and civilians and covered the distance as fast as our horses could go. The rancher and his wife were fifty-seventy Indians besieging a cabin, and they were just getting ready to set fire to it by backing up a wagon loaded with hay. We got two of them and captured a pony, and the others were not yet out of sight when the settler opened his door and stepped out, followed by his wife. He had a rifle and she a shotgun, and the first words he said were:

"Now, you dog-goned onery lot, but what does this 'ere mean? Who are you'uns, and what brought you here?"

"Why, man!" said our captain. "We come from our camp, seven miles away, to save you."

"Save nothin'!" roared the man. "Who axed fur any of your help?"

"Yes, pint him out!" added his wife.

"Why a settler rode in on a mule and said you were attacked, and, of course, we came to your help."

"Well, dod rot you, you hev spilt all the fun! We've been waitin' right yere fur five years to hev them Injuns show up, and we'd just got 'em rel hot fur fun, when you had to cum chargin' up an' scatter 'em off! It was dead wrong on me and Nancy."

"You bet, Sam, dead wrong!" she added.

"Why, you'd have been burned out in ten minutes more!" exclaimed the amazed captain.

"We would, eh! In the first place that hay is still wet from the rain. In the next place, I drawed out the axle pins, and every wheel on the wagon is ready to drop off. In the last place, we just wanted to git the crowd in range, and then sweep 'em with the old swivel I've had mounted back yere fur over two years. You spiled our right 'nuff, but it was dead wrong on me and Nancy, and after this I'll thank ye to mind yer business. Them Injuns is gone, and the only knows when another gang will cum along."

And the pair picked up their hoes and went to work in the corn patch without giving us another word or look.—New York Sun.

She Was Mistaken.

"I suppose you understand that your hour bill is payable in advance?" said Billy Blivens' landlady, whose patience had for some time gone unrewarded.

"Yes, indeed," said Billy, "I can't say that I do. Under the present circumstances it is entirely unpayable. It's only owe-able."—Washington Post.

Good Evidence.

Cousin Lottie (to bashful youth)—I'm sure that new suit of yours must be all wool, Lonzo.

Alonzo—Why?

Cousin Lottie—Because you look so sheepish in it.—Clothier and Furnisher.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers..... $1.48

Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped $2.50, $2.25 2.25

Ladies' Spring Coats.. $2.50, $3, 2.50

A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $1.00 to 5.00

Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular. .15

Children's " " " " .10

Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves..... 25c

4-Button Kid Gloves..... 49, 60, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 13, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.40, 5.48, 6.29, 6.39, 7.46, 7.50, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 5.40, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 4.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 5.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 6.29, 6.39, 7.50, 8.30, 9.30, 10.00, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 2.30, 3.30, 5.15, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.15, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.50, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Dunellen.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON

Leave Plainfield at 5.12, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 2.04, 4.32, 6.20, 9.42 p. m. Sunday at 8.12, 9.37 a.m., 4.09, 6.20, 9.42 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.37 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

6.40 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.37 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Upper Lehigh, Wilmington & Northern at 5.20 p. m. For Flemington, Easton & Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dutton, Williamstown, Scranton, Flemington, 4.32 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 6.20 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 9.42 p. m. For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, and Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamstown and Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield 5.37, 9.37 a. m., 12.05, 1.39, 4.32, 6.20, 9.42 p. m. Sunday at 8.12, 9.37 a. m., 4.09, 6.20, 9.42 p. m. Leave South Amboy 7.17, 11.02 a. m., 2.45, 5.58, 10.25 p. m. Sunday at 9.57, 11.02 a. m., 5.58, 10.25 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch 8.17, 11.02 a. m., 3.45, 6.58, 11.25 p. m. Sunday at 10.57, 11.02 a. m., 6.58, 11.25 p. m.

For Atlantic City 1.37 11.05 a. m., 1.05 p. m. Sunday 8.15 a. m.

For Frechold 5.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.39 a. m., 3.51, 5.34 p. m.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.12, 4.18, 8.00, 9.57, 11.32 a. m., 1.02, 3.30, 4.58, 6.32, 8.20 p. m. Sunday at 4.18, 8.00, 9.57, 11.32 a. m., 4.58, 6.32, 8.20 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 12.02, 4.18, 8.00, 9.57, 11.32 a. m., 1.02, 4.58, 6.32, 8.20 p. m. Sunday at 4.18, 8.00, 9.57, 11.32 a. m., 4.58, 6.32, 8.20 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt. A. POPE, Pass. Agt.

Cause and Effect.

A lady friend of mine was trying the other day to explain to her younger brother what faith was.

The little fellow was somewhat obtuse in her explanation, and, as a last resort, the lady decided to make a practical illustration.

She accordingly took a knife out of her pocket and, without letting the youngster see the proceeding, placed it under a book on the floor.

"Now," said she, triumphantly, "that knife is under that book. Do you believe it?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"Well you haven't seen it under there, but still you believe it is there. Now, that is faith."

To test her pupil, later on the lady asked him what faith was.

"Why, it's a knife under a book," was the crushing reply.—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Well Merited Misfortune.

Sandwich Man — Those Bazoo brothers wouldn't notice an old acquaintance the other day when I spoke to them. I reckon it was right hur than me, but how they must be hard up if they've got to sell their drug shirt—the only one they had between 'em, I'll bet.—Munsey's Weekly.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

8 NORTH AVENUE

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—

DEPOT AT TIME:

Leaves Depot on Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:30 a. m. to meet 7:50 a. m. train. Rounds Somerset st. to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

8:30 to 11:30 a. m. to meet 8.32 a. m. train.

3d	do	8.35	do
4th	do	8.38	do
5th	do	11.27	do
6th	do	11.30	do
7th	do	11.33	do
8th	do	11.36	do
9th	do	11.39	do
10th	do	11.42	do
11th	do	11.45	do
12th	do	11.48	do

1 p. m. to 6 p. m. to meet 1.32 p. m. train.

2d	do	1.35	do
3d	do	1.38	do
4th	do	1.41	do
5th	do	1.44	do
6th	do	1.47	do
7th	do	1.50	do
8th	do	1.53	do
9th	do	1.56	do
10th	do	1.59	do
11th	do	2.02	do
12th	do	2.05	do

6:30 p. m. to 12 m. to meet 6.32 p. m. train.

2d	do	6.35	do
3d	do	6.38	do
4th	do	6.41	do
5th	do	6.44	do
6th	do	6.47	do
7th	do	6.50	do
8th	do	6.53	do
9th	do	6.56	do
10th	do	6.59	do
11th	do	7.02	do
12th	do	7.05	do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, Dunellen House, for Somerville and North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will meet all trains and serve above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 7.50, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Hacks and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty. Orders entrusted left at Stage office or 9 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

A. J. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 8th and 9th. Telephone Call, 15. 1-27

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 9:50, 11:45 a. m., 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.;

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, at 7, 10:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 9:10 a. m. Office open from 9:00 a. m. to 10:00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 a. m.

Mail for Warrenville close Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays close at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to oversee of box boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 75-79 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman.

Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar. A great deal White Granite, Y-Few-Rose Stone, Earthen and Stoneware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition, etc.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, carriages, pungs, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farwin Iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Knox street North Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerville, on easy terms. Address

R. F. M. Chase.

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth.

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North Avenue Plainfield

Don A Gaylord

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue, Yard South Second st. 1-6

T. Morgans.

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

27 1-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front-post place. P. O. Box 982.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 982. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 20 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 481.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 24 Elm Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Long moved trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 24 Third street, corner Newman street, Plainfield. Hearses and carriages always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE

AT FRUCHTS, Somerset Street.

Great reduction in price of goods prepared sorry to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits; payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

NO. 36 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 32 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 339,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER

and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

TUNIS J. CAREY

51 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and all them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

MR. WOOD'S INVESTMENTS.

What He Found on South Water Street and Other Matters.

"Lovey," personally remarked Mr. Ken Wood at dinner last evening.

"Dovey," responded Mrs. Ken Wood, with emotion.

"Dovey," continued Mr. Ken Wood, "I was on South Water street today."

"Darling," queried Mrs. Ken Wood, "what for?"

"To buy in some supplies, little pet."

"All right, Ken dear; you're just the nicest man that ever was, and I'm so sorry I acted this way I did. Please forgive me and tell me all about South Water street."

"Well, here goes, then," and Mr. Ken Wood pushed his chair back from the table and lit a cigarette. "Just come over and sit by me. That's right, pet. Well, I got the price of vegetables and fruit first."

"And what did you buy, Ken?"

"I got some potatoes, some apples, and oranges and onions."

"Oh, you don't love me, Ken. I know how it would be. We're married now, and you don't care."

"Darling, I'll never eat an onion. I'll consecrated the order."

"Would you do that for me?"

"I won't have them in the house."

"You dear, sweet boy. Let me kiss you. You shall have all the onions you want. What else did you get?"

"I got some creamery butter and some eggs."

"O, that's lovely."

"And some codfish."

"What for?"

"O, it's nice in the morning; and then the fish balls are nice."

"Ken, *you know I don't like codfish.*"

"Well, you can have something else. I'm fond of it."

"And I'm of no account. You don't care for me. You just want to break my heart. If you feel that way you'd better go down town."

"I will, Mrs. Wood. I'll go to the club up-stairs and read."

"That's right, go! Here's your hat."

"Mamie."

"Lovey."

"Let's go to the theatre, pet."

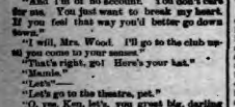
"O, yes, Ken, let's, you great big, darling bear."—Chicago Tribune.

Fond of It.

Lady to tramp who promised to saw some wood—Look here! Why aren't you working? You said you were fond of work.

Tramp arousing from his reverie—Fond of it, mum! Why, bless yer, I loves it as much that I don't never let a piece of it get so far away from me father that comes along can't get any ter do. I'm no hog, mum!—Lawrence American.

Two Striking Hits.



Deacon Smooth—By Jove! that's a great hit, tho' not half forcible enough. If there is anything in this world I admire, it is force.

—!!— !* ! wow!♣ —h—w —!!! !!!—Judge.

Her Weather Eye.

"Why do you encourage attentions from both Tom and Harry?"

"Well, dear, you know I like Tom best, but he is not very well off, and can't afford a coupe when we go out together. I call him my *fair* weather beau."

"Then what do you call Harry?"

"*Why! my rainbow.*"—Racket.

Dying in Harness.

He had been in the gas office for most of his life and the end was at hand.

"Are you resigned?" kindly inquired the minister.

"Never," cried the old man, fiercely. "I may die, but I will never resign."

And he died away as he had lived.—Philadelphia Times.

Love in Chicago.

Mr. Porkham—Again I ask you, Miss Leadlard, will you be my wife?

Miss Leadlard—No, Mr. Porkham, *I cannot* be your wife; but I will be—

Mr. Porkham—Sister, of course.

Miss Leadlard—No; a grandmother. Your grandfather proposed last night.—Epoch.

It Would Be a Pleasing Sound.

The young musical enthusiast, after a fearful four handed sonata on the piano, addresses his mother: "Darlin, would you like to hear something that sounds even better than that?"

Darlin—I; suppose you let the lid down hard—I legende Blatster.

An Unknown Point.

Miss Rosebud—Oh, well, you must not blame her; she is one of the period.

Brownie—Period! She a girl of the period! She doesn't know what a period is. Why, she never stops talking except with an exclamation point.—Harper's Bazar.

A Curious Fact.

"There is one thing I don't understand about a crab."

"?"

"Why, whenever a crab wants to see anything he puts his eye out."—Harper's Bazar.

The Matter with Them.

"Some gymnasts are too *fresh*," remarked Arnold as he looked at an exhibition of tumbling.

"Yes," added Constable, "and somersault."—Puck.

Proper Enough.

Belle (engaged)—*I'm afraid all this talk* about students is rather frivolous for Sunday.

May (wisely)—Oh, but they're all theological students, you know.—Harper's Bazar.

A Boomerang.

"How do you account for the rank immorality of Chicago?" asked the New Yorker.

"We have many New Yorkers settled there," answered Mr. Lakestown.—Life

Two Strings to Her Bow.

Yallerby—What does your wife of yours do four days in the week?

Snoopers—Plays with manners.—Epoch.

Dr. Lewis A. Sayre's Sayings.

Here are some of them from The New York Herald:

"Whisky cannot be considered injurious under all circumstances. There are times when it is useful, like castor oil, calomel and quinine, but it is not beneficial as a beverage."

"Consumption can be cured. The way to cure it is to put the patient in the mountains, where the air is dry, and keep him away from the doctor and the apothecary shop."

"There is too much medicine used in many kinds of disease."

"Insanity, I should say, is increasing and the explanation is to be found in the way in which we live. Men rush to secure millions when they ought to be satisfied with hundreds of thousands. They likewise rush to spend their money and then worry to meet their financial engagements."

"If a person keeps his mouth shut he will not snore. If he cannot keep it shut in any other way he ought to tie a bandage under his chin and over his head."

"A giggler is a fool."

"Some people are so solemn they have not life enough to die, and keep on earth to curse everybody they are acquainted with."

"Disappointment in love is injurious, *as great grief is always harmful.*"

About living to be a hundred years old the doctor says this:

Everybody, under ordinary circumstances, ought to live to be 100 years old. As it is, people live from eight to fifty years longer than their forefathers did. They have learned how to eat and drink, how to keep their houses ventilated and their sewers disinfected, and as a consequence take better care of themselves. Still they do not live anything like as long as they ought to, because they do not put less at they ought to. They have too much to do, too much to think about and too much care to bear. Many are very much distressed as regards the future how they are going to make sure of a living. By and by, when their reputation is grown, they are driven to death with the work forced upon them.

Cause of Crime.

Judge Samuel M. Green, of Michigan, has written an interesting book on the "Nature, Causes and Treatment of Crime," taking the ground that crime is a disease, a moral disease. Its cure should be to confine the criminal as a dangerous animal or lunatic and then work for the awakening of his moral consciousness, a process very slow, but the only sure one.

Among the causes of crime Judge Green puts heredity first. But that is only shoving back the difficulty. There must have been somebody who went wrong first, to start the thing. What made him go wrong—that first man?

An enthusiastic believer in the theory of evolution, on the other hand, says the cause of crime is simply undevelopment. As soon as a man's intellectual, moral and spiritual faculties are sufficiently developed to realize that it is better for himself personally to be honest, to do no murder, and that the consequences are more agreeable when he stays sober than when he gets drunk, that he is happier and more prosperous when he is at peace with his neighbor than when he is quarreling, then and not till then will he reform.

Moreover, when the millionaires and the well to do classes set the example to the moneyless wretches of being perfectly honest, perfectly noble, kindly, just and sincere, the criminal classes will develop the moral sense much more rapidly than they are doing now. So the evolutionist says.

Old Emperor William recognized that Bismarck was the brains of his empire, and so never meddled with affairs of state. Emperor Frederick was ill and dying, and unable to assert his will, if he possessed one, and so Bismarck had it all his own way then. But young Emperor William has not only a will of his own, but thinks he even has brains of his own. Therefore he and Bismarck do not get on. At last the Iron Chancellor has found a will before which he must bow and retire for the first time in his autocratic career. With his view of things it must seem to him now that the German empire, which it was the work of his life to build up, is going to ruin under his eyes. This thought will follow him in his retirement and sadden infinitely his last days. After all, perhaps, there are *more durable* materials than blood and iron with which to build a nation.

Mr. Cope Whitehouse has discovered a great depression near the river Nile, *seventy-five miles southwest of Cairo. It* has evidently been in some past age a lake, with communication between it and the Nile. The Egyptian government is now considering Mr. White house's proposal to reopen this connection and draw off the Nile waters during floods, thus preventing destructive inundations. In droughts this reserve water would be let into the river again. Perhaps some such plan as this will be employed to prevent Mississippi floods some day.

A new and sure cure for stammering is said to be this: Let the stammerer not speak a word for ten days. Then let him resume speech, but only in a whisper, for ten days more, at the end of which time he will be cured—if the remedy works.

New York city may be as wicked as it is popularly supposed to be throughout the country, but the way it is marching *its corrupt and delinquent officials to* justice is a shining example to the rest of the American cities.

The young German emperor may find that his interviewing is loaded before he is done with it.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

Extracts Culled by The Detroit Free Press from Its Latest Issue.

WE TOLD YOU SO.—Six weeks ago a man named Scott opened a grocery store on Commanche street, and when we casually dropped in not mentioned the fact that The Kicker was the best advertising medium in the west, he didn't enthuse. We knew there was something wrong about him, and we sent him the description to the city four sheriffs and chiefs of police who are constantly in communication with us.

LAST THURSDAY, just after we had gone to press, a detective arrived from Louisville and collared Mr. Scott, who is a defaulting county treasurer. He has left us, and we bought the stock of groceries at about twenty-two cents on the dollar. Had Mr. Scott advertised he would doubtless have built up a large and profitable business, but he took a wrong view of it, and will probably go to state prison for fifteen or twenty years.

POOR OLD PALEY!—We never refer to our contemporary down the street if we can avoid it. In the first place, he hasn't got enough brains or office to deserve the title, and in the next he is a poor, pained old man who is gradually dying of envy and starvation, and we shall have to foot his burial expenses when he does go. The other week we mentioned our private graveyard and its five occupants. This so excited the jealousy of the old relic of the Seventeenth century that he borrowed a *revolver and took a trip around town yesterday* in search of blood. He finally found one of Col. McCracken's Digger Indians asleep in the sun, and opened fire on him from a distance of four feet. He didn't even wake the red skin up, and Judge Tallman, who objected to so much noise around his house, went out and drove poor old paley away with a broom.

We are sorry for him. They say he cried while going back to his one-horse alleged newspaper, and so would we. He should never have come west. He came, as we ascertained, with a capital of fifty cents more than their forefathers did. They have learned how to eat and drink, how to keep their houses ventilated and their sewers disinfected, and as a generally take better care of themselves. Still they do not live anything like as long as they ought to, because they do not put less at they ought to. They have too much to do, too much to think about and too much care to bear. Many are very much distressed as regards the future how they are going to make sure of a living. By and by, when their reputation is grown, they are driven to death with the work forced upon them.

Hand and Brain.

"Through the eye and hand to the brain," says Prince Krapotkin, in a profoundly interesting paper in The Nineteenth Century. The paper is a plea, and a most successful one, for the education of both hands and brains.

Science suffers from a want of acquaintance with practical facts and methods of experimenting. The great inventors of the past were practical hand workmen. Galileo made his own telescopes. Newton was a skilled workman with tools. Linnæus, the botanist, learned his science while helping his father, a gardener. We have had no strikingly new invention for many years because science and manual labor walk apart and view each other with open contempt.

In the education our time calls for science and handicraft must be taught together. This can be done, has been done, in fact, in the Moscow Technical school of Russia for twenty years. It is now being done in the Manual Training school at Chicago.

The true method in education is to be *gin with the kindergarten. There the* child is taught the basis of geometry, drawing, etc., in a way that he never forgets. A child of 7 or 8 thus educated will solve easily by means of his blocks and lines intricate arithmetical problems *over which boys and girls of 13 and 14* crack their brains in vain.

In the model training school carpentry and joinery are first taught to the pupil, that being the basis of all trades. After finishing here he goes to the wood *turning shop and learns to make the pat*terns for the articles he will afterwards fabricate in the metal shop. Thence he is allowed to enter the foundry to cast things in metal, and it is only after he has acquired perfection here that he finally goes to the smith or *engineering shop.*

At the close of the course the pupil leaves the school a scientifically educated, skilled laborer. He has a special trade whereby to earn his living, he has a general underlying knowledge of all trades, and a substantial, common, literary education besides. This is not more than the average child can accomplish, for average children are accomplishing it constantly in the schools named.

Another Case of Cold Lead.

Lephon—Hallo, Smiles, you find it pretty cold out, don't you?

Smiles (who has his hat dented)—No, not especially.

Lephon—Then why do you wear that stove in your hat?—Journal of Education.

Of Course She Knew Him.

Miss Hyde Parker—Do you know Mr. Stone, the sculptor?

Miss Breezy (of Chicago)—Do I? Well, I should twitter. I held his cuzzles many a time while he sculped a burst of pa—Mummy's Weekly.

A Part of His Trade.

"I don't like your friend Smithers. He is always looking eyes."

"He can't help it; it's his business. He's an optician."—Harper's Bazar.

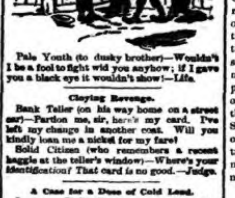
Steadily Impartial.

"Clara, what is Master Harry dressed to go out for?" inquired Mrs. Beaumonde, in a tone which showed that something was wrong.

Clara (the new nurse)—I thought he would go out for a ride in the carriage with you this afternoon, ma'am.

Mrs. Beaumonde—Not at all. I had him yesterday, and I don't want to be accused of favoritism. It's dear little Fido's turn today.—Munsey's Weekly.

At a Disadvantage.



Pale Youth (to dusky brother)—Wouldn't I be a fool to fight wid you anyhow; if I gave you a black eye it wouldn't show!—Life.

Cloying Revenge.

Bank Teller (on his way home on a street car)—Pardon me, sir, here's my card. I've left my change in another coat. Will you kindly loan me a nickel for my fare?

Solid Citizen (who remembers a recent haggle at the teller's window)—Where's your *identification? That card is no good.*—Judge.

A Case for a Dose of Cold Lead.

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$1.40!

Is Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquett Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $1.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM *ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES* ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS.) THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 106.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

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Spring and Summer Opening

of

Imported and Domestic Millinery

will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Quatities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

15 AND 19 SOMERSET STREET.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacist Only.

When You Are Well

you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, handkerchief extracts, bath sponges, chamois, shaving brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA, and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W. RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 75B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Reasonable Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

1890.

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap and shoddy goods that are offered, when you can buy the very best of leather, warranted not to rip, for the small sum of $2.50 for Ladies' and Gents' Shoes. All solid in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, and have a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are groaning with the very best makes of Queen's, Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wounds, Sprains, Cancers, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendance for Ladies. 22 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

FOR PARLOR and BRICK SET FURNACES; ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

24 and 24 Second st. Est. 1870.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue W. S. SLATER Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, APRIL 17, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—The election of officers of the Fire Department will occur on the first Monday in May.

—A cricket team has been organized by a number of the members of the Fond Machine and Tool Works.

—The Workers' Training Classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. as usual Friday, at 4 p. m. Visitors welcome.

—George Dendler was granted a license to keep an inn and tavern on Somerset County Courts on Tuesday.

—The Middlesex County Gun Club will hold a "shoot" next Wednesday on their grounds in Dunellen.

—The tooilings and machinery to be used in the new addition to the Fond Machine and Tool Works arrived last evening.

—The report of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad for February, 1890, as compared with 1889, shows an increase of $61,618 in net earnings for 1890.

—The new Mutual Benefit Association which has been organized at the Fond Machine and Tool Works agrees to pay $5 per week to members who are disabled or sick.

—A new and handsome awning has been put up in front of the store of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association. The front of the establishment has also been handsomely painted.

—The Board of Directors of the Somerset County agricultural Society, at their meeting last week, decided to hold the society fair one week earlier this year—namely, Sept. 9, 10 and 11.

—The Howard Athenæum Company will exhibit at Music Hall to-night. Among the well-known artists who are to take part is Mr. George Thatcher, the comedian, whose home it is this city.

—It is reported that a disgraceful fight occurred at a boarding house on West Front street near the Fond Machine and Tool Works yesterday afternoon. No arrests were made although one of the participants, it is said, was badly bruised.

—The musicale which was to be given in Vincent Siegel Post, No. 10, G. A. R., room, under the auspices of the Epworth Leagues, in which some of the best local talent, as well as some musicians from New York, was to take part, has been postponed until the next regular meeting of the League, May 2.

—A banner was held at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Palmer Smith, Netherwold, yesterday afternoon and evening. At the various tables were to be found articles of exceptional beauty and taste. The attendance was large and liberal purchases were made. The net proceeds will amount to over $200.

—The Young Artists, a schoolboy team of ball players are anxious to have on hand the people to see them play with the Monroe Web Letter's team 9 to 0. It appears that the latter challenged the Alerts, but when they saw them playing they concluded the Alerts were too strong for them, so the Alerts challenged the game, under the rules.

—The monthly meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church, will be held in the church parlor, on Friday, the 18th inst. at 3:30 p. m. Mrs. Susan Hayes Ward of Newark, President of the Philadelphia Branch of the W. B. M., will be present and address the meeting. Members of other societies are cordially invited to attend.

—Monde Granger's new play, "Inherited," is considered by those competent to judge as offering her the strongest emotional role she has ever appeared in. This is saying a great deal for the lustrous-eyed Granger, who is one of our famous stage beauties and also one of our finest emotional artists. Manager Marsh is endeavoring to secure Miss Granger, and there is a strong probability of her appearing here before the season closes.

—The Hoy Pharmacy company will receive its friends on Friday of this week, and will tender to each and every one of them a cool, sparkling glass of Moy's soda. It will do this to celebrate and accentuate the fact that the temple is now fully open for business, and, also, to recompense its friends for the disappointment caused by delay in setting up the fountain. The president of the company fortiously says that as soon as the right of way can be obtained a pipe line may be laid from the pharmacy to the Bicycle Club House in order that the "boys" can drop a nickel in the slot and draw out a glass of the bicycler's beverage. Verily, the world moves, and this corporation moves with it if not a little in advance.

—It is reported that the Citizens' Committee held a meeting last evening, and are to hold every evening for the present until they have arrived at a conclusion as to the proper course to pursue in the Courts against these Councilmen who have caused the removal of Chief Casey and Policeman Lynch, injured the city's reputation, and made the taxpayers liable to be mulcted in damages for the brutal assault on the reputations of the officers rendered to and shown of the power entrusted to them. The Committee consists of Chairman Mason W. Tyler, ex-councilmen John M. Wilson, John B. Dumont, Lemuel W. Serrell and J. Evarts Tracy, and Mr. R. R. Anderson, Col. Tyler and Mr. Tracy are both eminent New York lawyers as well as old residents of Plainfield.

Injured at Fond's.

At about five o'clock yesterday afternoon Thomas Dowd, an employe of the Fond Machine and Tool Company met with a painful accident. He was engaged working around some machinery at the Works when the sleeve of his blouse caught in the gearing and drew his arm in. The limb was badly mangled. The unfortunate man was taken to his home and a physician dressed the wound.

A Notable Lecture.

"The Inspiration of the Bible" is the subject of the lecture to be delivered by Mr. H. L. Hastings, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., Tuesday evening next, April 22. This lecture is highly endorsed by Rev. Drs. A. J. Gordon, Arthur T. Pierson and Geo. F. Pentecost, and many other eminent Christian workers. Free to all.

OUR LEGISLATORS'.

BILLS PASSED.

The House Adjourns for the Week After Passing a Number of Bills.

TRENTON, N. J., April 16th.—The Assembly has adjourned for the week, after passing about a dozen bills.

The bill to amend Voorhees' bill authorizing incorporation of bicycle and athletic clubs and associations; giving townships and boroughs power to erect armories for national guard at cost not exceeding ten thousand dollars; and Marsh's bill giving cities power to charge from manufacturers who will locate therein a sum in cash in lieu of future taxes, Nash's bill making poultry stealing a misdemeanor, punishable by one hundred dollars fine or three years imprisonment, was killed by a vote of 37 to 7.

THE SESSION THIS WEEK.

The following bills were passed in the Senate on Monday evening:

House 286, provides for drainage in Kearney township, Hudson county; house 329, limits time for taking writs of error to six months from entry of judgment; house 340, gives common pleas court power to transfer licenses to exempted term; house 447, authorizes military companies to hold encampments in second-class cities in amount of amount appropriated by council; $75,000.

Yesterday afternoon the business was brief. Three bills were introduced:

No. 526, Mr. Gardner. Ceding to the United States a lot of land in Atlantic county, on which to build a lighthouse.

No. 527, Mr. Martin. Ceding to the United States a lot of land in Cape May City on which to build a lighthouse.

No. 528, Mr. Martin. Provides that Boards of Directors of corporations may issue additional stock without calling a meeting of its stockholders.

The bills passed were:

Senate 196, allows covered platforms on sidewalks for loading and unloading purposes; house 274, appropriates $25,000 for additional buildings for the State industrial school for girls.

By unanimous consent Senate 136, providing for the publishing of township statements ten days before annual town meeting, was ordered to a third reading in the Senate.

House 299, makes it a misdemeanor to hide, sell or pledge any goods bought on the installment plan; house 471, provides that House 299, makes it a misdemeanor to hide, sell or pledge any goods bought on the installment plan; house 471, provides that House tax shall be appropriated to the different counties according to the voters in which House of house shall be situated.

Adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.

The bills introduced in the House on Monday evening were:

No. 563, Mr. Marsh. Provides that common councils of cities may appoint commissioners to ascertain the amount of damages to be awarded to property owners for changing the grade of streets. Applies to Elizabeth and Plainfield and repeals all laws inconsistent therewith. Which was passed yesterday afternoon.

No. 510, Mr. Jaques. Authorizes boards of freeholders of Hudson county to issue bonds to the amount not exceeding $150,000 for rebuilding bridges.

No. 512, Mr. Ulrich (by request). Slightly amends the school act relative to the taking of property.

No. 513, Mr. Bate. Provides that hotel keepers, their agents, lessees, etc., may temporarily eject lodgers in arrears for board upon three days' notice.

No. 514, Mr. Marsh. Asserts the act relative to the incorporation of the Executive committee of the New Jersey State Firemen's Association.

No. 515, Mr. Voorhees. Amends the act relative to the election of road overseers.

No. 516, Mr. Erwin (by request). Authorizes Boards of Freeholders to pay bills presented by newspapers for printing official proceedings of boards of freeholders.

In yesterday afternoon's session the following bills were passed: House 499, validates the sale of lands under judicial proceedings; House 475, invalidates all deeds heretofore made by administrators, administrators with the will annexed or administrators de bonis non; House 360, amends the replevin act; House 499, amends law concerning executors and administrators of deceased persons; House 461, provides that chancellor, upon petition, may order that moneys left by will for scholarships in school built upon the property of religious societies, when such buildings have been destroyed by fire, or otherwise, may be applied to the erection of other buildings; House 471, provides that House tax shall be appropriated to the different counties according to the voters in which House of house shall be situated.

The following bills were lost: House 472, relating to the sale of real estate of land owned by any persons or corporations which have been laid out in building lots shall be assessed at so much per acre. A motion to reconsider was tabled.

The only bill introduced was: No. 519, Mr. Kelly. Appropriating $30,000 for the purchase of necessary furniture, fixtures, etc., for the offices of the clerks in Chancery and Supreme Court and other bureaus in the State capitol.

Adjourned.

Fined Fifteen Dollars.

The trial of Patrick Cahill who was arrested Tuesday evening for wife beating and drunkenness, came up this morning before City Judge Codington. The man's wife swore that on the evening of the 15th inst., Cahill came home in a drunken condition and beat her with a chair, and in other ways maltreated her. Mrs. Philip Hapeny corroborated Mrs. Cahill's testimony.

Mrs. Rothenbonsen and Mrs. Wyckoff testified to Cahill's drunkenness. After hearing the testimony Judge Codington adjudged the defendant guilty and gave him the choice of paying a $15 fine or spending 30 days in the county jail. He paid the fine.

President Charles A. Reed.

The Crescent League held an adjourned meeting last night. It was well attended as it was understood that a President would be elected to fill the unexpired term of ex-President Kieb, who resigned about two months ago. Borough Counsel Charles A. Reed and Dr. J. T. Pritts were put in nomination for the office. A ballot resulted in the election of Mr. Reed, 37 to 33. The choice appeared to give general satisfaction and at the conclusion of the meeting "Dancon" Read received the congratulations of his many friends.

W. F. M. S. Meeting.

The Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Raritan held its nineteenth annual meeting yesterday in the chapel of the Crescent avenue church. There was a very large attendance and a very interesting session. Mrs. John Gillespie of Elizabeth was re-elected President, and Mrs. Wm. Scribner of Plainfield was re-elected Secretary. All the old officers were, in fact, re-elected. Three more vice-presidents were added to the previous list, and Mrs. W. R. Richards of this place was one of the ladies chosen.

S. P. C. A. OFFICERS.

The Annual Meeting Held Last Night.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals held its annual meeting in the office of Chief Casey last night and elected the following officers for the coming year:

President—Rev. T. Logan Murphy.
1st Vice President—Julian Scott.
2d Vice President—S. R. Flower.
3d Vice President—W. J. Leonard.
4th Vice President—Wm. M. Dunham.
Secretary—W. A. Coddington.
Treasurer—Tunis J. Carey.
Attorney—W. A. Coddington.
Executive Committee.—Julian Scott, S. R. Flower, Frank S. Brown, W. J. Leonard, John Gillespie, Rev. Thos. Pritchard, Secretary and Treasurer are ex-officio members.

Special agents are: Messrs. Thomas W. Morrison, W. J. Leonard, T. J. Carey, W. A. Codington, M. M. Dunham, John Johnston, Dr. J. O. Stevens, J. S. Cutter, Julian Scott, Rev. T. Logan Murphy, J. C. Allen, D. C. Adams, Jas. P. Ilsley, Bound Brook; W. R. Codington, John Chandler, T. O. Doane, C. W. Fisher, A. M. Griffen, Dr. O. L. Jenkins, L. A. Kline, Dr. H. H. Lowrie, C. A. Marsh, J. Marc Martin, Wm. M. Stillman, John Ulrich.

The following is a list of the members: Joseph C. Allen, Daniel C. Adams, David G. Atwood, Frank S. Browne, John Backer, W. Backman, A. R. Bushnell, James P. Bush, A. C. Baldwin, Tunis J. Carey, W. A. Codington, Rev. T. Logan Murphy, Joseph S. Cutter, James Clark, John M. Crane, Walter I. Clarke, Dr. J. Carman, George H. Craig, W. D. Craig, John Chandler, Marvin M. Dunham, Peter W. Demarest, Alfred Donovan, George F. Dupee, Robert C. Dingee, T. O. Doane, Sidney H. Flower, A. L. Force, Vincent L. Frame, C. W. Fisher, C. J. Feytel, J. C. Field, Hugh M. Galligan, A. M. Griffen, W. H. Griffen, Wm. Graedon, R. A. Hegeman, Gaines Hoffman, E. R. Hammond, Jas. Hardy, John Johnson, Dr. O. L. Jenkins, John Johnston, Wilson Jones, L. A. Kline, Jacob Krimey, W. J. Leonard, Andrew Love, Dr. H. H. Lowrie, Hon. Job Male, Craig A. Marsh, J. B. Miller, J. Marc Martin, J. G. Miller, Theo. W. Morrison, G. W. Mumford, Rev. T. Logan Murphy, James Offe, D. D. Pope, Carman Pierce, Geo. M. Phillips, Dr. Comegys Paul, Geo. W. Rockhilow, Rev. E. J. Richards, Julian Scott, Sinclair Stewart, R. J. Shaw, W. M. Stillman, P. Thorn, John Ulrich, Jeremiah R. VanDerentar, John C. Wilson, Harry Werner, Chas. Wenz and J. W. Yates.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Frederick Keep of Boston is visiting her father, Mr. Manning Vermeule of West Front street.

The Shakespeare Club will be the guests of Miss Hasbrouck of East Fifth street to-morrow evening.

Mrs E. J. Martin has returned to her home on South Second street from a brief visit to friends in New York.

At a recent meeting of the Board of Education Mr. William C. Hubbard, son of Assessor Hubbard, was appointed to take the school census.

Mr. William Stanford has broken ground for a new house at the corner of Fourth street and Sandford avenue. The structure when completed will cost about $20,000.

Mr. William H. Sherwood has been secured by Mr. Dorsey W. Hyde to give a lecture recital at Seminary Hall, next month, the particulars of which will be duly advertised.

The Misses Tucker of 23 north avenue will accordingly be a statement from their guardian, Mr. J. Brown of Rahway, receive a large sum of money September 15, 1890, which was left them by their father, who has been dead several years.

The funeral of the late Potter Johnson, who was killed by the cars on Saturday last, took place from his late residence yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. It was well attended. Jerusalem Lodge F. & A. M. attended in a body and conducted the services at the grave.

The Cause of Young Martin's Death.

A New York paper has the following concerning the late young Albert Martin, whose death we referred to yesterday:

"Paris green taken voluntarily, but without unlawful intent, caused the death of Albert Martin, the seventeen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George C. Martin, of Central avenue, Plainfield, Tuesday evening.

The young man had been using the poison during the day to kill roaches in the kitchen. Suddenly he said he felt a violent desire to take the deadly drug and found himself unable to resist the impulse. He placed a small quantity on the tip of his tongue and in a short while became very ill. Dr. O. L. Jenkins, who was summoned, applied the customary remedies, but young Martin died in great agony. He was a student at Leal's school, and was one of the most popular young men in the city.

A report that young Martin had been acting so strangely of late that he required constant watching, and was accordingly carefully watched by the family. It seems, however, that the lad must have had a peculiar mania, for on Saturday he said he felt a violent desire to paint and made him very sick all Monday night."

The report was current yesterday, but until 10 o'clock this morning, to the writer's knowledge, it was deemed best not to publish a matter about which there were some doubt. The remains were buried this afternoon.

Negotiating for the Purpose of the Church.

The Seventh Day Baptist congregation will very likely decide to put up a stone church on the site of the present edifice, in addition to the one which is being already erected by them, and for which some material is on the ground. The proposition to sell the present frame edifice to the Woman's Christian Temperance Union has had to be declined by the ladies of that organization. The church offered to consider Fifteen $1,000 to the Union in the event of its buying the building.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

TACTICS TO DELAY.

To Humbug the People at the Next Election.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.

The Democratic party in Congress has entered into an organized conspiracy to prevent legislation for the benefit of the people of this country. Day after day their intentions become more and more manifest to a student of politics and to the mass which they are wearing must very soon be torn from their faces. The rules of the Senate were made when there were not more than thirty members of that body, but now there are eighty-four members, and the rules which were then so many years ago are not only cumbersome but dangerous to the welfare of the Republic. What is known throughout the country of "the courtesy of the Senate" is a relic of the past, a grim spectre stalking in this presence. Under the rules of the Senate there is absolutely no limit to debate and it would be considered discourteous to make any rule or introduce any resolution which would tend to curtail the Fredom of speech on the part of Senators. This rule of courtesy, which has been in existence from time immemorial, is being very discourteously used by the Democrats in the Senate. The reader must have noticed that there has been a great deal of talk day after day on the Democratic side of the Chamber concerning the Montana contested election case. The fact of consequence in the Democratic in the Senate have long since conceded that there is neither right nor power on their side to seat the Democratic contestants; and they also know that they cannot prevent the seating of the Republican contestants. The strange course of the daily papers throughout the country therefore would not understand why there should be so much talk upon this subject; and therein lies the root of the conspiracy.

The Democrats in the Senate have been talking against time upon this subject, and they will continue in like manner to talk against time upon every subject that comes before the Senate for consideration. Their object has not been merely to prevent the seating of the Republican senators from Montana but to occupy the time of the Senate. They saw in the Montana contested election cases a good subject for talk, and they have been making a great pretence and parade of debate upon the subject, when their whole object has been to consume the time of the session and time of the people. They do not intend that the Republican House and Senate shall pass a tariff bill,for any of the many important measures which the people are looking to Congress to enact.

After throwing away the time and preventing the Republicans from accomplishing anything, these same Democrats leaders will go before the country crying the coming cry, condemned elections and they will say:

"The Republican party has been in power in both Houses in Congress and also in the White House," etc.

"The majority in the Senate is so overwhelming that they can gag the Democratic minority and pass any legislation that they want to, which is true, but the senate rules are such that the Speaker can't accomplish legislation just as he pleases; and the President being Republican could sign any bill sent to him; but, look at the record of the Republican party in Congress during the last session and you will see that they have accomplished absolutely nothing of importance for the welfare of the people."

There, my dear reader, is the whole conspiracy in a nut shell. The Democratic party has always been the party of obstruction, and when it comes to stand across the high-way and clog the wheels of progress, by preventing step of the Republican party, it will cease to be an organ ani party. The people throughout the entire country understand this subject, and the attention of every voter should be called to existing facts in the hotels, the shops, the saloons, the schools, and the churches. Every hard working man in the entire country should understand the fact that the Democratic Senators and their representatives in Congress each of whom is getting $125 a day for his services, is now giving his time for the benefit of the country, but is devoting every talent and energy to the consummation of business and to the detriment of the entire people.

ARNAT.

THE HORSES ARE COMING.

Nine Performances, Week Commencing April 21st.

Bartholomew's twenty-four educated horses will appear in Music Hall for the week commencing April 21st, six evenings and Wednesday, Friday and Saturday afternoons. The indications are that they will again attract immense audiences. The entertainment is in every particular worthy the patronage of a discriminating public. It is as novel as interesting, no objectionable features, nothing to offend the most refined taste, partakes of nothing old, is instructive and at times amusing. The lady leapers, the whole drill or the battle, are each worth going to see specially. The horses are obedient to the word of command, are full of life and yet without fear. As a lady remarked who attended four performances: "They are intelligent enough and kind enough to have for house pets."

No Alimony for Eva Hamilton.

Judge Andrews of the Supreme Court has denied Evangeline L. Hamilton's application for alimony and counsel fee pending the suit which Robert Ray Hamilton has brought to annul their marriage on the ground that she had a husband living when she made her bis wife. When the motion was argued Mr. Hamilton's counsel stated that Mr. Hamilton had given Eva property worth $3,000 in the Fall of 1889, which, because of her imprisonment at Trenton, she had not had an opportunity to spend. The judge in denying the motion, says the statement had not been denied, and that there was no explanation of what has become of such $3,000, nor why the defendant is without means to defend the action. The motion is denied, with leave to renew on papers showing what has become of the $3,000.

AMERICAN LEAGUE MEETING.

A Resolution Passed Discountenancing Road Racing.

An adjourned meeting of the New Jersey Division Board of officers of the League of American Wheelmen was held on Tuesday evening, April 15th, at the Club House of the Elizabeth Wheelmen. Among those present were Chief Consul Dr. G. Carleton Brown of Elizabeth, Vice Counsul Dr. H. A. Benedict of Jersey City, Secretary and Treasurer Geo. C. Pennell and F. C. Gilbert of Elizabeth, H. P. Storey of Harwood, Elliott W. Johnston of Jersey City, A. T. Dodd of Newark, and Local Consul Frank L. C. Martin of this city. At this meeting considerable important business was transacted relative to the Division meet to be held in this city on May 30th, and 31st.

The league is now divided into seven racing districts, New York and New Jersey, comprising District No. 2. Each district is in charge of a District Racing Board and it has entire charge of all matters pertaining to the running of the championships in its district. As the District Racing Board consider the track in this city as inadequate for bicycle racing they refused to allow the district races to be run here. They will therefore be held on the New Jersey Athletic Club track at Bergen Point, on the afternoon of May 31st, and a special train will be chartered from this city for the convenience of the large number of Plainfielders who will, no doubt, wish to attend them. The races will wind up the meet.

The Opera Theatre party will be a first class affair and will be purely amateur, it will be under the management of Mr. Elliott W. Johnson one of the members of the Hudson County Wheelmen and is styled "The Hudson County Wheelmens Amateur Minstrel Vaudeville combination." The company will be on sale about the middle of May and will cost 50c., 75c. and $1. The following resolution was passed by the Board.

"Resolved—That it is the opinion of the Board of Officers of the N. J. Division that as road racing is illegal and discountenanced by the cause of wheeling, that wheelmen are requested to refrain from holding such races in New Jersey."

Somerset County Grand Jury.

The following are the members of the Somerset County Grand Jury for the April term of court:

Every one of the list answered the call, but as only 23 could be sworn, Michael Hickey was excused by request:

John A. Thickstun, foreman; William T. Mehle, Jonas B. Ayres, John L. Dellver, Aaron Dilley, Jacob Van Aradale, William F. Jerolamon. A. A. Cortelyou, John S. Ten Eyck, Daniel Roberts, Daniel H. Amerman, Michael Hickey, Andrew S. Corrie, George H. Bergen, Peter Cortelyou, Peter Van Pelt, Fothenus, Abram W. Garretson, Chris S. West, Ebenezer S. Tingley, Albert T. Lewis, William Weart, H. Newton Spencer, Israel V. Adams, Henry Beekman.

The court delivered no special charge to the Grand Jury, as no bills of importance had been brought to notice. Phillip Todd and Dennis Wyckoff were assigned as constables to attend them.

Cent-a-Word Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

A FIRST-CLASS French cook wants a situation; also, a good, reliable girl for general house. Food references. Charles A. Marshall, 108 Summit avenue. 1-tf

A MILLINER Wanted immediately at Mrs. Dunn's, 14 West Front street. 12tf

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Pritts.

$70 SEVEN octave piano. Rosewood case in good repair and fully warranted. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

BOARD wanted in private family, three rooms, for gentleman, wife, child and nurse. Address, stating terms. Board, care of News.

FOR RENT—House, barn and garden, and if desired, from 25 to 30 acres of tillable land adjoining, about one mile and a half from Dunellen. To a good tenant terms will be made easy. Apply to I. Scribner, No. 32 Maple avenue, North Plainfield. 4-tf

$190 CHICKERING piano. This fine instrument left for sale. Parties in any part of the country can buy. 2-12tf

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double for two years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son, 56 Park place. 10-tf

$60 ORGAN. Solid walnut case, 10 stops, sub bass and coupler. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 4-12tf

100 ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

I HAVE two hundred dollars to loan or invest in good paying property. Address "money," care of EVENING NEWS. 4-9tf.

$165 7-1-3 piano. Rosewood case, carved legs, full frame, over-strung scale. Does not pay to buy second hand. 2-12tf

LOST—$5. Between W. L. Gavett's and U. B. Crane's. Reward. Apply at Gavett's, 13 Park avenue. 4-9tf

LOST—A black setter dog. Answers to name of Bee. A suitable reward will be paid for his return to R. M. Stelle, Front street corner Second. 10-tf

SETTINGS of eggs of thoroughbred Pekin ducks, $1 per dozen. Also eggs of the Black Minorca fowls, $1 per 15 for setting. Greatest layers known, both Winter and Summer. 112 Rockview avenue. 4-14tf

TO RENT—Two rooms, furnished for a seamstress or dressmaker, single grounds with stable. Address House, care of EVENING NEWS 14tf

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms. R. A. Fairchild, furniture dealer, 21 East Front street. 4-9tf

$225 UPRIGHT piano. In use three months, with slight defect in case. Must be sold at once. A bargain. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

WANTED—Ladies for light home employment. Send pay per stamp. Call at 28 Spruce & Decker's, 73 Park avenue. 16-7.eow

WANTED—An experienced waiter-girl. 125 East Front street. None but experienced hands need apply.

WANTED—At 56 Central avenue a girl for general housework. References required.

Nothing Old,

NOT EVEN THE PROPRIETORS.

New Store. New Firm. New Goods.

We make no secret of our business system. Here it is: We sell for CASH, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. We buy for CASH in the largest lots and lowest rates for really first class goods. We are connected with small profits and quick sales. We make money by them and you save money.

Our prices for this week on following goods will be:

PILLSBURY FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; GOLDEN AGE FLOUR, best 75c. per bag; IMPERIAL FLOUR, best 70c. per bag; GOOD FAMILY FLOUR, best 60c. per bag; FLEMINGTON HAMS, 13c. per lb; FLEMINGTON SHOULDERS, 7c. per lb; Teas of all kinds from 40c. (6 lbs for $1); Cream Combination Coffee (Mocha Java and Marscaibo) 32c. per lb. Sugar at Cost. Crockery at Pottery Prices.

Remember every article is warranted strictly pure. Bean Coffee, free from stones, and bogus beans; Ground Coffee, free from Peas, Rye, etc. No Oleomargarine kept in stock.

We pay biggest price for Fresh Country Eggs. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

Our extra wagons for delivery of goods in country and adjoining towns will be complete links of two wheels. Therefore people desirous of saving money by becoming our customers will leave their orders with

BESSERS, BINGHAM & PULPER, Prop.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

Dealers in full line of groceries,

NO. 29 WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

Special Notices.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Trade marks secured. Trade-marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fee. Information, advice, and special reference sent on request. 19-15-tf

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

At the Boys' Club Gymnasium. Ladies class Thursday afternoons. Class for boys under 15 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address C. E. COOLEY, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 3-20-1mo

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.

Prof. Hasselbeck's School, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. Address at 29 Cooper street, Friday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 9-1m*

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

TO-NIGHT

THE BIG NEW YORK HIT.

THE FAMOUS

BOSTON HOWARD ATHENAEUM CO.,

Headed by one of Plainfield's most prominent tax-payers,

George Thatcher,

together with

20 *Great Artists* 20

SPECIAL—We bring our own orchestra from New York to insure a perfect performance. Prices 25, 50, 75c. and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

BICYCLES!

I wish to inform my friends and the public in general that I have opened a

Bicycle Agency,

AT NO. 76 PARK AVENUE,

where I shall be glad to furnish any of the following machines:

Columbia Bicycles and Tricycles, Hartford Safety, Gales Safety, Rush Safety, Crescent Safety, Lone Safety for gentlemen or ladies, Junior Safety for boys and girls, Our Pet Safety for children; also the best Velocipedes in the market. Catalogue on application.

Frank L. C. Martin.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT,

Dealer in

COAL, LUMBER

and

Masons' Materials,

BROADWAY and FOURTH ST.

Takes pleasure in informing the public that he has resumed the management of his coal and lumber business, formerly conducted under the name of L. A. RHEAUME, Agent. He only thanking the public for past favors, to solicite the continuance of their valued orders, which will receive his careful attention. 16-tf

To fill a long felt want

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in American Damask, a new style for carriages.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses will convincingly demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

* * *

How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! 'Tis the best bargain we have offered in some time —a few cays more and 'twill all be sold.

* * *

Do you want matting? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

* * *

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

* * *

House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a dresser suit you will find it here. We sell shades complete at 85c. Curtain poles complete at 35c.

Van Emburgh & White

19 WEST FRONT ST.

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

20 North avenue.

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL

FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

A Temple of Pharmacy,

(where you expect all good citizens to worship)

Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.

T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR IS PAID IN ADVANCE, EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 1 MAIN BOX 1. TELEPHONE 48. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Rain Bay, otherwise Edward Schnitzler, will not be badly off as African explorer for the German government. His salary of $60,000 will enable him to keep horses even in the style of Mcalem domesticity in high life.

It was a wise selection that of Henry W. Elliott as special treasury agent to investigate the Alaska fishing interests. Mr. Elliott spent some years of his youth in the polar regions, and has written admirable descriptions of scenes there. He is clear headed and a close observer and has an enviable reputation for honesty as well as ability.

The Pan-Americans are seeing the south in its most glorious season. Golden oranges, gorgeous magnolia blossoms, great, melancholy, yet beautiful wreaths of gray moss hanging over the waters, splendid roses, unequaled elsewhere in the world, probably; luscious strawberries and, above all, old Father Mississippi himself on such a tear as is only witnessed on great occasions. Where or whose could sight seeing be more impressive?

For many years it has been mentioned to the credit of Samuel J. Randall that he was a poor man. The crooked steps and slimy ways by which so many men climb into political power were never trod by his brave feet. Meaner men would have made themselves millionaires many times over with the opportunities he had during his lifetime of public service, but his rugged honesty was proof against money temptations in office. Mr. Randall was speaker of the national house of representatives from December, 1875, to March, 1881. One of the most beautiful incidents of his long and bravely borne illness is the visit of Speaker Reed to his honored predecessor, then lying unconscious of all things earthly.

Utilizing Niagara.

Another work is to be noted in this age of co-operation and stupendous enterprises. A portion of the great water power of Niagara Falls is soon to be utilized in reality. It has been talked of for years.

Two miles and a half above the falls, where the water begins to manifest its tremendous force, a canal is dug from the river leading in the same general direction. The crowded stream rushes into the ditch with great force. Alongside the canal wells are dug to receive the water from the canal. It falls into them with heavy weight naturally. In the wells are fixed turbine wheels, turned by the water fall. The large turbine wheels revolve with ponderous power. They are attached to the machinery of mills and factories above them, and their turning sets it all in motion. It is, in brief, the principle of the old water mill utilized in grand proportions. The wells alongside the ditch are under cover and in one tunnel together.

Along the canal, mingling with the roar of Niagara, will be the roar of the machinery of a hundred mill and workshops for all purposes. There will be alike unlimited water supply and unlimited power. Now let us hope the public will have an unlimited supply of money to buy the articles all these mills will make.

The Eight Hour Movement.

The spring of 1890 will be noted in the history of the world's labor progress as the period of strikes for the eight hour working day. An industrious reporter has collected the opinions of a number of gentlemen, not connected direct with the labor movement, on the subject of the eight hour working day.

It will be remembered that Benjamin Franklin declared that five hours' work a day for each individual ought to be enough to supply the wants of a community. Horace Greeley always advocated the eight hour labor day, though he himself did not practice it in his editorial chair in The New York Tribune office.

Among those strongly in favor of the subject are many congressmen, naturally. Senators Ingalls, Chandler and Hoar believe in it. So do Representatives Amos J. Cummings, McKinley of Ohio, and Chipman of Michigan. President Seth Low of Columbia college, Rev. Lyman Abbott and the historian Ridpath speak up for it, too.

Senator Hoar says:

> I have for many years been of opinion that for ordinary labor eight hours is a proper day's work, and that it would be a public benefit if that should be the limit of a day's work in ordinary manufacturing and mechanical employments. I have before publicly expressed in speeches in both houses of congress and elsewhere, I think under that policy the product of the country would be increased, the character of the workmen improved and the poetry of existence, of which the workmen wield, and ought to wield, so large a share, would be purified and exalted.

Congressman Amos Cummings introduces into the house this:

> Resolved, That it is the sense of the house of representatives of the United States congress that the day should be divided into eight hours for work, eight hours for rest and eight hours for recreation; and we further declare our belief that a general reduction of the working hours to eight per day would be a benefit to the public and not contribute to the material, commercial, social and moral advancement of the people.

Referred to committee on labor.

THE TARIFF SCHEDULE

Reported to the House by Maj. McKinley.

A SYNOPSIS OF THE MEASURE.

Hides Are Placed on the Free List—A Bounty of Two Cents a Pound on Domestic Sugar—Other Provisions—Mr. Carlisle's Minority Report Submitted.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—In the house Mr. McKinley and Mr. Carlisle respectively presented the majority and minority reports on the new tariff bill and it was referred to the committee of the whole. The majority report discusses the effect that the bill will have upon the revenues of the government. It states that the exact effect is a matter of conjecture. The report says:

> That there will be a substantial reduction, at no small sum, admits of no doubt. It is not believed that the imposition of duties upon wool, woolen goods and upon glassware will have the effect of increasing the revenues. That would be impossible unless the importations of the last fiscal year were hereafter to be maintained which, however, is altogether improbable. The same will be true of the duties which are decreased and therefore the amount of revenue collected from these sources will be diminished. It is true some of increased duty, except that imposed on the plate, which does not go into effect until July 1, 1891, and consequently will not contribute to reduce rather than enlarge the revenue, because importations will fall off. It was the aim of the committee in framing the bill to put those of manufactured goods and farm products which can be supplied at home so as to discourage the importation of like foreign products and secure to our own people and our own producers the home market, believing that competition between home producers would result in reasonable prices to consumers in the future as it has invariably done in the past. It is upon the increased duties recommended not only to maintain but to enlarge our own manufacturing plants and check those importations from abroad. The policy of the bill is to foster and promote American industry.

The Duty on Wool.

The report quotes the recommendation concerning the tariff in the president's annual message, and terms them "sensible and patriotic." In regard to wool, the report states that by the proposed bill the duties upon first and second class wools are made 11 cents per pound, against 10 and 12 under existing law. On third class wool, costing 12 cents or less, the duty is raised from 2 cents per pound to 3 cents, and the wools of the third class costing above 12 cents, the duty recommended is an advance from 5 to 8 cents per pound. The report says:

> There seems to be no doubt that with the protection afforded by the increased duties recommended to the farmers of the United States will be able at an early day to supply substantially all of the home demand, and the great benefit such production will be to the agricultural interests of the country cannot be estimated. The production of 400,000,000 pounds of wool would require about 100,000,000 sheep, or an addition of more than 100 per cent. to the present number.

A System of Compound Duties.

In revising the woolen goods schedule so as to afford adequate protection to our wool growers the committee state that they have continued the system of compound duties, which have proved to be so essential in any tariff which protects wool, providing first for a specific compensatory pound or square yard duty equivalent to the 10 per cent. ad valorem duty of 1890, and then adding a second duty which would be paid on the wool if imported, for the benefit of the wool grower, and an ad valorem duty of from 20 to 50 per cent., according to the proportion of labor required in the manufacture of the several classes of goods as a protection to the manufacturer against foreign competition and 10 per cent. additional upon ready made clothing for the protection of the clothing manufacturers. The report says:

> From the best information we can obtain it is probable that the increased rates of duty given to manufacturers of woolens will reduce certainly one-half the revenue heretofore derived from this source and transfer to this country the manufacture of from $18,000,000 to $20,000,000 of woolen goods now made abroad, thereby supplying the equivalent ad valorem duty on manufactures of woolens, the compensatory duty on the raw material, which is simply compensatory for the duty on the wool used, of which the wool grower receives the benefit, and the duty on wool when the manufactured woven, makes the average resultant rate of the woolen goods schedule proposed 99.78 per cent.

The Sugar and Molasses Schedule.

After unwearying labor in an endeavor to the duty on certain kinds of iron and on tin plate the committee goes on to discuss the sugar and molasses schedule. The sugar schedule was only decided on Tuesday night. The committee recommend that sugar up to and including No. 16 Dutch standard of colors shall pay a duty of 1-cent per pound on refined sugar above No. 16, and that a bounty of 2 cents per pound be paid from the treasury for a term of fifteen years for all sugar polarizing at least 85 per cent. made in this country from cane, beets or sorghum produced in the United States. Discussing the sugar question, the committee says:

> So large a proportion of our sugar is imported that the home production of sugar does not materially affect the price, and it is therefore a tax which is added to the price not only of the imported but of the domestic product, which it is the object of duties imposed to encourage, or made here substantially to the extent of our supply. The total revenue collected on imported sugar and molasses amounted to $55,975,493. Add to this the increase of price of domestic sugar equivalent to the duty, and it is clear that the duty on sugar and molasses made the cost of the sugar and molasses consumed by the people of the United States not less than $80,000,000, or about $1 for each man, woman and child in the United States more than it would have been if no such duties had been imposed and the domestic product had remained the same.

Even on the assumption that with proper encouragement we shall eventually be able to produce all or nearly all the sugar required for the consumption of the people, the committee think your committee believe to be unrelated by many facts, notwithstanding the slow progress that has made in sugar production in this country—that with encouragement can be given much more economically and efficiently by a bounty of 2 cents per pound, or even by the expenditure of not a little more than $7,000,000 per annum with the present production of sugar in this country than by the imposition of duties which will add $35,975,493 to the cost of sugar to the consumers, and $35,975,493 in duties to the last fiscal year, not to mention the increase indirectly involved when it is considered that the increase in 1 cent in the duty falls on an article of prime necessity as food, your committee are persuaded that justice as well as good policy requires that such an unnecessary burden in the way of a direct tax should be removed from sugar, and that the encouragement required to induce the production of sugar in the United States should be given through a bounty rather than by an import duty. In providing that not only raw sugar but also sugar up to and including No. 16 shall be admitted free of duty, your committee have had in view the introduction of yellow sugars suited for family use—an arrangement which will secure to our people sugar at the lowest price existing in the markets of the world, while even imported white refined sugars will be subject to a duty of only 4-10 of 1 cent per pound.

Internal Revenue Features.

Several thousand words of the report are devoted to giving reasons for increasing duties on agricultural products. Concerning silk the committee states that in order to secure this industry as speedily as possible, they offer the necessary differential of a bounty of $1 per pound, about six equivalent of 30 per cent. of the market value of good silk. A bounty of 7 cents per pound it is stated, is also allowed on cocoons. The committee have made many changes in the internal revenue law as follows: Abolishing the tax on dealers in leaf tobacco manufactured tobacco, manufacturers of tobacco and cigars, and peddlers of tobacco reducing the tax on smoking and manufactured tobacco and snuff from 8 cents to 16 cents per pound. The report proceeds:

> The net result will follow in other cases of internal revenue taxation, as it is special in ceased, this increase will be far less than is indicated by the reduction on the taxes on the importations of such articles will continue a large as under lower duties. In the case of tobacco manufactured from imported leaf we have been enormous because of inadequate duties there can be no reasonable doubt that the rate of the proposed will diminish rather than increase the revenue.

Hides Remain Free.

The committee concludes, therefore, that the proposed changes in the tariff bill will certainly reduce the revenue from import at least $60,936,836 and probably more, and from the internal revenue $16,967,676, or in the aggregate $71,904,414. No reference is made in the report to raw hides, a subject that has given the Republican members of the committee considerable trouble. It was decided to put hides on the dutiable list, but changed that decision Wednesday morning and hides will remain on the free list as a matter of fact. The majority report is signed by all the Republican members, excepting Mr. McKenna, of California, who dissented from the sugar schedule and part of the silk schedule.

The Minority Report.

Mr. Carlisle submitted the views of the minority on the bill. The minority discuss the tariff question at length, pointing out the differences between the two political parties in the matter, and defending the doctrine of the Democrats. Summing up the minority report says:

> We believe, therefore, that the only manner in which our industries can be helped by legislation is by removing from all of the burdens from taxation the materials they are compelled to use, and to reduce proportionately the taxes on finished products, so that all of the artisans, mechanics and manufacturers may be able to compete on equal terms with those of other countries. That is the policy advocated and which we desire to see inaugurated and completed just as early and as rapidly as circumstances will permit. The only would advise that the law be changed so as to prohibit the landing here of men thus advertised for in foreign countries. I think the companies who thus advertise ought to be made to pay a heavy fine and send their contract laborers back free of cost.

Commissioner Starr Accused.

"I would favor consular inspection of immigrants, and I think it would be a good idea for government detectives to be sent on transatlantic vessels who should mingle with the passengers and learn the real condition and destination of every immigrant. I understand that Commissioner Starr, to subserve his own private ends, has appointed a score of his cronies to these positions. This is a matter which I intend to investigate."

Other Interesting Testimony.

Commissioner Starr was then called to the stand. He admitted that he was the vice president of the Second Avenue Railroad company at the time mentioned. He said he knew about a dozen men brought from Castle Garden to take care of the horses and had paid them $2 a day. John Heves, a member workman of the Knights of Labor, said that Commissioner Starr and the other directors had sent about thirty immigrants from Castle Garden to take the place of strikers. Among them was a man who had opposed the strike, he said, had been forced out by the directors to make room for the immigrants.

Mason Tenney, a member of the Emigrant, stated that Commissioner Stephenson frequently countermanded orders issued by the board when he was not present. He also said that Johanna Mooney, an Irish emigrant, was recently detained because he refused to buy a railroad ticket from James Mollison, an employe at Castle Garden. Mollison then called to the stand but declared that he remembered scarcely anything about the case.

The committee will go to Boston to examine the freestone dealers regarding their method of obtaining foreign laborers.

Eloped with His Nephew.

CINCINNATI, O., April 17.—J. W. Middleton, a thrifty farmer, living at Davis, Scott county, Ky., was married about three weeks ago to Josie Price, aged 16. Wednesday Middleton appeared in the county clerk's office in Covington in pursuit of his wife who, he claims, had eloped with Matthew Middleton, a nephew of the farmer. At that time it came that the couple disappeared $7,000 which Middleton had secreted in the house, and which he intended to deposit in the bank, but, not arising, they had secured a license in Covington and were married by Judge Shine of the county court. The old man says he will keep on in the chase of the guilty pair, for he cares more to recover his $7,000 than to regain his wife.

A Big Lumber Fire.

OLDTOWN, Me., April 17.—A large fire occurred in Milford last night, destroying a large number of lumber piles owned by different parties. The fire extended over six acres, and the estimated loss is $150,000, upon which there is little insurance. Among the firms who suffer are N. C. Gould, who loses 1,500,000 feet of pine box lumber; M. P. Waldsigh, 1,700,000 feet; Bangor & Thatcher, 1,000,000 feet and J. A. Thistle, 850,000 feet.

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Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Roast Beef, Liver-wurst, Rolled Hams, Pickled and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauer-kraut and Relish, Swiss, Edam, Limburger, Brie, Roquefort, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUMB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

A MENACE TO COLUMBIA.

Mr. Powderly's Views on the Immigration Question.

AGAINST CHEAP FOREIGN LABOR.

Irish, Scotch and Welsh Driven Out of Scranton by Hungarians—The Laws Should Not Be Repealed, but Enforced. An Accusation Against Mr. Starr.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The investigation into immigration affairs was continued at Castle Garden yesterday by the congressmen detailed to that duty. There were present Congressmen Owen, Stump and Lahlbeck. Terence V. Powderly was the principal witness.

Driven Out by Hungarians.

"In the coke and coal regions near my home," he said, "the Irish, Scotch and Welsh laborers are being driven out by Hungarian and other cheap workmen. A few days ago forty-three Welshmen were obliged to leave Scranton because they were unable to work for the prevailing low wages. And a few days later forty-two Hungarians took their places. In plain words, these slave immigrants were made to take the places of free men. These men are not named, but numbered. They are crowded together in narrow, dirty rooms, where they feed and sleep amid the most filthy surroundings.

A Menace to the Country.

"I entertain no hostility against these people, but I firmly believe they are a menace to our country and that our first duty is to our own people. The Italians and Russian Hebrews are not desirable immigrants, but the Polanders, Swedes and Norwegians, in my opinion, make good citizens. This low class labor in Pennsylvania has brought wages down to 80 cents and $1 a day, where as they were formerly $2.50 to $3.50.

The Freestone Cutters' Strike.

"I believe that the attempt of the New England freestone cutter firms to induce foreigners to come to this country by advertising in English papers for workers is bringing laborers here under contract. I know that the laboring men in New England have not refused to arbitrate, and hence the advertisement is intentionally misleading. These foreign laborers come over here to work at freestone cutters in summer and go back in winter. I have no use for such men. I would advise that the law be changed so as to prohibit the landing here of men thus advertised for in foreign countries. I think the companies who thus advertise ought to be made to pay a heavy fine and send their contract laborers back free of cost.

Commissioner Starr Accused.

"I would favor consular inspection of immigrants, and I think it would be a good idea for government detectives to be sent on transatlantic vessels who should mingle with the passengers and learn the real condition and destination of every immigrant. I understand that Commissioner Starr, to subserve his own private ends, has appointed a score of his cronies to these positions. This is a matter which I intend to investigate."

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SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Abbott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

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Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city. Room 3 and 4, 2d floor. Important Factory Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Celebrating Their Emancipation.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The colored citizens of Washington celebrated the twenty-eighth anniversary of the emancipation of the slaves in the District of Columbia with a parade through the principal streets of the city. Nearly 100 colored military organizations and clubs of Washington, Baltimore and Alexandria were in line, and were reviewed in passing the White House by President Harrison. There was speech making at Lincoln park in the afternoon and a banquet at Washington hall last night. Ex-Senator Bruce presided at the Lincoln park meeting and addresses were delivered by Professor Langston, Robert F. Porter, A. M. Clapp and others.

An Accusation Comes to Grief.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 17.—E. E. Craig, balloonist, was severely injured in an attempt to make a balloon ascension and parachute drop here. A strong wind was blowing, and the balloon came in contact with a telegraph wire, throwing him out. He fell forty feet, striking head foremost against a buggy.

A Reward for Shellenberger.

DOYLESTOWN, Pa., April 17.—Word is received that the absconder, Shellenberger, disappeared from Tacoma before he could be arrested. The police of San Francisco have been notified that there is $1,000 reward offered for Shellenberger's capture.

Knocked Out by Tommy Danforth.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—Tommy Danforth, of Cincinnati, knocked out Charlie Summers, of California, Tuesday night, in five rounds at the Audubon club.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Pears	20c.	2.00
California Apricots	25c.	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey pack Tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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Kline's Extracts.

CLEVELAND RETORTS

He Replies to One of Editor Dana's Assaults.

WHAT FLESH REDUCTION STORY.

He Pronounced Remarks It as a Lie, and Makes a Few Vigorous Remarks Concerning The Sun's Editor—Mr. Cleveland's Views on the Political Situation.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The World interviewed ex-President Cleveland in regard to the Sun's statement that he was undergoing a quack treatment invented by Dr. Schweninger, of Germany, for reducing flesh. It was reported that Mr. Cleveland was gaining in weight at the rate of twenty-five pounds a month, and that both he and his friends were seriously alarmed at his condition. The World says: "The ex-President's appearance certainly did not bear out the statement that he is rapidly increasing in weight. If anything, he weighs less now than when he left the White House, and his face has a very healthy color."

The Story Was Untrue.

"I have not," said Mr. Cleveland, "seen for whom you have to-day, and if it appears anywhere else than in The Sun there is not the least chance of my seeing it. Of course, the entire thing is a lie, without the least pretext to excuse it. I judge from what you say that the venerable editor of The Sun says more that he has at his hit upon a subject which can be used to annoy me. In this he is mistaken. He must be his own judge of good decencies and proprieties. I am not one that he should at his time of life and in the present mental condition he is needed in his amusement."

His Life in New York.

Continuing, Mr. Cleveland said that he had endeavored on coming to the city to settle down to his own business. He had not tried to force himself into prominence, nor had, in fact, courted the retirement of public life. If he should do so all the indications for social enjoyment he received would have to abandon his law practice, and he had decided not to accept any.

Mr. Cleveland said he had been treated with a great deal of kindness and consideration by the people of the city and he appreciated it thoroughly.

His Public and Private Life.

"I do not," Mr. Cleveland added, "see much I am criticised for my public acts. That is perfectly legitimate, and I recognize the right of every man to differ in public questions. There is a line, however, it seems to me, where criticism and abuse should stop. The man who invades the privacy of a family and infringes in his zeal to write attacks on private character is no better than a highwayman. He places himself on the level of the blackguard whose vulgarity he can have no weight with decent people."

His Respects to Decent People.

Regarding the frequent personal attacks upon himself in the columns of The Sun, Mr. Cleveland said: "I have read a few of these, every time one appeared a dozen friends, more or less, would write to him about it. Whenever I receive these cranks' letters," said Mr. Cleveland, "I know from the smile and liar and thief, Dana, has been at it again. That is the only way I keep track of the movements of Dana. The subject, I suppose, is to annoy me and my friends."

The Attacks on Mrs. Cleveland.

"There is only one thing," Mr. Cleveland resumed, and a tender expression lit up his face, "that I care anything about in these attacks—they are not confined to myself. It seems that the senile Dana does not confine his warfare to men. Women are not free from his disgraceful assaults.

"Mrs. Cleveland has not escaped. It is bad enough for Dana to print his lying statements regarding myself. It is infinitely more wicked and dastardly to include, as he has done, my wife in his attacks. Nothing could be more contemptible or so far removed from all instincts of manhood."

Mr. Cleveland spoke with considerable feeling in referring to the unwarranted use that had been made of Mrs. Cleveland's name by the malignant editor. There was no bragging, he said, strong enough to characterize the conduct of such a man. If Dana was not in his dotage, with one foot in the grave, his senile raving would attract more attention. The public is disposed to look with some leniency upon a man who had grown. That was all that saved Dana from being held to a strict accountability for his atrocious conduct.

The Recent Elections.

Changing the subject, Mr. Cleveland spoke of the recent elections and said they were most gratifying to the Democracy. The result in Rhode Island at the by-elections held to fill the vacancy in Providence was especially significant and encouraging. It was a strong vindication of the ballot reform law. He said: "Looking at it from the highest and truest standpoint, it seems to me that the Democrats will be gainers by the adoption of ballot reform all over the country. We believe that we have principles and ideas that appeal to the people, and upon a fair and free discussion of the issues the majority will vote one way. We should have a ballot reform law in every state in the interest of good politics and honest government."

IN THE SENATE.

The Montana Republican Senators Seated—the Chinese Bill Tabled.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The senate summarily disposed of the Chinese enumeration bill by laying it on the table, and also of the Montana election case by seating the Republican claimants—Messrs. Sanders and Power. The senate then proceeded to vote on amendment to the senate bill for the construction of a public building at Allegheny City, Pa.

When the Montana case was taken up Mr. Butler moved to recommit the majority and minority reports with instructions to the committee on privileges and elections to report a resolution as follows: Resolved, etc.; says, 32. A vote was then taken on the resolution declaring Sanders and Power, the Republican claimants, not entitled to seats. Adopted—36 to 33.

Another vote on the resolution declaring Clark and Maginnis, the Democratic claimants, not entitled to seats was agreed to—yeas, 39; nays, 19. Senators Barbour, George, Gibson, Kenna and Walthall voting with the Republicans in the affirmative. Senator Gibson offered a substitute for the two resolutions declaring Sanders and Power entitled to seats the following:

Resolved, That it is the judgment of the senate that the said persons are not entitled to seats.

The substitute was rejected by a party vote: Yeas, 28; nays, 31. The resolutions declaring Sanders and Power "entitled upon the merits of the case" to seats in the senate from the state of Montana were then agreed to, by a strict party vote—yeas, 36; nays, 19. Messrs Sanders and Power were immediately escorted to the clerk's desk by Senators Hoar and Walthall, the oath of office was administered to them by the vice-president and the senate adjourned.

TO THE PRESIDENT.

A Banquet Given in His Honor by Latin-American Delegates.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—A banquet given in honor of the president of the United States of America by the Latin-American delegates to the International American conference on Wednesday, April 16, 1890." This was the engraved inscription on the exterior of Tiffany's double leaved menu card, followed by the name of each guest at the banquet given by the delegates last night in this history as the "star banquet of the Pan-Americans."

The table was fashioned in the shape of an eight pointed star, with the north and south rays shortened and the east and west rays elongated to fit the oblong shape of the immense new dining room of the Arlington hotel. The center of the star was an oval, from which central point sprang a palm tree hung with many colored lights. Around its base was a bed of white (Mabel Morrison) roses, surrounded by a border of jacqueminot nots set in maiden hair ferns.

The seat at each of the eight points of the star was a chair of state, that at the point facing the north or I street point, the vice president's the northwest, the secretary of state the southern point, facing the president; the Italian minister, as dean of the diplomatic corps, had the southwestern seat of honor; the speaker of the house the southeastern, while ex-Senator Hoar, of Missouri, and the governor of Connecticut had the northeastern and western extremes of the table. Many other distinguished senators and citizens were present.

The Mystery Solved.

CHICAGO, April 17.—The mystery of the disappearance of Verner, Everett, the Chicago Medical college student, has been solved. He went away of his own accord and in company with another person. Everett was a medical college three years, but was too far behind in his studies to hope to graduate this spring. He owed the college about $60 and his landlady for one month's board. The first of the month he received $60 from his father, but instead of paying his debts he made arrangements to leave town. Two weeks ago Everett purchased a valise and some satables, which he packed together with some clothing into the valise. He told a clerk at the store where he purchased the satables that he was going into the country for a while. Everett then waited at Gibson's shoe store on South Park avenue for some time, saying he expected to meet a person there. Finally he left, going toward Cottage Grove avenue, since when he has not been seen.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

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L. HEYNIGER,

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NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The finest for our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of CHICKEN foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Further particulars attention to all contracting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 699. Telephone call 39.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Capt. O'Shea has withdrawn his suit o divorce, in which he made Mr. Parnell co respondent.

Commander McCalla, of the United States steamer Enterprise, was placed under arrest by Rear Admiral Brown, commandant of the navy yard, pending the appearance before the court martial appointed to try the charges against him. His sword was taken from him.

Mrs. Charris Vandegrift, of Burlington, N J., has been indicted by the grand jury on a charge of attempting to murder her son Frank T. Norman, by administering small doses of croton oil.

Chancellor von Caprivi, a the Prussian landtag, stated that was the government's intention to "retain" certain foreign news agencies in their interest and to give out no information to others.

At New York Lawyer Quackenbos announced after the meeting of the ecclesiastical commission of the charges against the Rev. Dr. Rylance that he would not proceed any further with the case.

Chauncey M. Depew, William C. Whitney and Henry T. Hyde were elected directors of the Western National bank, of New York, completing the organization under President Brayton Ives, C. N. Jordan's succumber.

All the principal New York importers of hosiery have signed the protest already signed by all the leading hosiery importers of Philadelphia and Boston. Milwaukee against the proposed change by the McKinley bill of the duties upon cotton hosiery and underwear.

THE LAST SAD RITES.

Funeral Services of the Late Ex-Speaker Samuel J. Randall.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The funeral of the late Hon. Samuel J. Randall occurred at 10:30 this morning from Dr. Chevalier's Presbyterian church. The edifice was thronged by a distinguished assemblage of senators, members of congress and well known citizens, who had gathered to pay their last respects to the great commoner. From 8 until 9 a. m. the remains lay in state in the church and were viewed by hundreds.

The ceremonies were extremely impressive and the eulogistic words spoken over the remains of the respected and beloved ex-speaker were those of his old friends and fellow congressmen to tears. The faces of many of Mr. Randall's opponents on the floor of the house were visible among the crowd.

At 12 m. the funeral party left for Philadelphia, where the remains were interred at the Laurel Hill cemetery. Many of the ex-speaker's friends in the Quaker City were given an opportunity to look for the last time upon his face, before the grave obscured it from mortal view.

The honorary pallbearers selected were: George W. Childs, A. J. Drexel, Alexander K. McClure, John Wanamaker, William McMichael, John Bardsley, ex-Governor Andrew G. Curtin, Senator A. P. Gorman, ex-Congressman William H. Bowden, Representative James H. Blount, Senator John T. Morgan and Senator Isham Harris.

Gen. H. V. Boynton, Washington correspondent of The Cincinnati Commercial and the governor of Connecticut had the northeastern and western extremes of the table. Many other distinguished senators and citizens were present.

They Want a Duty on Raw Wool.

BOSTON, April 17.—The senate, by a vote of 9 to 18, has refused to pass the resolution asking congress to remove the duty on raw wool. Some Republicans voted for the resolution, otherwise it was a party vote.

Headquarters

For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,

U. S. Hair Tonic.

Magic Rencvator Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first class Fancy Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Pe- 10-1687

PAINTERS.

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37 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO

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NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS.

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best mates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Mrs. Stewart's Legacies.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Surrogate Rollins has decided that the heirs of Mrs. A. T. Stewart must pay the collateral tax upon their bequests, with interest since the date of the will, 1886, though they did not receive the property until 1889. The legacies were payable within three years after the death of Mrs. Stewart and were as follows: Sarah U. Smith, niece, $250,000; Cornelia S. Butler, granddaughter, $300,000; Lawrence Butler, grandnephew, $100,000; Charles S. Butler, grandnephew, $50,000; Kate A. Wetherill, $200,000; Louise C. Osborn, $100,000; Ella B. Smith, $100,000; Bessie S. White, $100,000 (grandnieces); James C. Smith, grandnephew, $100,000; Samuel H. Butler, nephew, $50,000; Rosalie Butler, Helen C. Butler and Virginia Butler, nieces, $50,000 each; Maxwell E. Butler, nephew, $50,000; Lillian L. Swann, niece, $50,000, and Henry Hilton and Charles J. Clinch, to pay to certain $25,000. These bequests aggregated $1,525,000, and upon them a collateral inheritance tax of $94,-459.77 was fixed.

Ward's Wife Returns to the Stage.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The Star says: "Mrs. Alice M. Ward, the famous baseball player, who has been living quietly at the Clarendon hotel, Brooklyn, during the past three weeks, has agreed to a separation from his wife. Mrs. Helen Dauvry Ward, and Mrs. Ward is now preparing for a trip to the west. It could not be ascertained yesterday whether or no the separation proposed by Mr. Ward is signed as yet, but the friends of both parties give it as their opinion that the signatures have been attached, and that Mrs. Ward had chosen the alternative that her husband gave her some time ago to either give up all idea of returning to the stage or to separate. Mrs. Ward has positively signified her intention of returning to the stage, and yesterday Mrs. "Tim" Keefe, her sister, said that preparations were being rapidly completed for the former Lyceum star's appearance."

Yesterday's Ball Games.

Yesterday's games resulted as follows:

At New York—New York (N. L.), 18; Jasper, 4.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn (N. L.), 27; Jersey City, 5.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn (P. L.), 13; The Tigers, 4.

At Philadelphia—Athletic, 8; Philadelphia (N. L.), 5.

At Toledo—Toledo, 20; Detroit, 13.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 15; Richmond, 3.

At St. Louis—Chicago (P. L.), 4; Pittsburg (P. L.), 3.

At Newark, N. J.—Newark, 8; Boston (N. L.), 2.

Eddie Gilroy, a promising amateur, has signed as pitcher with Newark.

Rumors from Jersey City.

JERSEY CITY, April 17.—It is said in political circles that the failure of the Hudson county grand jury has considered the charges against the election officers who were recently arrested and put under $2,000 bail, and have found no bill on the indictments. It is also rumored that Judge Dixon will not grant an application for recounting the votes cast in Jersey City at the last election.

Seventeen were Killed.

ROME, April 17.—The roof of a weaving mill at Bergamo fell in, killing seventeen out of 800 girls who were in the building at the time.

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 20 Somerset Street.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Frank Linke,

Established 1866.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Imported Wines and Ales for Hotels and Private Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

A Fatal Quarrel Over Their Wives.

HOPEWELL, Ky., April 17.—Adam Kelly has just shot and killed Samuel Logan a well known citizen of this place. From what can be learned it appears that both men had but lately married and were considered warm friends. They began bantering each other on the respective merits of their wives when a quarrel followed, but friends separated the men and Kelly went away. He soon returned, however, and was armed with a musket. When he got in range of Logan he raised his gun and fired. His victim fell to the ground with a groan, and an examination showed that the man had been torn to pieces with a dozen buckshot. After the deed the murderer fled and has not yet been caught. Logan was 30 years of age and well known. Kelly was 27, and has always had a good reputation.

Editor Godkin Again Arrested.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Edwin Lawrence Godkin, editor of The Evening Post, was again arrested Wednesday, this time on complaint of Bernard Martin, deputy commissioner of public charities, who charges that the editor's references to his career, in its history of Tammany leaders, was libelous. Mr. Godkin was released on $500 bail to appear April 25 for a hearing.

He Was Worth $3,000,000.

BOSTON, April 17.—Benjamin Walker, one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Waltham, Mass., died of heart disease April 16, aged 77 years. He was worth about $3,000,000. He had been in the glass business, and owned part of the Danvers Dye works. He had a large stable of blooded horses. His only relatives are two nieces.

A Woman's Horrible Fate.

SARATOGA, N. Y., April 17.—Mrs. Silas M. Beane, wife of an insurance agent, was run over here by a freight train. Both legs were cut off, and she was otherwise injured. She cannot live. It is supposed to be a case of suicide.

Senie George Is Dead.

FALL RIVER, April 17.—Senie George, the young woman who was taken from the steamer Puritan apparently insane, died last evening at the city hospital. If her body is not claimed it will be buried by the city.

An Anti-Jewish Riot.

VIENNA, April 17.—Another anti-Jewish riot occurred here, but it was quickly suppressed by the police. Six of the rioters were arrested.

Gladstone on International Copyright.

LONDON, April 17.—Mr. Gladstone, writing in regard to the establishment of an international copyright bill with America, says: "What the barbarism of protection means to copyright industry we may hope to present a plan which will take a form worthy of so great a nation."

Editor Keefe Indicted.

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 17.—The grand jury have indicted William H. Keefe, editor of The Daily News, for criminal libel against District Attorney Hirschberg in connection with the Jeffery burglary case. Keefe was later arrested on a bench warrant.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers..... $1.49
Misses' Spring Coats..... 1.98
Ladies' Jackets..... $1.50, $2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats.. $1.50, 2.98, 2.25
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $3.50 to 8.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular.. .15
Children's " " " " .15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves..... 49, 60, 75c
4-Button Kid Gloves..... 49, 60, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-tables in effect April 1st, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.50, 6.45, 8.00, 8.50, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 a. m., 12.37, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 7.07, 8.37, 9.06, 10.11, 11.06 p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 8.06, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 a. m., 12.37, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 5.00,

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE BONNET PARTY A SUCCESS AS A SOCIAL DIVERSION.

Glimpse of a Famous Woman—A New Game of Cards—Infantile Don'ts and Other Hints for Mothers—Miss Drexel's Nerve—How a Woman Pays Care Fare.

There had been card parties, tea parties, donkey parties, almost every kind of party known to exist, and it seemed that there was nothing new under the sun until a bonnet party was thought of. As there had never been one in our little village, invitations were given out. Each lady was requested to bring an old hat or bonnet, with feathers, flowers, ribbons and laces for trimming; the more old fashioned and ridiculous the better.

When the evening came each lady arrived carrying a package of the articles named above. The gentlemen looked on in black amazement. The bonnets and hats were all placed on a table in the back parlor, and all the trimmings on another. Each gentleman had found his garrets had all been ransacked, and the result was truly amazing. When the guests had all arrived cards were passed to the ladies, also, having a number, and the gentlemen also had cards with corresponding numbers, only their cards had a needle stuck in one corner—very suggestive of work to follow. When each gentleman had found his partner he went to the tables and selected a hat or bonnet and trimmings and then proceeded to work, threading his own needle. The ladies were not to help, but suggestions now and then were in order. The rooms were large, and each one set off by himself and worked for dear life.

When the bonnets were all trimmed the result was truly astonishing, and when the ladies donned them it was still more so. Then the ladies voted for the best bonnet, and the worst trimmed one. A black sailor hat, really trimmed very artistically, took the head prize. A bonnet with flowers on one side, feathers on the other, in the most comical arrangement, and wide strings, took the booby prize, which was a gentleman's black silk hat lined with yellow and tied for a calf and collar box. After the bonnets were all trimmed a march was played on the piano, and the couples marched and countermarched in the room for half an hour. Such a procession was never seen before. Simple refreshments were served, and all pronounced the party a success.—Good Housekeeping.

Infantile Don'ts.

Even the baby is the victim of reform. Methods employed twenty years ago are inadmissible in this century of today.

The infantile don'ts are almost as numerous as the etiquettical negatives.

Among the approved are:

Don't rock the cradle.

Don't let him sleep in a warm room.

Don't let him sleep with his head under the cover.

Don't let him sleep with his mouth open.

Don't "pat" him to sleep.

Don't try to make him sleep if he is not sleepy.

Don't let him nap in the afternoon.

Don't let him be kissed.

Don't let him wear any garment that is tight enough to bind his throat, arms, waist or wrists.

Don't have ball buttons on the back of his dress.

Don't have clumsy mates on the back of his shoes.

Don't cool his food by blowing it.

Don't feed him with a teaspoon.

Don't use a tube nursing bottle.

Don't change the milk you started with.

Don't bathe him in hot or cold water.

Don't bathe him more than three times a week.

Don't allow a comb to touch his head.

Don't let him eat at the family table.—Toronto Globe.

Passing Glimpse of a Famous Woman.

This woman who sweeps by in the gay crowd on Broadway was a famous beauty in the old days of hoop skirts and powdering. Her face is a trifle stouter and there are wrinkles on her brow and crow's feet in her cheeks, but it is still a face that would be noticed in a crowd. It is Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague.

This once famous beauty, who wielded more power in American politics, perhaps, than any other American woman has ever done, is going down the hill of life in a quiet, easy way. She comes to New York occasionally to visit friends, but her home is in Washington. She is no longer the gay young butterfly of fashion, and her dresses, while fashionable and well made, have not the dash that made her so much talked about in ante-bellum days.

Her life in the nation's capital has been a varied one. There is none of the luxury of Edgewood that characterized her life during her father's régime. But she is happy, nevertheless, for her children are growing up around her, and she looks on calmly at the progress of events with a smiling face. The White House possessed little of the splendor that was an idle dream at best. But there is sunshine at Edgewood such as this woman could never have found had she become the wife of a president of the United States.—New York Mail and Express.

A New Game of Cards.

Do you ever play domino whist? It is the latest game of cards extant, and is rapidly superseding other games involving a minimum of science with a maximum of luck. In the home circle and quiet, decorous social gatherings. Four people play the game, and one who is familiar with the technical nomenclature of cards informs us that the person who sits at the left of the dealer—whatever that is—begins by playing what is called a seven spot of some kind, hearts, spades, clubs or diamonds. If the player cannot show up a seven spot he is elected to put a check in the pot.

Then the next person takes up the game and plays a seven spot—if he can—and after a seven spot is placed on the table the other cards in sequence are placed, eight spots being placed on the right and six spots on the left of the seven spot. At this time a person can not play a card on one of the four pips in the center of the table, down goes a check to the bottom of the pot. When some one player has had card the game is at an end, and he takes a check for each card held by the other three players when the game ceased.—St. Louis Republic.

Miss Drexel's Nerve.

Miss Katie Drexel, who has gone into a sisterhood with her income of $500,000, and who intends to devote her life and fortune to the welfare of the Indians and Africans of America, is a petite young woman, mild as a dove, with a will as true like as Bismarck's. Her entrance to the cloister revealed no hardship or privation with which she was not already familiar.

Before taking the veil of the novice she had lived in a small room fitted up like a cell. The walls were bare, the floor had no carpet, the hard bed had been turned off and the raglets closed, only cold water and coarse soap and towels were provided in the bathroom adjoining, and the only facilities for making a toilet were a comb and brush, and no looking glass. Even the mirror was excluded with the other luxuries to which the young lady had been habituated from childhood. For a bed she had an iron couch furnished with a thin mattress and an insufficiency of covering, in imitation of some holy woman whose lives are a series of self denials.—New York World.

How It Is Done.

Nothing can be more delightful than the careful deliberateness with which the average woman conducts the monetary transaction between herself and the horse car conductor. Here is a typical case, which we vomited up in hard, sour curds, in which event, if the mixture has not been given too freely, it is best to use a stronger antacid. Bicarbonate of soda is a good substitute, and about a teaspoonful should be dissolved in a large cupful of water, and that solution be added to the milk in place of lime water.—Boston Herald.

Economical Purchasing.

The careful matron, in choosing dress goods for herself, will select those which are in no way conspicuous in color and will avoid novelties in trimmings, remembering that she must wear the dress for two years, and that worn frequently; consequently it must be so neat and inconspicuous as not to attract attention. It is well to bear in mind also the possibility of making the dress over, and, other things being equal, to select those goods which may be turned and which might make over suitably for the little daughter. It is better to buy a liberal pattern than a scanty one, for the extra goods are pretty sure to be needed in remodeling the dress. Otherwise she may sometimes be obliged to sacrifice the dress for lack of goods.—Montreal Star.

How Mme. Patti Washes Her Face.

My standby has always been cold cream made of white wax, with benzoin and a very little ottar of roses to remove the fatty odor. With this I clean my face, neck and hands, and keep the skin smooth and moist. Toweling, one has all sorts of water, which I carefully avoid. If I can't get rain water or distilled water to wash in, I use a dry cloth and the moist breath of my mouth, though, I do not believe in washing myself to death. In the cars I keep my head and face veiled. On the sea I never wash my face; the air is clean and fresh, and cosmetic in the world. In a city with as clean and sweet an atmosphere as New York, I should be able to keep clean with cold solution a day.—Interview in New York World.

The Cost of Suits.

The relative cost of men's and women's clothes was never more clearly illustrated than in the prices charged at a leading tailor's establishment in this city. Complete suits of woolen goods, in three pieces, are made to order at from $30 to $35, while a woman's gown of the same material will cost $75 finished with cheap cotton linings; with silk linings it is $95. It takes about twice as much material for a woman's gown as for the man's suit, but this is a small item and would not add more than 25 per cent. to the cost. The chief reason for the higher price charged women is that there is very little competition among the tailors who furnish women with dress.—New York Tribune.

An Agreeable Eye Wash.

Irritable eyes, due to strains, dust, cold and a variety of other causes, are quite common. Among the domestic remedies which are the most popular are applications of warm milk, tea, camphor pith water, etc. Borax and camphor water, an agreeable and efficient remedy, has long been used by physicians. An eye wash very nearly, if not quite as serviceable, can be made by adding one dram of the crystals of boracic acid to a pint of soft, boiled water. This should be boiled and kept in a cool place. Three or four times a day half a cupful of the solution should be heated, and the eyes bathed with it as hot as can be borne.—Boston Herald.

The Age of Cosmetics.

The art of beautifying the complexion by artificial means is very old. The women of gray antiquity knew how to give their cheeks that pink tint which nature had denied them. In Nineveh the practice of enameling was quite common. The skin was made smooth and clean with pumice stone and then covered with a layer of white chemical preparations. A toilet case found in the ruins of Thebes contained a whole arsenal of little bottles full of perfumeries and complexion medicines. The ancient Athenian painted themselves with white lead and vermilion.—Berlin Courier.

Have Two Steamers.

In buying a range or stove, two porcelain lined iron pots and a steamer are usually among the utensils thrown in. Now, in addition, buy another steamer to fit the extra pot. It takes no more fuel to keep two pots boiling than one; then why not on ironing day steam a loaf of your husband's favorite Boston brown bread over one pot, and the steamed raisin puffs, of which the other members of the family are so fond, over the other? The result cannot be otherwise than satisfactory all around.—Christian Union.

Do You Wear Real Fur?

A New York society woman says: Because so many excellent imitation astrakhans have appeared, the owners of the simon pure, honest John make a little fuss in their to show a bit of the skin. It is just the same with India shawls. Our grandmothers used to have shawls of varying sizes to do their grandchildren, and show all the roughness and even the Arabic price mark, so as to show that they were the real, original article.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Flannel for the Face.

Women whose complexions are undesirable will soon find that flannel used as the purest sponge nor the linen cloth as wash rag, but chose in preference a good sized piece of flannel, a quality being selected in which there is sufficient cotton thread to keep it from shrinking very much. Just what are the virtues of this rag nobody knows, but that, from the beautiful Gunnings down to Lily Langtry, it has been used for the face, is undeniable.—New York Sun.

Lasting Is England.

Lacing is a vice that obtains very generally among the women of this country; nowhere else are to be seen such slender waists as are found here. The vice of tight lacing is practiced in every class of society; be she duchess or barmaid, the native woman indulges with the same persistence her vanity in this particular.—Eugene Field's London Letter.

Borax for the Baby's Mouth.

Always wash baby's mouth and gums every morning with water in which you have put a pinch of borax. It keeps the mouth fresh and sweet; and if baby should have unfortunate affliction, a sore mouth, with which so many poor babies are troubled when their mouths are not kept perfectly clean.—Good Housekeeping.

Silk Thread Is Poisonous.

The Sanitary News draws attention to the fact that silk thread is soaked in acetate of lead to increase its weight, and persons who put it through the mouth in threading needles, and then bite off the thread with the teeth, have suffered from lead poisoning.

Lime Water and Milk.

When the stomach is intolerant of food it is the general practice of physicians to order lime water to be given with milk, and if they are rightly given they are almost always well borne. But unless duly instructed as to the necessary proportions of each the majority of people are quite sure to make the mistake of not using enough lime water. It is of course only of value as an antacid, and it is but very slightly alkaline. As compared with the bicarbonate of soda, an ordinary dose of the same is equivalent to six ounces of lime water. So a tab-spoonful of the latter in a cup of milk—the scanty proportion used by many in sickness—is really of no value.

To obtain an antacid of any moment it is necessary in giving milk and lime water to have the mixture contain the latter in proportion of at least one-third. Very often when they are to be given the milk is vomited up in hard, sour curds, in which event, if the mixture has not been given too freely, it is best to use a stronger antacid. Bicarbonate of soda is a good substitute, and about a teaspoonful should be dissolved in a large cupful of water, and that solution be added to the milk in place of lime water.—Boston Herald.

Economical Purchasing.

The careful matron, in choosing dress goods for herself, will select those which are in no way conspicuous in color and will avoid novelties in trimmings, remembering that she must wear the dress for two years, and that worn frequently; consequently it must be so neat and inconspicuous as not to attract attention. It is well to bear in mind also the possibility of making the dress over, and, other things being equal, to select those goods which may be turned and which might make over suitably for the little daughter. It is better to buy a liberal pattern than a scanty one, for the extra goods are pretty sure to be needed in remodeling the dress. Otherwise she may sometimes be obliged to sacrifice the dress for lack of goods.—Montreal Star.

How Mme. Patti Washes Her Face.

My standby has always been cold cream made of white wax, with benzoin and a very little ottar of roses to remove the fatty odor. With this I clean my face, neck and hands, and keep the skin smooth and moist. Toweling, one has all sorts of water, which I carefully avoid. If I can't get rain water or distilled water to wash in, I use a dry cloth and the moist breath of my mouth, though, I do not believe in washing myself to death. In the cars I keep my head and face veiled. On the sea I never wash my face; the air is clean and fresh, and cosmetic in the world. In a city with as clean and sweet an atmosphere as New York, I should be able to keep clean with cold solution a day.—Interview in New York World.

The Cost of Suits.

The relative cost of men's and women's clothes was never more clearly illustrated than in the prices charged at a leading tailor's establishment in this city. Complete suits of woolen goods, in three pieces, are made to order at from $30 to $35, while a woman's gown of the same material will cost $75 finished with cheap cotton linings; with silk linings it is $95. It takes about twice as much material for a woman's gown as for the man's suit, but this is a small item and would not add more than 25 per cent. to the cost. The chief reason for the higher price charged women is that there is very little competition among the tailors who furnish women with dress.—New York Tribune.

An Agreeable Eye Wash.

Irritable eyes, due to strains, dust, cold and a variety of other causes, are quite common. Among the domestic remedies which are the most popular are applications of warm milk, tea, camphor pith water, etc. Borax and camphor water, an agreeable and efficient remedy, has long been used by physicians. An eye wash very nearly, if not quite as serviceable, can be made by adding one dram of the crystals of boracic acid to a pint of soft, boiled water. This should be boiled and kept in a cool place. Three or four times a day half a cupful of the solution should be heated, and the eyes bathed with it as hot as can be borne.—Boston Herald.

The Age of Cosmetics.

The art of beautifying the complexion by artificial means is very old. The women of gray antiquity knew how to give their cheeks that pink tint which nature had denied them. In Nineveh the practice of enameling was quite common. The skin was made smooth and clean with pumice stone and then covered with a layer of white chemical preparations. A toilet case found in the ruins of Thebes contained a whole arsenal of little bottles full of perfumeries and complexion medicines. The ancient Athenian painted themselves with white lead and vermilion.—Berlin Courier.

Have Two Steamers.

In buying a range or stove, two porcelain lined iron pots and a steamer are usually among the utensils thrown in. Now, in addition, buy another steamer to fit the extra pot. It takes no more fuel to keep two pots boiling than one; then why not on ironing day steam a loaf of your husband's favorite Boston brown bread over one pot, and the steamed raisin puffs, of which the other members of the family are so fond, over the other? The result cannot be otherwise than satisfactory all around.—Christian Union.

Do You Wear Real Fur?

A New York society woman says: Because so many excellent imitation astrakhans have appeared, the owners of the simon pure, honest John make a little fuss in their to show a bit of the skin. It is just the same with India shawls. Our grandmothers used to have shawls of varying sizes to do their grandchildren, and show all the roughness and even the Arabic price mark, so as to show that they were the real, original article.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Flannel for the Face.

Women whose complexions are undesirable will soon find that flannel used as the purest sponge nor the linen cloth as wash rag, but chose in preference a good sized piece of flannel, a quality being selected in which there is sufficient cotton thread to keep it from shrinking very much. Just what are the virtues of this rag nobody knows, but that, from the beautiful Gunnings down to Lily Langtry, it has been used for the face, is undeniable.—New York Sun.

Lasting Is England.

Lacing is a vice that obtains very generally among the women of this country; nowhere else are to be seen such slender waists as are found here. The vice of tight lacing is practiced in every class of society; be she duchess or barmaid, the native woman indulges with the same persistence her vanity in this particular.—Eugene Field's London Letter.

Borax for the Baby's Mouth.

Always wash baby's mouth and gums every morning with water in which you have put a pinch of borax. It keeps the mouth fresh and sweet; and if baby should have unfortunate affliction, a sore mouth, with which so many poor babies are troubled when their mouths are not kept perfectly clean.—Good Housekeeping.

Silk Thread Is Poisonous.

The Sanitary News draws attention to the fact that silk thread is soaked in acetate of lead to increase its weight, and persons who put it through the mouth in threading needles, and then bite off the thread with the teeth, have suffered from lead poisoning.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED IN NEW YORK, LONDON AND PARIS.

Styles of Hair Dressing—Wigs and Fringes Still Popular, but Their Overthrow for the Coming Season Threatened by a Parisian Fancy for a Natural Coiffure.

Many women "make up" their heads nowadays, and the custom appears to be particularly popular among English women. A London milliner is credited with the remark that she has to be very careful in taking off her customers' bonnets, for fear their hair should come off, too.

It must not be supposed that wigs are worn for the purpose of concealing baldness. Nothing of the kind. Of course, a good many wigs—a majority probably—are worn to conceal defects; but they are also largely worn by persons who don't want the trouble of doing up their own hair. A wig can be dressed on a block, and it is made so artfully on an elastic foundation that it fits too tightly for the difference between the false and the true to be discovered. Only the finest hair is used. A wig maker says that there is a great demand for red brown hair now. It will be the popular color for the season. Golden hair is dying out so quickly that presently there will be none of it left.

A FASHIONABLE COIFFURE.

A wig that will match one's own hair is recommended by the makers, when it can be procured, as usually considerable dressing, but tresses two or three shades lighter than one's own are quite permissible for evening wear.

The fringe, too, still holds its own with women who have high foreheads. It is only women with low foreheads who can afford to brush their hair severely back.

In making these artificial coiffures the hair is worked so skillfully into the foundation as to reduce its length and quality, and so little hair is used, in fact, that what are called "feather weight headdresses" weigh, it is claimed, only about one-third of a real head covering of similar appearance and design. Naturally curly or wavy hair being used, it dampens the air effect a bit but little. Perhaps the greatest recommendation of the wig or headdress is that one can slip it on the head in an instant, and have always the comfortable feeling of having the half fashionably dressed. Our cut represents an elaborate feather weight wig.

There is also a rumor comes from Paris of a reaction against wigs, and that there will be an effort to abolish not only false hair but curling irons as well, and it will be considered bad taste to change the natural color of one's tresses. French women are doing up their hair very simply, and in this dressing a solidity is given of riding, dancing and driving, without blowing in the eyes or hanging down the neck in loose frizzes.

Paints Absurd Lisings.

Women who do their own dressmaking are often puzzled over the choice of linings, and the following hints borne in mind will be found very serviceable by them:

Never buy black percaline for a lining, as the dye is more than likely to soil the underwear. For black transparency or open cloths there are a few good silkoles, which are black on one side and pearl or figured cream color on the other. With lace or grenadine, jet or net, black silk lining is indispensable, and these can always be taken to get a fast black. For light silks crepe de chine surahs, mulls and embroideries, white linen, muslin or lawn is a good substitute for silk, and in lining the skirt of any light material percaline, percale silicia or very light calico will be found serviceable. It is a good idea to save silk dresses, as they come in very nicely for facings when not sufficient for an entire lining.

In color light gray is generally serviceable, although, everything considered, it is safer to have the linings the same shade as the dress material, black excepted.

Patterns of New Brocades.

Patterns of the new brocades appear in general much smaller than those of last year, in conformity probably with the more severe style of drapery that has come in lately. Many of the designs are in sympathy with spring. They are crocuses, snowdrops and the like. Another new pattern is made up entirely of leaves.

The Newest Jackets.

The jackets here sketched represent two of the newest English spring styles. The most striking point about one is the large black velvet sleeves. The trimming round the sleeves at the shoulder is also rather new, though this kind of dress has been ornamented in this manner for some time past.

SPRING JACKETS.

This jacket is faced in with velvet, and looks very pretty worn open. It is impossible to make much alteration in the cut of jackets, so the shape here is not altered. The other jacket is of gray cloth, with a red silk collar. The addition of the short, loose sleeves gives it a novel look.

Fashion Echoes.

Skirts are being made with an imitation opening at the side, that is either buttoned or laced up with a thick cord. A good deal of braid is still used.

Gowns are garnished with flowers in all sorts of fancy fashions. One dress will be decorated with flowers diagonally from the shoulder to the hem; on another they are arranged trellis fashion at the hem.

Dress skirts grow plainer every day and bodices more and more intricate.

The newest bodice is one that fastens down the left side from the shoulder. It entails much trouble in fastening and for that reason is not likely to be popular.

$1.40!

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Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

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THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

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Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

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My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so low. It is now a pleasure to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods for the same money. Call and see my line of goods and warranted.

We have now added a department for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the best goods made, such as "Educators," Misses and Children's Spring Heels.

Please call and examine our goods.

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Money Transferred by Telegraph.

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PERSONAL DUES 2.25 [illegible]

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS

JOTTINGS.

—Derby is Arbor Day.

—Prof. Bartholomew's horses are the next attraction at Music Hall.

—The Plainfield Gaming and Turning Society are arranging for a socialade.

—It is said that the price of soda will not be advanced in this city this Summer.

—A number of Plainfielder's will attend the Rutgers-Cook College minstrels at New Brunswick to-night.

—There are a number of important cases to come up for trial at the May term of the Union County Court.

—Mr. Stephen Cahoone will speak and Mr. D. E. Tinworth will sing solos at the Y. M. C. A. meeting Sunday at 4:15 p. m.

—The Memorial Detail of the G. A. R., are making extensive arrangements for the proper observance of Memorial Day.

—The Young Crescents base-ball team are booked for a game with the Young American's of Dunellen on Saturday morning next.

—A young man employed at the Scott Press Works narrowly escaped being struck by a train while returning from work last evening.

—The Crescents will cross bats with the original Arenas in a game of ball on the Crescent League grounds in this city on Saturday afternoon next.

—Yesterday afternoon a small boy whose name could not be ascertained was knocked down and run over by a horse and wagon on West Third street. The little fellow was not seriously hurt.

—We have received a copy of a new edition of "Fowler's Self Instructor in Phrenology and Physiognomy." Price 20 cents in paper or $1 in cloth. Publishers, Fowler & Wells Co., 777 Broadway, N. Y.

—The Plainfield Reform Club held its regular monthly meeting in Reform Hall last Sunday. The question discussed was "What effect has the liquor traffic on politics, morality and public expense?"

—The Supreme Court yesterday heard writs in the case of Chief Carey and Policeman Lynch. Captain Grant this morning served them on the members of the Police Board. They must appear in Trenton on Monday, June 2d, to answer.

—The days increase in length this season as follows: In the month of January, 43 minutes; in February, one hour and nine minutes; in March, one hour and 31 minutes; in April, one hour and 13 minutes; in May, one hour and one minute, and in June, 11 minutes. Then they begin to shorten.

—The Howard Athenæum at Music Hall last evening gave a most amusing performance in which the popular Plainfielder, George Thacker, was given a most hearty greeting. The performance throughout was given by thoroughly first-class people in that line, who will no doubt come again after having had so large an audience.

—The Plainfield daily paper which gives the least, but "blows" the most of any paper in the State, seems to find it necessary now to have to tell how much it pays for its paper, and notes which it seems to lack inherent strength to secure through its own columns. Yet advertisers are expected to have faith in what the publishers show they have no faith in themselves.

—Sunday evening, next the first anniversary of the Woman's Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church will be held. Mrs. Jennie Fowler Willing, sister of Bishop Fowler, a very gifted woman and speaker, will deliver an address. All our people should improve this opportunity of hearing one of the most talented and widely known women of Methodism.

—The German spelling for beer is bier. In English, a bier is a frame or carriage for conveying dead bodies to the grave. The step from beer to the grave is very short, + + + In appearance the beer drinker may be the picture of health, in reality he is most incapable of resisting disease. A slight injury, a severe cold, or a shock of the body or mind will commonly provoke an acute disease, ending fatally.—Scientific American.

—This is the order recently issued by Austin Corbin, President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad in relation to the use of intoxicating liquors among the employees: "All superintendents will be held strictly responsible for the enforcement of the rule relating to the use of intoxicating liquors by employees. No violator is known to be promptly discharged, and proof that a man goes inside a drinking place while on duty will be ample evidence to warrant his dismissal. Men known to drink to excess or to frequent drinking places while off duty must be discharged. When employing new men strict inquiry should be had.

—"Mr. Hastings is a very superior lecturer —able, ready, sharp, and humorous. The power of his voice is remarkable. In his finest passages his utterance was so powerful, vigorous, and clear, that the rest of the Connaught Hall rang with the words. In manner and in matter he is equally good. A more appreciative audience he could not have desired than that which listened to him on Tuesday afternoon and evening."—Hastings and Bexhill's News. Mr. Hastings will speak under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. in the lecture room of the Crescent avenue church Tuesday, April 22d, at eight o'clock. Admission free, no collection.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stoffel's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sunday	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Monday	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Tuesday	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Wednesday	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Thursday	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Friday	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Saturday	46	46	46	46	46	46	46

A STRANGE DISCOVERY.

An Opposssum Unearthed in the Heart of the City.

An opposssum, very fat and large, estimated to weigh about 20 lbs. was killed on Mr. Samuel Millikot's place, on Central avenue, near Ninth street, last Wednesday afternoon, by some workmen who were engaged raising his barn, under which the 'possum had its nest. It was first discovered by Mr. Millikot's little dog which is of the terrier species, and which, though much smaller and lighter, pluckily attacked the intruder and drove it out from under the barn and into the workmen's reach, where a blow from a crowbar or spade in the hands of one of the men quickly finished it.

It is considered strange how the animal could have found its way into the heart of a city like Plainfield, and Mr. Millikot thinks that if any of his neighbors have been losing any fowl this will explain it.

The barn has been unoccupied for two years until recently.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Mattox of Arlington avenue has moved to No. 8 Third street.

Miss Hallock formerly of Grove street now resides on Craig place.

Mr. George Thatcher and family are once more located in Plainfield.

Mr. E. J. Moore of South Second street has returned from a brief visit to friends in New York.

Mr. H. C. Drake of Winfield Scott Post No. 75, G. A. R., paid a fraternal visit to Gen. Wadsworth Post No. 75 of Somerville last evening.

Harrison, the three months' old son of Edward and Ella Ashton, died at the home of his parents on East Second street, Wednesday evening.

Mr. Wm. Ubrihan of Regent street has so far recovered from the injuries received while shoeing a horse, as to be able to walk out with the aid of crutches.

Mr. William Schorb of East Front street left this morning for Albany, N. Y., to attend the Convention of Engineers which meets in that place to-day.

There was a very large attendance at the funeral services over the remains of the late Albert Martin at the home of his parents on West Eighth street yesterday afternoon, and the deepest sympathy expressed for the family over their great bereavement. The burial was to occur to-day.

Daniel J. Morsat an old as respectable resident of Green Brook township, died at his home on Park avenue last night after a short illness. Deceased was at one time a prominent merchant here and was later engaged in the livery business. Mr. Marshal accumulated a competency during his life, and was always a hard worker. He was in the 80th second year of his age at the time of his death.

Annual Reception.

Branch No. 8, Emerald Beneficial Association of this city held its second annual reception in Amphion Hall last evening. The affair was well attended and was one of the most pleasant that has occurred for some time past. The grand march took place at nine o'clock and was led by Mr. Thomas Scully and Miss Mamie Casey. At its conclusion dancing was indulged in and continued until an early hour this morning. At about midnight the company came to a beautiful repast after which dancing was resumed. The affair was a grand success and the Emeralds may feel justly proud of their effort.

City Court News.

Policeman Slifer last evening arrested a man from Evons who was not competent to take care of himself. The unfortunate fellow was evidently busy making the rounds of the saloons and when he attempted to descend the steps at the depot he fell headlong to the side walk, but escaped serious injury. He spent the night in the station house and this morning he was arraigned before City Judge Codington and fined $8.

A Small Fire.

At about half-past twelve o'clock this afternoon fire was discovered in a clothes closet in the residence of Mr. Charles Smith at the corner of Front and Somerset streets. An alarm was sounded but before the department arrived Mr. Smith and one of his tenders had succeeded in extinguishing the flames. The origin of the fire is unknown. Mr. Smith estimates his loss at about $100.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders held a meeting in the Court House at Elizabeth yesterday afternoon.

—Yesterday afternoon the afternoon arrested Fred Clark on a charge of drunkenness and using profane and indecent language.

—The next sign that Summer is at hand will be prevalent of taste and smell to the effect that there is garlic in the butter.

—Wetumpka Lodge No. 3401, Knights of Honor held a meeting last night in their quarters in the Hand building and initiated two new members. Eleven applications for membership were also received.

—The Newark News man puts wit and humor into his editoral squibs. Here is a sample: "Not guilty—but don't do it again" is almost on a par with the Plainfield saloon verdict: "Guilty—but not to be punished." —Jersey News.

—The following is said to be the shortest sentence in the English language containing all the letters of the alphabet: "John F. Brady gave me a black walnut box of quite small size." The entire sentence contains less than twice the number of letters in the alphabet.

—The Jersey City Argus has given its thrilling account about a Senate man has the smallest pox but "that all day yesterday his food had to be passed into his room on the second floor by means of a ladder." It might be interesting to know how bad a man would have to get it in order to make it necessary to get on the roof of the house and lob his food down the chimney.—Home News.

LAW COMES HIGH.

When it Comes to Settling Wills.—Too High by Far.

The Home News of New Brunswick thus editorially comments on the Prance Low will case:

"A few years ago a gentleman named Lee peddled over near Scotch Plains died. Before going to, however, he fell into the popular error that he could devise his property by will. The grass had not taken root on his grave before the lawyers swooped down on that will and showed that it devised nothing to nobody. They also showed that it presented to the Scotch Plains church, the heirs at law from coming to an amicable agreement. This was clearly demonstrated, and there was hope of arriving at a settlement until some body suggested that the lawyers come in for one-third of the estate as fees. This being agreed to it did not take those lawyers seven minutes to show how the Lee estate could be settled up and divided to the satisfaction of everybody, themselves included. If there is any lesson in this case at all it is that where a man has anything to leave, he had better see a lawyer or two and ask them how much they charge for their fees, and then go up his will making themselves preferred beneficiaries. Failing to do this he can rest pretty well assured that nothing will be wished on him, he will never get a sight of that which he intended they should have. When the lawyers get their fingers into an estate all that is left after their unbridled greed is satisfied is not worth mentioning.

COLORED CONFERENCE.

African M. E. Church Gathering to be Held at St. Zion.

On April 30, the New Jersey Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal church will be held in New Brunswick. The Conference will be held at St. Zion church and a large number of delegates will be present from all parts of the State. The people of St. Zion church are making arrangements for the entertainment of the visitors, and they feel much honored at the selection of their church as the meeting place.

Knights of Pythias Entertainment.

The musical and literary entertainment under the management of Crescent Division, No. 43 U. R. K. of P. in Excelsior Hall, Scotch Plains, last evening was a pronounced success both socially and financially. Mapes Lodge, No. 74, Independent Order of Odd Ladies of this city and also Unity Division, Uniformed Ranks Knights of Pythias of Elizabethport attended in a body. The following programme was rendered.

PROGRAMME.

Overture.....Prof. Conde
An Extravaganza of Romeo and Juliet.
Lights and hose pops in stage fright.....Wash
Juliet.....Mrs. C. E. Cropsey
Charley—A happy Mulatto, and a very bad Mulatto.....Mr. C. E. Cropsey
Introducing the following music: "Harry Russell," "Sailor Boy Song," "Dutch Love Ditty," "The Mulatto," of the Opera Ferricola.
Overture.....Prof. Conde
Our favorite German Comedian John H. Cropsey, of the Grand Opera House in "Over Far Rine Mountain," and "Sing Me That Simple Air Again."
Instrumental Solo.....Mr. Walter Tease
Selection.....Mr. Haskard
Quits.
Mr. and Mrs. Cropsey—"At it Again."
Our John's Protege.....Master John Voehl
Words of the Song—"Pretty Little Dear Thee,".....Miss Marie E. Cropsey.
From the Opera "Child of the Regiment."
Recitation—(Irish dialect).....Mr. Davis
Selection.....Mr. Wallace
Overture.....Prof. Conde
The performance concluded with the farce "Marriage a Failure?"
Mrs. Brown—will—.....Mrs. C. E. Cropsey
Mr. Brown—will not—.....Mr. W. Tease
Dominique—Col.....Mr. C. E. Cropsey

During the farce "White Wings" was sung by the Comedy Quartette.

After the rendition of the above dancing was indulged in for several hours until the "wind up."

A $2,500 Fire.

At about half-past four o'clock yesterday afternoon a house belonging to Mr. John S. Johnson on Park avenue was discovered to be on fire. An alarm was sounded and the department responded promptly and succeeded in extinguishing the flames before the dwelling was gutted. Mr. Johnson estimates his loss at about $2,500. The loss is covered by insurance. A defective flue is assigned as the cause of the fire.

—It is the intention of the New York Board of Education to have play grounds on the roofs of some of the new school buildings. The play roof is a feature of London schools.

—Newspapers have devoted columns of space to arguments showing that "civil service" reading, but the practical fact is that taught by extensive and successful advertisers, who have demonstrated the value of intelligent and liberal advertising by example and who have, by their own work, compelled the competitors to follow or be left hopelessly behind in the race for business.—Journalist.

—No one will regret that no more one and three dollar gold pieces or three cent pieces are to be coined. The one dollar gold coin was a nuisance to handle, being so small, easily lost and easily stolen. The three cent piece, not unlikely to be mistaken for a dime. The three dollar gold piece was out of place in our decimal system and an interloper. As such it had no more reason for existence than its humble three cent brother.

—It was at Columbus that a Cincinnati druggist happened to put up at a table with a number of legislators, and the courtly way in which they addressed each other greatly amused the commercial traveller. It was, "Will the gentleman from Hardin do this," and the gentleman from Fulton did that. They invariably spoke of each other as the gentleman from whatever county they happened to hail from. For ten or fifteen minutes the drummer bore it in silence. Then he suddenly crushed the statesmen by staging out in stentorian tones to the waiter, "Will the gentleman from Ethiopia please pass the butter?" That ended "the gentleman from" and the interest.

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

ABOUT THE EX-COMMUNICATED COUPLE.

It was a Priest who United Them in Marriage.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Permit us to say through your columns that we were married during Lent by Rev. Father Cunningham of St. Rachel's, West Fortieth street. He is a Catholic priest. Father Smith has, we have no doubt, under a misapprehension, excommunicated us. JAMES DAY.
MRS. JAMES DAY,
Nee MISS MARY NEWMAN.

ADVERTISING IN THE NEWS PAYS.

Spent Eighteen Cents and Got Five Dollars.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I advertised in The Evening News yesterday the fact that I had lost five dollars on Front street or Park avenue. Mr. C. S. Guion found and returned the same to me this morning, positively refusing any reward. THE NEWS is the paper the people read.

U. S. CRANE.

About the Place Where They Vote Dead Men.

The Senate has enough grit and good sense to attend to its duty to itself and to the State, before it consents to a dissolution of the Legislature. That duty consists in completing the Jersey City investigation. The Senate would be highly recreant to its trust if it stopped now and did not report until next January on the frauds of Hudson county. Such a postponement the Democrats of the Legislature desire. For, with the Jersey City rascals are moving everything to secure. But they cannot have their way this time.

The scoundrelism of the Jersey City ring knows no bounds. Paddy O'Neil has introduced in council an ordinance to so redistrict the city that only one ward can elect a Republican official. And as if this were not bold and brazen enough, the new deal is to elect John P. Feeney sheriff in place of Bob Davis. In the name of all that is right is there nothing to check the infamy of this political and moral Sodom? All the people desire to know concerning the delay in adjournment is contained in this statement: that the Jersey City rascals and their abettors refuse to allow anything to occur which shall aid the Hudson investigation.

The New York Press of to-day has the following on the subject:

The Senate investigating committee yesterday resumed their sessions in Jersey City. Their objective point was the gross and open election perpetrated in the Fifth district, familiarly known as "The Horseshoe," in which in the last Gubernatorial election General Grubb received but one hundred votes while Abbett's ran up in the thousands, and apparently it would only have been a question of time or it would have mounted to the millions.

William Van Horner, an election inspector in the precinct, testified that one Lawrence Doian, between the hours of seven and eight in the morning, voted seventy times. One Michael Keegan voted three times on another man's name. The witness endeavored to prevent them, but failed. During the recess fifty-three names were added to the poll list, and while the vote was being taken Republicans were forced to accept the ticket and straight Democratic ones taken up instead.

Lawyers After the Judges.

The agitation in South Jersey over the passage of the bill increasing the salaries of lay judges, led to an emphatic expression as to these ornaments of the bench by the Camden County Bar Association at a meeting held April 8. This expression was embodied in the following resolution adopted by the lawyers:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Camden County Bar Association that only persons learned in the law should be allowed to sit on the bench and pass upon questions of law and legal rights; that the presence of lay judges, entirely ignorant of the law, in our courts is by no means calculated to give wise and proper administration of justice; that the public money expended in the payment of their salaries is wasted, and that the practice of appointing them ought to be speedily abolished by law.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to each Representative from Camden county in the Legislature, and that one be sent to the Governor.

District Grand Lodge Meetings.

District Grand Lodge meetings for the ensuing year have been arranged as follows: Third District, April 18th, at Trenton, in Ashland, No. 76, Lodge room; Fifth District, May 6th, at Elizabeth; Sixth District, March 18th, at Newark, in Oriental, No. 51, Lodge room; Seventh District, April 15th, at Jersey City; Eighth District, March 31st, at Paterson, in Joppa, No. 29, Lodge room; Ninth District, April 9th, at Morristown, in Cincinati, No. 3 Lodge room; Tenth District, May 26th, at Washington, in Mansfield, No. 74, Lodge room; Eleventh District, April 23d, at Paterson, in Masonic Hall, 130 Market street; Twelfth District, June 10th, at Atlantic City, in Trinity, No. 76, Lodge room.

About Good Roads.

The following is a strong argument for the farmers to ponder upon, in favor of good roads.

Assuming that the average haul is five miles, that there are per day with two horses worked 25.50, the difference in cost of moving the total market crops on clay and macadam roads, of average condition and level grades, can be figured as follows:

	Clay Road.	Macadam Road.
Load for two horses.....	1,000 lbs.	2,100 lbs.
Number of loads for 2,500,000 lbs.....	4,667,000	2,381,000
Cost at $1.50 per load.....	$6,750,750	$3,726,500

—A little learning is a dangerous thing; but the danger is not in the learning, but in the littleness.

—"Labor," says Andrew Carnegie, "is divided into great armies, the agricultural and the industrial."

Don't Like the Preference Shown to Plainfield.

Last evening at the Opera House the box sheet was opened for the choice of seats for the Rutgers Minstrel Concert. The vestibule was filled with a motley and disorderly gang of white and black hoodlum hired by ticket holders to secure the earliest choice. When the box office was opened the disgusting discovery was made that the two first rows of seats in the parquet circle had been already disposed of en-suit to Plainfield, it is said.

The disgusted and disappointed New Brunswickers would like to know why they are asked to support this concert when all the choice seats are to be given to Plainfield people. Is this to be understood as an announcement on the part of the management that the Plainfield people are so much better than New Brunswickers that they must necessarily have the first choice? If this is Mr. Manager Hubbard's action he should by all means have held his concert in Plainfield. The whole thing is very small business and there is general dissatisfaction with this specimen of the management.

The sale of tickets for the minstrels continued all day yesterday at an astonishing rate, and the plan of the Opera House to-day looks like a bad case of smallpox. Boys who were in line waiting an opportunity to select seats were paid $2 and more for their places.

THE COMMITTEE'S EXPLANATION.

The committee of students, Messrs. H. S. Hawes, E. B. Van Arsdale and W. C. Hubbard, to-day gave the following explanation of the blunder:

A word of explanation seems to be in order as to why 28 seats in the orchestra circle at the Opera House for the college minstrel entertainment were sent to Plainfield to be put on sale before they were offered open to New Brunswick. When the question of disposing of the seats was discussed by the committee, it was proposed to put a few tickets on sale at Plainfield, Elizabeth, Metuchen and Princeton, a plan often pursued by local entertainments.

On the committee thinking that this plan was actually to be carried out, sent the 28 seats to Plainfield to be put on sale there.

He choose a block of what are there considered to be second class seats, having no idea that they were considered the choice positions. It is regretted exceedingly by the management that such a misunderstanding should have occurred, and it is hoped that the public will consider this explanation as adequate.—New Brunswick Home News.

The explanation is lame and unsatisfactory should give those who go so many miles to honor their friends something better, we would think, than "second class seats."

Personal Mention.

—Worcester, Mass., has a spineless girl who can sleep only with her body bent backward into a circle and her feet crossed under her chin.

—A New Bedford, Mass., clergyman has advertised 700 sermons for sale. He says they cover every subject and are suitable to every locality, and he wants $1 each.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF J. NEWTON JENKINS, DECEASED. Letters of administration of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned. Creditors of said deceased notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.
MARY JENKINS, Executrix.
April 5th, 1890. 4-18 9t ow

Cent-a-Word-Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-6t

A GOOD paying milk route for sale. First class business. Wants of old proprietor going West reason for selling. Address "Milk," care of EVENING NEWS. First fair offer accepted. 10-3

A MILLINER Wanted immediately at Mrs. Dunn's, 14 West Front street. 12tf

A FINE span of horses for sale, or will exchange for smaller team. Dr. Pirtle. 2-9tf

$70 SEVEN octave piano. Rosewood case in good repair and fully warranted. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

FOUND—An afghan, which owner can have by identifying property and paying for this advertisement, at NEWS office.

FOR SALE—A side bar buggy, (French Canada maker), in perfect order. Apply at 147 East Front street, Plainfield. 15 9*

FOR RENT—House, barn and garden, and if desired, from 20 to 30 acres of tillable land adjoining and situated about one mile from Dunellen. To a good tenant terms will be made easy. Apply to C. Berthoux, 32 Maple street, North Plainfield. 14tf.

$190 CHICKERING piano. This fine instrument left for sale. Perfect in every particular. Thompson Park. 4-12tf

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double and are very gentle. Sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and son, 20 Park avenue. 4-6tf

$60 ORGAN. Solid walnut case, 19 stops, 3 sets reeds, 5 octaves. Cost $100. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 4-12tf

100 ROLLS of Matsung at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-6t

I HAVE Two hundred dollars to loan on 1 year 6 per cent. security. Address "Money" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-9tf.

$165 7 1-3 legs 7 full octaves, rosewood case, carved legs and lyre, over-strung scale, has been put in fine repair. Thompson Park. 4-12tf

SETTINGS of eggs of thoroughbred Pekin ducks, $1 per dozen. Also eggs of the thoroughbred black Minorca fowl, $1 50 per setting. Greatest layers known. Chas. Reed Madison, 3d and Summer. 113 Rockview avenue. 4-16tf

TO RENT—A small house containing six rooms. R. M. Fairchild, furniture dealer, 21 East Front street. 4-9tf

$225 UPRIGHT piano. In use three months, with slight defect in case. Warranted for five years. A bargain. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf

WANTED—Two more boarders. Rosebud board. Moderate terms. 17 West Front street. 12tf

We are Catering for Cash Trade Only

WE HAVE GOT THE RUSH AND MEAN TO KEEP IT BY THE LOWEST PRICES FOR THE BEST OF GOODS, AND

TO-MORROW

SATURDAY, WE WILL MAKE THE

Grandest Display of Groceries

EVER MADE IN THIS TOWN AT PRICES THAT CAN BE BEATEN ONLY BY OURSELVES.

COME AND SEE OUR PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE. BY SO DOING YOU WILL SAVE 25 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association.

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAMLTON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street

Special Notices.

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 7th street, Washington, D. C. Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Trade Marks secured. Trade-marks registered. All patent business conducted for moderate fees. Information, advice, and special reference sent on request. 12-13-6t

PHYSICAL CULTURE.
At the Bicycle Club Gymnasium, Arcade, cor. Thursday afternoon. Class for boys under 16 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address H. H. COOLEY, Director Gymnasium Committee. 3-20-1m*

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Segelin's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Now term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 o'clock. Private and select classes. Now beginners' Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. Circulars sent for the asking. Address 21 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 3-1-m*

MUSIC HALL.
RETURN OF THE FAVORITES.
ONE WEEK.
9 Performances, Commencing
Monday, April 21.
Manager John Mishler has the honor to present
PROF. GEORGE BARTHOLOMEW
And his famous, only and unequaled
1000 EQUINE PARADOX 1000

24 EDUCATED HORSES.
Do everything but talk, directed by spoken language; novel mechanical effects; beautiful scenery; Dazzling tragic tableaux. Enlarged orchestra. New acts. Every evening at eight o'clock.
Three Afternoon Performances,
Wednesday afternoon at 2:30; Friday afternoon at 2:30; Saturday afternoon at 2:30.
—At the Wednesday Matinee, each lady will be presented with a handsome souvenir palette of Hoile. Reception by all the horses on the stage after the performance, to which ladies and children are specially invited.
SPECIAL PRICES.
Admission 15c, 25c, 35c, Reserved seats 50c. For sale cash at usual places.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
of the
HOME BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N
will be held at
72 W. FRONT STREET,
Monday, April 21,
Polls for the election of officers and directors will be open from 7:30 to 9 p. m. THE FIFTH SERIES will be open for subscription. The proposed amendments to the By-Laws will be acted upon and annual report presented.
S. H. STRUTHERS, Secretary.

BICYCLES!

I wish to inform my friends and the public in general that I have opened a

Bicycle Agency,
AT NO. 26 PARK AVENUE,

where I shall be glad to furnish any of the following machines:

Columbia Bicycles and Tricycles, Hartford Safety, Rudge Safety, Rush Safety, Overman Safety, Juno Safety for gentlemen or ladies, Junior Safety for boys and girls, Our Pet Safety for children; also the best Velocipedes in the market. Catalogues on application.

Frank L. C. Martin.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT,
Dealer in
COAL, LUMBER
and
Masons' Materials,
BROADWAY and FOURTH ST.

Takes pleasure in informing the public that he has assumed the management of the coal and lumber business, which will be conducted under the name of L. A. RHEAUME, Agent. He only thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders, which will receive his careful attention. 10-6t

PURE DRUGS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

TOILET ARTICLES BEAUTIFUL.
FANCY ARTICLES GALORE.

To fill a long felt want

(And our own Purses.)

A Temple of Pharmacy,
(where we expect all good citizens to worship)
Cor. Park Ave. and 4th St.

The Moy Pharmacy Co.
T. S. BURR, President. G. W. V. MOY, Sec. and Treas.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in American cloth, a most pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.
EXTRA PARASOLS.
LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING.
49 North street.

Plainfield Evening News.

THIS NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. BONHAM, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO PAY OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

It is now the season of strikes and moving.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, says that any other policy than the unlimited coinage of silver is a conspiracy on behalf of creditors to keep money as dear as possible.

"Alas, that a sinner should be so sweet and a saint should be so sour!" exclaims a western editor. What kind of an unhappy experience has that editor been having?

Literature of the New South.

It is not too much to say that one of the distinctive features of this country for the next generation will be the development of the enormous resources of the new south, intellectual as well as material. The eyes of the whole country are now turned toward this land of promise and wonders are expected from it. The droppings of the coming golden shower of material wealth have already fallen. The new life in the old land began to be heard through the earth in the fields of journalism and literature. Numbers of young southern journalists have obtained foothold among the writers of New York especially. They have come north because they find as yet no wide field for their talents at home. Their charming manners and southern frankness and cordiality win them friends at once. A rather remarkable feature is the large number of high spirited, cultured southern girls who, join hand in hand, have reared themselves with their brothers and asked for newspaper work. These pretty southern girls have made the success of the hour in journalism.

An important new book is in process of publication with this title: "Why the Solid South?" It is written by a number of prominent and able southerners, mostly congressmen, one from each southern state. The book will give the history of reconstruction in each state, setting forth fully and fairly the problems as those on the ground see them, tell why the states were brought to the verge of ruin and why they are prosperous now. The book is dedicated to the business men of the north and will be full of fact.

In the field of pure literature a venture is about to be made in the shape of a new magazine called The South, Old and New. Rather curiously, it will be published in New York, thus proving that New York is the metropolis, not of south or north, but of the whole country. The editor of the new magazine will be Mr. F. G. de Fontaine, who is probably better fitted for the work than any other man that could have been selected, since he has lived both north and south so many years that it would be hard to tell whether he is a northerner or southerner. Of the aims of the new monthly the editor says:

"The south, old and new, will be imbued with a feeling of filial affection for the past of the south —that noble past of chivalrous, hospitable, religious and happy people. It will cherish the memory of our ancestry and imitate their manhood; but it will recognize the fact that the present is not necessarily to be judged by the past, growth and greatness of that belong to the present.

"Not Us."

As houses are built in our time, in towns and cities, it is almost impossible for an outsider, except a burglar, to get into them. A policeman cannot enter a house and search it without due warrant of the law, unless in case of actual disturbance of the peace. A man's house is his castle as distinctly as it was in old feudal times, and he is not obliged to maintain a regiment of armed retainers to keep it so. A good, strong front and back door, and an equally good, strong serving man or maid are all that are required. Families live so much to themselves nowdays that nobody knows whether his next door neighbor is at home or abroad.

In this way a criminal has an admirable chance to get safe out of the country before his guilt is more than suspected. Suppose a man embezzles or robs his partner of a million dollars. It is discovered. Inquiry is at once made at his residence. The answer is that he is "not in." To the question when he will be in the answer is that nobody knows. Where is he? Again the serving man or maid does not know. Again and again he is sought, but the one reply to creditors, lawyers and detectives is that Mr. Blank is "not in." Meantime, by the time a warrant has been obtained for the arrest of Mr. Blank, he is safe in Canada.

One of the notable developments of the last twenty-five years is the physical evolution of women, especially in England and America, which take the lead in the modern liberal ideas towards women. Girls and women share in the athletic games of men, so far as they are adapted to the sex, and have also gymnasiums and physical culture clubs of their own. In England there is a movement on foot to form eight oared crews of ladies to race over the famous University course. If this desire for physical strength and grace shall become permanent its results will be great. Special attention to this increase of physical perfection. Degeneration shows in physical perfection.

CHASED BY ANGRY MOBS.

The Life of Burlington's Alleged Poisoner Threatened.

CHARGED WITH THREE OFFENSES.

Mrs. Carrie E. Vandegrift Indicted for Poisoning Her Son and Accused of Making Way with Two Husbands—An Alleged Burglar Jailed in New Jersey.

BURLINGTON, N. J., April 18.—"Hang Lynch her!" were the words hurled at Mrs. Carrie E. Vandegrift by an angry mob that surrounded her residence here when two officers of the court arrested her on a bench warrant charging her with having attempted to kill her son, Frank C. Norman, by means of croton oil. She seemed an object of indifference to the crowd of people assembled in front of the house, but her indifference vanished when she heard the shouts of the mob and saw the angry faces that greeted her when she opened the door. "I know what you want," she said to the officers, "but I need not trouble you to wait. I will wait a few minutes until I go up stairs and change my clothes and lock the house."

Nothing the Matter with Norman.

She was permitted to go up alone, and in a few minutes later came down stairs attired in a handsome black silk dress. By this time she was again at her ease, and informed the officers that she would take her son with her. "There's nothing the matter with him," she said, "only he took about him being poisoned. I am going to take him with me just to show the people that I am not a murderess."

Followed by an Angry Mob.

Norman, however, did not utter a word. He mechanically put on his hat and coat and walked unsteadily to the carriage behind his mother. Then the crowd saw that the police had to force a passage through it in order to reach the carriage. Mrs. Vandegrift was threatened repeatedly, and one deadly aimed gunner narrowly behind her as if she expected some assault from the crowd.

The next instant they started off, followed by the mob cursing and yelling after her. The horses were put on a run and were soon out of the reach of the crowd. An hour later Mrs. Vandegrift appeared at Trenton jail with her son, and breathed a sigh of relief as she left the vehicle and walked to the jail.

Mrs. Vandegrift's Statement.

She was closeted with her son and second half inclined to tell her whole story. She said: "This whole thing is an outrage. I never tried to poison my son and he won't say so. I never gave him his medicine. He always took it himself, and when Dr. Hall was prescribing for him he never took the medicine, but gave the doctor to understand that he did. The whole affair is a piece of spite work, done because I was about to bring suit against my late husband's two sons, Peter L. and John Vandegrift, who have owed me a debt for some time. Frank Norman, my son, was sick when he came to my house in Burlington. I discharged Dr. Hall because he was doing me harm. I do not deny buying croton oil; that is true. I got five cents' worth on several occasions to use on my corns, as I can prove by Dr. Black."

Did She Poison Two Husbands?

It is now recalled that after the death of Joseph Vandegrift during the summer of 1887 Druggist Black refused to refill the croton oil had caused it, and said he had sold Mrs. Vandegrift more croton oil than he had previously sold during the many years he had been in business. At that time Mr. Vandegrift's son, Peter, asserted that his father had been poisoned. It is rumored that Mrs. Vandegrift's first husband also died under circumstances similar to the last illness of Mr. Vandegrift. She was the latter's third wife, and is charged with having assisted him in getting a divorce from her second wife that he might marry her. She also had in view a third husband, and recently told Dr. Gaunitt that she was to be married in June to a wealthy gentleman who was going to take her to Europe on a bridal tour.

The Case of Her Son.

In the case of her son, Dr. Hall, young Norman's physician, found the patient's symptoms so poisoning, and Mrs. Vandegrift was watched and was seen to purchase the oil. Once when she asked for the oil some harmless liquid was given her purposely, and a change for the better was seen in her son's condition. Prosecutor Budd thinks that her object in attempting to get rid of her son was to obtain an insurance mortgage of $38,000 which would revert to her on her son's death.

When arraigned in court the prisoner pleaded not guilty and was locked up in Mount Holly jail in default of $5,000 bail. It is thought she will be given bail soon, and get bail. The trial is down for April 28.

Mortgages Are Not Wanted.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The important test case of Bellin, Joseph & Co. against the collector of customs to recover alleged excess duties paid under protest on certain invoices of worsted cloths has been decided in the United States circuit court by a jury under Judge Lacombe in favor of the importers. Many similar suits will now doubtless be pushed to an issue. The point was that the worsteds were classed by the collector as woolens. The jury finds that worsteds are not woolens.

The Huntingtons and Stanford Branch.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—Mr. Huntington has written Mr. Stanford, at the suggestion of national friends, declaring that nothing has occurred to disturb cause ill feeling between them, as the former's remarks about using company funds for campaign purposes to "defeat the people's choice" were intended to indicate that such funds were used for Mr. Stanford's personal advantage.

Hubbard Brothers Embarrassed.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—A. H. Hubbard, owner of the publishing house of Hubbard Brothers, has made an assignment to creditors. His liabilities are placed at $140 000, and he considers his assets worth $250,000, but that cannot be converted into cash off hand, and therefore he asks for time to close up his affairs. The creditors meet today.

Massachusetts Wants Tariff Revision.

BOSTON, April 18.—The senate has adopted a resolution addressed to congress declaring in favor of a thorough revision of the tariff and that congress should frame a new law on materials of manufactures and upon the necessaries of life, as far as the same can be made available in regard to labor and manufacturing interests.

Marcus Stearns' Will.

CHICAGO, April 18.—The will of the late Marcus Stearns has been probated before Judge Kohlsaat. The estate is valued at $250,000. Mrs. Stearns receives $50,000 and the income of the residue. There are no public bequests.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Civil Service the Theme for a Spirited Debate in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—In the senate Messrs. Sanders and Power, the new senators from Montana, drew for positions. Mr. Sanders drew the short term, expiring in 1895, and Mr. Power drew the long term, expiring in 1899. Public building bills were then passed, among them the following: Lowell, Mass., $200,000; Springfield, O. (senate bill), $100,000. The senate passed a house bill for the appointment and retirement of John C. Fremont as a major general in the United States army. It also took up the joint resolution for the appointment of thirty medical examiners in the pension office regardless of civil service examinations. Mr. Faulkner explained that provision, arguing that the medical examiners now in the pension office had been appointed under civil service rules and were practically ineligible except on the list who had passed the civil service to fill these vacancies, and he moved to strike out that clause of the joint resolution.

Mr. Cockrell charged that the object of the pending joint resolution was to break down and destroy the civil service law and practically render it inoperative. He argued that the commissioner of pensions was in open rebellion against the president, defying the president and trampling under his feet the civil service law and the rules approved and sanctioned by President Harrison. "And we are the commissioner of pensions aided and encouraged in this contempt by the democratic secretary of the interior." He went on to give a history of the law, and quoted various Republican national platforms in regard to civil service reform for many years and says on Mr. Faulkner's amendment.

Mr. Hoar moved to amend the amendment by inserting the words "under regulations to be prescribed by the secretary of the United States." Mr. Faulkner asked Mr. Hoar the difference between the two proposed amendments.

Mr. Hoar replied that his purpose was to accomplish the thing proposed by Mr. Faulkner, for whose amendment he had voted. If the bill were passed, amended as the senator from Kentucky had, it would pay distinctly to the notice of the president these particular appointments and would require from him their personal attention. It was not, on either side of the question, that the thirty medical examiners were to be appointed only for a brief service—for an emergency, and that is the reason why the rules of the general civil service rules should not apply. It was perfectly clear to him that the record of no party, of no president and, he supposed, of no secretary of executive would be found to be absolutely in accordance with the strict letter of their declarations in regard to civil service reform. But he hoped the senator from Massachusetts would be found to limit his confession to himself. Mr. Hale expressed his conviction that the amendment was outside of the bill, if reported, would be that the president would say to the secretary of the interior that he desired the appointments to be made after civil service examination, and that that would end it.

Mr. Hoar, at Mr. Faulkner's suggestion, modified his amendment so as to make it read that the appointment of the thirty medical examiners shall be under regulations prescribed by the president, to be made by the United States. The amendment was agreed to—yeas, 38; nays, 8, as follows: Messrs. Aldrich, Allen, Berry, Blackburn, Blair, Butler, Casey, Chandler, Cockrell, Colquitt, Dolph, Dunkiney, Evans, Fry, George, Gray, Hale, Harris, Hoar, Hiscock, Hoar, Jones (Ark.), McMillan, Mc. Pherson, Morgan, Paddock, Pasco, Power, Pugh, Ransom, Sanders, Squire, Stockbridge, Turpie, Voorhees, Wait, Walthall and Washburn; total, 38. Nays—Messrs. Daniel, Davis, Gibson, Moody, Plumb, Sherman, Stewart and Teller; total, 8. Without finishing the bill the senate adjourned.

In the house after the journal had been read Mr. Cockrell arose and said that it was seemly and proper and a just tribute of the respect to the memory of the distinguished man whose funeral took place Thursday that the house adjourn. A motion to this effect was immediately adopted.

A BIG SILK FAILURE.

Louis Franke & Co., of New York, the Firm—Liabilities, $200,000.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The silk trade was surprised yesterday by the announcement of the suspension of the well known firm of Louis Franke & Co., importers of raw silk, at No. 110 Grand street, and manufacturers of broad silk at Paterson, N. J. The partners in the firm—Louis Franke and Henry W. Sirum—made a general assignment, without preference, to Lawyer Adolphus H. Stoiber.

Rumors had been current for several days past that a large silk house was in trouble, but the firm of Louis Franke & Co. was thought to be quite strong financially. The embarrassment was brought on by the stringency in the money market. Mr. Franke said this afternoon that the firm's liabilities would be about $200,000, with nominal assets of $1,200,000. The firm paid 6 per cent. interest on its liabilities. The firm are said to be unwilling to raise money to meet maturing obligations in the stoppage of accommodations by the banks and loans sustained by the recent failures in the silk trade. Mr. Franke said the firm was caught in all the recent failures in the silk trade.

Presidential Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations of postmasters: Maine—C. S. Hamlin, of Farmington; New Hampshire—J. B. Manchester; J. B. Cooper, Newport; John Greenfield, Rochester. Massachusetts—G. W. Corey, Southbridge; M. W. Baker, Northfield; Charles Sumner, Roxbury. Rhode Island—G. W. Pratt, Cofuning; F. F. Burch, Fonda; A. C. Gates, Gouverneur; G. L. Eastman, Potsdam. New Jersey—J. W. Scovill, Millville; G. A. Van Gieson, Montclair. Pennsylvania—B. W. Wilds, Hamilton; F. E. Hallar, Shippensburg; Nathan Wilson, Bloomsburg; Samuel Bitting, Ambler; G. W. Stetson, Cambridgeborough; H. T. Dunmayer, Kutztown.

She Married Her Husband's Slayer

MONTPELIER, Vt., April 18.—James S. Caswell, who is under sentence of imprisonment for life for the murder of George Gould, has been married to Mrs. Laura Gould, the widow of the murdered man. The marriage took place through the bars of the cell. Caswell and Mrs. Gould lived together as husband and wife for a year previous to Mrs. Gould's marriage to Gould.

A Partial Defeat for Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 18.—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. the Lehigh Valley Railroad company on appeal, involving the question of payment of state and local taxes on capital stock from 1875 to 1887, the court has decided that the company need not pay the tax upon the portion of its stock represented in the New Jersey section of the road.

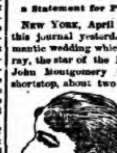
WARD'S HEART BROKEN

He Has Parted with His Actress Wife.

HELEN DAUVRAY WARD'S STORY.

She Says the Stage Has Not Caused the Trouble Between Herself and Her Famous Shortstop Husband—She Makes a Statement for Publication.

NEW YORK, April 18.—As intimated by this journal yesterday, the peculiarly romantic wedding which united Helen Dauvray, the star of the Lyceum theatre, with John Montgomery Ward, the renowned shortstop, about two years ago, has had a



HELEN DAUVRAY.

sad sequel in the application of this once happy pair of popular favorites. Married life developed a striking disparity of tastes and temperament between the artist and the hero of the baseball field. They discovered about two months ago that the air dream of love was over. Having agreed to disagree, Mr. and Mrs. Ward seemingly separated quietly, the wife taking up her abode at the Victoria hotel in that city was her sister, Mrs. Timothy Keefe, the wife of the New York's great pitcher, and the husband establishing himself at the Sherman hotel in Brooklyn. Among the friends and acquaintances of the Wards there has been no secret about their separation for at least six weeks.

When a reporter called upon Mrs. Ward she said: "But for the misrepresentations in The New York Star I should of course decline to discuss for publication my domestic affairs. As it is, I have written out a brief statement which covers all I care to say on the subject." The statement is as follows:

Mrs. Ward's Statement.

"To all representative newspaper reporting papers who sent their cards to me yesterday morning before I had risen I respectfully say in a line stating that the article in a morning paper was untrue in every particular, and so it was. Perhaps because I declined to meet the reporter of that paper and discuss my domestic affairs with him he saw fit to place me before the public in a false light and to accuse me of bad faith with her bronze presidents of the Spalding Baseball Club. I cannot, in justice to myself, rest under the imputation published yesterday morning. I regret this over-zealous reporter did not obtain an interview with Mr. Ward, for I am certain Mr. Ward would never have allowed such an undeserved accusation to be brought against me. It is true that Mr. Ward and I are living apart. It is true that I am not playing back to the stage, but that our separation is caused by my uncontrollable desire to return to the stage is absolutely false. I do love my art, but I loved my husband more, and the stage has never in the past nor at the present moment possessed for me charms as attractive as those of a happy home.

"I go back to the stage because I am separated from my husband. I am not separated from my husband because I want to go back to the stage. There is a vast difference between the two. I have never broken a promise to my husband. I have never done anything as a wife that an honest woman would disclaim. I have now made all the statements in reference to my domestic affairs that I intend to make. My professional life belongs to the public. My private life belongs to my husband and myself.

No Legal Proceedings Contemplated.

Mrs. Ward further said that no legal proceedings looking to a divorce had been instituted or were contemplated. The real reason of her separation from her husband she declined to reveal as being a matter in no wise concerning the public. Mrs. Ward's friends are not so reticent. They say that she left him on account of his cruel treatment.

The Shortstop's Leticence.

The great shortstop was found at a desk from which a portrait of his gifted wife looked down upon him. The foregoing statement was shown to him.

"I have never discussed my private affairs with any one," he said, "and do not propose to now. I will say, however, that the story published did Mrs. Ward great injustice. She is a victim in more senses than one. So far as I know there is no truth in the report that proceedings for a divorce are to be instituted. But this is all a private affair to be settled between ourselves."

The Star has a different story: It says: "Mr. Ward was most pronounced last evening in denying that he ever offered his wife anything except kindness, and that his reason for not living with her was to spare entirely to her resolve to become an actress again. He broke down entirely, and, weeping like a child, he told the whole story of his troubles to a few sympathetic friends. For months he had reasoned with his wife. He had reminded her of a solemn promise made on many wedding day that she would forever abandon the stage. Despite all his protestations and pleadings she had adhered to her determination to return to her profession. Seeing that Mr. Ward was strengthened by her sister, Mrs. 'Tim' Keefe. Ward said, and the well known pitcher, too, had turned against him."

Unable to keep up the unequal fight against these influences any longer, the shortstop reaffirmed his determination once more that his wife could not go beyond the footlights and finally left her. Ward said at last, two months ago, the final quarrel came.

"I can't say any more," he said, "for I follow finality concluded with a shocked voice, 'and I don't know what will become of me. I love my wife dearly, and would lay down anything in the world to make her happy—but to go on the stage, never to be a stage never." Ward looks thin and pale and seems to be nearly broken hearted.

A Bolt in Alderman Assigns.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 18.—Alderman A. M. Burnham has made a general assignment to Volney W. Fisher. The assignment provides for the payment of wages and salaries due and attorneys for legal services in the usual way, seven notes are provided for. Barnum was in the above business at No. 200 Michigan street.

CAPITAL VERSUS LABOR.

Strikes in Many Places—The Trouble at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, April 18.—At a meeting of the railroad officials last evening it was unanimously agreed to ignore the list of grievances submitted by the committee of the Federated Order of Railway Employes and unite in combatting the attempt of the federation to be recognized. Quite a number of strangers are in town who admitted that they had left railroad men and had been sent here, but for what purpose they declined to say. The local railroaders claim that the new men are here to take the places in case a strike occurs. A meeting of railroad employes and the joint officers of the National Federation was held in Allegheny City last night, but no decisive action was taken.

CHICAGO, April 18.—There is nothing new in the carpenters' strike situation. Inside no attempt is being made to get part of the city to do any work. The monotony of inaction on the part of the carpenters was relieved Thursday afternoon by a parade and demonstration of Lake Front park. About 300 of the strikers gathered on Market street, and headed by bands of music, marched to Lake Front park, where they were addressed by prominent speakers. Over 40,000 men are idle.

COLUMBUS, O., April 18.—The joint meeting of the miners and mine operators has resulted upon the following scale of prices to run from May 1, 1890, to May 1, 1891: For North New Valley, seventy cents per ton and for Hocking valley, seventy-two cents per ton. The convention adjourned to meet in Pittsburg on the first Tuesday in April, 1891.

FALL RIVER, Mass., April 18.—Twenty-eight of the twenty-two printers in the Globe mercy mill went to a baseball game without notifying the manager of their intention. In retaliation the mill was closed, and the printers say they will not go to work when it will start up again.

BOSTON, April 18.—The meeting of the Building Trades council to definitely settle the question of a strike or not strike should become general, was held with closed doors, and nothing is given out as to the proceedings. It seems pretty certain, however, that the Building Trades will not strike.

The carpenters and bricklayers refuse to strike and the stonemason have decided to return to work today.

Forty bricklayers employed by C. J. Peters & Co. have struck because the firm insisted that the men should handle certain plates from the Riverside Press, whose men are on a strike.

It is estimated that there are now 1,500 carpenters, bricklayers and other workmen out of employment in the city by reason of the lockout of union carpenters declared by the builders. The men say that non-union men cannot be obtained and they propose to stand firm.

THE BASEBALL FIELD.

The Season Opened by the American Association.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The American association baseball season opened Thursday. The weather at all points except St. Louis, where the game was postponed on account of rain, was pleasant and the games were attended by fair sized crowds. Following are the results:

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	8
Syracuse	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Batteries: Ballo and Bowes, Casey and Briggs.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	1	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	1	9
Rochester	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3

Batteries: Mcallaster and Robinson, Callahan and McGuire.

At Columbus—

Toledo	0	0	3	0	0	2	1	1	1	8
Columbus	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	5

Batteries: Healy and Sage, Gastright and O'Connor.

Exhibition Games.

At New York—New York (N. L.), 18; Jersey City, 1. Philadelphia Professionals, 0; New York (P. L.), 10.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn (N. L.), 13; Newark, 6. Brooklyn (P. L.), 17; Crescents, 2.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 7; Rochester, 2.

At Washington—Washington, 2; Philadelphia (N. L.), 8. Called—Rain.

At Buffalo—Buffalo (P. L.), 19; Niagara University, 9.

At Hartford—Boston (N. L.), 11; Hartford, 2.

At New Haven—New Haven, 15; Hamilton, 10.

Pitcher Ferson, of the Buffalo Players league team is reported seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Francis Wilson's Flying Trip.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—Francis Wilson's "Golden Ladder" company made a visit to New York yesterday by special train over the Pennsylvania railroad and gave a matinee performance of that opera in Palmer's theatre, and in the evening gave a regular evening performance in the Broad Street theatre. The fact that Wilson's is the only theatrical company playing Gilbert & Sullivan's work awakened great interest in New York, and a crowded house greeted it with unusual enthusiasm. The popular comedian was called upon to speak. Much, at the close of the performance Thirtieth street was densely packed with people, and as Wilson left the stage door he was heartily cheered. It will be a long story before the return trip was made in one hour and fifty-seven minutes.

On His Trail for Twenty-five Years.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 18.—Samuel Jeffries, a wealthy citizen of Gaffney, has been on the trail of Whites, the alleged murderer of Dr. Alexander White in Union county twenty-five years ago. White was to have testified against Jeffries, who was on trial at that time for murder, but the latter was acquitted. He was suspected of White's murder, and White's son has been working up the case against Jeffries ever since. One Maddin made a death-bed statement some years ago that Jeffries murdered White, but until now the evidence has not been deemed sufficient to warrant the arrest.

Murray Backed Down.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The County Democracy committee appointed to investigate the accusations made by Police Justice Murray against Maurice Power and other leaders of the organization had a meeting last night. Murray was invited to make charges, but he had no definite ones to make. His accusations had consisted merely of publicly stating matters of current belief. Power was present and his action was unfounded. The committee then held a secret session and adjourned. It is thought the matter will now be dropped.

Dr. Mary Walker's Illness.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Dr. Mary Walker was down suffering for some time past from injuries received by a fall on May 26 last, will never recover the use of her limbs. She is confined to her bed. Besides the injury to her limb the doctor is suffering from rheumatism. She has about given up all hopes of ever being able to resume the active life she has been accustomed to lead.

A Railroad Station Burned.

EXETER, N. H., April 18.—The Boston and Maine passenger station burned last night. Loss, $25,000.

IN SHERMAN'S HONOR.

A Notable Gathering at the Union League Club.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The reception tendered to Gen. W. T. Sherman last night at the Union League club was one of the most notable events of the kind in recent years in respect to the prominence of the men participating. The affair was in honor of Gen. Sherman's recent attainment to his seventieth year. The committee of arrangements selected the names of the 600 persons to be invited. The entertainment was under the direction of Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, president of the club, and a reception committee of sixty-seven members, of which Gen. Horace Porter was chairman. President Harrison sent a letter expressing regret that inoperative official duties prevented his attendance. Ex-President Cleveland also sent regrets.

Vice President Morton came from Washington to be present, together with Secretaries Proctor, Rusk and Noble. Among others invited, most of whom were present, were the justices of the United States supreme court, the circuit and district United States court judges, the justices of the court of appeals and supreme courts of New York, Senators Hawley, Manderson, Dolph, Squire, Aldrich and Frye, Governor Governeur Gravesnor, D. B. Henderson, Vandervoer and Spinola, Gens Schofield, Howard, Greely, Whipple, Casey, Poe, Butterfield, Upton, Batchelder and Newton, Col. Finley Anderson, many members of the New York legislature, Gen. Sickles, Admiral Braine, Admiral Rodgers, Judge Benedict, Gen. Porter, Gen. Fitzhugh, Rev. Dr. Preston, Rabbi Gotthall, Rev. Mackay Smith, Talmage and Crosby, Mayor Grant and Chapin, Mr. Andrew Carnegie, Mr. Phillips, ex-Register Gracen, Col. McMichael, Augustus Daly, A. M. Palmer, Joseph Jefferson, Minister Romero, A. J. Drexel, W. C. Whitney, and Profs. Dwight of Yale college, Seeley of Hamilton and many others. Refreshments followed the reception, and interesting speeches were made by Gen. Sherman, Mr. Depew and others.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The death of John Barnett, the well known musical composer, is announced. He was 88 years ago.

Richard H. Mather, professor of Greek in Amherst college, has died of cancer, at the age of 55 years.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of E. C. Lower, of Intercourse, Pa., a prominent clergyman of the United Brethren church, for forgery.

John P. O'Sullivan, of Boston, was elected president of the Bank of the State of New York; secretary, and William Van den Eider, of New York, treasurer of the Sailors' and Firemen's union.

Ex-President Hayes and daughter have sailed for Bermuda.

The counterfeiter arrested at New Britain, Conn., has been identified as Clarence Waters, of Winsted, son of an Advent preacher.

The Massachusetts house has rejected by a vote of 117 to 49 the bill to grant municipal suffrage to women.

It is said that Dr. Lyman Abbott is about to resign the pastorate of Plymouth church, Brooklyn.

At Mount McGregor, Ia., Jay J. Grinnell shot and fatally wounded George Cornell. The latter had been intimate with Grinnell's wife.

William Thorne committed suicide at the capitol in Albany, N. Y., by jumping from the third story to the tiled floor of the area.

The committee appointed to investigate the charges against Rev. Dr. Ryland, pastor of St. Mark's Episcopal church, New York, found nothing against his character.

Planted a Hundred Years Ago.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 18.—Four thousand persons assembled on the famous New Haven green Thursday to take part in a unique celebration. Two hundred years ago Thaddeus Beecher brought a sapling elm tree from Hamden, and planted it on the green. It has thrived, and is a giant now. An iron fence surrounds it and it is shown to visitors as one of the sights of the town. It was decorated with flags and bunting. An inscription attached to the trunk relates the historical fact connected with it. The exercis s were conducted by Edward C. Beecher, a lineal descendant of Thaddeus Beecher, who planted the tree. Rev. Edward E. Beecher, last but not by making a touch, but faithful, sketch of New Haven in early days.

At Odds Over the Silver Question.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The house and senate Republican caucus committees are hopelessly apart on the redemption clause of the silver coinage bills drafted. The house conferees have so reported to the house committee, which has decided to adhere to the position of Windom bill. The matter will be referred to the house Republican caucus, which will probably meet next Monday night. The indications are that the caucus will accept the house committee bill and that it will pass the house. Meanwhile the senate will probably pass its bill and the matter will be turned over to a conference committee to adjust the differences between the houses.

Nine Cases of Smallpox.

BOSTON, April 18.—Nine cases of smallpox have been discovered on the bark Sarah from Fayal, which was yesterday detained at Quarantine. Eight cabin passengers, who are vaccinated, will probably be released in a day or two, while the 150 steerage passengers will be detained for a week. One patient is critically ill.

Philanthropist Shirtsvant Dead.

BOSTON, April 18.—Benjamin F. Shirtsvant, widely known as an inventor and as a manufacturer of boots and shoes, died April 17 of apoplexy, at the age of 57 years. He was a munificent philanthropist, his gifts to various charitable institutions amounting to $1,000,000. He was Prohibition candidate for lieutenant governor last year.

Jumper Sherman Breaks His Record.

NEW HAVEN, April 18.—In the running high jump at the New Haven Athletic club games last night Thomas G. Sherman, Yale's well known jumper, increased his record by two and a half inches, making a jump of 5 feet 10¾ inches.

The Ranger Ordered in Readiness.

VALLEJO, Cal., April 18.—Orders have just been received at the Mare Island navy yard to fit out the United States steamship Ranger now undergoing repairs at that place. It is supposed that she will be sent to the Behring sea.

An Escaping Convict Shot Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—Charles Weber, a convict in the penitentiary at Folsom, attempted to escape by swimming the American river, but was shot dead. The sand is misstream. Fifteen shots were fired at him.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be partly cloudy, with slight thermal changes, preceded by rain.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which for style, quality and prices I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

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SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

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OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasse.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Prime.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. B. Smalley's, Dear at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

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REAL ESTATE

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DON'T FORGET

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Kline's Extracts.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL

Some of the Committee's Proposed Appropriations.

THE TOTAL EXCEEDS $25,000,000.

The Amounts Contemplated for Improvements in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and Many Other States.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The river and harbor appropriation bill has been completed by the river and harbor committee. Among the appropriations carried by the bill are the following: Completing improvements in New York harbor, $100,000; improving channel between Staten Island and New Jersey shore, $125,000; Flushing bay harbor, $20,000; improving channel at Newtown bay, N. Y. (continuing improvement by deepening to 21 feet mean low water and widening the channel to 400 feet on the northerly side from the foot of Pearl street to opposite the entrance to the Erie basin), $60,000; Little Sodus bay harbor, N. Y., $15,000; Great Sodus bay harbor, $10,000; Flushing bay harbor, $40,000; Sangerties harbor, $10,000; Glen Cove harbor, $15,000; Buffalo harbor, $200,000.

To Improve Philadelphia Harbor.

Improving Philadelphia harbor by removing parts of Smith's Island, Windmill Island and Petty's Island, $300,000; Ohio river, $50,000; construction of the Illinois and Mississippi canal to connect the Illinois river at a point near the town of Hennepin with the Mississippi river at the mouth of Rock river, together with branch canal from Rock river to Geneseo, $500,000; Rondout harbor, $125,000; Lyna harbor, $15,000; Newburyport harbor, $25,000; Gloucester harbor, $15,000; New Bedford harbor, $40,000; Vineyard Haven harbor, $10,000; Sandy Bay, Cape Ann, $150,000; Salem harbor, $10,000; Rock island harbor, $15,000; Newport harbor, $125,000.

Some Connecticut Appropriations.

Bridgeport harbor, $20,000; breakwater at New Haven, $100,000; New Haven harbor, $15,000; Stonington harbor, $15,000; breakwater at Rowan's Point, N. Y., $15,000; Charlotte harbor, N. Y., $25,000; Dunkirk harbor, N. Y., $30,000; Ogdensburg harbor, $40,000; Oswego harbor, $30,000; Genesee river and Niagara river, $75,000; Port Jefferson inlet, N. Y., $25,000; Plattsburg harbor, N. Y., $20,000; Salmon River harbor, Lake Ontario, $10,000; Barnes bay harbor, N. J., $35,000; Erie harbor, Pa., $60,000; Delaware breakwater, $60,000; Wilmington harbor, Del., $30,000; Baltimore harbor, Md., $200,000; Fairport harbor, O., $30,000; Huron harbor, O., $75,000; Sandusky harbor, O., $45,000; Toledo harbor, O., $225,000.

Bridges for Harlem River.

Pontochet river, R. I., $20,000; Providence river and Narragansett bay, R. I., $30,000; Niwen Jacket shoal, R. I., $12,000; Stonington harbor, Conn., $16,000; Connecticut river below Hartford, Conn., $12,500; Hudson river, N. Y., $150,000; Newtown creek and bay, $25,000; East river and Hell Gate, N. Y., $200,000; Harlem river, $350,000. (The secretary of war is directed to cause the low bridges over the Harlem to be removed by higher bridges). Passaic river, N. Y., $15,000; Wappinger's creek, N. Y., $13,000; Brown's creek, L. I., $12,000; Passaic river below Newark, N. J., $40,000; Raritan river, $50,000; Shrewsbury river, N. J., $10,000; Allegheny river, Pa., $20,000; Schuylkill river, Pa., $25,000; Delaware river from Trenton to Plymouth, $250,000; for dam at Kerr's Island, near Pittsburg, Pa., $35,000; Ohio river, construction of movable dam near mouth of Beaver river, Pa., $500,000; Potomac river at Washington, $200,000; Little Kanawha river, W. Va., $50,000; Big Sandy river, W. Va. and Ky., $61,000; Great Kanawha river, W. Va., $250,000; Falls of Ohio river, $60,000; Indiana chute fall, Ohio river, $15,000; Rough river, Ky., $25,000.

Between $23,000,000 and $25,000,000.

The bill carried an appropriation of between $23,000,000 and $25,000,000, of which the Mississippi gets a large portion. The bill provides that authority to build bridges shall hereafter be given by the secretary of war. Under the present law congress has the power.

A CHINAMAN'S WOES.

He Can Neither Enter the United States Nor Return to Canada.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., April 18.—Three Chinamen, two of whom had attempted to cross the frontier with Mun Lee two weeks since, the other a stranger, presented themselves for admission to Canada, having been hustled over to this side by United States officers. The two belonging to Mun Lee's party were allowed to enter, having Canadian customs certificates in their possession. The stranger not having the necessary document and only $10 to pay the Canadian tax of $50 was denied entry, pending time given to his companions and was sent back to the American side and there stopped and the gates of the bridge closed on him. The only place for the Chinaman was to remain on the bridge where he has been since, and is likely to remain for some time. Collector of Customs Flynn communicated with commissioner of customs at Ottawa for instructions. The commissioner replied to have him sent back from whence he came.

Further communication has been sent and no doubt the matter will be brought before the Washington authorities. Mean while the Celestial remains on the bridge. His name is Lem Sing and he hails home in Toronto. The other two left for parts unknown shortly after they were admitted to Canada.

The Irish League in Convention.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—The executive committee of the Irish National League of America is in session in this city. Delegates are present from nearly every state in the Union. It is understood that the committee will decide that no national convention is necessary. John F. Hutton, national secretary, said: "The condition of Irish affairs is so peaceful at present that I do not believe Mr. Parnell comes on to hold a convention. Further money is needed to aid the evicted tenants and no munitions of war are necessary. I do not think a convention will be held this year." The delegates will be given a reception and banquet this evening, and speeches will be made by Mayor Noonan, President Fitzgerald, of the League, and others.

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	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	30c.	$3.60
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Franklin Bread Corn	10	1.15
Standard Extra Sweet Corn	15	1.70
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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MR. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violin. 15 years a student. Special care given to beginners, time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 256. 4-5-1y

MADAME C. de HELLWIG,

a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Emperor Alexander II. to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German language, at their residence. For further information address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street.

7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTESON,

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WILLIAM G. E. SEE,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Exchange street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1yr

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

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CLARK & REED,

Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors and Master in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

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F. A. DUBRAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR T. HEALD,

Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 23 and 25. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-worst, Liver-worst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Munster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Sand and Limburger Cheese.

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Telephone Call 6.

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Children's Reefers	$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped	$1.50, $2.25	2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats	$1.50, 89,	2.50
A full line of Ladies' long and short Cashmere Cloaks	$1.50 to	9.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular		.15
Children's " " " "		.15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves		25c
6-Button Kid Gloves	49, 69,	75c

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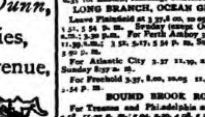

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That a comparison with the prices of other houses will conclusively demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

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How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! 'Tis the best bargain we have offered in some time —a few cups more and 'twill all be sold.

* * *

Do you want mattins? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

* * *

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

* * *

House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a tooth-pick to a dinner set you will find it here. We sell shades complete at 35c. Curtain poles complete at 35c.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street Time-tables in effect April 1st 1890

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.05, 5.48, 6.30, 6.50, 7.07, 7.46, 7.50, 8.15, 8.37, 8.56, 9.20, 10.05, 11.05, 11.35 a. m., 12.05, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.05, 3.30, 3.45, 4.07, 4.30, 5.00, 5.20, 5.40, 6.00, 6.20, 6.40, 7.00, 7.25, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.10, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 3.27, 5.05, 5.48, 6.30, 7.07, 7.46, 8.37, 9.20, 10.05, 11.05, 11.35 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.45, 4.30, 5.20, 6.20, 7.25, 8.30, 9.00, 10.10, 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.30, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m., 12.01, night. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m., 12.01, night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 6.25, 6.40, 7.20, 8.00, 8.20, 8.50, 10.05, 11.05, 11.35 a. m., 12.05, 1.10, 2.10, 3.10, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m. Sunday, 5.40, 6.25, 7.20, 8.00, 8.50, 10.05, 11.05, 11.35 a. m., 12.05, 1.10, 2.10, 3.10, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 8.45, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m., 12.01, night. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m., 12.01, night.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 8.05, 9.25, 11.30, 8.30, 1.30, 3.45, 4.36, 5.30, 6.36, 8.36, 7.05, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.25, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 5.30, 6.36, 8.36, 9.30, 11.00 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.10, 8.15, 10.15, 12.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.45, 5.45, 7.15, 9.35, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 10.15, 12.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.45, 5.45, 7.15, 9.35, 11.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.27, 9.27 a. m., 2.05, 4.36, 7.05, 9.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.27, 9.27 a. m., 4.36, 7.05, 9.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 8.05, 9.25, 11.30, 8.30, 1.30, 3.45, 4.36, 5.30, 6.36, 8.36, 7.05, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.25, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 5.30, 6.36, 8.36, 9.30, 11.00 p. m.

Leave Lake Hopatcong at 6.10, 8.15, 10.15, 12.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.45, 5.45, 7.15, 9.35, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.15, 10.15, 12.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.45, 5.45, 7.15, 9.35, 11.45 p. m.

Passengers for Hopatcong change cars at Dover.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.27, 9.27 a. m., 2.05, 4.36, 7.05, 9.45 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Portland, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Sunbury, Northumberland, Lewisburg, Milton, Watsontown, Danville, Bloomsburg, Berwick, Catawissa, Tunkhannock, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware, Lambertville, New Hope, Penn Valley, Doylestown, Quakertown, Bridgeport, Norristown, Manayunk, Conshohocken, Ivy Rock, Spring Mill, Conshohocken, Port Kennedy

THE SEASONS.

Sweet childhood! what a dream it is,
Unreal as that of night!
A little May of blossomy bliss
With warmth and sunshine bright!
No doubt to chill its budding faith!
No past to cloud the soul!
A lustrous, silvery, noonside wraith,
With heaven its starry goal!

Bold youth! Ah, tender are the chords
Its lakyon harp sends forth!
Ambition teaming thought affords
Weird as the frost clad earth!
And love with wild ecstatic flame
Leaps high in rapturous joy!
Gorgeous the shining mines of fame,
All gold without alloy!

Ripe manhood! Real the war of life,
No ideal visions now,
But fiery passions, wrestling, rife!
Hard wrought the toil bound brow!
Laurels lie not in every path!
Bread is the priceless boon!
Triumph the mocking aftermath
That seldom comes too soon!

And age! Old age is in the air!
The golden lights burn low!
Distant the fields that once were fair!
Yonder the wild flowers blow!
Sail on, O, soul! a rosseate morn
Awaits thine opening eyes,
When waking amid scenes new born
Beyond the cloudless skies!
—Washington Star.

AT A MASQUERADE.

A Lovely Woman Meets a Former Suitor in the Guise of a Monster.

It was in a town not a thousand miles from Boston that there were recently given a couple of masqued parties at private houses. As the second of these the hostess of the first party invited herself talking very freely with a mask in whom she supposed herself to recognize a gentleman who had come to the town just after her own entertainment. Simply out of curiosity during a conversation, and of throwing the gentleman off the scent of her own identity, she asked:

"Were you at Mrs. Blank's masqued party?"

"No," he answered; "I was not honored with an invitation."

"Were you here at the time?" she asked.

"Yes," he answered; "but Mrs. Blank does not like me."

Consternation seized upon Mrs. Blank, but she instantly determined not to betray herself.

"Doesn't she?" she returned, carelessly. "Probably that is one of the things which you imagine. Some people are always supposing that others do not like them, you know."

Her compassion seemed a trifle annoyed.

"I am not one of that sort," he retorted, rather brusquely. "Besides, she has intimated to me that she did not like me."

"Is it fair to ask how?" Mrs. Blank asked, extremely puzzled in regard to the identity of her interlocutor.

"Why, I should not mind telling you if I were sure that you wouldn't repeat it."

"Oh, I never betray a confidence," the lady said, eagerly.

The gentleman leaned over until his face touched the mask next to hers.

"I asked her to marry me once."

Mrs. Blank was more startled than ever. The train of her old suitors, and in her day she had not a few, came up before her mind at vision; and she wondered which one of them chance had brought to her side to-night, but in vain.

"But," she said, slowly, "because a lady refused you it need not follow that she disliked you. I am sure a woman is not to be supposed to dislike every man she does not wish to marry. That would be a most absurd assumption."

"To be sure it would," he assented cheerfully; "but in this particular case she did not refuse me."

"Did not refuse you?" echoed Mrs. Blank in astonishment. "She certainly did not accept you?"

"That is precisely what she did do."

"It is not"—Mrs. Blank began; and then, considering that if she said true it would be shocking unwomanly, spite of Mrs. Blank's affairs than was compatible with pretending to be another person, she changed her sentence, and said, "irrefutable that she should accept you and then marry another man."

"She didn't, Kate," her husband said in his own voice, "she married me."

"You!" she cried.

"Yes, my dear," Tom answered; "you told me at our party that I couldn't fool you."

"You are a wretch and a monster," she declared, "and I will never forgive you."

But she did, and told the joke at her own expense before the evening was over.—Boston Courier.

Atlantic City's Girls' Club.

Atlantic City has what it is pleased to call an Ocean club of thirty-five members, all young and pretty Philadelphia girls. These young ladies, all of them wealthy and of high social standing, assemble early in the morning, each arrayed in a close fitting costume, almost identical with a riding habit, with a corsage bouquet of pretty jack roses fastened with care over their left shoulders, and a short cane in their right hand, and start down the beach together at a brisk pace. They inhale long draughts of ozone by way of their dainty nostrils and exhale it slowly through their pretty mouths.—Philadelphia Press.

Pure Air for Baby.

A baby needs four things to make it thrive: Pure air, proper food, cleanliness and warmth.

In summer there is always to be a window open in pleasant weather in the room where baby is. When it is cold or damp a window can be opened in the hall, or an adjoining room, with a door between. A screen can be placed so as to shut off the draught. A child accustomed from its birth to fresh air will not readily take cold, while one kept in a hot, impure atmosphere is predisposed to catch cold upon the slightest accidental exposure.—Ladies' Home Journal.

A wonderful pin to be stuck in an evening bodice is the fac simile of a hand mirror. The glass part is formed of that very unusual stone a flat diamond. It is framed in tiny diamonds, and the handle is of diamonds a little larger. So clear is the large one that forms the glass that one could, with perfect success, put a miniature photograph under it, and it would be exactly as if a face were represented.

The female students have finally conquered in their "alma mater" of Basle, which, alone among the Swiss universities, has hitherto kept its doors shut against their admission. A formal decree now allows them to matriculate regularly, but only by way of experiment, and it is stipulated that if the experiment does not work well the portals of the university will again be closed on them.

Miss Julia Schreiner, the new beauty of New York fashionable society, is a niece of the late William Cullen Bryant. Her father was a German merchant in New York, but he has spent most of her life in Paris. She is an accomplished young woman, who paints well, sings well, embroiders well, and speaks several modern languages. She is six feet tall and beautifully proportioned.

English women apothecaries are called "dispensers" when they serve in hospitals.

THE JUBILEE OF LOVE.

A NOVEL CELEBRATION TO BEGIN MAY 1 AT THE CITY OF FLORENCE.

It Will Commemorate the Unhappy Attachment of Dante and Beatrice, and Will Be Replete with Features of an Extremely Interesting Character.

"May God take me to himself, after I have written of Beatrice such things as were never yet written of woman."

His centuries ago this year Dante uttered that passionate cry of love and anguish. He was then at the beginning of his wonderful career, in the flower of his young manhood, a noble of Florence, the author of "Vita Nuova," the favorite of the people. Yet all seemed dust and ashes, and he asked for death —death that should follow quickly upon the completion of the last task that devotion and genius could perform in honor of the hopeless loved one untimely called from earth.

DANTE.

Beatrice was dead.

In that brief sentence is sounded the key note of the great Florentine's anguish and wretchedness. Portinari had been the love of his youth and the star of his adoration during manhood's earlier years. She was a star indeed to the gifted Italian, for he worshiped her afar, and she became the wife of another. This he could endure, but in the sudden announcement of her demise lay torture. No more might the gallant but respectful admirer view from a distance the queenly form of his ideal woman as she sought the solace of priestly counsel in the vast and superb cathedral of Santa Maria del Fiore, or strayed in meditative mood along the wooded banks of the broad and placid Arno. Yet solace came with sorrow. Before his distracted mental gaze there rose the vision, white and pure and beautiful, of her to whom he had rendered homage. Freed from earthly dross and human weakness, she seemed to beckon her to the lofty heights of endeavor and endurance, and from that vision rose the aspiration so gloriously to be fulfilled.

Dante did write of Beatrice "such things as were never yet written of woman." The pur-

BEATRICE.

pose abode with him through decades of exile, of persecution, of wanderings, and from the glorious pinnacle of achievement he was enabled to look down upon a world that hailed him master of love's loftiest imagery and language. Dante himself and he wore the scars of conflict, and of him in his old age it is sung:

No dream his life was, but a fight;
Could any Beatrice prize
A lover in that anchorite?
To that cold Ghibeline's gloomy sight
Who could have granted the visions came
Of beauty, veiled with heavenly light,
In circles of eternal flame?

A banished man, without a country, Dante died in 1321 at Ravenna, and on the monument above his grave was placed an inscription written by himself:

The right of Monarchy, the Heavens, the stream of Fire, these,
In vision seen, I sang as far as to the Fates seemed fit;
But since my soul, an alien here, hath flown to nobler wars,
And higher now, hath gone to seek its Maker 'mid the stars,
Here am I, Dante, shut, exiled from the ancestral shore,
Whom Florence, the of all least loving mother, bore.

Now, precisely six centuries after the culmination of Dante's private woe and the beginning of his public greatness, the city of his birth, that cast him out when alive, vainly begged his ashes through the pope

THE CAMPANILE.

succeeding from Ravenna, is engaged in preparing for a novel commemoration of her great poet's unfortunate attachment. Modern times have seen nothing like the coming celebration.

It is called a love jubilee, and will be an animated page from the chronicles of Boccaccio and the bright legends of the troubadours.

Imagine the gay City of Flowers, divided by the Arno and shadowed by the Apennines, given over to the joyous abandon of the moment; her stately dames and dark eyed maidens in the costumes of the days of the Medici, escorted by gallants in trunk hose with dagger in belt and sword at side; a court of love sitting at the Politeamo; nightly tableaux vivants reproducing the principal scenes of the "Vita Nuova," and in the Uffizi palace an exhibition of the great works of the world's greatest women. It may indeed be called "a grand demonstration in honor of the tender passion."

The "court of love" will be modeled on the plan which obtained when good King Rene reigned in Provence and the troubadours flourished beneath his gentle rule. Ladies, noted for both beauty and intellect, will sit in judgment on the literary productions of those who record in prose or verse their praises of honorable affection—love, friendship and chivalry. To those whose efforts are deemed the most worthy, floral crowns and the honor of the first choosing partners for the closing ball and banquet will be accorded.

The tableaux vivants are to be on a scale worthy the theme, the time and the city. Mediæval chronicles have been ransacked for the purpose of securing absolute accuracy in the matters of costuming, scenery and surroundings. In the production of women's work the choicest gems that Europe can furnish are to be included.

Altogether it will be a great and notable event, but if, in the mysterious beyond, it is permitted to retain some measure of earthly feeling, the united spirits of Dante and Beatrice must look down upon the fair valley and fairer town with something of cynicism and reproach.

There, as of yore, towers the Campanile, and humbly near its base still spreads the flat gravestone on which the great poet rested in the time now so gray and old and gone to watch the woman he loved sweep by with her sisters from the cathedral floor. There laughs the Arno in its eternal youth of strength and power, and there swarm the people gay and laughing and impatuous as ever for off occasions, who sit the dusk hailed Dante friend and at the dawn thrust him from the gate. Viewing thus the panorama of the present, and recalling the record of the centuries that lay between his days and suffered, the immortal dead can afford to pass all things by with a smile tolerant yet protesting, for their fate was only that of all who would Florence illustrious, and the persecuted them, in the grave she honored them as little less than gods.

FRED C. DAYTON.

CINCINNATI Y. M. C. A.

New Building to Be Erected This Summer at a Cost of $100,000.

The plans for the new Y. M. C. A. building of the Cincinnati association have been completed by the architect, and as soon as the specifications are drawn contracts will be let. The present quarters are at Sixth and Race streets, but this property will be sold. The new building will stand on the northwest corner of Seventh and Walnut streets, two squares from the present location. The social dwelling houses that occupied the site have been removed to make way for the new structure, which will front 99 feet on Walnut street and 175 feet on the line of Seventh. Its cost will be $100,000, of which $70,000 has already been pledged. It is expected that all the money required from the sale of the present property and additional subscriptions in sight, the association will move into the new building free of debt. In the accomplishment of this improvement in life the association is mainly indebted to the energetic work of Secretary George T. Hoover, who went to Cincinnati five years ago from Chicago, where he is also well known for activity in Y. M. C. A. labors.

The new building will be built of stone and pressed brick, with dressed stone finish. The entrance is from Walnut street in 15 feet wide and leads by granite steps to the main floor, upon which is the secretary's room, an assembly hall, 45x87 feet, seating accommodation for 500 in the auditorium and 250 in the gallery; a lecture room, 25x33 feet; a reception hall, 16x28 feet, and association offices, toilet rooms, etc., etc. The second floor, from which entrance is had to the gallery of the assembly hall, contains members' parlors, general hall, recreation rooms, and a reading room with accommodations for a library of 5,000 volumes. The third floor contains the ladies' parlor, six class rooms, a hall for the literary society of the association, and a promenade corridor 16 feet

THE Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

wide by 30 long. On the fourth floor are additional class rooms, committee and other office rooms, a students' room and the Camera club quarters.

The last named is an entirely new feature in Y. M. C. A. building, and the Cincinnati association is the first in the country to provide a special department for amateur photographers. Three rooms, each 16x24 feet, have been assigned to the Camera club. They are on the north side of the building, and provided with a large gallery skylights. Each room will have a complete dark room attached, and there are in all twenty-six feet of light space for finishing pictures. Every facility and encouragement will be extended to the great army of amateurs, whom the inauguration of this novel feature will attract. Above this floor, in the attic, are the laundry rooms and janitor's quarters.

Below the main floor is the mezzanine or half floor, containing the locker boxes for the members who use the gymnasium. There are 1,000 of these boxes. On this floor, also, is the visitors' gallery of the gymnasium and the bicycle storage room, with sixty stalls for the rolling steeds. The entrance to this department is directly from Seventh street, and the quarters are 32x34 feet. Below this is the semi-basement. Here is the gymnasium proper 45 feet 4 inches by 85½ feet long. The ceiling is 22 feet high. This room is to be fitted up with the latest improved and most approved appliances for physical culture, including a running track of thirty laps to the mile. This floor also contains a bowling alley 20 feet long; a lavatory and bathrooms, occupying a space 30x50 feet; a swimming tank, 25x50 feet. The remainder of this basement, 25x30 feet, is devoted to engine and boiler room, elevator machinery, etc.

The general hope of the management of the association is to have the building ready for occupancy by the arrival of cold weather.

GEO. S. MCDOWELL.

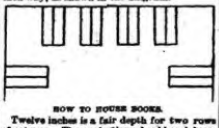
THE LAST OF A GREAT GROUP.

Statesman Gladstone and His Plans for a Perfect Library.

Mr. Gladstone, the noted English statesman, is the last of a group of great men in whose hands for years rested the fate of Europe. Disraeli is dead, Gortschakoff is no more, and Andrassy has also joined the silent majority, while Bismarck has ceased to shape a nation's policy; but the "grand old man,"

MR GLADSTONE IN HIS LIBRARY.

as his admirers love to call him, still remains active, interesting and picturesque. Although over 80 years of age he continues to undertake and accomplish an amount of work which would break down many a younger man. His latest literary offering is an article in The Nineteenth Century on "Books, and the best way of housing them." The shelves, he says, must be fixed; the cases, or at the part of them, should have their sides against the wall; and thus, projecting into the room for a convenient distance, they should be two feet deep needed for a single line of books, and should hold two lines, one facing each way, as shown in the diagram.



HOW TO HOUSE BOOKS.

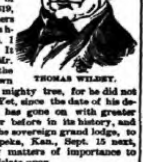
Twelve inches is a fair depth, for two rows of octavos. The projections should each have attached to them an end piece, that is, a shallow and extremely light adhering bookcase, which both increases the accommodation and presents a face of books. The wall spaces between the projections ought also to be turned to account for shallow bookcases so far as they are not occupied by doors.

By the adoption of his plan Mr. Gladstone says a room 40x30, with bookcases nine feet high, will accommodate 30,000 volumes. The portrait of the statesman given herewith shows him as he appears at the present time, seated in his library and enjoying the companionship of his silent friends the books.

The Growth of the Odd Fellows.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows is now over three score and ten years of age. On Jan. 1, 1890, it contained 633,797 members, while Manchester Unity could muster 688,492, making a total of 1,341,279.

Men often build better than they know, and among those whose deeds live after them in grateful memory must be included Thomas Wildey, founder of the order of Odd Fellows in the United States. An Englishman by birth, beemigrated to America in 1804, when 34 years of age. April 26, 1819, he and four others organized Washington lodge No. 1 at Baltimore. It was given to Mr. Wildey to see the seed he had sown spring up into a mighty tree, for he did not die until 1861. Yet, down the date of his decease the order has gone on with greater strides than ever before in its history, and the meeting of the sovereign grand lodge, to take place in Topeka, Kan., in Sept. 15 next, will have many matters of importance to consider and legislate upon.



THOMAS WILDEY.

Manchester Unity, referred to above, is somewhat older than the independent order, that has grown so powerful in the United States since the days of Wildey. At London, in the Eighteenth century, several societies of mechanics and laborers, calling themselves "Ancient and Honorable Loyal Odd Fellows," reorganized as the "Union Order of Odd Fellows." A schism arose in 1813 by reason of attempts to abolish the convivial feature of the meetings, and then was formed the widely influential body now known as Manchester Unity.

But it is to America that most foreign lands look for charters and authority, and the organizations now existing in Germany, Switzerland, Australia, South America and the Hawaiian Islands acknowledge the supremacy of the Grand lodge of the United States.

A Demand for Female Tribunals.

Cross saddle riding already has a rival in a new agitation for the extension of woman's liberty in an entirely different direction. A county court judge recently decided "that the fact of three lady's tailor made dresses being an inch or so uneven in the seams was a matter of no consequence," and that $2 was a sufficient allowance for alterations. Now there is a demand for female tribunals before which disputes of this nature may be settled intelligently and satisfactorily.

Dueling in Germany.

The German emperor has taken a hand at the regulation of dueling in the army. Hereafter, before swords are drawn, the offender and the offended must get the sanction of two colonels. In all save extreme cases the father of a family will not be allowed to fight. Practically dueling will be permitted only where personal violence, without subsequent apology, is proved, or in case of an insult offered to a lady.

The Voracious Black Bass.

The project of introducing the American black bass into British waters is again being discussed. The case for it seems to be what the English papers term the "Yankee voracity" of the bass, who, on taking up new quarters, at once proceeds to exterminate the older residents and make the stream wholly his own.

The largest fortune ever accumulated in one of the learned professions is said to be that of Sir William Gull, the noted English physician who died recently. Sir William left behind him £354,000, and the entire sum was earned in the active practice of medicine

$1.40!

Is Edsall's Special Low Price on the Standard Quality Moquett Carpets.

The same quality as is sold in New York at $1.50.

The reason we sell it so LOW is to advertise our Immense stock of Body Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain.

We are preparing for a Grand Special "BLOW-OUT" in Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Curtains, and all kinds of Window Furnishings.

Look out for the announcement, and in the mean time remember that all our departments are full to overflowing and bargain seekers can find genuine bargains at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

PATENT LEATHERS.

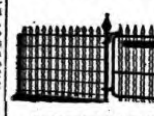
THE FASHION JOURNALS, MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS, FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY, REPORT THAT PATENT LEATHER SHOES ARE THE PROPER THING FOR STREET WEAR (AS WELL AS DRESS.) THE FINEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA CAN BE SEEN AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.



THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL

Spring and Summer Opening

of

Imported and Domestic Millinery

will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 35c per yard.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None.

[36 AND 38 SOMERSET STREET.

When You Are Sick

we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacist Only.

When You Are Well

you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, hair tonics, toilet articles, bath sponges, chamois, shaving brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.

L. W. Randolph's

City Pharmacy,

32 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA, and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W. RICE & Co.,

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 253.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly to all parts of the city free of charge.

MUSIC HALL FURNITURE STORE

1890. POWLISON & JONES. 1891.

34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is your economy to buy the cheap, cheekly goods sold by most dealers this season. We buy the very best solid leather goods at low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have just received assortments for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best goods for Gentlemen's, Ladies', Misses and Children's wear.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally.

Indies Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 32 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, slate and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors, Nat 1888.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue W. S. SLATER Manager

FEARLESS DOES ALWAYS

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, APRIL 19 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS

JOTTINGS.

—The long talked of militia company of Plainfield, does not materialize.—Somerset Democrat.

—As usual, Plainfield is bragging of its ball team. It has two home players.—Somerset Democrat.

—The original Acmes of New York and the Crescents of this city are contesting in a series of base ball this afternoon.

—The Rice-Shotwell case which was to have come up for trial in the Somerset county court on Monday, has been put off for the term.

—The Home Building and Loan Association will hold its annual meeting Monday evening next, at which time officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

—Here's comfort for the victims of grip. Medical experts predict a scourge of cholera next Summer, but say that those who have had the grip will not be liable to an attack of cholera.

—Edsall's great special sale of curtain poles, window shades and all kinds of window furnishings is announced in another column to begin next Monday. He says this will be a splendid opportunity to buy these goods at greatly reduced prices.

—The entire nine of the Young Stars toll us to-day a body that they defeated the Young Moonlights this morning on the Fifth street grounds, by a score of 13 to 8. This is very important—at least to the Stars. They ask us to give their batteries, but we prefer not to give them away entirely.

—There were 166 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 177 in the preceding week and 201, 181, 157, and 175 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 3,851, against 4,084 in 1889.

—Mr. D. L. Moody says of the Hastings lecture on the inspiration of the Bible "I would walk ten miles to hear it." This lecture which has been published in German, French, Swedish, Danish, Spanish, Portugese, Bohemian, Hindostan, Hindoo, etc., will be delivered in the lecture room of the Crescent avenue church Tuesday next, April 22d, at 8 o'clock. Admission free. No collection.

—How can a man say a woman has nothing to do? In one year she gets dinner 365 times, washes the dishes 1095 times, gets the children ready for school twice a day for 180 days, goes back to sleep 1460 times, makes the smart 730 calls, and as she wishes for something she hasn't every minute, she wishes 60 things an hour, or 4380 things in a year. Who says a woman has nothing to do?

—Mr. F. A. Dunham, who has charge of the work of making the county roads, is desirous that Plainfielders shall have some of the contracts and hopes they will avail themselves of the opportunity, and made proposals as per advertisement in another column. He will gladly give any information desired at his office on Park avenue. Small or large contracts are at the option of the bidders.

REFUSE TO CHANGE THE ROUTE.

Bostened the Freeholders Refuse to Pave Westfield ave.

The Union County Board of Freeholders held a prolonged session yesterday over the question of changing the line of the county road from Elizabeth to Westfield via Jersey avenue, and substituting the Westfield avenue route. The Mayor and City Council of Elizabeth and many prominent property owners petitioned the Board to make the change in favor of Westfield avenue, but after some hours spent in executive session the Board decided to make no change. A resolution was passed to pave Westfield avenue from North Fifth street, through the city of Elizabeth, to Bayway, where it can connect with the other or Jersey street route, thus giving a continuous road to Dunellen.

The Westfield avenue branch will not be constructed until the other county roads are completed. Then, if sufficient money is left to pave Westfield avenue, which is doubtful, it will be done.

While this arrangement is not exactly what the petitioners wanted, they think they will have to be satisfied. Four members of the Board voted against this conclusion.

A committee of the Board was appointed to see if money enough could be raised by taxation to have Westfield avenue paved at an early date.

A SERVANT'S CRIME.

Robbed the Family of Her Employer at Cranford.

Maggie Lamont was the name given by a good-looking young Irish girl who was arraigned by Justice Hess at Elizabeth yesterday on a charge of theft. She was found by the officer at a residence where she had recently obtained employment. The complainant is Miss E. Morrison of Cranford, a former employer. Between Maggie with stealing a gentleman's gold watch, a handsome case, and other articles to the value of $26.

The fair prisoner had nothing to say to the charge, but, bursting into tears, inquired how much time it would be to get her release. Justice Hendrickson told her that it would depend upon her punishment, and she was committed to jail for trial.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
1	40	50	45
2	40	50	45
3	40	50	45
4	40	50	45
5	40	50	45
6	40	50	45
7	40	50	45
8	40	50	45
9	40	50	45
10	40	50	45
11	40	50	45
12	40	50	45
13	40	50	45
14	40	50	45
15	40	50	45
16	40	50	45
17	40	50	45
18	40	50	45
19	40	50	45

MR. RICE CHARGES FRAUD.

His Transaction With the Firm of Reiss & Clayton.

A short time ago Reiss & Clayton came to this city from Newark and engaged in the produce business in a store on West Front street opened by Mr. Jacob Vosbl. On Saturday last they visited the grocery store of Messrs. R. W. Rice & Co., and negotiated for the purchase of 200 bushels of potatoes. A price was agreed upon and the firm removed the potatoes. Mr. Rice supposing they had taken them to their store in this city, but instead they shipped them to Newark. They also removed some of their stock. Their actions looked suspicious and Mr. Rice was notified. He went to Newark Wednesday and located the parties, after which he returned to this city and swore out a warrant against Louis Reiss charging him with fraud.

The warrant was placed in the hands of Chief Carey and he went to Newark this morning for the purpose of apprehending the accused.

The firm came to this city and represented themselves as responsible parties. The price agreed upon with Mr. Rice for the potatoes was $131.15 and the money was to have been paid as soon as the firm received the last load. This they failed to do.

CITY COURT NEWS.

Three Prisoners Arraigned for Various Offences.

John Hailstock, alias "Trenton Jack," laboring under the impression that he owned Plainfield yesterday, was attempting to action a portion of Front street, when Policeman McCue arrived on the scene and thoroughly arrested him. This morning Hailstock was arraigned before Judge Codington and received a 30 days sentence.

Policeman McCue yesterday afternoon arrested Fred Clark on a charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct. This morning he was sent to the county jail for 60 days.

Charles McCann was arraigned before City Judge Codington charged with fighting. He pleaded not guilty and he was held in $100 bail for trial on Tuesday morning at ten o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Assessor Joseph A. Hubbard of West Fifth street is confined to his house in this city with erysipelas.

A bonnet party was held last evening at Mr. Leander N. Lovell's, Crescent avenue. There were many present.

Patrick Donahoe was found dead in bed at Somerville yesterday morning. Mr. Donahoe formerly resided in this city.

Mr. George C. Fisher of Denver, Col., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Fisher of West Fifth street.

A party was held at Mr. Richard Pope's home at Dunellen last evening. There was a large number present, from Plainfield, Newark, Dunellen and Bound Brook.

A young son of Mr. E. M. Laing of West Fourth street dislocated his left ankle while playing in North Plainfield Thursday afternoon. Dr. Tomlinson attended him.

A surprise party was tendered to Mr. Lebeus Ayres at his home near this city Thursday evening. Messrs. H. Ayres and W. T. Dorion comprised the Committee of Arrangements.

The Young Ladies' Shakespeare Club of North Plainfield tendered their friends a musicale last evening at the home of Miss Mae Hasbrouck, on East Fifth street. Messrs. F. L. Conde and G. E. Rogers furnished the music.

On Thursday evening last at the parsonage, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, the pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, united in marriage Mr. Frank Hatchner of Arlington avenue and Miss Elida Townley of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. The happy couple left on a wedding tour.

Rutgers College Minstrel.

The amateur minstrel entertainment of the Rutgers College Senior Class occurred last night in the New Brunswick Opera House was a well attended affair.

Ed. Ingols, stage manager for George Thatcher's minstrels, served as interlocutor. Charles Powelson and A. H. Smock, of New Brunswick, and H. E. Runyon, of Plainfield, three of New Jersey's best male voices, were the bones. A. L. Cassidy, of the Staten Island Athletic Club, rendered his inimitable song, "Drill ye Tarriers, Drill!" and gave an exhibition of ventriloquism. Other features of the entertainment were banjo selections by Mr. and Mrs. George Jenkins, of Plainfield, a committee of which Will Hubbard, '90, of Plainfield, is chairman. The proceeds will be used to defray Class Day expenses. Why not repeat the entertainment in Music Hall for the benefit of Children's Home, which is a most deserving charity, or Muhlenberg Hospital, another equally so.

Arbor Day Observed.

Arbor Day exercises were held in all the public schools of this city yesterday. These exercises consisted of recitations and singing appropriate to the day, and were greatly enjoyed by the pupils. At the Bryant, the school was decorated with flowers, and the Rev. Mr. Rodman addressed the children. At the Irving, the members of the First Class planted a tree on the play ground, and it is proposed that each succeeding class do something to beautify the schoolyard. The latter part of the afternoon was devoted to the exercises at the Franklin, while those at the Washington and High were very informal and held in the morning.

—A representative of the Water Works company of this city will, in a few days, canvass the city in the interests of the company.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

FAIR WOMAN'S INFLUENCE MORE THAN THAT OF PARTIZAN'S.

In Securing Public Positions of Honor and Trust.—Working Senators and Congressmen.—Railroad Domination.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16th, 1890.

The people throughout this country who cannot understand why it is that so many Democrats are retained in office under a Republican administration, would understand the situation a great deal better if they were near the Capital. In conversation with one of the ablest and most aggressive Republicans in official life to-day, a gentleman who believes that none but Republicans should be on guard, he said: "Whenever I undertake to remove a Democrat who holds an important position in this department, some Republican Senator or representative from some out of the way place comes up here and endorses the man declaring him to be as good a Republican as any man in the party. I do not know how they accomplish this thing in all instances, but I did trace up one of the cases and found the source of the influences which brought the Republican Senator to me to demand the retention of a Democrat in office. I found that the official who was about to be removed had a very handsome wife. I also found that she frequently went to the Capital and met the Senator in the Ladies' Reception Room and in the Marble room. That official was removed and a Republican was appointed in his place."

The gentleman might have gone a great deal further than that. He, however, is too busy a man to look after details of that nature and can only administer his office upon the broad principles

Plainfield Evening News.

THIS NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $2.60 PER YEAR.

BOOK AND J. TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

The Ohio legislature have passed an important bill in the interests of railroad employes. It provides that twelve hours shall constitute a day's labor. Where a man has worked for twenty-four consecutive hours, this law says he shall not be put to labor again till he has had eight hours' rest. Public safety could hardly demand less.

An Indian has died in California of whom it is said there is documentary evidence that he is 150 years old. Still one would scarcely want to be an Indian, even to live 150 years. But there are enough civilized centenarians living to induce the belief that the average of human life is lengthening, and that rapidly. In short, a century instead of seventy years is now fixed as the limit of the life of the person who obeys the golden rule and takes care of himself. What a lot of fun a man or woman can crowd into a hundred years.

Scores of young English gentlemen have paid $300 to $900 to certain companies in their own land for the privilege of coming to this country and learning "American farming." This means that they are put in with young farmers in the northwest and allowed to work for their board at the hardest, meanest, dirtiest work the farmer can devise. There is hard work enough in this country to be done for anybody's board without his paying a couple of hundred dollars for the privilege. The young men are swindled before they leave England and after, and the scheme ought to be stopped.

John M. Forbes, a Boston merchant, has presented to the United States house of representatives the form of a bill permitting citizens to buy ships abroad, wherever they can find them best and cheapest, and sail them under the United States flag. One of his reasons for desiring such a law he puts as follows: "I ask only for the protection of the flag for my property. I have been driven out of the China trade by iron and steel coming in and driving out my wooden ships. I find the only way I can carry on my trade with China today is buying vessels abroad. Let me buy cheaper than I can here." It is a fact that there are hundreds of ships owned by Americans that are sailed under foreign flags. Some of the fleetest of the ocean passenger lines that are supposed to belong to British owners have a large amount of American money invested in them.

A New White House.

Mrs. Harrison herself has taken a hand in the formation of plans to make the executive mansion more roomy and comfortable for the families of presidents. She and a Washington architect have devised extensions which they believe will meet all the difficulty and still permit presidents to live close to their office.

The idea is to leave all of the present White House for clerks and offices, but to extend wings from the east and west sides of it, which shall run back to the south and connect. The wings will be built inwards the south, and will be connected to the old part by a long colonnade. They will be of the same architecture as the original building, with its Greek columns of the style which Washington and Jefferson and the rest of the old fathers so delighted in a hundred years ago.

The two wings running back from the front will forth with the old building three sides of a square. It is proposed to complete the square on the south side by constructing across it a large conservatory and winter garden. There will thus be left in the interior an inner court yard which can be turned into an exquisitely beautiful little park. Then the White House will be large enough and handsome enough to do duty for the next century.

The Quaker Faith.

Mr. P. E. Gibbons contradicts emphatically a newspaper statement that the Friends or Quakers are vanishing as an organization, dying out simply because they are "too good to live." She says there are at this time more than 54,000 of the liberal Friends, called by outsiders Hicksites. Of the "orthodox" wing there are not less than 85,000, making about 110,000 followers of the faith of William Penn. Large numbers are found in Ohio and Indiana, many also in western Kansas.

While still ferrent in their own limits they are not aggressively active towards the outside world. Mrs. Gibbons admits that few of the members of this gentle, old sect can be now distinguished from the rest of the world by their dress, but within their hearts they still treasure the "ten talents of Quakerism" as follows:

1. Our testimony to the immediate teaching of the Holy Spirit in the soul of the believer.
2. To the light which lighteth every man that cometh into the world.
3. To the non-necessity of the outward rite in the Church.
4. To the freedom of the gospel ministry.
5. To the spiritual equality of all in the church.
6. To fellowship that the only priesthood in the church of Christ is the priesthood of all believers.
7. To the spiritual equality of the sexes.
8. To the unlawfulness of war to the Christian.
9. To the unlawfulness of oaths to the Christian.
10. To the duty of simplicity of manners and life to the Christian.

THEIR WORK IS FINISHED.

The Pan-Americans Are Now Ready to Adjourn.

INTERNATIONAL LAW REPORT.

Secretary Blaine's Speech to the Delegates—The Scheme of Arbitration of the Congress—The Principle of Conquest Inadmissable.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The Pan American congress has practically finished its work and will formally adjourn sine die today. The report of the committee on international law has been adopted with two dissenting votes from two countries—the United States and Nicaragua. These resolutions as adopted are as follows: Arbitration is declared to enjoy all the civil rights enjoyed by nations, and they shall be accorded all the benefits of said rights in all that is essential as well as in the form or procedure, and the legal remedies incident thereto, absolutely in like manner as said nations. A nation has not, nor recognizes in favor of foreigners, any other obligations or responsibilities than those which in favor of the natives are established, in like cases, by the constitution and the laws.

The Arbitration Report Adopted.

The report from the committee on general welfare recommending arbitration for the settlement of all controversies between American republics and European nations was also adopted. It was followed by a supplemental report of the committee on general welfare relating to arbitration between American republics, and before the European powers, which read:

When the conference reassembled after recess, Secretary Blaine in opening the afternoon session said:

Secretary Blaine's Address.

"Mr. President, I am very happy to announce that any vital difference upon any question connected with the scheme of arbitration which two hours ago might have been found, is, I believe, now at rest. And the resolutions of the honorable gentleman, Mr. Quintana, have been simply accepted from the chair, and have in turn been dates with the treaty of arbitration. So they stand and fall together. They are born together; and if they die they will die together; but both these children of the day will be perpetual (applause). I shall read the first, and as I read each one the gentleman opposite me (Mr. Cruz), the distinguished gentleman from Guatemala, will read the Spanish text.

The Scheme of Arbitration.

"First—That the principle of conquest shall not, during the continuance of the treaty of arbitration, be recognized as admissible under American public law.

"Second—That all cessions of territory made during the continuance of the treaty of arbitration shall be void if made under threats of war or the presence of an armed force.

"Third—Any nation from which such cessions shall be exacted may demand that the validity of the cessions made shall be submitted to arbitration.

"Fourth—Any renunciation of the right to arbitration, made under the conditions named in the second section, shall be null and void. Those conditions are under threats of war or the presence of an armed force.

"If I may now make a short cut parliamentarily I shall, with the concurrence of my honorable and highly valued friend on the right, Mr. Quintana, move that the last be accepted as a substitute for the first, second, third and fourth resolutions of the original text. I shall move that substitute in hope that with the entire unanimity of the whole conference—that these written clauses be substituted for those originally reported from the committee.

The resolutions were then adopted, and the conference will close its labors today in time to permit the members to start on the proposed southern tour late to-night.

THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

The Business Done in Both Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The senate spent nearly the whole day in secret session, considering the report of the committee which has been investigating the message of executive session reports. Mr. Platt (r) of Connecticut introduced a bill for the admission of New Mexico to statehood, stating, however, that he did not consider it necessary to act upon the bill. Plumb moved to take up the bill for the forfeiture of certain railroad lands. Mr. Dolph antagonized this with a motion for an executive session. He thought the fair bill would consume all the afternoon. Mr. Cullom said that so far as he was able to learn he did not think there would be a long discussion on the bill. He did not care to burn said there would be a good deal of it.

Mr. Cullom said that whatever it would or not every senator realized the fact that if there was to be a World's fair in 1892 or 1893 the necessary legislation ought to be enacted as soon as possible. Mr. Dolph insisted upon taking up his motion, and despite the appeals of Senator Plumb for his land forfeiture bill and Mr. Hawley for the World's fair bill, the senate by a vote of 32 to 26 went into executive session. The votes in the negative were all Republican.

The doors were reopened at 5 o'clock and the following bills from the calendar were passed: appropriating $75,000 for a public building at Haverhill, Mass.; house bill increasing to $500,000 the limit of expense for the public building at Troy, N. Y.; house bill increasing the limit of cost for the public building at Newark, N. J., to $650,000. The senate then adjourned.

In the house Mr. Kelly (Tenn.) rose to a question of personal privilege and had read an article from The New York Press declaring that a gigantic fraud had been discovered in the authorship of the silver bill, and that Mr. Thomas, of Wisconsin, chairman of the committee on war claims, denounced the bill as one of the most infamous that had ever been foisted upon congress.

Mr. Thomas said he thought that he could prove the disloyalty of a number of claimants for war claims—the charge that he had brought the bill before the house surreptitiously was false.

Dixon to Fight Nune Wallace.

BOSTON, April 19.—Tom O'Rourke, the backer of George Dixon, has received a noble message from the El Rona club, London, stating that the match between Dixon and Nune Wallace would take place the middle of June. The club offers a purse of which $500 goes to the winner, $100 to the loser, and allows Dixon £100 expense. O'Rourke has cabled its acceptance.

Ex-Consul Cardwell Dead.

AUSTIN TEX., April 19.—Hon. John Cardwell, who was United States consul general to Egypt during President Cleveland's administration, died April 18 at Richmond, Tex. Mr. Cardwell was for many years editor and part proprietor of The Austin Statesman.

INTERESTING RAILROAD STATISTICS.

The Earnings of Employes in England and the United States.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The fifth annual report of Hon. Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor, on railroad labor statistics, has been sent to congress. The report presents a table giving the average daily rates of pay and the average yearly earnings for each railroad employee in Great Britain and the United States who are amenable to comparison, as follows:

Class of Employes.	Great Britain.	United States.
Engineers, per day	$1.46	$3.27
Firemen, per day	91	1.79½
Conductors, per day	97	2.93
Switchmen, per day	85	1.55½
Flagmen, per day	81	2.12
Engineers, yearly earnings	457.00	1,095.00
Firemen, yearly earnings	285.00	562.00
Conductors, yearly earnings	304.00	844.00
Switchmen, yearly earnings	266.00	471.00
Flagmen, yearly earnings	254.00	634.00

Sixty railroads were investigated as representing one-fifth of the mileage in the United States 1,800 railroad corporations, but the road business is performed by 600 operating roads. Of the operating roads 277 prohibit the use of intoxicating liquors, and other principal roads contribute towards the support of the railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian association, which organization manages many of the reading rooms. Quite a number of roads maintain technical schools for the education of their employes. The report discusses at length the liability of employers for damages to employes, giving the laws of the various states governing this subject and so far as they abrogate the common law rule that a servant or employe injured through the negligence of a fellow employe cannot recover from the common employer. Reports on other branches of labor will be submitted to congress hereafter.

THAT CLEVELAND INTERVIEW.

The Posts Says the Ex-President Was Erroneously Reported.

NEW YORK, April 19.—The Sun's article concerning Mr. Cleveland's alleged gain in favor of free coinage, and the interview with Cleveland, in which he was made to abuse Editor Dana in vigorous terms, has caused considerable newspaper warfare. The Sun roundly denies that Cleveland ever attacked Cleveland, and The Evening Post has the following: "If The World wants any more explanation of the unreadiness of intelligent people to pay much attention to startling statements in its columns it can find it in the report it printed of an interview with Mr. Cleveland about storm in the Sun pitcher. Sun touching his physical condition. The reporter called his attention to The Sun's article, and this is what Mr. Cleveland said, and all he said, in answer:

I have not seen the article you refer to, and if it appears nowhere else but in The Sun, there is the least reason in the world why I should allow myself to be interrupted in order to pass judgment on the indecencies of a scurrilous newspaper. But what we have quoted was evidently the best effort he had on hand, but everything passed off. Turner lay down on a bed for a nap. A fellow named Little hit his pipe and, in sport, touched it to Turner's head. Turner jumped up and asked who did it. They told him I did. A quarrel followed, and I went away and got a gun and loaded it with shot and returned. A third followed, and I killed Turner. I was tried and acquitted on the ground of self defense. Turner tried to shoot me first, soon after I had killed Bob Turner's brother, Will, one evening walked into my house, where my wife and children and mother were sitting with me about the fire place. Will was a wild man and had his my mother. She was not dangerously wounded. I jumped and seized my pistol. We grappled. Both pistols were fired several times and he was shot through the arm. He made his escape, but the assault set public opinion against the Turners.

Threats Against the Life of Will Turner.

"Will Turner fled to Texas, but afterwards returned and his father, George B. Turner, sent word to us to come armed and fight it out. We went, twenty strong, and in the fight Will Turner was killed. Howard was indicted for the killing, but nobody knows who did it. The shot was fired from behind the house. After that fight Will Howard became the leader in the feud. He got in originally because he was a friend of mine, and two of the Turners attacked him as he was driving town one day and beat him unmercifully.

The Turners, on the other hand, say that Wilkerson Howard shot Bob Turner as he was passing along the street one night. There was a farcial trial, and after Howard was acquitted Will Turner, while drinking, went to Howard's house and shot at him. For this he was assassinated by Will Howard, who shot him from a window of the court house. The present Will Howard is never been brought to trial.

The Providence and Norwich's Charter.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 19.—The senate has concurred in the house bill granting a charter for the Providence and Norwich railroad, with a capital stock of $4,000,000, which is designed to give Boston a short cut connection with New York. The line will cut taken in two sections of Rhode Island heretofore accessible only by stage coaches.

Governor Goodell's Office Vacant.

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 19.—The supreme court has decided that a vacancy exists in the office of governor, owing to the refusal of Governor-elect Goodell to qualify. Arthur Tuggart, president of the senate, must assume the duties of the office until the governor recovers. Chief Justice Doe has so notified Mr. Taggart.

Gas Lighting for New York.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Contracts for lighting this city with gas for a year from May 1, has just been awarded. As fast as electric lighting companies were rejected, the gas people bid again, believing that a combination existed between the companies for the purpose of charging the city an exorbitant price.

BESIEGED BY SOLDIERS.

Thirty Mountaineers at Bay in a Barn.

FIVE MILITIAMEN WERE WOUNDED

The Latest Development in the Turner-Howard Feud in Kentucky—The State's Troops Fired Upon from an Ambush—A Sanguinary Conflict Is Anticipated.

HARLAN COURT HOUSE, April 19.—Up in the wild fastness of the Black mountains there are thirty armed and desperate men who, sheltered in an old barn, are holding off a small body of state troops. In a sharp engagement Thursday morning five soldiers were wounded. The location is seventeen miles distant from this place. The news reached here through Corp. Blanton, who was hurried away for reinforcements. It is believed that a severe fight will take place as soon as the additional troops reach the place, for the barn is well fortified, well armed with Winchester rifles and sweet that they will not surrender, and the soldiers are determined and want revenge for those who have been shot down.

The Barn Surrounded.

The troops have the barn surrounded, and it will be impossible for those on the inside to make their escape, and the only two roads which led from the place of action are cut off by pickets, who are instructed to allow no one to pass toward the town, as it was thought best to keep the news of the conflict from the people about here until the reinforcements had reached the place. The detail of troops consists of sixteen privates, the command of Lieut. Milton and Sergt. Pallion.

The Troops Ambushed.

Capt. Garther, in command here, was informed Wednesday that a body of armed mountaineers, among whom Wils Howard was in the Black mountains holding out against the civil authorities. He was asked for a detail of men to go out with some of the civil officers for the purpose of making the arrests.

The squad left camp expecting to find the men there and succeeded in getting to within about 600 yards beyond the barn from which they were fired upon. The attack was not looked for at that point and came so unexpectedly that the soldiers were thrown into a moment or two, but they soon rallied, surrounded the barn and began firing into it from every direction, when it was thought best to cease action and await the fort until the reinforcements arrived with more ammunition.

The Origin of the Trouble.

State troops were sent to Harlan at the opening of the circuit court, March 2. Judge Boyd was unwilling to go into the trial of Will Jennings, a Howard leader, without the protection of the guard. When Jennings was acquitted a few days ago there was a call from the Turner faction for the arrest of Wils Howard.

Although court was nearing adjournment Capt. Garther sent sixteen men with the sheriff's posse to make the arrest. The fight followed.

Of the participants in the feud, of which the fight is an incident, the Howards greatly outnumber the Turners. The former are known as the Howard feud, the latter as the Turner Hines. The Howards were the first settlers in Harlan. Samuel Howard, Sr., of Maryland, in 1800 received large grants, including the present site of Harlan. His son, John N. Howard, was the first judge, and donated the ground upon which the court house stands. The Howards claim that the trouble began with a trade of revolvers between Wilkerson Howard and Bob Turner. Wilkerson Howard recently gave his version of it and showed how Wils Howard became involved.

The Turner-Howard Feud.

"We were playing cards," he said, "when a few unpleasant words passed between me and Bob regarding a revolver that he had on hand, but everything passed off. Turner lay down on a bed for a nap. A fellow named Little lit his pipe and, in sport, touched it to Turner's head. Turner jumped up and asked who did it. They told him I did. A quarrel followed, and I went away and got a gun and loaded it with shot and returned. A third followed, and I killed Turner. I was tried and acquitted on the ground of self defense. Turner tried to shoot me first, soon after I had killed Bob Turner's brother, Will, one evening walked into my house, where my wife and children and mother were sitting with me about the fire place. Will was a wild man and had his my mother. She was not dangerously wounded. I jumped and seized my pistol. We grappled. Both pistols were fired several times and he was shot through the arm. He made his escape, but the assault set public opinion against the Turners.

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THE STEWART GRAVE ROBBERY.

Further Alleged Revelations of a New York Newspaper.

NEW YORK, April 19.—In its alleged Stewart-Hilton exposure The World has the following concerning the grave robbery: "It is really a wonder that this erratic, suffering woman (Mrs. Stewart) did not die under the awful mental agony through which she was compelled to pass during the next two years. She has said to believe that the body had been at last recovered and laid in the resting place her love had prepared for it. But was it ever recovered? It is certain that some one went down into the crypt which was built for the body of A. T. Stewart, but there are men in this city who assert that it was not A. T. Stewart's merchant prince of Manhattan. One of them is a gentleman who knew Mr. Stewart for many and many a year. Here is what he says:

"John Hilton, the junior partner of the firm, to identify the body by one of the teeth. During the twenty years preceding his death I saw him as often as once a week and rarely more than a month. In the case of the few persons who were permitted to see him. I was shocked when I looked at him. Never did I see such a change in a man. That light had fallen in and he appeared to be forty years older than he was. I then saw that Mr. Stewart must have worn false teeth and that they had been removed. I saw that the upper line of his mouth of Mr. Stewart was artificial ones, so perfectly natural did they appear. Years after, when the identification failed me, I made up my mind that the body had not been found.'

"There is another gentleman in this town who, when the time comes, is going to bring long accounts of the recovery of the body. asked Mr. Ansley, the secretary of Judge Hilton then and now, this question:

"'Was Judge Hilton in this city during the reports about the recovery of the body?'

"'And Ansley answered:

"'Nothing. The body has not been recovered.'"

THE TROUBLE AT PITTSBURG.

The Federated Railroad Employes Will Demand Recognition.

PITTSBURG, April 19.—The more prominent railroad officials in this city claim that they do not anticipate a strike. Appearances, however, lead one to think differently. Engineer Hall, of the Pan Handle, says the men will hold a meeting today and it will then be decided whether there will be a strike. It is stated that the Baltimore and Ohio road has given an increase of wages to their passenger brakemen. This concession is in answer to a request made several weeks ago.

Mr. Downey, of the executive committee, stated last night: "The entire organization of Federated Railroad Employes, some 50,000 in number, will back us up in this matter. Some concessions have been made and some we will endeavor to settle this matter amicably and avoid a tieup if possible. Whether there will be a strike depends entirely upon the action of the officials.

The Panhandle Railroad company has offered the switchmen of their road the standard wages paid that class of workmen, and it is thought the Pennsylvania railroad will do the same.

He Killed the Wrong Man.

NEWARK, N. J., April 19.—John Smith, alias "Dutch," aged 30 years, and living at No. 21 Borden street, was killed in Gabriel Valentin's saloon by Antonio Seravano, aged 28 years, a recent immigrant from the Italian emplyment agency. About 7:30 last night John Kinney and four others entered the place and offered a pair of six shooters for sale. Seravano stepped up to the gang out and they went, but returned later, and Kinney had two in a weights in his hands. He threw one at Seravano, who then drew a revolver and fired at him and threatened to shoot if the other weight was thrown. It was thrown and the Italian discharged his revolver, but instead of hitting Kinney the ball struck Smith in the right eye of Smith and resulted in his instant death. Seravano gave himself up at the Second precinct.

Voted from Vacant Lots.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., April 19.—A number of witnesses were examined by the committee investigating the recent election. The testimony showed that ninety-five names on the list of those who voted were not known at the houses from which they were registered. Seventeen of the names were voted from vacant lots and five from tug boats. The principal witness was John Egan, who was also an election officer in the fourth precinct of the Second district, who claimed that the discrepancies and alleged fraudulent voters were caused by the errors of the clerks of the election in copying by the lists and putting in the wrong numbers of dwellings and the wrong street, and that the original registry list would not show so many unknown and alleged illegal voters.

Mr. Windom and the Silver Question.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The senate Republican silver committee had a meeting at 10 o'clock today. Secretary Windom said: The secretary says the reason for advocating the redemption in bullion of the certificates issued for the purchase of bullion was that it would make the latter more valuable. To require their redemption in silver dollars would be, in his opinion, to discredit the bullion. The secretary also said that to coin silver dollars would be very embarrassing to the government. He was willing, however, as a measure of compromise, to give the holder of the certificates the option on the currency in which it should be redeemed.

Is the "Oleo" Oleomargarine?

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 19.—New York state dairy commissioner Wells has had agents of what is alleged to be oleomargarine from the cellar of Alderman Alexander Smith's residence. Mr. Smith denies ever having had any of the stuff on his premises. The cases containing the stuff were marked "Oleo," but covers of canvas concealed this mark. The goods had been sold to parties in New Windsor and returned as unsatisfactory. Samples of the stuff will be sent to Albany for analysis, and if it proves to be oleomargarine the seller will be prosecuted.

The Chinaman on the Bridge.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Secretary Windom has directed that the case of the Chinaman now on the bridge at Niagara Falls, N. Y. and who is not allowed to return to this country, nor to enter Canada, be called to the attention of the United States district attorney for such action as he may think proper.

Emin Starts Monday.

ZANZIBAR, April 19.—Emin Pasha, with his expedition will start from Bagamoyo for the interior on Monday. The German East African company intends to construct new railways in Southeast Africa similar to the pioneer railways in Senegal. Engineers are now surveying the routes.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally fair and warmer.

PROPOSALS FOR GRADING, IMPROVING AND MACADAMIZING COUNTY ROADS.

PROPOSALS for grading, improving and macadamizing county roads, will be received at the place of meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders, at the Court House in the City of Elizabeth, County of Union and State of New Jersey, until the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon on Monday, the 5th day of May, 1890, as follows:

For the grading where necessary and macadamizing for the width of fourteen (14) feet in the center, thereof, of the Springfield avenue, through the township of Summit from the Orange line of the Township of Springfield to the boundary line of the township of Westfield in said county of Union. State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on said aforesaid road or avenue, to wit: Grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twenty-four (24) feet, one thousand five hundred and eighty-eight (1588) square or superficial yards of macadam or Telford pavement.

Also for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twenty-four (24) feet, two thousand and eighty-six (2086) cubic yards of excavation and fifteen hundred and forty (1540) square or superficial yards of macadamizing or Telford pavement.

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THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Association and Exhibition Games Played.

[Baseball scores illegible]

Exhibition Games.

At New York—New York (N. L.), 8; Newark, 4; in innings. New York (F. L.), 14; Jersey City, 3.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 4; Philadelphia (N. L.), 3.

At Cambridge—Harvard, 21; Dartmouth, 5.

At Hartford—Hamilton, 6; Hartford, 3.

At New Haven—Boston (N. L.), 7; New Haven, 3.

Charged with a Convict's Murder.

Cincinnati, O., April 18.—The Daily Times publishes a long sensational article exposing the alleged crookedness of ex-Deputy Warden C. B. Cherrington, of the penitentiary. It is charged in this article that Cherrington is guilty of killing Convict Burt Owen by washing him off the roof of one of the prison buildings on Dec. 6, 1888, and that in his efforts to save himself from the charge of murder he bleeds Colonel Dr. Clemmer, the prison physician, and Guard Zink, and thereby arranged matters so that he could in all three conspiracies, Charles H. Lockard, could make his escape from state prison. Lockard is the prisoner who, with the convict Thomas Stoots, walked out of the high prison wall without a gun on Nov. 3, 1889. He was recaptured after a month ago at Elmore, O. On his way back to the penitentiary he escaped from the rear of a flying train near Shelby and was shot in the mouth by Marshal Wade, and is still confined in the prison hospital.

Mr. Wanamaker on an Eight Hour Bill.

Washington, April 18.—Postmaster General Wanamaker, in a letter to the house postoffice committee about Representative Lodwick's eight hour bill for postoffice employes, says he has consulted with a number of the most practical and successful postmasters upon the subject, and the opinion among them is unanimous that it is impracticable to adjust the duties of the clerks so as to give each one a tour of consecutive hours of labor without a great waste of money. Should the committee determine to recommend this measure it seems proper, the postmaster general suggests, that some provision should be made to credit the government for all overtime clerks and carriers above for any reason perform less than eight hours labor in any one day.

Charged with Pension Frauds.

Somerville, Ind., April 18.—Lee F. Wilson, representative in the legislature, and his father have been arrested here on charges of forging them with having secured by fraudulent means the annulment of marriages entered into by soldiers' widows and then buying them returned on the United States pension rolls. In connection with these cases Edward Majors was arrested for perjury and Charles J. Pustigo for conspiracy. All gave bail.

Six Years for Resort Keeps. *Jr.*

Easton, Pa., April 19.—Robert Kurtz, Jr., on trial here for the murder of John Waldman by hitting him in the head with a bar bottle, has been convicted of voluntary manslaughter and sentenced to six years' imprisonment.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns Kill Corns on Earth; removes them at once without pain. In three days will kill any corn, bunion or callus; keeps the feet comfort able and prevents swelling. Sold by druggists, 15 cents per bottle, silver for sample by mail. H. H. MISOX & CO., Newark, N. J.

FURNITURE and BEDDING, Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever in Plainfield, which I offer at quality and price, I know will suit you. Call and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild, 231 and 233 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

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California Cherries	20c.	$2.30
California Plums	20	2.30
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Lessons in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1096.

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Taught by Mons. Louis Virous and Creditaux, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Specially introduced at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residence. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th st. 4-9-1y

MRS. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violin, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Address, 20 Somerset street. Choir and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 298. 4-9-1y

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Late Veterinarian No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 109 West Front street.

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Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 140 East Front street Plainfield.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

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Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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81 & 83 Somerset St.,

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62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

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FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dyeing and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating, Blocking and Frames. Feathers Dyed, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

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Children's Reefers	$1.49
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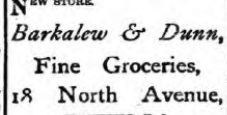

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They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10c Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

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DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses will convincingly demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

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How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! 'Tis the best bargain we have offered in some time—a few only a more and 'twill all be sold.

* * *

Do you want matting? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

* * *

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

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House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything in the line—you'll find it here, and yet you will find it here. We sell shades complete at 35c. Curtain poles complete at 35c.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Trains leave New York, foot of Liberty street (Time-table in effect April 1st 1890

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.36, 6.54, 7.10, 7.36, 7.56, 8.15, 8.35, 8.58, 9.36, 10.05, 11.04, 11.39, a. m., 12.07, 1.08, 2.15, 3.15, 3.37, 3.54, 4.10, 4.36, 5.00, 5.32, 6.03, 7.11, 8.08, 9.00, 11.08 p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 7.36, 8.01, 8.37, 11.08 a. m., 2.15, 4.36, 5.00, 6.03, 8.08, 9.00, 11.08 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.; 12.15 night. Sunday, 4.00, 7.00, 7.30, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m.; 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.36, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.15, 7.45, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.30, 9.45 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Elizabeth at [illegible]

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON

Leave Plainfield at 5.36, 8.37 a. m., 2.04, 4.34, 5.20, 6.45 p. m. Sunday at 8.02, 8.37 a. m., 5.20, 6.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bound Brook, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton:

Leave a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 8 37 a. m. For Bound Brook, Bridgeport, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Upper Lehigh, Wyoming Valley, etc., 2.04 p. m. For Flemington, Easton Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 5.20 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shenandoah. 6.45 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Bound Brook, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., 5.20 p. m. For Flemington, 6 36 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wyoming and Harrisburg, 8.02 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown, 8.37 a. m. for Easton, 9.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m. for Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua, Shamokin, etc., 6.45 p. m. For High Bridge 8.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shenandoah, 6.45 p. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 4.34 p. m. Sunday, 8.37 a. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.39, a. m., 2.15, 3.54, 5.20 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Asbury Park at 8.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 9.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m. For Atlantic City 3.37 11.39, a. m., 1.07 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

For Pemberton 3.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.39, a. m., 3.37 5.54 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.17, 7.36, 8.30, 9.18, 11.30 a. m., 1.04, 2.30, 4.08, 5.35, 6.30 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 9.18, 10.35 a. m., 7.30, 8.08, 5.35, 6.35 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.17, 9.18, 11.30 a. m., 1.04, 4.08, 5.35, 6.30 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 9.18, 10.35 a. m., 7.30, 8.08, 5.35 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen'l Manager.

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The undersigned having leased the Chest Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crusher Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

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SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

36 NORTH AVENUE

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip leaves Riverside ave. and Broadway—7.30 a. m. to meet 7.56 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 6th ave. to Depot.

2d	trip	8.45 a. m.	to meet 8.55 a. m. train.
3d	do	9.15	do 9.32 do
4th	do	10.00	do 10.27 do
5th	do	10.45	do 11.34 do
6th	do	11.45	do 12.03 p.m. do
7th	do	1.45 p. m.	do 2.15 & 2.50 p. m.
8th	do	3.45 do	To the Post Office.
9th	do	5.30 do	to meet 5.41 p. m. train.
10th	do	5.50 do	do 6.30 do
11th	do	6.45 do	do 7.05 do
12th	do	8.45 do	do 7.05 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and Park street, and Rockview and Hervey avenues North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will return from depot over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.37, 9.07, 10.15, 11.30 a. m. 2.22, 3.22, 5.45, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m.

Elegant New Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies. Horses to let by the hour in the city or out, for private parties, at moderate rates.

W. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call, 15. 1-24-1y

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NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m.; 1.45 and 5.00 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.20, 9.50, 11.55 a. m.; 1.45, 5.20 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.00 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.

ARRIVE—9.50 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 9.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail close at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville goes on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Sole Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CLASSES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

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CALL ON

H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET ST,

FOR SEEDS.

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In harness, carts, carriages, pungs, harness. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

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37 1-2 West Front street.

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Successor to Emmons Bros.

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Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 903. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 20 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 96 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

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Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

15 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New Market. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE

at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.

Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NAPHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 32 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 239,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 26.

TUNIS J. CAREY

51 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, so you will be convinced by calling. Satisfaction required with mattresses and deliveries.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Directions for Doing Up Lace Curtains Nicely in the Home Laundry.

Among the most particular of operations during house cleaning time is that of washing the lace curtains. Of course it is advisable to have it done by a professional cleaner, but, as in many cases they must be washed at home, the following practical directions from Good Housekeeping are of interest:

Take down the curtains carefully, shake them briskly to scatter the dust which clings to the upper folds. Have ready soak tubs nearly filled with cold water—a tub for each pair of curtains. If taken down in the morning, let them soak till the next morning before attempting to clean them, pressing—not wringing—the water out of them. "If they still appear very dingy, add fresh water; for if they are very much soiled it will take repeated soakings and several changes of water to render them fit for washing. If there are careful washers they can then be put into the regular wash, and be gently pressed and rubbed with the hands, then boiled or scalded.

Let them dry before starching, and, if torn, mend them. Use clear starch and let it be well boiled. This must be made thick and lumpy, and should not stand out in form folds when dry, or they will lose their lace like characteristics. After starching hang them carefully over the line, that it may be as nearly straight as possible, and pull the line till a little more than half dry. In the meantime have a sheet (one for each curtain) spread out and tacked on the floor or pinned on the carpet, baby careful, if on the latter, to leave no wrinkles in the sheet. When the curtains are nearly dry, double each one in half, placing end to end. If long curtains. Then lay each curtain on a sheet and pin the bunched ends neatly and carefully to one end of the sheet. Then go the folded and and draw that down by the sides, being cautious about stretching out the center. Leave no wrinkles. Pin down the sides first, going from side to the center, keeping as even line always.

If possible keep the edges from drawing into points, placing the pins close enough to prevent this. Change the pins if it becomes uneven, looking carefully to see where it must be done. All must be done gently or the lace will be torn out of shape. As soon as dry they are ready for putting up again, and will present almost as good an appearance as if new.

Lace curtains should never be ironed, as is often done; they show numerous bulging places where the lace has been stretched; besides the process injures the effect of the design, often warping a flower or leaf to one side.

Drapery for a Large Door.

The decoration for a conservatory door shown in the cut will serve for any double door which from its width is something of a task to drape gracefully. The sketch was arranged for a room with rich, tawny yellow paper, red and gold frieze and carpet with Indian red ground.

DRAPERY FOR CONSERVATORY DOOR.

For so large a door entirely self colored drapery would be somewhat overpowering, so, as a matter of fact, the one in the conservatory, half a width of richly colored, bold patterned brocade, in tawny gold shades, is used.

The top drapery is half a width of Chinese silk, striped with gold and Indian red (which is prettier, but a little more troublesome) showing glimpses here and there of gold and gold. The long drapery at the side should be a width and a half, diagonally at one end and lined with gold. Three Indian red and gold fans are tacked in the drapery at the top. The "shoulder" frills are best formed by gathering it up in the hand and winding a bit of flower wire or thread round the fold, then tack up (see sharp steel tacks in position. There need be no fixed plan for the chosen which should be made as one works and as the idea comes to one. The corner contains a vase with pink yellow ovalons over which yellow Liberty silk cushion. The sketch, of course, can be carried out in less costly material and in varied colorings to suit special rooms.

Cleaning Woodwork.

Save the tea leaves for a few days, then steep them in a tin pail or pail half an hour, strain through a sieve and use the tea to wash all varnished paint. It requires very little time and labor to do it, and the tea is a strong detergent, cleansing the paint and brightening the varnish. It cleans oilcloth and any varnished surface, washes window panes and mirrors. It will not do to use on any unvarnished surface. Take a small quantity on a flannel cloth and rub on lightly.

Breakfast Muffins.

One pint of flour, a pinch of salt, fruit milk enough to mix to a thin batter, three eggs beaten light and added to the batter just before baking. Have well greased the pan of "Gem" pans, fill with the batter and set them in a very hot stove. In fifteen minutes they should be done, and, if properly made, as light as possible. No lard must be put in them.

Fig Pudding.

Put in a glass dish a layer of sponge cake; after soaking the slices in sherry split some nice figs in halves and place a layer on the cake; then pour over this delicate jelly; fill the dish with layers of cake and figs, covering the whole with custard at the last. Brandy somewhat diluted can be used instead of sherry if preferred.

Novelties in Silver.

The following novelties are noted in Jewelers' Circular:

Russian silver is gaining more and more prominence, and is introducing a variety of every description. Russian silver is understood to mean that peculiar treatment in enamel seen in Russian work. Take of the most varied description and is extremely ornamental.

Baby sets of knife, fork and spoon of Russian silver are among novelties. The spoons have deep round bowls, and are comparatively large for small hands.

Silver candlesticks are about half the usual height, the classic carving upward from the base and interlacing. Candlesticks are never more in fashion for the dining table.

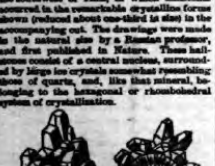
Knives and forks with handles of Russian silver are novel.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

NOTES AND COMMENTS ON SUBJECTS OF POPULAR INTEREST.

A Description with Illustrations of Some Mysterious and Remarkable Ice and Upheaval Operations Formerly Going on Near Moscow That Characterize the Flight of Birds.

On the 9th of June, 1857, there was a fall of hail at Hailsham, Sussex, a village lying to the southwest of Tillis, in which hailstones occurred in the remarkable crystalline forms shown (reduced one-half) at the left in the accompanying cut. The drawings were made in the natural size by a Russian professor, and first published in Nature. These hailstones consist of a central nucleus, surrounded by 6 large ice crystals somewhat resembling those of quartz, and, like that mineral, belonging to the hexagonal or rhombohedral system of crystallization.



REMARKABLE HAILSTONES.

Commenting upon these extraordinary specimens, Popular Science News says that the most remarkable point in connection with them is the fact that, judging from our present knowledge, a very long time must have been occupied in their formation. As a general rule, the larger and more perfect a crystal is, the more slowly it must be formed, and the most unlooked for way to secure this result as a hailstone can be supported in the air long enough for the crystallization to take place so perfectly. We must admit either that enormous updrafts under the influence of natural forces or conditions still unknown to us, or that in certain circumstances aqueous vapor or water may be solidified into large crystals with the rapidity which we should naturally expect to occur in the sudden condensation of moisture in the upper air.

The genesis of hail is still an unsolved meteorological problem, and presents so many difficulties that one scientist was driven to the theory that hailstones were of interplanetary origin, like meteors. This remarkable hypothesis, however, only brings up the still greater problem as to how the hailstones could enter and pass through the atmosphere without being instantly dissipated in vapor by the heat evolved, as shown by the extraordinary temperature to which meteors themselves are raised in the passage.

Smokeless Explosives.

In a recent lecture on smokeless explosives, Sir Frederick Abel, who is a well known English authority on this subject, corrected the impression entertained by many persons that the new smokeless powders are free from poisonous. He finds that there is hardly any noticeable difference between the explosive violence of the new and the black powder. If anything, the report of the former is sharper and more ringing, as well as of shorter duration.

In reference to nitrolate and other French explosives, he said, that despite the secrecy with which their composition is kept, it is pretty certain that the chief element is picric acid; and as this is an exceedingly costly article, it is probable that but little more will be heard about these much vaunted destructive explosives.

Mr. Nobel, the inventor of dynamite and other efficient blasting agents, is credited with being the most successful of contemporary experimenters with high explosives. He appears to have derived from nitroglycerine and nitro-cotton a material which, when treated with camphor, compares very favorably with gun cotton as to the ballistic properties, its stability and uniformity, besides being almost absolutely smokeless. This powder has been tried in small guns in Italy, and reports are current that Mr. Krupp is carrying on experiments with it in guns of various caliber.

How Birds Fly.

M. Marey, a French scientist, has just published an interesting account of the flight of birds. It appears that hitherto very little information has been collected with regard to the movements of birds on the wing, and in order to obtain some accurate knowledge the author has made a series of careful studies.

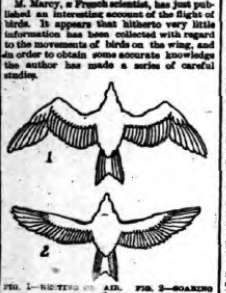


FIG. 1—BEATING OF AIR. FIG. 2—SOARING UPWARD.

Among other details he points out that the flight of most birds is very different from that of the "kings of the air," who are able to maintain themselves on the wing for a long time without any movement, resting, as it were, on the air. The smaller birds on the other hand, have to "row" or divide the air with their wings continually. The illustrations show the flight of a hawk resting on the air and soaring upward.

To Detect Cotton Seed Oil in Lard.

The following is a new method proposed by Dr. Taylor, of the United States agriculture department, for detecting cotton seed oil in lard: Dissolve in the solid constituents of petroleum benzine 140 grains of a mixture of lard and cotton seed oil. Heat slightly so as cure a perfect solution of the lard. Animal oleine should be carefully removed by cooling the liquid while warm through a fine needle. Fill a test tube with the solution, and place in ice water. In about twenty minutes the lard fats will be deposited in the form of cones of the insolubility in cold benzine, while the cotton seed oil remains in solution in the benzine. Separate the lard from the cotton seed oil by filtration through fine filterless paper, and subject the recovered fat to mechanical pressure between several folds of the filtering paper, by which the oil in the remaining lard is absorbed. The solidified fat may be removed from the paper with a palette knife. The cotton seed oil is separated from the benzine by means of a sand bath, which evaporates the benzine.

Several rows of velvet round the bottom of the skirt is a revival of an old style, and fashion off a dress nicely.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A New Remedy for Rheumatism—Interesting Experiments with Hypnotism.

A new anti-rheumatic is proposed by a German hospital physician, at Frankfort-on-the-Main, in sinkwinkle of soda, which is, he finds, after experimenting with it, to have the following advantages over ordinary salicylate of soda: It has a powerful action; the requisite dose is smaller; it has no bad effect on the stomach, heart or great vessels; it does not cause disagreeable perspiration, and it is cheaper.

While recognizing the desirability of further experiment in the matter, Dr. Lindenborn confidently hopes that the remedy will be of great benefit in the often long and tedious treatment of some rheumatic affections.

Cures by Hypnotism.

Science gives the following interesting statistics of patients treated by means of hypnotism at the clinic founded two years ago for that purpose in Amsterdam: There were treated, in all, 414 patients (219 men and 195 women). Of these 41 could not be hypnotized; 217 entered a light stage of sleep; 135 entered a deeper stage, and 67 entered the somnambulic stage, characteristic of the best subjects for hypnotism. There were 261 of the 414 afflicted with various kinds of nervous troubles, 168 were classed as general neuropathic disorders, 68 as neuralgias and pains, 45 as mental disease, 40 as hysterical affections and 39 as organic affections.

In general, the effects of the treatment as tabulated by the following figures: No effect in 71 cases (20 per cent.), a slight or passing improvement in 93 cases (26 per cent.), a distinct and permanent improvement in 98 cases (27 per cent), and a cure in 100 cases (28 per cent.) The disproportion in the number of nervous and non-nervous cases makes a fair comparison of the results in the two classes impossible. Among the nervous diseases those classed as neuropathic show a very favorable result, 38 per cent. being cured, and 26 per cent. considerably benefited. Hysterical and neuralgic affections show nearly as high percentage, though the absolute numbers are here much smaller. Diseases classed as organic naturally show the very minimum of success in treatment.

The Pineapple Remedy for Diphtheria.

It is affirmed that the colored people of Charleston have for years known and used a cure for diphtheria which is remarkable for its simplicity. It is nothing more nor less than the pure juice of the pineapple.

"They call it a pine apple, sah," a gentleman, when interviewed; "it has been used by negroes in the swamps down south for years. One of my children was down with diphtheria and was in a critical condition. An old colored man who had heard of the case asked if we had tried pineapple juice. We tried it and the child got well. I have known it tried in hundreds of cases. I have told my friends about it whenever I heard of a case, and never knew it to fail.

"You get a ripe pineapple, squeeze out the juice and let the patient swallow it. The juice is of so corrosive a nature that it will cut out diphtheritic mucus, and if you will notice the child gets

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—The Middlesex Gun Club will hold a shoot Wednesday.

—A large number of persons visited the cremation yesterday.

—Mr. L. A. Rheaume has a new announcement in our advertising columns to-day.

—The new school house at Scotch Plains will be ready for occupancy in about two weeks.

—Several ball games were in progress at the foot of the mountain yesterday, Sunday.

—The annual meeting of the Home Building and Loan Association will be held to-night.

—The United Tea and Coffee Growers Association are making special offers now. See their advertisement.

—No definite action as yet has been taken in reference to the establishing of a new fire alarm system in this city.

—The Monday Night bowling team of Wendell have given up the Gale alleys and that place and will bowl the balance of their match games on the Olympia alleys in this city.

—Captain Grant took Fred Clark and "Peanut Jack" to the county jail Saturday afternoon to serve out sentences imposed by Police Codington for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—A young man, whose name could not be ascertained, while out horse-back riding Saturday afternoon was thrown from his horse in front of the Scott Press Works. He received painful injuries about the head.

—Notwithstanding reports to the contrary the Park Avenue Bowling Club will not connect with the Plainfield Lyceum for a silver cup on the 28th. It was the intention of the Plainfield to enter such a contest, but the club has since disbanded.

—The Olympics of this city will roll two games on the namesake of Westfield on the Olympia alleys tomorrow night. The Elizabeth Athletic Club will contest with the Olympics Friday evening. The alleys are open to the public to see the matches if they so desire.

—A few days ago a member of the "Y" sent us a notice of one of their meetings. To-day we receive the following in reference to it. "By mistake a meeting of the "Y" has been announced for Tuesday April 22nd. There will be a devotional meeting on the following Tuesday April 29th"

—At the last meeting of the Borough Council, Councilman Hagaman called attention to the deplorable condition of the sidewalks in various parts of the borough. Property-owners should take more pride in keeping their sidewalks in good condition, as good sidewalks and good roads do more toward helping up a place than almost any other improvement.

—Prof. Elmer C. Baldwin, of Westfield, gave a piano recital in the Scotch Plains Baptist church last Tuesday evening. By special request he played "The Storm" composed by himself. All of his numbers were given with the lightness of touch and delicate feeling which has made the professor famous. He was assisted by Mrs. Coyle, who sang several solos, her sweet voice quite captivating her hearers.

—A most excellent address was made in the Methodist church last evening in the interest of Bonne Vista school by Mrs. Jennie Fowler Willing, and a unique feature of the services was that young ladies were chosen to pass the collection plates among the congregation, which responded most generously. There was a very large congregation present, and the whole interest manifested throughout. Mr. Charles B. Mitchell, wife of the pastor, presided.

From Ocean to Ocean.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Brown of North Plainfield New Jersey, arrived in town last evening. Charley Mills, youngest son of Jed Mills of Mills and Mrs. Brown are stopping for the present, accompanied them. They are on their way to Pan Robles Springs to try the virtue of the far famed waters. They speak of the trip via the Santa Fe route as very enjoyable, with its grand scenery, through mountains, beautiful sunset in the Rockies, the curious Indian villages at Lagunas, New Mexico and the ancient adobe Mexican village, the wonderful engineering achievement, accomplishing the romantic loop in the Salt Head as almost beyond description and the trip from Frisco on our own Coast Division as through one continuous garden of flowers. Mr. B. speaks of being wonderfully improved with the extreme courtesy and attentiveness of our people and the delightful weather.—Gen Mingael Manager April 21, 1890.

A Small Fire.

Just before twelve o'clock yesterday, what might have proved a serious conflagration was averted by the timely discovery of a fire near the barn in the rear of Campbell Club House. Some person must have been smoking near the barn and sparks from his pipe set fire to a heap of straw. A colored man happened by Mr. Campbell went to the barn to find the horses and while thus engaged discovered the fire. He found a pail of water and extinguished the flames just as they were creeping up the lumber boards on the barn.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Sadler's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Tuesday	34	46	40
Wednesday	32	48	42
Thursday	34	50	44
Friday	36	52	46
Saturday	38	54	48
Sunday	40	56	50
Monday	42	58	52
Tuesday	44	60	54
Wednesday	46	62	56
Thursday	48	64	58
Friday	50	66	60
Saturday	52	68	62
Sunday	54	70	64
Monday	56	72	66
Tuesday	58	74	68
Wednesday	60	76	70
Thursday	62	78	72
Friday	64	80	74
Saturday	66	82	76
Sunday	68	84	78
Monday	70	86	80
Tuesday	72	88	82
Wednesday	74	90	84
Thursday	76	92	86
Friday	78	94	88
Saturday	80	96	90
Sunday	82	98	92
Monday	84	100	94
Tuesday	86	102	96
Wednesday	88	104	98
Thursday	90	106	100
Friday	92	108	102
Saturday	94	110	104
Sunday	96	112	106
Monday	98	114	108
Tuesday	100	116	110
Wednesday	102	118	112
Thursday	104	120	114
Friday	106	122	116
Saturday	108	124	118
Sunday	110	126	120
Monday	112	128	122
Tuesday	114	130	124
Wednesday	116	132	126
Thursday	118	134	128
Friday	120	136	130
Saturday	122	138	132
Sunday	124	140	134

THE CRESCENTS DEFEATED.

Second Game With the Same Result as the First.

The Crescents of this city played their second game of ball this season Saturday afternoon. The competing club was the original Acmes of New York. The game was called at 3:45 o'clock and at that time there were several hundred people on the grounds. Those who saw the game of the previous Saturday expected a close and exciting contest, but in this they were disappointed, for in the second inning, owing to errors, three runs were made, and thus the Acmes virtually had the game before it had scarcely begun.

Cartwright of the West Ends played in place of McLoughlin and did some good work both in the field and at the bat. Spencer also caught two pretty fly balls. The first run for the Crescents was made by Martin in the first inning, and McMurray one in the ninth. Thomas were the only runs the Crescents made. The Crescent batted did some excellent work. The Acmes played a winning game from the start and rolled up seven runs.

The batting order of the teams was as follows:

Crescents—	Jones,	Martin,	Lafferty,	Wright,	Lee,	McMurray,	Livingston,	Spencer	and Carbonell.
Acmes—	Rivers,	Hatfield,	Beiser,	Lever,	W. Pasuch,	Murray,	Armitage,	McDermott	and A. Pasuch.

Annexed is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2
Acmes	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	*	—7

The Crescents Won Both Games.

The Crescent League Bowling team rolled two of the Central League games with the Olympics of this city on the former's alleys Saturday evening. The following are the scores:

First Game.

CRESCENTS.

	Strikes.	Spares.	Broken.	Total
VanEmburgh	5	1	4	161
Hayes	3	4	2	168
Van Winkle	3	6	1	191
Rogers	1	3	4	147
Teal	3	3	4	173
Total				835

OLYMPIA.

	Strikes.	Spares.	Broken.	Total
Wilbur	4	2	5	133
Hamilton	2	3	5	147
Wyckoff	3	5	2	187
VanAmyne	1	4	5	134
Collier	0	4	6	126
Total				736

Second Game.

CRESCENTS.

VanEmburgh	2	4	3	157
Hayes	3	4	3	166
Van Winkle	2	4	4	189
Rogers	3	0	5	149
Teal	1	2	7	117
Total				764

OLYMPICS.

Wilbur	3	0	7	123
Hamilton	2	2	5	150
Wyckoff	1	4	5	136
Van Amyne	1	2	7	133
Collier	0	5	5	138
Total				680

Base Ball.

The Young Crescents of this city went to Dunellen last Saturday afternoon and played a game of ball with the Young Arlington's of that place, defeating them by a score of 13 to 2. J. Sutphen and C. Sutphen was the batteries for the Young Crescents and Buck, Harland and Reading acted in a like capacity for the Young Arlington's. The Young Crescents pitcher struck out ten men.

The Young Arlington's succeeded in defeating V. Lorton's nine in a game of ball Saturday afternoon by a score of 18 to 5.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

—Mr. Hastings is widely esteemed in America and England as one of the most powerful living preachers and writer against infidelity".—A. H. Plumb D. D. in Congregationalist. Mr. Hastings speaks in the lecture room of the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church to-morrow at eight o'clock. Admission free. No collection.

The Young Men's Auxiliary and the class for inductive Bible study meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

Temperance at Westfield.

A very interesting Gospel temperance meeting was held in Temperance Hall, Westfield, last evening. The meeting was under the auspices of the Women's Christian Temperance Union and was well attended. Mrs. Poole of this city delivered an interesting address on temperance and the habit of smoking. Miss Allen of St. Louis favored the gathering with several choice selections on the cornet. The singing was led by Ellis Circle.

New Officers.

The annual election of the Exempt Firemen's Association resulted as follows:

President—A. Tinworth.
Vice President—J. J. Gillies.
Recording and Financial Secretary—G. Thorn.
Treasurer—Jos. A. Hubbard.
Trustees—D. W. Iddell, Charles F. Sebring, H. M. Sherwin, W. H. Harding and A. Hahneman.

New Jersey's Bicycle Meet.

The bicycle races which will bring to a close the coming annual meet of the New Jersey Division of the League of American Wheelmen in this city will be run on the track of the New Jersey Athletic Club at Bergen Point. The District Racing Board has decided that the track is unfit for swift cycling. The races will take place on the afternoon of Saturday, May 31.

Mad Dog.

A hound dog belonging to Mr. Israel Lewis of Somerset street, North Plainfield, was bitten by a mad dog last December. Mr. Lewis kept the animal chained until Friday, when it began to show symptoms of hydrophobia. The dog was promptly shot.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

A Fish for the President.—Cigarette Smoking Kills a Youth, etc.

A fisherman named Dalbow caught a shad at Pennsgrove Tuesday that weighed nine pounds and six ounces. Ex-Assemblyman J. D. Whitaker bought the big fish and sent it by express to President Harrison at Washington.

While the funeral of William Wyckoff, at Blackwell's Mills, near New Brunswick, was being held on Wednesday, a cry of fire was raised and it was discovered that the barn and out-buildings adjoining were burning. The mourners rushed out pell-mell to extinguish the fire, and through their efforts the house was saved.

Suit was commenced in the State Supreme Court yesterday which will involve the constitutionality of the general borough law of 1878, under which many towns have been incorporated. The proceedings are quo warranto against Attorney-General Stockton.

Smoking cigarettes to excess helped to kill John Cushing, Jr., seventeen years of age, who died at his residence, 278 Second street, Elizabeth, N. J., last evening. The lad was kicked in the knee by a playmate a week ago, and his system, the physicians say, was so enfeebled by cigarette smoking that the injury would not heal, and lockjaw set in and resulted in death.

The Carey Subscription, and the Misrepresentations About it.

The story in another paper to the effect that the money collected for Chief Carey at the citizens' meeting recently, was published with the object to make our citizens appear mean, and is only one of the many willful libels in that paper, for which it is possible the publishers will be called upon to answer. As a matter of fact our citizens have done nowise toward in a way that is censurably creditable to them, and have not only assured Chief Carey of his salary for one year at $90 per month, but have also become responsible for the expense of employing whatever counsel he may desire. He has left his choice of Hon. Garret Dorset Carey, ex-United States Attorney Keasbey and Councilor Bergen. He chose the latter because of his being more easily reached. It is only necessary to add that he has been directed to spare no necessary expense. The public-spirited citizens are actuated by no motive of mean petty malice, but for the general good, and they are able and willing to stand the expense of righting the grossest wrong we have ever heard of. It is astonishing that the person who is guilty of misrepresenting the case can not see into their folly, or seeing into it will persist in being so perverse. Of course the city will eventually have to pay all the expense, and then collect it of the offending officials, if the latter are not also otherwise considerably out of pocket.

The wrongdoers ought to try and undo the wrongs they have done rather than intensify the present bitter feeling against them. They might be indulgent enough to try and offer some apology for their folly, such for instance, as what they did was done under feelings of anger and mortification, and not apprehending the full force of their action, but in such conduct in calmer moments. But there is nothing for even the indulgent to excuse in them, while they continue to act as they do.

Why Al Shed Once Wished He Was a Locomotive.

Al Shed 'n the heaviest engineer on the Jersey Central road, and usually as good-natured as he is large, but he can be rolled clean through if properly provoked. One windy, wintry day he pulled out of Philadelphia in a blinding snowstorm. The accumulating storm flattened the angle of the falling snow until the dancing strata appeared to be parallel with the horizon and the flakes too close together to allow the feat of track to be visible at one time. When he reached Junction the snow was so deep that the engine was stalled.

Al resolved to return home with his engine and asked K. I. at Elizabeth to send such an an order. No answer was received. After waiting a few minutes he sent another message. Still no answer came. The third call was more urgent. It was dull and disagreeable business for Al to stand and wait. He grew more and more impatient. Finally the answer arrived. It simply said: "Stay at Junction until ordered to move." "What!" was said. He jumped until the ground trembled. "I wish I was a locomotive!" he roared. "Yeh, I wish he was a locomotive, too, good would that do you?" said the conductor. "What would you do?"

"Do?" said Al. "Do!" and his voice rose to a shriek. "Why I would run down in front of that office and explode.

Mr. Newton's Disappearance.

Mr. Benjamin B. Newton, brother of Mrs. George H. Goddard, of 19 East Ninth street, disappeared between ten o'clock Sunday night and seven o'clock this morning. He has been for several weeks in poor health on account of overwork. He is thirty-five years old, of dark complexion, dark brown hair and full beard and mustache. He was dressed in black, broad well-diagonal coat and vest, dark striped trousers, and black derby hat.

Mr. Newton has been living in Philadelphia, where he had been Acting Assistant Superintendent of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad main line, until two weeks ago, when he was compelled by illness to take a leave of absence.

$661.68 for Muhlenberg Hospital.

The financial committee of the late successful Charity Ball turned over to the Ladies' Auxiliary Board on Saturday $661.68 as the net proceeds of the ball. It will be put to good use by the board in aid of Muhlenberg Hospital, for the benefit of which the Charity Ball was given.

—Warren Minton had an especially large attendance last evening, and a very interesting surprise of two Guardians J. M. Dunham lead in the usual able manner.

A LONG CHASE.

Chief Carey's Patience Finally Rewarded.

Saturday morning at eight o'clock Chief Carey left this city armed with a warrant for the purpose of arresting Louis Reiss, of the firm of Reiss & Clayton, on the charge of defrauding Messrs. R. W. Rice & Co., out of about two hundred bushels of potatoes. When the Chief reached his destination Reiss could not be found. Nothing daunted, however, Chief Carey continued his search and at about ten o'clock at night he ran across the man he was looking for all day. The Chief promptly arrested Reiss and took him before a magistrate. The accused furnished bonds to appear when wanted. Mr. Carey is not the man to become discouraged, and when he goes after a person he usually finds the object of his search.

PERSONAL.

Mr. William Trent of Scranton, Pa., is visiting in this city.

Mr. Harry Henriham, of Newark is visiting his parents on East Third street.

The Rev. Joseph A. Owens of Westfield M. E. Church has removed his family to Montclair.

Miss Belle Scott of Newark is visiting the Misses Addie and Kate Weaver of Orchard place.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Coakley of Boston are visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Keller of East Front street.

Mr. Louis Levy of New York spent yesterday with his sister, Mrs. I. H. Boehm of West Front street.

Mrs. Elliot F. Shepard of New York last week contributed one hundred dollars to the Scotch Plains Public Library.

A letter from Dr. David Atwood to his friend Mr. George Craig of Somerset street, states that he has arrived at Chicago.

The youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard O'Neil was buried from his parents residence yesterday afternoon. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Mr. John I. Holly of New York paid a flying visit to his farm on Park avenue Saturday. Mr. Holly expects to move his family to Plainfield about May 1st.

Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Mr. Theodore Hardy and Miss Emma U. King of West Second street. The ceremony will be performed on the 30th inst.

Miss Florence Frank of New York, fiance of Mr. Isaac Schwed of the firm of Schwed Brothers, is visiting Mrs. Hermann Schwed of Westervelt avenue. Miss Minnie of New York accompanies her sister on the visit.

The May number of The Cosmopolitan contains, among its other interesting matter, a Posthumous story, entitled "A Schnatterndorf Episode," by Poste Crayon, illustrated by Mr. George Harrison Edwards of Madison avenue this city.

Mr. J. Carter is expected to arrive from Europe on the steamer "Etruria" this week. He will be the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. P. Downer of Fanwood. Mrs. W. J. Carter and Miss Gertrude Hubbard of Chicago are also her guests.

On Sunday morning, April 20th, the Rev. Cortlandt A. Patton preached a memorial sermon of his father, the late Rev. W. W. Patton, D.D., L.L.D., in the Westfield Congregational church. Mr. W. L. Patton, with his family attended the service. The sermon was most dignified, judicious and just, bringing out the sterling qualities and strict adherence to principle of this eminently pious man. The text was "Honor thy Father." A large congregation attended.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Daniel J. Marshall took place from his late residence on Park avenue this afternoon. The services were conducted by the Rev. J. B. Cleaver. Mr. Marshall was born in Washington Valley in 1808 and in 1833 he was married to Phoebe Clendewin of New York. It was he who erected as a water cure the beautiful habitation on Somerset street, now occupied by Mr. R. F. M. Cleaver, who has greatly improved it and named it Edgewood Villa. Mr. Marshall's brother is a member of the Newark clothing firm of Mours. Marshall & Ball. Deceased has been a great sufferer for years from a very painful disease, and will peacefully expressed himself as ready and willing to die. At the time of his death he was, as stated Thursday, in his 82d year, and has resided in Plainfield upwards of forty years. A wife and three children survive him. They are: George R. Marshal of Newark; James L. Marshall of Asaic N., wife of Vandervoer Bond of Newark.

The body of Mrs. Francis M. Sutton, the young American bride who died in England two weeks ago, arrived on the Etruria yesterday morning. Mrs. Sutton was a Miss Millicent M. Mabry, daughter of Prof. Thompson B. Mabry, of Brooklyn, and was married to Francis M. Sutton last October. Mr. Sutton, who is a member of a New York firm that has extensive business relations with South Africa, was compelled to make a business trip of his wedding tour, and on that account the young couple left their bride for Europe. While at sea Mrs. Sutton was taken ill with pneumonia, and upon arriving at Liverpool was conveyed to one of the hotels, where she was tenderly nursed by her husband. After many weeks the crisis was passed and the patient began to mend. Mrs. Mabry then went over to attend her daughter during her convalescence, while Mr. Sutton, in order to keep his business engagements in Africa, continued on his journey. Some months ago a reception took place in Mrs. Sutton's condition, and after lingering in great pain a few days she died. At the time of her death her husband was 1,000 miles inland from Cape Town, South Africa, and it was impossible to communicate with him. Mrs. Sutton, Mrs. Mabry, and many friends and relatives in Plainfield to whom the news of her death will cause keen sorrow.

—It was rumored that the gusts of wind yesterday afternoon took the form of a cyclone in "Shabby City" and lifted one or two outhouses into the air.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A POPULAR PASTOR RESIGNS.

The Rev. Mr. Applegarth to Leave New Brunswick.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., April 21st, (Special.)—The Rev. H. C. Applegarth, who has been pastor of the First Baptist church here for the past seven years, yesterday tendered his resignation to accept a call from the Fourth Baptist church at Pittsburg, Pa. The resignation is to take effect the last Sabbath in May. A meeting of the congregation is to be held next Wednesday for the purpose of taking action on the resignation, which no doubt will be accepted, although very reluctantly. The church to which he has been called is a large, wealthy and influential one.

How About Plainfield?

There is no such evidence forthcoming in reference to the good effects of prohibition, as there is to show the effective workings of high license in a given distance. The third year of high license has just closed in Philadelphia. The city has grown and prospered in those years, and being larger it would be natural to suppose there would be a proportionally greater number of saloons. But this is not the case:

There will be in operation on the first day of June, next, 4,600 less retail liquor saloons than there were when the la wwent into effect, in 1887. This is a great gain for the cause of temperance. Think of it! Since a $200 fee was exacted and the number of drinking places within a given distance of each other was limited by law, 4,600 drinking shops have gone out of existence! Here are the figures in brief. Whole number of drinking places licensed in 1838, before the Brooks, law went into effect, 5,776; number of applicants in 1838, 1,941; whole number licensed in 1889, 1,304; number licensed in 1890, 1,173. It is interesting to note that the number of applicants has steadily diminished with each year. There were 3,431 applicants in 1888, 3,214 in 1889, and only 2,981 this year.

—The Central Railroad of New Jersey people are gathering all old time table frames along the route of the road with the view of replacing them with something of more modern date.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

AT A BARGAIN, for sale or rent, a nice new room and attic over store with cellar under whole. All in excellent order, plenty of power, heated by large stove. Inquire of premises. Situated at 105 East Second street. For particulars inquire 26 West Second street. 21-tf

A MILLINER Wanted immediately at Mrs. Dunn's, 14 West Front street. 12tf

DRUG CLERK WANTED—Junior, must live in or near Plainfield. Address Drugs, care of EVENING NEWS.

$70 SEVEN octave piano, Rosewood case, 3 stops, with music rack. Instrument is new and guaranteed. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

FOR SALE—Central avenue and Second Ashland, Plainfield, location in Plainfield. Colonial House just completed modern and commodious, finished in hard wood throughout. Lot 110x265 feet. Inquire of Edwin S. Day. M. W. S.*

FOR RENT—House, barn and garden, and about 2 acres of land for $9 per month. Also land adjoining and situated about one mile from Dunellen. To a good tenant terms will be made very low. Inquire of Mr. Bauer, 32 Maple avenue, North Plainfield. 14tf.

$190 CHICKERING piano. This fine piano is offered for sale. Perfect in every particular. Thompson Park. 4-12tf

FOR SALE—Bay horse and mare. Have been used double for two years. Will sell one or both. A. M. Runyon and Son 53 Park avenue. 4-26tf

$60 ORGAN. Solid walnut case, 10 stops, sub bass and coupler. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 4-12tf

100 ROLLS of Satung at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

I HAVE Two hundred dollars to loan on it vent in good paying security. Address "Money" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-tf.

$165 buys full Rosewood case, carved legs and full frame, over-string, just been put in fine repair. Thompson Park. 4-12tf

LOST, Saturday morning, on South avenue, a pocket book containing money. Will please leave at Motherwood store. D. A. Schierback.

SETTINGS of eggs of thoroughbred Pekin duck, $1 per setting. Eggs of the thoroughbred black Minorca fowl, $1.50 per setting. Greatest layers known, both Winter and Summer. Address 12tf Box 53

TO LET—A house 62 Somerset street. Enquire on premises.

TO LET—Two-story cottage, Scotch Plains, 2½ acres of ground, recently heated 4 minutes from Fanwood station. Inquire of T. Cleaver, grocer, Scotch Plains.

TO RENT—Furnished third floor front. Reference required. Call after six p. m., 75 Park avenue. 19-3

TO LET—Small house, 98 Park place, North Plainfield. 19-3

$225 UPRIGHT piano. In use three months, with slight defect in case. Returned for $225 cash. Thompson Park, 17 East Front street. 12tf.

WANTED—A young lady to learn bookkeeping. One who is a good writer and quick at figures. Address "F.," office of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Colored girl as chambermaid and waitress. Apply 5 East Fifth street. 21-3

WANTED—A good cook and laundress, white. Call at 28 East Fifth street.

WANTED—Situation as coachman and gardner by a young man 25 years old. First-class reference. Address "I. D.," Dunellen Post Office.

WANTED—A person to cut and fit girls' dresses. Apply at 118 East Front street.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. References required. Call 35 Dudley avenue. 21-3

WANTED to buy an extra good cow with and heifer calf. Address D. A. Leland, 115 East Front street. 15-6

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a responsible N. Y. Company to canvass and supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to consumers at cost. Also a lady or gentleman, salary $40, to travel and appoint agents; $100,000 guaranteed. Reference exchanged. Enclose Co. envelope. Commission trade well established. Lock box 618, N. Y. 4-m-ly

MUSIC HALL.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES.

ONE WEEK.

9 Performances, Commencing

Monday, April 21.

Manager John Mistler has the honor to present

PROF. GEORGE BARTHOLOMEW

And his famous, only and unequaled

1890 EQUINE PARADOX 1890

24 EDUCATED HORSES.

Do everything but talk, directed by spoken language; never a mechanical effect; beautiful scenery; handsome dressings. Enlarged school. New acts. Every evening at eight o'clock.

Three Afternoon Performances.

Wednesday afternoon at 2:30; Friday afternoon at 2:30; Saturday afternoon at 2:30.

At the Wednesday Matinee, each lady will be presented with a handsome souvenir picture of Nellie Bywood by all the horses on the stage after the performance, to which ladies and children are specially invited.

SPECIAL PRICES:

Admission 15c, 25c, 35c. Reserved seats 50c. For sale at usual places.

Jos. F. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

20 North avenue.

EDSALL'S Great SPECIAL SALE!

OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW FURNISHINGS!

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890,

AND CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS,

Affording the citizens of Plainfield the Greatest Opportunity ever offered here to buy these goods at figures much below the usual prices. For full particulars see Circulars.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

SPRING SHOES HAVE ARRIVED IN GREAT SHAPE, HENCE WE ARE ABLE TO SHOW THE PEOPLE A GREATER VARIETY THAN EVER BEFORE. WHEN YOU GET READY TO PURCHASE, COME AND SEE US, AND IMAGAGE YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST SHOE STORES IN NEW YORK. THE CHANCES ARE YOU WILL FIND JUST WHAT YOU WANT, AND WILL GO AWAY PERFECTLY SATISFIED, AND WILL FIND YOUR WAY BACK IN THE FUTURE FOR MORE SHOES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 23 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

Special Notices.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.
At the Stephens Gymnasium. Ladies' class Thursday afternoons. Class for boys under 16 years Saturday mornings. Terms reasonable. Address J. H. Cooley, Chairman Gymnasium Committee. 3-20-1m*

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Street Commissioner of this City of Plainfield, No. 7 East Front street, until 12 o'clock noon of the twenty-sixth day of April 1890 inst. for furnishing crushed stone in the City of Plainfield for the remainder of the year 1890.

The bids must state the prices for furnishing the following sizes, viz, "Dust" No. 1 or 1 1-2 inch and No. 2 or 2 1-2 inch, in such quantities and at such places as the said Street Commissioner may direct.

The stone must be of the best quality of trap rock, free from dirt, clay or other foreign material; it must be weighed on such scales as the Street Commissioner may direct and a voucher or weigh bill must be delivered with every load to the said Street Commissioner or his authorized representative.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved. ROBERT A MASKER,
Street Commissioner.

Plainfield, April 19th, 1890.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
At Prof. Dagnilly school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Next session commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners' class at 6 to 8 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 9-1wr

STODDART & CO., Patent attorneys, 615 St. 7th street, Washington, D. C., Opp. U. S. Patent Office. Advice, Circulars and Reports secured. Trade-marks registered. All business relating to patents conducted for moderate fees. Information, advice, and special references sent on request. 13-12-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

L. A. RHEAUME, Agent.

COAL, LUMBER & MASONS' MATERIALS

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

TELEPHONE 120.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years.

AUCTION SALE

OF FURNITURE, ETC.

T. J. Gillies will sell on Wednesday, April 23, at two o'clock p. m., at No. 26 West Front street, a quantity of furniture, etc.

On Thursday, April 24, at two o'clock p. m., at the corner of Division and Sixth streets, the furniture contained therein. By order of Mrs. E. D. Eston. 21-3*

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

WE QUOTE A FEW PRICES FOR BENEFIT OF PUBLIC:

Fine Dairy Butter, 18, 20, 25c. per lb.
Fine High Creamery, 28 and 30c. per lb.
Fine Plum Cake at 10, 21, 25c per hundred.
Flamington Hams, 12c. per lb.
Flamington Shoulders, 7c. per lb.

SUGAR AT COST.

We sell for cash, and purchasers pay no bad debts with us. Goods delivered free, rain or shine.

29 W. Front St.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. SORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 27. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

A Girl Hero.

A remarkable story is that of Kate Shelley, the young woman of Moingona, Ia., who saved a train load of passengers from destruction, besides two men who belonged to an engine that went down with a railroad bridge. She saw the bridge go down. She took a lantern and crawled on her hands and knees over another bridge, while waters as high above the floor of that bridge as the car was cut out. Her hands and knees were bleeding, her garments torn and she almost exhausted after her fearful trip, but she managed to bring help and to save an advancing train stopped.

Kate Shelley is very poor. When she was 13 years old her father died, and Kate with an old white horse did the farm work, even to the ploughing. She was the eldest, and had a whole raft of younger brothers and sisters. As she grew to womanhood, according to a reporter of the Chicago Tribune, Kate saddled nights and learned the lessons that were taught to her brothers and sisters in school.

The farm was a petty one and thin soiled. It would not make a living for the family such much work as Kate could do. By and by she obtained a teacher's certificate and became a country school mistress. In that occupation she toils at present. There is a mortgage of $300 on the little farm, which the girl has been trying in vain to pay.

Now mark what a generous, grateful world this is. The passengers on the train voted her a gold medallion. One of them, in a huge gush of gratitude, erected a marble tablet to her in Milwaukee, as though she was already dead, and put her names and his upon it. The railway company is said to have given her the magnificent sum of $100. And still the girl who risked her life to save others toils on in poverty, trying to pay a mortgage of $300.

The Chicago Tribune has started a subscription fund for this heroine.

Hypnotic Cures.

An English physician has published some additional cures by hypnotism which are of interest. Of course there can be no full test of hypnotic healing until, first, all opportunity for fraud is eliminated, and, second, until it is known whether the cures are permanent. The latter could only be known after several years.

The reports of the cases, however, are well worth reading. Doubtless many physicians in America are trying the healing power of hypnotism on their own account. It is a subject well worthy experiment.

The cases reported as above mentioned covered a varied range of complaints. One patient was the victim of locomotor ataxia. The patient was put into the hypnotic state and then told to move regularly and cease having the pains attendant on his disease. With one daily treatment for a month he was cured. Another patient, a woman 30 years of age, had suffered cramp. She was put to sleep and the muscles of hand and forearm treated by massage. Still in the mesmeric sleep she was exhorted that she would have no more trouble in writing. Then she was awakened and it was found that she could write with ease. The cure was completed in a month, with treatment three times a week.

Sneezing fits that had become chronic and were of an hour's duration were successfully treated. Insomnia that had lasted four years was entirely dispelled in four sessions.

The method of cure seems to be to throw the patient into the hypnotic state, then while he is under this influence, whatever it is, make a powerful impression on his mind to the effect that he will have no more suffering from his disease.

A legal decision has been given at Albany, N. Y., that affects not only the whole United States, but the whole earth, even to *the African realm where the king receives visitors with great dignity*, clad in nature's yestments only, but with a gorgeous umbrella over his head. Justice Wilkinson has decided that when a man borrows an umbrella and does not return it he may be sued for it, and the owner recover its value. In other words, an umbrella is not common property, and let all the world not forget it.

Professor Joseph Leidy, of the University of Pennsylvania, president of the Philadelphia Academy of Sciences and one of America's most distinguished men, apparently given in his adhesion to the Keely motor. He said to a newspaper man: "You may announce to the world on my authority that John F. W. Keely has discovered a new and wonderful force."

The Illinois compulsory education law cuts down upon those who are trying to perpetuate foreign tongues and ideas in this country. It provides that no school in which the common branches are not taught in the English language shall be recognized as a school at all in the meaning of the law.

THE POPE INTERVIEWED.

An Audience Given to a New York Journal.

HIS HOLINESS TALKS OF AMERICA.

He Loves Both Protestants and Catholics in the Land of the Free Where He Is Respected and Christianity and Morality Rule—His Old World Enemies.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The Herald says: "As an expression of his friendship for America and his confidence in the liberty which her institutions give to religion, his holiness Leo XIII has accorded The Herald correspondent a special private audience, and consented to the publication of his utterances. "I have have a claim upon American for their respect," he said, with kindly eyes, "because I love them and I love their country. I have a great tenderness for those who live in the land. Protestants and all. Under the constitution religion has perfect liberty and is a growing power. When the church is free it will increase, and I bless. I love Americans for their frank, open, unaffected manners, and for the respect which they pay to Christianity and Christian morals.

The Enemies of Christianity.

His holiness asked how the Protestants part of America regarded his utterances, and was assured that the people, without respect to particular churches, listened with deep respect and sympathy to his appeals for a more charitable and unselfish spirit in society. "I don't know that it is so," said the pope. "I want the Protestants as well as the Catholics to esteem me. They may all be sure that I have a very deep and real affection for them. In America the vicar of Christ is respected, but it is not always so in Europe. Here there are in the United States two millions of Jews held for the head of the Christian world and offer insults to the holy see. Enemies of God who occupy high places desire not to be offered the friendship of the holy see, but utterly to break down the influence of religion, to disorganize and obliterate the church and to substitute for it their system of morality upon which civilization rests.

Times of Social Unrest.

"These are times of social unrest and impending disorder. There is no question in the day and with the Anarchists, socialism and discontent but organized religion, which will restore morality to society. The result and the only result which have been made to throw aside Christianity and live without it can be seen in the present condition of society—discontent, disorder, hatred and profound unhappiness. It is studied how to bring about a change, and while I live I will labor to relieve the world of this terrible confusion. The suffering and helpless mass of the working people are sources of great anxiety and grief to me. Their troubles have been largely due to the enemies of Christianity, who have made use Christian history ended and mankind returned to Pagan life.

Slavery and the Social Question.

"There are two things in the world at present that require special attention—slavery and the social question. To abolish slavery I have established colleges and am sending out missionaries, but it is hard to where men are held in bondage. An enlightened man cannot be enslaved. For that reason I shall devote the energies of the church to the spread of knowledge among the poor savages.

"The social question can only be solved by increasing the morality of the world. While Christian morality governed there was no such condition of affairs as we see today. But with the efforts to destroy religion be gan the evils of which we complain today. The social troubles cannot be cured unless mankind comes back to the same principle. But if the foes of Jesus Christ and his church continue to attack and revile the religion which teaches correct morals and has civilized the world these disorders will increase and overwhelm them.

The Pope's Plans.

"The governments of the various nations must do their work and I must do mine. Their work is local and particular, but my work, as the head of Christendom, must be universal and on a different plan. The moral common of both the working man and his employer must be raised. I intend here remember that in every diocese in the world. Each committee shall have the bishop at its head and shall consist of three priests and three other who sympathize and associate with them. On fast days and whenever there is rest from labor these committees will call the toilers to gether, explain to them and teach and inspire them with true morality. Sound rules of life must be founded on religion."

The Military Incubus.

His holiness spoke with emotion about his desire for the disarmament of Europe. The existence of these vast armies is a source of displeasure and sorrow to the holy see. The military life is injuring hundreds of thousands of young men. It surrounds them with violent and immoral influences, it crushes out their higher spiritual life and leads to hatred and to struggle them. So long as Europe is filled with soldiery so long will all this labor be withdrawn from the field and the poor will be overburdened with taxes to support the system.

"These great military establishments set one people against another and intensify hatred and jealousy. How long to see a return of peace and charity. Huge armies con *fronting each other in such times as these* can only be the spirit behind them. They are anti-Christian."

Here I suggested that the doctrine of arbitration, for which the Vatican is laboring, was accepted as a national principle in America.

"Yes," said his holiness, "that is the true principle, but most of the men who have control of affairs in Europe do not desire the truth. See how they exalted godlessness! Look at the men whose names are selected in Italy for honor after death men who died openly for Christianity; men like Mazzini and Saffi!"

Typhoid Fever Closes a College.

ROCK ISLAND, Ills., April 21.—Augustana college, in this city, has been closed on account of an epidemic of typhoid fever among the students. Though Rock Island is otherwise free from the disease about forty of the students have been sick with the sick list. Twenty of them are not regarded as dangerous, but sixteen cases have developed a malignant form of the disease. Two of the students have died and two others are in a critical condition. Sewer gas has been pronounced the cause of the epidemic, as those students who did not eat or sleep in the affected building have not been troubled.

Artist Conant's Suicide.

NEWARK, N. J., April 21.—T. H. Conant, a well known artist, brother-in-law of Prebister Thomas Kinsey, hanged himself Saturday night. No cause for the suicide is known.

WINDOM'S SILVER BILL.

The Secretary of the Treasury Writes a Letter.

THE GOOD WORK OF HIS MEASURE.

What He Says It Will Accomplish If It Becomes a Law—The Secretary and the Silver Men—They Should Be Satisfied.

He Says.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Secretary Windom has written a letter to a western correspondent on the present status of the silver question, in which he says: "The bill I recommended by the treasury was framed mainly for two purposes—first, to meet the demand for an increase of circulation; and, second, to enhance the value of silver by providing for it an additional and safe use of money. If approved by congress it will, in my judgment, accomplish both of these objects.

What the Bill Will Accomplish.

"To the silver interests it offers every substantial benefit that can be granted without peril to our financial system and far greater advantage than can be found in free coinage. To those who demand 'more money' it offers an annual increase of from $50,000,000 to $60,000,000.

"To those who insist upon a sound currency, it gives the amplest guarantee, but to those who would inflate the currency by injecting into it a large volume of money without adequate safeguards against depreciation, it offers no comfort whatever. It could have been framed to secret of much of the opposition to some of its redemption features.

Concessions to Silver Men.

He dwells at length on the concessions which are made to the silver men, and adds. "What more can the advocates of silver coinage reasonably demand? Certainly they desire to compel the treasury to force standard dollars into our circulation for the sole purpose of depreciating and degrading them. Is it not enough that we take nearly one-half of the world's silver product and look it up in order to increase the value of the other half? Is it not enough that silver producers in the most gigantic 'corner' ever organized, and that we give to the owners of silver bullion the right and the power to issue upon the assets of our production into standard silver dollars if they chose to do so?

What Is Asked in Return.

"For all these unparalleled concessions to the silver interests, what is demanded in return? Only the privilege of protecting the honor and credit of the nation by a grant of the power to redeem its notes either gold or its equivalent of silver bullion."

This he holds is absolutely necessary for the preservation of the high credit of the government. He concludes by saying: "I know of but two ways by which the proposed issue of treasury notes can be anchored to the standard values of the commercial world. One is the bullion redemption feature provided in the treasury bill and the other is authority to sell bonds in order to procure coin with which to meet the constantly increasing volume of proposed treasury notes. The latter I believe to be both unnecessary and unjustifiable. The former I believe to be entirely practicable and safe."

Mr. Parnell's Amendment.

LONDON, April 21.—Great interest centers in Mr. Parnell's amendment to the Balfour land purchase bill, which the Irish leader is expected to offer when debate on the bill is resumed today. Mr. Gladstone is expected to make an important speech in support of the amendment. The possibility that Mr. Parnell will also speak adds to the interest. He is heard so rarely, and then in such measured and eloquently about him, that his set speeches are regarded as marked events. As for Mr. Gladstone he now attracts, not alone by his great fame as a statesman and orator, but also by the fact, which every one realizes that the privilege of hearing him must soon, *in the course of nature, be a thing* of the past.

IT WAS A FATAL ERROR.

Three Miners Asphyxiated by Gas at Shamokin.

LA SALLE, Ills., April 21.—Three miners working in shaft No. 2 of the Spring Valley Coal company's mines were asphyxiated while digging. The accident reported to the day engineer in a lower level. At 8 o'clock Superintendent John Enstis with a gang of men went below to attempt check the fire damp. They went back orders which were understood to be to shut off the air supply.

The shaft quickly filled with gas and before assistance could be given Superintendent Enston, N. P. Akayson and Jacob Williamson were dead. Their two companions were found before they lost consciousness and added *in bringing up the* three bodies.

She Followed Her Dead Lover.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., April 21.—The body of a young woman about 25 years old was found floating in the canal Saturday afternoon. Coroner Beshan was summoned and a jury was impaneled. The body was recognized as that of Miss Minnie Foster, a teacher in the asylum here. She had lived here with *her uncle for several years and her parents* dwell in Rushville. She had fallen in love with a young man to whom her parents objected, and her efforts to prevent him from him and his death, which occurred recently, is thought to have deranged her. She left a note saying she was tired of being a care and trouble to her friends, that she did not care to live and so intended to drown herself.

An Equestrian Statue of Gen. Grant.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The bill introduced in the senate on Thursday and passed last Wednesday providing for the erection of an equestrian statute of Gen. U. S. Grant in this city has been passed upon favorably by the committee on public buildings and grounds, and Mr Squire has reported it back to the senate. There is unanimous agreement among the members of the committee that the statue is a fitting one to commemorate the bill shall be taken up and passed, so that it may be sent to the house and there put upon its passage in order to have it enacted into law before the fifth anniversary of the death of the great man whose memory this monument is to commemorate.

Kerr's Mysterious Disappearance.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 21.—The police are mystified over the disappearance of Daniel Kerr, clerk in the city treasurer's office. When he was first missed his books were carefully examined and found to be all straight. Kerr is a married man, about 40 years old, and lived with his wife and family at No. 338 South Division street Since the death of one of his children recently he has been drinking considerably, and it is feared that he has made way with himself

DR. O'REILLY TO JOHN DILLON.

The Former Says the American-Irish National League Is Moribund.

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—Just before the adjournment of the executive committee of the Irish National league, which held its meeting here last week, they deputied Dr. Thomas O'Reilly, of this city, to write to Mr. John Dillon, parliamentarian, and ask him to procure the consent of Mr. Parnell to hold a convention of the league in this country in the near future. The following is the letter Dr. O'Reilly sent on the subject, his letter being as follows:

"ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 20, 1890.

"JOHN DILLON, Esq., London, Eng.:

"The meeting of the executive council of the Irish National League of America has adjourned after passing a series of resolutions, among them one to call a convention to be held at Baltimore. This, however, was conditional and subject to the consent of Mr. Parnell, therefore no date has been settled upon. As you have Mr. Parnell's confidence, permit me to impress on you that the necessity just now for calling a convention is pressing, as the present organization in this country is moribund.

"The apprehensions feared by you on the other side of the Atlantic that the disturbing element on this side would divert the funds collected to purposes other than those intended, to strengthen the friendly relations existing between your party and the Liberals throughout England, Scotland and Ireland, on the Gladstonian ground, this element, though small in numbers, is noisy and makes itself heard outside of a deliberative body, but in convention it cuts no figure for the reason that the intelligent sense of our people preponderates and would not tolerate language calculated to embarrass you in a policy likely to be successful in the end. The time has arrived many bad laws under which the Irish people have suffered.

"We hold ourselves subordinate to the Irish organization controlled by Charles Stewart Parnell, and will conform to any proper course which may be dictated by him. Our organization has been established during the past week in this city from every state within the United States and the provinces of the Dominion of Canada would number about 1,000 clubs. Your influence except that which pertains to the welfare of Ireland could control any convention.

"I write this letter with the knowledge and consent of all the delegates, including President Fitzgerald, and trust you will communicate with him at an early day.

"THOMAS O'REILLY, M. D.,
"State Delegate for Missouri."

A KEYSTONE STATE BORGIA.

A Young Lady Charged with Poisoning Her Parents.

PITTSBURG, April 21.—Mary Stewart, a girl aged 16 years, is under arrest at McKeesport on a charge of poisoning her mother, father and brother. The brother, James, from the effects of which the little boy has just died.

The Stewart family lived in the most wretched of poverty stricken quarters in McKeesport. The doctor, on arrival, suspected that they had taken arsenic and administered antidotes, saving their lives. In the meantime instituted an inquiry and found that the family had been taken ill on partaking of some soup prepared by the daughter, Mary, strongly impregnated with arsenic.

Mary Stewart, who is in jail, denies having put the arsenic in the soup.

Army Desertions Decreasing.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The reports received at the war department for the three months beginning with the fiscal year July 1, 1889, and ending March 31, 1890, show that there have been 1,578 desertions from the regular army during that period. For the corresponding months of the previous year there were 1,895 desertions—a reduction this year of over 16 per cent. The desertions during March, 1891, numbered 291 with 288 during March, 1889. Secretary Proctor has taken active personal interest in this subject and has labored diligently to remedy the evil. The reports show, as do the figures show. In his annual report he showed that it was not only a question of adequate pay, but that there were also legislation needed. The house has already passed bills in the line of the secretary's suggestions, and it is believed that if the same power be exerted now that they will enable him to accomplish much more in this direction. Not only is the prevalence of desertion a serious drain upon the demoralizing to the army itself, but the expense to the government in recruiting and for the transportation of new men is considerable.

Pan-American En Tour.

NORFOLK, Va., April 21.—The Pan-American congress arrived at Old Point Sunday morning on their special train. After breakfasting at the Hygeia hotel, they took a visit to the navy yard, witnessed a drill by the army troops. At 11 o'clock they embarked on the Dispatch for Norfolk, where they were met by a committee from the Chamber of Commerce and driven through the principal streets. Owing to their arrival on Sunday no public display was made, but at 3 o'clock they left for Virginia beach on a special train. Luncheon was served on the ocean's shore at the Princess Anne hotel, and at 4 o'clock the visitors returned to the navy yard, where they went to the navy yard. Some time was spent aboard the new cruiser Baltimore by the delegates, who became very enthusiastic over her. She is not yet completed, and will be, No. 8, now in course of construction, were visited. The party went to Richmond this morning.

A Western Napoleon of Finance in Trouble.

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—Leon Goldman, aged 47 years, a local Napoleon of finance and stock and bond broker, and high flyer generally, has been arrested for defrauding the big Jewish firm of Isaac Wolf & Sons, Philpin out of diamonds valued at $9,000. He got the diamonds ostensibly to show his wife, it is said, but failed to return them. The diamonds were found in a pawn shop. If he has a wife none of his friends ever knew it. His name has, however, been connected with that of a notorious woman and he is said to have spent large sums of money in furnishing her house. He is a nephew of Moses Frazey, the great speculator, who recently gave up a fortune made by a corner. He has two brothers prominent in financial and social circles. The arrest causes a sensation.

Led to Death by a Flirtation.

NEW YORK, April 21.—John H Griffith, a young man employed in Bartol street, attempted to jump across an areaway between his room and the roof of an adjoining house where some girls with whom he had struck up a flirtation were standing. missed his footing, fell to the pavement *sixty-five feet below*, and was instantly killed

Parnell's Brother Her ro a Raiper.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 21.—In a letter to Mr T D Murphy of The Atlanta Journal, Mr John H Parnell, brother of Charles Stewart Parnell, says that the recent reports of poverty and suffering of their mother are merely sensational.

MRS. GRANT'S MEMOIRS.

The Courtship of the Hero of Appomattox.

HIS VERY ROMANTIC PROPOSAL.

Her First Meeting with Lieut. Grant. Love Letters Written on Drums Heads Captured from the Mexicans—Her Soldier Lover—Happy Times in the White House.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The World publishes an interview with Mrs. U. S. Grant, in which she referred at length to the reminiscences she is preparing.

"I have been working on my book some time, but it is purely a family volume that I want for the children," said Mrs. Grant. I had no idea of publishing it. Our home life has been so broken that I feel the children know little about it except what they learn from print. It was to enlighten them, correct some errors and add new material that I began this work. My people were born in Pennsylvania and made the journey to Missouri when that section of territory was the scene of many adventurous incidents. They went down the Ohio on flatboats. The trip from Shawneetown to St. Louis was made by carriage. My father had a private place. There were plenty of negroes to wait on us, numerous guests and horses, and to my girlish fancy the farm seemed to be boundless.

She Meets Lieut. Grant.

"I lived in sunny Missouri when my brother went to West Point and when he brought Lieut. Grant home to spend the holidays. We had many family frolics in those days, and I was as full of mischief as ignorant. There was no selfish secrecy about any of them. We all shared them—parents, brothers and sisters, and the servants enjoyed their part as much as any of us. In those days I was jealously guarded, and never moved ten feet from the house with out being told to take care of myself. One summer day we were going to a morning wedding, and Lieut. Grant was also invited. He came for us on horseback, and asked my brother if I could ride. He left it to me. In exchange for his saddle, to which he gladly consented. The day was beautiful, the roads were a little heavy from previous rain, but the animals were light footed. We had to cross a little bridge that spanned a ravine, and when we reached it I was surprised and a little concerned to find the gulch swollen, a most unusual thing, the water reaching to the bridge.

A Romantic Proposal.

"I noticed, too, that Lieut. Grant was very quiet and thoughtful, which gave me alarm. I asked several times if he thought it dangerous to cross and told him I would go back rather than take any risk. He assured me, in his brief words, that it was perfectly safe, and in my heart I relied on him. 'Now, if anything happens remember I shall cling to you and what you say to that contrary.' He said all right and we were over the planks in less than a minute. Then his mood changed, he became more social and in asking me to be his wife used no threat as a theme.

Her Father Objected.

"We had dinner in the afternoon. Lieut Grant asked me to act the day. I wanted to be engaged and told him it would be nonsense to be engaged, a sentiment he did not approve. We were very quiet at the dinner table that evening and neither said a word of the secret.

"After supper he went back to the regiment and a few days later Gen. Taylor sent him to New Orleans with his regiment. He was too shy to ask father, so he waited till he was stationed and wrote to him. Father never answered the letter. I was his favorite daughter and he thought army life would not suit me.

"Besides,' he said, 'you are too young and he is too poor. He hasn't any thing to give you.'

"I rose in my wrath and said I was poor myself, and had no intention of giving him to any one.

Her Soldier Lover.

"The next year I came back on a leave of absence and I can remember just how he looked as he rode up in his new uniform Father was going to Washington on business and we were all on the front porch kissing him good-by and stuffing his pockets with notes of what she was to buy. Lieut. Grant asked for my hand, and he, in a hurry to get off, consented.

"My soldier lover was in and about Mexico for four years, including the war.' 'And he wrote you letters?'

"Yes, regularly. Every mail brought me a letter.'

"Real love letters?'

"Every one of them full of sweet nothings, love and war and now and then some pressed leaves and flowers. Some were written on drums heads captured from the Mexicans, and others on sheets of foolscap folded and sealed with red wafers. I read each one every day until the next one came, and then I'd begin to read it a little bear. I have them all, but I don't think I shall put them in my book unless it is to be kept in the family. They are too sacred for public print.

Happiness at the White House.

"At the close of the Mexican war we were married. I went off to the army with him. For a while we were at Detroit, and in 1851 he went to California. A few days later Fred was born. In 1853 my husband resigned. Father gave me a little farm near home and we went to live on it, house-keeping. During the rebellion I was always as near the general as it was safe to be. Whenever he was in camp a staff officer came for me. Sometimes Nellie was with me, but baby Jesse always. As I said before, our family life was a series of interruptions, and it is to cement it that I am writing. Of our married and then public life! I wish I could reproduce one hundredth part of the bright companies we had together, but my memory is so treacherous.

"There were countless evenings in the general's library with a few gentlemen, and I the privileged guest, when such men as Conkling, Logan, Shelby, Ingersoll, Anthony, and Jones, of Nevada, gathered round a table and broke lances.

A Mere Keepsake.

"I don't make any pretense as a writer. I am just jotting down memories as I would talk. Books, old souvenirs, menu and guests' cards that I come across suggest material and I am constantly meeting old friends and getting letters that refresh my memory. I do some writing every day. My son Jesse is with me for a short visit, and I am using him as a sort of copy reader I have never thought of bringing out the book. It is a mere keepsake, prepared in idle hours for my children and grandchildren."

Seventy Horses Burned.

BROOKLYN, April 21.—The stables of Contractor Heman Clark, in Steuben street, were burned last night. Seventy horses perished in the flames. Loss, $10,000, partly insured.

EX-GOVERNOR POLLOCK DEAD.

A Sketch of the Well Known Pennsylvanian's Life Work.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., April 21.—Ex-Governor James Pollock, of Pennsylvania, died April 19 at his home in this city. He was born in Milton, Northumberland county, Pa., on Sept. 11, 1810. He graduated from Princeton college in September, 1831. He was admitted to the bar in 1835, and in 1839 was appointed district attorney for Northumberland county. Though a Whig in politics, he was elected in 1844 to congress from a strongly Democratic district and was twice re-elected. In 1850 he was appointed president judge of the Eighth judicial district of Pennsylvania, but resigned to run as candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, and was elected by a large majority.

After the inauguration of President Lincoln he was appointed director of the United States mint in Philadelphia. This position he held from May, 1861, to October, 1863, when he resigned. He resumed the practice of law, and in 1869, under the provision of President Grant. He managed the affairs of the mint for many years. In 1873 he was appointed naval officer of Philadelphia and served in that position for years. After his withdrawal from public life he resumed the practice of his profession. Ex-Governor Pollock was always active in various movements tending to promote educational and religious reform. He was a constant advocate of popular education, temperance, prison reform, prison discipline and the diffusion of the Bible. The funeral will be held next Tuesday, the interment being at Milton, Pa.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

On Monday, April 21, Murat Halstead, editor of The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, will assume full charge of The Brooklyn Standard-Union.

The Chinaman who had been hemmed in on the international bridge has been admitted into Canada.

George Taylor, of Newburg, N. Y., while insane, ran amuck, killing William McDowell. A mob of 300 men ran him down and nearly killed him.

The marriage is announced of Mr. William O'Brien, the well known Irish journalist, orator and member of parliament, to Miss Sophie Raffalovich, daughter of the wealthy Parisian banker of that name.

J. K. Emmet, the actor, has been sued for divorce by his wife, Mrs. Eleanor Rochester, whose complaint makes Miss Maude White, the actress, co-respondent. Mr. Emmet is also confined in the Manhattan hospital to recover from the effects of a carving.

The federal authorities will make another effort to get control of Castle Garden.

A dispatch from Spokane Falls, Washington, says that Patrick O'Donnell, who was released from Fort Jefferson, Florida, was not an average and had no connection with Irish patriots.

An Arkansas Election Case Decided.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 21.—The supreme court has decided the celebrated election contest of Jones vs. Gildewell. It was tried in Jefferson county and the ballot boxes were stolen from the county clerk's office here containing a large majority for Jones, but it was proven that Jones was true to the general election his friends had organized secret societies, and the members, mostly negroes, were sworn to vote a certain way and to kill Democrats if defeated. The supreme court held that the election of the contestant was therefore void and affirmed the decision of the lower court giving the office to Gildewell. Jones is a Republican and Gildewell is a Democrat. The decision affects both political parties in this state and is regarded as vastly important, as it virtually disposes of a large number of election contests on similar grounds.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally cooler and partly cloudy, preceded by rain.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Prime Dressed Turkeys	Alpine Grouse.
Eggs Direct.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. R. Smalley's, Dear as any Prices.

94 Somerset street, At McGinty's

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-tf

Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

46 North avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield, which I am giving away at prices that will surprise you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. Fairchild.

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Park Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED.

Murdered Before 500 People.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 21.—Charles Carroll, aged 30 years, a dissipated fellow, shot and instantly killed George Dockhorn, aged 21, a country laborer, Sunday evening at Elwood, Kan., in a most brutal manner. Both men had been drinking freely all day and were on the friendliest terms. Carroll got the best of Dockhorn in the matter of treating and finally induced him to treat, which the latter consented, Carroll pulled a pistol and fired two bullets, striking Dockhorn in the head and abdomen. The murder was committed in the presence of 500 excursionists who were landing from a boat. Carroll was pursued and captured after escaping his pursuers at the ferry boat, but through the stupidity of the authorities was allowed to escape. A posse is searching for the murderer and when captured will no doubt be lynched.

Bismarck's Activity Not Over.

Berlin, April 21.—The Hamburger Nachrichten says that the articles recently appearing in criticism of Chancellor von Caprivi have been instigated by Prince Bismarck. The paper at the same time announces that Prince Bismarck will not repudiate his connection with the press. The prince, it further states, intends to soon appear in Germany again, and will also accept the candidacy for the Reichstag. It would be a great mistake, the article continues, to suppose that the ex-chancellor is a broken down old man, or that he will remain a passive spectator of events. The German people have a right to know his views on important public questions.

Senator Absalom Sherman.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., April 21.—Sherman, the town from which the boomers were ordered to move by troops a day or two ago, is no more. Some of the town sisters were in favor of remaining on the land until forcibly ejected by the soldiers, but better counsels prevailed, and the work of removing the buildings began. The boomers succeed in purchasing a homestead relinquishment by a white man in the vicinity, and it is to the new tract that the town is being moved. This long contested matter is now practically settled.

A Woman Burned to Death.

NEWARK, N. J., April 21.—Mrs. Mary McArthur, of 28 South Fifth street, Harrison, was fatally burned Sunday. Her husband found fault because the dinner was late. While she was hurrying to take the dinner from the stove her clothing caught fire. She ran to the top of the house and back to the street before she was caught and the flames extinguished. All her clothing was burned and her body was a mass of charred flesh.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In Chancery of New Jersey.—Between Charles G. Conant, complainant, and William J. Sutton, defendant. By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue at the Court House, in the city of Plainfield,

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1890,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the right, title and interest which the said defendant, William J. Sutton, had on the seventeenth day of November, A. D. 1887, (the day of the exposure of mortgaged premises) in, to or out of the following described premises, lying and being in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and State of New Jersey.

Being known and designated as lot number one (1) on the map of property adjoining Park, Front, Richmond and Second streets, Plainfield, N. J., made by C. A. Dunham, C. E., Plainfield, N. J., on an accurate admeasurement (19), which is bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Richmond street two hundred and seventy-nine (279) feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Richmond and Front streets, and running thence (1) northerly through the middle line of a house on the northerly side of Richmond street one hundred and seventy-nine and fifty-five hundredths of a foot; thence (2) westerly parallel with Richmond street seventy feet; thence (3) southerly at right angles to Richmond street one hundred and seventy-nine and fifty-five hundredths of a foot to the northerly side of Richmond street; thence (4) easterly along the said northerly side of Richmond street seventy feet to the point or place of beginning, and also all the estate, right, title and interest of the party of the first part of, in and to the land in said Richmond street, opposite to and adjoining the above described premises, to the middle thereof

LITERARY LIGHTS.

The first poet laureate was John Kay, in the reign of Edward IV. One of the parcel gilt of the office was $200 a year.

Murat Halstead has been writing for the papers continuously for forty years. He is one of the hardest workers in the profession.

Andrew Lang and Rider Haggard have written a novel in collaboration, which is called "The World's Desire," and has for its hero Ulysses.

Archduchess Valerie, youngest daughter of the emperor and empress of Austria, is a rival of Carmen Sylva, queen of Roumania, as a royal authoress.

Henri Rochefort still refuses to take rooms in London except from week to week, and will not learn the English language; he receives very few callers, and passes his evenings playing dominoes with a friend, M. Coursan, with half a crown a game as the stake.

M. de Cassagnac is formidable because of the skill with which he wields the three heretofore weapons—tongue, pen and sword. He is a man of powerful stature, dark skinned, dark eyed, and wearing his mass of jet black hair brushed back from his high forehead. He speaks with a lisping cadence peculiar to southern France.

Sir Edwin Arnold says of Walt Whitman: "I think he is the handsomest old man I ever saw, with the head of Jupiter and strength in every feature; I had a pleasant interview, sitting for a long time face to face, with his hand on my knee, and I think, on the whole, I was more than ever convinced that he is one of the greatest of American writers, for his poetry is wonderful."

Marion Crawford is pictured as follows: "He is over six feet in height, with broad shoulders, small feet and a large head, the latter being well covered with a mustache of brown hair, but even the gold rimmed glass the lower part of his face; a fine but rather large mouth is partially hidden by a mustache of the same color as the hair; his head, nose and his smile exceedingly sweet."

David Christie Murray, the novelist, is a little above the medium height, but looks older than his years, which are not quite 40; he has a head proven by years plentifully streaked with gray, and the most sympathetic of manners; he began his literary life as a reporter, and having gone through the Home Circuit, has contributed journals for fiction, to which he has since contributed many readable volumes.

THE EARTH'S MONEY.

The German government treasure amounts to $90,000,000 in gold.

The associated banks of New York city hold $78,200,000 in gold.

Other American banks hold $11,000,000 in silver and $9,800,000 in gold.

The bank of Holland contains $20,400,000 in silver and $15,200,000 in gold.

The banks of France hold $300,400,000 in silver and $264,600,000 in gold.

The Italian government treasure amounts to $3,400,000 in silver and $20,000,000 in gold.

The Austro-Hungarian treasure amounts to $9,400,000 in silver and $30,000,000 in gold.

The American (United States) treasury amounts to $316,000,000 in silver and $325,000,000 in gold.

The Bank of Spain holds $23,600,000 in silver and $30,600,000 in gold, and the Bank of Norway holds $13,600,000 in gold.

The German Imperial bank holds $68,000,000 in silver and $27,200,000 in gold, and the Saxonian note bank contains $1,000,000 in silver and $15,000,000 in gold.

The Bank of Portugal holds $5,600,000 in gold; the Bank of Sweden holds $1,600,000 in silver and $2,000,000 gold, and the Swedish national banks hold $4,800,000 in silver and $11,800,000 in gold.

The Bank of England contains $20,000,000 in gold; the Scottish banks hold $4,000,000 in gold; the Irish banks have $12,000,000 in gold and other banks in Great Britain hold $40,000,000 in gold.

The Italian note banks hold $6,600,000 in silver and $35,000,000 in gold; the Italian National bank holds $6,200,000 in silver and $20,800,000 in gold; and the Belgian National bank holds $7,000,000 in silver and $13,000,000 in gold.

The Swiss banks of issue contain $4,800,000 in silver and $11,800,000 in gold; the Grecian National bank contains $800,000 in gold; the Bank of Algiers contains $2,200,000 in silver and $2,400,000 in gold; and the Bank of Roumania holds $6,400,000 in silver.

The Bank of Denmark holds $15,000,000 in gold; the Bank of Russia $200,000,000 in silver and $108,200,000 in gold, and the Austro-Hungarian bank $4,000,000 in silver and $26,800,000 in gold. The total in silver dollars amounts to $791,200,000, and in gold to $1,468,400,000.—The Independent.

HINTS TO TEACHERS.

Discipline with the eye as far as possible.

Elevate the tone of mental work a trifle each day.

Elevate the moral tone of the class in every recitation.

Leave as little room to hackle class work as possible.

Effective expression is not receiving the attention it demands.

The individuality of the pupil should be generally preserved.

The best educational principles apply to the teaching of any subject.

Attempt nothing in which the chances are against the accomplishment.

School work should heighten appreciation of the beautiful as well as of the true.

So focus your teaching that the children shall see the reason for a thing about as soon as they know the fact.

To discipline is to disciple. This is a highly suggestive thought, and ought both to subject disciplines and make it more effective.

In teaching principles and processes, deal with them in small courses at a time, and let it known that nothing shall distract the pupils' minds from the principle or process.—Journal of Education.

THE LATEST IN JEWELS.

A gift that will be appreciated is a gold snuff holder repousséed, a lawn tennis racquet holding a silver ball.

A simple but very attractive jewel is a small gold horseshoe nail, slightly bent and set with emeralds and diamonds.

A large brilliant set in the center of a black onyx scarf sticker shows to good advantage when mounted as a scarf pin.

A locket of dull gold representing a cross is apparently the work of Italian artificers. The front of the ornament is beveled glass, through which can be seen a beautiful painted miniature on ivory.

A white gold arrow over four inches in length, profusely studded with diamonds of various sizes and representing an emerald or large sapphire in a heart shaped mounting, is an expensive but beautiful fancy pin.—Jewelers' Weekly.

YOUNG WOMEN DOCTORS.

SCENES IN THE BUSY LIFE OF A FEMALE MEDICAL STUDENT.

Young Women Who Use Almost Unintelligible Words and Phrases—An Interesting Career with a Few of Its Drawbacks. The Sad Side of Life.

A big, old fashioned square house, with a spacious yard all about it, stands in West Fifty-fourth street.

Over the stone steps that lead up from the gateway pass the feet of many women—sometimes young women and pretty ones, with their arms full of books and the glow of enthusiasm in their faces. Other young women, too—the pity of it—with faces that carry upon them a story of suffering and want, and sometimes of sin. And, perhaps next, there may pass through the gateway a woman with whitening hair, carrying a small leather bag and a physician's case. She has the alert, assured step of a woman who knows what she is about and who has work ahead of her, and plenty of it; and she is followed by a bent woman with a tired face, who carries in her arms a sick baby whose thin cry leaves a pitiful echo in the ears of the passer by.

And they all go up the long walk and enter the wide hall, each one to the consummation of her own purpose.

But the young women linger a moment in the long hall and chatter like blackbirds about the weather and the walking, and turn over the pile of letters lying on the table. By and by one begins to differentiate them and to notice that most of them are still under it, that several are exceedingly pretty and that none of them differ in any way from the average well bred young woman. Then some one rushes up, notebook in hand; the spell is broken, and the girl crowd does can make her brown eyes look severe, while a bonnet that is anything but professional crowns the top of curly hair that frames her face and forehead. It is the hour for the "quiz" in histology, and round after round of question—sharp, rapid, incisive—comes from the professor's lips, and each quick answer or dissent from the answers that come from all corners of the room.

ATTENDING LECTURES.

The histology class is over, and the girls do not seem to be altogether "annihilated," as they declared beforehand they should be; at least, there appears to be considerable bodily substance left as they sweep their books together and hastily don wraps and overshoes for their journey to an adjacent building, where, with pencil and notebook in hand, they listen to a lecture by the famous Dr. Phoebe Walt, the substance of which will be required of them for the next day's recitation.

Now comes in the grave faced professor—the only man visible throughout the day's entire routine—and for an hour and a half the students make a close circle about him with the ever present notebook and pencil, while patient after patient is led out from an adjoining room, and, seated in a chair, recites the causes of the various maladies that are presented, in terms whose length and learning seem at once to terrify and to gratify the subjects thereof.

The long list of patients is prescribed for at last, and the clinique is over. It is getting late in the afternoon, but the work of the students' day is not yet done. A part of them must go up into the hospital for service there, and others go into the dispensary, where a dozen or so charity patients are waiting to be cared for. It is almost dark before the last one passes out into the street, and she does not walk as lightly as she did when she came up the steps in the morning. She is tired in body and brain, and her heart is always a little sadder for the suffering she sees.

AFTER THE DAY'S WORK.

But she goes home, takes a hot bath, eats a hearty dinner, and then in the house and solid study before she goes to bed. She doesn't get much time for amusement, though she likes it as well as any other young woman—perhaps even a little better—and she must see as much of the dark side of things. But she isn't altogether oppressed by the sadness and severity of her life. She wears good gowns that fit her well, and she likes them. She wears bangs if they become her, and high heeled boots if her feet are pretty, nor does she neglect to study the fashion plates of the toilet, to give her back hair the latest twist.

She doesn't faint away in the dissecting room at the first cut of the scalpel, as the men students usually do, nor does she faint away at all while there, but after she leaves the room and the nervous strain is over she finds the world growing suddenly dark, and the next thing she knows some one is supplying her lungs with cologne, and she struggles back into the world to say, with professional pleasantry, that "I'm glad to know what fainting is like, anyway."

Take her all in all, the woman medical student is a most interesting and delightful manifestation of the "new woman," and she finds life just as full of zest and just as well worth the living as if she did not understand how many are the intricacies of it depends on the liver.—New York Sun.

Miss Pinckney's Vast Mission.

The largest land owners in New York state, except the Astors and Rhinelander families, is a woman, Miss Mary G. Pinckney, a millionaire many times over. She has lived to be 72 years old and is still a spinster though she has all that money. Another New York millionaire woman who manages vast real estate transactions personally is Mrs. Mary L. Van Doren.—Cor. Indianapolis News.

A Miss in Farmer.

It is a common occurrence for children to get beans, grains of corn and other foreign substances up their noses. This simple remedy is worth remembering: Get the child to open its mouth, apply your mouth over it and blow hard. The offending substance will be expelled from its mouth.—Herald of Health.

Put a teaspoonful of borax in your rinsing water; it will whiten the clothes, and also remove the yellow cast on garments that have been laid aside for two or three years.

Mme. Patti says: "I have dressed my hair the same way for ten years; not because the coiffure was the style, but because it is becoming to my style."

Our School Girl.

The average school girl rises only in time to eat a hurried breakfast and reach school at 9. The girls under 12, who are not the ones that break down, are not too dignified to romp at recess, and in that way they fill their lungs with fresh air every day. Those between 12 or 13 rarely eat a mouth of outside air from 9 till 2 in the afternoon. They eat their luncheons curled up in heaps, in uncomfortable corners if they can find them. They take little exercise, except in a few schools, where they dance for a few minutes. A solitary bunch of cold or "warmed over" meat on coming home is followed usually by an hour or two of study, instead of by a brisk walk or other exercise. There is more study after supper, ambitious girls studying late into the evening.

If there is any well established physiological fact, it is that girls in their teens need an abundance of sleep, and sleep before midnight, if possible. The teachers must give a certain amount of home work to their pupils in order to keep them up to the grade, more in the large cities than is necessary, but fathers and mothers at home should make everything else bend to that and health. There is no one thing that is so necessary and so much neglected as regularity in sleeping. Exercised, as a long night of sleep for the fast growing brain and the girlish frames that are rapidly assuming the proportions of maturity. —Christian Register.

Girls, Stay in the Country.

I have heard country girls talk of coming to live in the city for some trifling, silly reason that they wanted more social life. Well, that is just what they will not get; the woman of business is not a woman of leisure, and she has no time for society. She will find more social life in her own home, even if she be a worker, than she could ever have in the city, and there is no homelessness more absolute than the loneliness of a stranger in a crowd. Salaries are not large enough to permit of much relaxation in the way of entertainments, and for the girl who work is ever one is too tired to go in search of enjoyment.—Herald of Health.

Gloves for Babies.

Not only may a woman buy gloves with pockets in the left hand one sufficiently large to hold a few coins for our fare, but if she is a mother she may get button kids for a 6-months'-old baby. A young woman who had never heard of such styles for mere babies saw a long pair of gloves being fitted to the hand of a pretty girl baby in a Broadway store and asked the clerk if they were gloves made to order. The clerk said no, that they kept six button kid gloves for children from the age of three years old, and that recently there had been quite a sale. "Their size," she said, "is marked '0 0.'"—New York Letter.

A Useful Member of the Family.

The woman whom I admire most, the woman who is the most useful being in creation, is the old maid. She helps one and all in the family. Mother, father, brothers, sisters—I know many who have deliberately chosen to be old maids. They are artistic, they are scholarly and well read. I know one of them in this city who is now 39 years old. She has a lovely character. When young she might have married into high European aristocracy, but she would not desert her family, her mother or her sister. She always thought it her duty to remain an old maid and look after them.—Cor. Epoch.

Power of the Solar Heat.

A Russian scientist has during the last year been making a series of observations with the object of ascertaining the amount of calories which the sun puts at our disposal. The result of these experiments is that 69¼ per cent. of the solar heat is absorbed by the atmosphere before it reaches the earth, and the students make a close circle about him with the ever present notebook and pencil, while patient after patient is led out from an adjoining room, and, seated in a chair, recites the causes of the various maladies that are presented, in terms whose length and learning seem at once to terrify and to gratify the subjects thereof.

The long list of patients is prescribed for at last, and the clinique is over. It is getting late in the afternoon, but the work of the students' day is not yet done. A part of them must go up into the hospital for service there, and others go into the dispensary, where a dozen or so charity patients are waiting to be cared for. It is almost dark before the last one passes out into the street, and she does not walk as lightly as she did when she came up the steps in the morning. She is tired in body and brain, and her heart is always a little sadder for the suffering she sees.

AFTER THE DAY'S WORK.

But she goes home, takes a hot bath, eats a hearty dinner, and then in the house and solid study before she goes to bed. She doesn't get much time for amusement, though she likes it as well as any other young woman—perhaps even a little better—and she must see as much of the dark side of things. But she isn't altogether oppressed by the sadness and severity of her life. She wears good gowns that fit her well, and she likes them. She wears bangs if they become her, and high heeled boots if her feet are pretty, nor does she neglect to study the fashion plates of the toilet, to give her back hair the latest twist.

She doesn't faint away in the dissecting room at the first cut of the scalpel, as the men students usually do, nor does she faint away at all while there, but after she leaves the room and the nervous strain is over she finds the world growing suddenly dark, and the next thing she knows some one is supplying her lungs with cologne, and she struggles back into the world to say, with professional pleasantry, that "I'm glad to know what fainting is like, anyway."

Take her all in all, the woman medical student is a most interesting and delightful manifestation of the "new woman," and she finds life just as full of zest and just as well worth the living as if she did not understand how many are the intricacies of it depends on the liver.—New York Sun.

Miss Pinckney's Vast Mission.

The largest land owners in New York state, except the Astors and Rhinelander families, is a woman, Miss Mary G. Pinckney, a millionaire many times over. She has lived to be 72 years old and is still a spinster though she has all that money. Another New York millionaire woman who manages vast real estate transactions personally is Mrs. Mary L. Van Doren.—Cor. Indianapolis News.

A Miss in Farmer.

It is a common occurrence for children to get beans, grains of corn and other foreign substances up their noses. This simple remedy is worth remembering: Get the child to open its mouth, apply your mouth over it and blow hard. The offending substance will be expelled from its mouth.—Herald of Health.

Put a teaspoonful of borax in your rinsing water; it will whiten the clothes, and also remove the yellow cast on garments that have been laid aside for two or three years.

Mme. Patti says: "I have dressed my hair the same way for ten years; not because the coiffure was the style, but because it is becoming to my style."

STRAY BITS.

The English admiralty say that the total abolition of masts and sails in all future fighting ships has become absolutely necessary.

Uranium is now classed among the rare metals. On account of its electrical resistance it is likely to be used in electrical installations.

The center of population of the United States is now at Madison, Ind., near the junction of the thirty-ninth parallel and the eighty-fifth meridian.

The olive tree lives to a surprising age. One lately destroyed at Beaulieu had a recorded age of five centuries and was thirty-six feet in circumference.

A lady has invented a mustache spoon. The spoon has a shield over the top, and soup can be conveyed to the mouth without danger of soiling the mustache.

Iceland fishermen now carry oil regularly as a means of smoothing the waves and enabling them to continue at work in weather in which heretofore their boats could not have lived.

The shofar or cornet, used in the ceremonial of the Jewish synagogue, is said to be the oldest form of wind instrument known to be retained in use. It is usually made of a ram's horn straightened and flattened by heat.

The Paris custom of sending cards is a great convenience in Paris. Open cards of this kind are delivered anywhere in Paris within an hour after they are mailed for six cents; closed ones, giving as much room as an ordinary letter, for ten cents.

Denmark has adopted a new rifle, after the system of Krag-Jorgensen. The weapon has a caliber of eight millimeters, weighs a little over eight pounds, and can be used as a repeater or otherwise. Compressed powder of the ordinary sort is to be used for the present.

An innovation at funerals is still small cape, to be worn by the mourners in lodge and the bearers at the grave, also by the male members of the family. The caps are put on in the carriages, and the ordinary hats left there, the cap to be worn all the time at the grave. It will prevent many colds.

Unrivet three large Japanese fans, then let the sticks fall downward. Gather the top into a bit of satin. Wash in soap suds of the slender sticks ribbon to match in tone your satin, finish each stick with a tiny silk tassel or ball, and you will find yourself in possession of a wonfully effective waving shade.

In 1871 a man living at Porterville, Cal., set a slip of ivy at one end of his store. To-day it covers the whole building and has climbed upon a large oak tree. The first occupants were a pair of mountain linnets, who were not disturbed, and their descendants still breed there in immense numbers. They sing as well as the German canaries.

There is a very curious stone about which very little is ever heard. It is called the Alexandrite, in honor of Alexander of Russia, who named it. It is green in the daytime—they resemble an emerald, except that they are somewhat darker; but at night they are a deep purplish red. They are found in India, and in all rare stones, very much in their qualities.

An official stenographer of the German imperial parliament has calculated the exact speaking of speech of some of the most celebrated German statesmen. Richert, a leader of the free trade independents, he says, talks in a minute 158 words; Count Herbert Bismarck, 144; Bebel, the Socialist, 131; Bamberger, the best known bimetallist among the Independents, 130; Stumm, the coal baron, 148.

The Englishman of sporting blood recently had a steeplechase by moonlight over the Thorpe Hill meadows, near Melton Mowbray. They turned out in night shirts, according to the ancient rules of such contests, and rode over a course which was indicated by lamps. A hundred carriages held the spectators of the event. Half of the racers drew out before the end, but Lords Rode it out, and Lieut. Burnaby, of the Royal Horse guards, came in ahead, Count Zborowski a good second.

AGES OF FUTURE RULERS.

Prince Otto, the heir presumptive to the Austrian throne, is only 26 years old.

Gustaf, Duke of Wermland, who is the heir to the throne of Sweden and Norway, is 31 years of age.

Young Victor Emanuel, Prince of Naples, the heir to the throne of Italy, was 20 years old last November.

The heir to the Portuguese throne, to which Dom Carlos has just succeeded, is Louis Philippe, Prince Beira, who is only 2 years old.

The future queen of Holland, Princess Wilhelmina, has recently completed her 9th year, and is likely to succeed her aged and decrepit father ere very long.

Some heirs to European thrones have lately arrived at young manhood. The Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia and the Duke of Sparta in Greece have recently celebrated the completion of their 21st year.

The heir apparent of the great German empire and the Prussian kingdom is the little Prince Frederick William, who is only 7 years of age. Should he die before reaching maturity his younger brother, Prince William, now only 1 year old, would succeed.

The present king of Spain, Alfonso XIII, is not 4 years old, and came to the throne at his birth, his father having died before the little king came into the world. Should he die before marrying, his eldest sister, the Infanta Dona Maria de las Mercedes, now 9 years of age, would succeed to the Spanish throne.

The succession in England belongs to the Prince of Wales, who is 49 years old. But it is said that the Prince of Wales' health is precarious, and it is not improbable that his mother, Queen Victoria, although she is 70 years old, does not outlive her son, and the heir to the throne would be Albert Victor, the Prince of Wales' eldest son, who is now 26 years old.—Youth's Companion.

BRIC-A-BRAC NOVELTIES.

They were scattered through a house for posse are one of the pretty fashions from France.

An oblong mirror of beveled glass has a frame made of interlaced wrought iron in sections. Wrought iron now almost rivals jeweled work.

Stained ivory seems to be superseding the pure white material. Every sort of toilet implement is found in this new form, and often exquisitely carved.

Fan case has the latest caprice. Violets, pansies, lilies of the valley are fastened on to the face, and are very cleverly arranged to fold up, although they do require a larger box.

A beautiful jardiniere is round and moulded spiral fashion. Over this is a chased and perforated decoration of waves, shells and other marine forms. Two clinging crabs form the handles.

Glass ewers with incised designs in gold are very beautiful. There is also a demand for enameled glass and toilet bottles are covered with trailing designs in enamel. No woman's toilet is considered complete without a set of cut glass toilet bottles with silver tops. In some cases the top is made to fold over the glass bell like the calyx of a flower —Jeweler's Circular.

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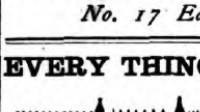

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

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NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 106.

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50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
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Spring and Summer Opening
of
Imported and Domestic Millinery
will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.
A Perfect Garden of Flowers.
Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 35c per yard.
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SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
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WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
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Successor to Truth J. Carey, to whom reference is made)
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Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.
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we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and attention is given them by Registered Pharmacists Only.
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you may obtain delicious soda, cold or hot with rich syrups, handkerchief extracts, bath sponges, chamois, shaving brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites, and
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NORTH PLAINFIELD,
Leading Grocers.
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My $2.50 Shoe.
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is your opportunity to buy the cheap, durable goods and stylish goods that we are selling. We have a large and solid leather goods at low. We and all in first class goods and reasonable.
We have just received a large invoice by a large Fall and Winter goods, having a large stock. Our rubbers and overshoes are unsurpassed. The "Boston Rubber Co." and "Candee's Leather," Rubbers and Candee's Overshoes.
Call and examine our goods.
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METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
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ELECTRICITY
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Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 22 East Second street, corner of Park avenue.

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ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to
R. THORN'S,
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2d and 3d floors, Rear Store.

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INSURANCE,
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Money to Loan on approved security. 60 Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & S. A. CO.
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Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, APRIL 22 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CHURCH IMPROVEMENTS

THE SEVENTH-DAY BAPTISTS HAVE DECIDED ON PLANS.

To Build a New and Handsome Stone Church.—To Cost About $51,000.

For some time past there has been a rumor among those interested that the Seventh-Day Baptists were about to erect a handsome church in the rear of the church. The proposed chapel was to face on Fifth street. The church people were not in favor of this, however, thinking a new church was needed the most.

A few days ago the Building Committee met in discussion the matter and decided to erect a new stone church in place of the present one. The old one is to be moved to a plot of ground, formerly a portion of the Martin Farm estate, corner of Madison avenue and Fifth street. The Building Committee is composed of the following well-known gentlemen: Henry E. R. Pope, Geo. H. Babcock, J. Frank Hubbard, R. M. Titsworth and J. A. Hubbard. They further decide that the work be commenced at once. The new church promises to be, as may be seen from the rough drawings made, a model piece of architectural beauty. It will cost about $20,000. Mr. Oscar S. Teale is the architect. The accepted drawing includes a new chapel, parlor and large meeting room. To defray plan as to the disposition of the old church, when removed, has as yet been reached. The North Day people are most enthusiastic over the new scheme, which they greatly prefer to the first one.

BOROUGH COUNCIL MEETING.

JOTTINGS.

—A valuable horse belonging to Councilman R. S. Smith died Sunday.

—Olympic's vs. the Nameless of Westfield on the Olympic alleys to-night.

—The Hope Chapel Boys' Brigade met for a drill last evening at eight o'clock.

—The Plainfield Reform club will meet as usual Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—The Plainfield Water Works Company will again test the capacity of their wells in a few days.

—In another column Street Commissioner Blake advertises for bids to furnish the city with crushed stone.

—Kennedy, a well-known base ball player of Elizabeth, is to play with the Crescents of this city next Saturday.

—The damage by fire to Mr. Charles Smith's carriage a few days ago has been adjusted by the payment of $200.

—A fire on the mountain in the vicinity of Washington Rock was seen by a number of persons in this city Sunday evening.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor will hold a meeting in the Warren Street chapel at eight o'clock this evening.

—The annual reception of the Plainfield Grand Army Sewing Circle will occur Thursday evening in their hall on Somerset street.

—On Friday last the Somerset County court granted a wholesale liquor license to Mr. Frank Lisbe of Somerset street, North Plainfield.

—A special meeting of the Hiscoemiesis Town Tennis Club of North Plainfield will be held at the residence of Mr. I. Lewis, 305 Somerset street, this evening.

—A very pretty base ball bat is on exhibition in the window of Stelle's drug store. It is to be awarded to the member of the Crescent nine making the best score during the year.

—The New Brunswick Home News says that local correspondents are being made to report in Plainfield the minstrel entertainment given by the Rutgers College Senior class at New Brunswick a few days ago.

—Two bicyclists collided on Madison ave., nue, between Seventh and Eighth streets, last evening at about half-past seven o'clock. Both men were injured and their machines had no serious damage resulted.

—The North Plainfield Township Committee will hold a meeting in Spencer's Hall this evening. Among other business to be transacted is the appointment of an overseer of the poor to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late C. G. Day.

—On Friday evening Franklin Council, No. 6, Jr. O. U. A. M., of this city, will go to Bound Brook and assist a sister council to institute Pioneer Council, No. 32. Pioneer Council has been organized within the past month and has about 40 charter members.

—Messrs. Manning, Maxwell & Moore, the selling agents for the Pond Machine and Tool Company, whose office is situated at No. 111 Liberty street, New York, made a contribution of $100 to the Mutual Aid Society of the Pond Machine and Tool Company of this city. The Society was organized recently.

—The wife of Mr. Frank Wagner of Plainfield, who was bitten by a mad dog about a few weeks ago, is said to be improving to a New York Hospital, where she is under treatment. Mr. Wagner formerly resided at Bound Brook and is well-known in this vicinity. He had been a short time ago to accept a position as section hand on the Lehigh Valley road at Flemington.

The Tournament Record.

The record of the tournament at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.		
	Games.	Average.
Stelle	12	1.000
Hoffman	12	.833
Hall	12	.750
Hoffman	12	.750

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT FIFTY CENTS A MONTH.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 62. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

"Money will do everything, say those who have not got it. Not so. Marcus Simmons had $3,000,000, and yet he fired four bullets into himself and died because he did not have good health.

It was ingenious, that method adopted by Trusted Partner Darling, of the house of John F. Plummer & Co., of New York. He deposited in the bank of Plainfield, N. J., personal checks on the First National bank of New York. When the check came back to him through the New York Trusted Partner Darling destroyed the personal check and gave instead a certified check of the firm for the amount. In this way pretty soon the firm was able to fail for half a million.

"Lumpy jawed" cattle have again been found at the Chicago stock yards. They had been smuggled in one or two at a time among the healthy cattle, and so worked off on original owner's hands. If anybody on earth deserves hanging it is the man who sells lumpy jawed cattle for meat. Does it occur to him that he is the possible murderer of anywhere from a dozen to fifty of his fellow men? He ought to be put on a diet of lumpy jawed meat and nothing else than that ailment. Let us remember once for all that ill is a serious business this trying to poison people by wholesale.

Water for Irrigation.

Professor Culver, of the Dakota university, has been making a calculation of the amount of water that will be needed to make productive the irrigable lands of Dakota. His figures of the amount of water to a given rainfall are of interest. He finds that:

One inch of rainfall gives 800 barrels to the acre.

One inch of rainfall gives 556,400 barrels to the section.

One inch of rainfall gives 19,314,000 barrels to the township.

The average rainfall of the Missouri valley is about 25 inches, probably a little more in the region under discussion. Multiplying the number in the above table by 30 we have the following results:

Twenty inches of rainfall gives 17,200 barrels to the acre.

Twenty inches of rainfall gives 1,100,000 barrels to the section.

Twenty inches of rainfall gives 20,628,000 barrels to the township.

Suppose it is desirable to double this amount by means of wells, and suppose a well flowing 100 barrels a minute be taken as a standard. Such a well furnishes:

One hundred barrels a minute, 6,000 barrels an hour, 144,000 barrels per day, 52,560,000 barrels per year.

Making the division, we find that it would require about 400 wells to the township, provided that all the water is used in the township, none escaping to the lower levels. It is probable that this figure would be true. Nor is it improbable that it would be necessary to double the present rainfall, that is, that amount under control would be ample.

Slavery in the Congo Basin.

E. J. Glave, one of Stanley's former officers, paints in The Century Magazine the horrors of Congo slavery in a way in which they have never previously been laid before American readers. It is not the slavery itself, it is not even cannibalism that is the most awful feature of this awful African slavery; it is the putting to death, with frightful tortures, the slaves on every ceremonial occasion.

These black Congo savages believe in immortality and life hereafter. They are firmly grounded in that faith. They also believe that as a man's state is here so will it be after death. If he is a man of consequence in this life and has plenty of slaves to serve him here will be equal consequence in the other world. Therefore the strong and ambitious among the Congo negroes make it their chief life pursuit to have as many slaves as possible.

When the relative of a chieftain dies one or more slaves are put to death with the most infernal tortures savagery can devise. If a treaty of peace or trade is concluded with a neighboring chieftain the treaty is ratified by the same horrible ceremony. It is when a chieftain himself dies, however, that the grand human sacrifice is consummated. Then fourteen or fifteen of his dependents are slain. A five black infant is frequently placed under the corpse's head for a pillow, to make it rest easy, and thus the burial takes place. The Congo savages think no more of spilling the blood of a human sacrifice than the ancient Jews did of the ceremonial killing of a goat or lamb. Like that, the human sacrifice is part of both religion and custom. What the horrible tortures are by which the slaves are put to death is plainly told by Mr. Glave.

He thinks a fleet of half a dozen fast armed steamers, patrolling the river up and down, officered by brave, determined, skillful white men, could stop the abomination. Twenty black soldiers, who understood the language and customs of the country, would be sufficient for each boat.

All this recalls the labors and anxieties of the devoted Dr. Livingstone, who understood these horrors fully, and who, do what he would, could not interest civilized nations sufficiently to make them interfere to any purpose. Perhaps they will do so now.

Did Columbus Discover America?

Mr. Blair says there was a grave doubt whether Columbus ever discovered America. It was claimed by many that America was discovered 500 years before Columbus was born. The exhibition, he declared, is no fair one if it was connected with the name of Columbus, was an arrant humbug. Mr. Hoar moved to strike out the Columbus statue provision. After further discussion Mr. Hoar's amendment was agreed to, and the naval review amendment agreed to—yeas, 28; nays, 27. The section as adopted reads:

Section 3—That the president is hereby empowered and directed to hold a naval review in New York harbor in April, 1892, and to extend to foreign nations an invitation to send ships of war to join the United States navy in rendezvous at Hampton Roads and proceed thence to said review.

Mr. Blair's amendment to the first section of the bill prohibiting the sale of liquors, when and within the limits of the exhibition grounds was agreed to—yeas, 33; nays, 15. The bill (which had been under consideration as in committee of the whole) was then reported to the senate and the vote was again taken by yeas and nays on the amendment for a naval review. The vote resulted—yeas, 37; nays, 26. The provision remains in the bill. The bill was then passed—yeas, 43; nays, 13. Senators Barbour, Berry, Blackburn, Cockrell, Coke, Gibson, Hampton, Morgan, Pugh, Reagan, Vance, Vest and Waithall voted in the negative.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—

New York	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	4
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Ewing and Buckley, Vickery and Clements.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	4
Brooklyn	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Batteries: Getzein and Bennett, Hughes and Clark.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	2	0	0	2	5	0	9
Cleveland	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	4

Batteries: Schmitt and Miller, Parsons and Zimmer.

At Cincinnati—

Cincinnati	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3
Chicago	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	4

Batteries: Foreman and Keenan, Coughlin and Kittridge.

The Players' League.

At New York—

New York	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	8
Philadelphia	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	7

Batteries: Ewing and Ewing, Knell and Milligan.

At Boston—

Boston	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Gumbert and Kelly, Weyhing and Cook.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Staley and Carroll, Baldwin and Boyle.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	4
Cleveland	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	5

Batteries: Ferson and Mack, Bakely and Sutcliffe.

American Association.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	7
Rochester	0	0	7	0	0	1	0	2	1

Batteries: McMahon and Robinson, Barr and Sanders.

At Louisville—

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Sivetts and Adams, Stratton and Ryan.

Atlantic League.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 2; New Haven, 3.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 6; Worcester, 28.

At Jersey City—Jersey City, 21; Newark, 12.

At Washington—Washington, 13; Hartford, 9.

The Umpire to Ring.

LOUISVILLE, April 22.—The following notice to umpires has been issued by the president of the American association:

The attention of the umpires of the American association is called to the provisions contained in the book of the Association which prohibit them as players of the game from disputing or questioning the decisions of the umpire. And the umpires are directed not to allow any player or member of the respective baseball clubs to come in from their positions to argue with him or to dispute concerning any decision made by him. The umpires are hereby required to the captains of both clubs before play begins that this rule will be strictly enforced, and whenever any player or captain starts in to argue or question any decision of the umpire he will be warned by the umpire not to come in, and if he continues to violate this rule the umpire will enforce the penalties provided in such cases. I beg leave to assure the umpires that I will support them in all decisions in their action taken in pursuance to their directions herein given.

ZACH PHELPS,
President American Association.

New York State Items.

ALBANY, April 22.—The following have become laws without the governor's approval: An act to amend chapter 84 of the laws of 1880, entitled "An act to incorporate the city of Yonkers;" an act making an appropriation for a state armory at Malone, N. Y. An act to increase the compensation of the county judge and surrogate of Otsego county. An act allowing the supervisors of Otsego county to borrow $40,000 on bond to pay certain debts. An act relating to vaults erected under sidewalks in New York city. Amending the act authorizing the Buffalo park commissioners to locate parks in the Fifteenth ward and the town of Tonawanda. An act providing for the erection of an armory for the Fourteenth regiment in Brooklyn. An act authorizing Batavia to raise money to pay water bonds of said village.

Rev. Mellowell Elected Chancellor.

TIFFIN, O., April 22.—Rev. W. F. McDowell of this place was elected Methodist Episcopal church in this city for the past five years, has been elected chancellor of the University of Denver and president of the board of trustees of Westminster college. He will enter upon his duties in September. Mr. McDowell is a graduate of the Wesleyan university of Delaware, and of the Boston Theological seminary. He is one of the most successful preachers in the church and is but 32 years old.

The Puritan's Sad Break.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The Fall River line steamer Puritan, which grounded on Hallett's point on Monday night, while it has been placed on the dry dock. It is now thought that it will cost between $80,000 and $40,000 to repair the steamer, as there is a great hole in her keel and in several places as wide as five feet on the port side.

Catcher Cahill's Ambition.

NEW HAVEN, April 22.—Thomas Cahill, a catcher on the New Haven reserve list, has been suspended by Manager Schaefer for not reporting for duty and for failure to sign a contract. Cahill is attending medical lectures at the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia, and wants more money than last year.

A Hundred Dollars for a Murder.

BALTIMORE, April 22.—The third trial of William W. Christopher for the murder of Charles P. Logue last summer was heard and resulted in Christopher pleading guilty. The court imposed a fine of $100 and costs.

PASSED BY THE SENATE.

The House World's Fair Bill Approved.

CONSOLATION FOR NEW YORK.

The Amendment Providing for a Naval Review at the Metropolis in April, 1892, Becomes a Part of the Measure—No Stamp for Columbus.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—In the senate the World's fair bill passed by the house was called up by Mr. Hawley. The only amendment reported by the senate committee was a new section providing for a naval review in New York harbor in April, 1892, and for the unveiling of a statue of Christopher Columbus at Washington.

Mr. Vest opened the debate in opposition to the bill. At the outset he protested against the assumption that the judgment of the house in the matter of location for the fair was correct on the senate. The fact that the city of St. Louis had been an aspirant as a site for the World's fair was a post-mortem proceeding, and he did not intend to introduce ghosts to disturb the tranquillity of the city of Chicago. He had always opposed all legislation looking to an exposition in 1892, and the law should not be passed which called it into existence, but if within the limits of the exhibition grounds was agreed to—yeas, 33; nays, 15. The bill (which had been under consideration as in committee of the whole) was then reported to the senate and the vote was again taken by yeas and nays on the amendment for a naval review. The vote resulted—yeas, 37; nays, 26. The provision remains in the bill. The bill was then passed—yeas, 43; nays, 13. Senators Barbour, Berry, Blackburn, Cockrell, Coke, Gibson, Hampton, Morgan, Pugh, Reagan, Vance, Vest and Waithall voted in the negative.

Section 2—That the president is hereby empowered and directed to hold a naval review in New York harbor in April, 1892, and to extend to foreign nations an invitation to send ships of war to join the United States navy in rendezvous at Hampton Roads and proceed thence to said review.

Mr. Blair's amendment to the first section of the bill prohibiting the sale of liquors, when and within the limits of the exhibition grounds was agreed to—yeas, 33; nays, 15. The bill (which had been under consideration as in committee of the whole) was then reported to the senate and the vote was again taken by yeas and nays on the amendment for a naval review. The vote resulted—yeas, 37; nays, 26. The provision remains in the bill. The bill was then passed—yeas, 43; nays, 13. Senators Barbour, Berry, Blackburn, Cockrell, Coke, Gibson, Hampton, Morgan, Pugh, Reagan, Vance, Vest and Waithall voted in the negative.

ATTACKED BY STRIKERS

Non-Union Men at Chicago Are Roughly Handled.

SAMUEL GOMPERS INTERVIEWED.

He Expresses His Sentiments Regarding the Eight Hour Idea—The Trouble at Pittsburg—Crisis Is Undoubtedly Approaching—Other News from Labor's World.

CHICAGO, April 22.—A small riot and several savage assaults upon non-union carpenters served to enliven the monotony of the big strike. The strikers created a disturbance in the north western part of the city, when a delegation of them went to a new building and urged the foreman to stop work. He was receiving forty cents an hour and working eight hours, so he refused to leave the building and the work men under him followed suit. Arming themselves with clubs, brickbats and big sticks, the infuriated strikers attacked the men, and before the patrol wagon arrived the foreman was knocked down and seriously injured. The rioters were locked up by the police.

Rioters Into Insensibility.

Another set of the strikers savagely attacked two carpenters at work on an Armitage avenue building, and the victims were taken home in the patrol wagon with scalp wounds. Their assailants fled before the police came to the rescue. A carpenter by the name of Frank Jones, employed by W. Clark on a North Sheldon street building was stopped on his way to work by a mob of thirty strikers, all foreigners of unpronounceable names. Half a dozen set upon him, cut open one eye with a ring, knocked him down and kicked and beat him into insensibility. The men then made their escape like the police arrived.

Gompers on the Eight Hour Idea.

"The eight hour day is the sole idea being considered by the labor world," said Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. "In the history of the social and economic movements of the world there has not been one which received at once such complete the same sympathy and support that has been accorded to the eight hour movement. It has covered Europe, and on May 1 the working population of that continent will demand the eight hour day. We have chosen the carpenters as the first craft for which to win this benefit. When the carpenters shall have won the eight hour day for themselves and mine laborers. Then other trades will be taken up and pushed forward. In this way the entire change of the industrial system will be made. The day shall have been accomplished with the least effect on the country's business. There is no doubt of the success of the movement."

Labor Troubles Ahead.

The labor organizations of Chicago have appointed committees to arrange for a monster eight-hour-day procession on May 1. They expect to have 70,000 men in line. No progress was made toward a settlement of the carpenters' strike. In fact, a settlement seems further off than ever.

The Trouble at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, April 22.—Grand Master Wilkinson, of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, was in consultation with a mass of men in Knights of Labor hall for several hours. The men have grown bolder in the presence of their leaders and say they can stop all trains from New York to Chicago inside the sixteen points presented in their grievances are conceded them. The railroads have conceded all but five of these points, but the most important—wages—remain to be settled. Though all lines entering the city are running smoothly the men are becoming defiant over the strenuous efforts of the Baltimore & Ohio road to put in new men and local detectives to center non-union men here in order to anticipate a strike.

It is said the ruling sentiment is for arbitration and conversations on the railroads seem willing to give way to a certain extent.

The railroad employes here are very restless, and it is highly probable that the strike of their eastern brethren will be contagious. The railway conductors are not in any trouble, but have a grievance of their own. A committee representing the Order of Railway Conductors arrived in the city April 9 to request the Iron Mountain to have shorter runs and more pay. The matter has not yet been adjusted.

The Miners Will Strike.

BRAZIL, Ind., April 22.—The Brazil Block Coal company, acting with the Indiana operators generally, has posted at each block mine a notice of a five cent reduction, to take effect May 1. The price paid is seventy-five cents. The miners demand ninety-five cents. The miners seem determined to strike the second week in May, in accordance with the order of the Miners' National union declaring that if the Columbus scale was not paid at any point in Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia the miners throughout this entire competitive district should go out at midnight Saturday. Arbitration is not proposed by either party, nor does there seem to be any chance for it to succeed.

The Indianapolis Trouble.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 22.—The striking carpenters have organized seven hour unions and refuse to work for contractors under nine hours. The Builders' and Contractors' association desired a settlement, and he had determined to grant more time in the hope that something might be done, but this would positively be the last favor granted the contractors. All the union painters in the city have gone out on refusal of the bosses to grant eight hours work at the present wages an hour. The men have been getting twenty-five cents and working nine hours.

The Hartford Carpet Company's Reduction.

THOMPSONVILLE, Conn., April 22.—The anticipated 10 per cent. reduction in the wages of the 2,500 employes of the Hartford Carpet company took effect yesterday. By the present scale of reduction the three-ply carpet weavers will be compelled to work for less than the wages as weavers in England. They held a secret meeting last night for the purpose of deciding upon a strike. Should they strike it will throw the mills to shut down. The men are not well organized, however, and it is thought they will postpone their strike for a time.

Rioters and Troops Collide.

VIENNA, April 22.—The strikers renewed their rioting at Troppau, Austrian Silesia, They were finally dispersed by the military but not until they had smashed every window in two of the principal streets. In the collision between the rioters and the troops many were injured on both sidesand conveyed to the hospitals.

THE EXCURSION A FIZZLE.

Only Two Pan-Americans Went on the Tour—The Trip Recalled.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The secretary of state has telegraphed Capt. Burke, in charge of the train that was carrying the Pan-American delegates on their southern tour, to return to Washington from Richmond. This was done by Secretary Blaine because so few of the delegates desired to make the excursion. Thirteen of the forty-one delegates accepted the invitation, but only two of them—Dr. Silva, of Columbia, and Dr. Zegarra, of Peru—left Washington with the party. The others sent letters of regret, giving various reasons for withdrawing their acceptances.

Some were detained by important business, some were called to New York by telegraph, others had decided to sail at once for their homes and the rest were too ill or too tired to make the journey. Several persons called to join their southern tour, but were unable to do so, and the secretary of state decided that the number of those going would not justify the expense of the journey which would cost as much as if the entire conference had gone, the whole outlay would probably have been $10,000.

The secretary said that he sincerely regretted that the commercial organizations and the citizens of the south who had made preparations to entertain the delegates had to be disappointed, but felt that they would appreciate the circumstances which compelled the abandonment of the excursion. The fourth delegation which has visited this country for seven months and some of them even longer and are anxious to return to their homes as soon as possible. They minister of fine the hospitality extended them and very much regret that they cannot accept it.

News from Brazil.

NEW YORK, April 22.—Messrs. C. R. Flint & Co. have just received the following cable from Rio Janeiro, Brazil: Ouro Preto, minister of the interior; Vriburn, minister of finance; Alcoria, minister of agriculture; Lavalle, minister of war; Santa Pena, minister of foreign affairs, and Wandenkolk, minister of marine, compose the provisional bank shares, 148." Mr. Flint said. "This is the first correct list of members of the new cabinet to reach us; all others were mere conjectures. The financial news in the cable shows that the disturbances on the Balsa in Buenos Ayres a few weeks ago was only momentary, and that complete quietude has been restored. The new minister of foreign affairs, Senar Pena, is the delegate from the Argentine republic to the International American conference at Washington."

Opposed to the Window Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The caucus of Republican members of the house last night on the silver question was spirited and led to a wide discussion of the matter. It developed that the bill would have been a house caucus committee (nine of the fifteen members) was explained by Mr. Conger, and that of the minority by Mr. Perkins. Finally, after a long discussion, on motion of Mr. Perkins, representing the extreme silver men of the minority, the whole matter was recommitted to the house caucus committee with instructions to report to another caucus of the Republicans of the house on Wednesday night. The discussion of the night developed the fact that a majority of those present were opposed to the Windom bill.

The Horrors of Immigration.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The senate immigration committee went down the bay and surprised the captain of the incoming steamer Britannic by a visit of inspection before she reached her dock. They compelled the captain to show them the steerage. There were 780 Italian immigrants aboard. Senator Chandler declared say that the stench and filth were terrible. It seemed impossible that human beings could live under such conditions. There were no signs of any accommodation for cleanliness or even decency. The case will be reported to the proper authorities.

The New Immigration Machinery.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—Assistant Secretary Tichenor and Solicitor Hepburn have returned from New York, where they have been for several days perfecting the new immigration machinery into operation. Col. Tichenor says everything is running smoothly and satisfactorily, and when the new force are thoroughly familiar with their duties business will be transacted more expeditiously and speedily than under the old employes and old system.

Died During Divine Service.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 22.—Mrs. Orville Coon, of East Syracuse, the wife of a popular farmer, died in the church of a fatal cardiac epileptic fit. Doctors were summoned, but without avail, and she died soon after. There was considerable excitement in the church.

A Billion Dollar Schemer.

BOSTON, April 22.—A Herald special from the city of Mexico says a European syndicate has offered to assume the entire debt of the Mexican government, including railroad bonds and the state debts, amounting in all to $1,000,000,000. Arbitration is not proposed by either party, nor does there seem to be any chance for it to succeed.

Badly Shaken Up.

ROME, April 22.—Telegrams have been received here announcing that the crown prince of Italy, who is making the tour of southern Russia, was today badly shaken up and injured. The accident occurred on the train on which he was traveling was pulling out of Vladikavkas, the principal city of the Terek district, a wheel broke and the train was derailed.

He Refused to Deal with Them.

BOSTON, April 22.—The striking employes at Squire's, who presented a committee and a statement of grievances to Mr. Squire, but he refused to deal with them as a body and advised them to get work elsewhere as he could not accede to terms and did not think they had any grievances.

To Open York State Canals.

ALBANY, April 22.—Superintendent Hannan has order the Erie, Black river, Oswego and Seneca canals to be opened for navigation on April 25, and the Champlain canal on May 1, completing of improvements on the latter branch necessitating a later opening day than the other lines.

An Ex-Mayor Missing.

FITCHBURG, Mass., April 22.—Ex-Mayor Eli Culley, who has recently been quite well, went to ride about 2 p. m., and has not since been seen. It is feared that he has met with some accident and parties are searching for him.

A Newark Hat Factory Burned.

NEWARK, N. J., April 22.—The hat factory of T. Allison was completely burned this morning. Loss, $30,000; insurance, $2,000.

MR. PARNELL'S ADDRESS

He Speaks on the Irish Land Purchase Bill.

HIS OBJECTIONS TO IT STATED

He Says It Does Not Provide for Carrying Out What It Proposes and Exhausts the Only Irish Credit Available—Balfour as a Land Reformer.

LONDON, April 22.—In the house of commons Mr. Parnell moved that the Irish land purchase bill be rejected by the house. Speaking in support of his motion, he said that the measure justified the claims the Nationalists made nine years ago. He welcomed Mr. Balfour as the latest recruit to the ranks of the land reformers. While accepting the government's recognition of the principle of the land for the people, Mr. Parnell declared that he could not admit that the bill was a satisfactory solution of the land question.

The Taxpayer's Attitude.

The initial question was how far the British taxpayer would go in lending credit to the Irish landlord. The experience gained by the discussion of Mr. Gladstone's land bill in 1886 showed that the taxpayer would not go far enough to finally settle the land difficulty. The present bill was meant simply to enable one-ninth of the owners of land in Ireland—these being the larger absentee landlords—to sell out at exorbitant prices, leaving their poorer resident brethren in the lurch.

Provisions of the Bill.

Mr. Parnell objected to the bill on the ground that it did not provide for carrying out what it proposed, while it exhausted the only Irish credit available. The bill, he declared, was unsafe to the imperial taxpayer, the guarantees and counter guarantees it provided being illusory and insufficient.

According to Mr. Balfour's figures, relief would be provided for only three-fourths of the tenants. Mr. Parnell further objected to the bill because it would exhaust the Irish credit without the consent of the Irish, and without any local control in the application of the money to be distributed under the provisions of the bill. Again, while coercion is applied as it is now the tenant can never be a free agent. The bill did not deal with the congested districts.

The Measure.

His own proposal, he said, was the same that he made in 1881, with a few modifications. Dealing with the insufficiency of the bill, Mr. Parnell stated that the land question was not so large as many people supposed, but they could make it larger by the method of purchase proposed.

If adopted, this would make the question a larger question. The principle of the bill was to buy whole estates, and £40,000,000 was a ridiculously inadequate sum for the purpose. Ireland contained 14,000,000 acres of land, the poor law valuation of which was £9,000,000, amounting at eighteen and a half years' purchase to £166,500,000, which amount would be required to provide a solution of the land question. Otherwise three-quarters of the question would be left untouched. Nine-tenths of the landlords would have no prospect except to continue the strife with tenants trying to obtain the same treatment as the favored minority.

The Parnellites are divided in their opinions on Mr. Parnell's motion. They think an explanation is necessary.

DR. TALMAGE OFFENDED.

He Resented What He Thought a Slur to His Church.

BROOKLYN, April 22.—At the meeting of the Brooklyn Presbytery it appeared that there was due from Dr. Talmage's Tabernacle $400. Dr. Archibald McCullough said if the Tabernacle did not feel that they could meet the Presbytery to some recommendation should be made to meet the deficit. Dr. Talmage said that he was sorry that the Tabernacle would meet all its obligations and there would be no necessity for any such action as that suggested by Brothers.

Treasurer Ham said he had left word at Dr. Talmage's house concerning the deficit. Dr. Talmage replied that he had not heard of his calling. He then left the assessment personally, and, returning to his seat in the pew, said with much feeling:

"As the fact that my dearly beloved church is in debt was permanent why was made so conspicuous here, I wish to say that this peculiar and high handed attempt to cast a slur upon it is unwarranted. I am astonished that the item of the $400 assessment which was overlooked. At the same time I wish to protest in the name of my beloved church against the imputation sought to be cast."

There was no response to Dr. Talmage's remarks, and a few minutes later he took up his hat and left to attend a funeral.

Kemmler's Buffalo Jail Whisky.

BUFFALO, April 22.—The Auburn special to The New York Herald says that Sheriff Keeler is reported as saying that he was "full of whisky in the Buffalo jail" was shown to Sheriff Jenkins, who emphatically denied the statement that Kemmler was lushy while in jail here, except what was ordered by the physician. When Kemmler was arrested he had just been on a protracted spree, and up and down all night. An liquor at that time would have been dangerous. The sheriff said that Kemmler was given a small allowance by order of the jail physician until he could get rid of the effects of his spree. After that he was given none.

The Fishery Question.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 22.—Sir John Thompson, minister of justice, is authority for the statement that when a settlement of the Behring sea difficulty is reached the United States government will be prepared to open negotiations with a view to an arrangement of the Atlantic fishery question. It is learned that a delegation is about to come from Newfoundland to discuss with the dominion government the subject of confederation.

He Followed His Wife and Children.

FRANKLINVILLE, N. Y., April 22.—John Malone, a farm hand in the employ of James Naglee, shot and killed himself. He had worked steadily on the farm mentioned since a boy of 13 years, and during the past year had lost his wife and two children, since which time he had become despondent and melancholy.

For Nine Hours and the Same Pay.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., April 22.—About 200 journeymen carpenters held a meeting last night and voted to demand nine hours a day since they had the same pay as now received for ten hours.

Leonard and Gallagher Wrestle.

BUFFALO, April 22.—A great crowd saw Hugh Leonard and Dennis Gallagher wrestle catch-as-catch-can for a $500 purse offered by the Buffalo Athletic club last night. Over 2,500 persons paid admission. Gallagher won the first fall in 30 minutes. Leonard the second in 1 hour and 5 minutes. Then for 50 minutes the men wrestled until midnight, when both were almost too exhausted to continue, although Gallagher was the better shape. They consented to Referee Tom Michael, of Detroit, calling it a draw, and the stockholders thereupon declined to pay either any portion of the purse.

Conductor Houghtaling Arraigned.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 22.—Conductor John Houghtaling, who was in charge of the Lake Shore train at the time of the Bay View accident, was arraigned before Justice Childs on the charges of manslaughter in the second degree. Houghtaling's counsel said he desired to plead not guilty with the privilege of demurring to the indictment. On a charge of willful neglect of duty he pleaded not guilty. Bail was fixed at $2,500.

Cronin Convict Woodruff Released.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Frank Woodruff was formally discharged from the house of correction for complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin in Judge Hawes' court yesterday. The bail that had been fixed at $5,000 was reduced so that three full terms of court have passed since he demanded a separate trial was the ground on which he was discharged. The attorney will demand $2,000 bail on the horse stealing charge at this term of court.

A Fight in the Lobby.

COLUMBUS, O., April 22.—The house of representatives, when the session this morning, was interrupted by a fight in the lobby between Adjt. Gen. Morton L. Hawkins and Col. Sol P. Kinnear, an officer of the First regiment of Cincinnati, the trouble disputing concerning regimental matters when Kinnear called Hawkins a liar and was immediately knocked down by him. The sergeant-at-arms then separated them.

Jos. F. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

J. P. Laire & Co.
STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.
SEEDS FOR
FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.
Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.
HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.
Gasoline and Oil Stoves.
[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]
ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

SEE THE COMPARISON.
EAST AGAINST THE WEST.
OURS. McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle Texas Beef,
Jersey Lambs. Colorado Goats.
Native Veal. Western Grasse.
Jersey Pork. Chicago Dressed.
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Sugar Cured Hams. Shoulders Ham Trimmed.
FAIR PRICES.
J. R. Stanley's, Day at any Price.
94 Somerset street. At Mcginty's

Meats of all Kinds
at the New Meat Market,
No. 17 West Front Street.
GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,
Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m

Edw. C. Mulford,
REAL ESTATE
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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST, MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

FURNITURE
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BEDDING,
Baby Carriages!
I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in this vicinity, which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.
R. R. Fairchild.
21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.
4 doors below Post-Office.
SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED
PEERLESS DYES
Sold by Druggists.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Read This from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The indictment against John Kunze, the Camden accused, has been stricken from the court record at the request of State's Attorney Longstreet, who stated that he had no new evidence against Him and did not expect to get any.

Charles E. Graves, aged 32, died April 21 at Bennington, Vt., from the effects of an overdose of morphine taken to alleviate pain from rheumatism. Mr. Graves served during the rebellion in Company H, 5th U. S. Regular Army sharpshooters, and was well known in G. A. R. circles, and at the time of his death was a staff officer to Gen Alger.

John P. Griffith, business manager of the Northern Christian Advocate, died on April 16, aged 39.

The president has sent to the senate the following nominations: To be post chaplains in the army—The Rev. Delmare Latell, of Vermont; the Rev. John L. Galvin of Ohio.

Charles L. Dietzer has been appointed deputy collector of customs at Buffalo.

Henry D. Perry was elected a seaman in place of ex-Register Slevin, and J. B. Medjbrick, secretary, in place of Thomas F. Gilroy, at the Tammany society election.

The Dahomians having murdered four French soldiers, the French army has retaliated by beheading five of the Amazon warrior held prisoners in their camp.

Augustus P. Rockwell, a Broadway farmer has made an assignment. It was precipitated by a suit of Revilion Freres, of Paris, for $80,000.

King Kalakua and one member of his cabinet are opposed to reciprocity with the United States.

The will of Francis G. Cunningham, who died on March 24, at Nice, leaves $250,000 for the benefit of Marie H. Filippini, of Villa Dupont, Rue Pergolese, Paris, and her daughter, Gabrielle Francois. The will continues: "I authorize the said Gabrielle F. to assume and take and use the name of Gabrielle F. Cunningham." Cunningham was a bachelor.

Assemblyman Howell Stull, of Mercer, and ex-Alderman James Hillman, of Hudson ward, Trenton, N. J., engaged in a lively fist fight in which Stull was the victor.

John Rhodes, a farmer, aged 44 years, living about four miles from Greencastle, Pa., shot and instantly killed his nephew, William N. Rhodes, aged 24 years.

Capt. W. B. Couch, the famous Okla-homa "boomer," died April 21 of the wound received in a dispute over the title to land he had taken up.

C. E. Kincaid, the slayer of Taulbee, has been released on $20,000 bail.

The New York Star says: "Col. G. W. C. Lepbourn, who obtained considerable notoriety lately in New York in connection with a national Catholic bank, is in Paris engaged in floating the enterprise."

According to The New York Press relations between this government and that of Guatemala have been strained by reason of the efforts of Secretary Blaine to obtain justice for J. H. Hollander, an American citizen, who, as editor of The Guatemala Star, has been twice imprisoned and finally expelled from the country, besides suffering confiscation of his newspaper property.

A Skeleton by Express.

BOSTON, April 22.—Last Saturday two boxes were received in Waltham by express marked "W. W. Marsh, Waltham, Mass., from W. A. Raymond, New York." They were similar to those in which dead bodies are shipped, and Mr. Marsh refused to receive them, as he had had no relatives lately. The boxes remained in the express office till today, when they were opened. One contained a costly broadcloth covered casket, in which was a skeleton of a man, fastened at the head by means of a hook on the skull and a ring in the wood. The remaining of the boxes bespoke the work of a professional. The smaller box contained the paraphernalia supposed to be for some secret lodge work. Mr. Marsh professed entire ignorance of the intent of the sender and the skeleton will probably be turned over to the authorities.

An Advance of 12 Per Cent.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Mass., April 21.—The Para Rubber Shoe company has voluntarily increased the wages of their employes an average of about 12 per cent. in the different departments.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Amer can Damask, a neat pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol

At $13 two styles. Fine Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

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King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

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	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c	$2.50
California Plums	20c	2.00
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Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless and extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

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Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Terms moderate. address Miss Abbott, P. O. Box 1099.

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A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons in ladies and gentlemen, in French and German Languages, and Art Painting. For further information address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

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Counselor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Terms sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

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Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 21 and 23. Importers and Traders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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LOWEST PRICES.

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BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Plaids as well as the leading Shades.

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TO FIT EVERYBODY.

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62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

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Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. Fresh every day.

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Pine, Raspberry, etc.

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Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-sausage, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Limburger, Brie, Refrahatzel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

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Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to continue in the business, and solicits a continuance of their favors. Will act as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

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Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years.

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Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street near

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Woolston & Buckle,

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Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

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Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

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Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

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FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

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FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Deer and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Bleaching and Stamping. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

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Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan shades	$1.50, $2.25 2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats.. $1.50, $2, 2.50	
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks..... $1.50 to 5.00	
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular	.12
Children's " " " "	.15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves	25c
4-Button Kid Gloves..... 49, 69,	75c

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Established 1866.)

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ALE AND PORTER.

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BARGAIN HOUSE.

DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses will convincingly demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

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How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! 'Tis the best bargain we have offered in some time—a few days more and 'twill all be sold.

* * *

Do you want mattings? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

* * *

Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

* * *

House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a dinner set, you will find it here. We sell them complete at 25c. Curtain poles complete at 25c.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

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All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 313

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Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

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10 days only,

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.05, 5.48, 6.20, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 5.05, 5.48, 6.20, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 a. m., 12.10, 12.40, 1.10, 1.40, 2.10, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 10.40, 11.10, 11.40 p. m.

Leave New York at 8.45, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 8.45, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.40, 6.59, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.56, 6.40, 6.59, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 7.45, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Plainfield take cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.05, 9.37, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 3.30, 5.45, 6.34, 8.00, 9.36, 11.15 p. m. Sunday, 9.37, 11.30 a. m., 8.00, 11.15 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 7.55, 9.40, 11.15, 12.30 p. m., 4.40, 6.25, 7.15, 9.00, 10.40 p. m. Sunday, 9.40, 11.15, 12.30 p. m., 9.00, 10.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 9.01, 9.04, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 3.30, 5.45 p. m. Sunday, at 9.04, 11.30 a. m., 5.45 p. m. Leave Easton at 6.15, 8.00, 11.15 a. m., 4.40, 6.25 p. m. Sunday, at 8.00, 11.15 a. m., 6.25 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 10 a. m. For Somerville, Flemington, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

At 9.37 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Manunka Chunk, Delaware and Lackawanna, Stroudsburg, Water Gap, Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Portland, Oregon, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, B. C., Alaska, Japan, China, Australia, New Zealand, Africa, Europe, Asia, South America, Mexico, Central America, Cuba, Hawaiian Islands, Sandwich Islands, Fiji Islands, Samoa, Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas Islands, Paumotu Islands, Gambier Islands, Low Archipelago, Navigator Islands, Friendly Islands, Tonga Islands, Solomon Islands, New Hebrides, New Caledonia, Loyalty Islands, Norfolk Island, Lord Howe Island, Kermadec Islands, Chatham Islands, Auckland Islands, Campbell Islands, Macquarie Islands, Balleny Islands, Sabrina Islands, Peter I. Island, Alexander I. Island, Graham Land, Palmer Land, Weddell Land, Coats Land, Enderby Land, Kemp Land, Wilkes Land, Victoria Land, Ross Land, Adelie Land, Louis Philippe Land, Grinnell Land, Franklin Land, Parry Land, Melville Land, Prince Patrick Land, Banks Land, Victoria Land, Wollaston Land, Prince Albert Land, Prince of Wales Land, Southampton Land, Baffin Land, Greenland, Iceland, Jan Mayen Land, Spitzbergen, Nova Zembla, Franz Josef Land, Siberia, Kamchatka, Behring Sea, Behring Straits, Behring Island, Copper Island, Aleutian Islands, Kadiak Island, Sitka, Alexander Archipelago, Queen Charlotte Islands, Vancouver Island, Puget Sound, Columbia River, Oregon, Shasta, Mount Hood, Mount Rainier, Mount St. Helens, Mount Adams, Mount Jefferson

REMUNERATIVE SONGS.

"She Wore a Wreath of Roses" was sold by the composer for £3 10s. When the copyright came to be sold the auctioneer's hammer fell at £300.

George Barker allowed the "White Squall" to go for 40s., though after Messrs. Cramer had realized thousands by it they sent the composer a check for £100.

Leslie's well known song, "Four Jolly Smiths," was recently sold for £262 10s., and that beautiful Scottish melody, "Afton Water," by Alexander Hume, for £160.

For "There's a Good Time Coming, Boys," Henry Russell received £3 for "The Maniac," £1, and for "Man the Lifeboat" 10s. Yet all these songs have been a source of immense profit to the music sellers.

"Grandfather's Clock" was for a season one of the most popular ditties of the Nineteenth century. Thousands of pounds were made by it, yet Mr. H. C. Bernard got only a few shillings for the copyright.

"Cheer, Boys, Cheer," which the regimental bands played when the British soldiers were starting for the Crimea, and from which the publishers have realized many thousands, secured for Henry Russell only £2.

Every one knows the song, "Alice, Where Art Thou?" Mr. Wellington Guernsey, the composer, offered it to several publishers for £5 each, but they refused the bargain, only to find, to their sore annoyance and disgust, that it eventually attained an immense sale.

Balfe's song, "Come Into the Garden, Maud," was composed for Messrs. Bosney & Co. and was published on the royalty system. Shortly after it became popular Balfe sold his royalty to the firm for £100. Now the copyright, if put into the open market, would run into four figures.

From "God Bless the Prince of Wales" (which was sold outright) and the Welsh national anthem the publishers are supposed to have netted thousands of pounds; yet all that Mr. Brinley Richards, the composer, received for the copyright was £25. The publishers did afterward give him 100 guineas as a bonus on his success.

For that very pretty and popular song, "Kathleen Mavourneen," the composer, Mr. F. N. Crouch, received just £5. The same sum was paid to Milton for "Paradise Lost." The copyright is now in the hands of Mr. Lonsdale Bros., who paid £300 for it, and poor Crouch some years ago was looking death in the face through starvation glasses.

Perhaps the most remunerative song of recent times, so far as the composer was concerned, was "The Lost Chord," from which, alone, Sir Arthur Sullivan realizes a handsome income. At first, Sir Arthur was glad to part with the copyright of his songs for 5 or 10 guineas, but since his name became famous he has published only on the basis of a royalty on each copy sold. The one of his earlier known songs which he sold outright was "Sweethearts," for which the Messrs. Chappell paid him £700.—New York Mail and Express.

GEMS OF THOUGHT.

A good conscience makes an easy couch.

Each day is a little life; our life is but a day expended.

It costs more to revenge injuries than to bear them.

True eloquence consists in saying all that is required and in saying only what is required.

No blunt thou spoken heart is dull in a soul cast into time, and grows through all that entombs.

Scandals are like dandelion seeds; they are scrutinized and pick where they fall, and bring forth and multiply tourfold.

Life is a sacred trust to all. He is at fault who does not take due care of his own; he is guilty who does not respect the lives of others.

In school-room that influence itself would induce a person to be honest, as it requires infinitely greater pains and contrivance to be a knave.

Money to a man is like water to a plant, only useful as long as it promotes growth—like water in the fountain or water in the tank, keep it flowing, and is blesses; keep it stagnant, and it injures.

A good inclination is but the first rude draught of virtues; but the finishing strokes are from the will, which, if well disposed, will by degrees perfect; if ill disposed, will by the superinduction of ill habits quickly deface it.

A young man must so conduct himself as to command the respect and confidence of all with whom he comes in contact. The way in which he is regarded by others will have a powerful influence on his future. To disregard the opinions of others would be to invite failure.

Prejudice may be considered as a continual false medium of viewing things; for the prejudiced not only never speak well, but also never think well of those whom they dislike, and the whole character and conduct is so considered with an eye to that particular thing which offends them.

Good manners are the blossoms of good sense and of good feeling. If the law of kindness be written on the heart, it will lead to kind disforbearance in both great and little things—that desire to oblige, and that attention to the gratification of others, which are the foundation of good manners.—Montreal Star.

IRELAND'S ROUND TOWERS.

Lusk, height 100 feet; circumference, 43 feet.

Antrim, height 93 feet; circumference, 50 feet.

Maslick, height 70 feet; circumference, 62 feet.

Cashel, height 90 feet; circumference, 52 feet.

Devenish, height 76 feet; circumference, 63 feet.

Timahoe, height 96 feet; circumference, 60 feet.

Clondalkin, height 85 feet; circumference, 48 feet.

Scattery, height 125 feet; circumference, 80 feet.

Temple Finan, height 56 feet; circumference, 49 feet.

Ardmore, height 96 feet; circumference, 52 feet. Strong, rough but excellent ashlar masonry; rather open jointed; sandstone in well squared courses.

Monasterboice, height 110 feet; circumference, 51 feet. Stones roughly hammer dressed, rounded to the curve of the wall, decidedly through courses but irregularly coursed.

Kilnia, height 84 feet; circumference, 51 feet. Stones laid in horizontal courses, well dressed and carefully worked to the round and batter of the wall, and coursed in strong, plain mortar of lime and sand.

Turlough, height 70 feet; circumference, 57 feet. It is built of rough field stone, cemented by hammer or trowel and rounded, but fitted by their length to the curve of the wall, roughly coursed, with jointed, with small stones fitted into the interstices; number of courses, twenty-nine; doorway, 7 feet 9. Hodges in the Historical Chronicle.

BLUE GRASS BEAUTIES.

DAISY FITZHUGH'S GLOWING DESCRIPTION OF THEIR CHARMS.

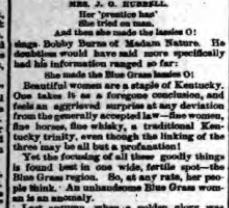
Women Who Are of Lovely Presence and Aristocratic Descent—Portraits and Pen Sketches of Graceful Matrons and Maidens Fair to See.

MRS. J. G. RUSSELL.

Beautiful women are the staple of Kentucky. One takes it as a foregone conclusion, and feels an aggrieved surprise at any deviation from the generally accepted law. The women, fine horses, fine whisky, a traditional Kentucky trinity, even though the linking of the three may be all but a profanation!

Yet the fostering of these goodly things is found best in one wide, fertile spot—the Blue Grass region. So, at any rate, her people think. An unhandsome Blue Grass woman is an anomaly.

Last autumn, when a golden glory was over all the landscape and the perennial verdure of the fields was intensified by a brilliant sprinkling of sled that descended from the Pan-American congress visited Lexington,

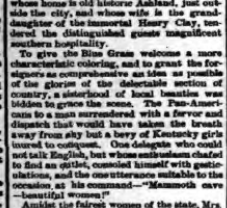


MISS LILY ROBINSON.

the Blue Grass capital. Maj. H. C. McDowell, whose home is old historic Ashland, just outside the city, and whose wife is the granddaughter of the immortal Henry Clay, tendered the distinguished guests magnificent southern hospitality.

To give the Blue Grass welcome a more characteristic coloring, and to grant the foreigners as comprehensive an idea as possible of the glories of her delectable region of country, a sisterhood of local beauties was bidden to grace the scene. The Pan-Americans to a man—and they were a fine set—and dispatch that would have taken the breath away from shy but a bevy of Kentucky girls turned to conquest. One delegate who could not talk English, but whose enthusiasm chafed to find an outlet, consoled himself with gesticulations, and the one utterance suitable to the occasion at his command—"Mammoth cave —beautiful woman!"

Amidst the fairest women of the state, Mrs. J. G. Hubbell, not unsuggestive of Troy's Helen, stands out, like her, "a daughter of the gods, divinely tall, and most divinely fair." She is imperial with the physique of a divinity and the rich coloring of a Greuze. Her complexion in tint and texture is like the heart of a rose, while her sumptuous hair, when unbound, falls about her in a veritable



MRS. GENEVIEVE MORGAN HULLIGAN.

golden shower. The contour of her face is slightly Roumanesque. Another charm belonging to her is a rich mezzo-soprano voice. Such as Miss Laura Davies and since her marriage she has been one of the most beautiful and popular society women in central Kentucky.

Her face it was the fairest
That e'er the sun shone on.

One might venture to say all this, and more if possible, of Miss Lily Robinson and yet scarcely be out of bounds. Certainly her lovelier faces could be fancied than her own. She is the granddaughter of Governor Robinson, one of the old Spartan pillars of the commonwealth, and a daughter of Gen. James F. Robinson. Her father was brigadier general in the late war, and has always been prominently identified with the history of affairs. He is the most conspicuous turfman in Kentucky, being president of the Kentucky association. He was also president of the late William Cassius Goodloe as internal revenue collector of the Seventh district. His daughter is a rich "brune" beauty—a "nut brown maid," with deliciously chiseled features and dusky hair, that clusters about her brow and temples and the nape of the shapely neck in tendrest loveliness. In her manner lurks a part of the composite charm. She adds a piquancy to her rizzle loveliness and makes her as witching a maid as was ever man's undoing.

A superb type of womanhood is Mrs. Genevieve Morgan Hulligan. One hesitates where to fix his admiration in her case, his allegiance compelled equally by her beauty, her intellectuality and that subtle charm of manner that subjugates even apart from the other attributes. She is a poet, an artist, a philanthropist, and yet womanly past question, with a tender, fascinating womanliness. Throughout the state and in metropolitan society everywhere Mrs. Hulligan has queened it royally, and yet is nowhere more irresistible than when in a group of her fair sex she dispenses tea in a Russe in her genuine Samivar to the friends who love to flock about her in her picturesque home near Lexington. There is something almost infantile in the rounded fairness of her face and the soft abandonment of ripply hair that makes her instantly lovable. She is the wife of Judge James H. Hulligan, a prominent lawyer and statesman, and a near relative of John Morgan, the noted Kentucky cavalry leader.

Miss Rosalie Stewart has had a clear "walk over" to her position as a belle. She numbers victims at her chariot wheels by the score, and the fame of her young beauty is widespread. Her father is Dr. J. Q. A. Stewart, a distinguished physician and superintendent of the Feeble Minded institution of the state. There is a certain dash and "chic" about her beauty, and especially is she fair to see when garbed in the quaint empire gowns she much affects. Greek profile in strong relief and her violet eyes upturned.

Mrs. May Viley Jones is that most dangerous thing, a lovely widow. Yet, as beautiful May Viley, of Woodford county, this dainty bit of femininity began her career of conquest. While no more than a schoolgirl she married J. Lawrence Jones, a wealthy young attorney in the Lexington district, who died some years ago. His second matrimonial venture was with R. B. McFerran, a wealthy Louisvillian, from whom she obtained a di-

MISS ROSALIE STEWART.

vorce after a brief, unhappy marital experience. She is a "mixture" of loveliness, all graced, summed up and closed in little." She is not tall, and her figure is of a rounded slenderness. Her face is tinted like a bit of Dresden china, with a fluff of brown gold hair about it. She delights in filling her luxurious Blue Grass home with gay company, among whom she herself is the animating spirit.

One of the greatest toasts and beauties the state has ever known is Miss Maggie H. Clay, of Bourbon county. Wherever she may be, as promenade, in church, in ball room or opera box, eyes turn to her and linger, under the subtle magnetism of her beauty.

To doubt her fairness were to want an eye;
To doubt her pureness were to want a heart.
And those who know her best say that the charming loveliness of her character, unpolluted through the adulation of a lifetime, is the crowning glory to her charm. She has held queenly sway in the state's gay capital in Louisville and as many fashionable resorts, and has said "Nay, nay!" to as long a train of sighing swains as ever maiden bored to desperation. Betrothed to the other day a stranger in Paris, as he caught a glimpse of Miss Clay from a car window: "Tell me

MRS. MAY VILEY JONES.

quickly, who is that beautiful woman!" On being told he fell back in his seat and exclaimed, with fervent emphasis: "Her face is simply heavenly!"

The contrast between the rose leaf fairness of her face and her eyes, which have caught the starry thick of midnight, gives a rare type to her loveliness. The whiteness of her brow is intensified by the dusky, soft hair above it, while the irregularity of nose and mouth is just enough to lend the ensemble that touch that beauty owes to win.

Miss Ruth Stanton has that indefinable possession, "in beaute du diable." The youth, the freshness and the gay spontaneity of her nature lend her a charm as great as that she owes to gray blue eyes, ripe lips, a healthy English glow and a nose "tip tilted like a flower." She is one of the six handsome daughters—and a favorite one—of Maj. H. T. Stanton, the "poet laureate of Kentucky," the author of the immortal poem, "The Mosquitoes Man," scores of other rhythmic efforts and several excellent novels, besides being identified as editor for many years, until its discontinuance, with The Kentucky Yeoman, the Democratic organ of the capital.

The most superb physique in Lexington belongs to Miss Lucy Lee Hill. She is a veritable Kentucky thoroughbred, with grace and

MISS MAGGIE CLAY.

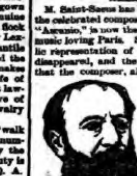
vigor in every pose and the prettiest little foot in the world! Her dancing is the poetry of motion, and her unexcelled beauty, dazzling brightness and vivacity of the typical southern girl. Her costumes are "chic" and strongly individual. Especially is she fond of exotic blues, and adapted and copied all fashions. She has been a reigning belle in Washington, Louisville, Cincinnati, Old Point, Baltimore, and is the her own magnificently wherever she may choose to be.

DAISY FITZHUGH.

THE COMPOSER SAINT-SAENS.

He Is Not Insane; Neither Has He Been Assassinated.

M. Saint-Saens has been discovered. He is the celebrated composer, whose latest work, "Ascanio," is now the talk and admiration of music loving Paris. Soon after the first public representation of the opera Saint-Saens disappeared, and the rumor spread abroad that the composer, always erratic, had lost



M. SAINT-SAENS.

his mind and been placed in a lunatic asylum. Investigation showed this story to be untrue, and another one, equally sensational, was started to the effect that he had been made away with by relatives, who desired to enter into the enjoyment of his fortune. His absence furnished the French capital with ample gossip and food for

surmises during a fortnight. Then it developed that he had quietly taken advantage of his "inalienable rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" to retire to a small Austrian village, where he could carry on his musical work uninterrupted and undisturbed.

The rumor that Saint-Saens had gone crazy seems particularly absurd in view of the following letter, written by him recently to his friend, Gallet, the librettist of "Ascanio," from Dieppe, a French seaside resort:

"I see very, very pretty American women on the sands. I can foresee the day when there will be no pretty women in the world except in America. One understands why these people have no need of art."

And no one who has heard that a man capable of displaying such excellent common sense in his utterances need never fear incarceration in a lunatic asylum for cause.

THE TELEGRAPH OF TODAY.

The Recent Fast Sending Tournament and the Others to Follow.

Telegraphy is a different thing today from what it was a little more than fifty years ago when Professor Morse flashed that first message over the wires—"What hath God wrought!" The expert of half a century back would find the "plug" of the present far his superior. In fact, the old timer would hardly be more at home in a modern tele-

OLD AND NEW TIME INSTRUMENTS.

The upper smaller figures represent the present key and sounder; the larger figure the old Morse receiver.

graph office than would a taker of daguerreotypes in a photographic gallery. Methods, conditions, routine—all have changed marvelously in fifty years.

What the next half century of progress will do for telegraphy no one can tell. It may relegate it to the pigeon hole for back number inventions, or it may simplify the art so that any child who can read and write may send his own messages to the most distant climes.

But, at the moment, just after the close of the New York city fast sending tournament, and with other contests arranged for early dates at New Orleans and in Canada, one not an expert is slightly puzzled to surmise along what lines further improvement can be made. The New York tourney disclosed in use the finest appliances of the day, with the best men and women operators of the sort manipulating the instruments. The dash and expression with which they rattled off the most messages was equaled only by the accuracy and legibility with which Mr. Taltavull, the receiver, "took" them. Both the sender and receiver made records which it will be the honorable ambition of those who engage in the future contests elsewhere to equal, and, if possible, surpass. But they will have to do phenomenal work if they get ahead of the record made by the first prize man, B. R. Pollock, Jr., of Hartford, Conn.

Of his second and winning trial a spectator wrote: "He nodded to the timer, and his hand began to flutter like the wing of a fly. In motion was so rapid that its outlines became indistinct. Tiny blue sparks flew from the point of contact between the key and the circuit. The rattle of the sounders became almost a roar. Strikers ceased work. The city operators watched the countryman's quivering hand with envy. The audience burst into cheers when the judges announced that Pollock had sent 280 words in five minutes."

How a Lawyer Cleared His Client.

The recent death at San Diego, Cal., of Col. Edward D. Baker, noted criminal lawyer of Chicago, brings to mind a sensational scene in a court room of which he was the central figure some years ago. A prisoner he defended was charged with killing several people by means of poisoned biscuits. Some of the biscuits and cakes supposed to contain deadly ingredients were offered by the state in evidence after expert witnesses had sworn that they contained poison. During Mr. Van Arnam's speech to the jury on behalf of his client, to demonstrate as practically as possible the truth of his assertion that the food was harmless, he picked up and devoured three or four of the biscuits. The audience looked on in horror, but the lawyer kept talking, and when he sat down an hour later seemed as well as before he made his novel luncheon. The prisoner was acquitted.

Two Noted Women at Odds.

Now it is said that Mrs. Kendal, the English actress, and Adelina Patti, the opera singer, are not friendly. And why may they not be? Surely they have much talk about each other while in America, as witness the following: Says Patti: "She (Mrs. Kendal) makes a fresh start in her goodness, and is singularly without womanly charity." Replies the latter: "I wish that it was in the power of Miss. Patti to make a fresh start in her goodness. What has Miss. Patti or Miss. Snooks or any one else got to do with my being a good woman?"

A Suggestion to Camera Clubs.

In England amateur photography is being put to a novel but excellent use. The various amateur clubs of the kingdom are engaged in making photographic views of the great districts. Succeeding generations, therefore, will be able to see what England looked like in the Victorian century. The idea is a good one for adoption in America.

The recent labor conference at Berlin had among its attendants one day the ex-chancellor of Germany. The aged statesman had no sympathy with the affair, but visited the meeting simply as a matter of duty. His actions were characteristic. He entered abruptly, gruffly said, "I am Bismarck," looked around, and then retired to some more congenial place.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, New York; three years with Chickering, Boston, Mass.; two years with Bradbury, New York. I offer my services as a piano tuner with a practical knowledge of the business in all branches. I refer by permission to the above firms. Pianos repaired in the most skillful manner. A trial solicited.

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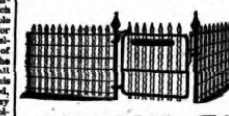
No. 17 East Front Street

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.



THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

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NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE, 126.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,
50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Reliable Goods, Low Prices.
CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL
Spring and Summer Opening
of
Imported and Domestic Millinery
will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.
A Perfect Garden of Flowers.
Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

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STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT
WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET
Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 B'DWAY

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.
Furniture Express
31 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or country in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
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L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
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Handled by None
BRANDON'S SOMERSET STREET

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For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes.
U. S. Hair Tonic.
Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.
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No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

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we compound prescriptions with the purest drugs and chemicals. The utmost care and diligence is taken by Registered Pharmacist Only.
When You Are Well
You may obtain delicious soda, cool or hot with rich syrups, handkerchief extracts, toilet sponges, chamois, shaving brushes, hair brushes, combs, and all Toilet Requisites.
L. W. Randolph's
City Pharmacy,
31 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

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NORTH PLAINFIELD,
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All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge.

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My $2.50 Shoe.
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by most dealers. When you can buy the best of reliable leather goods so low. We feel safe in guaranteeing every pair we sell.
We have made special preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock on hand, and customers are guaranteed with the very latest styles in "Ladies', Misses' and Children's" Footwear.
Call and examine our goods.
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METAL WORKERS.
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Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
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Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Residence and Office, No. 1 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. Office Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.
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Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOTTINGS.

—Spring hats are now worn.

—See what L. W. Randolph has to say in his advertisement.

—A disorderly person was fined $4 by City Judge Codington this morning.

—A "talker" sociable is to be held at the Westfield Mission chapel to-morrow evening.

—Street Commissioner Meeker is making extensive improvements to the streets of this city.

—The case of Bullock & Co. vs. Mr. Wilson Fish, on contract, is to come for trial before Justice Nodyne to-morrow.

—The matinee to-day was largely attended and Burbidge's heroics delighted all with their grace and intelligence.

—Work on the Somerset street bridge over Green Brook has been resumed and it will be pushed toward to completion.

—Some of the members of the Plainfield Christ county will lead the singing at the Y. M. C. A. meeting Sunday at 4:15 p. m.

—People are eager to hear from our citizen's committee. Justice demands that some action be taken to right the wrong and protect our city.

—Mr. Frank Linke is making extensive repairs to his new store on West Front street, which he will shortly open as a wholesale liquor store.

—The Young Alerts and the Young Giants played a game of ball on the grounds corner Second and Front streets, yesterday. Score 21 to 16, in favor of the Alerts.

—To-morrow and Friday a series of lawn tennis matches will be played on the grounds of Rt. F. G. Smith of Central avenue, between the classes of '90 and '91 of the Plainfield High School.

—Mr. Joseph Odam yesterday made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. Mr. W. A. Coddington is the assignee. Mr. Odam's liabilities are about $1,500 and his assets are about $600.

—At about half-past five o'clock last evening a horse being driven by Mr. R. M. Stelle of Park avenue become unmanageable on that thoroughfare and in endeavoring to stop the animal Mr. Stelle split one of his fingers.

—Mr. John F. Rumpus, the builder, has been awarded the contract for the mason work on the new residence of Mr. John M. Quinn, which is to be erected on property on West Eighth street, adjoining Mr. H. G. Hinkle's property.

—"Fair Play" is the way one of the wronged men signs himself in a published effort to show the facts in the Carey case. Ignorance and prejudice may be influenced by such stuff, but intelligent and fair-minded people know better.

—Prof. Geo. Bartholomew, the owner and director of the famous equine paradox, is regarded the only man who has a diamond horse. It is composed of 99 diamonds and was a present from his friends in San Francisco. It is valued at $2,500.

—Reiss & Clayton, through counsel yesterday settled the claim of Messrs. Rice & Co., for 100 bushels of potatoes. Mr. Reiss also furnished bail in the sum of $500 for his appearance before the Somerset County Grand Jury in a criminal case.

—The N. J. Division meet at Plainfield next month is a topic that is engaging the attention of wheelmen just now. The arrangements are being completed and the Board of officers and committee are busy getting matters into shape for the event.

—A scientific person from somewhere has promulgated the doctrine that to spray mosquitoes with petroleum is the deadliest injury that can be inflicted upon that well-known pest. The scientific person fails to state what consideration is to be offered the mosquito to induce him to stand still long enough to be sprayed.

—The ladies of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold their spring social in their rooms 73 West Front street, on Friday of this week, from 3 to 6. They hope that every member of the Union, both old and new, will come and bring their friends. Honorary members are also included in the invitation.

—The committee having the great century run to Philadelphia in charge met at the house of the Riverside Wheelmen in New York last night. Captains Rommell and Martin, of the Atlantic and Plainfield clubs, were among those in attendance. The run will be made on June 14th, and the start from the Continental hotel, Newark. It is expected that nearly 500 cyclers will participate. A prize will be given the club having the largest number of men in the run.—Elizabeth Journal.

Newly-Elected Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Home Building and Loan Association, held Monday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing year;

President—Isaac W. Rushmore,
Vice President—W. W. Jackson.
Secretary—S. R. Sayres.
Treasurer—W. F. Arnold.
Directors—Amos Andrews, J. A. Robinson, C. E. Cornwell, and W. A. Prentnall.
Attorney.—C. T. Kissam, F. C. Lounsbury and E. B. Ryder.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
Monday	36	50	40
Tuesday	36	50	40
Wednesday	36	50	40
Thursday	36	50	40
Friday	36	50	40
Saturday	36	50	40
Sunday	36	50	40

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

It is much to be regretted that two such genuine American literary geniuses as Bill Nye and James Whitcomb Riley could not get on peaceably together. But, boys, don't talk about each other.

Cotton and the Negro.

At last there seems to be a place where the black man's labor is certainly wanted. That is in the Mississippi valley, from Cairo to New Orleans. Considerable has been said from time to time of a mysterious colored exodus from the Carolinas to Mississippi. The cause of the exodus has at last become apparent. As the back of the movement were the cotton planters of the Mississippi valley. Within a year 20,000 negroes have found homes and work in the Mississippi delta, and it is said that 100,000 more are wanted.

The migration was one of the most skillfully managed on record, and the strangest part of it was that those who were at the head of it were able to keep their mouths shut about their purposes. They must have reached a high state of development. Each negro who goes to the Mississippi cotton plantations will have a "whitewashed house with glass windows," and an acre of ground for garden. Swarms of negroes in the older parts of the south make trouble because they are idle, and they are idle because there is no work for them to do. That is the opinion of James S. Richardson, the largest cotton planter in the south.

There is as yet only temper cent. of the cotton lands of the Mississippi delta under cultivation. The blacks are wanted to clear the rich alluvial wild lands and bring them under cultivation. The grand new south is waking up to her resources from Virginia to Texas. The old is indeed passed away.

As to who will wear the cotton when it is produced, it may be remarked that half the population of the globe is today without any garments at all. Among them our friends, the native Africans, would undoubtedly wear clothes if they had them. The southern negroes themselves would wear more clothes if they had them. Mr. Richardson said to a New York Herald correspondent:

"I desire to say that the negroes of Mississippi, our delta country, are healthy, prosperous and contented. They have the best schools, there being a school in every plantation. In the entire states don't want the negro, they cannot pack him down here too quick. We can take care of the blacks and the race question. There is no race question where negroes have plenty to do, to eat and clothes to wear. Where blacks are idle and half starved you may expect to have race trouble. If the government wants to get the negro, instead of shooting him in Kansas or elsewhere, it can best give him assistance by providing him transportation to the delta country and thereby good levees to protect the lands he works upon.

Something Wrong.

If you live in New York city it costs less to have a parcel sent to you from Chicago than it does to have it sent to you from the Battery to Harlem. The farmer sells milk to the retailer at three cents a quart. The retailer carts it around to customers and charges them eight cents a quart, and declares he cannot make a living on less and meet his expenses. It seems to be true that the milk dealers of cities are not all millionaires.

The retail meat dealer gets anywhere from $70 to $90 from a beef for which the farmer has received at most $30. The retailer has paid the wholesaler perhaps $50 for the carcass. The retailer does not seem often to make a great fortune, and the farmer certainly does not make a fortune these times. The retail merchant, like the retail milkman, declares that he cannot make his business pay if he counts on any less profit, there is so much expense in cutting up and distributing the meat. The same story may be told of the grocer, also. It may be that clumsy, wasteful and antiquated methods of retailing food in small quantities eat up the profits alike of the producer and retailer. But dwellers in cities cannot buy food in large quantities, for they have no place to store it.

Honolulu Newspapers.

The polyglot mixture of newspapers on the Hawaiian islands is shown in a letter from Honolulu to The Journalist. Mark Twain says the native men of Hawaii are so averse to display that they will not even wear a smile, but they could dress in newspapers if they wished, from the abundance of the supply.

There are only 7,000 white people in the whole group of islands, yet they have seven papers and magazines published in the English language. The gentle natives have three newspapers printed in their own soft, murmurous South Sea tongue. These are called respectively The Hawaii Pae Aina, daily and weekly; The Knokoa, and Ka Elele.

Then come the Portuguese journals, of which there are two, glorying in the names of O Luso Hawaiiano and Aurora Hawaiiana. Last of all, there is a lithographed weekly paper in Chinese. The writer does not give the native name of this, evidently preferring it for another day when he has more time.

TO RELIEVE THE FARMER

Secretary Rusk's Address on Agricultural Depression.

MORE PROTECTION IS NEEDED.

The Home Market Should Be Increased, He Says—The Cause of the Present Deplorable State of Affairs Among the Tillers of the Soil.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Secretary Rusk in reply to hundreds of communications from different sections of the country appealing to him for an expression of opinion respecting the present condition of agricultural depression, its causes and remedies, has issued a long address to the farmers of the country. The present agricultural depression, universally admitted and of which they can be no doubt, the secretary says, can be traced to a combination of causes—so many that probably no one man can enumerate them all.

Two Classes of Causes.

Those causes which to the secretary seem more directly responsible for this severe depression may be divided into two classes—those inherent in farmers themselves and for which they alone can provide a possible remedy, and those over which the farmer himself has no direct control and the remedy for which must be provided by law. In the first class of causes indicated, he attributes depreciation of the productive power of land to a variety of causes; to careless culture, want of business like methods, lack of study of supply and demand and market prices, and the ownership of more land by many than they can properly care for.

After alluding briefly to the discouraging effects of farm mortgages, the difficulties of the transportation question, gambling in farm products, unfriendly combinations in farm products, etc., the secretary says the second class of causes, which are largely beyond the power of the farmer to control, will be found to be the following effects of the increase of middlemen on the results of the farmer's honest toil. Under this head he says:

The Farmer's Lack of Protection.

One of the gravest causes for the present agricultural depression is, in the opinion of the secretary, is lack of protection for the farmer. Few people, he says, realize that our imports of agricultural products, estimated at prices paid by the consumers, are about equal to our agricultural exports, estimated at prices paid to the farmer, yet such is the case. Our imports of products sold in competition with those actually produced on our own soil amount to nearly $115,000,000 annually, and as much more could be produced on our own soil under favorable conditions. Our imports of agricultural products for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1889, aggregated $200,000,000, the last greatest part of which—perhaps $90,000,000—could, the secretary thinks, with proper encouragement be produced on our own soil.

No Protection for a Remedy.

To protection the secretary looks for a remedy. "One glance," he says, "at the comparative rates of duty levied upon agricultural products compared with those levied upon manufactured articles ought to be sufficient to convince any one of the position to the demand I have made on behalf of the American farmer in my annual report, namely—that by a wise application of our protective system all the benefits of our home markets be secured to him for everything he may be able to produce."

Our System of Taxation.

Our system of taxation demands improvement in certain directions. The cost of supporting the government needs to be more equitably adjusted among the different classes of our people. At present in many states the burden of local taxation presses heavily upon farm property, it very nature rendering it easily accessible. Every corporation created by the state, and to whom special privileges are granted, either by state, county or incorporated village or city, should be taxed in proportion to its earnings, and in all cases the principle of taxation should be to place the burden of maintaining the government, whether state, national or local, upon the luxuries and comforts which the wealthy enjoy, and to reduce it to a minimum in its application to the hard earned property of the poor man.

THEIR LIVES IN PERIL.

The People of Bayou Sara Appeal for Boats and National Aid.

NEW ORLEANS, April 23.—At 2 p. m. Governor Nicholls received a telegram from an appeal for a boat to save the people. The dispatch said that unless help arrived there would be no escape. The steamer and barges were at once sent from Baton Rouge. The wind and rain storm proved too much for the Bayou Sara levees. There are numerous crevasses and the upper (old) Morgan sea levee is broken.

Governor Nicholls has telegraphed Senator Gibson that the breaking of the Morgan sea levee is a national disaster that he feels justified in appealing for prompt national aid.

A break has occurred in the left bank near Gardere, ten miles below Baton Rouge. Two crevasses also occurred in the Atchafalaya levees, one above and one below West Melville. The water is running over the levees all along that section. The protection levee in front of Vidalia has broken and many houses are submerged. This is the first break in the Natchez district. The Lake Concordia levee gave way during the day. The lower portion of Concordia parish will be flooded, and great damage is feared ensues.

The lake water which had encroached on the outskirts of New Orleans is gradually receding. The suburbs along the Louisville and Nashville railroad have been repaired and trains are passing as usual. Couriers is terrible. It is reported that people are resorting to trees for safety. Skiff loads of people are passing through the streets seeking safety on the hills. They make a sad and gloomy procession—men, women and babies. The situation is frightful. Not a house in town is above the flood.

Gone with $1,000.

TIFFIN, O., April 23.—Sherman L. Knight, a well known young man, cashed $1,000 at a bank here on a note purporting to be signed by his father, a wealthy farmer. The genuineness of the note is now questioned, and the young man has disappeared. He has borne a good character.

A Policeman Suicide.

NEWTON, Mass., April 23.—Policeman William C. Emerson was dismissed from the police force Monday, and Tuesday he committed suicide by shooting himself through the head.

THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

The World's Fair Bill Goes to the President.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—In the house Mr. Chandler (Mass.) moved that the house concur in the senate amendments to the World's fair bill, which, being agreed to, the bill goes to the president for his action. The house went into committee of the whole on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

Mr. Butterworth explained the provisions of the bill, saying that in some of the appropriations there were substantially a civil list of old employes who had faithfully served the government being retained in their positions, although they were of little service. The committee on appropriations had allowed an increase of the clerical service of the civil service commissioners as requested by the commission.

Mr. Dockery (Mo.) criticised the increase in the number of government employes, which in many instances should not have been made at this time. He believed that if there was new blood in the department 1,000 clerks could be discharged, at a saving of $1,000,000. Instead of carrying out an unprofitable investigation let the committees take into consideration the inefficiency of the clerical force of the departments. Mr. Allen (Miss.) quoted from a speech of Mr. Conger (Mich.) declaring that the Republican party was devoted to the country and would administer the government with great economy. After the 4th of March, 1889, it had been impossible for Mr. Allen to keep up with his Republican friends when he met them on the street in order to get the benefit of a caucus and bring it before the house. If this was not done, let the responsibility rest on the secretary of the treasury, who assumed to frame a bill for the house to act upon without that if that bill were not passed there should be no silver legislation.

Mr. Grosvenor (O.) said that at the proper time the Republican side of the house would see to it that the country understood the character of the present administration and that would bring in a silver bill that would be satisfactory to the people. Speaking of the civil service system, he said that he did not believe that the law and rule of apportionment was enforced by one-fifth of the members of either house of congress. He believed that if each member of the house were to tell the exact truth about it he would declare that the whole system was founded on a mistake and its administration was on a false principle. It was detrimental to the very purpose it was aimed to accomplish.

Mr. Lodge (Mass.) defended the civil service law, and resented it being characterized as un-American and a fraud. It was un-American and un-Republican. Subsequently in the debate, Mr. Lodge read from The New York Evening Post a list of the occupations of the members of the Tammany executive committee. In retaliation for this, Mr. Spinola read from the same paper a list of the occupations of a partner of Senator Quay. He was called to order by Mr. Grosvenor, who claimed that it was not in order for a representative to make personal attacks on a senator. The chairman ruled the point well taken and Mr. Spinola continued in order, attacking the administration as being "English." He said that it had abolished the green stamp, the color of old Erin, and substituted a red stamp. Mr. Kerr said that President Harrison's administration was standing fairly up to the civil service law.

In the senate Mr. Cockrell offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the superintendent of the census to furnish to the senate copies of the forms, rules and regulations adopted by him for obtaining statistics as to farm mortgages.

Mr. Mitchell made a long speech in favor of his proposed constitutional amendment for the election of senators by the people. During the course of his speech he declared that the secrecy of executive sessions was not in harmony with the spirit of the age. Public opinion would at no distant day break down and destroy the veil that covers executive sessions. Such sessions were a relic of monarchy and should find no recognition in a republic.

The senate then took up the District of Columbia appropriation bill, which was discussed and passed.

The Jute Bagging Problem Solved.

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 23.—Mr. William E. Jackson, a well known lawyer of this city, has solved the jute bagging problem that has agitated cotton circles for so long. Mr. Jackson has perfected mechanical appliances for making the bagging from the cotton stalk, and he has just returned from New York with a roll of bagging. Expert cotton men say that it is in every respect equal to the jute bagging. He will utilize the bare stalks from the fields, and can afford to pay about $2 a ton laid down. An annual stalk yield will bale three years' cotton crop. The machinery comprises heavily weighted corrugated rollers, with vats of running water, cording machines and bagging looms. It is estimated that in making bagging from cotton stalks $7,000,000 annually will go into the pockets of farmers for what is now cleared from the land as rubbish.

A Victim of the Cyclone.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 23.—The seventy-fourth, and probably the last, victim of the cyclone, was added to the list Tuesday. At 2:30 o'clock William Goode died at the city hospital. Goode was in the Jewel lodging house on the Falls City hall and that structure fell. He was one among several who were to have been initiated that night. A delay of a few seconds would have made it a terrible day for the Order of Honor and have entitled him to a life insurance of $2,000.

Blaine's Courtesy to Canada.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 23.—Private advices received from Washington state that Secretary Blaine has at the request of the secretary of the interior forwarded to congress a message asking that legislation be enacted to prevent the sale of liquors to Canadian Indians when they cross the border into the United States. This action has been taken at the instance of the dominion government.

A Bank President Gone.

LACROSSE, Wis., April 23.—W. H. Graves, President of the Farmers and Merchants' bank of West Salem, Wis., has left the city. His wife and child have also gone. He is known to have handed into the Bank of Commerce out of $275, and it is expected an investigation will show a bad state of affairs.

Young Roberts Was Drowned.

ROCKLAND, Me., April 23.—Charles S. Roberts, aged 24 years, son of W. W. Roberts, D. D., and a highly respected physician, was drowned by the capsizing of a boat.

ANOTHER MINE HORROR.

Thirty Men Imprisoned in a Wyoming Mine.

THEY ARE ALL REPORTED DEAD.

The Workers Are Nearly All Chinese—Five Terrible Explosions Fill the Mine with Flame and Smoke—Seven of a Searching Party Injured, One Fatally.

CHEYENNE, Wy. T., April 23.—Thirty men are now imprisoned in the Rock Spring coal mine, No. 4, which is on fire, and it is almost certain that all are dead. The mine was discovered to be on fire at 1 o'clock, and at 9, when the flames began to spread rapidly, the men were ordered to the surface. They had hardly begun to issue from the shaft when an explosion occurred.

Six Chinamen Dead.

A searching party to go to the rescue of the men below had just appeared when another explosion occurred, followed by three others in rapid succession. Seven of the searchers were injured, one past recovery. A dozen more volunteers descended and brought up six insensible Chinamen, who died in a few minutes.

Thirty Still in the Mine.

They saw ten other Chinamen lying prostrate. Smoke began to issue in large volumes from all the entrances and further attempts to save the men imprisoned below were abandoned. There are still at least thirty men in the mine, mostly Chinese. All the entrances to the mine have been closed in order to keep the fire within certain bounds.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At New York—									
New York	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0—3
Philadelphia	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	x—7

Batteries: Burkett, Sharrock and O'Rourke, Gleason and Clements.

At Boston—										
Boston	1	1	3	3	1	0	0	1	1	—11
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1

Batteries: Clarkson and Hardie, Terry and Clark.

At Cincinnati—										
Cincinnati	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Chicago	5	0	4	0	0	0	0	2	x	—11

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Batteries: Sowders and Miller, Beatin and Zimmer.

Players' League.

At New York—										
New York	0	2	1	3	0	1	0	4	4	—15
Philadelphia	5	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	—8

Batteries: Crane and Ewing, Cunningham and Hallman.

At Boston—										
Boston	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	—8
Brooklyn	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	x	—10

Batteries: Kilroy and Murphy, Bowden and Kinslow.

At Pittsburg—										
Pittsburg	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Chicago	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	x	—5

Batteries: Visner and Carroll, King and Boyle.

At Buffalo—										
Buffalo	6	2	0	2	0	0	1	4	4	—19
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Batteries: Keefe and Mack, Gruber and Brennan.

American Association.

At Philadelphia—										
Athletic	0	1	3	0	1	3	4	0	1	—17
Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Batteries: Green and Cantz, Casey and Briggs.

At Brooklyn—										
Rochester	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	—6
Brooklyn	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—4

Batteries: Callihan and McKeough, Williams and Daly.

At Louisville—										
Louisville	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	x	—2
Columbus	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Batteries: Ehret and Ryan, Gastright and O'Connor.

At St. Louis—										
St. Louis	4	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	—9
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Batteries: Chamberlain and Mack, Healey and Rogers.

Athletic Association.

At Washington—Washington, 8; Hartford, 12.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 5; New Haven, 3.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 1; Worcester, 9.

At Jersey City—Jersey City, 6; Columbia College, 0.

CARROLL BESTS SMITH.

The Australian Whipped by the Brooklyn Boy.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—Jimmy Carroll, of Brooklyn, and Billy Smith, of Australia, fought at the California Athletic club last night for a purse of $1,000. Betting had favored Carroll until today, when reports that he was disdpiting changed the odds to Smith's favor. Hiram Cooke was referee. The men entered the ring after 9 o'clock. Carroll weighed 121 pounds and Smith 161.

Time was called and the first round commenced. Both men had the reputation of being rushing fighters, and they commenced the contest in that way, landing hard blows at short range. Carroll landed the most blows, and before the round closed blood was flowing from Smith's nose. The men kept up the rushing in the next round. Carroll landed heavily on Smith's neck and jaw, Smith responding with some hard body blows. There was little time wasted by either in sparring.

The heavy slugging was resumed in the third round, and though Carroll's blows were fiercer, Smith reached the Brooklyn man's ribs in a most dangerous manner and caused him to show the effects of the punishment.

In the fourth round the men stood at close quarters and pounded away at each other. Carroll seemed to be getting winded, though he continued to lead out viciously. Toward the close of the round there was a sharp rally, in which Smith reached Carroll's jaw and a severe cut resulted. The same tactics were pursued in the fifth and sixth with little variation. Smith generally had the advantage in the sharp encounters. Both men were trying hard to bring the fight to an end as quickly as possible. Carroll won in the fourteenth round.

Shot by Her Lover.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., April 23.—A double tragedy occurred at Hesperia, a small village sixty miles northwest of this city. Sam Dickson, aged 25, shot and killed Anna Nelson, aged 16, while on her way to school and then killed himself. They were not relations, though of the same name. Sam was considered the accepted lover of Anna. The tragedy was the result of a lovers' quarrel.

A Well Known Labor Man Drowned.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 23.—John Bodenmiller, business manager of The Labor Signal, and well known throughout the state on account of his efforts in behalf of organized labor, was drowned in the canal while boating. A sudden gust of wind capsized the boat and he coming entangled in the ropes of the sails he was unable to extricate himself.

THE WAR OF LABOR.

More Rioting at Chicago—The Situation at Pittsburg.

CHICAGO, April 23.—A number of non-union carpenters went to work on some half finished cottages near Fifty-third and Wallace streets yesterday. Shortly after a crowd of union carpenters, which numbered 100 men, appeared and attempted to force the non-union men to quit. One of them resisted and was badly beaten. Sergt. Bonfield, who attempted to arrest the fighting strikers, was badly beaten with clubs and stones.

Eight officers were dispatched to the scene, but by the time they arrived the strikers were in flight. The patrol pursued them and succeeded in capturing about fifty of them, who were taken to the station at Englewood and locked up. Sergt. Begley was found to be badly injured, and was taken to his home. The non-union men put back to work, and are now guarded by the police. The greatest excitement prevails and more trouble is feared.

The arbitration committee from the new Boss Carpenters' association met the committee from the striking carpenters in the afternoon. All parties agreed that the carpenters' strike can be quickly brought to a termination when the membership of the new association is so far increased that they hold a balance of power among the builders and bosses of the city. To this end the committee on arbitration invite the other associations of carpenter bosses and builders to unite with them in the settlement of the question.

An Appeal from the Federation.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The American Federation of Labor has issued an address to "the wageworkers and sympathizers with progress of America" requesting all except the carpenters and joiners to refrain from taking action to secure concessions until the end of the present fiscal year. Their contributions will be needed in order to secure the success of the carpenters and joiners, which trade has been selected to make the first demand for the enforcement of the eight hour day May 1. If all trades strike it will mean defeat for all, or at best only temporary advantages. Contributions from all parts of the United States and Canada are needed to help the carpenters. It will be devoted to aiding the next trade which is selected for the eight hour movement.

The hostile attitude of the boss builders at Chicago and Indianapolis is evidence that the employers intend to make a stubborn resistance. The cause of the workingmen must stand all the closer together. Contributions should be sent to Christopher Evans, secretary of the federation, No. 21 Clinton place, New York. The address is signed by Samuel Gompers, president; William Martin, first vice president; P. J. McGuire, second vice president, and Harry Emrich, treasurer.

The Situation at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, April 23.—A committee of employes called on Superintendent Turner, of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis railroad. They represented the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen also had a petition for the consideration of the Pennsylvania company officials. The new list of grievances request that ten hours or less be considered a day; time-and-a-half for a half day. All overtime to be paid for on the same basis. The pay asked is: Day conductors, $2.75; day brakemen, $2.30; night conductors, $3; night brakemen, $2.70. One hour to be allowed for dinner. No crew to work shorthanded or be expected to coal or sand an engine. The committee will report to the men at a conference to-day. It is believed there will be no trouble in adjusting the differences. In any event a strike will be resorted to only after ever other means has failed.

The Indianapolis Strike Settled.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 23.—The carpenters' strike was settled to the satisfaction of everybody concerned at a conference last evening. The contractors conceded the eight hour day and agreed to sign contracts to hold good for one year to pay competent carpenters and joiners thirty cents an hour. The original demand of the strikers was thirty-five cents an hour, although they had only been getting from twenty to twenty-five cents. Five hours was resumed work today.

Eight Hours After May 1.

BOSTON, April 23.—The mass meeting of carpenters last night adopted resolutions not to work over eight hours a day after May 1. The situation at the Squire package house is unchanged.

Notes of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Orders have been issued at the Norfolk navy yard directing that the United States steamer Baltimore, now at Norfolk, proceed to sea on Saturday next for her inspection trip. She will remain at sea several days and on May 10 she will arrive at Baltimore, where a celebration in her honor will be given by the city authorities. The Baltimore will be manned and equipped with the exception of having on board two of her complement of four 8-inch guns. The United States steamer Essex will be put in commission on Thursday next. The Essex carries six guns. She will be attached to the South Atlantic squadron. Secretary Tracy has declined to permit Martin Maher to attend the funeral of the Lee statue services at Richmond, Va., as the band must be present at the memorial services here on May 30.

The Proposed Masonic Home.

UTICA, N. Y., April 23.—Grand Master Wood and several of the trustees of the Masonic home were in the city this morning in reference to the grounds and buildings. The purchase of five acres of land adjoining the present home site was decided upon. The Bleecker Street railroad was given right of way across the premises at the northern extremity of the grounds, where a new station will be built. Running parallel with the West Shore railroad, will be laid out. The architects who have been engaged to prepare the plans for the main building are ordered to bring them in by 10. The trustees will report to the Grand lodge meeting in June, and the work of construction will begin as soon as possible thereafter.

Rabbi Cohn Brutally Assaulted.

MOUNT CARMEL, Pa., April 23.—While out driving last evening, a mile west of here, Rabbi Cohn, the Jewish pastor of this city, was brutally assaulted and perhaps fatally injured by two young ruffians. John Dorsey and John Hamirihan. The men were bent on robbery and the minister resisted. Hamirihan was arrested yesterday, but Dorsey has taken to the mountains.

Another Democrat Elected.

PROVIDENCE, April 23.—John M. Brennan (Dem.) was elected tenth representative from this city by 2,093 majority. The total vote was 7,601, against 13,617 for tenth representative at the last trial. The election changes nothing, as the Democrats controlled the grand committee by members already elected.

SHE SAVED HER SLAYER.

The Tragic Death of Miss Mamie Murphy.

SHE WAS STABBED IN THE NECK.

While Suffering from Her Death Wound She Prevented Policeman Seiford from Capturing Her Murderous Lover—The Policeman's Story of the Affair.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Charles Jackson, the printer, who murdered Mamie Murphy in Johnson's saloon, Sixth avenue and Ninth street, is still at large. Policeman Seiford, who was in the saloon at the time under rather suspicious circumstances, tells the following story: "About 11 o'clock I dropped into the Rialto saloon to see the proprietor. While I stood at the bar Mrs. Wilson came up to me and told me that she had trouble between Jackson and Mamie, who were inside. I told her I was not on duty, but if she needed protection I would go, but everything seemed pleasant, so I did not stay. I did not know Jackson. I knew Mamie, having seen her on the avenue three or four times.

Stabbed in the Neck.

"Soon after midnight I saw them all go into Johnson's place, and I followed them. I sat by myself at a table with my back towards Jackson and the Murphy girl. I heard Jackson say, 'Come, Mamie, Mamie,' and they danced about the room. Then Jackson sat down on a chair and pulled Mamie over towards him and talked pleasantly to her. She was on one hand resting upon his knee and the other on his shoulder. Suddenly I heard the girl cry out, 'Help!' and as I turned I saw Jackson with the knife in his hand and the blood pouring from the girl's neck. I sprang up, drew my revolver and called to him to stand.

She Saved Her Slayer's Life.

"At the same moment Mamie threw herself upon me and grasped my revolver. She held it with a grip of iron in the moment and chamber. I threw her off and chased Jackson, who ran out of the side door to Sixth avenue and towards the elevated station. I fired one shot which way he went, as I lost sight of him when he turned the corner from Ninth street into Sixth avenue. Now, if I had been intoxicated, as it likely has been stated at the coroner's court would have put me to work on the case with Detective Reynolds? We have been on the case ever since. If I had not been for the girl I would have captured him, dead or alive."

Shot by a Jealous Woman.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 23.—Joseph Kearney, the son of a leading brewer here, was fatally shot by Miss Lizzie Dear, a pretty barber girl who has been in love with him. Kearney was removed to his father's home, where he made an ante-mortem statement. In it he said that as he was coming home in his sleigh Miss Dear attempted to down Park street with her at her request. When they had gone a short distance she shot him twice in the head. Miss Dear knew that Kearney was to be married on June 2 next to another girl. The police found Miss Dear in bed at her father's home, and apparently asleep at 4 a. m. Her clothes were searched, but no trace of the revolver could be found. The girl denied all knowledge of the shooting. She was locked up.

PASSED BY THE SENATE.

The "Compromise" Ballot Reform Bill Amended and Adopted at Albany.

ALBANY, April 23.—In the senate the "compromise" ballot reform bill came up and provoked a very warm debate. The supposition that both parties had united on a measure that would meet with the governor's approval seems to have been wrong. Mr. Saxton proposed to amend the bill by striking out the "paster" clause. He was then accused of bad faith by the Democrats.

Mr. Saxton's proposition was then formally put before the senate. It was carried by a strict party vote. Mr. Saxton immediately offered another amendment, permitting a physically disabled voter to take a friend into the booth with him, and an illiterate voter to be accompanied by an election officer. This makes the section read precisely as it read in the vetoed bill; excepting that now a voter who swears falsely as to his disabilities is to be deemed guilty of perjury.

The amendment was adopted; also another, providing that "no name written or pasted on the ballot shall be deemed the choice of the voter," and prescribing the name of the candidate for the same office shall be covered by such writing or paster." Mr. Cantine then moved to recommit the bill to the committee on general laws, with instructions to report forthwith the unamended bill. This obliging proposition was voted down. The bill was formally passed by a party vote of 18 to 8.

Leonard and Gallagher Debarred.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 23.—At a special meeting held by the directors of the Buffalo Athletic club last evening Hugh Leonard was dismissed as the club's instructor of wrestling. The dismissal was by reason of there is no bitter feeling against Leonard or Gallagher, but that the management of the club feel that the contestants should have finished their match on Monday according to the terms of the match. Leonard was dismissed for not carrying out his part of the agreement. Both Leonard and Dennis Gallagher will be debarred from participating in any contests to be held in the future under the auspices of the Buffalo Athletic club.

Fire in a Powder Works.

PORTLAND, Me., April 23.—A fire started in the main powder house of the Portland Powder mills in Gambo and spread to several other buildings. One building contained a quantity of powder, which exploded. Four persons were injured, but none of them fatally. The buildings destroyed, seven in number, were inexpensive wooden structures, and the loss is not heavy.

His False Teeth Killed Him.

PORTLAND, Me., April 23.—Mr. Lorestine Hinkley, of Minitrl, has just died here from the effects of an event extremely rare—operation of removing two false teeth on a metal plate, which he had swallowed. He lived eleven days with the plate in his stomach.

The Keystone Watch Company Assigns.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 23.—The Keystone Watch company, of this city, has made an assignment to D. Ramsay Patterson, of Philadelphia. The lien indebtedness of the company is $83,420.05.

A Big Lumber Fire Threatened.

TONAWANDA, N. Y., April 23.—Fire started in the Tonawanda Lumber company's district on Payne avenue at 11 o'clock and promises to be extensive.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $6 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.] ☞ ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

A CARD.

WE OFFER

GROCERIES

AT POPULAR PRICES.

ELGIN CREAMERY and DAIRY BUTTER and FRESH COUNTRY EGGS RECEIVED DAILY. GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

99 W. FRONT STREET.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Rest Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications; gives instant relief; makes walking a pleasure. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. 15c. per box. Address, Scatter-Corn Co., New York.

BARGAINS, 1890. BARGAINS.

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS from $1 to $15 each.

U. S. CRANE'S,

Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Avenue.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

Jos. F. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE **WEST.**

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. B. Smalley's, Dear at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

Edw. C. Mulford.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

FURNITURE

and

BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which for style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

PFERSEE DYES are the best.

An Important Masonic Edict.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The grand master of the Masons of the district of Columbia has just issued an edict annulling an edict issued here last July against the ancient Scottish Rite Masons for alleged irregular relations with the Grand Orient of France. This action was taken after the receipt of a properly authenticated copy of a proclamation, issued by the Supreme Grand Council, Ceremonial Scottish Rite Masons, in which it is stated that they "never constitutionally did or commit any act or thing whatever tending in any way to the establishment of Masonry, and that there may be no further excuse to claim that we have, we hereby withdraw said proposal and annul, recall, and declare null and void every and each thing done by any one in authority by our rite, wherein or whereby it might be claimed (even by our enemies) that fraternal relations had been established between the said Grand Orient of France or any of its bodies and our organization, contrary to the order or decree of any grand lodge in the United States."

Indians Accept Lands in Severalty.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 23.—A Tribune special from Pierre, S. D., says: The Indian pow-wow which began Sunday on the river did not adjourn until last night. The Sioux Closed and Sitting Bull men present, and also a portion of Big Foot's band in their war paint. Col. Lounsberry spoke in behalf of the government. He urged the Indians to take the land in severalty. He was interrupted by Big Foot, who with his band rode through the gathering, firing their guns. They were followed by the Indian police. With the exception of the hostiles the Indians agreed to accept lands in severalty.

Jules P. Bonneau Acquitted.

TOMS RIVER, N. J., April 23.—The trial of Jules P. Bonneau, the manager of the Berkeley Arms hotel, indicted for the murder of John Murphy, was concluded yesterday. Prosecutor Middleton endeavored to show by the testimony of a number of witnesses that Murphy had been taken to the lines of the hotel by Bonneau. The defense proved that Bonneau did not shoot Murphy and that the latter was accidentally killed while carrying Bonneau's shotgun by the hammer of the gun coming in contact with the door through which Murphy was going out on the piazza. The jury acquitted the prisoner, who was discharged.

McCalla's Trial Commenced.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The court martial of Commander McCalla, of the Enterprise, has commenced. McCalla's counsel objected to Capt. Beardslee as a member of the court and Boatswain Wildrow, of Commander McCalla pleaded not guilty to all the charges and specifications. He asked to be furnished with copies of the precept of the court martial aboard the Enterprise. The court decided to ask the navy department for the originals. Adjourned for the day.

O'Donovan Rossa's Trial.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The trial of O'Donovan Rossa, charged with criminal libel by Patrick Cassidy, has commenced here. Cassidy denied that he was a traitor to Ireland's cause with tears in his eyes. Rossa denied the imputations cast to Cassidy's loyalty were roused, and how they grew upon him with such strength that he felt he would be guilty of great disloyalty did he did not write down his convictions in the columns of his paper.

Confession of Faith Amendments.

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 23.—The Presbytery of North River in session here have adopted a number of amendments to the confession of faith, which are to be presented for action at the general assembly of 1893. The vote in favor of revision was almost unanimous. There were seventy-five and sixty ministers present. The committee also adopted resolutions calling for the forming of a new creed.

Hanlon and Plaisted Matched.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 23.—Edward Hanlon and Frederick A. Plaisted have been matched to row three miles on the Tennessee river at Bridgeport, Ala., May 6, 7 and 8, for the single championship of the United States and a purse of $2,000. Each race will be one mile straight away.

Professor Sumner Will Recover.

NEW HAVEN, April 23.—Professor Sumner, who was carried home in an unconscious condition, has recovered sufficiently to visit his class room, but did not conduct any exercises. He is expected to be all right again in a few days.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally cooler and partly cloudy, preceded by rain.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF FANNIE L. EARLE, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executor of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

CROWELL HADDEN, Executor.
February 14-9, 1890. 2-25-cow-9t

ESTATE OF HENRY L. VAIL, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executor of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

WILLIAM H. LAKIN, Executor.
February 20-9, 1890. 2-25-cow-9t

ESTATE OF J. NEWTON JENKINS, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARY JENKINS, Executrix.
April 5th, 1890. 4-10 9tos w

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

Office 30 Door Street, North Plainfield.

Kline's Extracts.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.25
California Plums	25.	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.75
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alice C. O. Bond, Clinton.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Oeddimer, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Five trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 24th street. 9-28-1y

MR. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of violin. 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 1585. 4-2-1y

MISS C. b. HELLWIG,

a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Emperor to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German language and Art painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 24 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1585.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School of Girls, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street.

Stenographic Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. VOORHEES, JR., C. S.,

Fox Vesperman, 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence, 101 West Front street.

WILLIAM H. H. SEE,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 9, Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,

Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset street.

F. A. DUBHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR R. TEALE,

Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 37 and 38. Inspectors and Tenders Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

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46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel,

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81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I beg to stock all the choice brands of flour. SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and HOPE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BUCKEYE feeds constantly on hand. Also a variety of

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our system has been approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Post House, Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 695. Telephone call 28.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PAEONIES and FLOWERING PLANTS at John Latowe's Floral Nursery. Office by Mr. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRING STYLES

IN SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Plaids as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserved Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Bloodwurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles. Sauerkraut and Relishs, Swiss, Edam, Munster, Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

L. A. RHEAUME, Agent.

COAL, LUMBER AND MASONS' MATERIALS

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owners, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

TELEPHONE 129.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years.

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for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near [illegible]

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27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

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NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS.

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

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Spring Vegetables,

Fresh from the South.

Tomatoes, Spring Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

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Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

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FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Flushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing and Infants' Caps a specialty. Plaiting Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

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Choice Clover, Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

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THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped	$1.50, $2.25 2.98
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A full line of Infants' long and short	
Cashmere Cloaks	$1.50 to 8.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular	.15
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49 FRONT WEST STREET.

JAMES HARDY,

THE CONTRACTOR,

No. 30 Somerset Street.

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Dealer in BEST

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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

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Established 1886.)

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BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Beer Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

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Fine Groceries,

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BARGAIN HOUSE,

DO YOU KNOW

That a comparison with the prices of other houses will convincingly demonstrate that we are quoting the lowest figures on goods of all kinds in Plainfield.

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How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! The the best bargain we have offered in some time—a few only 3 more and 'twill all be sold.

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Do you want mattins? If so, look at ours. Prices are right, and qualities the best.

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Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

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House-Furnishing Goods interest every household in this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a dinner set you will find it here. We sell shades complete at 25c. Curtain poles complete at 25c.

Van Emburgh & White

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All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212

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Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

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PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

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A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street Time-table in effect April 1st 1890

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.20, 5.56, 6.20, 6.50, 7.27, 7.58, 8.10 8.25, 8.51, 9.27, 9.56, 10.25, 11.24 11.39, 6.27; 1.46, 2.15, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 11.10 p. m. SUNDAY, 3.27, 5.20, 5.56, 7.27, 8.10, 8.25, 8.51, 9.27, 9.56, 10.25, 11.24, 11.39 a. m. 12.00 p.m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.00, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30 p. m. 12.00 night. Sunday, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00 p. m.; 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.20, 6.50, 7.27, 8.10, 8.25, 8.51, 9.27, 9.56, 10.25, 11.24 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.39, 2.15, 2.40, 3.10, 3.40, 4.10, 4.40, 5.10, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40, 7.10, 7.40, 8.10, 8.40, 9.10, 9.40, 10.10, 11.10 p. m. Sunday, 5.20, 5.56, 7.27, 8.10, 8.25, 8.51, 9.27, 9.56, 10.25, 11.24 a. m. 12.00 m. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.10, 7.30, 8.25, 9.15, 9.40, 10.15, 11.25 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.30, 2.25, 3.15, 3.45, 4.07, 4.34, 5.05, 5.25, 5.45, 6.05, 6.25, 6.45, 7.05, 7.25, 7.45, 8.05, 8.25, 8.45, 9.05, 9.25, 9.45, 10.05, 10.25, 11.25 p. m. Sunday, 7.30, 8.25, 9.15, 9.40, 10.15, 11.25 a. m. 12.00 m., 1.30, 2.25, 3.15, 3.45, 4.07, 4.34, 5.05, 5.25, 5.45, 6.05, 6.25, 6.45, 7.05, 7.25, 7.45, 8.05, 8.25, 8.45, 9.05, 9.25, 9.45, 10.05, 10.25, 11.25 p. m. Passengers for Elizabeth change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.35, 11.20 a. m., 2.20, 3.35, 4.54, 5.00, 6.36, 7.00, 8.15, 9.50, 11.20 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 8.07, 9.35, 11.20 a. m., 2.20, 4.54, 6.36, 8.15, 9.50, 11.20 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.10, 8.45, 10.14 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 3.05, 4.14, 5.40, 6.40, 7.05, 8.50, 10.14 p. m. Sunday at 6.10, 8.45, 10.14 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 3.05, 4.14, 5.40, 6.40, 7.05, 8.50, 10.14 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND MANTON

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 8.07, 9.35 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.35, 5.00, 6.36 p. m. Sunday at 8.07, 9.35 a. m., 2.20, 5.00, 6.36 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.07 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, etc. 9.07 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.35 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, etc. 11.20 a. m., 2.20 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, etc. 4.54 p. m. For Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, etc. 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Hackettstown, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc. 6.36 p. m. For Flemington, 8.15 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg and Harrisburg, 9.50 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown, 11.20 p. m. For Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua, Williamsport, etc. 12.00 m. For High Bridge, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua, Williamsport, Lehigh Valley Railroad, etc. 2.20 a. m. For Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua, Williamsport, etc. 5.00 a. m. For High Bridge, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville 6.36 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.55 p. m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m. Sunday 7.10 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m. For Asbury Park at 7.10, 12.55 p. m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m. Sunday 7.10 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m. For Atlantic City 7.10 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m. Sunday 7.10 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m. For Atlantic City 7.10 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m. Sunday 7.10 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.35 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.36 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 9.50 p. m., 11.20 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3.27, 7.10, 8.25, 11.39 a. m., 2.00, 5.20, 6.06, 9.56, 11.20 p. m. Sundays at 3.27, 8.25, 11.39 a. m., 2.00, 5.20, 6.06, 9.56, 11.20 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 3.27, 7.10, 8.25, 11.39 a. m., 2.00, 5.20, 6.06, 9.56, 11.20 p. m. Sundays at 3.27, 8.25, 11.39 a. m., 2.00, 5.20, 6.06, 9.56, 11.20 p. m.

R. P. RAMSDEN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

PLAINFIELD

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crusher Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 793.

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SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langhorne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-1y

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

23 EAST FRONT STREET.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

N NORTH AVENUE

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7.30 a. m. to meet 7.56 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.45 a. m.	to meet	8.51 a. m. train.
3d	9.15	do	9.27 do
4th	10.05	do	10.27 do
5th	11.05	do	11.24 do
6th	11.45	do	12.00 p.m. do
7th	1.45 p.m.	do	2.15 & 2.40 p. m.
8th	3.40 do	To the Post Office.	
9th	5.40 do	do leave 6.06 p. m. train.	
10th	5.50 do	do	6.20 do
11th	6.40 do	do	6.50 do
12th	8.45 do	do	7.03 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Seventy avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will start on trip over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.27, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.30, 2.25, 3.45, 4.34, 5.35, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty. Carriages for funerals, weddings, dances after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 6th and 7th. Telephone Call, 15. 1-27

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.50, 9.30, 11.15 a. m., 1.15, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9.30 a. m., and 5.30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1.15 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Philadelphia, 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.30 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m. Saturday, closes at 8.00 p. m.

Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Sixth Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CLASSES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m.

1-16-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

CALL ON

H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET ST,

FOR SEEDS.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, fertilizers, mowers, harrows. Call and see the improved Cutaway Harrow in Parvin Iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased on Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth.

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

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Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

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at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.

Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and despatch.

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

Mrs. Clara Foltz, of California, has recently been admitted to practice before the United States supreme court.

Miss. Patti sleeps with a silk handkerchief round her neck. She uses a very salty gargle of cold water every morning.

Agnes Booth is a tall, grave, dignified woman, of impressive and stately manner, and is described as one of the best business women in New York.

Miss. Vladimir Pachman, wife of the famous Russian pianist, is said to resemble Mrs. Langtry so closely as to have been mistaken for her more than once.

The Duchess of Albany has promoted a gray colored silk brocade, beautifully embroidered, to the church of St. George, at Cannes. It was placed on the altar of the Albany Memorial chapel for use during Lent.

Miss Grover, of Cincinnati, is a bright young lady, supports herself by looking after Ohio imports, and receiving the goods of her patrons. She has been a custom house broker and counselor ever since the death of her father. Her card reads: "H. R. Grover, custom house broker, Cincinnati."

At the close of Miss Amelia Edwards' last lectures in the United States this afternoon, in behalf of many ladies, presented Miss Edwards with a bracelet of California gold, set with agates from different parts of America. A pendant was also presented to Miss Bradbury, the friend who has taken such excellent care of Miss Edwards during her American trip.

The interesting announcement is made that the vacant presidency of Mount Holyoke college, South Hadley, Mass., has been offered to Mrs. Lizzie Mead, widow of the late Professor Hiram Mead, of Oberlin, and recently an instructor at the Abbott Female seminary, Andover. Her husband went to his chair at Oberlin from the pastorate of the church at South Hadley.

Jane Hading's chief points of beauty are her eyes and hair; for the latter she has used for years a certain chemical water which does not dye the hair, but which makes it more brilliant and has the effect of making it wavy, with a tendency to curl. Her hair is never curled with irons, and the arrangement of it has long been a subject of envy among the ladies in society.

Mrs. Morton, wife of the vice president, is not only a beautiful woman but a kindly and gracious one. She has, moreover, a sweet and well trained voice and a capacity to vouch the right conversational note under difficult circumstances. Notwithstanding her wealth and her conspicuous way of entertaining, her five young daughters are brought up in the most rigid simplicity of dress and habits.

THE CARE OF POULTRY.

Double yolked eggs will occasionally hatch, but there is no economy in setting them.

Millet seed is a good feed for young chicks, but that should only be supplied in small quantities.

Do not expect too many eggs to hatch from a setting if shipped any distance. Ten is usually an average.

Unless it cannot be avoided, fowls that moulted late should not be used for breeding. As a rule they lack thrift.

In the spring, especially, a quick maturing fowl will be found quite desirable, and in selecting breeding stock, this fact should not be overlooked.

If Brahmas or Cochins are kept it will in many cases pay to make them forage for a part of their living. The exercise will be very beneficial.

Care should be taken not to in-and-in breed too closely, as not only will the quality be lessened, but there is always more or less risk of deformity in some form.

Take a pound of copperas dissolved in a gallon of water and then add an ounce of sulphuric acid and you have the Douglas mixture. Use half an ounce of this to the drinking water twice a week. It makes one of the best tonics.

Watch the hens as they lay, and select eggs for hatching from the best layers. In this way a good breed of hens for eggs can be readily secured. There is a considerable difference in this respect, and it is quite an item to get the best.

One of the cheapest as well as the most convenient ways of marking fowls of any kind is with a punch, cutting one hole or more if desired in the web of the foot. A watch key if sharpened can be made to answer, but it makes almost too small a hole.—St. Louis Republic.

ITEMS OF PHOTOGRAPHY.

A very convenient and easy method of making lantern slides from the No. 2 Kodak film is by contact printing. The largest size of the negative, a number of be just inclosed by the circle of the negative.

An English firm have introduced an automatic repeating shutter, which may have some advantages. Instead of having to "set" each time the shutter is ever in position to respond to a pressure upon the pneumatic bulb.

Here is an excellent method for intensifying gelatine films: Immerse in a half saturated solution of ammonia; wash, and then plunge it for a second in a solution of one part sodamium bromide and 1,000 parts alcohol. This gives a pure and intense black negative.

It may be interesting to those who use magnesium powder for photographic purposes to know that the metal is sometimes adulterated with zinc filings. Forewarned is forearmed, and it may be well to exercise care as to the source of supply, for the purity of the illuminating material is of the utmost importance.

An English photographer claims to have obtained a photograph in which the natural colors were reproduced when the exposure was made by electric light, just as the moment when there came a blinding flash of lightning. He says that a friend of his once got a colored plate under similar circumstances, and believes that electricity has to do with photographing colors.

A JAPANESE FAMILY.

Papa Genkichi, aged 48.
Mamma Tome, aged 38.
Uncle Gunroku, aged 26.
Son Genkichi, aged 14.
Daughter Toki, aged 8.
Grandpapa Gompachi, aged 81.
Grandmamma Toyo, aged 69.
Great-grandpapa Gumbie, aged 98.
Great-grandmamma Kimi, aged 92.
Great-great-grandmamma Toki, aged 106.
Great-great-great-grandpapa Hiyo, aged 98.
Great-great-great-grandpapa Gombei, aged 102.
Great-great-great-grandmamma Gengo, aged 100.
Great-great-great-grandmamma Tomi, aged 122.

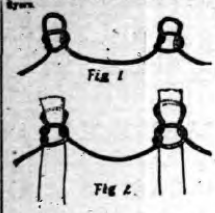
The united ages of the American contracted at the close of last year to 300, and consequently became 304 on the first day of this year, according to the figures method of calculation.—New York Times.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

ENTERTAINING AND INSTRUCTIVE READING FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

An Important but Sometimes Neglected Portion of a Kite—Plain Directions for Making a Good and Handsome Tail That Will Prevent the Kite from Darting.

Much has been written concerning kites and how to fly them, but a writer in St. Nicholas, from which the accompanying diagrams are reproduced, thinks that proper attention has not been paid to one important part of the subject—that is, the making of the kite's tail—and he gives the following practical suggestions of interest to all kite flyers.

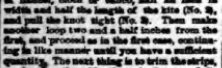


CUT 1.—MAKING A KITE TAIL.

The tail of a kite does for the kite precisely what ballast does for a ship. No vessel will sail well and steadily unless her ballast is properly adjusted; and the same principle applies to kites. A bad kite with a good tail will fly better than a good kite with a bad tail. I will explain the way in which a tail should be made.

Generally speaking, the tail should be four times the length of the kite. To one end of a ball of twine to some object that is firm (I always use a door knob), and proceed to make an ordinary slip knot (No. 1), three or four feet from where the twine is fastened. Two knots are shown in the diagram.

Into this slip knot insert one end of a strip of flannel, cloth or calico, half an inch in width and half the length of the kite (No. 2), and pull the knot tight (No. 3). Then make another loop two and a half inches from the first, and knot as before. Then continue tying in like manner until you have a sufficient quantity. The next thing is to trim the strips, producing then like those in the second illustration.



CUT 2.—A KITE TAIL COMPLETED.

My own plan is to use one yard of blue and one yard of red flannel, and one yard of common muslin. Three yards will be more than enough material for the tail of a kite six feet long. Tear each strip across, as has been said, I arrange them as already explained and shown in the second cut. The result is a very handsome kite tail.

Number One.

There was once a rather nice looking little boy who was called by his playmates Number One. This might have been an honorable title, but unhappily it wasn't. This Number One was a desperate little glutton, and a good deal of the half penny or dime his fond relations gave to get, but never to give. He liked nothing good things in a quiet corner, and he would steal himself till he was quite ill.

EATING IN A QUIET CORNER.

One day a kind hearted lad, with a droll way of putting things, preached Number One a little sermon. It did Number One good, but, as it is possible some other boys and girls might profit by it, here it is:

"I wonder what would happen if everything turned selfish on a sudden! What would happen if the flies got crusty because we noticed his spotty face, and put up his shutters and vowed he would hereafter sell his daylight by yard measure!

"Suppose the Wind became sulky at being called names, and vowed he'd never fill another sail unless he had his day's work paid for in hard cash! And if the Sun declared he would not do many dirty work any longer, and the Air would not be drawn into our lungs unless they! And if Sleep were to say: 'The sick of restless will get no more of me, and you may henceforth lie awake all night'—and if all these things happened, as happen they would if all were kind misdoers to our hearts were as selfish as these people, what would become of us!

"How," said the lad, "let's all learn from the good old Sun, the jolly old Wind, the soft old Rain, to be generous. Yes, let's be generous," and off he went, singing a bit of song something like this:

Scorning the selfish and fingent to grasp,
And the wayside sons should forget to blow,
Sweeping children's faces with locks unclasp,
Forget their manners, forget to mind—
Wouldn't the world seem crazy!

Six Rules.

A child, a fine little fellow of 8 years, said something of which his mother disapproved, and she gave him a slap on the face.

"I do not like to hear you speak in that manner. You ought to be funny, but you are simply rude."

The little fellow bowed into tears, and said, amid his sobs:

"There, mother, you have the report of my life. I am simply intending to be funny, and I turn out rude."

Poor boy! He was not alone in his attempt.

This true story is told of a little relative of Mr. W. H. Crosby, who had learned in school the rule for finding the number of square feet in a surface in a room.

THE WORLD'S CATHEDRALS.

The cathedral of Notre Dame in Antwerp is one of the largest and most beautiful gothic buildings in the Netherlands. It is 320 feet long and 230 feet wide.

The cathedral at Cologne is one of the most imposing gothic structures in Europe. The original architect is unknown. The length is 511 feet and the breadth 231 feet.

The cathedral at Mexico, begun in 1573, consecrated in 1697, is built in an irregular combination of the gothic and Italian styles. It is 400 feet in length and 420 in breadth.

The Lincoln cathedral in England is one of the most perfect examples of the early English style. It is 525 feet long outside and 245 inside. The greater transept is 220 feet long outside by 220 inside.

St. Patrick's cathedral in New York city is the finest in the new world. It is 332 feet in length and 123 feet in general width, with an extreme width at the transepts of 174 feet. Both of the towers are 328 feet high.

The cathedral at Strasburg, one of the greatest gothic structures in Europe, is remarkable for its spire, designed by Erwin, of Steinbach. It rises 468 feet, and is an open fretwork of stone bound together by iron.

St. Paul's cathedral in London is the fifth in size of Europe's great churches. Its length is 500 feet, the transept is 285 feet long, and the west front is 180 feet wide. The dome is 325 feet from the ground, and it is 145 feet in diameter.

The cathedral of Notre Dame in Montreal is 255 feet long and 135 feet broad, and is capable of seating 10,000 persons. It has two towers, each 220 feet high, one of which contains a chime of bells and the other a single bell, the Gros Bourdon, weighing 20,000 pounds.

The ground plan of the cathedral at Milan is a Latin cross terminated by an apse. Its length is 486 feet; breadth of body, 283 feet; the height of the crown of the vaulting of the *vasa is 152 feet*, and the height *from* the pavement to the top of the statue of Madonna is 355 feet.

The Florentine cathedral is in length 370 feet, the transept 206 feet; the vase is 138 feet high, and the side aisles are 96 feet 6 inches high. The cupola is 139 feet 6 inches in diameter, and the height from the cornice of the drum to the eye of the dome is 132 feet 6 inches.

The cathedral of Notre Dame in Paris stands upon the spot once occupied by a Roman temple. The length is 390 feet; width of transept, 144 feet; height of western towers, 204 feet; width of front, 130 feet, and height of nave to transept is 108 feet. The cathedral covers 64,108 square feet.

The building of St. Peter's occupied 176 years. The length of the interior is 615½ feet; of transept from wall to wall, 446½ feet; height of nave, 153½ feet; of side aisles, 97 feet; width of nave, 77.89 feet; of side aisles, 37½ feet. The height of the dome from the pavement to the top of the cross is 448 feet.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Dr. Gatling, the inventor of the famous gun, is now an old man of 65, with snow white hair and a clean shaven face.

It is now claimed that Mr. Edwin Cowles, the late editor of The Cleveland Leader, was the first to propose holding a World's fair in 1892.

As a schoolboy, Henry M. Stanley ranked high in arithmetic and geography, his fondness for the latter study being especially marked.

The late Karl Szabo, the oldest of Hungarian actors, had a wonderful memory and could repeat any speech or conversation without dropping a word on once hearing it.

Gen. Sickles, present sheriff of New York city, is devoted to the opera and the theatres. He seldom misses a performance of the German opera, and seems to promptly as the curtain rises on his seat in box or orchestra.

Hans Breitmann (Charles G. Leland) says that the late George H. Boker had a remarkable knowledge of poetry when a mere school boy, and was generally regarded as the prodigy among the embryo poets of the college past.

M. Tisza, the Hungarian ex-premier, is said to have smoked more cigars than any other man in Europe. His smoking incessantly, and is at the same time so well preserved that he looks to be 75 or 80 years of age, although only 60.

"Blind Johnny," of Philadelphia, is the richest professional mendicant in the United States. He is 60 years of age and is worth $20,000. He travels from Chicago to Washington, from there to Baltimore, and ends up in Philadelphia, spending about three months in each city. He has made all his money as a mendicant.

The late ex-Mayor Fox, of Philadelphia, was a member of old St. John's Lutheran church. He was superintendent of the Sunday school, a member of the church council, and was repeatedly elected a delegate to the Evangelical Lutheran ministerium of Pennsylvania. He also served as a lay delegate to the general council.

Frederick William Evans, who for many years has been the presiding elder of the Shakers in America, lives in rigid simplicity at New Lebanon, N. Y., on the estate of 4,000 acres which the Shakers have owned since 1770. He is 83 years old, but is still vigorous in body and mind, and is the real head of his people. "We live here in solitude," said Mr. Evans to a visitor, "and grow up like the trees in California. Our life *is simple*, and we believe that every person bo.. has an equal right to the soil."

ROYAL FLUSHES.

Queen Victoria's yearly doctor's bill is $6,000.

The ex-queen of Naples has stables in the Champs Elysees and at Chantilly, and runs the finest of fast and fashionable coaches.

The prince of Wales is one of nine men who are entrusted on certain occasions to wear the uniform of the colonel of the Scots Greys. Of these are over 70, three over 80, and one is about to enter upon his hundredth year.

Her Serene Highness is editing the letters of her late husband, the duke of Saxe-Meiningen, the profit of sales to be given to the fund for the relief of the widows of French soldiers who fell in the war of 1870. Letters from several ladies of rank to the prince imported will be included in the volumes.

The czar of Russia has bought the Mikhail palace in St. Petersburg, and will make it his winter residence. The price supplied in futures. It is much more retired and comfortable than the Anitchkow palace, where he formerly lived and which he is now having done over by his own architect, Monighetti. It is forbidden to give any payment of the czar's carriage and garden from this palace.

The crown princess of Denmark brought the crown prince of Sweden a bride when she went to Copenhagen, a present other than good old lady's own heart. It is a tent album, containing the queen's favorite verses from the Old and New Testaments, which were collected in Jerusalem in the summer made by the princess' own hand. Each page has a different color on it, and is carefully and elaborately illuminated in Byzantine style by the princess herself, who spent many years in studying the work.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

His Mistake.

The daughter of a Boston baker,
Yet he, a poet, wildly sought
His charming maiden bride to make her!
She rudely set him right at once!

"For courtesy and gentle breeding,
I thought you'd take the cake," he said.
"Yes, that's mine," she replied, recalling,
"I happen to be Boston bred!"
—Matthew S. Dodge in Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

Wisdom and Money.

"Maud," said the young man, with deep tenderness, "you have long possessed my heart. Do not refuse my hand!"

The lovely girl looked a moment at his outstretched hand, then at his heart. Something in the strained tone that thrilled him to his very core, she said: "Harry, if I had such a looking hand as that I'd wash it."—Chicago Tribune.

A Comment.

Socialist—You, sooze, I thinks de world need changin. Dinks it not right. I hope you agrees wis me, sooze!

Miss Beauty—Indeed I do. I think it's perfectly abominable the way wealth is distributed—all the nice fellows are poor, and nobody rich except gouty widowers and cranky old bachelors.—New York Weekly.

Not Quite Relentless.

"Give you a kiss, indeed!" said she.
"Give you a kiss! My goodness!
"The strange part was you should make so free.
I wonder at your rudeness.

"I could not such a thing endure."
And then with manner nervous
She added, "For I'm very sure
That none can would observe us."
—Philadelphia Press.

Cool.

Father (shouting down stairs)—Has George gone yet, Jennie?

Daughter (sweetly)—Not yet, paw.

Father (dryly)—Well, I want to go to bed. I'm greater than beloved—All right, dear. I think it's the best thing you can do, for you've got to get up early, you know. Good night, dear paw.—Philadelphia Press.

A More Important Case.

Hackman—Is the doctor at home?

Bridget—Yes, sir; he's out in the back yard killing a chicken.

Hackman—Call 'im in, I've got bigger game.—Puck.

No Reason to Grumble.

She does not give a glance at me,
Her sweet responses do not falter;
But on the other hand, my dear,
And in her snowy hands the parlor.

The parlor that a month ago
I to the maiden fair presented—
She does not look at me—Oh! no;
Yet I'm contented, quite contented.
—Boston Courier.

A Puzzling Custom Explained.

Edith—I wonder why the dudes wear one eye glass!

Deborah—To prevent seeing more than they are able to comprehend.—Jeweler's Weekly.

A Sure Cure.

"Doctor, this corn cure you sold me has failed to remove the corn."

"Then, as a last resort, I think you had better let me remove the toe."—Yankee Blade.

His Likes and Dislikes.

He said he liked her face so sweet,
Her eyes with brown that almost matched,
He liked her forehead white and square,
He liked her long and wavy hair,
He liked her cheeks with hints of rose,
But he heartily disliked her nose.
—Washington Post.

Love for Hoops.

Ted—Why don't you take that girl of yours out to see something?

Red—Because she wants me to buy her everything she sees.—New York Evening Sun.

A Youthful Flirtator.

Father (aterally)—Jos, do you want me to put you in the dark closet?

Little Joe (agitatedly)—Papa, what makes you ask me such questions?—Lowell Citizen.

No Flies on Her.

"Sweet maid," said he,
"I ask of thee
To fly, to fly, to fly with me."
Young fellow," said she,
"How don't you be
Too fly, too fly, too fly with me."
—Exchange.

He Repudiated It.

James—What did Frankly say I owed him?

Charles—An apology.

James (languidly)—Well, tell him to call on dad for settlement.—Yankee Blade.

They Come by the Box.

Muggins—Did the man you called a liar have on a stand up collar?

Cobb (picking himself up)—No; he had on a knock down choler.—Van Dorn's.

Square Meals are Something.

"Its hard, but sometimes poets must
In cheerless garrets sing,
Thank heaven, while they're being cure'd,
If they get beef and cabbage!
—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Ambiguous.

"Well, I popped the question to Polly last night."

"What did she do?"

"She sat on me."—Life.

The First Name.

She—What shall we call our matrimonial partnership, dear?

He—Let's call it Darling & Co.—Darling-ton Free Press.

Always Left.

Although my heart's been oft sorbed,
It hasn't cost them, you see:
I always chanced to get the gist
Who didn't care for me.
—Life.

He Does Not Stand Alone.

Smoothboro—What a hearty, genial fellow Sellis is. He does so enjoy a good story.

Other—Yes, when he tells it himself.—American.

The Slogan.

"I would I were a bird!" she sang;
Her lover hastened to say:
"I would you were, for if she were,
I'd be a dove, they say."
—Washington Star.

Who Listened Truth.

"How do you like your beau, Jessica?"

"Oh, a fellow after my own heart."—Boston Courier.

Realizing the Surplus.

Host (to guest)—Let me help you to the cook and dress you with the rest.

Guest—I'm sure of nothing less," he said, "than to get dressed."
—Exchange.

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SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

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will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.

A Perfect Garden of Flowers.

Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.

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STYLES OF

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Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Amazon Damask, a neat pretty carriage.

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1890.

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POWLISON & JONES.

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My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy cheap, shoddy goods sold by cheap houses, when you can buy the very best at solid leather goods as low. We deal only in first class goods and warrant all.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shoes and dress wears are provided with the very best make of Goods' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

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Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

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ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 92 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PORTABLE and RISE SET FURNACES

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R. THORN'S,

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INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Office Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, APRIL 24 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Fire Puts 250 People Idle.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 24th, 1890 (Special)—The Chestnuthopa silk mills, the largest in the Lehigh Valley, and in the State, was destroyed by fire this morning, throwing between 200 and 400 people out of employment. The loss is very heavy.

An Earthquake on the Pacific Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24, (Special).—At about three o'clock this morning the people of this city were startled by an earthquake which shook buildings, and broke windows and crockery, but did no further damage.

A $75,000 Fire.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., April 24, (Special)—A fire broke out this morning in the village of Deposit, near this place, destroying four stores and eighteen dwellings, the loss amounting to $75,000.

JOTTINGS.

—Chicken thieves are plentiful as usual.

—Two Lenten weddings are now in order.

—Oratorical contest at Reform Club to-night at 8 o'clock.

—The Board of Health will hold a meeting next Tuesday evening.

—The thermometer registered 75 degrees at twelve o'clock to-day.

—A watch is making the rounds of the streets. Look out for him.

—A new law gives County Superintendents the power to unite school districts.

—The Central Railroad of New Jersey will hold its annual meeting in New York on May 7th.

—The Middlesex Gun Club held a "shoot" on its grounds in Dunellen yesterday.

—The cool-swearing society of East Millstone celebrated its second anniversary last night.

—One of Captain Grant's admirers presented him with two boxes of choice cigars a few days ago.

—A flock of wild geese passed over this city toward the North between five and six o'clock last evening.

—The Mutual Aid Society of the Pond Machine and Tool Works recently elected new officers.

—Messrs. S. Ayers, the painters, are so pushed with work that they are engaging new men every day.

—The Lafayette College nine is to contest with the Crescents in a game of base ball on Saturday afternoon next.

—New Jersey State obligations now aggregate $200,000, and "scarcely any steps have been taken to wipe out the debt.

—The Plainfield Gaming and Turning Society will give an oyster supper in their hall on Second street to-night.

—The Lafayette College nine of Easton, Pa., will cross bats with the Crescents on the grounds in this city next Saturday.

—Ladies who bite thread are slowly committing suicide. Most silks are soaked in solution of lead, which is deadly poison.

—This long clear spell of weather has fairly started agriculture, horticulture and health. Hooray to the fourteenth day of pleasant weather.

—The members of the Mutual Aid Society of the Pond Machine and Tool Works are arranging for an excursion during the coming Summer.

—Mr. Joseph Odam who Tuesday made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, places his liabilities at about $1,100, and his assets at about $900.

—The Ladies Bible Training class conducted by Mr. E. L. Suffern will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow (Friday) at 4 p. m. Visitors welcome.

—The case of Bullock & Co., vs. Wilson Pike, on contract, which was to have come up for trial in the Circuit Court Hall to-day has been postponed indefinitely.

—Captain Grant took Christopher Kunzman to Elizabeth yesterday afternoon to serve out a 30 days sentence in the Union County jail for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—The question of improved country roads is receiving more public attention than ever before, which surely indicates increasing intelligence and enterprise on the part of the people at large.

—Messrs. Marsh & Ayres, the painters, have just finished painting the residence of Mrs. Drue at Netherwood. The work is done in an artistic manner and the house is now one of the prettiest on the heights.

—The Central Railroad of New Jersey, during one week in the early part of April, shipped 38,188 tons of coal from the Wyoming region over the Lehigh and Susquehanna division. The total amount shipped during January, February and March, was 367,417 tons.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1	40	60	50
2	40	60	50
3	40	60	50
4	40	60	50
5	40	60	50
6	40	60	50
7	40	60	50
8	40	60	50
9	40	60	50
10	40	60	50
11	40	60	50
12	40	60	50
13	40	60	50
14	40	60	50
15	40	60	50
16	40	60	50
17	40	60	50
18	40	60	50
19	40	60	50
20	40	60	50
21	40	60	50
22	40	60	50
23	40	60	50
24	40	60	50
25	40	60	50
26	40	60	50
27	40	60	50
28	40	60	50
29	40	60	50
30	40	60	50

ABSURD REASONING.

A Moral (!) Local Paper Which has not a Word to say Against the Wrong to Chief Carey, but Thinks he did Wrong in Arresting for Violating the Law.

"The Times . . . . . has said nothing about President Moffett's orders," and consequently nothing about Chief Carey's arrests of Bars. It spoke of Mr. Moffett's avoidance of Mr. Carey last year for not deputizing illicit liquor sellers, which undoubtedly stimulated Mr. Carey to go to the utmost limit in inviting Mr. Miller and Mr. Moffett to at least make out violation of the liquor law. The Times even went so far as to say that it did not believe Mr. Moffett to at least made out violation of the liquor law. The Times even went so far as to say that it did not believe Mr. Moffett to be one who would intended to violate the law, and intimated that he would not have advised the Chief to have arrested Mr. Miller, under the circumstances."—Times.

What rot!

What has a police officer to do with the intent in such a case, where the ordinance plainly states that no place where liquor is sold shall be open between the hours of eleven o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning, or on Sunday?

That is the question. The ordinance does not say where any that the police shall not arrest the proprietors of places open at unlawful hours when there happens to be councilmen at the bar, who may use public office to gratify private spite. It does not say that the police shall only pounce on places in which the liquor is ignored, suppose to be. If it did the police might know what they were expected to do.

There was just as much intent as there is in any similar case if we are to believe the councilmen themselves, who were in the barroom, for one of them testified under oath that President Moffett requested Mr. Miller to open his barroom, and that all three councilmen stood at the bar and drank what they called for, paying for it in the usual way, and that by their act they knew that they were leading the bartender to violate the law, for one of them testified to having made a remark to him to that effect. No evidence shows that there was not as much intent as there usually is. The jury decided "guilty." It is a matter of no consequence for the purpose what those imbibed. In the interest of public morals however, as well as common fairness, the Councilmen are entitled to the benefit of every doubt, in this particular matter, but it is their later action which deserves the severest censure. The charitably disposed might overlook the innocent episode, but how can they forgive the mean, vindictive spirit shown later, in the persecution of Chief Carey and Policeman Lyche. How would these Councilmen like to be tried and condemned in the same way? Then they might justly condemn the action of Chief Carey, but leave for them to have come out in the beginning like men, and admit their wrong, commend the officers for doing their duty, trusting that the public would overlook the offense, and manifest a repentant spirit.

Such a course would have exalted them in public estimation, rather than otherwise. For who is there that is without sin? And they might have done many a worse thing than what they did. But, one of them testified that he was ashamed because he was engaged, as there is no law to refer that is deemed violating the ordinance no offense, if one didn't get caught at it.

There is not one atom of truth in the statement that Mr. Carey "involved" Mr. Moffett directly or indirectly as implied. That is only one of the scathing charges resorted to by an unprincipled press to distort the truth.

To the writer's personal knowledge Chief Carey, weeks prior to the arrest of Mr. Miller, said that Mr. Moffett had both surprised and pleased him, acting in a manner that was encouraging to the police to do their duty. Mr. Moffett's course in its favorable contrast to the war he had previously acted, and the Chief showed that he had not the slightest feeling towards him, while he has repeatedly been heard to say of the other two Councilmen that they and he had always been as brothers to each other, and that he would not believe them capable of such mean vindictiveness as they have since displayed, or that they would be so blind as not to realize the trying circumstances which confronted him, wherewith he must on the morrow decide between his duty to the people who trusted him, to his own conscience in being fair to all, on the one side, and on the other side, the danger of destroying his own reputation, and public confidence in him, to say nothing of exposing him to public derision and censure, when it became known, as it most certainly would, if he had connived at the violation of the law by his quondam friends.

No, the logic of our neighbor would be extremely dangerous to the public safety and welfare, if put in practice. The law must be no respecter of persons, but deal the same justice to the high and mighty that is done to the poor and lowly, the weak and friendless. In that way, and in that way only, can the people have good government, which even though, as Blackstone says, that the fear of punishment is a greater incentive to virtuous conduct than the hope of reward," A proper fear of proper laws will insure proper conduct, provided they are properly enforced, but not otherwise.

Mr. Newton Found.

Mr. B. B. Newton, who has been missing since early Monday morning, has returned to his sister's home.

He took the 5.45 train to New York on Monday morning and had been over since at Smith & Mellor's Hotel, near Washington Market, New York.

He seems to be in about the same condition of health as before he went away.

Mr. Simon Johnson the pioneer at the B. B. Newton sale, had talked with him Monday morning and gave Mr. Goddard information last evening, which showed that Mr. Newton had surely gone to New York.

This morning Mrs. Goddard received a letter from Mr. Newton dated at the hotel mentioned, and that led to his return at about noon to-day.

Mr. Newton's friends wish to express their great obligation and gratitude to a great many friends and neighbors who have offered help and sympathy under the trying circumstances of the last few days.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Record Broken. Horse Breaks its Neck, A Curiously Deformed Calf, etc.

The other evening about six o'clock as a valuable horse was grazing in a lot in Elizabeth it took a sudden notion to jump over a fence in order to nibble some fine grass. Thanimal's neck was broken in the effort.

The Princeton Freshman class has agreed upon cane caps and canes. The canes will cost $6 each. The stick is French crab with a silver cord running around from the head, which is plain, over eight inches down the cane. The cap selected is a yatching cap with an orange band in front, and the monogram "'92 C., '93" in orange.

Lafayette College, at Easton, has sent out 280 professors and teachers, over 300 civil and mining engineers, 341 physicians, 443 ministers and 676 lawyers. Her alumni are found in every State and territory in the Union, from Alabama to Alaska, and from Maine to to Mexico. The new catalogue for this year shows an attendance of 311 students, from nineteen States, besides Brazil, Japan and Honduras. Pennsylvania has 210 students at the institution.

A cow owned by William Lippincott, of Tinton Falls, gave birth Monday to one of the strangest freaks ever heard of. The animal resembles both a calf and a goose. Its head, shoulders and fore-feet of the creature are like those of an ordinary calf. The hind feet are thin and bird-like. Instead of hoofs there are web-like claws. The tail is thickly covered with hair, and the end is formed like an open fan. As hour after the creature was born it foundered into a pool of water, where it apparently seemed contented.

The peach basket making record was broken last Friday at the Flemington peach basket factory by George Britton, son of Henry Britton, Esq. He succeeded in completing 273 baskets in 11 hours. 50 of these were made in 80 minutes. Had young Britton continued at the work for 17 straight hours at the same average he would have finished up about 389 baskets. His average per hour was a trifle over 34 baskets.—Flemington Democrat.

The annual conference of the African Methodist Episcopal church was held in St. Paul's church in Trenton recently. One action of interest was the expulsion of the Rev. G. H. Smith, pastor of Zion church in Flemington. He was charged with being a fugitive from justice, a conjurer, and a lot of other disagreeable things. The accused emphatically denied the truth of the charges. He says that he was expelled from the conference without a trial or an opportunity to defend himself, and that he will bring suit against the conference for defamation of character.

Slightly Worse Than Our Own Case.

The following from yesterday's Tribune shows that other places have come in a while cause like Plainfield for just complaint. "A question has just arisen in Hoboken which is likely to create considerable interest among the police, not only in New York, but in every other city throughout the Union. A patrolman on duty at two o'clock in the morning in the High street, of Atlerie, N. J., was unfortunate enough to discover a man and woman in a local "fonder" in a state of uproarious intoxication. As the 'Chief' remained deaf to all persuasion or remonstrance, and absolutely declined to abstain from any further assaults on the street lamps and show-windows, his subordinate at length deemed it to be his duty to take him into custody; and he was conveyed to the police station with considerable difficulty. After his arrival there, his conduct became so violent that the sergeant at the desk considered it necessary to place him under restraint in a cell, and accordingly entered a charge of of 'drunkenness and disorderly conduct' against him. On the following day the superintendent was brought up before the magistrates and fined. But notwithstanding the judicial recognition of the well founded nature of the accusation, both the sergeant and the patrolman were subsequently dismissed the forces by order of the Town Council, on the ground of 'insubordination.' It was claimed that they had been guilty of 'disobedience' and 'disrespect to their superior officer. This decision on the part of the City Fathers of Airdrie has given rise to widespread discussion. For while it would be obviously imprudent to encourage constables to 'run in' their superior officers whenever they choose to consider them deserving, yet it is manifestly the duty of the police to interfere and prevent any infraction of the laws, even if the culprit happens to be an officer placed in authority over them."

A Novel Engine.

The Scientific American recently contained illustrations and a description of the new driver locomotive which will recently run between New York and Easton on the Central railroad, making excellent time. The novelty about the machine is that the tire of the driver, instead of being round—a perfect circle, is polygonal, each polygon is an inch long, and there are 240 in the circumference of the wheel. This gives additional traction, and enables the engine to do much heavier work. The fact that the circumference, instead of being smooth, has 240 "corners" does not interfere with the perfectly smooth running of the engine. By experiences trouble in wet, slippery weather, however. This will be of interest to many Plainfielders who have seen the engine.

—Sweet and beautiful wild flowers and shrubs of various varieties are now in bloom. Groups of school children daily take advantage of the fine weather to gather them.

—There are now seventy-eight scholarships at Princeton for the aid of those unable to pay the charge of tuition, and it is a rule at the College of New Jersey never to turn away a student because of his inability to pay the fee of tuition.

PERSONAL.

The condition of Frankie, the thirteen-year-old son of Ex-Chief F. W. Vail is reported as much improved to-day.

Ex-City Treasurer Henry Blumer of New Brunswick is now living with his daughter, Mrs. A. R. Paddock in this city.

Messrs. Adam Blair and Cornelius Harris of this city left this morning for Providence, R. I., where they expect to remain indefinitely.

The funeral of the late Catherine O'Rourke took place from St. Mary's church at half-past nine o'clock this morning. Interment was made in St. Mary's.

Mr. John Gebras, died suddenly at New Market Tuesday. Deceased was fifty-three years, seven month and four day. The funeral took place from his late residence this afternoon at o'clock. Interment will be made at Matawan.

An evening sociable held in Central Hall last evening was well attended. Dancing was the feature of the occasion. The committee in charge of the affair comprised Messrs. J. V. Brokman, C. S. Greer, A. J. Everett and T. A. Kurzhals, Jr.

In speaking of those present at the fashionable wedding of Miss Florence de Beaucourt, Addition de Goll and Mr. Robert Ashby Waterbury in the Westminster church at Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday evening, the Herald of that city mentions among those present Mr. Addison Conkling and Mrs. S. I. Conkling of Plainfield.

Mr. William Uhrbahn of Regent street, North Plainfield, who was so seriously injured a few years ago by a half turned bone transplanting on him, and who has been under the doctor's care since has had a set back. At the time he was injured it was thought, after examination, that he had escaped broken bones. At a recent examination, made necessary on account of the continual pain Mr. Uhrbahn suffered it was found that he had sustained a fracture of the femur. This will it is thought keep him abed for several months at least.

LaGrippe in 1836.

The Elizabeth Journal has the following interesting matter culled from The Union of March 9, 1837. The Union was one of the papers started in the early days of Plainfield. On the above date it had an account of a great sickness in Europe, principally in Sweden.

Nearly 30,000 people had been or were sick, and the mortality was very great. The disease spread to London in December, 1836, and there were thousands of cases. 190 clerks in the Bank of England were sick, and 130 deaths occurred in the naval hospital at Greenwich. The symptoms described were the same as in the epidemic of 1889-90, and was styled a kind of influenza. The paper states that it was called La Grippe in Europe.

This same paper in giving news from New Jersey states that a branch post office has been established in Elizabethtown, and Thomas R. Wood was appointed post-master.

Board in Plainfield was advertised at $2.25 per week.

The flax and hemp mill of Elizabethtown was destroyed by fire together one of its buildings having been blown down it cannot receive any more flax for awhile.

The New Jersey railroad announced the fact that it had reached New Brunswick from Jersey City in 11 minutes. The trains run day-care to Elizabethtown, 50 cents. A stage ran from Elizabeth to Plainfield.

Court of Special Sessions.

The usual session of the court of special sessions was held in Elizabeth at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. There were a number of defendants arraigned, charged and sentenced.

Lauretia Quinn pleaded guilty to an allegation of disorderly conduct, and was sentenced to the county jail for five days.

Thomas Cook, colored, recently sent from Rahway, for an assault and battery, pleaded guilty. He had been before the courts on other occasions. He was sentenced to the county jail for three months.

Maggie Lamount, the young woman accused by her employer, Mr. Morrison of Fanwood, of stealing a number of articles, was arraigned. She pleaded guilty to petit larceny, and her sentence was deferred for one week, in order that the court may inquire about her character.

The two Polish Jews who were charged with an assault on Abram Tower, were released on their own recognizance.

Arrested for Wife Beating.

John Scott, colored, went home last evening and "wamped" himself by beating his wife. The women complained to a policeman and Scott was promptly arrested. This morning he was arraigned before City Judge Codington and fined three dollars. He paid he fine.

Married.

GOODWIN—SHULTISE—At the residence of the bride's parents Wednesday, April 23, 1890, Miss Dorcella VanPelt Augusta Goodwin, to Joseph Shultise. J. B. Cleaver, V. D. M. officiating. No cards.

Died.

GEBRES—At New Market, John Gebras, aged 53 years, 7 months and 4 days. The funeral service Thursday, April 24, from his late residence, at three o'clock. Interment Friday at Matawan.

SEALED PROPOSALS Will be received at the office of Street Commissioner of the City of Plainfield, No. 7 East Front street, until 12 o'clock noon of the 30th day of April A. D. 1890 inst. for furnishing crushed stone to the City of Plainfield for the remainder of the year 1890.

Specifications for the prices for furnishing the following sizes, viz: "Dust" No. 1 or 1 1-4 inch and No. 2 or 2 1-4 inch, in each instance delivered on the streets, the said Street Commissioner may direct.

The stone must be of the best quality of trap rock, free from clay, or other foreign material; it must be weighed on such scales as the Street Commissioner may direct, and a voucher or weigh bill must be delivered with every load to the said Street Commissioner or his authorized representative.

The right is reserved to all bids to be rejected. ROBERT A. MEEKER, Plainfield, April 19, 1890. Street Commissioner. 24-5

OUR READERS' COLUMN.

"PROX" ON EXAMPLES.

He Discourages a Decided Tangle.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The arithmetical solution of the square and circle problem, I give for the benefit of those who have not seen it, and who do not understand the complicated solution given by my esteemed friend, "Schoolboy."

Whatever dimension is given, a unit of that division is taken as to the key to the question, modified by that which is to surround it, for example, as many inches around as acres contained, or as many rods around as square contained, or as many five cent pieces around as feet contained. This operation is the same whether the question be of a circle or a square.

The acre cannot be exactly squared, but if we take ten acres it can be. We then have 1600 rods squared gives 40 rods on each side, 4 sides 160 rods divided by one mile 320 rods gives one half mile or the length of one side of the desired square (multiplied ten times) square one half we have one quarter divided by 10 one fortieth of an acre 4 rods, 2 rods on each side or 8 rods around or one fourtieth of a mile.

Next, the circle is in feet, one foot or 12 inches is 48 inches around it divided by three fifths the diameter of the 5 cent piece gives 80. Then the factor of the circle is feet. The square of 80 multiplied by 7854, gives 5026.56 feet area of the circle. 80 multiplied by 31416 gives 251.328 feet circumference. Reduced to inches and divided by three fifths inches gives 5026.56. Less one inch of a coin multiplied by 5 cents gives $251.30.

This form of arithmetical solution I think will be most readily "seen into" by the average scholar. Not wishing to occupy more of your valuable space, I have made these remarks as condensed as possible.

* * *

The answer to the "army puzzle" of A. B. C. is:

As twice the length of the army minus twice the advance the army has made at the time the general reached the rear, plus the advance of the front; hence 35 miles length of army multiplied by two, equals 50 miles less 5.623 miles, multiplied by 2; the advance made by the army at the time the general arrived at the rear, plus 15 miles, the advance of the front gives 54.15 miles traveled by the general. PROX.

Young Crescents Victorious.

The Young Crescents defeated the Green Brooks Wednesday on the Sixth street grounds by a score of 14 to 10. The battery of the Young Crescents were J. Sutphen, E. Kline and W. Littell; for the Green Brooks W. Thates and J. Voshl. Score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5
Young Crescents.....	1	7	1	5	0—14
Green Brooks.....	1	8	0	0	1—10

—Blanket the horse and let down the checkrein. The horse enjoys the comforts of life and dislikes its disagreeable features as much as man does.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A VALUABLE livery, sale and exchange stable, doing the best boarding trade in town. Horses carriages, harness of all kinds, at private sale. Cheap. Apply McGroarty Bros., Sixth street. 24-6

A COLUMBIA tricycle, ball-bearing, for sale. Price $60. Inquire at 327 Orange place. 23-2

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price. Scarbrough & Wentz, 5 Park place.

BOARD wanted by two ladies where there are few, or no other boarders. City or suburbs. Address "Permanent," care of Evening News. 23-2

BOY or young man wanted smart intelligent and honest. Apply W. Miles, Somerset street near Johnson drive.

CUT THIS OUT—Have your hermin, hook and eye trusser plated. Makes your hermin look like new. C. M. Coleman, Dunellen, N. J. 23-2

DRESSMAKER would like a few more customers. Terms very reasonable. 112 Somerset street. 24-3

1000 $1.25 Chrysanthemums 40 finest sorts $1.25 doz. Mrs. Alpheus Hardy Sec. church corner of Madison and Shade Street, Rhododendrons, at Deaton's, Hillside avenue, nursery. 23-2

FIRST-CLASS board and accommodations, for gentleman boarding. Residence. Crescent avenue, corner First place.

FOR SALE—Small house and barn on Front street near Grant avenue. Apply T. Vail, agent, 49 North avenue. 22-tf

FOR SALE—A good work horse. Apply to Mrs. James Craig, Dunellen N. J.

FURNISHED rooms with or without board at 112 Central avenue. 23-2

100 ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 24-tf

SMALL house to let. 33 Park place, North Plainfield. 24-3

SITTINGS of eggs of thoroughbred Pekin ducks $1 per dozen. Also eggs of the thoroughbred black Minoren fowl, $1.50 per setting. Greatest layers known, both Winter and Summer. 112 Somerset street. 24-3

TWO long school tables for sale. Suitable for Boys' Club or Kindergarten use. Inquire at Women's Exchange, 68 Park avenue. 23-2

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, 25 East Sixth street. 23-2

WANTED to rent by a good man with good and better cow. Address C. A. Leland, 201 West Fourth street. 23-6

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Inquire at 112 East Front street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 65 Grandview avenue. 23-3

WANTED—A good cook and laundress, (white). Call at 33 East Fifth street. 23-2

FOR SALE.

AT A BARGAIN.

The beautiful residence of James R. Crane, Evans, next to J. Manning's, Esq., lately occupied by C. F. Manning, Esq., Second Bank, New York. 240 feet front on Dunellen avenue; 220 feet deep. Large barn, Summer house and growing fruits.

LIBERAL TERMS.

Apply to J. T. Vail or F. M. Bacon. 24-1

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have gone all through the Stock, bought of Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have marked them all down something like this: We have few Ladies' Shoes left in B. C. Burt's and McCombe's sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, $6 and $7 to $1.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$1.00,	former price	$2.00.
" "	1.50,	" "	2.50.
" "	2.00,	" "	3.00.
GENT'S SHOES	1.00,	" "	2.00.
" "	1.50,	" "	3.00.
" "	2.00,	" "	4.00.
" "	2.50,	" "	5.00.

We have the above Shoes in all sizes, with the exception of McCombe's and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargain Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Slippers and Ties for ladies; also our $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes made especially for us. This Sale will commence WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23d, and continue until MAY 3d. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them almost as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a mistaken idea they look lotsby and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put in the finest leather that can be Bought, and have the work done by one of the best Shoemakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

EDSALL'S Great SPECIAL SALE!

OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW FURNISHINGS!

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890,

AND CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS,

Affording the citizens of Plainfield the Greatest Opportunity ever offered here to buy these goods at figures much below the usual prices. For full particulars see Circulars.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

SPRING SHOES HAVE ARRIVED IN GREAT SHAPE, HENCE WE ARE ABLE TO SHOW THE PEOPLE A GREATER VARIETY THAN EVER BEFORE. WHEN YOU GET READY TO PURCHASE, COME AND SEE US, AND IMAGAGE YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST SHOE STORES IN NEW YORK. THE CHANCES ARE YOU WILL FIND JUST WHAT YOU WANT, AND WILL GO AWAY PERFECTLY SATISFIED, AND WILL FIND YOUR WAY BACK IN THE FUTURE FOR MORE SHOES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

Special Notices.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT. Notice is hereby given that Joseph Odam, of the city of Plainfield, county of Union, and State of New Jersey, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors and that the said creditors are required to exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at the office No. 34 West Front street, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Dated this 22d, day of April A. D., Eighteen hundred and ninety.

23-Stow WM. A. CODDINGTON, Assignee.

CLAIRVOYANT Mrs. Dr. Edwards arrived in Plainfield April 23, and will remain (one week only unless called for) at the office of the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest Clairvoyant in the world. She has been blind and deaf from birth, but is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 23-1w

TO-NIGHT

MUSIC HALL.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES.

Last Appearance

IN PLAINFIELD.

Manager John Mishler has the honor to present

PROF. GEORGE BARTHOLOMEW

And his famous, only and unequaled

1890 EQUINE PARADOX 1890

24 EDUCATED HORSES.

Do everything but talk, directed by spoken language; novel mechanical effects; beautiful scenery; handsome trappings. Enlarged school. New acts. Every evening at eight o'clock.

Two Afternoon Performances.

Friday and Saturday

AFTERNOONS AT 2.30.

SPECIAL PRICES: Admission 15, 25, 35c. Reserved seats 50c. For sale sale at usual places.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday, April 28,

Engagement of

Maude Granger,

Supported by Her Own Company, including Mr. Harry Meredith Hall, as Richard Davey and Mrs. Lucy Hooper's Powerful Emotional play

"INHERITED,"

As originally produced at the theatre de L'Application, Paris, and the Madison Square Theatre, New York, a play full of interest and dramatic life a story by Edgar Allen Poe and with a death scene worthy of Sarah Bernhardt or Modjeska. Prices 50, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Thursday.

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 50c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HORROCKS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, — OR, PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

BOOK NOTICES, TELEPHONE 52, ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

A valued exchange tells us of a family who were opposed on principle to ventilation, and slept with all their windows closed tight. The whole family fell ill, when a window pane was accidentally broken, and none of them being able to mend it all recovered. This is a pretty story, but where were the old hats?

An army officer explains the fact that private soldiers do not receive the pensions of the city at the rate of $25 a month by doing such service very willingly. Therefore the army officer concludes it is all right for the private soldier to black his superior's boots. By no means. A soldier of the United States army has no business to black an officer's boots. He did not hire himself to the government to be a body servant to any man. There is a certain fitness in things.

For Europe, Africa is the country of the future. America has been tolerably well occupied by the white man. So has Australia. Africa is the only rich new continent that has not yet wholly yielded to his sway. In the next hundred years immense wealth will be realized there. A question of the greatest interest is whether the negro will vanish before the white man, as the red Indian has done in America, as the aborigines have done in Australia. As it is, in the United States, where the African negro is not native, but was transplanted, he not only holds his own in numbers against the white man, but is claimed by race alarmists to be even gaining on him. Perhaps the all conquering white man cannot blot out the negro from Africa.

Boulanger in Distress.

Le brav general—he who wanted to overturn the French republic and ride into a dictatorship upon his black horse—perhaps into an emperorship—is in distress in the picturesque isle of Jersey. He cannot, he really cannot, bring his personal expenses down to within less than $20 a day and live as an exiled hero should. Therefore, in his dire need, he has even sold the famous black mag on which he cantered into the hearts of a lot of silly Parisians of both sexes.

The illustrious statesman has been afforded in modern times of the peering out of a great hero. Boulanger has dwindled down small indeed. The most there was of him in the beginning was that black nag. That gone, what is left as a rallying cry for those who wish ill to the French republic? Boulanger was not handsome, he was not gifted. It is not recorded that he was ever distinguished by any instance of personal bravery. He was simply a commonplace looking, and his vanity served as a cat's paw to the enemies of republicanism. As he vanished small and ridiculous, so may they all vanish small and ridiculous.

Boulanger can now come to America and get a splendid living as a museum freak, along with the Cronin white horse and the Ohio ballot box forger. Kick a man when he is down? Yes; kick him into oblivion. Vive la Republique!

Prejudice Against Jews.

The American Hebrew has been interviewing a number of distinguished Christian gentlemen, divines and others, on the reason for the prejudice against Jewish people. The gentlemen questioned declare, one and all, that they personally have no prejudice adverse to Hebrews, that they consider them as model citizens and models of family life. De. Morgan Dix finds no justification for the feeling, while Cardinal Gibbons says that in Baltimore there is no prejudice at all against Jews.

When it is remembered that until recent times no Jew was permitted to own real estate in any country of Europe, it would seem how the world moves onward and on the light, even although it seems to us to go slow. The New York Herald calls attention to some individuals of this gifted race as follows:

The careful observer of racial characteristics never fails to give the Hebrews their full meed of genius. They are, on the whole and as a whole, the most remarkable people on the planet. Their poets and prophets have a place in literature which is held by no other writers of rivals. A strain of Hebrew blood is the equivalent of genius and the promise of conspicuous excellence. In philosophy, likewise, the Hebrew is pre-eminent. In dramatic art, Rachel and Bernhardt; in finance, the Rothschilds and Seligmans, Montefiore; in diplomacy, Disraeli—but the list is too long for enumeration.

The same journal then proceeds to say that the prejudice mentioned is plainly failing into decay, and that when we have more sense we shall judge a man neither by his social position, color nor nationality, but simply by his ambitions and achievements.

There is one infallible test by which every human being has a right to judge another, whether he be Jew, Gentile, black or white, and that is his manners. If a man is hardly and thoughtful of others, not pushing or aggressive, or seeking the best of everything for himself and his, who her anybody else gets any or not, if he is full of graceful, gentle courtesies to his fellow men, he is of royal blood, wherever we may find him.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

Is the Senate Usurping the House's Power?

CONGRESSMEN IN WARM DEBATE.

A Claim That Republican Postmasters were Ill Treated in the South—The Alleged Defalcation of Arkansas — The Oklahoma Bill Goes to the President.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The house occupied the day in discussing the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, the pending question being on the motion to strike out the clause providing clerks for senators. A long discussion ensued as to the relative rights and privileges of the two houses without much reference to the pending bill. Mr. Butterworth said that nine out of ten representatives favored clerks for members of both houses but they were afraid to vote for it when a yea and nay vote was called. Mr. Butterworth said if he had a clerk he would be worth $10,000 a year more to his constituents.

The Clarksdale Election Victorious.

Mr. Breckinridge (Ky.) said that under the present rules the senate was usurping the power of the house, and in spite of its continuing character was becoming the leader of public opinion. The senate discussed public matters before the people of the nation, and so long as it continued to do this, and the house continued to conduct its business without proper debate, the senate would come to be the true representative of the people. The house was abdicating its power day by day. After further discussion the motion to strike out was lost—yeas, 85; nays, 97.

Republican Postmasters in the South.

Mr. Kelley (Kan.) started a general debate as to persecution of Republican postmasters and officeholders in the south. Speaking to a verbal amendment Mr. Kelley replied to a remark made by Mr. Allen (Miss.), to the effect that some of the newly appointed postmasters in Mississippi had moved their offices out of the towns into the country. Thinking that there must be some reason for this, he had written to the postoffice department and had been informed that in some places it was impossible for a Republican postmaster to secure a location in a town, and was obliged to go to the country. As an instance of the manner in which some Republican postmasters were treated in the south, he read a letter from Mr. Bowen, appointed in May as postmaster at Abbeville, S. C., who stated that shortly after his appointment he was set upon by a mob, led by Ward & Cothran, son of Congressman Cothran, and beaten with barbed wire and ordered to leave the town.

How it is in Southern Outrages.

Mr. Allen (Miss.) said that there had never been a time in the history of the G. O. P. when southern outrages were more necessary for the purposes of that party than they were today. It had gone to the wall on the tariff: it was busted higher than a kite on civil service; the elections were not going its way, if it scouting stone, a full half hour was lost before the injured men could be rescued and the last dead body recovered. Johnny Murphy could not be found for some days. He was finally discovered in the fly wheel pit, where it had been hurled and ground to a pulp.

The Petition to the Czar.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—At a meeting of the Siberian Exile Petition association George Kennan said the petition to the czar would be signed by numerous persons signed ever presented to any ruler. It would not inform the czar of any facts unknown to him, but would have its effect in that it would create a shroud in regard to the exile system. Mr. Kennan read an affecting letter from a girl exile to a friend in Philadelphia, in which some of the worst features of the system are embodied in pamphlet form for gratuitous distribution, and that an exile relief fund be raised in connection with the petition. Suspecting assertions that the stories of Siberian cruelty were exaggerated, Mr. Kennan said all his assertions were based on official documents, and that he would go before the national prison congress, which is to meet at St. Petersburg, and prove his statements if the Russian government would permit him to call his witnesses.

Struck by a Cyclone.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 24.—A terrific cyclone struck Rosa mills, a town of 600 inhabitants, twenty miles south of here. Many buildings were overturned and some completely demolished. The Kyle institute, a two story building, was lifted from its foundation and carried thirty feet without injuring the structure. Two fine horses and some cattle were killed, but, strange to say, no person is even reported injured. The most complete devastation in the track of the storm suffered.

Five Hundred Dahomians Killed.

PARIS, April 24.—Advices from Lagos state that the French garrison at Porto Novo, having learned that the Dahomians were advancing upon the place, marched out to meet the enemy. The Dahomian troops were moving when the engagement began. It was complicated that these outrages were wrong, the only answer was that Powell Clayton had done the same twenty-five years ago. If to tell the truth was to slander Arkansas it was necessary and must be done. That there was not a proper regard for the sanctity of the ballot could not be doubted. The party in power in Arkansas rested its power not on the votes of an honest majority, but on stuffed ballot boxes. Pending further discussion the committee rose and the house adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Mr. Reagan addressed the senate in support of his bill to repeal all laws for the retirement of army and navy officers with pay. He did so without any unkind feeling toward any of the officers referred to. He thought that no one should be retired except for disability. Disabilities are not common to all. Mr. Platt presented the conference report on the senate bill to provide a temporary government for the territory of Oklahoma. The report was read in full, and was then agreed to—yeas, 50; nays, 5. Senators Butler, Cockrell, Gray and Vest. The bill now goes to the president.

Mr. Blair moved to take from the calendar and pass the senate bill appropriating $250,000 for an experimental station to Maj. Gen. John Stark at Manchester, N. H. Mr. Cockrell opposed and said that he thought the time of the senate and most ridiculous of all the ridiculous bills for the erection of monuments. Mr. Hawley said that if the government was to enter upon the policy of erecting statues elsewhere than at Washington it would have to erect statues to half the revolutionary heroes in all the states. The vote on the passage of the bill resulted as follows: Yeas, 32; nays, 8. There was no quorum and the bill went over.

A BILL AT LAST.

The Republicans of Congress Decide Upon a Silver Measure.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The caucus of Republican members of the house last night was more harmonious than any of those that have taken place recently. Mr. Henderson (Ills.) presided. The silver question was brought up by Mr. Conger (Ia.), who stated that the sub-committee of the caucus committees of the senate and house had come to an agreement which had been approved by the caucus committee of the house. The caucus committee, he said, had prepared a bill, which covered all the amendments agreed to.

The bill provided for the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion per month, and that the bullion certificates should be redeemable in lawful money of the United States by the secretary of the treasury, but no greater or lesser amount of notes shall be outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion in the treasury; provided, that the secretary may, in his discretion, exchange silver bullion for silver bullion notes an amount of silver which shall be equal in value at market prices on the day of the issue of the notes.

The bill allows the secretary to purchase both foreign and domestic bullion. It also repeals provisions of the present law which requires the coinage of not less than $2,000,000 each month. Section 3, 322 revised statutes, and section 4 of the national banking law in relation to money now held by banks as reserve, are repealed by the bill. After a discussion of an hour or so the caucus committee bill was agreed to, with only six dissenting votes.

The bill of pensions was also taken up, and after a short discussion the caucus indorsed the Morrill service pension bill.

The question of passing some national election law was brought forward, and Mr. Lodge (Mass.) urged the adoption by the caucus of his bill placing the election of representatives to congress under national control. Mr. Lodge was followed by Mr. Powell (Ills.), the chairman of the elections committee, who argued in favor of the immediate action of the house upon the subject as the most effective means of correcting election evils. After further discussion, and without coming to any conclusion on the subject, the caucus adjourned until next Tuesday night, when the McComas national election bill will be considered.

WITHOUT A WARNING.

A Boiler Exploded and Three Men were Killed.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., April 24.—An explosion occurred at the Rma mills yesterday. Three men were killed and six badly injured. The dead are:

Klingensmith, George.
Murphy, John.
Welch, James.

The injured are:

Bounds, Joe, arm broken and bruised.
Flynn, James, badly scalded.
Myers, John, severely burned.
Reagan, Barney, probably fatally scalded.
Shipsocker, I., severely hurt by flying debris.

While all of the men were working the flue end of the big boiler collapsed with a deafening roar, and in a moment the place was filled with steam. If it scalding steam. A full half hour was lost before the injured men could be rescued and the last dead body recovered. Johnny Murphy could not be found for some days. He was finally discovered in the fly wheel pit, where it had been hurled and ground to a pulp.

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A MYSTERIOUS SUICIDE.

Is the Dead Man the Paris Strangler?

HE GREATLY RESEMBLES EYRAUD

The Stranger Who Killed Himself on Staten Island Talked Like a Foreigner and Is Thought to Have Been Deputy Marshal Gouffe's Slayer.

NEW YORK, April 24.—There are strong reasons for believing that the body now lying in the dead house in Northfield township, S. I., is that of Michael Eyraud, who, in July last, strangled to death Deputy Marshal Gouffe in Paris. The man who now lies dead committed suicide on Thursday night last by shooting himself in the mouth, and the body has not yet been claimed by anybody. The picture of Eyraud, however, published last month, and the description of his personal appearance, published from time to time since the commission of the crime, serve to leave no doubt in the minds of those who have seen the remains that they are those of the Parisian strangler.

Story of the Suicide.

The man arrived in Port Richmond, S. I., last Thursday morning from the Bergen Point ferry, and strolled up and down the streets for some time. In the evening he was sitting in the Turnpike Halfway house, kept by Michael Mulvaney. He was then very nervous. On leaving Mulvaney's the man walked along the Willowbrook road, and on reaching the farm of Charles Dreyer, about a mile and a half from Port Richmond, he set down in the grass behind a cedar tree. About 6 o'clock a pistol shot was heard by Michael Hartung, Mr. Dreyer's hired man, who ran across the field from the barn to the road and found the stranger lying unconscious against a stone fence, with blood streaming from his mouth and nose.

Shot in the Mouth.

In the man's left hand was held a leather pouch, and in his right a five chambered revolver, which had been carried in the pouch. A bullet of thirty-two caliber had been fired by the suicide into his mouth, and imbedded itself in the skull, causing instant death. At the inquest on Monday night, the assistant of the coroner was called by Charles Dreyer to the remarkable resemblance between the dead man and the picture of Eyraud, remarking at the same time that the published description of the Parisian strangler might have been written with perfect accuracy of the stranger. The resemblance also very much impressed with the resemblance, and he notified Inspector Byrnes. As he received no answer from the inspector, he sent the body to the dead house in Northfield on Tuesday, where it was boxed up for burial.

A Description of the Body.

Yesterday afternoon a reporter drove out to the coroner's house and saw the remains. The resemblance of the dead man's features and those of the photograph of Eyraud, taken in 1878, was at once apparent. The body is that of a man about six feet tall, weighing about 180 pounds and over 45 years of age. There were the same high and receding forehead, the massive, square set face, the high cheek bones, the firm and somewhat sensual lips and large eyes of the picture. The nose, too, was large and slightly aquiline, while a protuberance on its bridge gave it the appearance of having been bruised or broken. His complexion had been florid, although while in death, of course, it was pasty. His mustache was a grayish black, as was his hair, which grew somewhat thinly, making him slightly bald. The eyes are hazel.

The hands of the dead man have described as large and muscular, and so were those of the dead man. They were powerful, sinewy hands, with a strength like that of a woman's. His hat, something like the style worn by Grand Army men, was marked on the band inside, "Stockwell, extra quality, London." The revolver was of the Marquis of Lorne pattern. Superintendent McCormack said that the body had not been seen at the dead house by detectives or any one else. If nothing was heard from the police or friends of the dead man he would be buried today, or to-morrow at the latest.

Michael Mulvaney, who was the last man who spoke to the stranger before he shot himself, said that he talked with a foreign accent, and was evidently a man who had always lived well and was accustomed to good society.

Eyraud's Notorious Crime.

The crime for which Eyraud has been hunted down so relentlessly by detectives was committed in the rooms of Gabrielle Bompard, to which Deputy Marshal Gouffe had been invited. There was no clue to the murderer until a few months ago. All that time the woman, who had fled to San Francisco with Eyraud, resented his cruel treatment and deserted him. She went to Paris and informed the police that Eyraud had planned and carried out the murder, and that she was only an accessory to the crime. On the night of the murder the mail of Eyraud in February just after he had left the Hotel America at Fifteenth street and Irving place. He had previously been staying at the Hoffman house and the Hotel Martin on University place. He went under the name of Mr. Avrard, a merchant from Guayaquil, who was in this city on business. He was a social favorite among the hotel guests and succeeded in borrowing from them various sums of money. The detectives went to Montreal and San Francisco, but in vain and apparently the search for him was recently abandoned.

They Look up the Body Again.

Coroner Wood resumed the inquest in the case last night. The jury drove to the county house, where the body lies, and did not return until after midnight. It is an extraordinary occurrence for a jury to view a body a second time.

Coroner Wood said that if after the second examination the jury thought that the identification was proven, the interment of the body would be postponed, and that he would correspond with the French authorities.

Inspector Byrnes Is Run.

Inspector Byrnes would say little about the case. As his reason for not responding to Coroner Wood's request, he said he was "not looking for dead men." From the published reports he thought it was highly probable that the Staten Island suicide was identical with Eyraud. He did not deny that he had been looking for the stranger for several weeks.

A Railroad Rumor Denied.

NEW YORK, April 24.—A member of Drexel, Morgan & Co. says that the story of Mr. Spencer, of that firm, and President Miller, of the St. Paul railroad, exchanging places is wholly baseless. President Miller and Vice President Bond, of the railroad company, also deny the story.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At New York—
New York.....0 1 0 1 3 0 0 0 *—5
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Batteries: O'Day and Ewing, Buffington and Grant.

At Boston—
Boston.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—2
Brooklyn.....0 1 0 4 0 0 0 0 *—5
Batteries: S. Daly and Murphy, Van Haltren and Daly.

At Buffalo—
Buffalo-Cleveland game postponed on account of rain.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—2
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Galvin and Carroll, Dwyer and Boyle.

National League.

At New York—
Philadelphia.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 *—1
Batteries: Rusie and Sommers, Vickery and Clements.

At Boston—
Boston.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Nichols and Gannel, Hughes and Kinslow.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....3 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 *—6
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Daniels and Miller, Daly, Parson and Zimmer.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati.....1 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 *—4
Chicago.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Duryea and Foutz, Sullivan and Lenor.

American Association.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic.....1 0 1 0 7 0 0 0 *—9
Syracuse.....2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Batteries: Bryan and Robinson, Lyons and Deely.

At Brooklyn—
Rochester.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2
Batteries: Fitzgerald and McGuire, McCullough and Toy.

At St. Louis—
St. Louis-Toledo game postponed on account of wet grounds.

At Louisville—
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Louisville.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Easton and Blick, Stratton and Ryan.

Atlantic Association.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6; Hartford, 5.
At Newark—Newark, 14; Worcester, 5.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 8; Jersey City, 18.
At Washington—Washington, 11; New Haven, 3.

Pardoned by the President.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The president in the case of First Lieut. J. V. S. Paddock, Fifth artillery, sentenced by court martial to dismissal from the army for drunkenness in his February, 1890, pay accounts, remitted the sentence of the court in all respects and restored Lieut. Paddock to his rank and standing in the army. The president in doing this recalls the lieutenant's previous gallant service, the fact that he received wounds in action which disabled him; that clemency was recommended by the court martial that tried him and sentenced him to dismissal; that Acting Judge Advocate General Lieber and Maj. Gen. Schofield also recommended that clemency be extended, and the further fact that "the acts of the officer were only technically of a character calling for the penalty adjudged."

A Statue of Washington for France.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The ladies comprising the Washington Statue association, who have for their object in organizing the contributing by the women of America of a statue of Washington for France, held a meeting at the residence of Mrs. Senator Jones. Mrs. S. J. Field presided, and Mrs. Pendleton acted as secretary. Mr. Appelton, of New York, the originator of the movement, was also present. The association has already received subscriptions to the amount of $7,000, and it is expected that the entire amount necessary will be in hand by the time the next meeting is held in December. It is estimated that $25,000 will be sufficient for the work.

A Merchant's Suicide.

NEW YORK, April 24.—William W. Reed, a china and glassware dealer of 620 Sixth avenue, committed suicide early last evening near the sheepfold in Central park by shooting himself in the head behind the right ear. No one was near at the time, and Mr. Reed had been dead about an hour when his body was discovered lying on the green by Park Policeman Fitzpatrick. His wife and daughter were both prostrated by the news. They could not account for Mr. Reed's suicide except on the theory that he was unable to find a suitable location for his store, and ended his life in a fit of discouragement.

Shot by a Millman.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 24.—Last evening Joseph P. Anderson was probably fatally wounded by G. E. Buchan, a civil engineer from Pittsburg, who was living with the former's wife. Mrs. Anderson had been separated from her husband, but he was still jealous of her. Buchan and Mrs. Anderson were out walking, when they were joined by Anderson. A quarrel ensued, and Anderson drew a pistol. Buchan was too quick and knocked him down, and then fired several shots, but apparently without effect. At last accounts Buchan had not been captured.

A Plea for the Mormon Votes.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Delegate Caine, of Utah, addressed the house committee on territories in opposition to the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Struble amending the act of congress of March, 1882, in reference to bigamy. The bill extends the Idaho test oath to Utah. This, Mr. Caine claims, is unjust, and further claims that congress has not the right to pass such a measure, as it will disfranchise all persons who adhere to the Mormon church.

Treason in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—The discovery has been made that documents embodying a scheme of Russian mobilization on the frontiers of Germany and Austria in the event of war have been stolen from the war office. The discovery has created a profound sensation in high military circles, and the extent of complicity in the theft attaches to several persons of high rank.

His Grandfather Signed the Declaration.

BOSTON, April 24.—Mr. Francis Dana Stetiman, last surviving grandson of Wm. Ellery, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, died April 22, aged 89 years. He served several terms in the legislature and in the city council.

Leased by Mr. Cleveland.

BOSTON, April 24.—J. T. Everett, father of Vernon Everett, the missing medical student, telegraphed the Chicago police that his son had been seen at Trenton, Mo., about a week ago, on his way to Kansas City.

The Missing Medical Student.

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A Paper Company Burned Out.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 24.—The packing and store room of the Kanawha Paper company, together with machinery, a large supply of stock and manufactured paper, was burned. Loss, $60,000; partly insured.

MANY THOUSANDS IDLE.

The Alarming Proportions of Chicago's Great Strike.

RIOTOUS MEN RELEASED ON BAIL.

Other Trades Join with the Striking Carpenters and at Least 25,000 Laborers Are Now Said to Be Unemployed—The Situation at Pittsburg, Pa.

CHICAGO, April 24.—Twenty-five thousand workmen are now either voluntarily out or in enforced idleness as a result of the strikes. The labor situation is daily becoming more serious and perplexing. The 6,000 idle carpenters present a solid front in their demand for higher wages, shorter hours and the recognition of their organization, while their former employers have so far failed to fill the strikers' places with nonunion men. President Rowland, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, has arrived here from Cincinnati, bringing with him an ample supply of money to put the strikers in a happy frame of mind.

The Right Hemy Cry.

It will hardly be from lack of financial support that the strikers will be beaten, as the united strength of the Federation of Labor, as well as the Carpenters' Brotherhood, is to be concentrated here to insure the success of the strike. It is really not upon the eight hour question that labor and capital in the carpenters' strike is divided, as the bosses have conceded that; but the leaders of the strike realize that they can strike the keynote to public sympathy by keeping the eight hour cry to the front. The strike is seriously affecting every trade in the city, businesses that have relation to building. The insurance and real estate men are complaining of a stagnation in their lines, while hundreds of bricklayers, plasterers, laborers, etc., have been laid off since the strike.

The striking carpenters arrested at Englewood for rioting were released on $400 bail each. Their trial was set for May 2.

The Outlook Is Interesting.

The indications are that not less than 30,000 workmen will be in idleness after May 1, mainly as a result of the eight hour warfare. Every butcher and cooper at the stockyards, that dangerous battleground of labor, will surely strike May 1, unless the packers submit to the demand for eight hours. N. K. Fairbanks and Fowler Brothers will probably say yes; but if Armour and Swift and the Anglo-American company refuse a general strike will be ordered at the yards, and 15,000 men will go out or be laid off until the fight is settled. The struggle will be a long and bitter one, and, owing to the rough character of the strikers and their united ranks, trouble and bloodshed can hardly be averted.

The Strike Spreading.

One thousand brickmakers employed in the Lakeview and North Side yards have struck because their employers refused to make 1890 strike a day's work and increase wages fifty cents a day. Three hundred harness makers will go out Monday if they do not get a 15 per cent. advance, and 900 cigarmakers will strike the same day because the bosses will not give them a 25 per cent. raise in wages. The strike fever has struck the tailors employed in the shops that do work for large manufacturing houses dealing in ready made clothing. Those employed in this line of work are, as a rule, girls and women.

To Settle the Strike Peacefully.

They complain that the bosses are cutting the prices heretofore paid for the making of garments, chiefly vests and trousers, increasing the number of hours of work required. They are determined to appeal for eight hours and an increase of compensation for the services rendered. A demand will be made upon the bosses for the concessions cited, and unless the same are granted a strike will follow. These tailors—men, women and girls—number several hundred.

The committee appointed by the employes of the United States Express company met with Manager Crosby and filed with him a written protest against the proposed reduction of wages. It suggested that the decision of the matter be left to three arbitrators, one to be chosen by the company, one by the employes and these two to select the third.

Miners Organizing in Pennsylvania.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., April 24.—Delegates from all over the coal regions met here and permanently organized the Workingmen's Protective Association of the Anthracite Region. The union effected today embraces nearly 25,000 miners. There was a large attendance and much enthusiasm. Permanent officers were elected and others were chosen. A lengthy preamble setting forth the objects of the association, reciting the grievances and difficulties under which the working people of the coal regions are laboring, and favoring conciliation and arbitration, was adopted. Strikes are to be discountenanced, and its members are to be educated in the school of political economy.

The names of the officers and organizers are not to be made public for fear they will lose their jobs. It is intended to keep the movements of the organization as secret as possible.

The big mining companies are all opposed to the new labor union and the Philadelphia and Reading company does not want its employes to have anything to do with it.

The Situation at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, April 24.—Grand Master Wilkinson, Vice Grand Master Downey and the several big guns of the Federation of Railroad Men now in this city have announced that preparations are being made for all of waiting. They will no longer deal with the railroads, but will transact the whole business in the executive council. The yard switchmen, the original cause of the difficulty, are more persistent than ever in their demands, backed as they now are by the Railroad Men now in this city have announced that preparations are being made for a long struggle. The yard switchmen, the original cause of the difficulty, are more persistent than ever in their demands, backed as they now are by the Railroad Men now in this city have announced that preparations are being made for a long struggle. The yard switchmen, the original cause of the difficulty, are more persistent than ever in their demands, backed as they now are by the Federation of Railroad Men now in this city have joined them. The entire city is nervous, as a railroad strike in Pittsburg is far more ominous than a strike in a city twice its size.

He Was 116 Years of Age.

MT. VERNON, Ky., April 24.—William Reynolds died at Pine Hill of old age. He was born in Hawkins county, Tenn., in 1774, and therefore 116 years old at his death. He moved to this state seventy-five years ago. He had been a user of tobacco and a moderate drinker for nearly a hundred years.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $6 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

(Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.)

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

A CARD.

WE OFFER GROCERIES AT POPULAR PRICES.

ELGIN CREAMERY and DAIRY BUTTER and FRESH COUNTRY EGGS RECEIVED DAILY. GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION 20 W. FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON, REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE, Office 20 Door Street, North Pl ainfield.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS, 50 dozen Spring styles HATS, HATS, also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. S. CRANE'S, Hatter and Furrier, 19 Park Avenue.

DICKINSON 19 PARK AVENUE, WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND OPTICIAN. Keeps Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

Jas. L. Vail, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING 49 North Avenue.

SEE THE COMPARISON. EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	—McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef.
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grease.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys	Kansas Prairie.
Sugar Cured Hams	Smokehouse Hams
FAIR PRICES.	Trimmed.

N. B. Stanley's, Dear at any Price. 94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Meats of all Kinds at the New Meat Market, No. 17 West Front Street. GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited.

Edw. C. Mulford, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE 45 North avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING. Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which is of the quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild. 21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST. 4 doors below Post-Office. SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Much Fire Done, But Where Carefully Guessed.

The National Starch company, the starch trust, has bought the Topeka Starch Works of Kansas. The price is said to have been about $60,000.

Howard S. Webster, a mulatto, pleaded guilty in the superior court to assault with intent to kill Miss Elizabeth S. Cowan, a school teacher of Middletown, Conn., and was sentenced to eight years in state prison.

New York detectives made a four days raid on bunkoing establishments in Rosendale, N. J., and secured thousands of dollars belonging to New York horses. One horse, which was recovered was found to be filled with dynamite.

Consul General New held a reporter at London that The Daily News and other papers had asserted him that no further advertisements for laborers for American woods be printed.

The report of Engineer Schenck, received by the Johnstown (Pa.) finance committee, shows the shortening and leveling of the Conemaugh to prevent floods in the future.

The wife of a Polish blacksmith in Pittsburgh, Pa., gave birth to four children, all of whom are healthy. She has been married three years and has six children.

Albert W. Whiting, of Massachusetts, has been appointed by Governor Brackett as to be chairman of the Boston board of prison commissioners. His present term expires on May 1.

Miss Abby Moore Goodwin, professor of Latin and Greek at Vassar college, died in Vassar hospital April 23. She had been an instructor at the college for seventeen years.

The Republican state convention of Pennsylvania will be held at Harrisburg on June 25.

The Lackawanna Presbytery of Pennsylvania voted (66 to 37) in favor of the proposed revision of the Confession of Faith.

Eighty per cent. of the creditors of John F. Plummer & Co. have petitioned that Lowell Hazard be appointed assignee at law in the form in place of Jeremiah Murphy, who does not wish to serve. The court will probably appoint Mr. Lincoln.

Senator Hendricks' bill allowing Syracuse to get its water supply from Skaneateles lake has passed the house at Albany by a vote of 69 to 43. It allows Syracuse to take 10,000,000 gallons daily.

Engineer William having been informed that the Socialists had laid plans for concerted action on May 1, he has decided to have recourse to the most stringent precautionary measures, and the city of Berlin will be under martial law for the day.

"James Young, of Newark," Suicides.

New York, April 24.—A young man who registered at the Putnam house, Fourth avenue and Twenty-sixth street, as James Young, of Newark, was found dead in bed in the afternoon by the hotel porter, and a half emptied bottle of laudanum beside him showed that the man had committed suicide. He was good looking, of dark complexion, and apparently about 25 years old. He went to his room immediately after registering, as he did not make his appearance in the morning the door was broken open and he was found dead. There was nothing on his person by which his identity might be shown. There were only ninety cents in money, a penknife and a pair of eyeglasses in his pockets. The body was removed to the morgue.

The Federation of Women's Clubs.

New York, April 24.—The Federation of Women's Clubs met yesterday morning at Sherman Hall, corner of Twenty-third street and Madison avenue. Mrs. Ella Dietz Clymer presided. About 200 ladies were present. Mrs. Clymer gave the address of welcome in the name of Sorosis. She thanked those present for their aid in laying the foundation of the new organization, "which promises in time to become one of the most beneficent institutions of this our glorious land and of the world." The afternoon was taken up with the reading of reports from the various clubs represented.

The Confession of Faith.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., April 24.—The Niagara Presbytery accepted a committee report opposing any revision of the confession of faith which would deny any fundamental doctrine therein taught, but suggesting a number of changes in the interest of unity and progress. Among the changes is the revision of the section on discriminating against children dying in infancy or others incapable of being outwardly called by the Word.

One Woman Kills Another.

Providence, R. I., April 24.—At the State institution at Cranston Mary McCarthy was murdered by Catherine Hanley. The assault occurred in the old woman's dormitory at 5 o'clock this morning, the night watch, arrived in time to see the McCarthy woman vomit blood. On being placed in bed she died. Before dying she told Catherine Hanley, who slept in the cot next to her, "had pounded and murdered her."

A Missing Girl's Body Found.

Jamestown, N. Y., April 24.—The body of Florence Lillian Peterson, who quyster's only disappeared from her home on the evening of March 24, was found in the creek, a short distance from her parents' home, last night. The body was badly disfigured. A post-mortem examination was made later and indicated that the girl met her death by drowning. An inquest will be held April 28.

Sixteen More Warrants.

Jersey City, April 24.—At the hearing of the committee investigating the ballot box frauds in Jersey City last fall, one witness testified that an election officer had admitted to him that the box had been stuffed, and another deposed that a gang of sixteen repeaters operated in the Fourth district. Bench warrants have been issued for sixteen election officers.

An Alleged Defaulter Arrested.

Chicago, April 24.—Sherman Knight, a young man from Tiffin, O., who is supposed to have defrauded the Commercial National Bank of Tiffin out of $1,000, has been arrested here. In his pockets were found $64.45. He refused to make any statement further than to say that he was willing to go back to Tiffin without waiting for the usual legal papers.

A Jersey Captain Drowned.

Newburg, N. Y., April 24.—The body of a man has been found floating in the river. It was evident that the body had been in the water for some time. It was evidently that of a canalboat captain. From checks and other papers found in his possession it was thought he was William H. Arnold, of Bolkenton, N. J.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at 50c a Dozen. Subscription Office by Mr. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.30
California Pears	20c	2.30
Lawrence Apricots	20	2.35
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.10
Standard Brand pea last season	10	1.10
Singleton Beans extra choice	15	1.50

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons, terms reasonable. Address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 1088.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
Taught by Madame Louis Vivaux and Countess, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons in ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Private lessons given on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th street. 9-20-1y

MR. F. L. CORDE,
Teacher of violin. 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 259. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and holder of 6 gold medals presented by the Russian Emperor to the best scholars, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further information address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Given lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1068.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Seeley and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

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30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 8-5-1y

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 28 North avenue, Plainfield. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties want to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

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THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.

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SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Fields as well as the leading Shades.

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TO FIT EVERYBODY.

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68 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,
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Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. Fresh every day.

Get our Price on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-wurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles, Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Münster, Brie, Schabzaat, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

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COAL, LUMBER
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MASONS' MATERIALS.
BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to sell from the above mentioned location as agent and general manager at his old stand. Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also done in the best manner.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same, which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

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Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

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Spring Vegetables,

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Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.

Also the Finest ELGIN

Creamery Butter

Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

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Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,
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FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

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GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,
Choice Clover,
Timothy and Lawn Seeds.
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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HARDWARE, PLUMBING
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THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.69
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped and mixed	$1.50, $2.25
Ladies' Spring Coats	$1.50, $2, $2.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cloaks	$1.50 to $5.00
Ladies' First Black Henrietta, full regular	.25
Children's " " "	.15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves	25c
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The Contractor,
No. 30 Somerset Street.

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Dealer in BEST
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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
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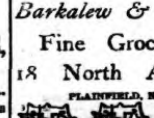

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How that Granite Iron-ware does sell! 'Tis the best bargain we have offered in some time—a few days more and 'twill all be sold.

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Have you seen that $3.75 Spring Jacket—'tis a beauty.

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House-Furnishing Goods interest every house-keeper at this time of the year. If you want anything from a clothes-pin to a dinner set you will find it here. All solid shades complete at 25c. Curtain poles complete at 25c.

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All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

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African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK AND NORTH AVENUES.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.30, 4.30, 5.45, 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 10.45 p. m. Sunday, 3.30, 4.30, 5.45, 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 10.45 p. m. Express trains, 4.30, 6.45, 7.30, 10.45 a. m., 1.45, 3.45, 5.30 p. m. Sunday, 4.30 a. m., 1.45 p. m.

Arrive at New York, foot of Liberty street, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Express trains, 7.30, 10.30 a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m. Sunday, 7.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 6.40, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20, 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sunday, 5.46, 6.40, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20, 12.20 p. m. Sunday, 5.37, 11.09 p. m., 12.05, 1.39, 3.39, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05

WOMAN AND HOME.

A BRIGHT AND BRAVE WOMAN IN EUROPEAN JOURNALISM.

Choosing a Sweetheart—Silks Which Are Not Silks—Paint Talks About Health. Inventions of Western Women—Information for Housekeepers and Mothers.

One of the most interesting personalities in the field of European journalism is Mrs. Crawford, who is a brilliant example of her favorite theory that there is nothing that a man can do that a woman cannot do, and there are some things that would be more difficult for a man to do than it would be for a woman. While still in her teens some publication of hers fell into the hands of a London editor, who was so struck with their vivacity of style and originality of sentiment that he engaged her as a contributor to his paper. She has since made this work to master the science of politics, which topic is usually avoided by journalistic women as both complicated and uninteresting.

A slight instance of her power of observation, memory and determination indicates the manner of woman she is and the spirit with which she has entered her work. On the session of the historic debate of May 28, as Versailles, she sat in her place in the logs grillee, which M. Thiers's friendship had procured for her. From early in the morning until midnight without taking a single note, and carried away all the important points of that extraordinary struggle. She then returned to Paris and sat up until 5 o'clock the next morning to complete her description of the scene and abstract of the speeches.

On the 22d of March, 1871, she made her way alone into the barricaded city of Paris and interviewed the Communist leaders as they sat in council. No harm or insult was offered to her. Her quick tact, her womanly ready wit, natural fairspiritity and sympathy with the people were her only weapons. She has walked the wards of the cholera hospitals amid the cries and dying, and was present by the same journalistic instinct, has rushed at midnight through a thunder storm in search of the details of a fire. Her style of photographic mention to send a description of the dream.

To write everything from her own personal experience was another feature of her occupation, and the most remarkable thing about her is that, having once filled her mind with everything relating to the subject in hand, and "done her level best" in abstracting the essential from the accidental circumstance, and arranging them most advantageously for her readers, she dismisses from her brain all adjustment and worry concerning results. Her social life is not less brilliant than her professional career.—New York Sun.

Choosing a Sweetheart.

Choose your sweetheart carefully, wisely and tenderly, my dear girls. Remember in order to be happy yourself you must make him—he is to be your husband, for surely you are not one of the girls who has a sweetheart here, and one there, and gives a little love to this one and that one. You are not one of those the real one appears the perfect bloom is gone from the peach and she cannot give him what he offers her. You girls know very quickly when a man wants more than ordinary friendship for you.

You have an instinct that tells you that this ideal, good looking fellow has come over-hearing, and that that is the time for you to study him a little bit. Think out if his temper and yours are certain to agree well together; also, viewedly, if you are of the same allies, or if they can grow to be so, for you know, little women, if you want to be happy in your married life you must learn the great art of concession and self-sacrificing.

You must choose your sweetheart as you do a new gown, as that he will wear well; but you want him for longer than a winter; you must find them out, and see him days and through the winter once, and before you put your hand in his and tell him that you are willing to share the battle of life together, think it all over well and remember that you are choosing your sweetheart not for a day or a year, but for all through life and, please God, for the next, where, oftentimes enough, far other doubt.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Mme. Patti on Health.

Mme. Patti is a philosopher as well as an artiste. "Good looks, which are nothing more than perfect bodily health," she says, "are a woman's stock in trade, while her talent, whatever it may be, is her capital. I have treasured both. But in doing so I do not forget many of the pleasures that the multitude of women enjoy. When I do not sing I go to bed as early as an infant, and I always sleep in a room with the air. I have the windows wide open, because I do not think it wise or safe to breathe again the same air. In getting fresh supplies for my lungs I frequently enjoy some bodily discomfort. Then I rest, not momentarily, but whole days at a time. Our clothes and furniture are protected from wear by not using them. As I don't care to wear out I adopt the plan of a good brushing and save myself. I don't rock. I don't bend. I never read or allow people to tell me about the deaths or accidents, or other things distress and worry me, which agitation can do nobody any good, and does me a great deal of injury. I not only believe but know that a contented woman can frive away their youth and beauty. Care is a disease of the mind, and as healthy as to say that prayer upon the body. I have no home cares to bother me, and I don't permit my friends to provide any. Mind, I like women and I love society, but one can pay very dearly for social pleasures and friendship."—New York World.

Silks Which Are Not Silks.

The "rush silks" now exhibited in the shops in Paulty contain but a small percentage of the web of the silkworm. Like most of the fashionable fabrics of the day, they are made in part or wholly of the fiber of ramie, a plant of the nettle family, grown extensively in India and China. Ramie, or grass cloth, is a vegetable fiber having been used in the adulteration of silk. It is finer, but probably not as strong as flax. Ramie "silk" are very generally made in a mixture of silk, but one of vegetable fiber, and are colored in the skein, passed over hot rollers to give them a glace silken finish. This makes them more attractive on the shop counters, but cannot enable them to equal with water until this finish has been removed by sponging.

The improvements made of late years in the manufacture of ramie have rendered it the most beautiful of all new printed silks, and bid fair in time to make such "silks" as cheap as cotton. There is no reason why ramie should not be sold at 25 cents a yard. It has virtues of its own apart from silk, one of which is that it can be washed; and it certainly is not improved by mixing with silk.—New York Tribune.

Inventive Genius of Western Women.

Carrie A. Monroe, of Salt Lake City, patented an improved motor in 1878, with the two Dietz girls, of Oakland, Cal., are the inventors of a snow plow which, attached to the engine's cowcatcher, turns the snow up over flumes and throws it on either side of the track. Bridget Murphy, of Elmhurst, has a patent grate saver, and Mrs. Pierce, of St. Louis, has a patent heater by which coffee can be kept boiling and dishes hot upon the table. Miss Mary Nolan, of St. Louis, has taken out a number of patents for house building materials, and she has a hollow fire brick which permits currents of hot or cold air to be sent through the walls of the house, rendering it comfortable during both winter and summer.

In Iowa women, Mrs. Flora Grace, has a patent cooking thermometer which is graded on an entirely different principle from the Fahrenheit thermometer. Instead of marking small sponge connecting with a rubber bowl and tube of water resting on the cheek. Another Illinois woman has invented a big portable house in which can be stored all of the household effects of a family and which can be set up and taken down with ease by one person. It has furniture which folds up and it is the perfection of camping out cottage.—Washington Letter.

How Rats Saved Her Life.

A curious freak of lightning during a recent storm was played on a woman named Mrs. Thomas, residing in Drury's Bluff, on the north bank of the James river, a few miles south of Petersburg. She had stepped to the door and stood holding it open, watching the storm, when she was struck by the lightning and knocked senseless to the floor. She was alone at the time except for a child a few months old, but a neighbor from her window saw the woman fall and, during the storm, ran to her assistance, and succeeded in resuscitating her after some time.

Though unable to speak for hours she was conscious from the moment she struck, but a part of her hair was turned a dazzling white by the electricity and killed to the very roots. A distinct line of demarcation separates the dead white hair from the living and black strands. This line does not run exactly down the middle of the head, but about an inch and a quarter to one side.

A remarkable feature of the occurrence is that the woman says that as she was struck she was conscious of a terrible pang in the side of her head where the hair turned white, but remembers no particular sensation in the other. She is inconsolable over her strange deformity, as the physicians give her no hope that she will ever regain the jet black which adorned the other side of the head, but endeavor to comfort her by the unanimous opinion that she owes her life, and at any rate her reason to the fortunate fact that the lightning prevented the brain from feeling the full force of the shock.—Philadelphia Times.

Manly African Whites.

The white women in Africa are a hardy race, especially the Germans. Mr. Woodford tells of two German girls who heard of their father being shot in the mountains where a land fight with the natives was in progress. They were miles away from the battle and could not get to him for two days. Meanwhile Mr. Woodford encountered in all his African experience, yet they requested a yoke of oxen, filled the wagon with provisions, including a keg of rum, and started off to look for him. Into the wagon a canvas hammock and a small cot, and drove off to the mountains, supposing their father to be only wounded. They found the man dead, but they found he had been shot on the mountains and left by them in their retreat. After dark his black boy came down the mountain and told them of his master, who was still alive and might be brought away. He had remained by him after the fight in spite of the peril. But the white women, viewedly, got up and went up in the dark and he died from exposure. When the girls heard these particulars they mounted the man with every epithet it was possible for women to use, and cursed him as brought in the body themselves.—New York Press.

Thirsting Mills in Scotland.

A singular practice has sprung up in the immediate district of Dundee, that of cleaning milk in a manner of purifying it, and on admissive consideration it seems not a little strange this species of things was not thought of before. The milk is first of all strained through fine sieves of hair or canvas is of course defective, as may be at once seen by careful observation of the considerable quantities of dirt, together with small bits of hair, that become deposited at the bottoms of vessels in milk setting.

Probably an suggestion has prevailed in the past that filtering milk would detract something from its quality, but this does not appear to be the case, according to the experience of those who have tried the system. Still, of course, it would be well to be assured of this by chemical analysis before the practice is adopted extensively. Sponges appear to have been much thought of, as it should suppose a far cheaper method of filtering possible if the assurance can be given that there is no danger of milk being impaired in quality thereby.—Agricultural Economist.

Oatmeal Diet.

First comes oatmeal—pasty, inferior stuff—ill cooked, ill-flavored, for a plowman or shepherd, who works his food off by hard labor in the open air all day, but very far from fit food for a clerk, nervous girl or boy at school. The oatmeal superstition is so hard one to uproot in the minds of housekeepers, who have made it part of their routine of table to have it. Cats and dogs, however, do not feast ones to their horses unless they are at hard work, because the grain is too heating for them, and breeds diseases in animals unless thrown off by vigorous muscular effort daily. Oatmeal, especially of the finer sorts, in which the bran-dust delights, often proves a failure in a crude state as porridge or gruel, which clog body without nourishing it. Dry, crisp oatcake is much better than the boiled oatmeal, and is far more palatable, digestible and starch bearing in the baking. Cheap, cracked wheat is the food for servant, studious or housekeeping women and children, coming as it does the place of the old-fashioned homely hasty pudding, which aids the organs in their work.—Shirley Dare's Letter.

An Unfortunate Viscountess.

The death of the unfortunate Viscountess Hampden recalls a life of romance. She was married in 1839 to Viscount Hampden, the newly representative of an old title. At that time she did not have a penny, and for years of poverty and privation in India. At Lambeth, with hardly any furniture. By making shirts at 2d. apiece she managed to earn from 2s. to 3s. per week. For nearly twenty years she struggled on in the direst of distressing, receiving occasional and dole relief from the parish. When she was 70 she applied to the University Boat-club nearly for old. The committee immediately voted her an allowance of 10s. per week, and eventually secured for her a gift of £100 from the royal family. Lord Rosebery started a special subscription year raised and a pension of £52 a year purchased for her, so that till last years of her cheerless existence were passed in comparative comfort.—Belfast Telegraph.

Preservation of Eggs.

There are many excellent and quite reliable ways of preserving eggs. Any substance that will fill the pores in the shell and exclude air will preserve eggs indefinitely. Eggs for preserving must be perfectly fresh. Many persons preserve eggs by packing in bran, salt, etc., with the small end of the egg down. My own experience has been that a coating of varnish thoroughly applied will keep eggs for any length of time. After varnishing and drying, pack in a box of clean sawdust and keep them where it is cool. The varnish has nearly all disappeared from the eggs, but is best white varnish is the more satisfactory, as the eggs are always pleasant to handle and the shell will look very nicely. A very good finish can be given to the eggs for two minutes in boiling water. The heat coagulates the membrane within the shell and renders it impervious to air.—Good Housekeeping.

Rugs, Disinfectants and Drugs Apart.

High hung wall cabinets, the sort that sell from one dollar and a half to two or three, in natural woods, are immensely useful in bath rooms. They are locked with doors and can be bolted. While kept up high on the wall, out of all children's reach, they can be made also to hold only the disinfectants and the annoying articles which always have to be kept out of the ordinary medicine and supply closets. One energetic young housekeeper keeps her medicines that are for outward application in a small cabinet with doors in her head, and these poisonous matters in another, so high hung that one must stand on a stake to reach it. There never can be any mistake in a hurry between the two, and no medicines for inward use are kept in that room at all.—Philadelphia Ledger.

For Useful Little Fingers.

A very amusing conception for little fingers, and sometimes for larger ones, is making a mouse table. Buy one of the cheap little pine tables that have a drawer, take out the top, a portion at a time, with a layer of plaster of Paris, on which, while fresh, small pairs of china are imbedded like a mosaic. All pairs of the pretty brown china and all you can beg from your friends may be utilized in this way, the secret of success being in the careful fitting of the pieces. Many very pretty and unique tables may be made in this manner, and the occupation usually proves very fascinating to children on rainy mornings.—Exchange.

Good as a Mirror.

The lights in dressing rooms are many times so arranged that one can get a fine view of her face, but is unable to distinguish the top of her head. One evening at a party I wanted to rearrange my frizzle, and I found it very difficult to get a good light on the subject. I suddenly picked up the cover of a large patchouli box that lay upon the table and held it with my left hand right over my head. I was delighted. Every little curl was distinctly seen against this white background. A light colored fan against dark hair, a dark one on that of a blonde, would answer the same purpose.—Cor. Chatter.

Eggs for the Sick.

Eggs are very nutritious, about one-third of the weight of the egg being nutritious matter. This is a much greater proportion than is found in meat. The white of the egg nourishes the blood, and the yolk the flesh, while the yolk would be harmless. Raw eggs are very wholesome, and will sustain life in a very sick person longer than any other one thing. My friend Mrs. Hall, the wife of a minister of a very severe illness with no nourishment but a raw egg in the morning and one in the evening drawn through a straw from the egg shell.—Mrs. E. H. Whitten.

A Colored Heroine.

Charity Lambert, the colored chambermaid on board of the Corvus, which exploded in the Mississippi, played the part of a heroine during that trying time. She gave every woman on board a life preserver, saving none for herself, and when the boats left the riverboats she was the last to step aboard. After the wreck she took her bank book to the wife of the captain, who had already been left a widow, and begged her to take all her savings. The lady did not do that, but she took Charity, who, she says, shall never leave her home.—Exchange.

One Dining Room for Many Families.

After many weeks of figuring, fifty-two Decatur families, including many of wealth and position, have united in a novel manner of living. They have joined together to maintain a co-operative boarding house, the expense to each person for the best of food and cooking being not more than $5.50 a week, or eleven cents a meal. The ladies take charge week about in turn, and buy all the food, while a paid housekeeper attends to the details and serving.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

How to Beat Rugs.

A rattan bat is better for beating rugs than a stick is. Rugs should be beaten on a grass plot, if any fair day. If two people can attend to it then they are more quickly done. Hold them vertically by one hand, as you would a breadth of carpet, so that the dust will fall from the other side, and not be driven into the rug, as it is apt to be done when they are hung doubled over a clothes line.—Philadelphia Ledger.

To Preserve Your Shoes.

On the principle that "All's well that ends well," the preservation of a woman's foot is of supreme importance. Treat your shoes tenderly. Have one pair sacred to rainy weather, for rubbers ruin fine leather. Avoid varnish and blacking of all kinds, and substitute vaseline. First, rub your shoes with a piece of old black silk, then apply the vaseline with a soft, black kid glove.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Too Much Rapidity Bliss.

A New Haven man, after putting rice into everything he could think of belonging to a bridal party, got some in the bride's traveling hat with it. Of course the rice swelled when thoroughly soaked in perspiration, and when the little vessel was forced open and the rice poured out completely smothered the bridal couple and carried away a bride most literally carries in her ratiocin.—Hartford Times.

Vases for Ferns.

There is hardly any vase more beautiful to hold large clusters of fern leaves or branches of golden rod gathered in a country stroll than those of pale green pottery, which are to be found in many parts of India. A raised arabesque decoration, hardly under the glaze, but it is always monotone in color. —New York Tribune.

Selecting Eggs.

Every housekeeper should select her own eggs from the farmer's basket or at the market. The eggs should be clear and heavy and full. I would also give a hint to seek the darkest colored eggs out of the lot. They are the best, being richer and having longer yolks than the pale, white eggs.—Cor. Good Housekeeping.

Beans for Washing.

For washing fine, nice flannels nothing will equal them to look so nice as borax in the water, a tablespoonful of borax to a pail of water is the right proportion. Always wash baby's little flannel skirts, skirts, etc., in this.—Good Housekeeping.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

New Styles for Children Described—A Simple, Serviceable Dress for Little Girls. Velvet and Lace Mantle for a Young Lady.

As summer frocks for children ranging from 2 to 10 years old, a pretty caprice in dark and light blue, pink or tarre cotta, with a deep border of a darker shade, is being made. The frocks are made up in the simplest style, with short waisted bodices, the fullness of the skirt falling from two bands of embroidery in running through full sleeves, with embroidery on the wristbands. The same style is carried out in white cashmere, with deep embroidery of silk, in cream, or in a mixed design of colored flowers, outlined with brown, in points.

For girls there are some most confirmed, consisting of navy blue serge skirts and jackets, with fancy light colored vests and collar ties; also of homespun, with sleeves, waistcoat and collar of velveteen.

A USEFUL EVENING DRESS.

The useful frock depicted in our cut is designed for a girl from 8 to 9 years of age, to wear at school or elsewhere where a utility dress is desired. It can be made in any fine serge, cashmere or fancie cloth, and trimmed with either velvet or braid of a darker shade than the material. This style is also adapted to washing materials.

Tunics in white pique for little boys have flat plaits of embroidery up the back and front, with large collars and side pockets of the same. Sailor suits are also trimmed with narrow and wide sailors' braid, have a plaited braid girdle tied in front, and form very pretty dress suits for little boys. Hungarian fishermen's costume is particularly safe for a little boy, consisting of dark blue short trousers of blue serge, a blue and white flannel shirt, a knitted cap, and a blue and white zouave sash.

Spring Mantles and Jackets.

Our illustration shows a stylish black velvet and lace mantle for a young lady. It is trimmed with rich jet and lace; jet on the collar, the sleeves, and all the lower part of the mantle; the heavy jet fringe in front is caught together.

SPRING MANTLE FOR YOUNG LADY.

Jackets, in addition to the ornament of velvet sleeves, have a lot of embroidery about them. The collar and the front edges are often trimmed with fur. The pretty style of plain jacket that can either be worn open or fastened is the most useful for those who don't like the elaborately trimmed fronts of braid and feather.

Canes and How to Carry Them.

The latest thing in canes is very huge in thickness and, for walking sticks, gnarled knob head. The ferule is now the most decorative feature of the walking stick, and maybe top this is the reason that certain idiots are to be seen carrying their canes with the heads like staffs and upward and holding them rigidly at an angle of 45 degs. There are styles in the carrying, as in everything else, and parlaking to men, says Clothier and Furnisher, authority for the foregoing. When the canes were made with silver and decorative heads, the ladies were wont to hold the walking stick directly in front of and about eight inches away from the body. Happily, the are has passed when they swung the stick sideways, and now they carry it by the middle and working their arms like driving wheels, to the imminent danger of perforating the abdomen of every second man they meet.

Release from the World of Fashion.

A novelty in umbrella handles just now is a dog's head, carved out of a bit of wood and ornamented with the mounts.

Colors in silk ties brought changed much. Gamboge red and dark lilac are still popular.

Black underwear is the thing for a black toilet whether for street or home.

Silver braid on a black bonnet is pretty and popular.

A smart little vest of cloth or Marseilles with a standing collar is worn with the nobby low cut coat lapels.

Checked or striped cloth visores with tight back and full sleeves represent the favorite spring wrap.

Chatelaines are coming into favor again.

A bracelet for a bad is a circlet set around with tiny diamonds alternating with dots of pink coral.

Both men and women wear the spiral Gautier-like rings, and fatherland locks in which are sunk diamonds and coiffed stones.

The frog is a favorite animal in fancy jewelry.

Crochet and thread work promises to be in high favor this summer. There is a genuine revival of the heavy armholes, knotted trimmings that never wear out, and of Irish point lace finds and yokes.

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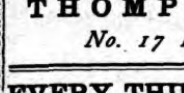

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

This Date in History—April 25.

Birth of Toronto Town, [illegible] pest; born 1844.
Gen. Crawford, prevented [illegible] in 1863.
Col. Ledyard, [illegible] Alliance of England and the Netherlands against [illegible], 1668.
Death of Samuel Wesley, poet; born 1662.
Death of Daniel Defoe, famous author of Thomas Rotmal, Mansfield Lovell, died 1868.
Gen. Lee, captured by British, at Basking Ridge, N. J., 1776.
Battle of Camden, S. C. Americans defeated.
Death of William Cowper, poet; born 1731.
Gen. Thomas Sumter appointed brigadier-general, and parishes sworn commissioners of the Third U. S. Infantry.
Land and naval attack on Fort Mosses, S. C.
Gen. Mansfield Lovell arrested at New Orleans, Gen. Mansfield Lovell refused, and marching out with his troops (3,000), took a stand over to the city of Orleans, [illegible] dollars removed from the [illegible], 10,000 bales of cotton destroyed and [illegible] of valuable property left for the [illegible] authorities.
Battle of Fredericksburg, Va., [illegible] Sumter, [illegible] against the Confederate States, [illegible] Sumter, [illegible] against the Confederate States, [illegible] Sumter, [illegible] against the Confederate States,

Plainfield Evening News.

THIS NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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BOOK NO. 1. TELEPHONE NO. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

The United States Army.

Gen. Wesley Merritt writes in Harper about the present military force of the United States. He describes the little army—twenty-five infantry regiments, ten of cavalry and five of artillery—that has been mostly engaged in keeping the peace between whites and Indians for more than half a century, except during the years of the civil war. Its other duties have been occasionally those of a national police during riots.

Over the little regular army of 25,000 men are three major generals and a brigadier general, and two major general longest in service as such commands the whole army. Within the army is the hospital corps, attached to the medical department permanently. Members of the hospital corps must be single men, and if one marries he is not permitted to re-enlist in the corps when his time expires. There are also the engineer corps and the ordnance department.

Gen. Merritt says some things which will strike dismay to the legions of handsomes, plain shocked members of our national militia:

The militia of the United States will answer well the purpose of a "second line" in case of war with a foreign power, but it is not now, and never has been, a force upon which we can rely in time of peace. We may not be a popular view to take of our citizen soldiery, but it is a fact that not one single regiment in the land is prepared to take the field at immediate notice. Our civil war was with an enemy as brilliant as ourselves in instructed soldiery, and nothing like it may ever be seen again; but a militia fought where half the number of regular soldiers would not have dared to have been mustered. In saying this in regard to the militia it is not intended to undervalue the material of which it is composed. It is simply where it is not as an army in the world that could defeat an equally strong American army, prepared with proper field and discipline. But this takes time, and neither wines or case, ball of pops per nor act of congress can make an army without them.

The fashion of fighting has changed so much that it is now no longer what it was, even during our civil war. The heavy front of battle have disappeared, Gen. Merritt tells us, and fighting must hereafter be done in dispersed order. The shoulder to shoulder movement under fire will not be known in the successful army of the future, but in its place will be the dispersed order, in which the individual discipline of each soldier will be the main reliance.

A Cheap New Fuel.

For some time the Philadelphia and Reading railroad have used as fuel bricks made from coal dust and pitch, instead of the lump coal, with good results. Mr. George Newton, of Pittston, Pa., has gone a step further and produced also from culm a fuel which is declared to be superior for domestic use to anything ever burned, except natural gas. We may now expect the huge mountains of culm that marred the landscape and were a waste and nuisance about the mouth of anthracite mines to be transformed into cheap and first class parlor and range fuel.

Mr. Newton takes the dry dust and mixes it with certain chemicals to make a paste of it. The pastels run into molds and subjected to hydraulic pressure. It comes out hardened into small bricks, just the size for a parlor grate or range. It burns cleaner than the finest anthracite, gives not a trace of smoke and leaves not a clinker or a cinder.

As to the cost of thus transforming culm to first class fuel, it is insignificant. Mr. Newton says that twenty-five cents a ton will cover the cost of the chemicals. The rest of the cost will be that of the labor employed in the mechanical processes of mixing and molding.

The ideal fuel will never be reached till man gets rid of smoke, coal and ashes altogether, but until that stage is reached this new culm product seems as near the ideal as man can come at present, in regions where natural gas is not. It will be a godsend to the smoky cities of the west that are now forced to depend on bituminous coal.

It is predicted that the labor conference at Berlin, which Emperor William called and from which he expected so much, will not amount to anything, since one side will persistently ask what the other side as persistently refuses to give, and that will be all there is of it. May be so. But the influence of this congress is not what it does or does not do. It consists in the fact that such a conference was called at all, and called by an emperor. That shows the dimensions to which the workingman's cause has grown in a century. When the French revolution broke out the most amazed classes were the royalty and nobility. They could not understand that there was such an element as the common people. Themselves and the clergy were all they had ever taken into account. But now the civilized world over the burning question is the rights of working people. Demagogues proclaim them from the housetops and the church is taking a hand in enlarging them.

To the clerk of the weather bureau: Dr. Francis Wayland used to warn his students against habitual lying, because it destroyed their power to perceive the truth.

MR. GLADSTONE SPEAKS.

Supporting Parnell's Motion on the Land Bill.

IT WAS A HALF HEARTED EFFORT.

Derisive Laughter from the Conservative Benches—Mr. Gladstone's Ungraceful Reference to Parnell's Substitute Scheme—The Government Measure Is Complicated.

LONDON, April 25.—Mr. Gladstone's speech in the house of commons last evening in support of Mr. Parnell's motion to reject the government's Irish land purchase bill was disappointing alike to his friends and to his political opponents. The announcement had been made several days ago that the ex-premier would speak there was a large attendance of members and visitors, and a grand oratorical effort on the part of the Liberal leader, which should clearly define his position, was expected. It was also generally known that a very early stage of his remarks that he was trusting his subject in a half hearted way, and the enthusiasm of his followers and admirers waned as the spirits of his opponents rose. Mr. Gladstone's reference to the scheme outlined by Mr. Parnell as a substitute for the government's bill were very gingerly made and provoked derisive laughter from the Conservative benches.

Complicated and Unsatisfactory.

Mr. Gladstone said that he spoke in opposition to the government's bill because he was convinced that the measure was not only complicated but that it did not understand the needs of Ireland. He had encouraged to hope for a solution of the question by the declaration of Lord Salisbury that the government's plan would not impose a burden upon the taxpayers of Great Britain, but he had been disappointed to find Mr. Balfour informing the house that the measure pledged the country for the sum of £33,000,000 without mentioning the possibility of further amounts being added.

His Idea of Mr. Parnell's Scheme.

While complimenting the principle of Mr. Parnell's plan it was not clear in its details. He sympathized with the object of his scheme but it required explanation. Mr. Balfour's bill was open to many dubious points, hiding the character of the measure. Some of his proposals were also objectionable as to justify their objection. A bill of this kind, he said, ought to be confined to landlords already in possession and should not encourage landlords to become buyers in order to take advantage of the enormous sums offered. The provision respecting two years of arrears also required justification, which he thought would be difficult to defend. He contended that the subject was considerable length and regarding what he designated as constitutional objections he said that any one of them should preclude the second reading of the bill. It was obvious, he argued, that Ireland was opposed to the measure, seeing that five-eighths of the Irish members were strong in opposition to it.

The Debtor Had Some Rights.

As the government was going to make Ireland a debtor it was important that they should consider what was the attitude of the person they were creating a debtor to the debt. If they declined to recognize the obligation it was a new wrong inflicted. The government had only referred to a single objection upon Scotland in defiance of the objections of the Scottish members. He also objected to the use of British credit.

It Would Further Strain the Situation.

The bill, he said, threatened conditions which would shock humanity, create disorder, and make worse the relation between the two countries. State landlordism implied the necessity of remaining in the use of every state weapon in the armament of an unpopular law. The bill under discussion was the most complicated he ever saw. It contained every form of ambiguity. In conclusion he said:

"I feel it my duty to protest against principles of so flagrant a character, so fatal in tending to embark the country into immense pecuniary risks, while making land purchase not an aim in the settlement of the question, but a means to an end, and to plunge us into the deepest political embarrassments."

Mr. Goschen's Views.

Mr. Goschen followed Mr. Gladstone in a long argument. He agreed with Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Parnell in a desire to retain landlords in Ireland, but the bill did not necessarily lead to expropriation. He appealed to the house not to allow political opinions to warp the judgment of members on the bill.

Mr. T. W. Russell (Irish Unionist) approved the bill in all respects. The idea of repudiation, he said, was a mere "bogy." The Unionists had only agreed to land purchased as being part of the scheme for reparation. Mr. Parnell's alternative, he thought, might be a valuable adjunct in cases where landlords and tenants were unwilling to deal.

Mr. Dillon Speaks.

Mr. Dillon said he did not in all respects approve of Mr. Parnell's alternative, but it was the scheme of the only man possessing the power of settling the question. He did not favor the settlement of the question of land purchase on any other terms. Should famine come the government would be powerless to force tenants to pay their installments. A Fenian movement would entail the loss of millions to England.

Queen Victoria Cordially Received.

LONDON, April 25.—The Standard waxes enthusiastic over the cordiality of the reception of Queen Victoria at Darmstadt, which it assumes denotes the complete establishment of friendly alliance between England and Germany. Further than this The Standard ventures the hint that a political alliance between the two countries would be more effectual as a means of securing the peace of Europe for an indefinite term of years than any compact that could be entered into by continental powers.

The Pope's Philippics.

ROME, April 25.—The speeches of his holiness the pope are lately been increasingly violence and have excited much comment in official circles in Rome. The Tribuna, a government organ, calls attention to these utterances and declares that the pontiff is the only person who regards himself as at liberty to insult the laws of Italy with perfect impunity.

Another French Crisis.

PARIS, April 25.—It is rumored that disagreements have arisen in the cabinet, and it is feared that a collapse of the ministry is not far off.

Ex-Judge Beardsley Dead.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 25.—Sidney B. Beardsley of this city, an ex-judge of the supreme court of the state, died suddenly last night from pulmonary apoplexy, at the age of 87 years.

HE WAS NOT EYRAUD.

The Unborn Beliefs of Staten Island Still Unknown.

NEW YORK, April 25.—James Dupas, acting consul general of France, accompanied

M. EYRAUD.

by Mrs. C. B. Blanchard, of No. 54 Washington square south, and Alfred Py, who had known Eyraud, the strangler, while he was in New York, went with Coroner Woods, of Port Richmond, to Tottenville this afternoon to the Richmond county almshouse to see if the body of the

suicide there was that of the French murderer. The man and woman said that the body was not that of the Eyraud they had known and known in New York. They said, too, that the alleged picture of Eyraud, which had misled the Staten Island coroner, did not look at all like the strangler, nor was the description on which the coroner had worked at all like him.

"Eyraud engaged a room at my house early in January," said Mrs. Blanchard. "He appeared very nervous and excitable. Night after night he would walk the floor of his room or the hallway. He said his wife had deserted him, and was leaving him and a 17-year-old boy, who was at school in Paris. One morning he dropped a card with the name of M. Germange, and said it was the name of the man who had eloped with his wife. He grew very vehement, and pulled one of the girls into his room to show her the revolver with which he intended to kill him as soon as he found him.

"We all sympathized with him, and he said after we had heard it that he had had the consolation offered he would have killed himself. The latter part of January he said he was going to some friends in this city to try and raise money enough to go back to California, where he formerly was. Shortly afterward he told me that he had bought passage on a French steamer and was going to sail.

"About four days after this the French detectives came to see me, and when I gave them a description of my lodger they said it was without any doubt Eyraud. Ever since he was here I have feared that he might return, and for nights could not sleep. I cannot feel entirely safe until I know he is dead."

DEVASTATED BY FLOODS.

Hundreds of Families Homeless—Rescued by the Relief Steamer.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25.—The Point Pleasant levee, Tensas parish, twenty-three miles below Vicksburg, has just broken. It was a very important levee. Most of Tensas parish is submerged. Superintendent Grant, of the Texas and Pacific road, says that $20,000,000 worth of property will be irretrievably damaged by the breaking of the levee. It is impossible ought to have spent $600,000 in saving the levee rather than let it break and then make a great fuss about sending relief.

Every plantation in the Lake-Concordia parish has been flooded from the Bayou Sara break. Hundreds of families are homeless. All the levees are broken. Thousands of cattle are drowned. It is probable that many persons in the interior have perished. The relief steamer Dacotah found groups of negroes on the levee at Point Pleasant landing, Tensas parish, with babies in arms. They were huddled on knolls between the broken levees. The steamer gathered them in. Many starving cattle were rescued.

A family named Luke, consisting of fifteen persons, were rescued by the Dacotah. They owned a large plantation, a well filled commissary and 100 mules. They quickly fast wide occurred right in front of their house on Monday, and the flood destroyed all their property. The family narrowly escaped drowning. The water is now level above the break. Many similar tales are heard.

When the Dacotah reached Bayou Sara she had 1,000 head of cattle and 300 people aboard. After landing them she started on another relief trip. President Glynn, who owns 5,000 acres in Tensas parishes will be overflooded in that district.

Favorable winds have caused the gulf stream to recede, and the Louisville and Nashville railroad is again running through. The lake water in the outskirts of the city is also receding. The Texas and Pacific's track is still overflowed, but its trains are running around the obstruction. The Northeastern railroad is in good order and is carrying the Illinois Central traffic. The levee below New Orleans has not been the worst sufferer by the overflow.

Ex-Governor Cornell in Court.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Ex-Governor A. B. Cornell was in court ready to testify in the suit of the Garfield National bank against Messrs. Cornell, Simmons and Lorillard to recover a $5,000 note. Mr. Lorillard testified that the note was obtained from him (Lorillard) fraudulently, because it was to be used for a particular purpose, but was used otherwise. Mr. Simmons testified that he never received the money on the note which bears his indorsement. He said Mr. Cornell drew the money. Ex-Governor Cornell testified that he bought the note of a broker. He had no knowledge of any peculiarity about the note. His examination will be continued.

Attempted Murder and Suicide.

ST. LOUIS, April 25.—George Beckman, a shiftless mechanic, attempted to kill his wife with a hammer at their residence, No. 815 North Eighth street. He struck her on the head several times and she fell to the floor insensible. Apparently leaving them, shot himself through the head, dying instantly. Mrs. Beckman will recover.

Millionaire Morgan's Will.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 25.—By the will of Dayton S. Morgan, the Brookport millionaire, the estate, which is estimated at from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000, is to be divided among the widow, four sons and three daughters of the deceased. One request of $1,000 is made to a domestic.

To Thirty Years in Prison.

CONCORD, N. H., April 25.—In the supreme court Madison G. Colby, indicted for shooting Marietta Jordan at Franklin on Dec. 7 last, retracted his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. He was sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment.

An Alleged Embezzler Arrested.

BOSTON, April 25.—Orson O. Bowen, charged with the embezzlement of $1,779 from Lewis F. Ball, of No. 46 School street, at different times during the past year, has been arrested. Bowen was employed by Ball as collector.

Brick Works Burned.

BEAVER, Pa., April 25.—Young & Russell's brick works in Evanport were entirely destroyed by fire. Loss, $10,000.

IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

Mr. Cummings Attacks the Civil Service Commission.

MR. R'INLEY FOR THE DEFENSE.

A Lively Debate in the House Over the Commission's Salary Appropriations—The Republican Party and Civil Service Reform—Talented Representatives Speak.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The house in committee of the whole worked on the legislative appropriation bill and discussed the civil service law. Mr. Cummings (N. Hampshire) moved to increase the salaries of house "cloak room men" from $600 to $720 per year, and this led to a long discussion of the labor question. When the clause appropriating salaries for the civil service commission was reached, Mr. Cummings made his point of order that it was not properly in the bill. The commission was neither legislative, executive nor judicial. Mr. Butterworth (O.) called attention to the fact that the title of the bill included the words "and for other purposes."

Mr. Cummings replied that the commission was for no purpose at all. It should be named the great supervisory commission of the government and turned loose upon the land. Its unrepublican meeting to be unconstitutional. It conducted it had been a scandal to the government. Instead of confining itself to the simple duties, as indicated by law, it came before congress in the bill as a legislative, executive or judicial institution.

The apparent ignorance of some of these commissioners had been largely displayed when before them. Intelligence and experience they made up in arrogance and supercilliousness. The insolence of office was never better exemplified. The first commissioner, Mr. Lyman, in his examination sentences in his letters than were to be found in "English as she is spoke."

The Board's Alleged Lack of Knowledge.

The lack of knowledge of the board was lamentable. Even ex-Governor Thompson of South Carolina, one of the commissioners, he said, had been obliged to make the humiliating confession that he did not know that the $1,400 clerk of the commission was required by law to be a stenographer; nor did Mr. Lyman, the president of the commission, Mr. Roosevelt, the brilliant and accomplished cowboy knew something about it, but did nothing. Whenever caught in an illegal act the commissioners made their ignorance their excuse. They did not know where they came from or where they were bound. None of them could beat the compass. Even the Southerner, Mr. Thompson, did not fault in characterizing the commission. Mr. Cummings' point of order was overruled.

Spinola Denounces the Law.

Mr. Dorsey (Neb.) moved to reduce the number of commissioners from three to one—he thought one enough to carry on the little bureau of the government. Mr. Spinola (N. Y.) denounced the civil service law as an infamous imposition on the people, and a complete humbug. In conflict with every principle upon which the government was founded. Mr. Dorsey's amendment was ruled out. Mr. Perkins (Kan.) then offered an amendment to exempt soldiers from the provisions of the civil service law, and said that he knew the people were not in sympathy with it. More than this, he believed that a majority of the press and administration was in standing by that law.

A Pretty Serious Business.

Mr. Houk (Tenn.) moved to strike out the entire civil service clause. Mr. Biggs (Cal.) denounced the civil service law, contending that the administration should have its friends in office. Mr. McComas (Md.) said that this was, if not a humiliating, a pretty serious business, and especially for the Republican party, which elected a Republican president on a Republican platform. Democrats belonged to a party that could take both sides of a question and give a pledge and absolutely break it. The Republican party had never been able to break its pledges without paying the penalty.

Mr. Houk (Tenn.) in reply to Mr. McComas declared that it was ungenerous

A FATAL SILK MILL FIRE.

Two Men Were Killed and Sixteen Injured.

THE HORROR AT CATASAUQUA, PA.

An Explosion in the Unicorn Silk Company's Mill Razes a Wall to the Ground, Burying Over a Score of People in the Ruins.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., April 25.—Fire was discovered in the building of the Unicorn Silk manufacturing company at Catasauqua, with offices at Nos. 25 and 25 Gratoe street, New York, yesterday. An alarm was quickly sounded, but owing to the hour the employes, which are composed of volunteers, mainly working men employed in the different furnaces, factories and mills, were under the impression that the whistle was as usual calling them to their day's work, and did not respond until the fire had been burning about twenty minutes.

An Explosion Occurred.

When they finally got to work a number of men were on the roof of an extension to the mill, and an explosion occurred which threw out one of the walls of the main building to fall upon the men. The result was that five were killed and sixteen injured. As soon as the spectators could recover from their fright they went to work to rescue the victims. The following are the dead:

A List of the Dead.

Brosch, Myner, aged 32; he died on the way to the hospital.

Gaul, Joseph, aged 28; he was a bookkeeper in Corwin's store.

Frick, Charles, aged 22; leaves a wife and three children.

Lengine, Joseph, aged 40; he was the boss silk dyer, and leaves a family.

Fall, George, aged 22; died on the way to the hospital.

Most of the dead were still alive when taken from the ruins, but could not survive their hurts.

The Injured.

Ambulances and wagons were pressed into service to take the injured to their homes or the hospitals. The following is a list of the victims:

Derhammer, Albert; severe scalp wounds.

Dougerty, Robert G., aged 25; buried under the ruins, but taken out and may recover.

Westermacher, William, aged 30; injuries may prove fatal.

Griffin, John; face burned and bruised by flying bricks.

Horwits, William; scalded about the face.

James, Thomas; head cut and burned about the body.

James, William; hurt about the legs.

Kay, William S., aged 28; badly scalded.

Mate, William; burned and bruised about head and body.

Mooney, Michael, aged 30; burned about the head and face; cannot recover.

Morris, Samuel; head and hands cut by broken glass.

Price, Henry, aged 19; badly bruised and scalded.

Riegel, Clifford, aged 29; hit on the head by bricks.

Wilkinson, Robert; face and hands badly burned.

Young, Wilson; painful injuries to the head.

Young, W. G.; several scalp wounds.

Two Hours of Hard Work.

It took the rescuers over two hours to take all the men from the ruins. Half a dozen surgeons were on the ground to attend the victims. The entire mill was destroyed, and the total loss is estimated at $200,000. It is probable that the mill will be rebuilt at once. The fire is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion.

A Fatal Connecticut Fire.

SHELTON, Conn., April 25.—Fire was discovered in the Birmingham Bone Company's manufactory on Division street, yesterday. The flames spread to the Housatonic Bone company's building, then to the Radcliff woolen mill. Horace Wheeler's grocery store, Newell's printing establishment and two dwelling houses.

Mrs. Marie Sile, aged 65 years, who occupied a tenement in the Wheeler building, was burned so terribly before she could be taken from the house that she died in a few hours. Mrs. Julia Hopkins and Leon and Smith were removed from the blazing buildings badly burned.

Eight buildings, with contents, were destroyed, involving a total loss of over $50,000. They were insured to the amount of $30,000, one of the buildings destroyed was an old landmark, which was known as the "La Fayette house," because the famous French man stopped in it for several hours on one of his trips to this country. It was nearly two hundred years old.

Two Perished in the Flames.

DELAVAN, Wis., April 25.—An explosion of dynamite in the cellar of the drug store of H. R. Dunn wrecked the building, breaking windows several blocks away and damaging adjoining buildings. The roof of the drug store was blown off and this was followed by a sheet of flame, which enveloped the entire building. Four men were in the building at the time. Mel Barnhard and Dr. Patrick were rescued, the latter badly hurt. Evans and an unknown man perished in the flames. A hard wind prevailed and only heavy fire walls on either side prevented a great loss.

A Fireman Killed.

TORONTO, Ont., April 25.—While working at a fire in Hoovies' barrel factory shortly after midnight Fireman Kennedy fell through a trap door, descending to the basement, and was killed.

One Burned to Death, One Dying.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., April 25.—Jane Arthurs was burned to a crisp and her husband, *William Arthurs, probably fatally* burned by a fire which destroyed their dwelling.

A New Alabama University.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 25.—Ground was broken at Bluffton, Ala., yesterday for the new building of the University of Southland, an institution founded by the Northern Methodist church. Chancellor C. L. Mann presided, and Rev. S. R. Wallace, of Syracuse, offered prayer.

To Restrict the Coal Output.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The sales agents of the six great coal companies met and decided to restrict production for May to 2,500,000 tons. No action was taken toward advancing prices.

Five Years for a Murder.

BOSTON, April 25.—Charles Lambert has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment for causing the death of Mrs. Griffiths, at Roxbury, by striking her with a lighted lamp.

A Great Bargain

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.25
California Plums	20c.	2.00
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Pineapple Slices	10	1.15
Standard Jersey peeled tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

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E. S. VOORHEES, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 66. Residence 104 West Front street.

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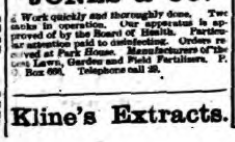

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Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 87 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

CARPENTRY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

M. E. MOORE,

BUILDER.

IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St., where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to

JOBBING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

JOHN ARBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Front and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1561

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing and Infants' Caps a specialty. Feather Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

3 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

THE BEE HIVE

Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.48
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped	$1.50, $2.25 2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats	$2.50, $3, 2.50
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks	$1.50 to 5.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular	.15
Children's " " "	.15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves	25c
4-Button Kid Gloves	49, 60, 75c

Louis Callman,

40 FRONT WEST STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CARPETS!

A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Frank Linke,

Established 1868.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Rhine Wines and Rum Also for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All Orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 9-27-1y

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and

Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Rvons, P. O. Box 1293. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

REAL ESTATE

AND

FIRE INSURANCE,

Office 20 Door Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April, 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.05, 5.48, 6.20, 6.50, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 3.37, 5.05, 5.48, 6.20, 6.50, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave New York from Liberty street, at 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 5.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 8.20, 6.50, 7.25, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 10.00, 10.55, 11.25 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 5.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 8.20, 6.50, 9.25, 11.25 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday, 9.25 a. m., 5.30, 7.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.45, 8.15, 9.55 a. m., 12.45, 2.45, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.15, 9.55 a. m., 4.30, 6.30, 8.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 8.20, 9.25 a. m., 2.00 p. m. Leave Easton at 6.45, 11.30 a. m., 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.25 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.25 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bound Brook, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilmington, Lancaster Williamsport and Scranton.

For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.25 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Branch, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc., 9.25 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Scranton, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Bangor & Portland, Schuylkill & Susquehanna, Scranton, etc., 9.25 a. m. For High Bridge, Branch, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 9.25 a. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.20, 11.25, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.15, 3.54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m., 3.54 p. m. Sunday, Ocean Grove, 8.15 a. m., 12.30 p. m. Sunday, 7.25, 8.37, 9.54 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m., 3.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 7.37 11.25, a. m., 1.07 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

For Freehold 7.37, 8.20, 10.05 11.30, a. m., 3.54 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 5.20, 8.20, 9.25, 10.55 a. m., 12.30, 2.15, 3.54, 5.15, 6.45, 8.37 p. m. Sunday at 1.37, 9.25, 10.55 a. m., 2.30, 4.45, 5.54, 6.45 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 5.20, 8.20, 9.25, 10.55 a. m., 2.15, 3.54, 5.15, 6.45, 8.37 p. m. Sunday at 1.37, 9.25, 10.55 a. m., 2.30, 4.45, 5.54, 6.45 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 22 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crusher Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 792.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langborne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langborne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-28-tf

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED

Easter Booklets,

WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.

22 EAST FRONT STREET.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

8 NORTH AVENUE

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:30 a. m. to meet 7:38 a. m. train. Broad-Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.22 a. m. train.
3d "	9.15	do	9.22 do
4th "	10.45	do	10.52 do
5th "	11.30	do	11.36 do
6th "	12.30	do	12.36 p.m. do
7th "	1.45 p. m.	do	2.10 & 2.35 p. m.
8th "	3.30	To the Post Office.	
9th "	3.30	do meet	4 p. m. train.
10th "	4.50	do	5.30 do
11th "	6.45	do	7.30 do
12th "	8.45	do	1.00 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer street, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and run on the same route.

Stage will make return trips over above route, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.37, 9.37, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30 p. m.

Hacks and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty; for exercising and hire.

Horses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. SKEGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 8th and 9th. Telephone Call, 18. 1-26f

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

CLOSE—7:00 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 9:30, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.;

Direct connects to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5:30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 5:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of Box Lock.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Mail Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 7 o'clock p. m. 1-24-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

CALL ON

H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET ST.,

FOR SEEDS.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, carriages, pungs, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Peerless Lawn Mower. John F. Wolfe, Hose street, North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 200 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc., 27 1-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 663.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 12 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 993. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 651.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Long covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers.

DESIGNS AND WAREROOMS,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 28 Third street, corner New Jersey Grove, pertaining to the business of 25 years on hand. Calls answered day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE

at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.

Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits, payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington

Successor to Tunis J. Carey,

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET;

and 29 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 298.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

TUNIS J. CAREY

61 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first class Mattresses and them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

SAN JACINTO DAY.

April 21, the Anniversary of a Great Battle.

TWO GREAT SOUTHERN VICTORIES

San Jacinto and New Orleans Were Much Alike, and So Were Jackson and Houston—The Details of the Battle of San Jacinto Read Not Be Repeated, but Some Colossal Facts Should Be Recalled.

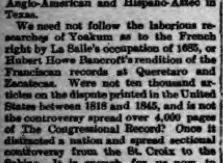
[Copyright, 1888.]

Sam Houston and San Jacinto hold the same glorious place in the history of Texas that Jackson and New Orleans do in the history of the whole country, for though Yorktown secured our nominal independence, New Orleans and the last war with Great Britain really completed our national emancipation. Of all battles in modern times these two resembled in the complete and politically decisive victories.

Quebec ended Latin domination in the far north, San Jacinto ended it in the south; Wolfe and Houston were the alpha and omega of a long struggle for race supremacy, as Washington and Jackson were the arbiters between the two great branches of the ruling race. The destruction, strange to say, was almost exactly the same at New Orleans and the San Jacinto, despite the difference in the numbers engaged; but at New Orleans one-half the American force did not fire a shot, while at San Jacinto only one man failed to take an active and bloody part.

The history of events leading to San Jacinto is of common knowledge. It is too late to reopen the tedious controversy as to the relative rights and wrongs of Anglo-American and Hispano-Aztec in Texas.

We need not follow the laborious researches of Yoakum as to the French right by La Salle's occupation of 1685, or Hubert Howe Bancroft's rendition of the Franciscan records at Queretaro and Zacatecas. We're not ten thousand articles on the dispute printed in the United States between 1818 and 1845, and is not the controversy spread over 4,000 pages of The Congressional Record? Once it dismembered a nation and spread sectional controversy from the St. Croix to the Sabine. It is enough for us now to glance at the map and see that the end was indicated by nature—"Hoc erat in fatis"—when the Rio Grande and the Sabine is the "scientific frontier" of the United States.



MAP OF THE BATTLE OF SAN JACINTO.

Suffice it to add that in 1819 John Quincy Adams and Don Luis de Onis signed the much abused treaty by which French (and consequent American) claims to Texas were surrendered; and Mexico, becoming independent soon after, succeeded to the rights of Spain, and the Texans who located in Texas agreed to become Mexican citizens—the condition being expressed or clearly implied that Texas was to be a state in a federal republic. But even while Stephen Austin was locating his colony President Iturbide (1822) overthrew the constitution and made himself emperor as Augustin I. Before the Texan envoy could reach the capital Santa Anna and other chiefs had overturned Iturbide (March, 1823) and set up another republic. Oct. 4, 1824, the constitution was proclaimed to which all Anglo-Texans swore allegiance, and for which they contended as long as there was hope of justice under Mexican rule.

In 1828-29 Gen. Guerrero overthrew President Pedraza and made himself president; in 1830 Vice President Bustamente overturned Guerrero and became dictator-president, but was soon overthrown by Pedraza, who was in turn overthrown by Santa Anna, who abolished the federal republic of 1824 and made himself dictator in 1835. There have since been nine complete revolutions and many minor contests, but they do not concern Texans who made their stand against Santa Anna and the consolidated empire-republic of 1835. But by a series of rapid movements and bloody battles—the last a massacre—Santa Anna annihilated the "states rights" party in most of the states and in the others won the allegiance of the people by exciting their hatred against the Anglo-Texans of Texas.

Bustamente had begun the work of depriving Texas of her constitutional rights, and Santa Anna now rapidly hastened it. In 1823 the American-Texans, now numbering 20,000, prepared a state constitution and sent Col. Stephen F. Austin to Mexico city with it; he was thrown into jail to remain there till 1835, and Santa Anna began locating bodies of soldiers in Texas. Committees of safety were organized and the colony drifted into war. The first collision was at Gonzales, Oct. 2, 1835. The Texans captured Goliad Oct. 9, and fought the battle of Concepcion on the 28th.

Nov. 3 a body of delegates met at San Felipe and organized a provisional government, with Henry Smith as governor, J. W. Robinson as lieutenant governor and a general council. Sam Houston was made commander-in-chief and Stephen Austin appointed commissioner to the United States.

Santa Anna was coming on by forced marches with about 8,000 men. The Texans took San Antonio Dec. 10. Meanwhile all Texas east of the military line was reorganizing; the civil government, and on the 3d of March, at Washington, on the Brazos, the "declaration of independence" was issued. David G. Burnet was chosen provisional president, and other officers named. The early successes of the Texans had relaxed their energy and created a dangerous confidence. Volunteers had arrived from the United States, Fannin, Bonham, Crockett and many others, and discussions had arisen among commanders. Houston had called for 5,000 volunteers, and was busy attempting to organize an army. Col. J. W. Fannin was at Goliad with a small force, designing a march upon Matamoras. Col. W. B. Travis had 140 men in the Alamo. There was an uncertainty as to the supreme command, and the results were fatal.

Thirty-two men forced their way to Travis, making his whole command about 172. On the 6th of March the "government" received word from him that he was closely invested and would fight to the death; but it was too late for relief to reach him. Santa Anna bombarded the Alamo eleven days and then carried it by storm, the 13th. The whole garrison was put to the sword, every man fighting desperately to the last. Of all within the walls only a woman, child and negro servant were spared. Yet it cost the victor at least 1,000 of his bravest men, and by some his loss is placed as high as 1,500. The dead heroes had accomplished their object. Santa Anna was weakened and delayed and the young state was saved.

A greater horror followed soon. Col. Fannin, after learning that the advance expedition towards Matamoras had been defeated, attempted a retreat from Goliad, but was surrounded March 19 at the Coleta river by an overwhelming force under Gen. Urrea. The Americans fought bravely for two days, then capitulated on a guarantee that they should be treated as prisoners of war and sent to the United States. On the 26th an order arrived from Santa Anna that they should be shot. Four physicians and their assistants were saved; the remainder, 337, were marched out in separated detachments, and at sunrise on Palm Sunday, March 27, the awful massacre began. The "Mexicos" (an Indian regiment from Yucatan), to whom the work had been entrusted, fired by volleys upon the prisoners; the unarmed man rushed upon their murderers, in some cases wrenched the arms from them, and many broke through the lines only to be pursued and shot down by the cavalry. Yet it is believed that twenty-seven escaped, of whom a few lived to reach the States.

The bad news flew fast. On all sides the Texan families fled before the invaders, the latter following, burning and destroying. The "government" dissolved. Houston and a demoralized remnant of an army was the only authority. Santa Anna now divided his forces—his Goliad murderers came on by the southern route; Gaona, with a motley band of Indians and Mestizos, started by the northern route, as if to march on Nacogdoches and the Sabine, while Santa Anna, with a much reduced force, aimed at Houston. Houston retreated from Gonzales to the Colorado, and thence to the Brazos; the army, somewhat swelled by recruits, was once more in spirits and willing to fight, but Houston's idea was that the farther Santa Anna had to come the weaker he would be.

Here Houston first learned of the Goliad massacre, but concealed the extent of the disaster from his army. He crossed, moved up the stream and formed camp on an island, while Santa Anna crossed below and directed his course towards Harrisburg and Washington. His northern division, under Gaona, was misled by the guides and went too far north; the southern, under Urrea, was prevented by high water from passing the Brazos, and Houston had for the time only Santa Anna to deal with.

With about 1,800 men that general directed his course, burning Harrisburg as he passed, along the south side of Buffalo bayou to San Jacinto and his fate. Houston followed along the north side of the bayou, crossed and advanced to meet the Mexicans, who were moving up to cross the San Jacinto and carry destruction eastward. On the 20th of April the armies came near each other and there were light skirmishes, the result of which somewhat encouraged the Texans. If defeated, Santa Anna was in a trap. North and east were bayou and river; to the west some miles was another bayou, with high, steep banks, and the only bridge over it was destroyed early in the morning by Houston's orders. Southward only did the Mexicans have open ground, and not much of that.

A SCENE IN THE BATTLE.

April 21, 1836; the eventful day dawned clear and bright, and Houston declared that he felt an inspiration of victory. Nevertheless he refused to move in the forenoon—"the hour the Mexicans usually take their siesta is best." This meant the hour after the midday meal. The Texan left was near the ferry and junction of the San Jacinto with Buffalo bayou. About three-fourths of a mile south was the Mexican line, their right on San Jacinto bay. They had made rude breastworks for their extreme right and left, but directly in front the way was left clear for their artillery.

The Texans were 783 all told. The Mexicans were, by the lowest estimate, 1,800; by the highest, 1,900: the difference rises from uncertainty as to the reinforcements brought that morning by Gen. Cos. They expected an early attack and were vigilant till noon; then Santa Anna decided to take a rest and attack the Texans the next day.

Between the two armies was an "island" of timber, which enabled the Texans to get much nearer their enemy before being observed. The ground rose to the Texan right, and there was a low ridge, in which the Texan artillery (two six pounders) took position to open the battle. At the hour they judged the Mexicans to be least watchful the Texans moved forward slowly till they had passed the timber; then Houston sounded the charge and shouted the famous war cry:

"Remember the Alamo!"

Along the Texan line ran one prolonged yell, "Remember the Alamo! Remember Goliad! Texas and vengeance!" and burning with rage they rushed on the foe. The Mexicans hastily manned their

SAM HOUSTON.

works, but the Texans were within one hundred yards and heard the word of command to fire. The Mexican volley was splendid, but aimed high. Part of the Texans dropped to the ground as they heard the word, but their line was not broken. The next instant, every man taking aim, they delivered a murderous volley. The effect was awful. Whole platoons of Mexicans seemed to fall in line. Their right broke at once and fled wildly to the timber in the rear. Their left, already thrown into confusion by the Texan artillery, soon broke, but the center stood tolerably firm till the Texans were on them.

There was no time to reload. The two lines met with a murderous crash. The Mexicans tried the bayonet; the Texans, having no bayonets, clubbed their guns. These broken, they emptied their pistols, then drew their bowie knives and hewed their way through living flesh. Some of the survivors spoke of the combat as "an hour long." In fact, it did not exceed five minutes. It was man to man, clubbed gun to bayonet, and bowie knife against saber. The whole Mexican line gave way, and over all the dreadful field was heard only the Texan yell: "Remember the Alamo! Vengeance for Goliad!" And from the Mexicans screams and cries: "Me no Goliad! Me no Alamo! O, Jesus Maria, pledad! Por el amor de Dios, pledad!"

The retreat divided apparently into three columns. Those who ran south and southwest into the open prairie were mostly taken alive. A section ran thence to the left, into the mire and hummocks of the bayou, and nearly all these were killed in the heat of vengeance. The cavalry galloped westward only to find Vince's bridge over the west bayou destroyed. With the yells of enraged Texans ringing in their ears, they plunged down the steep bank. Many were drowned or killed, but enough escaped to carry the news of the calamity.

Houston saw that the battle was won, and, bleeding profusely, with an ankle shattered by the first Mexican volley, he sank fainting from his horse. He had scarcely revived when the prisoners began to come in, and among the first the suave, courteous and cultured Almonte, who had spent his youth in the United States and spoke the language fluently. The next day Santa Anna, in the guise of a common soldier, was dragged out of the tall grass of the bayou, half dead with cold and fright. The Mexicans had 630 killed, and nearly all the rest were captured. The American loss was 8 killed and 25 wounded. The independence of Texas was settled forever.

One Texan fled from the field without firing a gun. He captured and recaptured for the man when he was brought before Houston. "I will pardon him," said the general, "on condition that he will marry into a valiant race and cross the breed." This man volunteered at the first of the Mexican war, and nobly redeemed his character.

The news of the wonderful victory thrilled all Americans, and to none brought more delight than to President Jackson. Sam Houston returned to the frontier and made a tour in the United States, then returned to his native land to figure in many a revolution and suffer his final defeats at Buena Vista and Monmantla. Expelled again and again from the country, and more than once sentenced to death, he returned at last under the general amnesty, and in 1876 ended his troubled life of 78 years on his old estate at Mango Clavo.

Houston, born in Virginia, March 2, 1793, died at Huntsville, July 25, 1863. His life closed amid the lurid clouds of revolution, and when a troubled people blamed indiscriminately all who opposed them; but no temporary clouds could obscure the deserved fame of the Washington of Texas. He was twice president of Texas, twice a member of her congress, and twice her senator in the congress of the United States. The sound instinct of manly men bids them respect the founders of commonwealths, whether by military or civic talents; and Houston, uniting both, ranks with Romulus and Lycurgus, with Washington and William Penn. With time and development men see more clearly the real greatness of such man's work and the insignificance of their alleged faults; and so it is that with the marvelous growth of the Empire State each revolving year adds brightness to the halo that surrounds the Hero of San Jacinto.

J. H. BEADLE.

SOME BRIGHT WORKING WOMEN.

They Are Engaged in Teaching Girls to Aid Each Other and Themselves.

It has long been a mooted question whether women were capable of successfully uniting for the attainment of any particular object

AT THE PRESIDENT'S DESK.

in which all those banded together had a mutual interest. They have proved their ability to do on several occasions, but never so forcibly as at the recent convention of the Association of Working Girls' societies in New York. Delegates were present from all the principal cities of the United States and Canada. Each session saw the assembly room of the Metropolitan Opera house filled with earnest, intelligent women, some hardly emerged from the short skirts of childhood, others in the maturity of their pow-

LISTENING TO AN ADDRESS.

ers, and quite a number with gray hair told of honored age. But old and young alike were animated by one common purpose—the betterment of the condition of working women through the agency of working girls' societies in New York.

It was in no sense a gathering of "cranks" or "reformers." Those present had no quarrel to make with capital or employers. They simply met to consult together upon the best means of utilizing their wages and experience for the common good. Various ideas were put forward and considered, but all enrolled we shall hope still further that the brothers and young husbands shall unite and co-operate with us in developing means for self culture and a higher life."

And this portion of Mrs. Terhune's address also secured the heartiest approval:

"The home is to the nation what the ark was to the scattered Israelites. All men who ever wore beards, from Adam to Benjamin Harrison, never have and never can make a

THE PRESERVERS OF ORDER.

home. They try it in shanties, quarters, apartments and even palaces, but a woman with a baby and a broom could make a better home out of a dry goods box set up on one end than a man could out of any or all these things."

Mrs. Terhune also declared that in association and in the forming of women's clubs for mutual improvement lay the true secret of building up a character equal to the intellectual and practical demands of domestic life. "What kind of a wife," she asked, "can a girl make who never thinks of anything but her trade, her clothes and beaux? Empty headed wives, who can talk of nothing that interests an intelligent man, are responsible for three-fourths of the domestic unhappiness and unfaithfulness that makes hell of homes.

The delegates in attendance were in no sense of the word either husband hunters or suffragists. But they recognize the possibilities and duties of life, and it is their sincere and praiseworthy desire so to equip themselves that they shall be able to meet the future shall not find them unprepared to fill their destined roles either as working women, wives or mothers.

The meeting at the Metropolitan Opera house differed from a convention of men in several respects. The reading of papers was carefully listened to, with an occasional burst of satisfaction or ripple of applause accompanying the silence of the audience. The presiding officer did not have to rap with her gavel once to bring the delegates to their feet, to order, and her prompt subordination to the sergeants-at-arms who clustered about the entrance door, and the men who held the many positions, had no one to share in quiz smoking and none to plot for drunken obstreperousness.

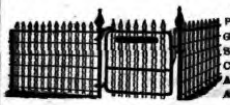
Instead, they fluttered around to find seating accommodations for visitors and showed themselves to be a light, busy, cheerful and just a little bit impressed with the importance of their office. In so far as their duties related to the preservation of the peace they had a sinecure.

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,
No. 17 East Front Street

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.



THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED, FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,
NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,
50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50
LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
Reliable Goods, Low Prices.
CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

BOEHM'S GRAND ANNUAL
Spring and Summer Opening
of
Imported and Domestic Millinery
will occur on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 26th and 27th. Our display of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, etc., will equal that of any New York House.
A Perfect Garden of Flowers.
Special drive this week in 4-4 Extra Heavy Oil Cloth at 25c per yard.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

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STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT
WERNER'S MAMMOTH
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 36 WEST FRONT STREET.
Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

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Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
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Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Thos J. Carey, to whom reference is made
Furniture Express
51 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Supplied by Hand
126 AND 28 SOMERSET STREET

Headquarters
For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Counterpanes, Etc.
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Restorating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Baby Carriages,
FROM $6.50 UPWARDS.
At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Armure can Damask, a neat pretty carriage.
At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.
At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.
OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.
EXTRA PARASOLS.
LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.
A. W. RAND,
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TEAS,
SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS
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NORTH PLAINFIELD,
Leading Grocers.
Telephone Call 713.
All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

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FURNITURE STORE
POWLISON & JONES.
34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is your economy to buy the cheap, stocky goods and not pay fancy prices for fancy goods. We have just added Leather goods at low. We lead and in first class goods and warranted.
Also a full line of Rubber goods in advance for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the best of goods, such as "Candee's Leather", Mission and Children's Shoes.
Call and examine our goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers
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METAL WORKERS,
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
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ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chronic Colds and Chronic Diseases generally.
Terms Free. Female attendant for Ladies, at 324 Second street, corner of Watchung.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to
R. THORN'S,
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24 and 26 Score, Box 1255.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
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Money to Loan on approved security. On Front street and Park avenue.

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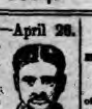
PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

This Date in History—April 26.



—Nathaniel Hawthorne, American novelist, born; died 1864.

—Mayor David Hennessy, Kansas City, murdered, 1889.

—Troops assembled to France, 1870.

—Cherokee strip opened, 1889.

—Seventy-eight hundred and fifty-eight buildings destroyed in Charleston, S. C., 1861.

—Battle of Gonzales, 1835.

—Battle of Jonesboro, Ga., by the Anglo-Indian army, 1864.

—Battle of Monterey, Mexico, 1846.

—Battle of Yorktown, 1781.

—Battle of Palo Alto, 1846.

—Battle of Resaca de la Palma, 1846.

—Battle of Pensacola occupied by the French, 1719.

—Battle of Pensacola occupied by the Spanish, 1781.

—Battle at Hilton Head, S. C., decisive victory, Florida and South Carolina under martial law.

—Chas. Bulger, with a detachment of United States cavalry, raised the Stars and Stripes over the United States mint, New Orleans, and dragged through the streets, it was hoisted again until the Sixth, when, at the request of the Spanish consul, the flag of Castile was lowered from the city hall and the Union flag floated in its place.

—Jesse James, the notorious bandit of the west for four decades, the murderer of Frank James and Phillip, below New Orleans. The Associated Press dispatch added: "The death is undoubtable," and preparations were made to receive the flight.

—Confederate surgeon Burt Hindman, on the Red River.

—Surrender of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston to Gen. Sherman at Raleigh, N. C.; 89,000 men. Same terms as Lee.

—John Wilkes Booth shot in a Virginia stable by Boston Corbett. His accomplice, Herold, captured. Corbett now in Kansas asylum for insane.

JOTTINGS.

—The Somerset County Petit Jurors were further discharged until May 13th.

—The Young Stars defeated the Young Americans in a game of base ball this morning. Score, 12 to 4.

—Perseverance Lodge No. 74, Knights of Pythias held a meeting last night and conferred the third degree on one candidate.

—Santa Claus and her new play "In Society" will be presented at Music Hall Monday night. It is said to be well worth seeing.

—The New Jersey State Exempt Firemen's Association will hold its third annual convention in Temperance Hall, New Brunswick, on Wednesday, May 14th.

—U. B. Crane, hatter at 12 Park avenue, has something interesting to say to-day about Easter-weight hats of the celebrated Rosemont make. His advertisement. Look at it.

—Mr. Vanderveer, a well-known colored man of this place, has been taken to the Muhlenberg Hospital at Plainfield. He has been sick a long time.—Somerville Democrat.

—The morning the Carleton defeated a team composed of Netherwood boys by a score of eight to five. The battery for the Carleton's consisted of Freeman and Hayes, the Netherwood boys, Sprague and Bosley. The game was called at the end of the fifth inning on account of the rain.

—Broken paper, old boots, hats, hoops, empty fruit cans, back number bustles and other similar evidences of civilization should be cast out into the street. Strangers who happen to come will be particularly pleased at the sight of neat and small fall to form favorable impressions of the place.

—There were 174 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 166 in the preceding week and 207, 195, 188 and 172 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 4,916 in 1890.

—Trailing arbutus is now in bloom, and therefore it is time to travel miles, climb hills, wander through valleys, scramble over rocks and finally return foot-sore and weary with the cost, fearing you were too early or a little too late, or that some one else had gathered it all. Has that been your experience?

—Our esteemed contemporary the Bound Brook Chronicle is really getting dangerously serious. When the weather is so changeable, and at present, so damp, to go out even for a short distance half-clothed is to say the least, improper. Yet we have just received the last issue of the Chronicle with only its overcoat on. Under the overcoat is the pure, spotless immaculate white skin. Be more cautious, neighbor!

THE BOYS SAW THE PLAYS.

The Music Hall Association Deprived of Revenue by a Trick.

For some time past a number of small boys have been in the habit of stealing their way into Music Hall whenever a performance occurred there. Last night was no exception to the rule, and when Mr. William A. Codington was leaving his office in the Stillman building he caught two of them in the act. He called Captain Grant and had the two arrested. The officer after lecturing the boys allowed them to appear before Justice Hedges this morning. The Justice severely reprimanded the urchins and suspended sentence.

This is how the little fellows "beat" the Association. A number of them would club together and purchase a ticket for a show. The fortunate possessor of the ticket would then proceed to the gallery and secure a seat near the window in the rear of the balcony. His friends would then ascend the stairway leading to the law office in the building and climb out on a roof and in that way gain admission to the hall. The boys in this way have been enjoying the plays for some time, but last night's episode will probably break up the practice.

A New Cricket Club Formed.

A Cricket club has been formed at Plainfield to be known as the St. George's Cricket club. The following gentlemen being at the head of the organization is a guarantee of its success:

President—James E. Greenwich.
Vice Presidents—Thos. Lee, W. F. Lincoln, A. R. Morgan, G. E. Greenleaf, G. W. Morse, McCrea, I.
Secretary—Wm. Ashgrew.
Treasurer—R. J. Neal.
Captain—Robt. Gow.
Patrons—A. C. Stebbins, D. W. Pond, A. E. Wing.
Gentlemen wishing to join the above club are requested to address the secretary, Plainfield.

THE BARBER ATE PORK.

But the Poor Truckman Had No Meat at All.

Yesterday morning a prominent truckman of this city sprinkled a roast of pork and some other meats at a butcher shop and requested that it be sent to his home in North Plainfield. The butcher's boy delivered the order, but instead of leaving it at the truckman's home he took the package to the house of a Somerset street barber. The barber in the meantime had sent home some meat earlier in the day and when his wife received the package of pork she was greatly surprised and thought that her husband must be loosing his senses. She, nevertheless put the roast of pork in the oven and cooked it. At about noon the barber arrived home and his wife was on the point of eating him why the had sent home so much meat, when the truckman's boy appeared at the door and demanded it. The barber became angry and was on the point of ordering the boy off the premises, when his wife appeared and demanded why he had sent home so much meat. A general explanation followed, but, nevertheless, the barber had to worry for his dinner that day. The truckman's many friends are now having considerable fun at his expense.

Seniors' Reception.

The senior classes of the Method st Episcopal church held a social reception to Vincent chapel last evening. An interesting programme had been prepared for the evening's enjoyment. It consisted of solos by Miss Adelaide McGee, accompanied on the piano by Miss Lizzie Bowne, violin by Mr. Clifford McGee, solos by Mr. Theodore Mitchell, a trombone solo by Mr. D. E. Davis, and various readings and recitations by that popular elocutionist, Mr. Henry Firth Wood of New York. To the vari us parts taken those present, a large number, are indebted for a most enjoyable evening entertainment. The selections were all pleasing and and were exceedingly well rendered. The platform and surroundings were very prettily decorated with cut and potted flowers and plants in bloom. The Superintendent's blackboard at the rear of the platform was hidden by a handsome portiere. The entire decorations, which showed skill and taste were the work of a committee consisting of the Misses Minnie French, J. Louise Pangborn and Annie Mahon. After the musical and literary programme was over a light and and pleasing form of entertainment was passed around. It consisted of cake and ice cream.

Two Valuable Dogs Poisoned.

On Wednesday two dogs, one belonging to Mrs. Clay of East Fifth street, the other to Mr. Turbell of East Ninth street, were poisoned by some miscreant. The one belonging to Mrs. Clay died after six hours of agony. The animal was a fine Irish setter, had taken numerous prizes at bench shows and was a very prominent dog in the neighborhood for his good nature and gentleness towards children.

Dr. Gedney was called in in time to check the fatal action of poison on Prince, though the dog was quite spared the pangs of excruciating torture from the afternoon of Wednesday throughout the entire night. A reward of $50 is offered in the advertisement in another column for the conviction of the person or persons who committed the outrage.

The race is one the S. P. C. S. should take up. There is an old saying that "when watch-dogs are dead, lead your pistol with lead"—it is an old device of thieves to remove trusty watch-dogs before plundering, although in this case it looks like wanton cruelty.

Stealing Coal.

Last night several coal trains were "stalled" near Plainfield avenue owing to the accident near the Scott-Fries Work. When this became generally known a small army of coal-stealers, consisting of men, women and children, whose names are known, scrambled up on the cars and began stealing coal. While they were thus engaged Policeman Laine suddenly appeared on the scene. His appearance had a demoralizing effect on the pilferers, and they scattered in all directions, leaving baskets, pans, etc., all along the track. After the officer had left it was amusing to watch them sneaking back to obtain the basket, pans, etc., which they had left on the track when Officer Laine had put in an appearance. An eye-witness of the affair says that fully four tons of coal were stolen.

A Fine Road.

The Union county turnpike contractors, who have had gangs of men continually at work for months past macadamizing the road from Elizabeth through Westfield to Scotch Plains, expect to put on the finishing touches to-day and have the road finished by night. It will be one of the longest, if not the longest, stretch of fine macadamized road in New Jersey. Mr. F. A. Dunham of this city is the civil engineer in charge.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The Mr. Pleasant meeting to-morrow evening will be led by Mr. L. A. Heyward.

Good singing by members of the members of the Plainfield Choral Society, will be an especially interesting feature of the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday at 4:15 p. m. Mr. D. M. Moore will conduct the services. All men welcome.

"Kings Daughters" to Entertain.

A novel entertainment was given by the circle of "Kings Daughters" of Washington Park, North Plainfield, in the Holy Cross chapel this afternoon. The entertainment is entitled "Wellmeant Kinder Symphonia." The proceeds are to be used for charitable purpose.

—Michael Kelley will participate at the county jail at Elizabeth for sixty days. Captain Grant took him to that institution yesterday afternoon to serve out a sentence for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, imposed by City Judge Codington yesterday morning.

A DISASTROUS WRECK.

A P. & R. COAL TRAIN PILED UP NEAR SCOTT'S.

The Breaking of a Coupling Caused the Accident.—Twenty-Five Cars Form a Pyramid Twenty-Five Feet High.—Travel Greatly Delayed.

Shortly after seven o'clock last evening a P. & R. coal train parted near Bergen Point, owing to the breaking of a coupling. The cars were unconnected and as the train passed Netherwood it was running at a high rate of speed in order to clear the depot before the 8:09 passenger train was due. When between that station and the Scott Fries Works the coupling near the center of the train again broke. The engineer discovered the accident and slowed up to allow a brakeman to again reconnect the train. He evidently did not think that the train was running at such a high rate of speed, and when the rear section struck the first the collision was terrific. The engine, tender and five of the P. R. coal cars were piled high in the air, causing a disastrous wreck, blocking the four tracks and delaying travel for two hours.

When the accident occurred John Casey, a brakeman, was sitting in the caboose, and when he saw the collision was due he was thrown with great force to the floor. He had previously noticed that the 8:09 passenger train had arrived at the North wood station and with great presence of mind he procured his red light and ran back and flagged the train, which was due at the scene of the wreck.

The wrecked cars were piled twenty-five feet in the air and some of them were smashed into kindling wood. The wheels were broken, twisted and scattered along the bank.

Oa a side track near the oil cloth factory there stood a goods ca that was thrown with great force to the floor. He had previously noticed that the 8:09 passenger train had arrived at the North wood station and with great presence of mind he procured his red light and ran back and flagged the train, which was due at the scene of the wreck.

The wrecked cars were piled twenty-five feet in the air and some of them were smashed into kindling wood. The wheels were broken, twisted and scattered along the bank.

On

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

S. W. DORRANCE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT FIFTY CENTS A YEAR.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Our fleet in Behring Sea may have captured the British whitehouse engaged in sealing seals. The British schooner had broken her rudder and could not get out of the way, and that was how it happened.

The weather bureau has been noted-for for its noises in the last year or two. Either the office is not so skillfully conducted as formerly, which is not likely, or else we have had exceptional weather in the time mentioned. It may be that some important permanent changes are taking place in our meteorological conditions and that new weather reckonings will have to be considered.

The most sensitive conscience in American has just been brought to light. The Pittsburg State treasurer at Washington has received $1.18, which the sender avows was principal and interest of a sum of money taken from the mint in Philadelphia in 1886. After all; the sender has not discharged his obligations to the government. Evidently he took one dollar, on which he calculates interest at 6 per cent. He has not compounded the unpaid interest, and he has not counted in the quarter's year of 1890. It is short in his accounts to the government one cent, seven mills and a half.

Gallant one legged Sheriff Gen. Daniel B. Stickles, of New York, has declared his intention of wiping out the bribery and corruption that have been a poisonous blight on the shrievalty of that city for more than half a century. The atmosphere of rottenness that hung around it was enough to make a man hold his nose when he came within five miles of it. Sheriffs, sheriff's deputies and managers and dirty prizes have been the unfortunate victims of the law like vampires and fattened on them. Now what the New York sheriff's office was, other sheriff's offices are in cities and many counties. Can Sheriff Sickles cut out the putrefaction? Can he fill his department with honest men? If he can, then there is hope that any sheriff's office in America can be made clean and decent, Stickles, the eyes of your fellow countrymen are upon you.

Forest Destruction and Flood.

The tornado cloud that devastated four states was seen by many persons as it approached. It had a purplish hue, and was funnel shaped. The air of such a cloud is sucked upward with a terrific, whirling motion. As it whirls upward, it tears loose and sucks up with it whatever movable object comes in its track at the earth's surface. That, in brief, is practically the most that is known of these terrors. There are persons who think they saw in the cloud the body of the tornado cloud, high in the air, sheep, pigs and other small animals.

So that as it may, it will readily be seen that whatever would impede the progress of the whirling wind and tangle the base of the funnel would lessen its fury. For this purpose nothing can be so good as large, firmly rooted trees. It is well known that the most destructive tornadoes in this country occur on the wind swept, treeless plains of the west, where nothing breaks their force.

If trees can break even partly such storms as devastated Louisville, then let us plant trees, plant them quickly, beginning this spring. Let every man who lives in the country plant a belt of trees every year the rest of his life. Let us have trees wherever they can be placed. It is claimed by many that these frightful tornadoes were unknown in the older parts of the Union before the woods were cut away.

Davitt and the Strikers.

It was Michael Davitt, the Irish leader, who at length settled and ended the strike of the Liverpool dockmen, and set the wheels of commerce in motion again. Our readers will recall something of the history of the man who has rendered this important service to England and to commerce.

He was born in Ireland, and put to work in a factory when a child. There he lost his arm. He came to England of home rule in Ireland as soon as he was old enough to understand it, and advocated it with such enthusiasm that when he was 26 years old this one armed factory "hand" was arrested in London as a suspect and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment at hard labor. He could not perform the labor, owing to his maimed condition, and he was in consequence severely punished frequently.

After serving seven years of his term he was released on ticket of leave for good behavior. But he advocated home rule publicly and persistently, and was in consequence again arrested and imprisoned in 1880. We note, however, that it is now a crime to advocate home rule for Ireland.

In 1879 Davitt organized the Irish National land league. He is a man of warm sympathy and magnetic presence, and a greatly admired speaker. This is the man, imprisoned twice, by its order subjected to harsh treatment, that now steps forward and helps the British regulars out of serious trouble.

MR. FARNELL CENSURED

His Followers Very Angry at His Reticence.

HE LACKED COURTESY, THEY SAY

By Withholding His Confidence, and Displayed a Sense of Proprietorship in the Nationalist Party Which They Resent—Parnell Thinks Gladstone's Offer a Trap.

LONDON, April 26.—The Liberals are still elated and warm regarding the government's land purchase bill, Mr. Gladstone's speech having failed to improve their position or to encourage them to make a determined fight. As the matter now stands the bill is not likely to meet with any further real opposition, though it will probably be subjected to a number of alterations during its committee stage in respect to its concessions to the landlords, which are really too numerous and extensive for many of the government's adherents to swallow.

Mr. Farnell Severely Criticised.

Mr. Parnell is coming in for a great deal of hostile criticism among his followers for springing his scheme as he did, the consensus of opinion being that it was not only inopportune, but that in failing to take the Irish parliamentary party into his confidence he displayed a lack of courtesy and implied a measure of proprietorship of the Nationalist membership in the house which his colleagues are disposed to resent as a matter of principle. Gladstone has not only on the part of the members of his party but upon that of many of his Liberal allies, has become so pronounced that Mr. Parnell may be said to have been fat upon.

Parnell Thinks It a Trap.

The government has decided to submit two clauses during the committee stage of the land purchase bill embodying the recommendations contained in Mr. Parnell's motion. Mr. Parnell regards Mr. Gladstone's offer in this connection as a trap only effectively when worked by itself.

Prince Bismarck's Appearance.

BERLIN, April 26.—The Hamburger Nachrichten says that Prince Bismarck will not make his appearance in the upper house until political affairs resume their normal condition.

In an interview Prince Bismarck said he would not, if it were in his power, interfere with the workingmen in any way on May day, nor would he display any anxiety, which only increases the aggressiveness of the agitators. Socialism, he said, would yet cause trouble in Germany, and the man who would yield to that element to prevent a manifestation was a coward. It was sometimes an act of necessity to shed the blood of a riotous minority in defense of the law abiding majority. May day was not a dangerous enemy and the naming of it for an anniversary did not be dreaded. It would only be a sham fight, like the battles of the Salvation Army.

Germans Mean Business in Africa.

LONDON, April 26.—The Times' dispatch from Zanzibar says the Germans have constructed a fortified station at Mount Kedi, thus formally annexing that territory to the German possessions.

Kemmler's Iron Nerve.

AUBURN, N. Y., April 26.—Kemmler, the man who is condemned to die by electricity next week, shows no signs of weakening. He tells the newspaper men that preparations and final arrangements with an air of abandon that shows him to be a man of almost iron nerve. He does not allow himself to contemplate his fate, but busies himself in whistling, singing, writing his autograph and listening to his keeper read from the Bible and other popular periodical. He takes part in religious services daily and manifests a fervor that is surprising to others who participate. The chair, though completed, is not yet in position. It is not Harold P. Brown's chair, but the one designed by Warden Durston. The warden is alleged daily by newspaper men from all parts of the country who want to see the condemned man and the execution. It is expected that a great crowd will be in the city Monday.

Embezzler Walton and His "Friends."

MONTREAL, April 26.—The case of Walton, the expert accountant, who stole $6,000 from the Pacific company and was arrested in St. John, N. B., with the money in his possession, has now acquired a new interest by the arrest of Frank Brady, Aggie Ashton and ——— Leard, a gambler. They arrived from Hot Springs, Ark., and were at once taken into custody. Brady is the man who was paid $1,000 by Walton for helping him to escape, and the other members of the party are supposed to have been implicated in making away with the balance of the money, which was never found.

Maine's Shipbuilding Boom.

BOSTON, April 26.—The Herald's Augusta (Me.) special says: Last year's shipbuilding season in this state showed a great increase over previous seasons, and a careful review of the field seems to make it safe to state that this year's building will greatly exceed that of last. The price of building has risen 25 per cent. in the last five years, and wages and the cost of material are also higher. In the forty yards now in operation in Bath employment is given to 3,000 men, and still there is a demand for skilled shipwrights.

John L. Sullivan's Answer.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Referring to the proposition of the California Athletic club for a contest between John L. Sullivan and Peter Jackson, John W. Gaul, Sullivan's manager, said yesterday: "Sullivan will accept the offer on two conditions—first, that $20,000 purse must not be divided; the winner must take all of the money. Second—Sullivan must have a side bet of at least $20,000, and not more than $30,000."

Sullivan's answer to the California Athletic club early next week.

Capt. Mussey Discharged.

LONDON, April 26.—The result of investigation by government officials of charges preferred against Capt. William Mussey of the Bluebell, Pool life saving service, has resulted in Mussey's discharge. Capt. Willis Topliff has been promoted to have charge of his service.

King Gets Five Years.

PHILADELPHIA, April 26.—Henry W. King, ex-precist of the Institution for the Blind, who was convicted of immoral practices with the pupils of the institution, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

The Dixon-Cushing Match Fiasco.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The boxing match between Dixon (colored), of Boston, and Frank Cushing did not come off last night owing to a misunderstanding about engaging a hall.

JUDGE BOOKSTAVER WINS.

The Judiciary Committee Refuses to Sanction His Impeachment.

ALBANY, April 26.—The judiciary committee made a report on the investigation of the conduct of Henry W. Bookstaver in the Flack divorce case. The majority report follows:

"Your committee find the testimony and evidence are not sufficient to satisfy that Judge Bookstaver was a party to or cognizant of any conspiracy to defraud, by fraudulent divorce, and that the testimony does not establish that he knew his court was used for such purpose or that he knew upon the papers upon which he granted the decree were not in every particular regular.

"Your committee do not find from the testimony that Bookstaver committed any corrupt act, or any act wrong, or any act with corrupt motive, and that therefore he should not be presented for impeachment. Your committee, therefore, ask to be discharged from further consideration of the matter referred to." This report is signed by Messrs. Greene, Coons, Towne, Husson, Whipple and Henderson, all of them Democrats except Greene and Whipple. The minority report concludes: "Whether or not Bookstaver was party to a criminal conspiracy of which other persons connected with the proceedings have been convicted, whether or not he aided or abetted in the commission of various crimes of perjury, forgery and injury to public records, we are persuaded in the main that his acts constitute a reckless and wanton violation of law, of his constitutional oath of office." The report is signed by Mr. Lauterbach, Mann of the committee, and Messrs. J. L. Johnson, Deyo, Stranahan and Peck, all Republicans.

A Railroad Master Stroke.

DENVER, Colo., April 26.—For some time past mysterious purchases of real estate in the neighborhood of the Capitol have excited the curiosity of all well posted dealers in real estate. It has just been learned that the unknown corporation was undoubtedly the Rock Island, and that it had quietly secured ground enough not only for a right of way, but also for independent yards, depots and other railroad appurtenances of a well equipped railroad. The Rock Island main line now brings up short at Colorado Springs, seventy-five miles south of here, where it connects with the Colorado Wheel road to the top of Pike's Peak and with the Midland for the western side of the range. Its direct express trains to Denver have now to run over the line of the Kansas Pacific from Junction Point under a running arrangement which has naturally proven inconvenient. The cutting of time between Denver and Chicago by other roads has knocked the Rock Island passenger business endways, and to save itself the master stroke was necessary.

Pugilist Murray's Deadly Fist.

BOSTON, Mass., April 26.—During a pugilistic contest between Jack Murray, champion of the Bay State Athletic club, James Fallon, while sparring with John Murray for a gold medal, was knocked insensible by a terrific blow from the latter just above the left ear. All efforts to restore him to consciousness failed, and he was taken to his home in the rear of No. 1,298 Tremont street. The physician summoned by the police and disclosed the fact that a blood vessel in the left side of the brain had been ruptured, causing paralysis of the right side of the body. Fallon is still unconscious and the doctor says he cannot live many hours. Murray and William Norton were arrested and held to await the result of Fallon's injuries.

The Seizure of the Rapid Transit.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., April 26.—Capt. Joseph Smith, agent and part owner of the schooner Rapid Transit, which is reported to have met with outrageous treatment at the hands of the Canadian officials, says that he has not received from Capt. White any particulars of the affair. He says the vessel was not fishing, but was engaged in carrying freight in the foreign trade, subject to all customs regulations and entitled to all privileges accorded to any merchant vessel. The impression prevails here that all the facts are as reported the officials have committed a violation of law which is likely to have serious consequences.

The Women Chose Officers.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The session of the concluding day of the convention of the General Federation of Women's clubs was chiefly occupied by the election of officers of the new organization. Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Brown, of Wilmington, N. C., was elected first president of the federation; Mrs. May Wright Sewall, of Indianapolis, was chosen vice president; Mrs. O. G. Cheney, of Fruit Ridge, Arapahoe county, Mary B. Temple, of Knoxville, Tenn., corresponding secretary; Mrs. Phœbe Hearst, of San Francisco, treasurer, and Kate Tannett Woods, of Boston, auditor of accounts.

He Eloped with His Mother-in-Law.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 26.—Charles Delamaster, a barber, has eloped with his mother-in-law, Mrs. Margaret Evans. Delamaster, who was married about three years ago, had left his wife's home and left his wife's mother and his affection was returned. Mrs. Delamater protested in vain. On Thursday Delamater and Mrs. Evans got together to Port Erie and from there to Chicago. Mrs. Delamater, who was left penniless with two babes, has obtained a warrant for the arrest of her husband.

A Concession at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 26.—The Master Carpenters and Builders' association is holding a conference today with committees from the Citizens' association, the new Boxes' association and striking carpenters with a view to bringing the strike to an end. The old masters in promising to meet the three committees made the one condition that they should all come separately and appointed the time for each. This is the first concession made by the masters. If a plan of arbitration is agreed upon today it will take nearly a week to settle all the questions in dispute.

He Was Clever, but Got Caught.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 26.—James Lankford, assistant postmaster at Sanborn, was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary for rifling a registered letter. Some time ago Lankford and Mrs. Call went on with charges preferred against Call, William Bussey of the Bluffs. Post life saving service, has settled in Bussey's discharge. Capt. Willis Topliff has been promoted to have charge of his service.

King Gets Five Years.

PHILADELPHIA, April 26.—Henry W. King, ex-precist of the Institution for the Blind, who was convicted of immoral practices with the pupils of the institution, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

The Dixon-Cushing Match Fiasco.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The boxing match between Dixon (colored), of Boston, and Frank Cushing did not come off last night owing to a misunderstanding about engaging a hall.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

The Anti-Trust Bill Reported to the House.

ITS PASSAGE WAS RECOMMENDED

The Committee Are Not Satisfied with the Bill, but Consider It Better Than None—States Must Co-operate to Fight Monopolies and Injurious Combines.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Representative Culberson (Tex.) has reported from the house committee on judiciary, with an amendment, the senate anti-trust bill, with a report recommending its passage. The object of the bill, the report says, is two fold: First—To protect trade and commerce among the states or with foreign nations against unlawful restraints and monopoly, and, second, to protect trade between the states and territories of the United States and the District of Columbia, or between states and territories and foreign nations against unlawful restraints.

The States Must Co-operate.

"It follows," says the report, "that the legislative authority of Congress and that of the states must be exerted to secure the suppression of restraints upon trade and monopolies. Whatever legislation Congress may enact on this subject will prove of little value unless the states will supplement by such legislation as may be within their legislative authority."

A Better Bill Than None.

In conclusion the report says that while the measure is not precisely what any member of the committee would have proposed upon his own motion, there was a general acquiescence in the recommendation of its passage as perhaps the only legislation possible, in existing circumstances, by this committee.

They Ask the Aid of Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—In the house Mr. O'Neill (Pa.) presented the proceedings of a meeting of business men of Philadelphia and a memorial to Congress under date and the signatures of the board of trade of that city asking the aid of congress on the promotion of the building of American ships by trade with foreign ports, and to establish direct mail communication with the western coast of Africa. Referred.

Mr. Flower (N. Y.) presented a petition from seventy-eight dry goods commission houses and woolen manufacturers of New York asking for the passage of the bill classifying worsted with woolen. Referred.

Pensions and Private Bills.

Mr. Cannon (Ills.), from the committee on appropriations, reported a joint resolution appropriating $150,000 to enable the secretary of the interior to make rations for the relief of destitute people in the district overflowed by the Mississippi and its tributaries. Mr. Cannon urged the necessity of immediate consideration and Mr. Bland (Mo.) inquired where congress found authority to appropriate public money for the relief of the people of various states. Mr. Cannon replied that he found it in precedents and in the starving demands of 23,000 people. The joint resolution was passed over to-day.

The Legislative Appropriation Bill.

On motion of Mr. Butterworth (O.)—yeas 130, nays 100—the house went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill.

On motion of Mr. Sayers (Tex.) an amendment was adopted providing that hereafter no person shall be appointed to any position in the civil service commission shall be accompanied by a certificate of an officer with his official seal attached of the county or state of which the applicant claimed to be a citizen, this provision not to apply to persons who may be in the service and seek promotion or appointment in other branches of the service. On motion of Mr. Cummings (N. Y.) an amendment was adopted providing for the "actual" expenses of the civil service commission, instead of necessary traveling expenses, as provided in the bill. This disposed of the civil service commission clause of the bill.

Bills Introduced.

Among the bills introduced were the following: By Mr. Stockbridge (Mich.)—To authorize the secretary of the treasury to pay the survivors of Flag Officer Farragut's fleet the final instalments of prize money decreed by the supreme court in May, 1875. Also one providing that before the sale of any condemned articles which may be considered relics of any naval engagement the secretary of the navy shall have power to present or loan them to the National Association of National Veterans.

By Mr. Bland (Mo.)—To reduce taxes by placing on the free list all imported goods exchanged in foreign countries for farm products. The bill provides that in all cases where it can be shown by proof satisfactory to the secretary of the treasury that any goods, wares or merchandise imported into this country have been purchased by exchange of farm products for such goods, or when such goods have been purchased with the proceeds or avails of farm products in foreign countries, such goods, wares or merchandise shall be imported free of duty. Any deficiency in the revenue caused by this act shall be provided for by levying an income tax upon all incomes of $2,000 or more.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The senate resumed consideration of the railroad land forfeiture bill and Mr. Call went on with his argument in favor of the amendment offered by him as to the forfeiture of railroad lands in Florida, pending the discussion the senate in addition Mr. Gibson took up and passed the house joint resolution appropriating $150,000 to be used by the secretary of war for the relief of destitute persons in the district overflowed by the Mississippi river and its tributaries. The consideration of the land forfeiture bill was then resumed. Several times during his speech Mr. Call complained of the apathy and inattention of senators.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be colder and clear, with northerly and northwesterly winds.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2—3

Hits: Pittsburg, 6; Cincinnati, 4. Batteries: Schmidt and Miller, Foreman and Keenan. Attendance, 448.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4—8
Chicago	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0—6

Hits: Cleveland, 11; Chicago, 11. Batteries: Cleveland, 7; Chicago, 8. Batteries: Beatin and Zimmer, Hutchinson and Kittredge. Attendance 1,400.

At Boston—

Boston-New York game postponed on account of rain.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn-Philadelphia game postponed on account of rain.

Players' League.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—
Chicago	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	x—4

Hits: Buffalo, 10; Chicago, 11. Errors: Buffalo, 4; Chicago, 3. Batteries: Crane and Mack, Baldwin and Boyle. Attendance, 2,500.

At Boston—

Boston-New York game postponed on account of rain.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn-Philadelphia game postponed on account of rain.

American Association.

All American association games postponed on account of rain.

Atlantic Association.

All Atlantic association games postponed on account of rain.

For Eastern Cattle Shippers.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 26.—The Kansas live stock sanitary commission has just been in session here for the purpose of framing more stringent regulations that have heretofore been in force, agreed upon an order that cattle from the eastern states must be held ninety days at Kansas City at the expense of the owner and until they receive a bill of health signed by the state veterinarian of Kansas. The supplies for cattle shipped into Kansas from that portion of New York lying south of the north line of Connecticut, all Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia and the Dominion of Canada. Cattle from other districts may enter the state provided the shipper satisfies the inspector that they are healthy and have not been exposed to any contagious or infectious disease. All cattle coming to the state from or through the Kansas City district must have a permit from the state inspector. The penalty for violation of these rules is not less than $100, nor more than $5,000.

The Clayton-Breckenridge Investigation.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 26.—About seventy-five witnesses, mostly negroes, were examined by the Clayton-Breckenridge investigation committee. Each of the negroes swore that he voted for Clayton for congress in the White River precinct in Woodruff county at the November election. After the count of the votes in the precinct box showed 210 for Breckenridge and 44 for Clayton. The majority of the negroes were unable to read. About forty witnesses from Pine Bluff, the home of the late John M. Clayton, will be examined today, and next week about 500 witnesses from Plummersville, where Clayton was murdered, will give their evidence. An effort will then be made to not only reveal the identity of the parties who stole the ballot box but also to find out who killed Clayton.

Editor Gilder's Odd Letter.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Some comment was excited yesterday by the appearance in The Evening Post of a letter from R. W Gilder, editor of The Century, to the effect that he had become aware of threats being made to kill him, on account of The Post's publication of charges against political leaders. Mr. Gilder was seen last night, and admitted that he knew of such threats, but would not be moved by them. He had written the letter as a warning, and from a sense of duty as a citizen He was in no fear, and had no personal interest in the matter.

Counterfeiters Arrested in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, April 26.—Deputy Marshal Garber, Marshal Harra and Officer Mc Sweeney, of this city, have arrested at Stoystown, Somerset county, Jeremiah Wilt, David Brisbane, John Brisban and John Sipe, all charged with counterfeiting. At the house of John Brisban was found a mold for half dollars and some coining implements, which were missing from one of the others. Wilt and Sipe are coal miners, and the Brisbas brothers are contractors. They were brought to this city last night.

The Ex-Confederates' Memorial Day.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 26.—Today was celebrated Confederate memorial or decoration day—the day upon which the graves of the Confederate dead are decorated. Here in Atlanta the most elaborate exercises were held. The exercises consisted of laying the graves of the Confederate Veterans' home, an oration by Col. J. C. C. Black, of Augusta, and a grand procession to Oakland cemetery, where the graves were decorated.

An Electrician's Suicide.

PITTSBURG, April 26.—Robert S. Marshall, aged 45, of Buena Vista street, Allegheny, committed suicide last night by blowing out his brains. Mr. Marshall was a highly educated man, and has been employed in electrical apparatus on which he had been experimenting, his father always having kept him well supplied with money. It is thought that overstudy and application to the brain was the cause of the suicide. He leaves a widow, whom he married in Dublin, and four children.

White Caps Are After Him.

BONDOUT, N. Y., April 26.—A band of White Caps, armed with guns and clubs, visited the home of Lather Dan Hanick at Halcottsville to chastise him for his alleged non-support and ill treatment of his invalid wife and family. On bended knees he begged for mercy, but was refused to reform. He was then allowed to go with the warning that if he did not behave himself the whippers would return.

She Blew Out the Gas.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 26.—A servant girl named Almira Strotman, of St. Anna, Minn., from a train at the Dundas depot. In the morning hotel employes discovered the hallway full of gas, and upon the girl's door being broken open she was found dead. The gas jets were turned on, and she had evidently blown out the flame instead of turning it off.

Prince and Reading Matched.

OMAHA, Neb., April 26.—Jack Prince, the champion long distance bicycle rider of the world, and Ed. Reading, the soldier, who has done some wonderful riding in the past year, have signed articles of agreement to ride eight hours per day for six days, commencing May 12, for $1,000 a side and the championship.

MARRIED UNDER DURESS

Hymen Was Reinforced by a Six Shooter.

HOW HUBBY BECAME A "HUBBY."

He Threatened to Kill Mrs. Thorpe If She Did Not Marry Him, and Through Fear She Consented—She Fainted Away Before the Minister.

FERNANDINA, Fla., April 26.—This town is all agog over a most sensational incident occasioned by the erratic and violent love making of G. R. Hubby, a city councilman and the local agent of the Mallory steamship line. Mrs. Thorpe, a respectable and attractive widow, well known in social circles here, and a daughter of Col. E. B. Brink, formerly of Wilmington, N. C., was married to Mr. Hubby late Thursday under circumstances which she alleges were starting and scandalous in the extreme.

He Was Bound to Be a "Hubby."

Mrs. Thorpe says that during a drive in the morning with Mr. Hubby he drew a pistol and threatened to shoot her if she did not at once consent to marry him. After forcing a consent he also threatened to shoot her at the altar if she made any objection or refused to go through with the marriage ceremony.

She Fainted Away.

During all this Mrs. Thorpe had sat hopelessly silent on a lounge with her head resting on her hand and apparently lost in self thought. She stood up at the request of Mr. Hubby, and a few tones made the responses of the Episcopal ritual without any outward sign of disturbance till the ring was on her finger, when she dropped in a dead faint.

Mr. Hubby, with every sign of devotion and distress, bent over her, placed the ring on her finger and restored her to a state. told Mr. Cross as he completed the ceremony that the marriage was against the wishes of her parents—Col. and Mrs. E. B. Brink.

She Broke Down Completely.

Soon after the ceremony Mr. Hubby went to the Egmont hotel and informed Mr. and Mrs. Brink of the marriage. During his absence Mrs. Thorpe succeeded in escaping from the house, and reaching her parents told them of the threats used to induce her to go through the ceremony. She then broke down completely, and doctors were hastily called in.

A Strange Affair.

An application was immediately made to County Judge Pooser for a warrant against Mr. Hubby, but no arrest has been made. Mrs. Thorpe remains with her parents at the Egmont hotel, and Mr. Hubby takes up his quarters at the Atlantic. The whole affair is even more singular than the facts indicate, inasmuch as the bride and groom, if such they are, had been much together, and opinion as to the future would terminate in a much more usual manner.

Summary Vengeance Threatened.

Mrs. Thorpe came here to reside with her parents a few months ago from her early widowhood, and her acquaintance with Mr. Hubby was cultivated by being much in his society at the same hotel. Col. Brink, her father, was formerly a resident of Wilmington, N. C., and lately secretary and treasurer of the Creosote Lumber and Construction company, of this city, but resigned that position a few months ago. He believes his daughter's version of the marriage and threatens summary vengeance on Hubby when his health permits.

Chili Is Well Pleased.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Senor Jose Alfonso, delegate from Chili to the recent Pan-American conference, regrets that through a reporter's carelessness the remarks of a Chilian citizen sojourning in this country have been published as if emanating from a delegate to the conference. The incident makes it appropriate, however, for Senor Alfonso himself to express his views on the matter. He followed "I regard the mere holding of the conference as an important matter in itself. While there may be no immediate results, the work done will surely bear good fruit in the end. Chili desires the trade of this country. We have been most courteously treated by the United States, and I desire to denounce as false and unwarranted the entire statement made by the citizen referred to."

The National Farmers' League.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., April 26.—A convention of delegates to the National Farmers' league has been held here this week. Among those present were President George T. Powell, of Ohio; Treasurer W. A. White, of Connecticut, and Secretary Herbert Myrick. Encouraging reports were read from branches of the league in various states. It was decided to hold mass meetings beginning next week, in Connecticut, Mr. Pierce, of central New York, to address the Windham county farmers at Putnam, Conn., Monday evening.

Cassidy's Sensational Testimony.

NEW YORK, April 26.—In the trial of O'Donovan Rossa for libeling P. S. Cassidy, the latter testified that the first trouble he had with Rossa was in 1883 when a bill was rendered for the payment of $15 to a man named Jim Brown for attempting to assassinate John F. Sherman. Before this sensational testimony had been explained the court adjourned.

Buchan Is Now a Murderer.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 26.—Joseph Anderson, the man whom George R. Buchan, of Pittsburg, shot on the street Wednesday morning during a quarrel over Anderson's wife, is dead. He made a dying statement that Buchan was the aggressor and threw his revolver first. The statement will be used as evidence on the trial of Buchan for murder.

Fire Hazard but Giant Powder.

LEADVILLE, Colo., April 26.—While a laborer employed in the Rio Grande railroad construction gang near here was thawing out some giant powder an explosion occurred which killed him and seven some distance from the works. One man was killed, another cannot live and several others were slightly injured.

A Noted Stallion Dead.

PEORIA, Ills., April 26.—The famous young stallion Alex M. Gregor, 1886, known by many breeders the country over, died in this city. He was one of the finest bred and most promising grandsons of Robert McGregor.

Baby Carriages

FROM $6.50 UP WARDS.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Satin Damask, a most pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Rubber Tires.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND.

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

28 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 888.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at $5.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Clone Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size desired, delivered at the most reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P. O. Box 992.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions entirely, without pain, soreness or cutting; keeps the feet comfortable. Ask your druggist for Scatter-Corns. If he cannot supply you, send 25 cents to us and we will mail you a box. **W. H. HINDLE & Co., Newark, N. J.**

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of Beer, SUCCESS, EXPORT, BOCK and BOSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BECKERS foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

40 North Avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

PROPOSALS FOR GRADING, IMPROVING AND MACADAMIZING COUNTY ROADS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of meeting of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Somerset, County of Union and State of New Jersey, until the hour of twelve o'clock, M. of the afternoon on Monday, the 12th day of May, A. D. 1890.

For the grading where necessary and macadamizing of Telford paving for the width of twenty-four (24) feet in the middle of the roads of the width of sixty (60) feet in the county road leading from the Watchung mountain through the borough line of the township of Scotch Plains to the centre line of the township of Fanwood in the County of Union, State of New Jersey.

For the grading where necessary and macadamizing of Telford paving for the width of twenty-four (24) feet in the middle of the roads of the width of sixty (60) feet in the county road leading from the borough line of the township of Scotch Plains to the centre line of the township of Fanwood in the County of Union, State of New Jersey.

It is estimated that the following quantities of work and material will be required to be done and furnished on said second road or avenue (2d road) leading from the Watchung mountain through the borough line of the Township of Scotch Plains to the centre line of the township of Fanwood in the County of Union, State of New Jersey, viz:

Two thousand and forty-one (2041) cubic yards of excavation and filling; two thousand and forty-one (2041) square yards of grading; two thousand and forty-one (2041) square or superficial yards of macadamizing.

And for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twenty-four (24) feet in the middle of the roads of the width of sixty (60) feet in the county road leading from the borough line of the township of Scotch Plains to the centre line of the township of Fanwood in the County of Union, State of New Jersey.

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And for the grading where necessary and macadamizing or Telford paving for the width of twelve (12) feet in the centre of the roads of the width of sixty (60) feet in the county road leading from the borough line of the township of Scotch Plains to the centre line of the township of Fanwood in the County of Union, State of New Jersey.

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Two thousand and forty-one (2041) cubic yards of excavation and filling; two thousand and forty-one (2041) square yards of grading; two thousand and forty-one (2041) square or superficial yards of macadamizing.

Plans and specifications and also the conditions of proposals and proposals or bids may be had in advance, may be examined at the office of P. A. Dunham, Engineer of the County Road, No. 7 Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Printed copies of the specifications and conditions of proposals and proposals or bids for the same will be printed and will be received only at the office of E. M. Wood, County Collector, Plainfield, N. J., and all bids for said work is required by said Board as may be required for the best interest of the county.

And notice is hereby given that the bids will be opened and publicly read at the meeting of the Board of Freeholders to be held on said twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1890, at the court house, place of meeting of the Court House, Somerville, N. J.

P. A. DUNHAM,
Engineer County Roads.
Attest:—CHARLES B. REED, Clerk.
Dated April 18th, 1890.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the common council at the regular stated meeting thereof, and that it is the intention of the council to adopt the same.

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., April 15, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE

For the Assessment of Property and the Collection of Taxes for the City of Plainfield for the year 1890.

The Common Council of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That pursuant to the statutes and ordinances made and provided there shall be assessed and raised by the assessors of the several wards in said city, for the general purposes of said city, exclusive of school, library, fire and street purposes, upon the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, for the support of the city poor for the year for the sum of five hundred dollars.

For the maintenance of the public library and reading room, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the maintenance of a fire department to be under the control and government of the said city the sum of ten thousand dollars.

NOTICE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., April 14, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Linke has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous liquors, and that he proposes to sell spirituous liquors in the building owned by Peter Stout and occupied by Frank Linke as a saloon, situated on the south side of West Front street, in the Fourth ward of said city, and that the following named persons, to wit: Steven White, Richard Hamilton, David Nuttall, John Hallett, James Barry, are his freeholders. All persons knowing any reason why such license should not be granted are required to make known the same in writing to the City Clerk on or before May 5th

This Date in History—April 6.

1320—Richard Coeur de Lion, King of England, died; born 1157.
1327—Queen Isabella besieged by Sultan Mortimer and H., and a few days later married by command.
1330—Great earthquake in London.
1509—Henry VIII. landed at the Half Moon, hoping to reach the East Indies by way of the Thames, but missed it, sailed up New York and discovered Hudson River; landed on Coney Island, and supposed it to be the East Indies, came to and lost on the reef of the Navesink Highlands.
1789—Congress assembles in New York and declares Washington unanimously elected first president of the United States.
1809—First Mormon church organized in Manchester, N. Y.
1862—First day's battle at Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., between the armies of Gen. Grant and Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston, Confederate commander, killed.
1866—Death of Spencer on the Gold coast transferred to Great Britain.

This Date in History—April 7.

1770—Birth of Hugh Blair, renowned rhetorician and divine; died 1800.
1787—Death of William Moore, poet and divine; born 1726.
1808—Invasion of Spain by the French.
1812—Secession of Texas from the government of Emperor Pedro.
1824—Prince Leopold, of England, Duke of Albany; born; died suddenly at Cannes, 1884.
1865—Surrender by the Confederates of Island No. 10, on the Mississippi River, to the Federals, continued of March 15 and continued night and day. On March 17 general attack with fleet-gun boats and four mortars was made, subsequently both banks of the river above and below were occupied by the Union forces. Seven generals, seven colonels, five companies of artillery, twenty-four cannon and seven heavy guns. The Union loss was about 4 men.
1865—Gen. Ewell, with the Army of the Ohio, arrives at Burkeville Junction, leading and the previous day's battle is renewed. Gen. Beauregard in command of the Confederates. Gen. Lee's army is fighting its the two days' fight, 18,000; Confederate loss, 14,000.
1865—Fort Sumter, Confederate battery at Stono Inlet, near Charleston, S. C., repulsed.
1865—Monitor Keokuk sunk while attacking Fort Sumter.

This Date in History—April 8.

1624—Death of John the Good, king of Navarre; born 1553.
1645—Death of Louis XIII. by Medici the Magnificent; born 1449.
1790—The first New York dispensary established for the outdoor poor.
1820—Revolt in the Tyrol under Hofer the patriot.
1852—Duel between Henry Clay, SEN. GILLESPIE, secretary of state, and John Randolph, United States senator; neither hit.
1862—Gen. Gillmore prepares to open fire on Fort Pulaski.
1863—Gen. O. M. Mitchell, of the army of Ohio, occupies Huntsville, Ala., the object being to run this line of railroad to prevent movements and supplies to the Confederate armies. Sixteen locomotives captured and destroyed.
1864—Battle at Sabine's Cross Roads or Mansfield, La., between the Federals, under Gen. Banks, and Confederates, under Gen. Kirby Smith. Twenty-five hundred prisoners, twenty pieces of artillery, several stands of colors, many thousand small arms and a large amount of property by the latter.
1882—Death of Prince Pierre Napoleon, third son of Lucien Bonaparte.

This Date in History—April 9.

1626—Death of Francis Bacon, supposed by many to be the author of several of the plays of Shakespeare, "The Father of Experimental Philosophy"; born 1561.
1792—War having been declared between France and England, Citizen Genet is accredited minister to the United States, and received with FRANCIS BARDE. great rejoicing as a representative of the French republic.
1865—Surrender of Gen. Lee to Gen. Grant at Appomattox Court House. 25,000 men laid down their arms. The scene, says a historian, was affecting. The chivalry marched in review with his division in the van. A division of the Confederate army then marched up and paraded directly in front of them. All was silent as the tread of the forest. Not a word was spoken above the tramp of feet, but eyes were dimmed with tears unused to weep, and lips trembled that knew no fear. The Confederates stacked their arms, hesitated against their banners, and then silently filed away. As they came up Gen. Chamberlain called upon his men to "present arms!" and thus these hordes victims of a cruel rebellion and surrender were received with military honors."
1865—Fort Sumter occupied by Sherman's troops.
1866—Passage of the civil rights bill.
1867—Alaska purchased for $7,200,000.

This Date in History—April 10.

1583—Birth of Hugo Grotius, historical and theological writer; died 1645.
1756—Birth of John Metcalf, the blind, English highwayman.
1793—Death of Prince Eugene of Savoy, famous soldier; born 1663.
1741—Battle of Hollwitz; victory of Frederick II over the Austrians.
1745—1,100 buildings burned in Pittsburg; loss, $50,000.
1814—Peace concluded in the war between the United States and Mexico.
1815—Death of Thomas H. Benton, American statesman, in Virginia, aged 76.
1865—The advance of Sherman's army reaches the Neuse river, N. C.

This Date in History—April 11.

1713—Peace of Utrecht, terminating the wars of Queen Anne.
1814—Abdication of Napoleon.
1830—First public Mormon discourse preached by Oliver Cowdery, at Manchester, N. Y.
1857—Death of Rowland Hill, the English postal service reformer.
1865—Sherman army at Yern. GEN. GARDNER. Cruz begins to advance on the road to the capital.
1865—Surrender of Fort Pulaski, below Savannah, to forces under Gen. Q. A. Gillmore, U. S. A.
1879—Maj. Gen. Canby and Rev. Dr. E. Thomas, peace commissioners, murdered in the lava beds by the Modoc Indians in Oregon, while negotiating with them under truce.

This Date in History—April 12.

1777—Henry Clay, of Kentucky, born in Hanover county, Va.; died aged 76.
1780—Victory by Admiral Rodney over the French fleet off Dominica.
1807—U. S. sloop of war Jamestown arrives at Cork, Ireland, provisioned for the relief of sufferers by the late storms.
1861—Bombardment of Fort Sumter begins at 4:30 a. m. by South Carolina troops under Gen. Beauregard, and is witnessed from the wharves and housetops of Charleston by the entire population.
1862—Gold first quoted at a premium during the American civil war.
1864—Rioters at Fort Pillow of the negro garrison by Confederate cavalry under command of Gen. N. B. Forrest. Union loss, 574 out of 600. Confederate loss, 60.
1865—Mobile evacuated by the Confederates.
1865—Montgomery, Ala., occupied by Gen. Wilson's Union cavalry.
1865—Congress passes the civil rights bill.
1865—Death of William M. Tweed in Ludlow Street Jail, New York. Local political leader.
1870—Gen. Richard Taylor, son of "Old Rough," died in New York, aged 58.

This Date in History—April 13.

1598—By the edict of Nantes, Henry IV of France granted toleration to his Protestant subjects. Revoked by Louis XIV Oct. 18, 1685.
1801—Death of Commodore Truxtun, of Mendham, Morris, aged 75.
1777—Americans defeat the British at Bound Brook, N. J.
1789—Riot in the city of New York, known as "The Doctors' Riot," caused by grave robbing. Several persons killed and wounded by the militia. John Jay and Baron Steuben endeavored to quell the mob by appeals.
1862—The Catholic communion list passed in Rome.
1861—Gen. Zachary Taylor blockades the Rio Grande in order to cut off supplies to the Mexican army.
1861—Proclamation of King Ferdinand by the Sicilian parliament.
1865—After a bombardment of thirty-six hours, during which the fort was set on fire and the troops nearly suffocated, Maj. Robert Anderson surrendered Fort Sumter to the Confederates. Anderson and detachment of Battery E, First U. S. artillery. By the terms of capitulation the officers and men were permitted to retain their arms and private property and to salute the flag. No casualties occurred during the fight, although the Confederates threw into the fort from fourteen batteries 2,361 solid shot and 980 shells.
1865—Magdalena and occupied by English troops under Sir R. Napier. King Theodore killed.

This Date in History—April 14.

1828—Edinburgh university chartered.
1833—Bank of France established.
1848—Peace reestablished between Denmark and Prussia.
1849—Independence of Hungary proclaimed: Kossuth, governor.
1857—Princess Beatrice Fedora, daughter of Queen Victoria, LOUIS KOSSUTH. born; married, 1885, to Prince Henry of Battenberg.
1865—Seizure of the Chincha Islands by Spain.
1865—At about 10 o'clock Abraham Lincoln shot by John Wilkes Booth in Ford's theatre, Washington, while witnessing the play "Our American Cousin."
1865—Inspector General Delafield, Gen. Hunter, in the presence of several thousand spectators, on the parade ground at the site of the old fort which had floated there during peace by Gen. Robert Anderson, by whom it was surrendered in 1861. Rev. Henry Ward Beecher delivered an oration.
1870—Earthquake destroys Cua, Venezuela.

This Date in History—April 15.

1820—Death of Lord Baltimore (George Calvert), founder of Maryland; aged 52.
1862—The slave-trade abolished in the District of Columbia.
1865—U. S. patent laws adopted.
1865—Birth of Admiral Sir Lewis Hunter, in the Clark Russ, famous Arctic navigator; died 1883.
1865—Death of Dr. Alexander Murray, philologist; aged 36.
1865—Birth of John Lothrop J. L. MOTLEY. Motley, American historian.
1877—First deaf and dumb asylum opened in U. S. at Hartford, Conn.
1865—Death of Thomas Drummond, inventor of Drummond light, also a statesman and philosopher; aged 42.
1865—Death of Sir Alexander Cockburn, Bart., in the Clark Russ, famous Arctic navigator; died 1883.
1865—Death of Dr. Alexander Murray, philologist; aged 36.
1865—Death

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

This Date in History—April 27.

1791—Philip the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, died.

1805—Governor, aged 69, author of "Tom Jones."

1814—Lieut. of Edward Gibbon, historian; died.

1861—Fort Sumter attacked by Admiral Yorktown.

1862—Expedition, under Gens. Arkadi and Butler, attacked by the British at Independence, Cuba.

1865—Death of James Brown, African traveler; born 1793.

1865—Death of Sir William Jones, scholar; born 1746.

1865—Steamer Lexington York, under General Sickles, burned on Long Island Sound; 1,000 lives lost.

1865—Thomas Upham Quant born at Point Pleasant, Clermont county, O.; died 1888. She was the Scotch damsel and a dealer in whom the governor's appointments giving his wife power as attorney, by attacking those appointments as illegal, by attacking those appointments as illegal, by attacking those with good success in New York.

1865—Battle of Fort Brooky; 200 lives lost.

1865—Arrival of Sirius and Great Western, first steamers ever seen in the harbor of New York.

1865—Abolition of slavery in the French dominions.

1865—Election in Florence, Italy; flight of the grand duke.

1865—War between Austria and Italy begun.

1865—Austria's expedition from Tuscumbia, Ala., to Rome, Ga., terminating May 8 in capture of Gen. Streight, C. S. A., and 1,700 men by Gen. Forrest, wounded and prisoners.

1865—Lincoln's roll through Virginia; conference with Grant.

1865—Peaceful revolution in Venezuela; Guzman made president.

1865—Inauguration of Gen. J. M. Astlick, United States navy.

This Date in History—April 28.

1789—Mutiny will began raging about Jan. 23, 1787.

1789—Lieut. George Monroe, president United States, died 1858.

1789—Mutiny has discovered by Capt. Cook; acquired the name Bounty from number of pounds sterling on its person.

1789—Owing to mutiny of his troops, Gen. Washington ordered by Ferdinand to quell the mutiny, and day of arrest to Commodore Perry, United States navy.

1865—Fire in Columbia, Wis., destroys $2,000,000.

JOTTINGS.

—The Board of Health will meet in regular session to-morrow evening.

—The members of the Crescent Leagues are arranging for a full dress ball.

—The joinery for Hand's new Amphion Hall is reported to arrive this week.

—Rinnie Granger, the celebrated actress, is to appear in "Inherited", at Music Hall, to-night.

—Monday Nights of Westfield vs. Fanwoods at the Olympic alleys in this city to-morrow evening.

—A number of persons visited the mountains this morning and returned loaded with wild flowers.

—The twentieth annual convention of the Reformed Protestant Episcopal church is in session at Bridgeton to-day.

—A directional meeting of the "Y" will be held in the rooms April 30th, at four o'clock. An important business meeting afterward.

—"Little Annie Rooney," which has been whistled or sung by every boy in the city, does not quite a run, and should now be called in.

—Mr. I. H. Boehm of 7 West Front street makes a special announcement in our advertising columns to-day. Read what he has to say.

—The City Common Council will hold its regular May meeting one week from to-night. The session will undoubtedly be an interesting one.

—The Young People's Society for Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting to-morrow evening at half-past seven o'clock.

—Invitations are out for an entertainment to be given by Unity Lodge, Knights of Pythias. The affair is to take place next Wednesday evening at Amphion Hall.

—The Crescents of this city will cross bats with the Columbia College nine of New York in a game of base ball Wednesday afternoon. The game will be called at 3:30 o'clock.

—On the New York Journal's contest for a lady which is to be voted to the most popular player "Billy" Lee of the Crescents of this city has received nearly four hundred votes.

—Twenty-two colored persons were baptized in the Park avenue Baptist church yesterday afternoon. They were converted recently at a revival held in the Mt. Olive Baptist church.

—To-morrow evening the Natatlis bowling team of Westfield will roll two games with the Crescent League team of this city. The game will be rolled on the Crescent house alleys.

—Now is the time to renovate outhouses. Disinfectants should be generously used in every nook and corner. Sheet lime is one of the best disinfectants, whether applied dry or by the whitewash.

—The wrecking crew from Elizabethport again visited this city yesterday and cleared up a large amount of debris which remained from the wreck of Friday evening. The steel rails, which were twisted, have also been straightened.

—Too much stress cannot be laid on the necessity of cleaning up the out of the way places. The cleanliness that is only in front yards and open plots, is not the kind that is essential, and most effective against the breeds of disease.

—Games of base ball are "played" on the streets of this city every night. The crank is now in his glory and at the conclusion of a game it is amusing to see several persons gather on some corner and talk the game over step by step. Sometimes they become so excited that it is necessary for the police to disperse the crowd.

—Mr. Stephen Townsend of Scotch Plains is a member of the New York Produce Exchange. Some of his friends say that after the consecration in the menagerie at Central Park, the genial "Steve" told the boys that he had seen the elephant, eat fish and ride on the brass. This is not exactly a story, but it is regarded as being pretty close to it.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

THE INCREASING REPUBLICAN MAJORITIES.

Means to Protect Home Industries and Nationalize Farm Mortgages.—Stanford a Presidential Candidate.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28th, 1890.

"The Republican party will have a majority in the next House of Representatives, of anywhere from forty to sixty", said Congressman Hansbrough, of North Dakota, this morning. "Every day the political sky seems to be clearer and brighter for the Republican party," he continued, "and the air is full of signs, and sure signs too, of continued success and prosperity. The tariff bill which has been reported by the Committee on Ways and Means, is as nearly perfect as human minds could make it. In the aggregate wisdom of the House will be brought to bear upon it and it will undoubtedly be greatly improved, so that, when it is passed, it will be a bill with which all the people of the country will be well pleased. The Republican party will also pass the Butterworth option bill, and that will protect the farmers of the great prairie States from the speculations of the rich men in cities, who sell the produce of the farmer's toil many months in advance of the delivery in the market. We will pass a very liberal pension bill, and a just one too, not a bill which will be an apparent bid for the soldier's vote at the polls next November, but an honest, fair bill such as the soldiers are entitled to expect and demand from their representatives in Congress. The House of Representatives has done its work in the matter of the admission of Wyoming and Idaho as States into the Union, and the Republican Senate may be trusted to complete that duty. The various committees in the House of Representatives are working harmoniously together and it seems to me the party never was more united than it now is."

There is no doubt that Senator Stanford, of California, intends to be a candidate for the presidency upon the Republican ticket of 1892, if he can possibly get the nomination. There are now petitions in circulation from over 100,000 people throughout the country petitioning Congress to pass the Stanford bill making farm mortgages a national currency. The bill is one of the most popular ever introduced into Congress, and the people throughout the West are anxious to see it enacted into law. Although a very wealthy man, Senator Stanford is a very unassuming man, given to charity; in fact, just such a man as the poor people of this country would delight to support for any office.

"This silver question never work now than it has ever before in the history of the bureau," said Commissioner Raum this afternoon. "The clerical force has been so organized so that it is simply one great working machine. It is the endeavor of every chief of division to have all mail answered within twenty-four hours after it is received, and in trying to systematically arranged, and the work is progressing in a very satisfactory manner."

Commissioner Raum has a right to feel proud of the record which is being made by the Bureau over which presides. It is a great machine as he says, and to see it is simply admirable. It was a job in good working order when he was appointed commissioner, for the Pension Office had been without a head for several weeks, and things had become topsy-turvy. He is a splendid organizer and a rigid disciplinarian.

Washington City has dropped out of the league base-ball association this year, but we have a club which belongs to the Atlantic Association. It is simply a nine of Jimdandies. They are things of beauty and joy forever. Their manager for this city that a league club was ever organized here. They were tailenders from the beginning. The disbandment of the league club has made our people tired of base-ball, and the little club which is now struggling for existence, is almost entirely unknown. It is a shame that Washington has not for comfort, and the dear people are catching colds by the hundred, because they have shed their flannels too soon. It is wise to stick to your flannels, until your flannel sticks to you." Ben Butler.

PERSONAL.

A party was held at the residence of Mr. Walter E. Stewart on West Seventh street Saturday evening.

Miss Emily Cole, daughter of Dr. Cole, recently presented a handsome silk flag to the Scotch Plains public school.

The funeral of the late Ira Vail took place from his late residence in Evona yesterday afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Mr. P. A. Bolmer of Rutherwood addressed the Reform Club last evening. Considering the storm there was a fair attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason W. Tyler entertained a number of their friends at their residence on West Seventh street Friday evening.

The annual convention o the Episcopal church of New Jersey will meet in Burlington, N. J., on Tuesday and Wednesday the 06th, and 7th, of May.

At a recent meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of Rutgers College, Mr. William C. Hubbard of the class of '90 was elected class deacon.

The funeral of the late David C. Smith took place from the residence of Mr. E. B. Titsworth on New street Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The Rev. C. S. Mitchell officiated.

The Rev. Charles R. Mitchell, the pastor of the M. E. Church has received 433 votes in the N. Y. Journal's contest for a preacher's chair and the Rev. J. A. Stafford of St. Mary's church is credited with 353.

The Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Maxwell Reilly gave a reception to Bishop Scarborough at their residence in Scotch Plains Saturday evening. The bishop administered the rite of confirmation in All Saints' Episcopal church yesterday.

Mr. Charles K. Howlett, died at his home on Elmwood place yesterday afternoon. Mr. Howlett was in his sixty-first year of his age at the time of his death. A large circle of his friends mourn his loss. The funeral will take places from his late home Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock.

Mrs. Mary L. Adams died at the home of her brother, Mr. C. J. Ackerman on Manning avenue, North Plainfield, yesterday, after a lingering illness with consumption. Deceased was in the 43rd year of her age at the time of her death. The funeral will take place from her late residence to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

Colonel Hugh B. Reed died at his residence near Somerville, on the morning of Friday, April 25th. He was born at Somerville, Ohio, March 19, 1818, and graduated as a M. D. at the Ohio Medical College, Cincinnati, Ohio. Not fancying the life of a physician, he abandoned that profession, and in 1843 engaged in the drug business in Cincinnati. In 1845 he removed to Fort Wayne, Indiana, where he was an active and energetic citizen up to the breaking out of the war of the rebellion. He took an active part in the support of the government from the outset, and was appointed by Morton, commandant of post with camp at Fort Wayne. He raised and organized the Twelfth, Thirteenth and Forty-fourth Regiments of Indiana Volunteers, and was commissioned colonel of the latter regiment, which gained by gallant conduct in the field the sobriquet of the "Iron Forty-fourth." He participated with his regiment in the battles of Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Corinth, Perryville, and in driving Bragg out of Kentucky. In Sunday's battle of Shiloh he lost more than half his regiment is killed and wounded. Colonel Reed on that day was struck four times by rebel bullets, and had two horses shot under him. The regiment was highly complimented by both brigade and division commanders, and Col. Reed was nominated Brigadier General by President Lincoln, but being completely broken down in health he resigned his commission and returned to his home in Fort Wayne. At the close of the war he removed to New Jersey, hoping that a change of climate would benefit him, and since then has lived near Somerville, but never recovered his health. His death was very sudden and resulted from cerebral hemorrhage, brought on by a slight cover a cold. He leaves a family of seven children, Borough Counsel Charles A. Reed of North Plainfield being the eldest son. At the time of his death he was largely interested in Fort Wayne real estate.

His Injuries Resulted Fatally.

It was reported last night that Michael Ryan, who was injured while assisting in removing the wreck in this city early Saturday morning, had died from his injuries Saturday night. Mr. Ryan was one of the bosses of the wrecking crew and was caught between two cars and was injured internally.

Mr. Bauerschuh Sworn in.

Overseer of the Poor Bauerschuh of North Plainfield took the oath of office to-day, and his bond has been accepted by the Township Committee. Mr. Bauerschuh was recently elected by the committee to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late C. C. Day.

—The class for industrious Bible study meets at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The Feast of St. Joseph was celebrated in the Catholic churches in this city yesterday.

—Policeman McCue this afternoon arrested Patrick Cahill on a charge of disorderly conduct.

—Pansies seem to be as popular as in previous seasons, and are brilliant in many door-yards.

—A social meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The annual election of officers of the Fire Department will occur one week from to-night.

—The May term of the Union County Court will open at Elizabeth one week from to-morrow.

—Indications point to the fact that the small boy has not forgotten how to mangle chewing gum or play ball.

—The testimony in the William Moore will case was resumed before Surrogate Parrot Saturday morning.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

A Rare Surgical Operation and a Monstrosity.

Dr. R. L. Tribus, M. N. Y. V. C., last week performed the Cesarean operation successfully on a cow belonging to Mr. Gilbert Crane, of Boonton, N. J. This is one of a very few successful operations ever performed in America or in Europe, there being only three authenticated operations of this kind on record successfully performed.—Bulletin.

Mrs. Winderhost, of Madison, had a hen sitting on a nest of eggs, one of which she imagined for some reason to be rotten, but on breaking the shell she found it occupied by a queer monstrosity in the way of a double chicken, which was alive, but died soon after. A gentleman who has seen it tells us there are two perfectly formed bodies and four legs, but only one head. It has been put in alcohol as a curiosity.

WOMEN MISSIONARIES.

Interesting Meeting of the East Jersey Woman's Missionary Society.

A very important all-day meeting of the East New Jersey Women's Missionary Society, held in Belleville avenue Congregational church, Newark, Saturday, was opened by Mrs. Pike, of Plainfield, with prayer. In addition to the encouraging reports submitted by the officers, and the annual election, the exercises and addresses were unusually interesting.

In Secretary Miss Morford reported thirty-three churches as belonging to the association.

Twenty-three of these churches have missionary circles, and since the last annual meeting they have contributed $2,360 to the missionary fund.

Special reports were read from all the associations, showing that deep interest existed in mission work.

At two o'clock, after recess, the opening devotional exercises were conducted by the President, and the election of officers was proceeded with, resulting as follows: President, Mrs. Pike, of Plainfield; Vice Presidents, Mrs. Earles, of Piscataway, and Mrs. John E. Rowe, of Newark; Corresponding Secretary, Miss M. Morford, of New Monmouth; Recording Secretary, Mrs. D. B. Frost, of Newark.

Mrs. A. W. Waterbury, a missionary to India, spoke at some length of the good work there.

A NATURAL MISTAKE.

Some Preternaturally Sharp School Children.

Recently a lady teacher in one of the public school rooms had to leave her duties for a few minutes to speak with Prof. Butts, instructor in vocal music. While her back was turned, the children embraced the opportunity to give vent to the exuberance of their youthful spirits in a little mild disorder. Suddenly turning upon the offenders and without remembering that both the professor and herself are single persons, remarked sternly:

"Remember, if anyone is to be engaged is no reason why you should not behave."

Then the whole class smiled audibly and suggestively.

The professor blunted like a Burlington county peach orchard, and it was fully a second before the young lady realized the construction her sharp pupils had put upon her admonition. When she did so it was with a most sincere regret that corporal punishment had ever been abolished in the public schools.—Ex.

A Prosperous Lodge.

At the next meeting of Watsumpka Lodge, Knights of Honor, twelve candidates for membership will be admitted and seventeen new names will be proposed. Through the liberality of the membership the committee who have charge of the entertainment on the second anniversary will be able to turn over to the treasurer about forty dollars. At the meeting next Thursday evening a proposition to run an excursion will be made by a committee comprising Messrs. C. J. Peytal, J. P. Barber, G. T. Beadle, E. C. Pease, F. A. Ransom, S. M. Johnson, R. A. Frey, B. Lourman, S. H. Flower, F. P. Haffner, J. C. Bovey, F. M. Slater.

—The employees of the Pond Machine and Tool Works began work at 6:30 o'clock this morning in order that they may have a half-holiday on Saturday without losing any time.

—The case of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals vs Walter Smalley which was to have come up for trial before Justice Hetfield this afternoon, has been postponed for one week.

—The meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. of Trinity Reformed church this evening will be led by the Rev. Edwin F. See, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of Brooklyn. The service begins at eight o'clock.

—The Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics in this city and other parts of the State, are invited to attend the eighteenth anniversary of Union Council, of Rahway, on Wednesday evening next.

—The Epworth League of the Methodist church contains 2,373 registered chapters. May 11th has been designated by the Executive Committee as Epworth League day, and special consecrative services is being prepared for the occasion.

—A physician, in writing about drinking water, says: "If in any house there should come a single case of typhoid fever or diphtheria, test the drinking water, or have it done at once. A few cents will buy an ounce of saturated solution of permanganate of potash at a chemist's. If when a drop of the solution is added to a tumbler of water, its color changes to brown, it is unfit to drink: if it remains clear or slightly rose colored after an hour it is, broadly speaking, safe."

The King's Daughters Entertain.

The Young Daughters of the King gave an entertainment in the Holy Cross chapel Saturday afternoon at four o'clock. The affair was well attended and was under the patronage of Mrs. C. J. Tagtart, Mrs. M. I. Cooley, Mrs. Ed. St. John, Mrs. S. St. J. McCutchen, Mrs. M. S. Taylor, Mrs. H. McGee, Mrs. J. J. Waring Mrs. R. S. Miller, Mrs. Charlie Horn, Mrs. E. A. Fisher, Mrs. Robert Cook, Mrs. H. B. Meadowcroft, Mrs. A. VanDewater, Mrs. B. J. Shreve, Mrs. J. Clapp, C. H. Meade, Mrs. D. Thompson, Mrs. H. B. Wells, Mrs. J. J. Henderson, Miss May Taylor, Miss Adelaide McGee, Mrs. A. W. Haviland.

The following programe was rendered:

PART I.

Tableaux ..... Greek Slaves in the Market Place
Soprano Solo—Marguerite ..... Mrs. M. Cooley
Tableaux ..... Somebody's Darling—Kindly Darling.
Soprano Solo ..... Slumber Song
Miss Adelaide McGee.
Tableaux ..... Fashioned Courtship
Solo with Violin ..... Fidelle and I
Mrs. Cooley and Gifford W. Cooley.
Tableaux ..... Interrupted Convers'n
Chorus ..... Cuckoo
Rippling, Purring, Little River
A few remarks by George P. Taggart.
Soprano Solo—Whence do come from baby Dear?
Miss Adelaide McGee.

PART II.

Wethuest Symphonie by F. X. Chwatel, rendered the Infanta reminiscitos.

AUCTION SALE

of walnut, oak and ash furniture, carpets, &c., on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30,

At ore o'clock at No. 66 Rockview, opposite Mercer avenue, North Plainfield. 8 W. bedsteads, wardrobes, mattresses, lounges, bureaus, washstands, 12 carpets, rugs, cabinets, chiffonier, tables, portieres, poles, china and glassware, kitchen ware, refrigerator, wire doors and window frames, two awnings, closets, hickory cord wood, and other articles. Terms Cash. T. J. GILLILD, Auctioneer.

25-2d

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Died.

BOWLETT—In this city, April 26, of heart failure, Chas. K. Howlett, in his 61st year. Funeral services from his late residence, No. 6 Elmwood place, Wednesday, April 30th, at 2 p. m. 28 2t*

ADAMS—In North Plainfield, April 26, of consumption, Mrs. Maria L. Adams, in her 43d year.

Funeral services from the residence of her brother, C. J. Ackerman, Manning avenue, Tuesday, April 29th, at 2:30 p. m. 8

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A 50-INCH spalding bicycle for sale. Price $30. Enquire 19 Crescent avenue.

BOY wanted. Smart and intelligent, and not afraid of work. F. W. Miles, Somerset street, near Johnston drive. 18-3

BOARDERS wanted at 104 West Front Street. 26-3

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

$50 REWARD for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who on Wednesday, 23d inst. poisoned two dogs belonging to Mr. Chas. Neal, of Somerville. Tarbell, 67 East Fifth street. 26-3

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply with reference to 143 Grove street. 25-3*

FOR SALE—Excellent set Marvat's novels, also, "Boy Broker," "Tour of the World" and "Under Fire." New. Address "Raymond," care of Evening News.

FOR SALE—Five carriages and five sets of harness. Can be seen at Wyoming, Clinton street and Central avenue, from 7:30 until 8:30 a. m. and from 5 until 6:30 p. m. Geo. A. Chapman.

FOR SALE—Canada cedar posts, suitable for fencing for lawns. Enquire 7 Richard, No. 1 West Front street. 26-3

FRUIT, shade and evergreen trees. Greenhouse plants, etc., at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 26-3

FOR SALE—Small house and barn on Front street near Grant avenue. J. T. Vail, agent, 49 North avenue. 25-6*

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage, in sums to suit purchasers. Also to loan on plenty of stocks and large stable. For sale on easy terms. Enquire J. F. MacDonald. 4-28tf

ONE store to let. Also six room flat. Chas. Hand, 5 West Second street. M&W

YOUNG girl wishes situation as child's nurse. References furnished. Apply 17 Linden avenue North Plainfield. 26-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Family of three. Call at 79 Washington avenue. 26-3

WANTED—Situation as nurse by an American Protestant, young lady. Experienced in the care of children. Capable of caring for infant from birth. Or would nurse growing children. Best references. Address P. O. Box 19, Rotherwood.

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $125, to locally represent a reliable N. Y. Company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to consumers at cost. Capital stock of each section $50,000, members $50,000 now enrolled, $100,000 paid in. References exchanged. Empire Co-operative Association (credit will rate). Lock box 619, N. Y. 4 m ly

100 ROLLS of Manning at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 5 First place. 4-28 tf

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have gone all through the stock, bought at Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have marked them all down something like this: We have few Ladies' Shoes left in E. C. Burt's and McCumber's sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, $6 and $7 to $1.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$1.50, former price	$2 00.
" "	2.00, "	2.50.
" "	2.00, "	2.50.
GENT'S SHOES	.50, "	1.50.
"	2.00, "	2.50.
"	2.00, "	2.50.
"	2.50, "	3.00.

We have the above Shoes in all sizes with the exception of McCumber's and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargain Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Slippers and Ties for ladies; also our $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes made especially for Spring. The Sale will commence WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23d, and continue until MAY 3d. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them almost as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a mistaken idea they look bothy and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put in the finest leather that can be Bought, and have the work done by one of the best Shoemakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Popular Store of Plainfield

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 36c corset at 29c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 50c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, fancy jackets and capes, from $4.75 up ward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Special Notices.

AT THE MEETING OF WETUMPKA Lodge, K. of H., to be held May 1st, a proposition to give an excursion to be made. A circular issued by a committee of twelve members on the order has been sent to every member of the Lodge. 4-28

H. N. SPENCER.

Grocer and gentleman. 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden, and flower seeds. Don't forget garden bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc. 4-28

VOCAL INSTRUCTION — A SUMMER class will be formed for ladies in singing part music under the direction of David C. Taylor, Mus. Bac. Oxford. The length of term and price apply at room 29, Music Hall on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 25-8

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern, I will sell on May 26, 1890, the following articles: Three French clocks and one regulator, to pay for the repairing done on them, unless the owners pay for said repairs before May 26, 1890, the said goods having been repaired for or claimed for two years. R. MORALLEE,
4 Second street.

Plainfield, April 25, 1890.

CLAIRVOYANT

Mrs. Dr. Edwards arrived in Plainfield April 23, and will remain (one week only) until April 30. Call at once at the City Hotel and be convinced who Prof. Dr. Edwards is the greatest Clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and Double Sight. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 25-1w

DANCING AND ELOCUTION.

Prof. Beadle's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. New term commences Wednesday afternoon, 2 p. m. For afternoon schoolers. New beginners' Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 33 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 9-1m*

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday, April 28,

Engagement of

Maude Granger,

Supported by Her Own Company, including Mr. Harry Plankinton and Mr. Richard Davey and Mrs. Lucy Hooper's Powerful Emotional play

"INHERITED,"

As originally produced at the theatre de L'Application, Paris, and the Madison Square Theatre, N. Y. A play weirdly powerful and dramatic like a story by Edgar Allan Poe and with a death scene worthy of Sarah Bernhardt or Rose Eytinge. Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Thursday.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, May 1st.

MR. ROLAND REED

IN

D. D. LLOYD'S ECCENTRIC COMEDY

Woman Hater,

AS PLAYED 100 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.

Read as the Signalist,

Read as the Trigonist.

The Greatest Comedy Success in Years, introducing Sydney Rosenfeld's Great Topical Parody "It Was a Dream." And Other New Musical Numbers.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on Sale Tuesday.

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH.

NO FANCY PRICES ASKED;

BUT FANCY GOODS SOLD

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

20 W. FRONT STREET.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE,

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 25c. for a good one.

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's wearing apparel and Gents' Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

12 WEST FRONT ST.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langborne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Patent Patent Glass Mounts" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langborne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-25-tf

BEFORE ARE THE BEST TO HAVE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS. PARK AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS. THE BOYS' PHARMACY CORNER. "Drink Moyt's Soda. None better."

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S,

Hatter and Furnisher, 13 Park Avenue.

BRAINY BOSTON WOMEN.

BRIGHT WRITERS WHO HELP TO MAKE THE HUB FAMOUS.

An Bield Vigorous Pens in Various Fields of Literature, and Are Steadily Climbing Up Fame's Steep Hill—Typical Boston Portraits.

[Copyright, 1890.]

LOUISE IMOGEN GUINEY.

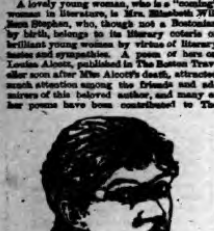
A brilliant young Boston woman is Louise Imogen Guiney, the only child of Gen. Guiney, who died soon after the war from wounds received in his heroic service. This "sunny young Greek," as she has been well named, was born in Roxbury in 1861 and educated at the Convent of the Sacred Heart, in Providence, R. I. While still in school she began contributing verses to The Pilot, over the signature of "P. O. L." and was for a long time taken for some prankish college boy rather than a young girl. She was hardly 20 when she published her first volume of poems, "Songs at the Start," which was soon followed by "The White Sail and Other Poems," "Goosequill Papers," a volume of prose and a little collection of stories called "Brownies and Bogles."

A great honor was conferred upon the young girl in 1885, when, at the memorial meeting for Gen. Grant, held in Tremont Temple, on Oct. 23, she was invited to write the "ode" for this impressive occasion. The

ELIZABETH W. SCHERER.

oration was given by Henry Ward Beecher Her poetic gift is in the heroic vein. She is an excellent Latin scholar, and has as much of the classic spirit that she has suggested the subject of the "sunny young Greek." Miss Guiney is now in London engaged in literary work. She is of medium height, slender and supple as a reed, with flowing hair, dark gray eyes and pale, clear complexion—a face full of laughing animation and seldom caught in repose. She is a famous pedestrian, making nothing of a ten mile walk, and has an irreverent grace that is distinctly captivating.

A lovely young woman, who is a "coming" woman in literature, is Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson Stephens, who, though not a Bostonian by birth, belongs in the literary coterie of brilliant young women by virtue of literary taste and sympathies. A poem or here on Louisa Alcott, published in The Boston Traveller soon after Miss Alcott's death, attracted much attention among the friends and admirers of this beloved author, and many of her poems have been contributed to The



ANNIE PAGE.

Traveller since that date, each as moved and thrilled the hearts of those who held Miss Alcott near and dear. Mrs. Stephen is the wife of a Presbyterian clergyman, and they reside in Glendale, Cal., not far from L. Mrs. Stephen is of medium height, slender and fair, with a wealth of beautiful dark hair and expressive eyes. Shade hardly more than 30, and one of the most responsive and lovely characters imaginable.

A very clever young Boston woman is Miss Annie Page, a girl star from the gifted home in Miss Grace Hiney Channing, a daughter of Dr. W. F. Channing and a grandniece of the great divine, William Ellery Channing. The Channings live at Pasadena, Cal., where they removed from Boston several years ago. Miss Channing's ancestry is in the direct line of intellectual splendor, in The New England Magazine, Katie Field's Washington, The Boston Traveller and others. Miss Channing, still in her early twenties, is very fair, with a ready hair of blonde tendrils and beautiful blue gray eyes. She is a rather marvelous compound of delicacy and strength, with the genius of musical imagination, the art of home-craft and wonderful economy of purpose.

Closely associated with her in literary work is Charlotte Porter, a granddaughter of Dr. Lyman Beecher, and the wife of a gifted young scribe, Charles Walter Stetson. It is an amusing account of heredity that the descendants of William Ellery Channing and Dr. Lyman Beecher should be since friends and collaborators. The Channings and Stetsons live in a kind of evolution fashion on a beautiful estate in the San Gabriel valley.

A very pretty and brilliant young woman of Boston is Miss Annie Page, a leading member of the Ladies' Saturday Morning club, and a woman whose literary ability has found expression in some very able short stories. Miss Page is called a classic beauty. Her portrait, painted by Mr. Frank Duveneck, was one of the features of the Art gallery in a few years ago, in a collection by American artists. It has also been hung at the St. Botolph Club gallery, in Boston. She is "a daughter of the gods, divinely tall," and graceful. In the Great play of "Anti-gone," recently produced by the Saturday Morning club, Miss Page acted the Queen Eurydice, and made an exquisite picture in her classic white robes.

The sculptor St. Gaudens requested permission to model her beautiful arm, and, with the single exception of Maud Howe Elliott, no Boston maiden of late years has been so much painted and modeled by artists as has Miss Page. She is a young lady of cosmopolitan culture, and is almost as familiar in London life as in her native city.

A talented writer among the younger women is Miss Eliza Buckminster Scudder, who passed last summer in Boston, but whose time when in America is spent principally in Washington. Miss Scudder is the only lady journalist at the national capital as a press correspondent of very exceptional power to portray passing events. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat, The San Francisco Call and various other daily newspapers have made a leading attraction of her work, and she is a contributor to St. Nicholas, Harper's Bazar and Harper's Weekly, and is the author of a book on Alaska, which is the accepted standard of works of travel in that region. Miss Scudder has the genius for travel, and she was one of the first to visit Alaska; she has been much in Europe, to Japan and China, and knows all the Pacific as well as she does Lafayette square in Washington or Fifth avenue in New York. She is a slender, stylish

ELIZA BUCHANAN SCUDDER.

woman, with dark hair and blue gray eyes, and is a good conversationalist as she is captivating a writer.

Miss Vida Scudder, whose home is at Newbury street, Boston, is one of the gifted young Bostonians who was liberally educated at Vassar college and a contributor to The Andover Review and other magazines. A paper in dialogue form entitled "Influence and Independence," contributed by Miss Scudder to The Andover Review for February last, has attracted much attention. She is a niece of Mrs. Horace Scudder, of Cambridge, whose literary work in The Atlantic Magazine and elsewhere is well known. Miss Scudder has a frank, pleasant countenance, an engaging manner and a very attractive smile. She is also a prominent member of the Saturday Morning club, and not infrequently lectures before the gathering. Miss

KATE GANNETT SCUDDER.

Scudder is also a charming spirit in that unique and beautiful philanthropy, the "Chilrenity Settlement," at No. 95 Bowdoin street, New York city, where seven college girls have set up a home that they may be neighbors and friends to the friendless and the ignorant.

A brilliant young woman, who is almost as much at home in Boston as in her own residence in Gardiner, Me., is Miss Elizabeth, poet and litterateur. Miss Vennah graduated from St. Joseph's academy near Montgomery, Md., in 1884, taking the first prize in music and English composition. She is a favorite contributor to New York and Boston journals, does much musical criticism, is a prolific writer of verse, and has of late won honors as a musical composer.

Her waltz called "By the Sea" has gone through four editions, and two songs from the words and music by Miss Vennah, one called "When Love Is Told" and "Parting," are exceedingly popular. Miss Vennah has the great advantage of an attractive appearance with the very rarest de la cream of musical talent of New York city, and her "Parting" is dedicated to Aneta Lisle Young. Miss Vennah is related by wife to Miss Carey-Raymond in New York last winter.

KATHERINE G. MAIR.

A volume of Miss Vennah's poems was published by the Lippincott houses in 1888, and another is now in press.

Mrs. Katherine C. Blair is a writer of rare refreshing short stories. Her home is near Boston, and her work appears in the choice of the leading papers.

HELEN WHITMAN

A DAY FOR CHILDREN.

THE ANNUAL SABBATH EXERCISES FOR THE BOYS AND GIRLS.

Floral Sunday and the Manner in Which Its Observances Are Made Charming with Music, Flowers and Recitations—Church Decorations.

[Copyright, 1890.]

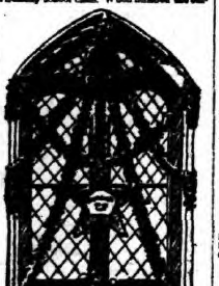
Touch ago the church was a place of terror to lively children. The little ones were taken to Sunday school, where their feet touched the floor or not, and whether they could understand the sermon, with its numerous heads, or had to go napping from the effects of it. If they dared say a word or rearrange the stiffness and decorum which was thought necessary for churchgoers, old and young, it went hard with them, for there was

A FLORAL LUNCHEON.

the stately tithing man, whose duty it was to remind any youngster of his churchly duties if he failed to observe them. And in whom the office of this functionary was abolished, but as churches were still far from comfortable, unwarmed and furnished with high, straight backed pews, it might be alarming that looking up was apt to make young necks ache and young eyes grow heavy, children were not much better off.

Today churches are well heated, lighted and furnished, seats are easier, there is music to charm childish as well as grown up ears, and many pastors speak especially to children for a few minutes before each morning sermon. But this is not the best. A whole Sunday in the year is given up entirely to children. No one knows where the plan originated, nor whose happy thought it was to have one day a Sunday in early summer, when inviting children with flowers. Some churches call it Juno Sunday, some Floral Sunday, but whatever the name it is always wholly the Children's day.

There are two things inseparably connected with the celebration of this day—flowers and musical exercises. The floral decorations in city churches are often lavish and exquisite. Sometimes the pulpit platform is enlarged, so that the infant class can sit upon it, each row higher than the one in front, the children, in their pale colored and white costumes, looking not unlike terraces of flowers. Elaborate exercises sometimes include the construction of a large floral piece, each pew being brought by the pupil and fixed in its place. It may be a cross, a lighthouse, an immense Bible or perhaps a crown. In many cases the pieces which form the whole are the gifts of different pews, though sometimes the expense is borne by the church. Several years ago the pastor of a prominent Methodist church in this city preached on the morning of Children's day a sermon on "Paradise Lost, Paradise Found and Lenten," the text being "Consider the lilies." The afternoon was devoted to the exercises of the Sunday school, and in the evening, general exercises of song and Scripture reading, recitations and addresses took place, the chief feature of which was the display of a miniature floral church on the platform. Each piece was contributed by a Sunday school class. When finished the edi-



A DECORATED WINDOW.

fice was a pretty sight, being furnished with an organ, stained glass windows, lamps and a spire twelve feet high, with a bell. When the process of building was under a pupil recited a verse, beginning "I Would Build a Church," and, as she proceeded, the lights of the lamps and bell were lowered, those in the windows one were lighted, the bell began to sound and the spire to glow with light, and she ended the song softly, "I Love Thy Church, O God."

As a rule the majority of flowers and floral pieces are gathered around the pulpit, but one minister at least has adopted a plan by which the decoration, the expense and the work are distributed. The large church contributes the design, a dozen flowers, and to each of the several classes is assigned the task of decorating one window as the members see fit. If they choose they can gather enough flowers to make one window full of a thing of beauty. Daisies form a good background for a word in green letters made of leaves. If preferred, the green may form the background and daisies the lettering. Perhaps one class will arrange a window where dandelion gilt is heated in this way, the word "Resurrection" standing out in golden letters of green and dropped above, and in the centre a cross of flowers. Another window will be adorned with daisy chains and have several lengths of them hung over the mosaic of vines, edged with cedar, which form a covering for the sill. Of course such a plan involves the sacrifice of Saturday afternoon by many a boy and girl, but the burden of work thus falls more evenly, and children are doubly interested in what they have had a share in doing.

Another feature of Children's day—I do not know whether it should be spoken of under the head of "decoration" or "music," perhaps both—is the presence of a number of birds whose songs are long from the ceiling in their cages. The sound of organ and singing seems to inspire canaries, and they pour out their sweetest songs on Children's day, and contribute no small share to its pleasures.

Decorations need not all be so elaborate as those described above. The humblest congregation and Sunday school can ornament the house of the building if its occupies—perhaps only a school house—if the boys and girls are enlisted to help in the work. Anyone can afford a few flowers, and there is nothing they will not do. Set them to gathering flowers, no matter how common, provided they are pretty. The spirit of the day is the same, whether the decoration come from field or darket. The boys and girls make the framework of the floral piece intended for them exercises. This can be covered with green and made to stand upright in a shallow box which forms its base, and may be filled with flowers. Let a number of members of the school come up with a blossom or a handful of them, and repeat something about flowers. When the task is completed the word Jesus or Saviour may be spelled in flowers on the transverse beam of the cross. If possible, let the wall behind the choir or pulpit bear the inscription: "In the cross of Christ I glory," made of flowers, or evergreens, or gilt paper. Flowers for this purpose can be made of tissue paper, if one has not gently, though natural ones are, or course, the best. As for the seats, new annuals are provided for this day each year by leading music publishers. The following selection may be of use in the exercises with the cross. As each pupil lays his handful of flowers at the base, he or she can give one of the quotations, adapting it as nearly as possible to the kind of flowers brought. Children taking part in spelling out the name on the cross may repeat verses of Scripture as they put their flowers in place:

I.

Your voiceless lips, O flowers, are living preachers,
Each cup a pulpit, every leaf a book,
Supplying to the fickle sons of teachers
From loneliness nook.

"Each sistered tongue each floral bell that rings
Forgets
And lifts the perfume on the passing air
Makes Sabbath in the fields, and ever ringeth
A call to prayer.
—English Poet.

II.

The infinite bliss of nature
I feel in every vein;
The light and life of summer
Blossom in heart and brain.
—Bayard Taylor.

III.

Suppose alone the fairest flowers;
The meanest grass
Along the roadside where we pass,
Raises pure stems, and scarcely weed
Of all the ground we tread the dew,
The rain and sunshine, too,
To nourish one small seed.
—O. Bonnet.

IV.

In all places, then, and in all seasons
Flowers expand their light and soothing wings,
Thereby to, by most permissive reasons,
Bless with their presence human things.

And with childlike, credulous affection
We behold their tender buds expand:

FLORAL CROSS.

Emblems of our own great resurrection,
Emblems of the bright and beauty land.

V.

And all the world with genius that shines,
And breaking buds and wings that fly,
Gives one expressive divine
Of something God has prepared it.
—Edgar Fawcett.

VI.

"The heaven above thee is given away;
The only God may be had for the asking;
No price is set on the lavish summer;
June may be had by the poorest wight.
—Lowell.

VII.

Flowers are the grandest thing that God ever made without putting an immortal soul into them.
—Beecher.

VIII.

"In summer, glorious summer!
Look to the plains and earth,
How from her grateful bosom
The bare all flower spring forth;
These are her holy thanksgivings,
Their incense floats above,
Father, what may we offer?
They chosen flowers is love.

IX.

Each day is a branch of the Tree of Life, laden heavily with fruit. If we lie down lazily beneath it, we may starve; but if we shake its branches some of the fruit will fall for us.—Longfellow.

X.

Our Saviour wore a crown of thorns,
While hot one rose embraced;
And more did this and crown adorn
Than that he left behind;

And gladly did he press it there,
Upon his godlike brow,
Knowing that in our path more fair
Would bloom the roses now.

O, when we gather the fragrant flowers
That throw such beauty round,
And murmur midst our blushing bowers,

MINIATURE FLORAL CHURCH.

That still a thorn is found;
Let us think of him who wore
The thorny wreath for ours,
And bear, as patiently he bore,
Our lesser, lighter woes.
—Selected.

ANNIE ISABEL WILLIS.

EDSALL'S Great SPECIAL SALE

OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW FURNISHINGS!

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890,

AND CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS.

Affording the citizens of Plainfield the Greatest Opportunity ever offered here to buy these goods at figures much below the usual prices. For full particulars see Circulars.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

SPRING SHOES HAVE ARRIVED IN GREAT SHAPE, HENCE WE ARE ABLE TO SHOW THE PEOPLE A GREATER VARIETY THAN EVER BEFORE. WHEN YOU GET READY TO PURCHASE, COME AND SEE US, AND IMAGAGE YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST SHOE STORES IN NEW YORK. THE CHANCES ARE YOU WILL FIND JUST WHAT YOU WANT, AND WILL GO AWAY PERFECTLY SATISFIED, AND WILL FIND YOUR WAY BACK IN THE FUTURE FOR MORE SHOES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 22 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

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SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

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No. 17 East Front Street

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THIS FENCING, 40 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

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NO. 49 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

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23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

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STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

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CLOTHING HOUSE,

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Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

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28 WEST FRONT STREET,

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FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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All Styles,

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CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA, and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

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CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 75B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Bottom Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge

MUSIC HALL

1890.

FURNITURE STORE

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34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods that are offered here, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods to wear. We deal only in first class goods, warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, by adding a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are filled with the very best makes of Gossard Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces,

Stoves and Ranges,

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Parlors arranged for Ladies, 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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FOR PARLOR and BRICK GRATE FURNACES, ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

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PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. & A. CO.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

This Date in History—April 27.

—Death of Philip the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, aged 56.

—Death of Cervantes, aged 68, author of "Don Quixote."

—Death of Blessed Gideon, historian; died 1704.

—Hostilities attempted by Admiral Vernon.

—Sir Ambrose Wonder Cook, Arnold and Sir Isaac, defeated by the British at Ridgefield, Conn.

—Death of James Bruce, African traveler; born 1730.

—Death of Sir William Jones, scholar; born 1746.

—Lieutenant-governor Lewis Wagner Cass, born in Exeter, N. H., died in Detroit, Mich., 1866.

—Edson Upson Gould born at Point Pleasant, Cattaraugus county, O.; died 1888.

—Death of Joseph Jaccard and a dealer in coffee. He was the oldest of six children. Samuel Wood, born at the age of 17, under the name of Upson S. Gould, the youngest son who proceed his appointment giving his age as 18 years, by mistake, by reason of losing the sudden news of his mother. Buried with great ceremony in New York.

—Battle of Lexington; battle of Fort Brooke; 200 killed.

—Arrival of Sirius and Great Western, first steamers ever seen in the harbor of New York.

—Abolition of slavery in the French dominions.

—Revolution in Florence, Italy; flight of the grand duke.

—Battle between Austria and Italy begun.

—Wright's expedition from Tuscumbia, Ala., to Boise, Ida., terminating May 9 in capture by U. S. Marshal Hoyt. Loss, 1 killed, 1 wounded and prisoners.

—Confederate raid through Virginia; concluded May 6.

—Successful revolution in Venezuela; Gen. Rosario made president.

—Death of Commodore J. E. Aulick, United States navy.

This Date in History—April 28.

—Henry VIII begins reign; died Jan. 28, 1547.

—Death of Samuel Hieron, president United States; died 1804.

—Sidney Bay discovered by Capt. Cook; anchored in from great number of planet grazing on its shores.

—Owing to mutiny among his troops, Gen. Arnold retreated from Canada; arrived at St. Philip, next day of troops to Commodore Porter, tendering his surrender.

—Fire in Oshkosh, Wis., destroys $2,000,000.

JOTTINGS.

—The Board of Health will meet in regular session to-morrow evening.

—The members of the Crescent Leagues are arranging for a full dress ball.

—The masonry for Hand's new Amphion Hall is expected to arrive this week.

—Maude Granger, the celebrated actress, is to appear in "Inherited", at Music Hall, to-night.

—Monday Nights of Westfield vs. Plainfields on the Olympic alleys in this city to-morrow evening.

—A number of persons visited the mountains this morning and returned loaded with wild flowers.

—The twentieth annual convention of the Methodist Protestant Episcopal church is in session at Bridgeton to-day.

—A devotional meeting of the "Y" will be held in the rooms April 29th, at four o'clock. An important business meeting to follow afterward.

—"Jim, Annie Shoonay," which has been whistled or sung by every boy in the city, has had quite a run, and should now be called in.

—Mr. I. H. Boehm of 7 West Front street makes a special announcement in our advertising columns to-day. Read what he has to say.

—The City Common Council will hold its regular May meeting one week from to-night. The session will undoubtedly be an interesting one.

—The Young People's Society for Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting to-morrow evening at half-past seven o'clock.

—Invitations are out for an entertainment to be given by Unity Lodge, Knights of Honor. The affair is to take place next Wednesday evening at Amphion Hall.

—The Crescents of this city will cross bats with the Columbia College nine of New York in a game of base ball Wednesday afternoon. The game will be called at 2:30 o'clock.

—In the New York Journal's contest for a quilt which to be voted to the most popular ball player "Billy" Lee of the Crescents of this city has received nearly four hundred votes.

—Twenty-two colored persons were baptized in the Park avenue Baptist church yesterday afternoon. They were converted recently at the revivals held in the Mt. Olive Baptist church.

—To-morrow evening the Nameless bowling team of Westfield will roll two games with the Crescent League team of this city. The games will be rolled on the Crescent League alleys.

—Now is the time to renovate ones premises. Disinfectants should be generously used in every nook and corner. Lime is cheap and is one of the best purifiers, whether applied dry for by the bush.

—The wrecking crew from Elizabethport again visited this city yesterday and cleared up a large amount of debris which remained after the wreck of Friday evening. The steel rails, which were twisted, have also been straightened.

—Too much stress cannot be laid on the necessity of cleaning up the out of the way places. The cleanliness that is only in front yards and open plots, is not the kind that is most essential, and most effective against the inroads of disease.

—Some of base ball are "played" on the streets of this city every night. The crank is now in his glory and at the conclusion of a game it is amusing to see several persons gather on some corner and talk the game over from top to bottom. Sometimes they become so excited that it is necessary for the police to disperse the crowd.

—Mr. Stephen Townsend of Scotch Plains is a member of the New York Produce Exchange. Some of his friends say that after a visit occasion to the mezzanine at Coenties Slip, the genial "there" told the boys Stephen loves the alcohol not the cup, the spit and the bones. This is not exactly a subject, but it is regarded as being pretty close to it.

DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

THE INCREASING REPUBLICAN MAJORITIES.

Means to Protect Home Industries and Nationalize Farm Mortgages.—Stanford a Presidential Candidate.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28th, 1890.

"The Republican party will have a majority in the next House of Representatives, of anywhere from forty to sixty", said Congressman Hansbrough, of North Dakota, this morning. "Every day the political sky seems to be clearer and brighter for the Republican party," he continued, "and the air is full of signs, and sure signs too, of continued success and prosperity. The tariff bill which has been reported by the Committee on Ways and Means, is as nearly perfect as human minds could make it. The aggregate wisdom of the House will be brought to bear upon it and it will undoubtedly be greatly improved, so that, when it is passed, it will be a bill with which all the people of the country will be very well pleased. The Republican party will also pass the Butterworth option bill, and that will protect the farmers of the great prairie States from the speculations of the rich men in cities, who sell the produce of the farmer's toil many months in advance of the delivery in the staples. We will pass a very liberal pension bill, and a just one too, not a bill which will be an apparent bid for the soldier's vote at the polls next November, but an honest, fair bill such as the soldiers are entitled to expect and demand from their representatives in Congress. The House of Representatives has done its work in the matter of the admission of Wyoming and Idaho as States into the Union, and the Republican Senate may be trusted to complete that duty. The various committees in the House of Representatives are working harmoniously and it seems to me the party never was more united than it now is."

There is no doubt that Senator Stanford, of California, intends to be a candidate for the presidency upon the Republican ticket of 1892, if he can possibly get the nomination. There are petitions now in circulation from over 100,000 people throughout the country petitioning Congress to pass the Stanford bill making farm mortgages a national currency. The bill is one of the most popular ever introduced into Congress, and the people everywhere are talking about it. Stanford is a first class it. Although a very wealthy man, Senator Stanford is a very unassuming man, given to charity; in fact, just such a man as the poor people of this country would delight to support for any office.

"The office is doing more work now than it has ever before in the history of the bureau," said Commissioner Raum this afternoon. "The clerical force has been so organized so that it is simply one great working machine. It is the endeavor of every chief of division to have all mail answered within twenty-four hours after it is received. Everything is systematically arranged, and the work is progressing in a very satisfactory manner."

Commissioner Raum has a right to feel proud of the record which is being made by the Bureau over which presides. It is a great machine he says, and its work is simply admirable. It was not in good working order when he was appointed commissioner, for the Pension Office had been without a head for several weeks, and things had become topsy-turvy. He is a splendid organizer and a rapid disposer of business.

Washington City has dropped out of the league base-ball association this year, but we have a club which belongs to the Atlantic Association. *It is simply a nine of Jimdandies.* They are things of beauty and joy forever. It was understood that the place in the league club was ever organized here. They were tailenders from the beginning. The disbandment of the league club has made our people tired of base-ball, and the little club which is now struggling for existence, is almost without patronage. The whole city seems to be getting too hot for comfort, and the dear *people are outdoing colds by the hundred*, because they have shed their flannels too soon. It is wise to "stick to your flannels, until your flannel sticks to you." Ben: Burham.

Rabid Dogs Running at Large.

From various sections of the State come reports of the large number of rabid dogs running at large, and the people who have been bitten are flocking to the Pasteurian cure in New York. In a number of places the authorities have posted notices authorizing the destruction of all dogs running at large without muzzles. Plainfield is overrun with worthless curs are starting the streets in packs of a dozen or more and are biting everything with their barking and yelping. Let something be done to lessen the danger to human life by these curs.

Black Bass.

Only a short time to black bass fishing season, and all bass anglers are impatiently waiting for the first of May. Meanwhile the bass are spawning, and when the season opens most of them will be still at it. Many will be ruthlessly snatched away from their broods by the early fly-fisherman who stirs along the shores and drop their bait into the water. It is not the fish that he wants, because they are hungry, but because they are particular about their nests and resent intrusion of any foreign substance.—Call.

Memorial Retrospect.

There's many a thing in life's long run,
Better unsaid or better undone;
There's many a word by carelessness wrought,
And many a pleasure dearly bought,
And many a thing by experience known,
That in no other way could have been shown;
There's many a heart that blackening stain
Through life often proves the bitterest bane;
There's many an hour of sorrow and pain,
And many a line of toil and care,
That a little thinking, pleading grief,
To which death alone can bring relief,
There's many a wolf for the poor dog, so,
There's many a lesson in this world below;
There's many a long, long hour of bliss,
There's many a heart that we richly kiss,
There's many a word of comfort said,
There's many a heart that's comforted,
But there's many a joy with sorrow laden,
Before we reach the long looked-for heaven.

E. M.

PERSONAL.

A party was held at the residence of Mr. Walter E. Stewart on West Seventh street Saturday evening.

Miss Emily Cole, daughter of Dr. Cole, recently presented a handsome silk flag to the Scotch Plains public school.

The funeral of the late Ira Vail took place from his late residence in Evens yesterday afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Mr. F. A. Haines of Netherwood addressed the Reform Club last evening. Considering the storm there was a fair attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason W. Tyler entertained a number of their friends at their residence on West Seventh street Friday evening.

The annual convention of the Episcopal church of New Jersey will meet in Burlington, N. J., on Tuesday and Wednesday the 6th, and 7th, of May.

At a recent meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of Rutgers College, Mr. William C. Hubbard of the class of '90 was elected class deacon.

The funeral of the late David C. Smith took place from the residence of Mr. E. B. Titsworth on New street Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The Rev. C. B. Mitchell officiated.

The Rev. Charles R. Mitchell, the pastor of the M. E. Church has received 433 votes in the N. Y. Journal's contest for a preacher's chair and the Rev. J. A. Stafford of St. Mary's church is credited with 353.

The Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Maxwell Reilly gave a reception to Bishop Scarborough at their residence in Bound Brook Saturday evening. The bishop administered the rite of confirmation in All Saints' Episcopal church yesterday.

Mr. Charles K. Howlett, died at his home on Elmwood place yesterday afternoon. Mr. Howlett was in his sixty-first year of his age at the time of his death. A large circle of his friends mourn his loss. The funeral will take place from his late home Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock.

Mrs. Mary L. Adams died at the home of her brother, Mr. C. J. Ackerman on Manning avenue, North Plainfield, yesterday, after a lingering illness with consumption. Deceased was in her fifty second year of her age at the time of her death. The funeral will take place from her late residence to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Colonel Hugh B. Reed died at his residence near Somerville, on the morning of Friday, April 25th. He was born at Zanesville, Ohio, on the 4th of March, 1818, and graduated at the Ohio Medical College, Cincinnati, Ohio. Not fancying the life of a physician, he abandoned that profession, and in 1843 engaged in the drug business in Cincinnati. In 1845 he removed to Fort Wayne, Indiana, where he was an active and energetic merchant up to the breaking out of the war of the rebellion. He took an active part in the support of the *government from the outset*, and was appointed by Morton, commandant of post with camp at Fort Wayne. He raised and organized the Twenty, Thirteenth and Forty-fourth Regiments of Indiana Volunteers, and was commissioned colonel of the latter regiment, which gained by gallant conduct in the field the sobriquet of the "Iron Forty-fourth." He participated with his regiment in the battles of Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Corinth, Perryville, and in driving Bragg out of Kentucky. In Sunday's battle of Shiloh he lost more than half his regiment is killed and wounded. Colonel Reed on that day was struck four times by rebel bullets, and had two horses shot under him. The regiment was particularly complimented by both brigade and division commanders, and Col. Reed was nominated Brigadier General by President Lincoln, but being completely *broken down in health he resigned his commission* and returned to his home in Fort Wayne. At the close of the war he removed to New Jersey, hoping that a change of climate would benefit him, and since then has lived near Somerville, but never recovered his health. His death was very sudden and resulted from cerebral hemorrhage, brought on by a slight cover on Friday. He leaves a widow and seven children, Borough Counsel *Charles A. Reed of North Plainfield being* the eldest son. At the time of his death he was largely interested in Fort Wayne real estate.

His Injuries Resulted Fatally.

It was reported last night that Michael Ryan, who was injured while assisting in removing the wreck in this city early Saturday morning, had died from his injuries Saturday night. Mr. Ryan was one of the bosses of the wrecking crew and was caught between two cars and was injured internally.

Mr. Bauernschs Sworn in.

Overseer of the Poor Bauernschs of North Plainfield took the oath of office to-day, and his bond has been accepted by the Township Committee. Mr. Bauernschs was recently *elected by the committee to fill the vacancy* caused by the death of the late C. C. Day.

—The class for indoctrine Bible study meets at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The Feast of St. Joseph was celebrated in the Catholic churches in this city yesterday.

—Policeman McCue this afternoon arrested Patrick Cahill on a charge of disorderly conduct.

—Passes seem to be as popular as in previous seasons, and are brilliant in many directions.

—A social meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The annual election of officers of the Fire Department will occur one week from to-night.

—The May term of the Union County Court will open at Elizabeth one week from to-morrow.

—Indications point to the fact that the small boy has not forgotten how to mangle chewing gum or play ball.

—The testimony in the William Moore will case was resumed before Surrogate Parrot Saturday morning.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

A Rare Surgical Operation and a Monstrosity.

Dr. R. L. Tritton, M. N. Y. V. C., last week performed the Cæsarean operation successfully on a cow belonging to Mr. Gilbert Crane, of Bounton, N. J. This is one of a very few successful operations ever performed in America or in Europe, there being only three authenticated operations of this kind on record successfully performed.—Bulletin.

Mrs. Winderhoof, of Madison, had a hen sitting on a nest of eggs, one of which she imagined for some reason to be rotten, but on *breaking the shell she found it occupied by a* queer monstrosity in the way of a double chicken, which was alive, but died soon after. A gentleman who has seen it tells us there are two perfectly formed bodies and four legs, but only one head. It has been put in alcohol as a curiosity.

WOMEN MISSIONARIES.

Interesting Meeting of the East Jersey Woman's Missionary Society.

A very important all-day meeting of the East New Jersey Women's Missionary Society, held in Rahwills avenue Congregational church, Newark, Saturday was opened by Mrs. Pike, of Plainfield, with prayer. In addition to the encouraging reports submitted by the officers, and the annual election, the exercises and addresses were unusually interesting.

As Secretary Miss Morford reported thirty-three churches as belonging to the association.

Twenty-three of these churches have missionary circles, and since the last annual meeting they have contributed $2,300 to the missionary fund.

Special reports were read from all the associations, showing that deep interest existed in mission work.

At two o'clock, after recess, the opening devotional exercises were conducted by the President, and the election of officers was proceeded with, resulting as follows: President, Mrs. Pike, of Plainfield; Vice Presidents, Mrs. Sarles, of Piscataway, and Mrs. John E. Rowe, of Newark; Corresponding Secretary, Miss M. Morford, of New Monmouth; Recording Secretary, Mrs. D. B. Frost, of New Monmouth.

Mrs. A. W. Waterbury, a missionary to India, spoke at some length of the good work there.

A NATURAL MISTAKE.

Some Preternaturally Sharp School Children.

Recently a lady teacher in one of the public school rooms had to leave her duties for a few minutes to speak with Prof. Butts, instructor in vocal music. While the lady was turned, the children embraced the opportunity to give vent to the exuberance of their youthful spirits in a little mild disorder. Suddenly turning upon the offenders and without remembering that both the professor and herself are single persons, remarked sternly:

"Because I happen to be engaged is no reason why you should not behave."

Then the whole class smiled audibly and suggestively.

The professor blushed like a Burlington county peach orchard, and it was fully a second before the young lady realized the construction her sharp pupils had put upon her admonition. When she did so it was with a most sincere regret that corporal punishment had ever been abolished in the public schools.—Ex.

A Prosperous Lodge.

At the next meeting of Wetumpka Lodge, Knights of Honor, twelve candidates for membership will be admitted and seventeen new names will be proposed. Through the liberality of the membership the committee who had charge of the entertainment on the second anniversary will be able to turn over to the treasurer about forty dollars. At the meeting next Thursday evening, a proposition to run an excursion will be made by a committee comprising Messrs. C. J. Foytel, J. F. Barber, G. T. Benedict, E. C. Pease, F. A. Reuson, S. M. Johnson, R. A. Frey, B. Lozenan, S. E. Flower, F. P. Haffner, J. C. Bovey, F. M. Slater.

—The employees of the Pond Machine and Tool Works began work at 6:30 o'clock this morning in order that they may have a half-holiday on Saturday without losing any time.

—The case of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals vs. Walter Smalley which was to have come up for trial before Justice Nolyne this afternoon, has been postponed for one week.

—The meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. of Trinity Reformed church this evening will be led by the Rev. Edwin F. See, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of Brooklyn. The service begins at eight o'clock.

—The Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, of this city and other parts of the State, will attend in a body the eighteenth anniversary of Union Council, of Rahway, on Wednesday evening next.

—The Epworth Leagues of the Methodist church contains 2,372 registered chapters. May 11th has been designated by the Executive Committee as Epworth League day, and special responsive service is being prepared for the occasion.

—A physician, in writing about drinking water, says: "If in any house there should occur a single case of typhoid fever or diphtheria, test the drinking water, or have it done at once. A few cases will bay an ounce of saturated solution of permanganate of potash at a chemist's. If when a drop of the solution is added to a tumbler of water, its color changes to brown, it is unfit to drink: if it remains clear or slightly rose colored after an hour it is, broadly speaking, safe."

The King's Daughters Entertain.

The Young Daughters of the King gave an entertainment in the Holy Cross chapel Saturday afternoon at four o'clock. The affair was well attended and was under the patronage of Mrs. C. J. Taggart, Mrs M. I. Cooley, Mrs. Ed. St. John, Mrs. S. St. J. McCutchen, Mrs. M. S. Taylor, Mrs. H. McGee, Mrs. E. J. Waring Mrs. H. S. Miller, Mrs. Charlie Horn, Mrs. E. A. Parker, Mrs. Robert Cook, Mrs. H. H. Munger, Mrs. A. VanDeventer, Mrs. F. J Shreve, Mrs. J. Clapp, C. H. Meade, Mrs. D. Thompson, Mrs. H. B. Wells, Mrs. J. J. Henderson, Miss May Taylor, Miss Adelaide McGee, Mrs. A. W. Haviland.

The following programme was rendered:

PART I.

Tableaux . . . . Greek Slaves in the Market Place
Soprano Solo . . . . Marguerite . . . . Mrs. M. I. Cooley
Tableaux . . . . Somebody's Darling—Nobody's Darling.
Soprano Solo . . . . Miss Adelaide McGee.
Tableaux . . . . Old-Fashioned Courtship
Solo with Violin . . . . Fiddle and I
Mrs. Cooley and Gifford W. Hall, Jr.
Tableaux . . . . The Bachelor's Reverie
Chorus . . . . Cuckoo
. . . . Rippling, Purpling, Little Silver
A few remarks by George P. Taggart.
Soprano Solo—Where is mamma from baby Dear?
Miss Adelaide McGee.

PART II.

Wellhuzt Symphonie by F. K. Chwatel, rendered the Infantermusikites.

AUCTION SALE

of walnut, oak and ash furniture, carpets, stoves, etc.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30,

At one o'clock at No. 66 Rockview, opposite Mercer avenue, North Plainfield. 8 W. book-cases, settee, desk, bedroom suits, easier, bureaus, wash-stands, 12 carpets, rugs, cabinets, chiffonier, tables, portieres, poles, china and glassware, dining-room refrigerator, wire doors and window frames, two awnings, clocks, hickory cord wood, and other articles. Terms Cash. T. J. GILLIE, Auctioneer. 26-2*

BUGS! BUGS!

and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonious to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Died.

HOWLETT—In this city, April 26, of heart failure, Chas. K. Howlett, in his 61st year. Funeral services from his late residence, No. 6 Elmwood place, Wednesday, April 30th, at 2 p. m. 26-2t*

ADAMS—In North Plainfield, April 26, of consumption, Mrs. Maria L. Adams, in her 53d year.

Funeral services from the residence of her brother, Mr. C. J. Ackerman, on Manning avenue, Tuesday, April 29th, at 2:30 p. m. R*

Cent-a-Word Column.

A 50-INCH spanking bicycle for sale, cheap. Enquire 130 Crescent avenue.

BOY wanted. Smart and intelligent, and not afraid of work. F. W. Miles, Somerset street, near Johnson drive. 18-3

BOARDERS wanted at 104 West Front Street. 26-3

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price. Van Emburgh & White's. 5-tf

$50 REWARD for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who on Wednesday, 23d inst. poisoned two dogs belonging to Mrs. Chas. Hall, of Grove street. C. W. Tarbell, 67 East Fifth street. 26-3

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply with reference to 156 Grove street. 26-2*

FOR SALE—Excellent set Maryat's novels, also, "Boy Broker," "Tour of the World" and "Under Fire." New. Address "Raymond," care of Evening News.

FOR SALE—Five carriages and five sets of harness. Can be seen at stable Bigelow street and Central avenue, from 7:30 until 8:30 a. m. and from 5 until 6:30 p. m. Geo. S. Chapman. 4-28-DEM, MAW

FOR SALE—Canada ashes in sacks. The best thing for lawns and gardens. "Rubbard," No. 1 West Front street. 26-3

FRUIT, shade and evergreen trees. Greenhouse plants, etc., at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 26-3

FOR SALE—Small house and barn on Front street near Grant avenue. J. T. Vail, agent, 49 North avenue. 22-6*

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage. Also for sale one acre lots on the ground, plenty of shade and large stable. For sale on easy terms. Enquire J. F. MacDonald. 4-26tf

ONE store to let. Also six room flat. Chas. Hand, 8 West Second street. MAW

YOUNG girl wishes situation as child's nurse. References furnished. Apply 17 Linden avenue North Plainfield. 26-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Family of three. Call at 76 Washington avenue. 26-2

WANTED—Situation as nurse by an American Protestant, young lady. Experienced and competent. Capable of caring for infant from birth. Or would nurse growing children. Terms moderate. Address "Nurse," P. O. Box 21, Netherwood.

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a responsible N. Y. Company to introduce our new and popular dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to consumers at cost. Also a lady in each section. Over 5,000 members $30,000 now enrolled, $100,000 paid in). References exchanged. Empire Co-operative Association (profit well rated). Look box 619, N. Y. 4-m 19

100 ROLLS of Manning at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 5 Pond place.

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have gone all through the Stock, beaten of Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have marked them all down something like this: We have two Ladies' Shoes left in B. C. Burt's and McCombes's sizes 3 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, $6 and $7 to $2.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$2.00,	former price	$3.00.
" "	2.50,	" "	3.50.
" "	3.00,	" "	3.50.
GENT'S SHOES	1.00,	" "	1.50.
" "	1.50,	" "	2.00.
" "	2.00,	" "	3.00.
" "	2.50,	" "	3.50.

We have the above Shoes in all sizes, with the exception of McCombes and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargain Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Slippers and Ties for ladies: also our $2.50 and $3. Rubbers made especially for us. This Sale will commence WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23d, and continue until MAY 3d. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them simply as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a pair of shoes that look bobby and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put on the finest leather that can be Bought, and have the work done by one of the best pegmakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Popular Store of Plainfield

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS and MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 8c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 37c. Twilled bowelling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, fancy jackets and capes, from $2.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Special Notices.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our price 25c. for a good one.

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 9c., value 12c.

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

19 WEST FRONT ST.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Langborne has purchased the exclusive right to use the "Talcott Patent (time & count)" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Harmoniously Suited Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Langborne's authorized representative will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and *make special favorable arrangements*, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should See These Beautiful Pictures. 3-26-tf

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday, April 28,

Engagement of

Maude Granger,

Supported by Her Own Company, including Mr. Harry Mainhall, Richard Bennett, Miss Darey and Mrs. Lucy Hooper's Powerful Emotional play

"INHERITED,"

As originally produced at the theatre de L'Application, Paris, and the Madison Square Theatre, N. Y. "A play weirdly powerful and dramatic like a story by Edgar Allen Poe and with a death scene worthy of Sarah Bernhardt or Mme. Pierson. Prices 85, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Thursday.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, May 1st.

MR. ROLAND REED

IN

D. B. LLOYD'S ECCENTRIC COMEDY

Woman Hater,

AS PLAYED 100 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.

Reed as the Bigamist,

Reed as the Trigamist.

The Greatest Comedy Success in Years, Introducing Hydrostatic Bed and Tropical Parody "It Was a Dream." And Other New Musical Numbers.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on Sale Tuesday.

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH.

NO FANCY PRICES ASKED.

BUT FANCY GOODS SOLD

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

FOUNDED AT AN EARLY HOUR TO SAVE YOUR PURCHASES COMFORTABLE. SYDNEY SMITH AVENUE AND FOURTH STREET. WE USE THE PUREST DRUGS AND THE MOST PHARMACEUTICAL SKILL. THE MOST PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY. "Drink Lucy's Soda. None better."

BARGAINS, 1889, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS, HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.

U. B. CRANE'S.

Hatter and Furnisher, 13 Park Avenue.

BRAINY BOSTON WOMEN.

BRIGHT WRITERS WHO HELP TO MAKE THE HUB FAMOUS.

All Wrote Vigorous Prose in Various Fields of Literature, and Are Steadily Climbing Up Fame's Steep Hill—Typical Boston Females.

[Copyright, 1890.]

LOUISE IMOGEN GUINEY.

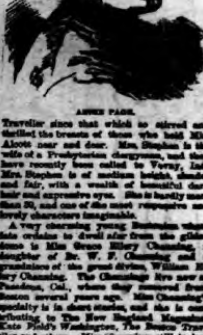
A brilliant young Boston woman is Louise Imogen Guiney, the only child of Gen. Guiney, who died soon after the war from wounds received in his heroic service. This young girl, whose name by her first name, was born in Boston in 1861 and educated at the Convent of the Sacred Heart, in Providence, R. I. While still in school she began contributing verses to The Pilot, over the signature of "P. O. L," and was for a long time taken for some prankish college boy rather than a young girl. She was hardly 23 when she published her first volume of poems, "Songs at the Start," which was soon followed by "The White Sail and Other Poems," "Goosequill Papers," a volume of prose and a little collection of stories called "Brownies and Bogies."

A great honor was conferred upon the young girl in 1886, when, at the memorial meeting for Gen. Grant, held in Tremont Temple, on Oct. 22, she was invited to write the "ode" for this impressive occasion. The

ELISABETH W. STEPHEN.

ocation was given by Henry Ward Beecher. Her poetic gift is in the heroic vein. She is a thorough Latin scholar, and has as much of the classic spirit that she has suggested the sobriquet of the "young young Greek." Miss Guiney is now in London engaged in literary work. She is of medium height, slender and supple as a reed, with flowing hair, dark eyes and pale, clear complexion. a faithful and loyal companion and sudden caught in repose. She is a famous pedestrianess, making nothing of a ten mile walk, and has an innocent grace that is belaudly captivating.

A lovely young woman, who is a "coming" woman in literature, is Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson Stephen, who, though not a Bostonian by birth, belongs to its literary coterie of brilliant young women by virtue of literary taste and sympathy. A poem of hers on Louisa Alcott, published in The Boston Traveller soon after Miss Alcott's death, attracted much attention among the friends and admirers of the beloved author, and many of her poems have been contributed to The



ASHER PAGE.

Traveller since that which so stirred and thrilled the breasts of those who held Miss Alcott near and dear. Mrs. Stephen is the wife of a Presbyterian clergyman, and they have recently settled in Verona. Lady Mrs. Stephen is of medium height, slender and fair, with a wealth of beautiful dark hair, and a sympathetic face. She is only twenty-three years old, and one of the most responsive and lovely characters imaginable.

The very interesting young Bostonian woman who awakens to herself after from the gilded dream is Miss Grace Ellery Channing, a daughter of Dr. W. F. Channing and a granddaughter of the late Rev. William E. Ellery Channing. The Channings live now at Pasadena, Cal., where they removed from Boston several years ago. Miss Channing's specialty is in short stories, and she is now reflecting in The New England Magazine, Kate Field's Washington, The Boston Traveller and others. Miss Channing, still in her early teens, is very fair, with a lovely hair of blonde cendre and beautiful blue gray eyes. She is a rather unwilling exponent of delicate and dainty fancies, of a quaint manner imaginable, based on an iron will and wonderful meaning of purpose.

Closely associated with her in literary work is Charlotte Perkins Stetson, a granddaughter of Dr. Lyman Beecher, and the wife of a gifted young artist, Charles Walter Stetson. It is an amusing sarcasm of heredity that the descendants of William Ellery Channing and Dr. Lyman Beecher should be close friends and collaborators. The Channings and Stetsons live in a kind of seraphic fashion on a beautiful mesa in the San Gabriel valley.

A very charming, intellectual young woman of Boston is Miss Annie Page, a leading member of the Ladies' Saturday Morning club, and a writer of much force. Her last found expression in some exquisite short stories. Miss Page is called a classic beauty. Her portrait, painted by Mr. Dennis Bunker, has been exhibited in the American Art gallery a few years ago, in a collection by American artists. It has also been hung on the St. Botolph Club walls, and is the work of a master. Of the gods, divinely tall," slender and graceful, in the Greek play of "Antigone," recently produced by the Saturday Morning club, Miss Page was called the Queen Eurydice, and made an exquisite picture in her classic white robes.

The sculptor, St. Gaudens, requested and personally invited Miss Annie Richmond Scidmore, who passed last summer in Boston, but whose time when in America is spent principally in Washington. Miss Scidmore has established herself at the national capital as a press correspondent of very exceptional power to portray passing events. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat, The San Francisco Call and various other daily newspapers have made a leading attraction of her work, and she is a contributor to St. Nicholas, Harper's Bazar and Harper's Weekly, and is the author of a book on Alaska, which is the accepted standard of works of travel in that region. Miss Scidmore has the position of her kind, and she was one of the first to visit Alaska; she has been much in Europe, to Japan and China, and knows all the Pacific as well as she does Lafayette square in Washington or Fifth avenue in New York. She is a slender, stylish

ELIZA RUHAMAH SCIDMORE.

woman, with dark hair and clear gray eyes, and is as good a conversationalist as she is captivating a writer.

Miss Vida Scudder, whose home is at Newbury street, Boston, is one of the gifted young women. She is the literary lecturer at Vassar college and a contributor to The Andover Review and other magazines. A paper on "Socialism and New Ideals of Progress and Independence," contributed by Miss Scudder to The Andover Review for February last, has attracted much attention. She is a niece of Mrs. Horace Scudder, of Cambridge, whose literary work in The Atlantic Magazine and elsewhere is well known. Miss Scudder has a fine, pleasing personality, with an engaging manner and a very winning smile. She is also a prominent member of the Saturday Morning club, and not infrequently lectures before this gathering. Miss

KATE VANNAH.

Scudder is also a rolling spirit in that unique and beautiful philanthropy, the "Chautauqua Sentiment," at No. 26 Bivington street, New York city, where seven college girls have set up a home that they serve the neighbors and friends to the families and the ignorant.

A brilliant young woman who is almost as much at home in Boston as in Washington is Mrs. Kate Vannah, poet and litterateur. Miss Vannah graduated from St. Joseph's academy (now Marygrove), Mich. in 1876, taking the first prize in music and English composition. She is a favorite contributor to New York and Boston journals, does considerable critical work, is a prolific writer of verse, and has of late won honors as a musical composer.

Her waltz called "By the Sea" has gone through four editions, and four songs from the words and the music by Miss Vannah, called "When Love Is Told" and "Parting," are exceedingly popular. Miss Vannah has the great advantage of an extensive acquaintance with the very crème de la crème of musical talent of New York city, and especially with Mr. and Mrs. Antonin Dvorak Carey. Miss Vannah almost lived with Miss Carey-Raymond in New York last winter.

SARAHESSEX C. BLAIR.

A volume of Miss Vannah's poems was published by the Lippincott house in 1888, and another is now in press.

Mrs. Katherine C. Blair is a writer of exceeding short stories. Her home is near Boston, and her work appears in many of the leading papers.

LILIAN WESTON.

A DAY FOR CHILDREN.

THE ANNUAL SABBATH EXERCISES FOR THE BOYS AND GIRLS.

Floral Sunday and the Manner in Which Its Observances Are Made Charming with Music, Flowers and Recitations—Church Decorations.

[Copyright, 1890.]

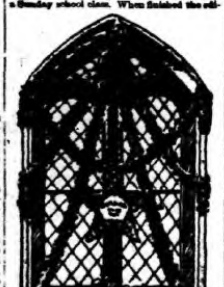
Years ago the church was a place of terror to lively children. The little ones were taken duly to church, whether they liked it or not, and whether they could understand the sermon, with its numerous heads, or had to go napping from Genesis to Jonah. If they played at all by prank or relaxed the stiffness and decorum which was thought necessary for churchgoers, old and young, it went hard with them, for there was

A FLORAL LOOKINGGLASS.

the untruly sithing man, whose duty it was to remind any youngster of his chance of death if he failed to observe them. After a while the office of this functionary was abolished, but as churches were still far from comfortable, and were filled with hard, straight benches, and the pulpits so elevated that looking up was apt to make young necks ache and young eyes grow heavy, children were put most effectually to sleep.

Today churches are well heated, lighted and furnished, seats are easier, there is music to charm children as well as grown up ears, and many pastors spend specially to children for a few minutes before each morning sermon. But this is not the best. A whole Sunday in the year is given up entirely to children. No one knows where the plan originated, nor whose happy thought it was to have the day a Sunday in early summer, the time when children are most full of flowers, and call it June Sunday, some Floral Sunday, but whatever the name it is always wholly the Children's day.

There are two things inseparably connected with the celebration of this day—flowers and musical exercises. The floral decorations in city churches are often lavish and exquisite. Sometimes the pulpit platform is so arranged that the infant class can sit upon it, each row higher than the one in front, the children, in their pale colored and white costumes, looking not unlike a terrace of flowers. Elaborate exercises sometimes include the construction of a large floral piece, each part of which is carried by one class and put in its place. It may be a ship or a lighthouse or a mammoth Bible or perhaps a cross. In many cases the piece which form the whole are kept a secret from the children, and sometimes the expense is borne by the church. Several years ago the pastor of a prominent Methodist church in this city conducted on the morning of Children's day an exercise on "Flowers; Their Influence and Lessons," the text being "Consider the lilies." The exercise was followed by an examination by the primary department. In the evening, general exercises of song and recitation were held, recitations and songs appropriate to the day. Recitations and songs took place, the chief feature of which was the erection of a miniature floral church on the platform. Such plans was contributed by a Sunday school class. When finished the edi-



A DECORATED WINDOW.

fice was a pretty sight, being furnished with an organ, stained glass windows, lamps and a spire twelve feet high, with a bell. When the process of building was ended a pupil recited the appropriate lesson, and as she proceeded, the lights of the large church were lowered, those in the miniature one turned higher, and when the sound and the organ played softly. Then the whole choir sang softly, "I Love Thy Church, O God."

As a rule the majority of flowers and floral pieces used in the decoration of the church, and now school at least has adopted a plan by which the decoration, the expense and the work are distributed. The large church contributes large floral pieces, and to each of the several classes is assigned the task of decorating one window or the members are left. If they choose they can gather enough flowers to make one window alone a thing of beauty. Dahlias form a good background for a word in green leaves made of leaves. If grand, the pupils grow fancy, and the letters ground and deckle the lettering. Perhaps one class will arrange a window whose display will be headed in this way, the word "Hope" standing out boldly, and the floral groups are draped above, and in the center is hung a star of flowers. Another window will be garlanded with delicate shades and have several banners of flowers hung from the upper corners, edged with smilax, which form a covering for the sill. Of course such a plan is for the regular day of Saturday afternoon by many a boy and girl, but the burden of work thus falls more evenly, and children are doubly interested in what they have had a share in doing.

Another feature of Children's day—I do not know whether it should be spoken of under the head of "decoration" or "music," perhaps both—is the presence of a number of birds whose cages are hung from the ceiling with long wires. The sound of organ and singing seems to inspire canaries, and they pour out their sweetest songs on Children's day, and contribute no small share to its pleasure.

Decorations need not all be so elaborate as those described above. The humblest congregation and Sunday school can contribute to the beauty of the building. It requires—perhaps only a school house—if the boys and girls are enlisted to help in the work. Around their homes and neighborhoods, and there is nothing they will not do. Set them to gathering flowers, no matter how common, provided they are pretty. The spirit of the day is the same, whether the decoration come from field or florist. The boys can make the framework of the floral piece intended for these exercises. This can be covered with green and made to stand upright in a shallow box which forms its base, the box to be filled with flowers. Let a number of members of the school come up with a blossom or a handful of them, and request something about flowers. When the base is completed the word Jesus or Saviour may be spelled in flowers on the transverse beam of the cross. If possible, let this wall behind the desk or pulpit bear the inscription: "In the cross of Christ I glory," made of flowers, or evergreens, or gilt paper. Flowers for this purpose can be made of tissue paper, if not too gaudy, though natural ones are, of course, the best. As for the music, new annuals are provided for this day each year by leading music publishers. The following selections may be of use in the exercises with the cross. As each pupil lays his handful of flowers at the base, he or she can give one of the questions, adapting it as nearly as possible to the kind of flowers brought. Children taking part in spelling out the name on the cross may repeat verses of Scripture as they put their flowers in place:

I.

Your voiceless lips, O flowers, are living preachers,
Each cup a pulpit, every leaf a book,
Supplying without sound or speech to numerous teachers
From loneliest nook.

Thou's cloistered boughs each floral bell that rings
Chimeless,
And tells its perfume on the passing air
Makes Sabbath in the fields, and ever ringeth
A call to prayer.

—English Poet.

II.

The infinite bliss of nature
I feel in every vein;
The life and joy of summer
Blossoms in heart and brain.

—Bayard Taylor.

III.

What are above the fairest flowers;
The sweet grass
Among the roadside where we pass,
Sighed, and moss, and simply wind
Of lowliness, of wild, of wide,
The rain and sunshine, too.
We nourish one small rose.

—O. Rossetti.

IV.

In all places, then, and in all seasons
Flowers expand their light and soulless wings,
Teaching by their example.
How akin they are to human things.

And with childlike, credulous affection
We behold their tender buds expand;

FLORAL CROSS.

Emblems of our own great destiny,
Emblems of the brighter and better home.

—Longfellow.

V.

And all the world with gayness that shines,
And breathing buds and wings that fill
Summer one expressive chime
Of adoring God the accepted it.

—Edgar Fawcett.

VI.

'Tis heaven alone that is given away;
'Tis only God may be had for the asking;
No price is set on the lavish summer;
June may be had by the poorest comer.

—Lowell.

VII.

Flowers are the grandest thing that God ever made without putting an immortal soul into them.

—Beecher.

VIII.

The summer, glorious summer!
Look to the glad green earth,
How from her grateful bosom
The flowers of love are springing forth;
These are her rich thanksgivings,
Their incense floats above,
Father, what can we render
Thy chosen flower is love.

IX.

Each day is a branch of the Tree of Life, laden heavily with fruit. If we lie down lazily beneath its shade, we shall starve; but if we work up into the outmost ones of the fruit will fall for us.—Longfellow.

X.

Our Saviour wore a crown of thorns,
With not one rose entwined;
And more did this sad crown adorn
Than that had left behind;
And gladly did he prest it there,
Upon his godlike brow;
Knowing that in our path more fair
Would bloom the flowers of love.

O, when we grasp the fragrant flowers
That throw such beauty round,
And memory colds our blushing bowers,

MINIATURE FLORAL CHURCH.

Then may we gather floral
In us to think of him who wore
The three wreathed on the rood,
And learn, as children do, to love.
Our fever, lighter thorn.

—Selected.

ANNIE ISABEL WILDE.

EDSALL'S Great SPECIAL SALE!

OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW FURNISHINGS!

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890,

AND CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS.

Affording the citizens of Plainfield the Greatest Opportunity ever offered here to buy these goods at figures much below the usual prices. For full particulars see Circulars.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

SPRING SHOES HAVE ARRIVED IN GREAT SHAPE, HENCE WE ARE ABLE TO SHOW THE PEOPLE A GREATER VARIETY THAN EVER BEFORE. WHEN YOU GET READY TO PURCHASE, COME AND SEE US, AND IMAGAGE YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST SHOE STORES IN NEW YORK. THE CHANCES ARE YOU WILL FIND JUST WHAT YOU WANT, AND WILL GO AWAY PERFECTLY SATISFIED, AND WILL FIND YOUR WAY BACK IN THE FUTURE FOR MORE SHOES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

NO. 92 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAZLETON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED, FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 196.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 BOND

Mrs. Stephenson,

52 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None!

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS AT

R. W. RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 75B.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Reasonable Prices. Goods delivered promptly in all parts of the city free of charge.

MUSIC HALL

1890.

FURNITURE STORE

POWLISON & JONES,

34 West Front St.

My $2.50 Shoe.

Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is your own fault to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses when you can buy the very best at solid leather prices as we do. We find our to first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for large Fall and Winter trade, having large stock. Our shelves and drawers are filled with the very best make of Children's, Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Worst Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Spermatorrhea and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES, ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors. Rear 1885.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, APRIL 29 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

This Date in History—April 29.

1616—Death of Michael Boyton, Dutch admiral; born 1607.
1814—Elba taken by the English.
1877—French National guard disbanded by Charles X.
1854—Russians defeated by Turkish.
1854—War-loan bonds passed by parliament.
1859—War with Italy; Austrians army crosses the Ticino.
1865—Death of Dr. Dionysius Lardner, encyclopedist, aged 68.
1865—Five Confederate congress meets in Montgomery, Ala.; Howell Cobb, of Georgia, president.
1865—The States and Statyes permanently locked in New Orleans by forces under command of Admiral Farragut.
1865—Steamer Sultana burned with gunboats at Grand Gulf, Miss.
1865—Jerome ministry formed in England.

JOTTINGS.

—Bowling will soon give place to base ball.

—The Hope Chapel Boys' Brigade met for a drill last evening.

—The Court of Special Sessions will sit in Elizabeth to-morrow.

After May 2nd, Miss Knapp of 25 West Fifth street, will remove to Brooklyn.

—The Borough council will meet in regular session next Friday evening at eight o'clock.

—The work of completing the Somerset street bridge over Greenbrook is progressing favorably.

—The Central Railroad Company promises to build a new depot at White House Station during the coming Summer.

—The four masons of Elizabeth have formed a protective association. It is to be known as the Master Masons' Association.

—From present appearance the Crescent and Columbia College ball teams will have a pleasant afternoon for the game to-morrow.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders will hold its regular May meeting in the Court House at Elizabeth next Thursday afternoon.

—The World of the morning says that a strike is on the employees at Middleton's Oat Heating shops in Round Brook is imminent.

—Bishop Wiggar of this diocese will administer confirmation in St. Patrick's church, Elizabeth, next Sunday. There are a large number of candidates.

—Liberty Lodge Fraternal Circle, held a public meeting in the rooms of the Jr. O. U. A. M., last evening, at which time the objects of the Order were explained by Deputy Supreme President Robert Griffith and others.

—"Inherited," a drama presented at Music Hall last evening before a small audience, with Miss Maude Granger in the leading role, gave passable action and a fair exhibition of Miss Granger's reputation as an excellent actress.

—The Ancient Order of United Workmen in the State number 3,839; in Maryland, 2,235; in Delaware, 926. During the month of March the order gained 71 members in this State and lost nine. Each member's heirs at death receive $2,000.

—Unity Lodge No. 102, Knights of Pythias, are arranging for an entertainment to be given in Hand's Amphion Hall to-morrow evening. Admission is by invitation only and the committee in charge of the affair are having nothing undone that will mar the pleasure of those attending.

—To-morrow evening Winfield Scott Post No. 72, G. A. R., will hold an open camp fire in their rooms on East Front street. Colonel Wildrick of Statenown, N. J., will deliver a eulogy on the Post's late commander, the late Isaac Brokaw. Mr. Wildrick and Mr. Brokaw were comrades during the war.

—Poor Johnny Watmore, good old 'Jonah.' No more does his pen thrill us with graphic reports of road races. John is now percolating on fine days in the swell quarter of Elizabeth writing up pink teas, literarys and other tepid social functions for his new paper, Town Topics. Have a hunch that Johnny wouldn't wear at a Plainfield ball! "At the Plainfield ball I saw the latest in dude evening dress. The white silk waistcoat was laced with gold cord, and a white silk ribbon fastened by a gold monogram encircled the waist. The trousers were of the cut of our grand-dadies, so aptly described by a famous humorist as having the beholder in doubt as to whether the wearer was going or coming." Poor John.—The Wheel.

—The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company has come into possession of some of the new rolling stock ordered some time ago from the Pullman Works. Among that received are twenty passenger-cars, the interiors of which are finished in bright mahogany, with richly carved and antique oak ceilings. The method of heating is by the well-known Baker hot-water-heater system. The passenger train signal is also used. A feature of importance is the new style of Hale & Kilburn seats, which are models of comfort, being equipped so thoroughly with springs, and etc., that scarcely any motion is experienced by the traveller. Upward of two hundred hopper-bottom gondola coal-cars have also been received. They are large substantially built cars and are calculated to carry thirty-five tons.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

April, 1890.	7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	Daily Mean.
Tuesday	32	56	46	45
Wednesday	32	56	46	45
Thursday	33	58	48	46
Friday	35	60	50	48
Saturday	36	60	50	49
Sunday	36	60	50	49
Monday	36	60	50	49
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Thursday	36	60	50	49
Friday	36	60	50	49
Saturday	36	60	50	49
Sunday	36	60	50	49
Monday	36	60	50	49
Tuesday	36	60	50	49

OUR LEGISLATORS.

ROUTINE PROCEEDING OF BOTH HOUSES YESTERDAY.

Senate.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

No. 270, Mr. Rue. Provides that law judges in each county shall complete all judgments, decrees, etc., which shall have been agreed or determined upon but not signed by said law judge who shall have died while in office. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 271, Mr. Martin. Validates certain conveyances. (Revision of Laws.)

No. 283, Mr. Martin. Provides that any corporation which shall have restricted the free sale or transfer of its stock may by two-thirds vote remove such restrictions. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 285, Mr. Pfeiffer. Repeals act allowing Camden to issue bonds for $1,000,000 for a water supply. (Judiciary.)

No. 286, Mr. Watts. Exempts associations for the erection and maintenance of hospitals, infirmaries, etc., from taxation. (Miscellaneous Business.)

No. 295, Mr. Miller. Authorizes formation of companies to construct, maintain and operate water works in any municipality in State having not more than 5,000 and not less than 500 inhabitants for supply water to such inhabitants. (Municipal Corporations.)

No. 296, Mr. Carter. Prohibits the erection, maintaining and operating of any bone boiling, fat or refuse rendering establishment within one mile of the corporate limits of any city or municipality. (Miscellaneous Business.)

No. 297, Mr. Carter. Amends the Martin tax act so that when taxes unpaid amount to three per cent. of assessed value and remain so for two years, lands shall be sold. (Municipal Corporations.)

THE RACE TRACK BILL.

H. 112. Well known as the "race track bill" came up on second reading and the committee offered an amendment allowing bookmaking for sixty days. Mr. Pfeiffer opposed the amendment and Mr. Gardner was opposed to the whole bill. He said that it simply legalized horse racing and made the State a partner to it. Every moral sentiment was opposed to it as well as the best people of the State. The amendment was lost.

Mr. Rue moved indefinite postponement, but the motion was lost. The bill was then placed on the calendar for third reading. Mr. Rue objecting to its being voted on for final passage last night.

BILLS PASSED.

House 239, fixes salaries of sinking fund commissioners of Jersey City at $300; S. 121, repeals act for trapping and shooting English hares; S. 245, provides for the establishment of a weather services; S. 254, allows governing bodies in first class cities to build sidewalks and make a lien on property when owners of such property refuse to build sidewalks; S. 255, cedes to the United States a lot of land in Atlantic county on which to build a buoy house; S. 256, provides that railroads may collect freight from consignors when consignees refuse to receive the same; S. 118, authorizes the incorporation of voluntary associations; S. 257, cedes to the United States a lot of land in Cape May county on which to build a boat house; S. 226, provides that directors may issue additional stock without calling a meeting of stockholders when the by-laws do not otherwise direct; S. 175, gives survivors of the persons named as commissioners in any articles of incorporation power to appoint successors.

—The Bachelors Club of this city is about to tender a reception to their lady friends.

—"The Woman Hater," a well-known play, is to be presented at Music Hall Thursday evening. Mr. Roland Reed will be in the leading role.

—Mr. W. J. Stephenson of North Avenue has just had put in a new patent ice cream freezer of the latest pattern in order to supply the demands of his increasing business.

—The authorities of North Plainfield were last evening notified that a man who was apparently crazy, was running around the streets of the borough. A marshal went in search of him but the unfortunate could not be found.

—It is said that a gang of swindlers are going around the country offering to furnish a good eight-rail fence with six iron posts, for eight cents per foot, and secure contracts, which after wards turn out to mean eight cents per foot for each wire, or sixty-four cents per foot. Look out for them.

—Vice-Chancellor Bird has filed his opinion in a case involving the right of a railroad company to run its tracks for the purpose of shifting its cars in making up trains or in unmaking them in the vicinity of an individual's dwelling. He holds that the company has the right to drill cars anywhere upon its tracks.

—It was a wet Winter and early Spring, but it must be admitted by the farmers that the two weeks past afforded them a glorious opportunity for getting in their oats. Ground has been known to plow easier and break up mellower, perhaps, but the oats are in and now we'll start for the corn-field.—Ex.

—Work on the Central Railroad Company's shutes, at Junction, is progressing well. There will be six iron girders in all, two of which are already up. The girders are 65 feet high, over which an endless chain conveys the coal from pockets to the floor below. It is expected that the work will be completed some time in July.

—In the gentle Springtime be on your guard against traveling swindlers who swarm out into the country as soon as the warm weather comes, with all the cakes and traps for catching the money that can be thought of, and more too. But what you need of known and responsible dealers, and turn the dog loose upon the other class.

—A mysterious disease, called "la nona," has appeared in Western France. A farmer living in a village near Dole, in Jura slept for four days and nights, and woke up in such an exhausted condition that he died two days later. Another fatality occurred near Pressburg, in Austria, a boy of ten dying after a similar sleep of four days.

PERSONAL.

Mr. H. B. Brooks of West Seventh street has returned from a southern trip.

Mr. Forbes, formerly of No. 26 East Sixth street, will now be found at his new home on West Third street.

Mrs. Theodore Hounsger of Carlton avenue is spending a week at the Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. John McQuoide and family of Philadelphia are visiting Mrs. Joseph Plack of East Third street.

Miss Alice Nolan, formerly of North Plainfield, but now of New York, is visiting her parents on Manning avenue.

Mr. Walter Scott of the Scots Printing Press Works has been granted another patent on a printing press

Bishop Scarborough of the Episcopal Diocese of New Jersey will make his annual visit to St. Mary's Church, Piscataway, on June 15.

Asa Vail, was buried from his late home on Peace street on Sunday afternoon at four o'clock. Interment was made in The Friends cemetery.

Miss Lillian Dorman of Central avenue is to be married to Mr. Frank Raymond, in the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church at six o'clock to-morrow evening.

Miss Gertrude Schmid, a popular belle from White Plains, N. Y., has just returned to her home from a very pleasant visit at the residence of Mr. Hastings of Netherwood.

Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Ira E. Winckler of Fort place, North Plainfield, and Mr. Wm. G. Debele, who are to be married at the residence of the bride's parents Thursday afternoon of next week.

Mr. Theodore Hounsger of Carlton avenue, Plainfield, who has been spending a week in Tombstone in the interest of the Independence Mine in which he is a heavy owner, left for home to-day.—Tombstone Daily Prospector, April 17th, 1890.

The Senior class of Rutgers College are making extensive arrangements for commencement day which will occur on June 16th. The exercises will be held in Kirkpatrick chapel. Mr. William C. Hubbard, son of Assessor Hubbard of West Fifth street, is chairman of the committee of arrangements.

Miss Mary Ann See died at the residence of Mrs. C. E. Depew on Crescent avenue Sunday morning. Deceased was in the eighty-sixth year of her age at the time of her death and had been an invalid for some time past. The funeral will take place from her late residence to-morrow at 12:15 p. m. Deceased was a sister of Mrs. Depew's father.

Mr. Ryan's Funeral.

The last and rites over the remains of the late Patrick Ryan, the man who was killed by being crushed in a wreck in this city early Saturday morning, took place from St. Patrick's church at Elizabethport at half-past nine o'clock this morning. The funeral was largely attended by the Order of Foresters and St. Patrick's Alliance attended in a body. Mr Ryan had been employed by the Central Railroad company for a number of years past and was well-known all along the route of the road.

His death is attributed to heart failure, the result of the shock. Mr. Ryan was 48 years of age. He was thirty-eight years a resident of Elizabeth, and for many years an employe of the Central Company. He was a foreman of one of the wrecking cars, and considered to be a valuable man in the department.

He leaves a wife and three children, and was very highly esteemed by a large circle of acquaintances.

Arrested for Non-Support.

Patrick Cahill, the man who was arrested yesterday afternoon by Policeman McCue, was later arraigned before City Judge Codington. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and the Judge held him in $300 bail for his appearance for trial this morning at ten o'clock. He was unable to furnish the bonds and was locked up for the night.

The charge against Cahill was for non-support of his family. Overseer of the Poor Noiyne was the complainant. This morning he was again arraigned before City Judge Codington and upon his promising to take care of his family the judge discharged him.

The Annual Ball.

The fifth annual ball of the Columbia Social Club occurred last night in Amphion Hall. The affair was largely attended and all present apparently enjoyed themselves. It was in charge of the following committee: General director, L. D. Towsley; floor manager, U. G. Force; assistant floor manager, W. F. Towsley; floor committee, D. G. Anglebaur, S. J. Tunison and W. A. Crow; reception committee, H. Windham, J. Smith, J. Wynn, C. P. Moore, T. Smith, W. Cahle, J. H. Daly, F. S. Bonnell, W. Wynn and F. Bonnell. The music was furnished by O'Reilly's orchestra.

A School for Colored People.

The formation of an industrial school for the colored people of New Jersey is contemplated. A fine property at New Brunswick, formerly owned by Dr. Atkinson and comprising commodious buildings and nearly ten acres of valuable on Livingston avenue, has been offered for $26,000 and will probably be bought. Rev. W. A. Rice, of Spring street M. E. church at Norristown, is a leader in the movement.

—The offensive work of the live newspaper can do in a town is shown by the recent sale of securities at an auction at Round Brook. Only a few years ago the Chronicle, of that place, worked up public sentiment till a bank was established, and then worked for and got a water company formed and water works built. At the sale the bank stock brought 111 per 100 and the water company's shares sold at par. As this was the first time any of the local company's stock had been put up at auction the results were highly gratifying. If it had not been for the work of the local newspaper it is doubtful if either of these local improvements would have materialized for this day.—Elizabeth Journal.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

A Mad Dog Bites a Boy. Burglars Caught, etc.,

Willie Riley, thirteen years old, residing at Red Bank was bitten several times yesterday by a dog. His legs were badly lacerated and his clothing was torn from his body. He would have been killed had not some neighbors come to his assistance.

John C. Drew, who lives on Third street, Jersey City, on Saturday night scattered some "Rough on Rats" around to poison mice. The poison was spread on bread. His three-old-boy while playing about the house found and ate a piece of the bread and the little fellow died yesterday morning.

Lorenzo Atkinson and Harry Leman, two desperate burglars, were captured near Morristown, Burlington county, yesterday, and lodged in the Burlington County Jail at Mount Holly. Before Atkinson would surrender he was shot in the hip by the officer. The arrested men have operated extensively throughout the lower part of New Jersey.

A mad dog passed through Flemington on Monday and after biting several others with whom it came in contact, disappeared. The dogs bitten were shot.

Four men fell twenty-five feet with a scaffold at McNeal's iron foundry in Burlington on Saturday afternoon. Thomas Condit, of Bordentown, was so badly hurt that he died at his home yesterday.

Bayonne City carpenters and joiners who are union men have made a demand upon their employers for increased wages from May 1. A general strike is predicted should the employers refuse to accede to the demand.

Weather Crop Bulletin.

The weather crop bulletin for the week ending Saturday April 26, states that: During the past seven days the rainfall has been very much below the average in all the counties, except Cumberland, where it was slightly in excess. The temperature was about, and the sunshine greatly in excess, of the normal for the season.

The dry winds and bright sunshine which generally prevailed during the portion of the week, have made plowing very difficult, and have also, to some extent, retarded the growth of all vegetation, but the timely light local showers which fell on the 24th and 25th, will to a great extent relieve the situation, as the amount of rainfall (nearly one-half of the average) was sufficient to thoroughly wet the top soil.

Cherry, pear, plum and apple trees are now in full bloom, and in most of the districts the indications are for a fair yield of these fruits, while in other districts the outlook is not so promising. The condition of the Winter cereals continues good, but the long dry spell has retarded early sown grass seed.

Peaches, where the buds did no injury, look starting slowly. Pears, plums and cherries in bloom, apples very promising. The rain was most welcome, everything grows.

WRECKED AT DICKS' SWITCHES.

Grain Cars Telescoped.—A Defective Signal.

There was quite a smashup on the Central railroad at the avenue or Dick's switches, near Schiller street aliabeth yesterday. It is alleged that the accident was caused through some defect in the signals. A Philadelphia and Reading locomotive attached to a westbound coal train ran into a west bound freight which was parsing from the third to the fourth track.

Four of the freight cars, filled with grain, were telescoped, and their contents strewn over the road bed. The locomotive was considerably damaged, but the engineer and fireman escaped injury.

Travel was blocked for over an hour before the debris could be cleared away. The disabled engine and wrecked cars were taken to the port shops.

The Annual Convention.

The annual Midsummer Convention of New Jersey Sunday School Association will be held in Educational Hall, Asbury Park, on Wednesday and Thursday, June 18th and 19th. Among the speakers who will participate in the exercises are the following well-known ministers: The Revs. A. F. Schauffler, B. R. Meredith, A. E. Kittredge, J. A. Worden, E. Walpole Warren, Ruskin McCloskey, H. McKeen, E. Wellington Loucks, Mr. John T. Foster, Esq., and Miss Annie E. Harlow. The convention is in charge of the following committee of arrangements: Messrs. J. D. Doty, Chairman; I. P. Brokaw, Carlton M. Williams, M. Marvin Dunham, M. W. Sydam, Thos. Hollinshed, Samuel W. Clark, Charles A. Wharton, G. W. Howell, C. M. Wilcox, E. S. Cowles, W. M. Patton, E. F. Wescott, Secretary.

Plainfield vs. Brockton.

If Plainfield is regarded a temperance city what must be thought of Brockton, Mass., of which the local papers there speak thus:

CONSIDER THESE FACTS.

A new building erected for every working day in the year.

Mortality rate the lowest of any city in the State.

Not a liquor saloon within the city limits. Brockton manufactures 50 pairs of shoes every minute.

POPULATION.

1875.	1880.	1885.	1890.
10,092.	13,000.	20,000.	30,000.

Three-fourths of Brockton workmen live in their own homes.

Brockton's intelligence is the acquirement of its people. Of the [illegible] men [illegible] long to other towns.

The above facts prove that Brockton is to an unusual degree a city of prosperous homes and contains an unbreakable element in its population.

A chimney on fire on Sixth street near New at about nine o'clock this morning nearly caused an alarm of fire. Persons living in the vicinity setting aided the flames before much damage resulted.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A FIERY METEOR BURSTS.

Life-Savers Witness a Phenomenon at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, April 29th (Special)—While Capt. Edward's life-saving crew were sitting on the Life Saving Station No. 2, at Spermaceti Cove, yesterday, one of the men who was looking out of the window called the attention of his companions to a peculiar black streak in the clouds which seemed to be moving rapidly from the East toward the station. It was raining hard.

Suddenly the object in the clouds became a ball of fire, which struck a flagstaff fifty feet high in front of the station. As the ball struck the flagpole a loud report was heard, similar to the discharge of a cannon. The pole was shattered into splinters. Capt. Edwards and his crew, most of whom are old sailors, say they have frequently seen a similar ball of fire or meteor, at sea, but never knew one to strike on land before.

A RESPITE FOR KEMMLER.

He is to Appear Before Judge Wallace on June 6th.

NEW YORK, April 29th, (Special)—Judge Wallace to-day issued an order to have Kemmler, the murderer sentenced to die by electricity this week, brought before him on June 6th. In consequence of this the execution will be postponed indefinitely.

THE PHYSICIANS OBJECT.

To Beneficial Societies Employing Physicians at Stipulated Prices Without Regard to Amount of Service.

At the regular meeting of the District Medical Society of Union county recently held in Elizabeth, resolutions were passed that concerns a number of beneficial societies who have had physicians attending the members at contract rates. The adoption of the resolutions will take away an important feature in benefiary objects of the orders affected.

The resolutions of the medical board were adopted as follows:

Whereas, the practice of attending associations of men, at a stipulated price, irrespective of the amount of professional service rendered, has attained very generally among members of this society, and

Resolved, That in the opinion of this society, this practice should not exist, because it is derogatory to the dignity of the profession, depreciating the value of professional service, unfair to other members, who do not practice in this manner, and because it is the entering wedge of the idea that physicians consider their services merchantable to be sold in the open market. That as contract labor is prohibited by the government by forbidding its importation and by politicians in denouncing contract labor by corporations, so this practice of hiring the life and services of a physician, for a small sum for an indefinite amount of labor, should be forbidden by every rule of honor, ethics, and self-respect.

Resolved, That every member of this society shall withdraw his assent from the encouragement of this system.

Resolved, That the secretary have three copies of these resolutions sent to every member of this society.

—Mr. John J. Kenney, the shoe dealer, is prepared to furnish all kinds of Summer shoes at reasonable prices. See adv.

Died.

BEE—In this city, April 27, Miss Mary Ann Bee, in the 80th year of her age. Funeral private.

BOWLETT—In this city, April 26, of heart failure, Chas. K. Bowlett, in his 61st year. Funeral services from his late residence, No. 6 Elmwood place, Wednesday, April 30th, at 2 p. m.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A WHITE-handled, two bladed knife lost in Front place, between Crescent avenue and Sixth street. Please return to 181 Broadway.

BOY wanted. Smart and intelligent, and not afraid of work. F. W. Miles, Somerset street, near Johnston drive. 29-2

BOARDERS wanted at 104 West Front Retreat. 29-3

25 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at half-price, at VanEmburgh & White's. 5-tf

$50 REWARD for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who on Wednesday, 23d inst. poisoned two dogs belonging to Mr. Clay and myself. O. W. Turtle, 42 Sayre Place. 29-2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Reference required. Apply at No. 80 Washington avenue.

WANTED—Young girl to assist with children and do upstairs work. 10 Plainfield avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 65 Grandview avenue.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply with reference to 148 Grove street. 28-3t

FOR SALE—Canada ashes in sacks. The best thing for lawns. Enquire, Hubbard, No. 1 West Fifth street. 28-3

FOR SALE—Small house and barn on Front street near Grant avenue. J. F. Ball, agent, 49 North avenue. 28-3t

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage. A to a flos residence with large ground, plenty shrubs and large stable. For sale cheap. Enquire J. F. MacDonald. 4-28tf

TO LET for season furnished house, sanitary order, large grounds, stable. Address House, Office of Evening News.

YOUNG girl wishes situation child's nurse. Refers to present employer. Apply 17 Linden avenue, North Plainfield. 28-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Small, of three. Call at 78 Washington avenue. 28-3

100 ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at Vaile, Burgh & White's. 5 tf.

WANTED—Girl for general house work, 2 Pines place. 4-25 tf

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have come all through the Stock, bought of Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have mark'd them all down something like this: We have few Ladies' Shoes left in E. C. Burt's and McCombe's sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, $6 and $7 to $1.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$1.00,	former price	$2 00.
" "	1.50,	"	3.00.
" "	2.00,	"	3.50.
GENT'S SHOES	.50,	"	1.50.
" "	1.00,	"	2.00.
" "	2.00,	"	3.00.
" "	2.50,	"	4.00.

We have the above Shoes in all sizes, with the exception of McCombe's and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargain Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Slippers and Ties for Ladies; also our $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes made expressly for our sale. This Sale will commence WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16th, and continue until MAY 24. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them almost as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a mistaken idea they look botchy and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put in the finest leather that can be Bought, and have the work done by one of the best Shoemakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Popular Store of PLAINFIELD

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

Specialties in CARPETS & MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Challies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 25c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lots of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, flowny jackets and capes, from $4.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 15c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Special Notices.

AT THE MEETING OF WETUMPKA Lodge, K. of H., to be held May 1st, a proposition to give an excursion is to be made. A circular issued by a committee of twelve members of the order has been sent to every member of the Lodge.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Seed potatoes, cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION — A SUMMER class will be formed for ladies in singing part music under the direction of David C. Lyon beginning May 6th. Call at my house, corner Arlington and Prince apply as room 29, Music Hall on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 25-6

NOTICE. To whom it may concern, I will sell on May 26, 1890, the following articles: Three Fine Cows, also one yearling, to pay for the repairs made upon them, unless the owners pay for said repairs before May 26, 1890, the said goods having been upon my premises for two years. B. MORRILLEA. 4 Second street.

Plainfield, April 25, 1890.

CLAIRVOYANT Mrs. Dr. Edwards arrived in Plainfield April 23, and will remain (one week only) until April 30. Can be seen at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest Clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all matters of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and can tell you all matters of life. She is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. Please call at once. 25-1w

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS. Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Classes Saturday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For terms, etc., call at residence. Address 32 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, May 1st.

MR. ROLAND REED

IN

D. D. LLOYD'S ECCENTRIC COMEDY

Woman Hater,

AS PLAYED 100 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.

Reed as the Bigamist,

Reed as the Trigamist.

The Greatest Character Impersonation in Years, introducing Sydney Rosenfeld's Great Topical Parody "It Was a Dream." And Other New Musical Numbers.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on Sale Tuesday.

BUGS! BUGS!

and Insects that destroy vegetation of al kinds may be exterminated by using

Peroxide Silicate,

non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.

Peroxide Silicate

has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at

RANDOLPH'S

City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH.

NO FANCY PRICES ASKED;
BUT FANCY GOODS SOLD

UNITED TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

29 W. FRONT STREET.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

PLAINFIELD

BARGAIN HOUSE.

V. and W. SAY.

Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 25c., and are still selling them at that figure, with no extra charge on shades, our price 35c. for a good one.

1,000 yards fine French cambric, Spring styles, beautiful goods they are, price 8c., value 12c.

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the millions.

Our selections of Cutting Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices we guarantee the lowest.

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gauze Underwear, and our prices are right.

Van Emburgh & White

18 WEST FRONT ST.

My $2.50 Shoe.

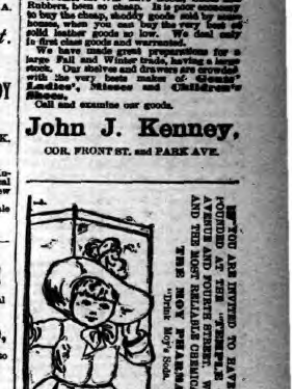
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is a pleasure to buy the cheap, shoddy goods I sold by every season, when you can get the very best of solid, honest goods as low. We find only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, and have a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best goods of every kind. Ladies' Stitched and Pebble Goat Button Shoes. Boys' Solid Leather Shoes. Misses' Spring Heels.

Call and examine our goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.



BEFORE YOU ARE INVITED TO HAVE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT THE "TEMPLE OF PHARMACY," PARK AND THEN MOST PARTICULAR COMPANY. THESE MOST PECULIAR PEOPLE. Boys' Book. Mass. Mother.

BARGAINS, BARGAINS, BARGAINS,

50 dozen Spring styles

HATS HATS,

also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from 61 to $15 each.

J. D. CRANE'S,

Hatter and Furnisher, 12 Park Avenue.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

S. W. DORSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $2.50 PER YEAR.

ROOM BOX 1. TELEPHONE 23. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

The Agricultural Situation.

A number of farmers, reputed rich men, in the wealthiest farming region of Pennsylvania, have lately made assignments. Everything with which the farmer is connected has gone down in the past few years except taxes, and they are the same where they have not been raised.

There is no doubt of it, the farming interests are in a bad way. There is so much distress among agriculturists everywhere that their case has been brought to the attention of congress. In December, 1889, the price of corn was lower than has ever before been reported, by 11 per cent. Senator Voorhees said in a speech not long since that the average price of corn to the farmers of the country is only 10 cents a bushel; of wheat, 80 cents a bushel; of hogs, 3½ to 3 cents a pound, and of fat cattle, 1½ to 2 cents a pound.

Worst of all, a frightful burden of debt hangs over many of these farmers, contracted in the time of high prices, and now, the prices going down drop by drop, the prospect is ruin and despair.

As a remedy Senator Voorhees recommends the free trader's cure, taking the check of manufactured goods. He also advises the free coinage of silver. Senator Stewart, of Nevada, who is a free silver high tariff man, recommends the free coinage of silver without the free trade. Meantime nobody knows what to do or which way to turn.

One doctor says there is overproduction of food. Farmers have gone on increasing their area of production till they have grown enough oats for a hundred million people, enough wheat for seventy-nine millions, and enough pork for seventy-six millions. That, says this doctor, is the cause of the agricultural depression. But this theory is nonsense, with due respect. There are in Europe, America, India and China thousands starving every day for want of the very corn Kansas farmers burn for fuel, because it is cheaper to burn it than to sell it and buy coal. Meat, corn and wheat are no whit cheaper to consumers than they were when farmers got living prices. Whatever the cause of agricultural depression is, it is not overproduction.

Rudyard Kipling.

One of the novelists destined to take the place of the famous ones gone before in England is the young man with the above odd name. He calls himself "the man who came from nowhere."

Mr. Rudyard Kipling is not yet 25 years old. He was born in India, and, like all English children born in that climate, was sent home to be educated. As to his life, he has been everything and everywhere, has crowded experience enough into his quarter century for a dozen lives. The characteristics of his literary style are its simplicity, directness and power. One of his earliest attempts at fiction, "The Strange Adventures of Morrowbie Jukes," is declared by The London World to be one of the most powerful short stories ever written.

The young man lives alone in London in two rooms, not far from Charing Cross station. He knows the Hindoostani tongue perfectly, and has a more intimate knowledge of life in India than any romancer has possessed hitherto. He also knows the Indian military service thoroughly. We may expect that his tales in future will deal largely with this mysterious, enchanted land.

One of his famous short stories, "The Man Who Would," begins as follows: "Let it be clearly understood that the Russian is a delightful person till he tucks in his shirt. As an Oriental he is charming."

The Mississippi Floods.

The Chicago Tribune, referring to the floods of the Mississippi, recalls the remedy for them that was much discussed eight or ten years ago as follows:

The late engineer of this port, the largest and long ago by Capt. Cowden, of New Orleans, in his plan to enlarge the outlets in place of enlarging the bank itself, which is the practical cause of the levee system. Instead of exposing the river to discharge its water through an insufficient outlet, 125 miles in length, below New Orleans, he recommended making an outlet, six or seven miles in length only, from a point near the head of Grande Terre island, in Barataria bay, through which there would be a quick and steady outflow, as in ordinary stages the river is about one-half of a mile wide. The object of this at present it is probably twelve or fifteen feet high or. It was also proposed to dig the river still deeper at the mouths, and carry off a portion of the water through Lake Borgne, Mississippi sound, and Mobile bay, and meanwhile the Red river outlet should be locked above its junction with the Mississippi and carry off its surplus in the same direction, thus relieving the main river. The whole cost he estimated that Capt. Cowden's entire system in the course one. More than this, it is the only one that offers any real prospect of relief.

Gen. John Murray Corse was a distinguished and gallant soldier and has suffered wounds and hardships in behalf of his country. Few officers will have left to posterity a more brilliant record than he, and now he deserves better than to have his name spelled "Coarse" by one of the leading journals of the country.

Good society, says a writer, is that where if fact has importance to understand Greek than to understand good manners.

A BLOW AT PROHIBITION

Iowa's Liquor Seizing Law Pronounced Unconstitutional.

A VERY IMPORTANT DECISION

The United States Supreme Court Says Liquor Can Lawfully Be Taken Into Iowa from Other States—The Law Interferes with Interstate Commerce.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The United States supreme court has rendered an opinion adverse to the constitutionality of state laws in prohibition states providing for the seizure of liquor brought from other states. Such laws, it is held, are interference with interstate commerce. The case in which the decision was made was that of Leisy against Hardin, brought here on appeal from the supreme court of Iowa. Leisy, a beer manufacturer of Peoria, Ills., shipped beer to Keokuk which was seized in the original packages by Hardin, a state officer, on having been sold there in violation of the Iowa law. The supreme court of Iowa held that the law under which this official acted was valid, but the supreme court has reversed that decision. Justice Gray, Harlan and Brewer dissented from the opinion of the majority.

The Legal Status of Spirits.

The opinion cited a number of cases bearing upon interstate commerce and among others the "Lyons case," in which laws passed by Minnesota, New Hampshire and Rhode Island in reference to the sale of spirituous liquors came under review in the court and were sustained, although the manufacture of the same was prohibited in the decisions did not concur in any common ground in which to rest them, in which Chief Justice Taney held that a state had the right to prohibit spirits and distilled liquors are universally admitted to be subjects of ownership and property, and therefore subjects of commercial regulation like any other commodity in which a right of property exists; that congress under its general power to regulate commerce with foreign nations may prohibit such merchandise shall be admitted and what excluded. But inasmuch as the laws of congress authorized the importation of ardent spirits no state has a right to prohibit their introduction.

The Opinion of the Court.

After referring to the decisions of other decisions bearing on state license laws the court in its opinion says: "These decisions rest upon the undoubted right of the states of the Union to control their domestic affairs, in doing which they exercise powers not surrendered to the national government, but whenever the law of the state encroaches upon the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations or among the states, as it does when it inhibits, directly or indirectly, the receipt of an imported commodity in the original condition before it has ceased to become an article of trade between one state and another or another country and this, it comes in conflict with a power which, in this particular, has been exclusively vested in the general government and is therefore void. The plaintiffs, citizens of Illinois, had the right to import their beer into Iowa and the right to sell it, by which act alone it became mingled in the common mass of property within the state.

The State Could Not Interfere.

"Up to that point of time, in the absence of congressional permission to do so, the state had no power to interfere by seizure or any other action in prohibition of importation and sale by the non-resident importer. Articles which congress recognizes as subjects of interstate commerce may be controlled by state laws amounting to regulations, while they retain that character, but to concede to a state the power to exclude such articles without congressional permission is to concede to a majority of the people of a state representing in the state legislature the power to regulate commercial intercourse between the states."

The Views of the Dissenters.

Justices Gray, Harlan and Brewer in summing the reasons which satisfy them that the judgment of the supreme court of Iowa should be affirmed say that the power of regulating or prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors belongs as a branch of the police power to the legislatures of the several states, and can be judiciously and effectively exercised by them alone, according to their views of public policy and local needs, and cannot practically if it can constitutionally be wielded by congress as part of a national and uniform system.

The Iowa prohibitory laws were enacted by the legislature in the exercise of its undoubted power to protect its inhabitants against the evils, physical, moral and social, attending the free use of intoxicating liquors. They are not aimed at interstate commerce, as such, or at the mere movement of goods from one state to another, but operate only on intoxicating liquors within the limit of the state; they include all such liquors without discrimination and do not even mention where they are made or whence they come. They affect persons much more remotely, the dissenting justices say, than laws of a state—the validity of which is unquestioned—authorizing the construction of bridges and dams across navigable waters within its limits, which wholly obstruct the course of commerce and navigation; or than quarantine laws, which operates directly upon all ships and merchandise coming into the ports of the state.

The Stand of Congress.

If, they say, the statutes of a state restrict the legislative power of the state assisting liquors within its territory are to be held inoperative and void as applied to liquors sent or brought from another state and sold by the importer in original packages the consequence must be that an inhabitant of any state may, under the protection of the commerce, and without license or supervision of any public authority, carry or send liquor into and sell in any or all of the other states, despite any prohibitory or restrictive laws of the subject and although his own state should be the only one which had not enacted similar laws. Nothing short of affirmative and express legislation on the part of congress will convince them that it contemplated or intended such a result.

They quote from the decision in the Illinois case, in which the court sustained these views, and contend that the silence and inaction of congress upon the subject during the long period since the decision appear to require the inference that congress intended that the law should remain as thereby declared by the court rather than to warrant the presumption that congress intended that commerce among the states should be free from the indirect effect of such an exercise of the police power for the public safety, as was adjudged by that decision to be within the constitutional authority of the state.

THE McCALLA COURT MARTIAL.

A Life on the Ocean Wave Under the Command of Two Commanders.

NEW YORK, April 29.—At the McCalla court martial Lieut. Lemley testified relative to Meyer having been threatened by Commander McCalla. Meyer was brought to the mast for an offense committed by him on the night previous. Lieut. Ingersoll was present at the time. Commander McCalla said: "Take that man to the brig for smiling at me!" and had then directed the orderly to get his sword. When it was handed to him he said to Meyer: "Damn you! What do you mean by smiling at me? I have a great mind to make an example of you."

At the time Commander McCalla held the point of his sword toward Meyer Mr. Lemley also stated that he had seen Svaglish and Walker confined in straitjackets. While he was on board the Enterprise he had never heard the articles for the government of the navy read.

Mr. Choate cross-examined the witness on the striking up of the charge against Rose as being under the influence of liquor. He was ironed and placed under a sentry's charge. He had no recollection in the original charges by Meyer, a state of receiving orders from Capt. McCalla to place Rose in confinement.

Mr. Choate asked if Mr. Ingersoll, the executive officer, had given any orders to the witness. Lieut. Lemley said any orders for punishment to be inflicted, while he was officer of the deck, emanated from the commander or executive officer, either of whom he would receive any order and consider it his duty to execute it.

Some legal sparring between Mr. Choate and the witness followed. It referred to the possibility and probability of a man being lashed to a "Jacob's ladder" during the time the executive officer of the deck and he not being able to recall the facts after a lapse of two years. The defense attempted to read extracts from the log relative to the characters of Svaglish, Lieut. Stayton objected on the ground that it established a bad precedent. He admitted Svaglish's bad reputation. The objection was overruled. Adjourned.

NEWS FROM TRENTON.

A Senate Committee Appointed to Investigate Alleged Election Frauds.

TRENTON, N. J., April 29.—The senate last night adopted a resolution for the appointment of a special senate committee "to enter upon an investigation of all violations of the election law in the state and the conduct of any and all county boards, and any and all departments of county and city and other municipal governments, and report to this or the next legislature." This resolution was offered in the Republican caucus, and is aimed at the so called ring government of Jersey City and the alleged frauds in connection with the election for governor.

Speaker Hoppenheimer has been granted leave of absence, and Frederick C. Marsh, of Elizabeth, will be speaker pro tem. The speaker was formally congratulated on his approaching marriage with Miss Miller, of New York, on Wednesday.

Mrs. Vandergrift on Trial.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., April 29.—The trial of Mrs. Carrie Vandergrift for attempting to slowly poison her stepson, Frank Norman, began to-day in the court house here. In his food, with the alleged object of obtaining insurance money on his life, has begun here. The case excites great interest. Dr. Hall, the physician who attended young Norman, testified that when he was called in he found Norman feeble and emaciated, and during his subsequent visits the youth grew rapidly worse. Dr. Hull finally decided from what he saw and heard at the house that something was wrong. He questioned Mrs. Vandergrift of administering croton oil, and told her she ought to be in jail. She did not deny the charge, even when Dr. Hall went further and accused her of having poisoned her husband. She merely secured another physician, and threatened to arrest Dr. Hall for defamation of character. Adjourned.

A New Baseball League Proposed.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 29.—Sam Adler, of St. Louis, has written to Henry Quinn, secretary of the Milwaukee Baseball club, proposing the formation of an independent baseball league to embrace the cities of Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Kansas City, Indianapolis and Cincinnati. It is proposed to pay no attention to the national agreement or the Players' league blacklist. Letters have been received from prominent baseball players all over the country named and a number of well known players have signified their willingness to play in the proposed independent league.

A Pittsburg Oil Broker Fails.

PITTSBURG, April 29.—J. R. Johnson, one of the most extensive oil brokers in this city, has failed. Liabilities are not unknown. Mr. Johnson says that he will be able to pay at least seventy-five cents on the dollar. Mr. Johnson suffered considerable loss by the failure of the Pittsburg Commission company last Saturday. This, together with the recent advances in prices of stocks, produce, etc., necessitated a suspension of business. Mr. Johnson is widely and favorably known. He was the candidate for state treasurer on the Prohibition ticket at the late election.

A Bucket Shop "Lays Down."

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—Merrick, Price & Co., the proprietors of a bucket shop here, have announced their suspension. The firm "laid down" on its customers, but announce that it will pay 100 cents on the dollar. This is the second bucket shop which has gone under here since the recent upward movement in stocks began.

Mayor Grant's Defense.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Ex-Mayor Edson, in response to an inquiry from Mayor Grant, states that Mr. Grant was not a candidate for commissioner of public works during his (Edson's) term of office, as was alleged in Patrick McCann's testimony before the senate cities committee Saturday.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.25
California Plums	20	2.25
California Apricots	25	2.75
California Peaches	10	1.15
Strawberries, Raspberries, Gooseberries	10	1.10
Shingles Beans extra choice	15	1.65

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

IN THE WORLD OF LABOR.

Chicago's Big Strike May Soon Be Settled.

THE SITUATION AT PITTSBURG

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Grants the Demands of Its Employes—The Supreme Council of the Federation of Railway Employes Consider the Situation.

CHICAGO, April 29.—There is now a prospect that the carpenters' strike will soon be settled. The arbitration committee of the carpenters' council and the Boss Carpenters' association, with four of the citizens' committee, met last evening at the Leland and ten hours. The situation was thoroughly reviewed and the questions at issue discussed. At the close of the conference the two committees most interested decided that all existing differences could be easily settled by arbitration, and agreed to recommend such a plan of settlement to their respective associations. The carpenters' council is holding a special session this afternoon for the purpose of instructing its arbitration committee, if arbitration is agreed upon, as it doubtless will be.

At Work Again Next Monday.

The new bosses' association has all along been willing to arbitrate. If the present plans of the two arbitration committees are sanctioned by their organizations they will meet on Thursday for the final settlement of the strike, and it is probable that the greater part of the striking carpenters will be at work next Monday.

They Will Not Recognize the Union.

The Contractors and Builders' association is in no way a party to the proposed settlement, but remains obstinate in the matter of recognizing the union.

Another Strike Certain.

It is now certain that the employes of the Union stock yards, 20,000 in number, will go on a strike on May 1. It has been arranged by the men to quit work Thursday morning unless the packers have signified their willingness to grant the eight hour day and other concessions demanded. The employers are united in refusing the terms asked by the employes.

Armour Holds the Key.

President O'Neill says that the men have been disinterested in the strong times. Employment, he says, has been very unsteady there being cases where the men did not obtain work seven months in the year, the average being 24 a week. He asserts that the man who holds the key to the situation is Philip G. Armour. The packers, include Mr. Mr. Armour, agreed that under the eight hour system they could not compete with Kansas City. Armour, Mr. O'Neill contends, does not have to compete with Kansas City, for at that place he has a monopoly.

Mr. Gompers on Law and Order.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Samuel Gompers, in an address to the American Federation of Labor, says:

In the demonstrations to be held May 1 turn out in vast numbers and by your presence must feet your unalterable determination to have the eight hour law enforced. Your action must be made at a time, yet for all, as the ultimate result. Allow no one to provoke you to a breach of the peace. Maintain your self-possession and violence engage in no riots, let the watchword be the enforcement of the eight hour workday—firm, peaceable and possible. With solid hearts and clear heads, let us concentrate all our efforts to victory on the carpenters and joiners. Men at labor, stand along side of us to the achievement of the eight hour workday.

The May Day Demonstration.

The following organizations will participate in the demonstration on the inauguration of the eight hour movement in New York Thursday: Furniture workers, cigar makers, custom tailors, bakers, about 5,000 strong; silk ribbon weavers and wool workers. The German trades of Brooklyn, numbering 1,000 men, will join in the demonstration. The speakers announced for the mass meeting at Union square in the evening are: P. J. McGuire, Father Huntington, S. H. Gompers, Henry Emrich, Theo. Harris, Dr. Daniel De Leon, Saul Goetzkau, T. B. Wakeman, D. Zamatkin, J. Kahn and J. Hilkowitz.

Waiting Delegates Charles E. Owens, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, said he anticipated little trouble in securing the adoption of the eight hour day.

The Men to Give In.

PITTSBURG, April 29.—The Baltimore and Ohio railroad has posted notices granting the demands of their employes. They grant day conductors $2.75 per day, night conductors $2.50, day brakemen $2.25, and night brakemen $2.10. Ten hours is to constitute a day's work, and men are to be paid for overtime. The Baltimore and Ohio is the first railroad to accede to terms that have been heard from the Pennsylvania lines. The supreme council of the employes met in the afternoon, but took no decisive action.

The Supreme Council in Session.

F. P. Sergeant, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Terre Haute, Ind.; H. E. Ells and C. W. Wooley, of the Order of Railway Conductors, Terre Haute; W. H. Sheehan, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Galsburg, Ills., have arrived in the city and are in consultation. Their action was not held. John Downey, Frank Sweeney and J. A. Hall, of the Switchmen's association, arrived last evening. These gentlemen compose the supreme council of the Federation of Railway Employes. The situation is being thoroughly discussed by them, and some definite action will be arrived at. Of this council Mr. Sergeant is president, and in his hands what will be done to a great extent rests.

Mine Operators and Workers Meet.

CHICAGO, April 29.—The conference of the Illinois mine operators and mine workers was not productive of immediate results, and the tone of the utterances does not promise well for the near future. The generally expressed opinion of the operators present was that competing operators from the Indiana and Pittsburg sections of Illinois and from Indiana would not join the conference, and that without such cooperation it would be useless to expect representatives of northern Illinois coal to agree upon any advance over last year's prices.

Carpenters and Masons for Chicago.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The Central Labor Inspectors at the barge office stopped over 100 masons and carpenters who arrived per the steamers City of Rome and Aurania. They were all bound for Chicago. The reason pleaded was that there was a scarcity of laborers and gave out their intention of becoming citizens. Although the inspectors were confident that the men were there some sort of contract they could not hold them and they were discharged.

A Chorus Girl Killed.

STAUNTON, Va., April 29.—Miss Myrtle Knott, a "Queen of Jubilee" chorus girl, was killed in a railroad accident near this village yesterday. Miss Myrtle died while she was being taken from the wrecked car. Miss Edith Miller's leg was broken, and Miss E. Webb, Bertha Stevens, Louis Mansion, Miss Bertha Fisher and Miss Inez Dunham were bruised and cut. W. F. Kilpatrick, a lumber merchant of New York, had a leg badly injured, and L. L. Slomann, a commercial traveler of Cincinnati, was badly bruised. Myrtle Knott was a chorus girl, 19 years of age and very pretty. She was formerly a telegraph operator in a Kansas City hotel.

The Haverhill Strike.

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Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1056.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Creditner, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to families and classes. Private and class dances. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34th street.
9-28-1y

M R. F. L. CONDE,
Teacher of Violin, 13 years a student. Special terms to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solo and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 1290. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the Royal and Imperial graduated by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German Languages and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1883.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

D R. M. S. SIMPSON,
Office No. 20 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-8-1y

E. V. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. K. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 169 East Front street Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES E. RAMSEY,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Office kept in advance of the regular. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

CHARLES TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 25 and 26. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only,

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese, (Fresh every day.)

Get our Prices on Canned Goods. Fine Preserves of Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bolognas, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood wurst, Liver-wurst, Boiled Ham, Spiced Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Minster Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Hand and Limburger Cheese.

W. C. TUBB, Plainfield and Elizabeth

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRING STYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Fields as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

Kline's Extracts.

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L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he is employed by the present owner, to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done on the best machines.

Sincerely thanking the public for past favors, solicits a share of their valued orders which shall receive the same careful attention from him in his present capacity as in former years. Telephone 120.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the popular price of 25 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Ribbons and Frosting. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARDWARE, PLUMBING

AND TINNING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

35 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call 6.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARDS.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in Amer can Damask, a neat pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS,

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

56 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 888.

SEE THE COMPARISON.

EAST AGAINST THE WEST.

OURS.	McGINTY'S.
Prime Cattle	Texas Beef,
Jersey Lambs.	Colorado Goats.
Native Veal.	Western Grasses.
Jersey Pork.	Chicago Dressed.
Fresh Dressed Turkeys.	Kansas Frozen.
Sugar Cured Hams.	Shoulders Ham
FAIR PRICES.	Trimmed.

N. B. Shankley's, Decker at any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Crushed Stone Quarry, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size desired, suitable for Concrete, also Prices, Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 702.

Meats of all Kinds

at the New Meat Market,

No. 17 West Front Street.

GEORGE ORLEMAN, Prop.,

Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-4-1m*

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

18 NORTH AVENUE

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, BUCKEYE, ROBIN, PILLSBURY'S and ROSE. The latter a specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality, CHEAP AND LOW. Agent for HICKEY'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

46 North avenue.

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; which in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

JAMES HARDY,
THE CONTRACTOR,
No. 20 Somerset Street.

UNDER DEATH'S SHADOW.

Murderer William Kemmler Makes His Will.

WRITING DURSTON'S DEATH CHAIR

"Surrender Will Be Prompt Still," Says the Southwick—The Chair and the Death Chamber Described—The Execution Is Expected to Occur Today or Wednesday.

AUBURN, N. Y., April 29.—In one of the shops of Auburn prison yesterday afternoon two convicts put the finishing touches to the pine coffin which is to receive the body of the murderer Kemmler. In his method of quelling the murderer himself and making his last bed and last garment. Calmly and apparently indifferent to the rapid approach of death it revealed not his few effects with the coolest ease.

WARDEN DURSTON.

He leaves his Bible to Daniel; his pictorial Bible primer to Mrs. Durston; his game of "pigs in the clover" to Rev. Mr. Houghton; his testament to Bill, as he calls the other convict in the death cell, all written over with the name, to Chaplain Tatem.

Kemmler's Bequests.

For a long time Kemmler has been accustomed to bequeath by writing the names he wished him by the warden, but he says that he guesses he has no more time for that. When his clothes and effects were brought to him on Monday he said he did not want to see them until he got them on to die in. So said to the warden: "We'll do this thing whenever you are ready. We want to well do it the last of the week as the last so far as I am concerned."

Inspecting the Death Chair.

The Erie county district attorney, C. E. Sprague, Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, Dr. O. Allen and Alfred Southwick have arrived. The latter is the original mover in the agitation which resulted in the abolition of the gallows and the adoption of electricity as the law's agent of death. When the party reached Auburn they proceeded at once to the penitentiary. Warden Durston met them, and a tour of the prison was made. The party was invited to inspect the death chair and the room in which the execution will take place.

They went down the steps which lead to the main entrance. Under these steps is a large door leading into the main basement hall. The door is now nearly been cut through, and the warden assured the little party that they were the first outsiders who had ever entered the prison in that way. To the right of the main hall in the basement is a door leading into the room originally prepared for the execution. There were present the chair made by Harold P. Brown, but which has since been discarded. Dr. Southwick criticised sharply that chair and another which he had designed for that purpose.

Dr. Southwick's Model Chair.

"It should be," said he, "precisely similar to a dental chair, except that the foot should be open at the back. The head piece should be adjustable and should contain a scoop shaped receptacle for a sponge filled with a saline fluid. To this receptacle the wire should be attached that the sponge pressed firmly to the top of the spine by means of a strap across the forehead. This should be thoroughly saturated in a salt solution. The seat of the chair should be a metal basin holding a sponge full of saline fluid. The other end of the wire should be connected with this seat. The condemned person should then be placed in the chair, the strap on the head adjusted and all is in readiness. Simplicity and rapidity should be the prime characteristics in construction of this kind."

The Durston Chair.

All hands, including the warden, agreed with Dr. Southwick. The Durston chair, by which Kemmler is to die, was next tried two convicts brought it in. It is a plain concern, somewhat larger than an ordinary dining room chair. It has a high back, surmounted by a figure 4 made of metal. The base of the triangle rests on top of the head of the person seated in the chair, and will contain a sponge attached to the head piece. Between the shoulders is an adjustable pillow, which serves to keep the body in a erect position.

How the Thing Is Done.

Dr. Daniels placed himself in the chair, and Warden Durston showed how the thing is to be done by strapping him in it, but as Kemmler will be fastened in a broad leather belt across the chest, the abdomen and tightens a woven strap across the back, passing a sponge connected with the wire behind the head. Another strap passes over the chest presses the shoulders against the pillow. A third is divided in two, the lower half passing across the chair, the upper over the eyes, the arms are strapped across the biceps and over the wrist. When relaxation takes place after death the victim cannot, as Dr. Daniels demonstrated, fall forward or or downward more than an eighth of an inch.

Kemmler's Conversion.

Kemmler was not seen by any of the party, nor has he been seen by any one except his usual attendants since Saturday last. He talks of nothing but religion. District Attorney Quimby, who conducted the prosecution, believes in Kemmler's conversion. "I have watched him carefully," said he, "since his first imprisonment in Buffalo, and do not believe he has the mora conception necessary to found a basis for religious belief, nor has he sufficient enough to comprehend the plan of Christianity or to accept it if he did. He is simply an overwrought child and his mind is clear."

"He Will Be Frozen Stiff."

Dr. Southwick believes that the end will be absolutely painless, and thinks the preparations are doing perfectly right in preparing to publish a full account of the execution. "Kemmler will be frozen stiff," said the doctor, "in the fraction of a second. It is the best way I know of to describe what will happen to him. There will be an instant of rigidity, and then of action, but he will know nothing of either. Life will go in a space of time so small that we cannot describe it."

The consensus of opinion is that the execution will occur some time today or early Wednesday morning.

A Friend Against Butterworth's Bill.

NEW YORK, April 29.—A protest against Butterworth anti-option bill has been signed by a large number of cotton merchants in New York, who warn southern farmers and dealers that the bill would be a menace to their common interests. Among the signers are Hubbard, Price & Co., Woodward & Stillman, J. H. Parker, Jones, Reed & Co., R. T. Wilson & Co., Ingold Grunas & Co., and other large firms.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Boston, 10; New York, 7. Errors: Boston, 2; New York, 14. Batteries: Getzein and Clarke, Sharrott and O'Rourke. Attendance, 1,502.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Philadelphia, 3. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries: Caruthers and Clark, Vickery and Clements. Attendance, 2,276.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Cleveland, 9; Chicago, 5. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Chicago, 5. Batteries: Beatin and Zimmer, Gumbert and Lowe. Attendance, 1,500.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Pittsburg, 10; Cincinnati, 6. Errors: Pittsburg, 0; Cincinnati, 4. Batteries: Sowders and Miller, Duryea and Harrington. Attendance, 800.

Players' League.

At Boston—

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Base hits: Boston, 10; New York, 6. Errors: Boston, 4; New York, 4. Batteries: Radbourn and Kelly, Keefe and Ewing. Attendance, 1,600.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Base hits: Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 7. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Philadelphia, 2. Batteries: Weyhing and Kinslow, Esper and Milligan. Attendance, 4,000.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Buffalo, 7; Chicago, 10. Errors: Buffalo, 2; Chicago, 2. Batteries: Haddock and Black, Rigg and Boyle. Attendance, 2,100.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	5
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Pittsburg, 11; Cleveland, 12. Errors: Pittsburg, 2; Cleveland, 6. Batteries: Maul and Carroll, Dwight and Brown. Attendance, 722.

American Association.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

Base hits: Rochester, 7; Brooklyn, 8. Errors: Rochester, 2; Brooklyn, 4. Batteries: Fitzgerald and Robinson, McCullough and Bowers.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Athletic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Syracuse, 3; Athletic, 5. Errors: Syracuse, 3; Athletic, 3. Batteries: Keefe and Briggs, McMahon and Robinson.

At Louisville—

Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Louisville, 7; Toledo, 1. Batteries: Stratton and Hyland and Rogers.

At St. Louis—

St. Louis	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	4	9
Columbus	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2

Base hits: St. Louis, 16; Columbus, 17. Errors: St. Louis, 2; Columbus, 11. Batteries: Chamberlain and Earle, Easton and O'Connor.

Atlantic Association.

At Wilmington—Wilmington, 6; Hartford, 12. Base hits: Wilmington, 14; Hartford, 11. Errors: Wilmington, 3; Hartford, 2. Batteries: Lafoun and Corcoran, Pappe and Moore.

At Washington—Washington, 12; Jersey City, 5. Base hits: Washington, 17; Jersey City, 7. Errors: Washington, 2; Jersey City, 4. Batteries: Phillips and Riddle, Helbernett and Dowd.

At Scranton—Scranton, 5; Worcester, 7. Base hits: Baltimore, 15; Worcester, 12. Errors: Baltimore, 3; Worcester, 4. Batteries: Shaw and Tannehill, Stafford and Wheeler.

At Newark—Newark, 7; New Haven, 10. Base hits: Newark, 10; New Haven, 11. Errors: Newark, 3; New Haven, 4. Batteries: Sullivan and Duty, Horner and Holford.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The representatives of ten Pan-American nations have signed the peace treaty formulated by the conference.

Major John S. Lewis, aged 86, founder of the Wesleyan Female seminary, died at Atlanta, Ga., April 28.

The $50,000 bail of ex-Alderman McCabe, of New York, on his indictment for bribery, has been discharged on recommendation of District Attorney Fellows, McCabe having been adjudged insane and being now in the Utica insane asylum.

The jury in the trial of O'Donovan Rossa and Mr. Hendrickson for criminal libel upon P. S. Connolly have found a verdict of guilty, with an urgent recommendation to mercy in the case of Rossa, and not guilty in the case of Hendrickson. Rossa will probably escape with a fine.

Newton Case, to whom Hartford (Conn.) Theological seminary is indebted for its peculiarly valuable library of 45,000 volumes, has announced his intention to erect at once a fireproof library building.

The Ohio state legislature has adjourned to meet again next January.

Senator MacFarlane, of Philadelphia, acknowledges that he is ruined, but says his affairs will not involve those of his insurance company.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1046.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
IS AT
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms to suit. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed to contractors. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer. P. O. Box 666. Telephone call 39.

NEWS FROM ALBANY.

The Rapid Transit Bill Passed—How Money for the Capitol.

ALBANY, April 29.—In the assembly last night the senate bill appropriating $600,000 for erecting the dome and improving the condition of the capitol building was read a third time by unanimous consent. Mr Husted said the bill, if passed, would save $60,000 annually of the damage now going on.

Mr. Fish said from what he could learn from Capitol Commissioner Perry and other sources the money was absolutely necessary to spend some money for repairs. Mr Sheehan objected to work on the capitol being done by Mr. Perry under a commission. He would much prefer to have Mr. Perry solely responsible. The bill passed—29 to 20.

The governor sent in, vetoes to the following bills: Mr. Gardenier's bill revising the school laws of Hudson; Assemblyman Towne's bill authorizing school district 1 in Oyster Bay to issue bonds; a senate and Assemblyman Currier's bill allowing the Erie county supervisors to protect fish in the waters of the county. Mr. Andrus bill allowing certain fishing owners land sales came up on final passage and was lost—yeas, 47; nays, 62. Bills passed: Mr Davis, revising the charter of Alexandria Bay. Curtis—For the claim of C. Harris for determining the boundary line between New York and New Jersey. Mr. Davis—To distribute the Revised Statutes. The rapid transit bill was then passed—yeas, 78 nays, 34.

In the senate the following bills were passed: Mr. Loder's, imposing a twenty seven mills tax for a canal fund; Mr. Brett's, creating a Brooklyn park commission; Mr. Hendricks', to furnish law blanks to Orange county; Mr. Lexow's, Mr. Saxton's, making Lincoln's birthday a legal holiday; Mr. Laughlin's, relative to chattel mortgages on telegraph and telephone companies; Mr. McNaughton's, permitting use of Myer's patent ballot machine at town meetings; Mr. Sloan's board of claims Saratoga springs bill; Mr. Stewart's, relative to findings by a court of referee Mr. Emerson's, relative to using stoves on narrow gauge railroads; Mr. Lincoln's, relative to examinations of schools subject to to regent examinations.

Mr. Stewart introduced a bill providing for the Central Park Board to collect taxes in a park or place north of Fifty-ninth street. The cable bill was then taken up again and referred to the railroad committee without instructions—yeas, 19 nays, 7.

Governor Hill has allowed the two-dollar a-day repeal bill to become a law.

Billy Murphy's Challenge.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Billy Murphy, the featherweight champion of the world, issues a challenge through The Police Gazette to any man in the world at 118 pounds for a $5,500 purse (which the California Athletic club will offer), and a purse of $500 outside the club purse. He is willing to meet George Dixon and Cal McCarthy on the same night after the latter's California or Occidental Athletic clubs, California, for a purse of $2,500, the winner to receive $2,000

Troops to Protect the Court.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 29.—Governor Buckner has laid before the members of the general assembly a communication in regard to the outlawry in Perry county. His action was brought about by another communication from Judge Lilly, of the Nineteenth district, urging that troops be sent to each section of the county that court may be held. The governor asked the serious consideration of the general assembly in the matter.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Speaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MRS. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near Pe. 10-15tf

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
29 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING.
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Best stores promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

CARPENTRY
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
M. E. MOORE,
BUILDER.
IS LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,
where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to
JOBBING.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY Us

SAUCY NEWFOUNDLAND.

She Resents an Alleged Insult and Drives Away Yankee Fishermen.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., April 29.—The crew of schooner Elsie M. Smith, from Western Banks, say they called at Fortune Bay to obtain bait. After buying a license they found that instead of being good one year it would have to be renewed every time they landed, which would be about every three weeks, costing $1 for every ton the vessel registered. Finding this more than they could afford to pay, they gave up the license and went to Burin to get bait. While there the cutter Foina came in with a judge and court on board, prepared to try any case brought to their notice for violation of the bait law. The coast was so thoroughly patrolled that every place where bait could be procured was guarded by armed crews.

Their strict enforcement is caused by vessels taking more bait than is needed and selling it to French people in that locality. It was said that Newfoundland had sent a representative to Washington to try and make a satisfactory settlement, but that he was not noticed and was almost kicked out of doors. American fishing owners have said they wanted no bait from Newfoundland, and could get along better without it. Now let them stand the consequences. The Elsie reports that the Nova Scotiaman reported at Round Counts eight days ago loaded with herring. Capt. White was accused of violating the law by having a cargo aboard giving bonds of $1,000 to land it in the United States. Instead of doing this he sold it to the French at St. Pierre and returned. Nothing more was heard of it. Fishermen say it is no use to go to the Banks confishing while such a law exists against supplying the bait. Our own people are responsible for the existing state of affairs by misrepresenting the facts in the case.

The Senate Leakage Affair Cost $2,000.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The last act of the investigation of the "petitions" newspaper correspondents was enacted when Mr. Jones, of Nevada, as chairman of the committee to audit and control the contingent expenses of the senate, signed the vouchers entitling the five correspondents called as witnesses to $132 witness fees. The correspondents were in actual attendance on the session of the committee four days, but each of them was under subpoena for fifty-one days while the senate was determining whether or not to commit them for contempt. The investigation of the publication of the secrets of executive sessions has cost the senate about $6,000 and has resulted in nothing.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 98 West Front street.

THE BEE HIVE
Spring Coats.

Children's Reefers	$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped and check cloths	$1.98, $2.50
Ladies' Spring Coats.. $1.50, $2, $2.50	
A full line of Infants' long and short Cashmere Cloaks	$3.00 to $8.00
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular	.18c
Children's " " "	.15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves	25c
4-Button Kid Gloves	49, 60, 75c

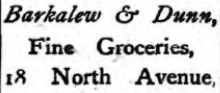
Louis Callman,
40 FRONT WEST STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1497.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES, GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
H. A. POPE,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Frank Linke,
Established 1868.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.



DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

From the Family Chestnut Tree.

"Where does Bronx get his wit—from his father or his mother?"

"Father. Judging from the wit I imagine it was handed down to him from his primeval ancestor."—Harper's Bazar.

The Seductive Squeeze.

Bob Reeler—Do you know, old man, I never realized the "power of the press" until last night?

Chas. Pelt—How was that?

Bob Reeler—She accepted me!—Dry Goods Chronicle.

Not Afraid.

"I wonder you are not afraid to let the baby play with the carving knife like that," said Mrs. Simeral to Mrs. Stonepeg.

"Oh, she can't hurt it," replied the latter; "it is an old one."—Harper's Bazar.

It Always Happens So.

Tom—I guess you know what side your bread is buttered on, don't you?

Dick—I guess I do. It's buttered on the side that strikes the floor every time I happen to drop a piece of it.—Yonowine's News.

The Easiest Way to Regret Him.

"Miss Barrow, I offer you my hand. I have long loved you. I"—

Say no more, Mr. Sullendaller. If it is the hand you write checks with you offer me, I accept with pleasure."—Life.

His Principal Occupation.

Judge (to tramp)—What is your occupation? What do you do?

Tramp—Nothing, my honor.

Judge—Well, what have you done most?

Tramp—Time, yer honor!—The Lawyers American.

Proof of Pure Milk.

Guest—Waiter, there's a dead fish in this milk.

Waiter—Co's day is, boss. Don't a cow sign bin good enough watah in dat milk for him to live on.—Washington Star.

Re
V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bryan, P. O. Box 1293. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

ALLEN.
The Stationer,
HAS SOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED
Easter Booklets,
WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.
22 EAST FRONT STREET.

INSURANCE.
ISAAC BROKAW & SON,
REAL ESTATE
AND
FIRE INSURANCE,
Office 20 Door Street, North Plainfield.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April, 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 5.30, 5.45, 6 a. m. 6.45, 7.30, 7.50, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.15, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Elizabeth 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.15, 8.30, 9.15, 9.30, 10.15, 10.30, 11.15, 11.30 a. m. 12.15, 12.30, 1.15, 1.30, 2.15, 2.30, 3.15, 3.30, 4.15, 4.30, 5.15, 5.30, 6.15, 6.30, 7.15, 7.30, 8.15, 8.30, 9.15, 9.30, 10.15, 10.30, 11.15, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 a. m. 12.00 m. 1.00, 3.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 8.07, 9.37, 11.32 a. m. 1.02, 2.30, 3.45, 4.32, 5.20, 6.30, 8.36, 9.36, 11.37 p. m. Sundays, 9.13, 10.43 a. m. 2.43, 5.13, 6.43, 8.13, 10.13 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.10, 7.40, 8.50, 10.50 a. m. 12.50, 2.15, 3.30, 4.17, 5.05, 6.15, 7.25, 8.21, 10.14 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Dunellen.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 8.15, 9.37 a. m. 1.02, 4.32, 5.20, 6.30, 8.36, 9.36, 11.37 a. m. Sundays, 9.13, 10.43 a. m. 2.43, 5.13, 6.43, 8.13, 10.13 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m. 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.22 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8.07 a. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.37 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lambertville, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Manchunk, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Pittston. 1.02 p. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. 4.32 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton and Pittston. 5.20 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Hackettstown, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 6.30, 8.36 p. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., etc. 9.36 p. m. For Flemington, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. 11.37 p. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

Sundays at 5.22 a. m. for Easton 9.37 a. m. for Flemington, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. 4.32 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Hackettstown, Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5.22 a. m. 12.02 12.30, 5. m. 2.15, 4.32, 5.20 p. m. Sundays, 9.37 a. m. 12.02 p. m. 5.20 p. m.

For Perth Amboy 5.22, 8.07, 9.37 a. m. 12.02, 2.15, 4.32, 5.20, 6.30, 8.36, 9.36, 11.37 p. m. Sundays 9.37 a. m. 12.02 p. m. 5.20 p. m.

For Atlantic City 5.22 11.30, a. m., 1.02 p. m. Sunday 8.07 a. m.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 5.22, 7.30, 8.07, 9.37, 10.30 a. m. 1.02, 2.30, 3.45, 4.32, 5.20, 6.30, 8.36, 9.36, 11.37 p. m. Sundays at 5.22, 9.37 a. m. 2.43, 5.13, 6.43, 8.13, 10.13 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.22, 5.22, 11.30 a. m., 1.02, 2.30, 4.32, 5.20, 6.30, 9.36, 11.37 p. m. Sundays at 1.22, 5.22 a. m. 2.43, 6.43 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

PEERLESS DYES are the best.

Prudent Young Fellows Search
Upon Downtown—Well, this is a good start for the evening; I've just saved five dollars. Rowns de Bout—How's that?
Upon Downtown—Because otherwise we can deliver on my watch, but I only took five. Where shall we skip to first?—Puck.

A Hard Deal.
Scraggins—We fellers have to put up with all sorts of beds. I often sleep on the bare ground or on a plank.
Raggles—Yep, and I often have to sleep on an empty stomach.—Chatter.

A Feint in Grammar.
Ethel (to peterfamiliar, who has just said grace)—Papa, you gave: is it grammatical to say Amen?—American Grocer.

A Trade Combination.
"Why don't you go to work?" she asked of the tramp.
"I am a-working, lady."
"As what, may I ask?"
"No matter for that, mum, I'm a-working as a traveling adver. for a soap firm. I'm the 'Before Using' card, and my partner's the 'After Using' card, and we're known as the 'Before Using' and of the combination. Thank you, mum."—Philadelphia Times.

Headquarters
For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Misses' Underwear, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes, etc.
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Recovering Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Fro street next to P. O.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made
Furniture Express
81 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

Higgins' Stage Line
TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—
BEGINNING ON TIME:
First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:30 a. m. to meet 7:50 a. m. train. Hillside ave. and Rowe—7:40 a. m. Broadway and Front st.—to Bound Brook—to Commercial ave. and Park ave.—to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.32 a. m. train.
2d do	9.15	do	9.32 do
3d do	10.30	do	10.47 do
4th do	11.00	do	11.17 do
5th do	11.45	do	12.02 p.m. do
6th do	1.15 p. m.	do	1.32 p. m. do
7th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
8th do	3.30 do	do meet 3.51 p. m. train.	
9th do	5.00 do	do	5.32 do
10th do	6.00 do	do	6.32 do
11th do	6.45 do	do	7.05 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 9th street at Rockview and Monroe avenues, North Plainfield, according to above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make private trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.30 a. m. 2.30, 3.45, 4.45, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty, for pleasure and business. Horses not driven after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

Mr. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call. 35. 1-30

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m., 12:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:20, 9:50, 11:45 a. m., 12:25, 5:20 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—8:15 a. m., and 6:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 6:20 p. m.:
Direct postoffice to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:25 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 5:15 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Somerville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Sundays, office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Open every evening until 8:00 p. m. to oversee of box holders.

Owners of box-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Money Order office.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 5 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

CALL ON
H. N. SPENCER, SOMERSET ST,
FOR SEEDS.

BASS BLIND
Sash, doors, carts, furnaces, pews, hardware. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin Inc. engine. John P. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to H. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Scientific Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.
27 1-2 West Front street.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons
Successor to Ramons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Residence, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 963. Horse Plainfield, N.

James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder
All kinds of work. 20 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 461.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, and H. B. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite Depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 22 Third street, corner Park. Telephone connection at office and residence. Open at all hours, day or night.

BIG CLOSING OUT SALE
at FRUCHT'S, Somerset Street.
Great reduction in price of goods preparatory to moving to new store on W. Front St.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)
NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET,
and 32 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 335.
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 32.

TUNIS J. CAREY
81 WEST FRONT STREET,
all Kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITUR

SHE LAID HER HAND IN MINE.

She laid her little hand in mine,
O, joy, if I might hope to win it!
And, at the touch, a flash divine
Thrilled all along th' electric line.
For just one brief and blessed minute.

And then, again, when at the stile
Her timid steps began to waver,
She gave to me her hand the while,
Nor guessed that I'd walk many a mile,
Delighted to repeat the favor.

She was an innocent of love,
The master passion—who can doubt it?
As any tender hearted dove
That comes upon the pendent grapevine,
And did not see her soul about it.

She laid her little hand in mine,
With not a semblance of emotion;
But on the tendrils of the vine
Unconsciously she curled and twine
Around the symbol of devotion.

And oh! her faith in me awoke
A sense of knighthood; she had crowned me;
And though without a word I spoke,
Lest I her sanctity provoke,
Tender and true she ever found me.

And so one day her hand in mine
She laid in token of her little fancies;
When, joy! there thrilled along the line
The sweet assurance, so divine,
That made me knew her heart was in it.
—New York Ledger.

WOMEN AS PHARMACISTS.

It Is an Occupation for Which Women Are Peculiarly Adapted.

I entered a drug store the other day, and a bright eyed, intelligent young woman came to wait upon me. I handed her a physician's prescription, and let the smile from on her pretty lips, and a little wave of perplexity succeeded it.

"I—er—the prescription clerk is not in at present," she said, doubtfully. "If you are not in a hurry—"

She hesitated, and to relieve her evident embarrassment I replied that I could wait.

"You do not fill prescriptions?" I asked, carelessly.

"Oh, no," she answered, as sophatically as though I had asked her if she ruled an em pire. She looked over the three years and understand everything else, but I never handle the drugs."

Now, that girl, bright and attractive as she was, will always be a flat failure. One who could be possessed of such natural and practical advantages for learning, and yet, at the end of three years, not even dream of "handling the drugs," has not one of the qualities which contribute to success. Five years hence we will find her either married to some harmless young man who parts his hair in the middle and runs white rose on his haldkerchief, or still contentedly selling pretty sundries from the show case, and not bothering her head about the drugs.

I am not understand why more women have not turned to the study of pharmacy. It is an occupation to which they seem particularly adapted, giving as it does healthful clear brains, equation, self reliance and a light, delicate touch. Yet, when the principal of Cooper school of design for women read to the scholars that a certain young lady was going to leave them to enter the school of pharmacy many eyes grew round with curiosity and astonishment.

There seems to be a predisposition in the minds of girls who are trying to decide upon a "career" to cast about for something easy; something that will not require much study, and which will not have too much responsibility about it. I fear they want everything temporary and easy. They want to get married until they can make a good marriage, and which may then be cast aside like an old glove.

But, girls, to be a thoroughly competent pharmacist and a druggist is something of which you may be proud. It means not only that you have a fair education, but also that you have given a large share of study, to study and thought and scientific experiments.

But you must learn to be a business man as well, if you wish to be successful. There are some disadvantages about the drug business for women, of course; but none that may not be overcome. The hours are long, for instance, and many a comfortable night's rest. But a modest, bright and popular young lady can draw custom to any store and make herself so necessary to the business that the proprietor will be glad to favor her in the way of hours and night work.

But don't undertake pharmacy with any half heartedness, half way notions. Make up your mind that you will wash bottles, if necessary, when you secure your first situation; that it is no degradation. You think nothing of washing dishes for your mother.

If you wish to undertake it, there are no obstacles in the road to a successful and interesting career in pharmacy which may not be rolled aside by a girl who is intelligent and self reliant, and who is willing to study and to work.—Ella Higginson in West Shore.

Two Ways of Traveling.

When Queen Victoria takes a little trip by rail, the track is cleared, a small army of extra guards is put on duty and an engine proclaims royalty's train. Traffic on that road is suspended until her majesty's train has passed, and the public has no rights, either in the way of time or safety, that are not subjugated for the time being. When the wife of President Harrison reached Nashville by rail no herald engine preceded her train. In fact, she had no train—only a private car. No extra guards were required and no one's business or pleasure was interfered with by her progress to the summer city. Finding the hotel accommodations limited, she passed the night in her car. A vivid contrast, truly, between the journeyings of the most exalted women in the world.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Women in Africa.

Herbert Ward says that throughout central Africa the women outnumber the men three or four to one, the men being killed off in the wars and forays that are constantly being made by the tribes on another and by Arab slave traders on all. The women are almost invariably slaves. Usually there are not more than three or four free women in a village. The price of women is less than the price of pigs or goats. There was until recently one district ruled by a woman, and there these rules have been. Within the last few years, however, that tribe was exterminated, and now the degradation of women all over central Africa is universal.

When She Reaches Heaven.

My idea of a model husband is one who will get up in the morning and make the fire, bring me my breakfast, go and work all day, then come home and do the housework, give me all his money, attend no clubs or meetings of any kind and walk the floor all night to keep the baby quiet, or that I can sleep. I am anxious to marry, but not until I can get such a one as I have just described. I will make a loving wife. Will any one tell me where to find my ideal?—Cor. New York News.

A few years ago to have referred to a lady as a musician the piano would have been understood. Make the same remark now about this or that friend and the majority will be what instrument she plays. At a rough estimate there are in the young ladies in the musical circles of New York society according to society gossip remember, only "fiddle and organ" for orchestral work.

CLOTHING FOR INFANTS.

WHAT BABIES SHOULD WEAR IN ORDER TO BE COMFORTABLE.

Fine Flannel Should Be Worn During the First Few Months—That Fine Knit Wool Should Constitute the Apparel. Short Dresses on a Child.

"The fashions change in infants' clothing," said the woman in charge of the children's department at the Lilliputian Bazar. "But it is hard to keep track of them. Every baby clothing shall be of a style to make them happy and comfortable; style and comfort should be united above all things in the case of infants."

"Will you give me some ideas of how a child should be dressed until it is at least a year old?" was asked.

"Begin with the first thing needed—that is, a fine flannel band, which should, in three or four months, be replaced by one knit of Shetland wool. These bands are built like the top of the mormeron stocking. They should be large enough to slip over the child, but should, when adjusted, cling closely to the body, and thus they will serve what little support is needed to the abdomen. These knitted bands should be worn both winter and summer, and are quite a preventive against the bowel troubles so prevalent among young children. Many mothers keep them on their children until they are 3 or 4 years old.

"And, it's a good, sensible idea to put woolen next to the infant, and it's becoming so common now that the poor little frocks baby of a few years ago is fast going out of fashion. The home made knitted ones are always pretty, but the stores made Saxony, or cashmere, are nice for mothers who can't get the time to knit. Then, there is the flannel wool. These goods are considered a necessity for the poorest baby."

"What kind of flannel should be used—must it always be of the finest texture?"

"It need not be so fine, but it is necessarily, but it must be soft and pleasant to the touch—in fact, only such as is made from the finer quality of wool should come in contact with the baby's delicate skin, nor it need not be of the expensive sort."

"Do you know a good way to wash flannels and knit goods?"

"They should be washed in warm water, into which a tablespoonful of ammonia has been thrown. If soap is used it should be white and cleared in the water. In case of spots a little soap and a few drops of ammonia may be rubbed on the fabric. It should be remembered though that much rubbing tends to harden the goods. Rinse the garments up and down in the water, squeezing and rubbing them gently with the hands; then when they are clean rinse them in clear water of the same temperature as that in which they are washed. Be sure and rinse out all the suds, then pass them through clean water a third time, this also to be of the same degree of heat as the other ones—if a blue tone is desired add to this last water a few drops of bluing."

"For an infant's first dresses ordinary little slips of fine English nainsook are more suitable. These are very simply made, and are only trimmed with fine edgings. Six are sufficient, though more are sometimes considered, but that will do. After a few weeks even the most sensible mother is anxious about the baby's appearance. So the little slips which have thus far formed the child's only outer garment is worn only at night or in the early morning, and a little dress takes its place. These are generally also made of fine English goods; at least that is the fashion, though other materials are used. The tiny little yokes and sleeves are composed of hair tucks and feather stitching, while the whole is edged with the daintiest embroideries. But mothers who are not able to afford these more expensive dresses need not feel badly, as the very simple dresses are now made so prettily that an infant may be considered 'well dressed' with but little outlay."

Here were shown dresses representing the three extremes of fashion, one being a fine nainsook with a small yoke of tucks and feather stitching finished with Valenciennes lace; this was also in back, and the whole skirt was nearly composed of the same lace. The other, though but a simple cambric, was charming. The skirt was perfectly plain, but the waist had three box plaits, with lace at the neck, while a cambric sash came from the back and was tied in a bow in front. These dresses both came to be worn by the baby until it was four or six months old, when it puts on "short dresses."

"It is well," continued madame, "that a child should not put on its short dresses too soon, though circumstances or the weather must rule here. The exposures a child is subjected to and many other conditions must be taken into consideration."—New York News.

A Mourning Woman.

The woman who puts you into mourning is making home manufactures. She has long existed in England, but we have only just imported her. A bereaved family sends her to Isbogine's or Jay's, takes your measure and those of the children. She procures the stuff for the mourning frocks and bonnets and sees to it that they are instantly made. She furnishes the mourning paper, mourning handkerchiefs and note paper, and, if you carry it so far, the underwear. She tones down to proper decorum the decorations of the funeral rooms. She adds several shades the shadows that go to a proper mourning trousseau. By and by her occupation may vanish, like Bridal's, but by and by black may cease to be worn by intelligent women. —Cor. Pittsburg Leader.

Mrs. Ella Delts Clymer, the president of Sorosis, is a firm believer in women's clubs. She says: "I would advise every working girl to belong to a workingwomen's union. Women have been too much alone. They have lost confidence in themselves and are timid. Where women enter professions I would advocate their belonging to clubs, for social intercourse, sympathy and appreciation are necessary to women."

Mrs. Divens, of Lee county, Ga., has an old negro woman who does not know that she is free. When freedom dawned upon the negroes, and they all started to leave, this one, who is deaf and entirely dull as well, could not be made to understand it, and she has not found it out to this day, and is still living on the old plantation.

Miss Ella Ewing, living near Rainbow, Mo., 18 years old, is now 7 feet 7 inches high, weighs 225 pounds, wears a No. 9 dance, which of course she has to have made to order, and her schoolmaker had to order a special last. The girl's parents are of about the usual size, the father being possibly a little taller than the average man.

Monochromatic is the most fashionable descriptive adjective in use. It is applied to dinner table, an opera toilet, an interior and a wedding. To be monochromatic, to have a green on monochrome, is the perfection of taste.

Carnelettes of crimson, crinkled tissue are adjusted to the gas burner in such a way that the light streams down through the inverted cups.

HOW HAYSEED BOUGHT A WATCH.

When Farmer Hayseed struck the oil
He sold his farm, and with its sell
Still clinging to his golden bowers,
He aptly took a trip to town.

Inside a jeweler's shop he strayed,
And there one hundred dollars paid
For a gold watch, which the next day
Took back to get one twice as gay.

"Good morain'," grinned old Hayseed to
The jeweler; "how do yeou do?
I guess I'll change this watch for
That one that costs a hundred more."

The salesman, with a smiling face,
Took back the watch and gave in place
The one of double cost. "Hello!"
He cried, as Hayseed turned to go.

"I want a hundred dollars more
Before I let you leave my store."
Old Hayseed tipped a knowing wink;
"Wa-al, now, young man, I'm green, you think.

"B'gosh! I hain't; I'll let you see
Yeou can't play bunko onto me.
Didn't I give you yesterday
One hundred dollars cash in pay?

"And hain't this watch that I brought back
A hundred more? Jehosephat!
Yeou can't run me out of town! Some fools
Hain't much on figgerin' out of schools."

The jeweler scratched his puzzled head;
"That's so—you're right," he slowly said;
And haggled prices for his goods,
He let the mad old farmer out.
—H. C. Bodge in Chicago Sun.

Wasn't Losing His Memory.

Scotch railway station. Ticket collector in making his collection finds an old gentleman fumbling in his pockets for his ticket.

Ticket Collector—Tickets, please.

Old Gentleman—Well, I'm just lookin' for it.

Ticket Collector—Well, I'll look in again in a few minutes. See and have it ready then.

(Ticket collector returns shortly, but the old gentleman is still hunting for it.) Ticket Collector (suddenly)—Why, you have it in your mouth, man!

Old Gentleman (giving him the ticket)—Oh, so I have! Here you are!

Another Gentleman in the carriage as the train moves on to first gentleman—I'm afraid you're losing your memory, sir.

Old Gentleman—No fear o' that; nay fear o' that! The ticket was a fortnicht auld, and I wis jist sookin' the date aff't!—San Francisco Argonaut.

He Will Soon Be Here.

Presently the census taker will be around, book and pencil in hand, and conversations like the following will be under:

Census Taker—Have you children?

Woman—Yes; a son.

Census Taker—Male or female?

Woman—Male.

Census Taker—Age?

Woman—Two years and a half.

Census Taker—Married or single?

Woman—Single.

Census Taker (closing book)—That's all right. Thanks.—Texas Siftings.

Sight Seeing in Chicago.

Fair Traveler—Yes, I found the ladies' guide associations of London and Paris and New York such a convenience that on my arrival here in Chicago I advertised for a guide. You are one, I presume.

Chicago Girl—Yes, that's my business. Do you wish to start out at once?

"Yes."

"All right. Leave your valuables with the hotel clerk and get your pistol."—New York Weekly.

His Compliment.

Miss Simper—Yes, Mr. Brown, I think this reluctance on the part of ladies to let their age be known is all foolishness. I do not care who knows my age. I'm thirty-two. There it's out and you may tell it if you wish to.

Mr. Brown (anxious to pay a compliment)—I'm delighted to hear it from your own lips, Miss Simper. I never would have dreamed you were so young.—Boston Courier.

Accommodating.

Debtor and creditor:

"I want to know when you're a-goin' to pay this here bill. I can't be a-runnin' here every day in the week."

"Which day would suit you best?"

"Saturday."

"Well, then, you may come every Saturday."—Judge.

Mamma Doted on Pure Speech.

Mamma—Where have you been, daughter?

Daughter—Been out on the ave, mom, and saw some real shocking ankles than I've seen in a month of Christmases.

Mamma (with a pained expression)—Good heavens, child, such language as you do use! What makes you so flip?—Grand Valley Tidings.

Alarming, but Not Dangerous.

Caller (turning pale)—What dreadful noises are those, Mrs. Rambo? They sound like explosions.

Mrs. Rambo—I think that's what they are, Mrs. Baldwin. Mr. Rambo is trying to find out what ails the sliding doors in the back parlor.—Chicago Tribune.

He Was Unjustly Accused.

Employer (violently)—I am told that you are a great liar, sir; that it is impossible for you to speak the truth. Is that so?

Employe (humbly)—I am afraid it is, sir.

Employer (blandly)—Give me your hand. you have been maligned. You can speak the truth.—New York Sun.

A Defect to Be Remedied.

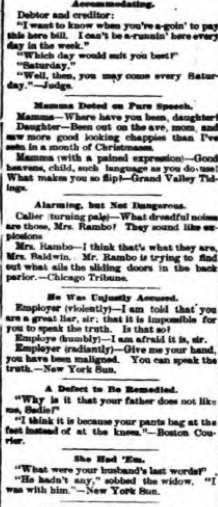
"Why is it that your father does not like me, Sadie?"

"I think it is because your pants bag at the feet, Instead of at the knees."—Boston Courier.

She Had 'Em.

"What were your husband's last words?" "He hadn't any," sobbed the widow. "I was with him."—New York Sun.

An Unexpected Conclusion.



First Parrot—Excuse me, but that is my apple.

Second Parrot—I beg your pardon, but it is mine.

Monkey (in cage above)—I very much dislike to interfere in an argument, but allow me to point out that you are both wrong.—Mumsey's Weekly.

EDSALL'S Great SPECIAL SALE!

OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW FURNISHINGS!

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890,

AND CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS.

Affording the citizens of Plainfield the Greatest Opportunity ever offered here to buy these goods at figures much below the usual prices. For full particulars see Circulars.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE'S

SPRING SHOES HAVE ARRIVED IN GREAT SHAPE, HENCE WE ARE ABLE TO SHOW THE PEOPLE A GREATER VARIETY THAN EVER BEFORE. WHEN YOU GET READY TO PURCHASE, COME AND SEE US, AND IMAGAGE YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE LARGEST SHOE STORES IN NEW YORK. THE CHANCES ARE YOU WILL FIND JUST WHAT YOU WANT, AND WILL GO AWAY PERFECTLY SATISFIED, AND WILL FIND YOUR WAY BACK IN THE FUTURE FOR MORE SHOES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE.

NO. 92 WEST FRONT STREET.

(THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.)

PIANO TUNING and REPAIRING.

SEVEN YEARS WITH HAELSTON BROTHERS, NEW YORK; THREE YEARS WITH CHICKERING, BOSTON, MASS.; TWO YEARS WITH BRADBURY, NEW YORK. I OFFER MY SERVICES AS A PIANO TUNER WITH A PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE BUSINESS IN ALL BRANCHES. I REFER BY PERMISSION TO THE ABOVE FIRMS. PIANOS REPAIRED IN THE MOST SKILLFUL MANNER. A TRIAL SOLICITED.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street

EVERY THING for the GARDEN.

THIS FENCING, 42 INCHES HIGH, 14 PER RUNNING FOOT. LANDRETHS GARDEN SEEDS, HENDERSON'S FLOWER SEEDS, LAWN GRASS, TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED. FERTILIZER FOR LAWN AND GARDEN. HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND FORKS. GASOLINE STOVES.

PIERSON HARDWARE CO.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery,

50 BABY CARRIAGES. 50

LARGE ASSORTMENT IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices.

CABINET-MAKING, UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES OF

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, AT

WERNER'S MAMMOTH CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO 38 WEST FRONT STREET,

Ready for Inspection. Call and See Them.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'dway

Mrs. Stephenson,

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices. Fancy Portings, etc. for Parties and Weddings supplied with every article required.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great variety.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by *None*

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET

CHOICE CEYLON, FORMOSA and YOUNG HYSON

TEAS,

SELECTED FROM FIRST PICKINGS BY

R. W. RICE & Co.

CORNER

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Leading Grocers.

Telephone Call 112.

All kinds of First-Class groceries at Reasonable Prices. Goods delivered promptly to all parts of the city free of charge.

MUSIC HALL FURNITURE STORE

1890. POWLISON & JONES'

34 West Front St.

NOVELTY IN PORTRAITS!

SOMETHING NEW.

Photographer Longhorne has purchased the exclusive right to use of the "Talbott Front Glass Mount" in Plainfield and vicinity.

This is the only "Hermetically Sealed Glass Mount" in the world, and absolute permanency to a photograph is assured.

Mr. Longhorne is authorized representative and will call upon the citizens of this city during the next few days to show samples, and make special favorable arrangements, which cannot be made at the studio.

Every One Should Have Their Beautiful Pictures.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS,

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Constitutions, Catarrh, Consumption, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 29 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

FOR ARABLE and BRICK GET FURNACES ranges, pumps, slate and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors. Bell 1224.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

A MURDEROUS MADMAN

THE AWFUL EXPERIENCE OF NOBLE MRS. REINMANN.

Her Husband Becoming Crazy, Tries to Kill Her, Their Children and Himself.—Yesterday He Was Captured While En Route to Murder His Brother-in-Law.

Some two weeks ago John H. Reinmann, farmer, residing at 34 Wilson avenue, North Plainfield, and employed as a man-of-all-work by Mr. P. M. French, of Somerset street, one afternoon went into Haberle's cigar store on the opposite side of Somerset street, and, having his hat on the show case, walked out bareheaded. People then thought his conduct strange. When his attention was called to the matter he complained of a terrible pain in the head which made him forget everything else. At different times since he complained he has been noticed to be strange, and a few days ago it took a violent form. He has been under the care of Dr. Carman for about a week past. Monday evening at his home while suffering from the pain in his head he attempted to cut his throat with a razor.

His wife is 30 and three small children (two girls and a boy) the eldest being but about five years old and the youngest about one year. His actions during the night had greatly alarmed the family. The wife, however, bravely undertook to prevent him carrying his fearful purpose into effect. He is a strong well-built medium-sized man, and his wife's feeble efforts to save his life only served to exasperate, but dressed him from his purpose to one equally terrible, nothing less than to cut his wife's throat. Quickly seizing her head under his arm, he beat it back to draw the razor across her throat. The poor woman, realizing her helpless condition, consulted her and home, and dropped as if dead. Her husband released his hold and turned away as if in thought her dead, and then left home to kill and cut the terrified children. Mrs. Reinmann regardless of her own life jumped up and again sprang at him to save her child, meanwhile trying to soothe him. She succeeded in getting the razor away from him, and then he'quiet him for a while. The terrible night she spent in the locked house on Grasmere road can be better imagined than described, and when the longed-for daylight came her husband seeming better, started for his work.

Unobserved he took out a horse and buggy of Mr. French's and drove away, the family supposing he was harnessing up the horse for Mr. French's orders. He drove back to his home, and told his wife to put an axe and a spade in the hind part of the buggy.

"And what do you want them for John, dear?" said the wife, apprehensive that her husband had some awful purpose in mind.

"I am going to kill John Wendell with the axe, and I want the spade to bury him with. Come, jump in, I want you to attend the funeral." Indeed she did not know but that he intended to murder her in some lonely spot.

Mr. Wendell is married to one of Mr. Reinmann's sisters, and is a farmer residing on his own farm near the second mountain.

Mrs. Reinmann pretended to agree to her husband's wishes, but hurriedly dressing her self and shawl got in beside him. Together they rode out Somerset street, neither speaking, he brooding over some fancied wrong, and she planning how to circumvent him. At length she began coaxing him to return, and appealed to him in the most endearing terms, all of which she meant, for he had always been the kindest of husbands prior to his present affliction. He made no reply, but suddenly swung his arm and struck her a blow in the face, knocking her out of the buggy into the road, and causing a painful injury to her shoulder by the fall. She was unmindful of the pain, however, in her anxiety for her husband. He drove a short distance further on, and, then stopping, got out, tied the horse to a tree, took out the axe and spade, and was about proceeding on his murderous journey, when just ahead two of his brothers appeared in the road. One, Jacob, the elder, has the Cory farm which he works on shares and the other, William, former than John, is a general farm hand. They had heard of John's erratic actions a few days previous, and, worried about him, were coming to see him. A prayer of thanksgiven to God involuntary escaped the almost despairing wife's lips at sight of the brothers, and they quickly suspected what her husband's trust as they were their friends.

The brothers consulted with each other as they approached, and received what to do. Jacob directed that William after getting John home remain with him, leaving him not a moment, until Jacob returned. When John and his brothers they chatted with him pleasantly, and Jacob then directed him to return home with William. Jacob hurried back to attend to some imperative matters on the farm, and acquaint his sisters of John's condition. The wife accompanied her husband and brother home, and the horse and buggy were returned to Mr. French.

Mr. Wendell, when he heard of the purpose to murder him, concluded that his life was not safe while John was at large, and hurriedly secured a warrant for his arrest, which was accompanied by Constable Batchelor, who had John's youngest brother William in charge him to the lock-up. Mr. Reinmann smelled out of sight to avoid arousing the madman's suspicions, but kept near so help in case there was a struggle. At the lock-up there was a fearful struggle, and it took the combined strength of four men to get John into a cell.

Earlier in the day William had searched John's clothing for any dangerous weapons and supposed he had secured them, yet the latter with the brother had quieted down, but was still irrational, and had been induced to take some supper. Constable Batchelor discovered him whistling with a penknife. After much patient persuasion he induced the madman to loan him the knife. Then he left the cell door and thus got it away from him.

Years ago when a young man working on his father's farm near Morristown, John was sunstruck. It affected his brain, and he had to be sent to the insane asylum, where he recovered under treatment, and was released. He has shown no symptoms of insanity since, however, but on the contrary, Mr. French, who has had him in his employ for nearly a year, speaks of him only in terms of highest praise, as a sober, honest and industrious man, as well as one of most gentle and quiet manners.

His father died but a few months ago, but there is living his mother and a large family of brothers and sisters, some of the number being married and settled in Plainfield.

Everybody who knows the family feels the deepest sympathy for them. The noble wife is well-nigh heart-broken. Her sons of grief yesterday were bordering. The North Plainfield Township Committee to-day had Mr. Reinmann removed to the asylum. In a lucid moment last night, Reinmann said: "It is too bad, too bad. I had better to be taken away to be cured, for I dont know what I do when the devil comes on. My poor wife and children. Who will take care of them."

ANOTHER MAD MAN.

He Terrorizes Some of Our Citizens.—Threatens to Kill, and is Still at Large.

An insane man is at large in this city and all efforts to capture him have thus far proved unavailing. Monday evening the borough authorities were notified that he was on Brook avenue frightening the residents of that thoroughfare by his threats. Several marshals scoured for him, but he had made good his escape. Later in the evening he visited this city and caused considerable excitement on Liberty street, but he made good his escape before the police could be notified.

Last night he again visited that neighborhood and succeeded in effecting an entrance to one of the houses and terrifying the inmates by flourishing by his wild threats. He is an Irishman and arrived in this city from Ireland about a year ago. A brother and sister reside here. The unfortunate man has been boarding with Mr. Fields, Hibbits of Liberty street, and is said to have been a very quiet and respectable young fellow before he became insane. It is said that he carries a knife and has threatened to kill Mr. Hibbits on sight. He has not as yet been apprehended.

JOTTINGS.

—The scenery for Hand's new Amphion Hall arrived this morning.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular weekly meeting to-morrow night.

—The New Brunswick barbers are considering the advisability of closing on Sundays.

—The employees of the Pond Machine and Tool Worth have decided to hold their annual excursion early in July.

—Street Commissioner Mosher is engaged making Plainfield avenue one of the smoothest thoroughfares in this city.

—Wetumpka Lodge Knights of Honor will hold a meeting to-night for the purpose of initiating a number of new members.

—Unity Lodge No. 102, Knights of Pythias will celebrate their seventh anniversary this evening. Admission is by invitation.

—A delegation from New Brunswick attended the meeting of the Howell Division, Sons of Temperance, in this city last evening.

—Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss W. Ita of this city to John Corley of Montclair, N. J., Thursday evening, May 1st, at Mount Olive church, at 8 o'clock.

—The Crescent League bowling team of this city succeeded in defeating the Nameless team of Westfield in two of the Central League games last night. The scores were rolled on the Crescent League alleys.

—Notice has been given the members of the Plainfield Bicycle Club that there will be a moonlight club run on Thursday, May 1. The start will be made from club house at 8 o'clock, p. m. The route will be over the new county road to Westfield and return.

—The Art of Conversation" is the subject which will be considered by the Monday Afternoon club this evening. The club will meet in the Unitarian rooms and Mrs. David P. Hall, a daughter of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, will read a paper on that art.

—The committee appointed by the Elizabeth Board of Trade to inspect the county roads went over the route recently and closely examined the work and it is claimed that at the next meeting of the Board the Committee will present its report, which criticises adversely the method and material used in the construction of certain roads in the system.

—*It is announced that Queen Victoria and* King Humbert are drinking American mineral water on the advice of physicians. When their distinguished spouses got the great American jim-jams which are an accompaniment of the national whiskey it will be of interest to know what the aforesaid physicians will prescribe.—*New Brunswick Home News.*

—Word is sent out by Hon. J. A. Geissenhainer that he has received his seeds of gourds from the Agricultural Department and has sent them to the three Boards of Agriculture of the three counties in his district, to whom farmers desiring a supply should make application. He says that if the supply on hand is found insufficient he will write to procure more and send them to the boards which may have a demand for them.

Led: His Watch As Security.

Everett Conners arrived in this city yesterday from Jersey City and in order to celebrate the event he got gloriously drunk. He was promptly arrested and locked in the station house for the night. This morning he was arraigned before City Judge Codington. He pleaded guilty to the charge, and the judge gave him the choice of paying a four dollar fine or spending the next ten days at the county's expense at Elizabeth. When Conners was arrested he had spent all his money but one dollar and fourteen cents. That was not sufficient to pay his fine and he left his watch as security that he would return and pay up.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

The following New Jersey applications have been granted to Original Invalid—H. Everment, Dackerstown; Jonathan R. Dailey, Haddonfield. Increase—Ogden Foxcroft, Newark; Jacob B. McCloughan, Quackertown. Original Widows, etc—Minors of John T. Shaver, Pequea.

The semi-annual meeting of the Morris County Teachers' Association will be held at Morristown on May 3.

Shark river inlet is entirely closed up and the river is full. It will require considerable digging to open it for the outflow of water.

A new source of trouble to the farmers has turned up in the shape of a strange, voracious insect is working like the apple tree moths. The State Entomologist is after it to look into.

Paterson free masons have bought a $32,000 plot on which they will erect a$70,000 temple, four stories high, with two sets of lodge rooms, a dining hall, offices and stores. There will be two hydraulic elevators, steam heat and electric light.

Governor Abbett has appointed the new State Board of Dental Examiners and Registration as follows: Dr. F. A. Levy, Orange, President; Dr. G. Carlton Brown, Elizabeth, Secretary; Dr. A. R. Eaton, Elizabeth; Dr. James G. Palmer, New Brunswick; Dr. E. M. Peasley, Belvidere.

COUNTY LEGISLATORS.

The New Board to Organize Week After Next.—Changes in Membership Only.

There will be four sessions of the county legislature within a few days. The old board holds a regular session on Thursday. On Monday it will meet to open proposals for county road improvements extensions, and on Tuesday will meet to finish up the year's work, act on adoption of collector's report, etc.

On Wednesday, May 14th, the new board will meet for organization. It is not probable that there will be any changes in the officer or appointments. Capt. Hubbard will be re-elected director, Mr. Reed, clerk, and County Attorney and County Collector Wood it is believed will be re-elected, the latter under the new law for a term of three years. There will be some changes in the membership of the board, but probably it will be Republican. The present representatives from this city, Messrs. Robert G. Houston. John J. Donahue, Charles D. Whaley, and Frank Kleinhans retire, and will be succeeded by Daniel O'Sullivan, John C. Bender, William Cowperthwait and W. H. Tracy, all Democrats. Mr. P. D. VanSaun, the Crandorf representative, will be succeeded by Mr. George W. Littell.

A Novelty in Wills.

The Orphans' Court yesterday at New Brunswick took cognizance of a strange will case. The testator was Mrs. Ann Eliza Stults, of Cranbury. When her will was offered for probate it was discovered that three or four lines had been cut out in the body of the will, whether by Mrs. Stults or not could not be said. It was supposed, however, that she had changed her mind about that portion of the will and had herself cut it. When the document was presented to the Surrogate for probate he refused to take action on it and referred it to the Orphans' Court for a decision as to the legality of the mutilated will. The case was set down for trial on May 10.

Advertised Letters.

List of advertised letters remaining in the Dunellen post-office for the month ending April 30, 1890:

Abrams, Miss C L
Bane, Mrs
Barry, Mr Adolph
Blakeslee, Mrs Chas A
Bonnington, Miss Lydia
Brady, Miss Ella
Clawson, Miss Lauretta
Holmes, Miss R
Jeanette, Eleanor
McCloskey, Miss A
Moloze, James
O'Donnell, Hugh
Ramsey, Will A
Schell, Frank
Smith, Mrs J I
Smith, Mrs John P
Stiglieman, Mr Amos
Vail, Mr Ira
Wycoff, Frank B

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. JAMES H. HAROLD, Postmaster.

Where Were the Authorities?

A number of sports met in a barn on the outskirts of the borough Monday evening and witnessed a cock fight. Several battles were fought between birds from this city and borough birds. The latter members of the feathered tribe proved to much for the Plainfield birds and they won the main. Another main occurred last night between birds from this city and Hoboken. The fight took place on the outskirts of this city. The battles were very exciting, but the Plainfielders came out victorious.

A Memorial Camp Fire.

Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., held an open camp fire last evening at which time memorial services were held in honor of the dead members of the Post. Ex-Mayor L. V. F. Randolph and Junior Vice Commander James M. Atwood spoke in eulogistic terms of the lives of those whom they were serves. The services also consisted of responsive readings and singing by a quartette of young ladies. There was a large attendance. The ceremonies were very impressive. Mrs. Buckley presided at the organ.

C. L. S. C. Meeting.

The 114th meeting of the C. L. S. C. will be held May 7, 1890 at Miss Hasbrouck's residence on *East Fifth street.*

The following programme will be adhered to:

1. Contention, Miss Hasbrouck.
2. The Historians, Mr. Sperry.
3. Roman, Miss G. Randolph.
4. The Renaissance, Mrs. Newell.
5. Sight.

—The tomato, which was pronounced by the first English subject who tasted one many years ago as "not altogether nasty," has at last conquered England. *It is reported* by the celebrated naturalymans, Veitch, to be yearly increasing in popularity.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Frederick Knowland of West Seventh street will sojourn for the Summer at Logans Ferry, Pa.

Mrs. Percy Miles of Brooklyn is visiting her mother, Mrs. Hudson, of Somerset street North Plainfield.

Mrs. Stella M. Jackson, No. 19 Elm Place, is suffering from a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Mr. G. W. F. Randolph, one of the vice-presidents of the Plainfield Reform club, is seeking health in the South.

Borough Clerk Harry Brokaw, was made happy last evening by becoming the father of a nine-and-a-half-pound boy.

A surprise party was tendered to Miss Sadie Jones at her home on Chatham street, North Plainfield, Monday evening.

A number of young people of this city were entertained at the residence of Mr. Peter V. Kline on Summit avenue last evening.

Mr. John E. Beerbower, the proprietor of the City *Hotel* is smiling all over this morning. *The reason is that his wife* last evening gave birth to a lusty baby boy.

Mr. Warren Brundage, of Piscataway town, and Miss Libbie Gamble, of Scburoman street, were married by the Rev. Mr. Strickland, at the First M. E. parsonage on Monday evening. —New Brunswick Home News.

Mr. J. H. Bedell of this city and Mrs. E. Wright of Brooklyn, N. Y., were united in marriage at the residence of the bride yesterday by the Rev. Theodore D. Littlewood. Mr. and Mrs. Bedell will reside in this city.

The marriage of Mr. Joseph Odam and Miss Emma Hubbard, both of this city, is announced. The ceremony was performed in the John street M. E. church New York, on Saturday last. Mr. and Mrs. Odam are now soj ourning in Canada.

Mr. W. C. Kenney has recently purchased the Arnold property at the corner of Seventh street and Arlington avenue. He also purchased property on *Arlington* avenue from Mr. W. H. Moore, the manager of the Plainfield Electric Light Company. He intends to make some extensive improvements on his newly-acquired property.

At the residence of the bride's mother on West Second street, this afternoon at two o'clock the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, united in marriage Mr. Theodore Hardy and Miss Emma U. King, daughter of Mr. L. Pressley King. Mr. George Morton acted as "best" man and Miss Lillie E. Force, was the bridesmaid. The house was prettily decorated with flowers. Mr. and Mrs. Hardy left on a wedding tour.

A very pretty home wedding occurred last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus K. Case of East Ninth street, when Mr. Dudley S. Miller and Miss Hattie Case, both of this city were united in marriage. The wedding took place at seven o'clock and the Rev. D. J. Yerkes performed the ceremony. Only the immediate friends of the family were present at the wedding and at the conclusion of the ceremony all sat down to the wedding dinner which had been prepared by Stephenson. The happy couple went on a wedding tour to Elmira, N. Y. Upon their return they will reside in this city.

The Sunday Night's Entertainment.

A very pleasing and interesting entertainment was given last evening at Seminary Hall under the auspices of the Monday Night Club. Every number on the programme was rendered in an excellent manner, and was listened to with much interest.

The entertainment consisted of a comedietta in which the parts were admirably taken by Mrs. Charles E. Bowne and Mrs. U. B. Hart. Vocal and instrumental music by Mrs. J. K. Myers, Miss Jennie May and Miss Ada G. Marsh. It is needless to say that all of these artists won for themselves renewed recognition of their extraordinary gifts. About 200 society people were present.

A banquet followed. Stephenson of this city was the caterer.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The last session for the season of the ladies *Bible training class will be held at the* Y. M. C. A. rooms on Friday of this week at 4 p. m. The lesson assigned for this week will be considered.

The annual meeting for the election of officers of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at the association rooms Thursday evening, May 8th, at eight o'clock.

The Rev. Chas. R. Mitchell will lecture under the auspices of the young men's auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. at Reform Hall Tuesday, May 13th, at eight o'clock.

Mr. F. H. Andrews conducts the Y. M. C. A. meeting on Sunday, at 4:15 p. m. The Boy Choir will be in attendance, and Mr. D. Moon will lead the singing.

Congregational C. L. S. C.

The regular meeting of the Congregational C. L. S. C. will be held May 1, 1890. The following programme has been arranged:

1. Roll call questions about light.
2. Lesson in Latin Literature.
3. A group of 16 scientists persuaded by different members of the circle.
4. Reading—The Stethoscope Gong—Dr. C. W. Holmes
5. Lesson in Physics.
6. Music.

Of Interest to Farmers.

The following is given as a "rotation which gives six crops in four years: 1, clover and timothy, cut about the last of July; 2, rutabaga, not cut after the grass is cut; 3, potatoes, dug in July; 4, rye, sown after the potatoes are dug; 5, potatoes again; 6, clover and timothy. The rotation may then be repeated.

—It is said that some genius has invented an electric recorder which may be attached to a gas meter, and which will infallibly and correctly record the exact amount of gas consumed, no matter what *may* be the vagaries of the meter itself. If this is true the inventor has a fortune within his grasp.

THE MILLER CASE APPEALED.

A Writ of Certiorari Served on Judge Codington.

The following writ of certiorari was served on City Judge Codington this morning. It relates to the trial of Miller, charged with assaulting Mr. Joseph B. Miller and is returnable on the first Tuesday in June:

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, } ss.
NEW JERSEY, }

The State of New Jersey to W. R. Codington Judge of the City Court of Plainfield, in the County of Union, "late aforesaid.

Greeting: We willing that certain reasons to be certified of a certain complaint and order and proceedings had thereon in our City Court, before you against Joseph B. Miller, at the suit of the Treasurer of the City of Plainfield for violation of certain ordinance of said City of Plainfield: We command you that the complaint and order and proceedings had there thereon aforesaid, as fully and entirely, with all things touching and concerning the same as it remains before you, by whatever names the said The Treasurer of the City of Plainfield and Joseph B. Miller, may be called in the same, to our Justices of the Supreme Court of Jurisdiction at Trenton, on the first Tuesday of June next, you certify and send, under your seal, together with this writ, that thereon may be done what of right and according to the constitution and laws of the State ought to be done.

Witness: Mercer Beasley, Esq., Chief Justice of our Supreme Court at Trenton, aforesaid, this twenty-eighth day of April, in the year of eighteen hundred and ninety.

BENJAMIN F. LEE, Clerk.

SAMUEL KALISCH, Attorney for Applicant.

[]These writs are granted ex parte, without any notice to the other side of the case. It *is necessary that the both sides be heard before* any action effecting the merits of the case be taken.

The writ was allowed by Chief Justice Bennet Vanaycks.

A New Social Amusement.

The latest game for use by old or young, is the "cobweb game". In some room of the house, usually the parlor is a large spiders web made of silk thread. The radiating lines of the web are made of narrow ribbons, between which are gay-colored silken threads crossing and recrossing each other at common centres in all kinds of perplexing tangles and finally running off, each one some special article to be attached to some object in the room. A thread is given to each guest, and it his duty to follow the silken clew through all its mazes and finally to present it to his hostess wound up in a neat little ball. As each guest is sure to be in a hurry (making a thread into operative industry with every other guest, the imaginative mind easily solves upon the peculiar advantages and social possibilities of an entertainment of this kind.

—The taking of testimony in the William Moore will case was completed yesterday. Decision was reserved.

—*A flag pole, 73 feet high, was erected in* front of the North Plainfield school his afternoon, to float the flag recently presented to the school by the citizens of the borough.

—A full attendance of officers and members of the Plainfield Athletic association is desired at the annual meeting for election of officers, to be held in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. on Monday, at three o'clock.

This Date in History—April 30.

1594—Chevalier Bayard, "sans peur, sans reproche," killed; age, 48.
1598—Edict of Nantes promulgated.
1689—Birth of Queen Mary of England; died 1694.
1708—Arrest of John Wilkes, English political reformer.
1789—Washington inaugurated first president U. S.
1803—Ohio admitted.
1803—Napoleon sells Louisiana to the U. S. for fifteen millions of dollars.
1854—Death of James Montgomery, poet; born 1791.
1863—The first Japanese embassy arrives in England.
1865—Beginning of the siege of Corinth by Gen. Halleck's army.
1864—Battle of Chickamauga, Ga., Rebels victorious, Gen. Thomas' Army, Army of the Cumberland, Union loss, 1,128; Confederate, 1,100.
1871—Proclamation of neutrality in the Franco-German war.
1879—Orenburg, Russia, destroyed by fire.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A RESPECTABLE girl wants a situation as housekeeper and waitress. Reference. No. 83 Broadway.

A GOOD horse for sale cheap. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 30 4

FOR SALE—Canada ashes in sacks. The best thing for lawns. Enquire, Willard, No. 1 West Fifth street. 28-3

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage. Also a fine residence with large groun1, plenty of shade and large stable. For sale on easy terms. Enquire J. F. MacDonald. 4-28tf

YOUNG girl wishes situation as child's nurse or housework assistant. Apply 17 Linden avenue North Plainfield. 28-3

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer; also girl for upstairs work. Apply at once, Mrs. J. T. Baker, corner Seventh street and Arlington avenue. 4-30-3t

WILL take plain sewing or child-en's clothes at home. Moderate prices. 47 East Sixth street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 65 Grandview avenue. 29tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 5 First place. 4-26-1f

100 ROLLS of Matting at reduced prices at VanEmburgh & White. 15-tf

$5 REWARD, for the return of honey color sad white spaniel dog. Answers to the name of "Spark." F. W. Lewis, 40 Carleton avenue. 30-3

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF J. NEWTON JENKINS, DECEASED. Pursuant to the order of George H. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, executrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARY JENKINS, Executrix.
April 5th, 1890. 4-19-90aw

TWO MORE GREAT BARGAIN WEEKS IN SHOES!

our New Goods are coming in so fast and so many of them, we can readily see we will not have room for them. We have gone all through the Stock, bought of Mr. Randolph and have concluded to sell off all that stock at a GREAT REDUCTION this Week and Next. We have marked them all down somethine like this: We have few Ladies' Shoes left in R. C. Burt's and McCombers shoes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4, a wide marked down from $5, $6 and $7 to $1.50.

LADIES' KID SHOES	$1.00,	former price $2 00.
" "	1.50,	" " 2.50.
" "	2.00,	" " 3.50.
GENT'S SHOES	1.00,	" " 2.00.
" "	2.00,	" " 3.50.
" "	2.50,	" " 4.00.
" "	3.00,	" " 5.00.

We have the above Shoes in all sizes, with the exception of McCombers and Burt's. This will be the GREATEST SALE for Bargain Seekers that Plainfield ever saw. While you are here look at our Slippers and Ties for Ladies; also our $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes made especially for us. This Sale will commence WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23d, and continue until MAY 8d. TRY US ON REPAIRING. We don't promise to make old shoes new, but we can and do make them almost as good as new, and give them a new lease of life. Many people do not have Shoes repaired because they have a mistaken idea they look botchy and clumsy, but such is not the case with us, for we put in the finest leather that can be Bought, and have the work done by one of the best Shoemakers in the State.

ROGERS BROS., 12 W. Front St.,

SUCCESSOR TO D. F. RANDOLPH, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

The Popular Store of Plainfield

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY AND FANCY GOODS.

Specialties in CARPETS AND MILLINERY.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.

Fine Chailies at 5c per yard worth 6c. Great variety of patent window shades at 35c in all colors. A first-class 50c corset at 39c. Lot of ladies straw hats, all shapes at 25c, reduced from 75c. Twilled toweling reduced to 4c. Great variety of beaded wraps, Jersey jackets and capes, from $3.75 upward. Dress ginghams and lawns, 7c. Ladies ribbed merino vests, 18c, worth 25. Lot of fancy hanging lamps at half value.

Bargains in Every Department.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT
By request Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain one week longer, until May 7. This is the last chance to see the greatest clairvoyant. Call at rooms at the City Hotel, room 4, one flight up. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is the greatest clairvoyant in the world. She can be consulted on all affairs of life. She is the Seventh Daughter of the Seventh Daughter. She was born with the gift of Second Sight and with a veil. Don't delay as this is the only opportunity to see her. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 25 cents and $1. Gentlemen $1. 30-1w

H. SPENCER.
Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. A large assortment of fresh field, garden and flower seeds. Potatoes, cedar bean poles. Tomato, sweet potato, cabbage, celery, cauliflower, pepper and egg plants, etc.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION — A SUMMER class will be formed for ladies in singing part music under the direction of David C. Lyon beginning May 6th. For length of term and price apply at room 39, Music Hall on Friday May 2d after 12 o'clock. 29-6

NOTICE.
To whom it may concern, I will sell on May 28, 1890, the following articles: Three French clocks and one regulator, to pay for repairs done on them. Also one Singer sewing machine to pay for said repairs before May 28, 1890, the said goods having been uncalled for or claimed for two years. R. MCMALLEN.
4 Second street.
Plainfield, April 28, 1890.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Segadlo's school, 12 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Term commences Wednesday afternoon, 4 p. m. for advanced scholars. New beginners Thursday 4 to 6 p. m. For circulars send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 9-1m

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
Thursday, May 1st.
MR. ROLAND REED
IN
D. D. LLOYD'S ECCENTRIC COMEDY
Woman Hate,
AS PLAYED 100 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.
Reed as the Pigamist,
Read as the Trigamist.
The Greatest Comedy Success in Years, introducing Sydney Rosenfeld's Great Topical Parody "It was a Dream." And Other New Musical Numbers.
Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on Sale Tuesday.

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH.
NO FANCY PRICES ASKED;
BUT FANCY GOODS SOLD
UNITED TEA AND
COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
29 W. FRONT STREET.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

PLAINFIELD
BARGAIN HOUSE.
V. and W. SAY.
Six weeks ago we advertised Curtain Poles all complete at 28c., and are still selling them at that figure. Same way on shades, our 25c. Lace Curtains at 25c. Please call at once.

1,000 *yards fine French cambric, Spring* styles, beautiful goods they are, price 8c., value 15c.

We are cutting prices on Spring Jackets, come in and see the finest line in town.

Ask to see the Daisy Fly Killer—kills them by the million.

Our selections of Outing Flannels, Seersucker, Gingham and White Goods is the best that we have ever displayed and our prices *we guarantee the lowest.*

An immense line of Children's Caps to select from.

We have everything in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's medium weight and Gents' Underwear, and our prices are right.

VanEmburgh & White
18 WEST FRONT ST.

My $2.50 Shoe.
Not since the War have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of goods for the same money. Just call and see for yourself. Our $2.50 shoe is the best shoe for the money in the city. We have made great preparations for a large Spring and Summer trade, having a large stock. Our new styles and drawers are filled with the very best makes of Goods' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.
Call and examine our goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

YOU ARE INVITED TO HAVE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED AT THE PHARMACY OF THE PLAINFIELD DRUG COMPANY, AND THE MOST RELIABLE CHEMICALS AND PURE DRUGS ONLY WILL BE USED.
THE PLAINFIELD DRUG COMPANY.

BARGAINS, 1890, BARGAINS,
50 dozen Spring styles
HATS, HATS,
also One Car Load of TRUNKS, from $1 to $15 each.
U. B. CRANE'S,
Hatter and Trunkmaker, 12 Park Avenue.

BUGS! BUGS!
and insects that destroy vegetation of all kinds may be exterminated by using
Peroxide Silicate,
non poisonous to human beings, sure death to the pests. Put up in 5 lb packages at 25c.
Peroxide Silicate
has been used many seasons with great success. Obtainable only at
RANDOLPH'S
City Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street, Plainfield, N. J.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, $4.00 PER YEAR.

BOOK BOX 1. TELEPHONE 42. ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

From The Southern Live Stock Journal: "A Texas editor proposes to settle the race problem by giving the negroes a free ballot, if they will give the white people the offices." The whites are going to have the offices anyway, whether Mr. "Nigger" agrees or not.

The American Society for Psychic Research came to an untimely end for want of funds to keep it alive. We are too much interested in money getting in this country to care for ghosts or psychic phenomena. If a man in America cares for anything else than the almighty dollar or something it will buy, his neighbors think of him as down as a crank. Before its untimely flickering out, however, the A. S. P. R., through its secretary, Mr. Richard Hodgson, gave in its allegiance to a belief in the reality of ghosts. "There is a wonderful mass of evidence going to prove their actual appearance," says Mr. Hodgson. Is the pendulum of time going to swing us ultimately back into the exploded belief in ghosts?

Tough Times.

The Farmers' Alliance in Kansas have asked the delegates of that state in congress if something cannot be done to right a wrong which they say exists in Kansas. They declare there is a systematic scheme on foot to rob farmers. It is nothing more nor less than a mortgage foreclosure trust. One law firm has taken a contract for the foreclosure of 1,500 mortgages.

In the times of good prices, several years ago, farmers mortgaged their lands for agricultural machinery, buildings and other necessaries. There is no question but many of them went into these mortgages recklessly. But with the fair prospects before them, above all with the bland and musical money lender whispering honeyed words into their ears, they went into it head over heels.

If crops had been good, if prices had been as before, most of them would have worked out of it, even at the exorbitant rates of interest the western mortgage shark exacted. But prices went down, away down. The farmer could not meet his obligations. Even the price of farm lands declined alarmingly. Mortgage and interest took his land, and the shark swallowed it. It was an easy way to get a farm. Of course no one holds a mortgage must save his money. But to induce a farmer to mortgage his land, with the intention of taking his home from him and getting possession of it, is simply infamous.

At the same time the farmers are in such distress the Pennsylvania coal miners declare they are starving, and certainly a third of the wage workers of this country and of Europe are dissatisfied and agitating for shorter hours or more pay. Discontent is in the air.

Immigration.

The present flood of immigration to this country from Europe began about 1820. From the first census in 1790 up to that time it was 250,000 all told. It is interesting to note that the great migration of people to this country began the next year after it was demonstrated that a vessel propelled by steam could cross the ocean. Only for the invention of the steamship it is probable America would not have over half its present population.

From 1820 to 1830 the number of immigrants averaged 25,000 a year. Then it seems to rise and fall in waves. For 1842 it had reached 100,000. After that it fell off for a few years. In 1846 came the terrible Irish famine, which reduced the population of Ireland by many thousand. That started an exodus from the island which has continued without interruption ever since.

In 1854 427,000 European immigrants landed on our shores. Then the wave receded somewhat, and the flood tide did not rise again until after the civil war. That ended, foreigners began to pour in once more. In 1872 they came to us to the number of 437,000. The highest figure was reached in 1882, when we received 789,000 immigrants from all parts of the world. Asiatic arrivals by that time figured largely.

Then the wave fell again. South and Central American countries began to take every means to attract the immigrant. Horses, lands and agricultural implements were promised to him free if he would settle in the Spanish republics. But for some reason these republics seem disappointing to Europeans. At any rate, a considerable number of them have recently returned home from South America.

In 1889 immigration to the United States was 444,500. This year it will be much lower if indications for the first part of the year are to be relied on. In his work on this subject Professor Mayo Smith says that less than half the present population of the Union are descendants of those who were American citizens in 1787. Since 1890 we have absorbed permanently more than 15,000,000 foreigners, and over half of them have come to us since 1870.

A LONGER LEASE OF LIFE.

Murderer Kemmler's Execution Has Been Postponed.

AN UNEXPECTED INTERRUPTION

Judge Wallace, of the United States Circuit Court, Grants a Writ of Habeas Corpus Returnable at Canandaigua, N. Y., June 17—Kemmler Hears the News.

ALBANY, N.Y., April 30.—To the surprise of nearly every one William Kemmler, the murderer who was to have been electrocuted this week, has been respited. United States Judge Wallace has issued a writ of habeas corpus for Kemmler, returnable at Canandaigua on June 17 and staying the execution.

KEMMLER.

Late yesterday afternoon a group of anxious reporters were standing in the corridor of the prison. The warden flitted in and out, but would say nothing. He did not even reply to their questions, and finally disappeared through one of the big doors in the rear. Presently he reappeared and said:

Judge Wallace has granted a writ of habeas corpus in the Kemmler case and Kemmler will go before him on June 17."

A Rush for the Telegraph Offices.

Instantly there was a wild rush and scramble down the flight of iron steps leading to the front court yard. The one armed oateman was surrounded and he leisurely turned the great key in the lock and let the crowd out. Then there was a great rush down the street to spread the news, all first it was reported that Kemmler had been executed. It was about noon Tuesday that Warden Durston first heard of a reprieve. Lawyer Sherman assured the warden that he was working with no inferior influence, and that he had no outside influence beyond a desire to be of use to an unfortunate man in appointing himself Kemmler's counsel.

The writ was dated Monday. Warden Durston refused to recognize Sherman as Kemmler's lawyer until Judge Dwight, of this place, executed a legal document guaranteeing in substance that as Kemmler's legal friend Sherman was sound and all right. The writ of habeas corpus ordering the prisoner Kemmler's body before Judge Wallace at Canandaigua the third Tuesday in June, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and inferentially not to interfere with the body, electrically, in the interim. Meanwhile, was handed to Durston and made public in the afternoon.

At the time the reprieve was received at the prison Rev. Dr. Houghton and Chaplain Yates were in Kemmler's cell praying with him and offering what religious consolation they could, and it was thought best by the warden not to disturb them until they had finished.

Kemmler Hears the News.

As soon as the news reached the street several reporters went to break how Kemmler had taken the news. He did not hear it for almost two hours. His religious advisers were with him, and Warden Durston did not propose to disturb them, yet he did propose to carry the news himself. He said he was sure that Kemmler would be cool, and not think anything but good one way or the other. But the warden has a big heart and loves to gladden other hearts, whether in the bodies of murderers or elsewhere. Warden Durston in person carried the news of the reprieve to Kemmler. The little man, who has been very nervous all day, particularly since his farewell talk with Mrs. Durston, was almost half dazed. He looked from Mr. Durston to Daniel McNaughton, his keeper, and said: "Well, is that so? Is that so?"

He Was Hopeless.

Daniel McNaughton was himself much moved, and for a moment could hardly find voice to speak. The slightest hope had not been given to him, and he had already been told to be prepared for death within twenty-four hours, and had been striving manfully all the morning to brace himself for the ordeal. He finally found voice to say to him on entering the cell: "Well, William, I have good news for you. You have been granted a reprieve. The judge has postponed the execution until June 17." After Kemmler had half gasped out several times the words, "Is that so," he walked several times around the cell and seemed unable to collect himself. His regular routine of life in the cell will now be renewed, and he will have to go through another interval of suspense which, in the end, may be more of a torture than it would be to have gone through the ordeal now when he had abandoned all hope and had prepared his best to meet it.

The feeling of relief was scarcely less to Warden Durston than it was to Kemmler himself, and the same may be said of the faithful McNaughton, who during the past few days has been greatly wrought up.

The Text of the Writ.

The following is the writ of habeas corpus in the Kemmler case:

"The President of the United States to Charles F. Durston, Warden and Agent of Auburn Prison, Greeting:

"We command you that you, the United States, whom God defend, do command you that you have the body of William Kemmler, by you imprisoned and detained, as it is said, together with the time and cause of such imprisonment and detention, by whatsoever name the said William Kemmler is called, be discharged, before the circuit court of the United States for the Northern district of New York to be held at Canandaigua on the third Tuesday of June, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

"Witness the Hon. Melville W. Fuller, chief justice of the United States. Fail not at your peril, and have you then, there, this writ."

On the back of the writ is the following indorsement:

"The within writ is granted this 25th day of April.

"William J. Wallace, Judge, United States circuit court."

How the Writ Was Obtained.

The writ was given on the application of ex-United States District Attorney Robert M. Sherman, of this city. Mr. Sherman saw the judge in his private rooms late Monday afternoon and obtained from him the papers which did not become a writ until signed by Clerk Doolittle, of the Northern district circuit court at Utica.

Judge Wallace, sitting in New York, which is in the Southern district, had no power to make the stay until it had passed through the hands of the Northern district clerk, in which Kemmler was. Consequently Mr. Sherman, whose connection with the case does not seem plain, hastened at once to Mr. Doolittle and from thence to Auburn, where the order was first made public.

Kemmler Did Not Understand.

The document was read to the murderer by Warden Durston and it was with great pride that the man who had learned to write with the death chair waiting for him put his signature to a real document with seals and a generally formidable aspect. He was proud of the solemn and business like act, although he had but a faint idea as to its import. In fact it had little or none. There is little solid comfort for Kemmler in these efforts at keeping him from the death shock which awaits him. Improvement can be made in the chair, and a capable executioner may be secured, but except for that Kemmler is rather to be pitied for having had this new lease of life granted to him. He can scarcely hope for ultimate pardon.

Judge Wallace Talks.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Judge Wallace says that in granting the Kemmler habeas corpus writ he upheld the views of the counsel making the application, that inasmuch as the case was one of life and death the questions involved should be passed upon by the highest tribunal in the land. The question as to the validity of the delegation of power to a sheriff to fix the time and circumstances of the death of a condemned man was a serious one. The judge intimated that Mr. Sherman's argument of life press was also a question to be considered, but he did not say positively that this was one of the reasons for granting the writ.

The question of the cruelty or unusual nature of the punishment would be considered by the United States supreme court.

The opinion prevails among lawyers that should the United States court decide that electrocution is illegal Kemmler must necessarily receive his freedom for his crime. It is said that he cannot be retried by a state court, nor can a state court pass a sentence of death by hanging in his case.

Paul D. Cravath, counsel for the Westinghouse Electric company, stated positively last night that that company had no part in the proceedings by which the execution of Kemmler has been deferred.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Mrs. Sarah J. Lewis was suffocated at Chelsea, Mass., in a fatal fire caused by an explosion of a kerosene lamp in her bedroom.

Henry M. Stanley will be received by Queen Victoria on May 6.

An exemplified copy of the will of the late Isaac Bell, Jr., late United States minister to the Netherlands, has been filed with the surrogate, His daughter Nora receives the lot given him by his brother-in-law, James Gordon Bennett, on which his Newport villa was erected. The residue is apportioned among the children generally.

The Homestead bank, of New York, has closed its doors and is now in the hands of N. A. Chapman. Bad business is said to be the cause of its suspension. The bank has a capital of $100,000. It is said the depositors will be paid in full. Bank Examiner Trenholm will close up the concern, serving Mr. Chapman.

Mrs. Bridget O'Boyle was killed near Pleasant Valley, Luzerne county, Pa., by falling from a bridge on to a moving freight train, from which she rolled to the ground dead.

Harvard's resignation from the football league may cause its disruption.

Clara Farrell, wife of J. Farrell, the well known baseball player of the New York National League team, filed application for divorce. The complaint charges brutal treatment.

Edward D. Walker, an editor of The Cosmopolitan Magazine, is supposed to have been drowned while crossing the wire ferry on the Roanoke river.

The marriage of Miss Mary Anderson to Mr. Navarro will take place in the Brompton Oratory, London, in the early part of May.

Charles McIlvaine, convicted of the murder of Grocer Luca in Brooklyn, Aug. 22, 1889, and who was to have been executed during the week beginning May 12, has been granted a new trial by the court of appeals. The appeal was based on exceptions taken to the evidence of Dr. Linton C. Gray.

A Paris correspondent has had an interview with Richard Croker, in which he denies the McCann story in every particular. Mr. Croker says that no overture of any kind has been received from Berlin announcing the probability of Emperor William visiting the United States in a new yacht which he is having built.

The court of appeals, in the case of Joseph Chapleau, the Plattsburg (N. Y.) murderer, affirmed the judgment.

Emperor William has informed Queen Victoria of his intention to visit England, probably in August.

The McCalla Court Martial.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Commander McCalla's lawyers made a new tack before the court martial in the Brooklyn navy yard yesterday. They tried to show a conspiracy against the commander of the Enterprise. Lieut. Lemly, of the Enterprise, was the first witness. He denied that he had ever complained to the navy department or to any other naval officer about Commander McCalla. Lemly further stated that when he joined the Enterprise her crew was in a favorable one, but that became demoralized later on. Counsel for Commander McCalla asked the court that the defense be allowed to make the closing argument orally.

Pugilist Hanley Knocked Out.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—At "Jimmy" Mitchell's Arch street theatre the Athletic club last night the beneficiary concluded the entertainment with a "go" which would have lasted six rounds, with Jack Hanley, of Buffalo. The first round was very quiet, but in the second Mitchell caught Hanley on the point of the jaw with the right. Hanley went down, his head striking the stage. He did not recover for about two minutes. Hanley claimed that he was sick and in no condition.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Cts.	$.
California Cherries	25c.	2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.10
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	15	1.50

STELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

LABOR'S GREAT BATTLE.

She Prepares for the May Day Demonstration.

CHICAGO WAITS IN SUSPENSE.

Fears That Something Akin to the Haymarket Riots May Occur—The Carpenters' Strike Not Settled Yet—A New Grievance List Submitted at Pittsburg.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The situation at the stock yards is becoming critical. In each line of labor at the packing houses the leaders of the eight hour movement are getting their forces in line preparatory to the beginning of the fight on May 1. The coopers' and butchers' unions and the labor bureau have already sent their ultimatum to the different packing firms. The parade of May 1 will precipitate the strike. Most of the men will ask leave of absence to attend the demonstration. This will be denied, and the men, if persistent, will be discharged. So the chances for a strike of more than half the employes at Packingtown and almost complete cessation of business Friday morning is very good. Superintendent Jones, of Armour & Co., will keep the peace at the yards with the regular police and will make it warm for those who endeavor to raise a row.

Chicago Prepared for Trouble.

The report that the city troops had been notified by the governor to be in readiness at a moment's notice is not true, though Adjutant General Reece of the First and Second regiments have been given to understand that the services of their men may be needed. In two hours the troops can be summoned and ready for duty, even without previous warning. The troops have been stock yard duty, and don't want it if they can get out of it. Something over 600 men can be at the yards within three hours should the workers there overpower the police. As for the latter a large force will be stationed there, ready for any emergency that may arise.

A Historical Spot.

Some uneasiness is also felt regarding the situation along Blue Island avenue, or "Bloody Island," as it is called, west of Twenty-second street. In this district is located the great McCormick reaper works, the mail sleds iron works and numerous lumber yards, and as the majority of the workmen are of foreign nativity they are easily excited and led into a strike.

Of the 30,000 men employed in this district fully 15,000 are unskilled laborers, and they are the ones who began the riots of 1886. It was on the prairie near the reaper works that Spies harangued the mob on the afternoon on the 3d of May, 1886, and brought about the first bloody conflict with the police.

Not Striving for Peace.

The arrangement between the striking carpenters and the new bosses' association Monday night was apparently only a truce and is thus looked upon by both sides. The bosses' association is striving hard to bring about permanent peace, but until they accept the fact that the vast majority of the contractors it is extremely doubtful if they will accomplish anything. The Central council of the carpenters held a meeting, and it was decided to continue the fight indefinitely on the same lines that have already been traversed. President O'Connell said after the meeting that there was no basis for a settlement. "In fact," he said, "the men will consent to nothing but absolute surrender."

The strikers have ceased to deal with the old bosses' association because they think there is no chance to win a single concession as long as the present condition of affairs is maintained. The only hope of speedy settlement now seems to be that the new bosses' association can demonstrate their ability to employ most of the strikers.

The minds of four carpenters have for some unbalanced over the strike.

A Day of Anxiety.

NEW YORK, April 30.—To-morrow is the day selected by the American Federation of Labor when, so far as such a thing can be accomplished, the eight hour day will be put in force. With the adoption of the eight hour law thousands of men will be sent to work who are now living on their relatives or friends. Shorter hours of toil have been advocated for many years. This fact is abundantly proven by extracts from the constitution and bylaws drawn up by David Babcock for the Haverhill Currier association, of Massachusetts, in 1833.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, went to Louisville last night. "After delivering a speech to the blacks and one to the whites, I shall immediately return to New York," he said, before taking the train. "The demonstration in Louisville, from the present standpoint, will be, in all probability, one of the largest of its kind ever seen in this country. I am not in a position to say just how general the demonstrations throughout the country in favor of the eight-hour workday will be."

Over Fifty Anarchists Arrested.

PARIS, April 30.—The Temps says the police discovered in the house of the Marquis de Mores printed documents designed to incite workingmen to disorder, and found in M. Dumont's house a secret press manifesto urging the troops to mutiny. They also ascertained that certain Anarchists intended to throw dynamite in order to effect a bloody revolution on May day. In consequence of these discoveries over fifty Anarchists were arrested in this city. The Marquis de Mores is charged with inciting murder, pillage and arson and revolt in the army.

A New Grievance List.

PITTSBURG, April 30.—The Supreme council of the National Federation of Railroad Employes met and drew up a new list of grievances. This list was presented to the officials of the railroads today. In the new demands the rate for engineers will stand at the previous figures—twenty-eight cents per hour for day conductors and twenty-nine cents per hour for night conductors. The wages of brakemen have been scaled down to from twenty-four and twenty-five cents per hour to twenty-one and twenty-two cents per hour for day and night brakemen respectively. The national officials interviewed state that they will willingly consider any grievances submitted by employes. The statement that the Baltimore and Ohio road had conceded the demands of their men is officially denied.

Bloodshed Feared in Two Capitals.

LONDON, April 30.—The police are instructed to be as patient as possible in dealing with the May day demonstration.

The government is making every effort to have the day pass off peacefully, and at the same time without any appearance of undue restraint or intimidation by the authorities. It is feared that outside of Brussels and Vienna there will be no bloodshed, and that in the former capital only is there any danger of a mob triumph.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

M. M Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front street.

THE DAIRY,

62 WEST FRONT STREET, CORNER MADISON AVENUE,

are offering special inducement in

Gilt Edged Butter

Call and see them.

Fancy Cream Cheese, Fresh Eggs, Milk, Cream, Buttermilk and Cottage Cheese. (Fresh every day.)

Choice Prepared on Canned Goods, Fine Preserves—Peach, Quince, Strawberry, Plum, Raspberry, etc.

DELICATESSEN

Bologna, Frankfurts, Head Cheese, Blood-worst, Liver-wurst, Rolled Ham, Smoked Beef and Fish Sardines. All kinds of Pickles. Sauerkraut and Salads, Swiss, Edam, Munster Brie, Neufchatel, Pineapple, Sand and Limburger Cheese.

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Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1095.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,

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MR. P. L. CONDE,

Teacher of **violin**. 15 years student. Special care given to beginners. Terms and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. best of references. P. O. Box 1261. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,

a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German **languages**, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

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Teacher of piano. Terms: lessons either at her own or at residence. Liberal terms to classes. References: P. O. Box 1265.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Miss Bly will open Miss Newton's school for girls, 17 La[illegible] avenue, corner of Washington street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

No 26 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

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WILLIAM G. A. BEE,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street. 1y*

JACOB A. CODINGTON,

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office, First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG & MARH,

Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

OSCAR B. TEALE,

Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

An Alleged Republican Scheme.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The Star says that the meeting of the Republican committee, May 7, is called to take official action upon plans perfected by Quay for the permanent control of all branches of the government by the Republican party. Private Secretary Frank W. Leslie is reported as having said that the census enumerators under Porter will discover very few southern negroes and that a new apportionment bill will be rushed through congress by which the southern states will lose at least eighteen and twenty representatives and northwestern states gain in the same proportion.

A Doctor in Trouble.

NORTH TROY, N. Y., April 30.—Several days ago Miss Stella Rounsbower died very suddenly at the residence near the Canada line of Dr. Isaac Kimball, with whom she had lived many years. A post-mortem examination by Drs. J. H. Hamilton and Charles L. Erwin, of Newport, revealed evidence of malpractice. Dr. Kimball has been committed to the Orleans county jail at Newport. He had been under arrest before for similar offenses.

An Indian's Double Murder.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 30.—A special from Limkville, says: John Major, an Indian, shot his wife on Klamath Indian reservation, killing her instantly. Major then went up the river and entered the house of an another Indian whom he shot dead. Major was pursued by a posse of Indian police and killed after a number of shots had been exchanged.

Killed by a Deputy Sheriff.

OPELOUSAS, La., April 30.—C. C. Trawick, formerly of Leon county, Tex., and wanted there for arson, was killed by Deputy Sheriff Wm. Jones near Prairie mills, on Bayou Crocodile. When ordered by the officer to surrender Trawick reached for his gun, when the officer fired and killed him.

Judge Daggett Dead.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 30.—Judge Aristides Daggett, a leading lawyer and ex-Confederate officer, died April 29, aged 60 years. He was with the American army at the capture of Mexico, and has held many important offices in the state, county and city.

L. A. RHEAUME, AGENT.

COAL, LUMBER

and

MASONS' MATERIALS.

BROADWAY and FOURTH STREET.

Mr. Rheaume takes pleasure in informing the public that arrangements have been made whereby he has been placed by the government to conduct the above mentioned business as agent and general manager at his old stand.

Sawing, wood turning and scroll sawing also, done in the best manner.

Discount to the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their valued orders which shall receive the same prompt attention as when in the former capacity as in former years. Telephone 129.

Not "Soap Fat,"

but PURE VEGETABLE OILS from the PALM-TREE, COCOA-NUT AND OLIVE form the basis of our PERFUMED TRANSPARENT SOAP and

African Palm Soap.

They are not surpassed by any soaps of their class, and are sold at the low price of 10 Cents per cake or twelve cakes for $1.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

J. P. Laire & Co.

STILL AHEAD IN PRICES AND ALL SEASONABLE GOODS.

SEEDS FOR

FARMS, LAWNS AND GARDENS.

Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Tools etc.

HARNESS $8 AND UPWARD.

Gasoline and Oil Stoves.

[Orders taken for gasoline and delivered.]

ASK TO SEE CARPET STRETCHER.

WE HAVE GOT THEM!

ALL THE LEADING

SPRINGSTYLES

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOT SUITS,

Wide Wales and Plaids as well as the leading Shades.

Spring Overcoats,

TO FIT EVERYBODY.

Schwed Brothers,

7 EAST FRONT ST.

Kline's Extracts.

Baby Carriages,

FROM $6.50 UPWARD.

At $7.50 we have one upholstered in American Damask, a neat pretty carriage.

At $10 full plush lined, with Satin Parasol.

At $15 two styles. Finest Plush lined.

OTHER STYLES AND PRICES.

EXTRA PARASOLS.

LACE COVERS, CARRIAGE STRAPS, Etc.

A. W. RAND,

26 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

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OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

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Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 88.

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EAST AGAINST THE **WEST.**

OURS. McGINTY'S.

Prime Cattle. Texas Beef.

Jersey Lambs. Colorado Coops.

Native Veal. Western Grasses.

Jersey Pork. Chicago Dressed.

Fresh Dressed Turkeys. Kansas Prime.

Sugar Cured Hams. Shoulders Hair Trimmed.

FAIR PRICES.

N. B. Stanley's, Dear as any Price.

94 Somerset street. At McGinty's

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size or shape ordered, at reasonable prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

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Successor to John Vetterlein. Your patronage is solicited. 4-7-3m*

Wm. J. Stephenson,

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24 NORTH AVENUE

L. HEYNIGER,

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NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONDY, FILBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of best quality. PRICES LOW. A complete line of BECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

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Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

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latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

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Baby Carriages!

I now have in stock the largest line of Baby Carriages ever shown in Plainfield; white in style, quality and price, I know will suit you. Come and see them before you buy.

R. R. Fairchild.

21 and 23 EAST FRONT ST.

4 doors below Post-Office.

SPECIAL CREDIT GIVEN IF DESIRED

GARDEN SEEDS AND TOOLS,

Choice Clover,

Timothy and Lawn Seeds.

FERTILIZERS, OTHELLO RANGES,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

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JAMES HARDY,

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Telephone Call 6.

HARRISON CALLS A HALT

The President Vetoes the Dallas Public Building Bill.

MONEY CAN BE BETTER EMPLOYED

The Executive Is Not Unfriendly to Such Measures, but He Thinks Pension Matters, Coast Defenses and Commerce Are Claims Which First Receive Attention.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The president has sent to the house a message vetoing the bill for the erection of a public building at Dallas, Tex. The bill made an appropriation of $250,000 for the construction and furnishing of the building completed in that city. The president calls attention to the fact that the bill, as introduced in the house, provided for an appropriation of $200,000, and that the committee on public buildings and grounds, after consultation with the supervising architect of the treasury department, recommended the appropriation of that amount. The postmaster at Dallas, says the president, claims that the additional accommodation needed will require the erection of an addition twelve feet in depth to the present building. The supervising architect wrote to the senate committee that an addition larger than one required to be erected at a cost not to exceed at first proposed—$100,000. Under the conditions the president believes the proposed appropriation too large, and he therefore withholds his bill.

Public Building Legislation.

Following the statement of his reasons for the veto the president says: "The legislation for the erection of public buildings has not proceeded, so far as I can trace, upon any general rules. Neither population nor the extent of the public business transacted has always been adopted as the standard by which buildings should first be built or the cost of the structure. It cannot be expected that in the absence of some general law the committees of congress having charge of such matters will proceed in their recommendations upon strict or equal lines. The bills are individual and if comparisons are attempted a new and unknown element of probable future growth is made to cover all apparent inequalities. It will be admitted, I am sure, that only a public need should suggest the erection of the public money.

The State of the Revenue.

"I am not unfriendly to a liberal annual expenditure for the erection of public buildings where the safe and convenient transaction of the public business demand it and the state of the revenues will permit. It would be wiser, in my opinion, to build more and less costly houses and to fix by law the annual expenditure for this purpose and some order of precedence between the cities asking for public buildings. But in view of the pending legislation looking to a very large reduction of our revenues and the urgency and necessity of a large expenditure in certain directions, I am of the opinion that appropriations for the erection of public buildings and all kindred expenditures should be kept at the minimum until the effect of other proper legislation can be accurately measured.

Duty to Defend the Country.

"The erection of a public building is largely a matter of local interest and convenience, while expenditures for enlarged relief and recognition of the services and sufferings of the war for the preservation of the Union, for necessary coast defenses and for the extension of our commerce with other American states are of national interest and involve considerations not of convenience but of justice, honor, safety and general prosperity."

Speaker Reed Is Silent with Mr. Mills.

In the house Mr. Pierce (Tenn.) rising to a question of personal privilege denied a statement made a few days ago by Mr. Evans (Tenn.) to the effect that there had been bribery in connection with this district. The speaker ruled that this did not present a matter of personal privilege.

Mr. Pierce respected sharply that he thought it was. The speaker said the gentleman had no right to make such a response to the chair. Mr. Mills (Tex.) asked why the speaker did not stop the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. Evans) the other day? The speaker replied that he was not present when that occurred.

Mr. Mills—I think you ought not to stop the gentleman from Tennessee now.

The Speaker—That does not follow.

Mr. Mills—It does follow.

The Speaker—The chair does not desire to enter into any personal controversy with the gentleman, and he thinks that the gentleman will reflect he will not persist in the impropriety.

Mr. Mills—I do not see the impropriety when one gentleman charges another with fraud.

The Speaker—The gentleman from Texas will please be in order.

Mr. Mills—I am in order, and the speaker is more out of order than the gentleman from Texas. The ruling is simply outrageous. The matter was then dropped.

The house then proceeded to consider the bill requiring the charge of desertion from the record of William Dawson. This soldier was a prisoner during the war, and in order to escape the hardships of prison life enlisted in the Confederate army and subsequently returned to the Union army. Mr. Turner (Mo.) opposed the measure. Mr. Grosvenor (O.) reviewed the history of the case and defended the conduct of Dawson. After some discussion the bill was passed—yeas, 127; nays, 88. A bill was passed increasing to $100 a month the pension of the widow of Rear Admiral Nicholson.

By a vote of 113 to 99 the house went committee of the whole, with Mr. Burrows (Mich.) in the chair, on the bill providing for the classification of worsted cloths as woolens. Mr. Dingley said that the object of the bill was to make clear a classification of worsted goods under the existing tariff and to correct all doubt and misapprehension. Justice required that worsted clothing should be classified as woolen cloths. It required the same number of pounds of wool to make a pound of worsted cloth as to make a pound of woolen cloth. The cost of production was substantially the same and the uses to which the two cloths were put were substantially identical.

Mr. Carlisle said that the effect of the bill would be simply to raise the competing duty of worsted cloths from 18 and 24 to 40 cents, thus placing these goods on the same footing as woolen cloths. Mr. Mills said that, if it were possible to make a controversy about the construction of the laws the courts held that the least burden must be imposed upon the people.

Mr. Cummings (N. Y.) thought that the proposed legislation was an act of injustice and would bring great loss upon importers. On the question of passage no quorum voted and the house adjourned.

The senate passed the land forfeiture bill and began the discussion of the McKinley tariff administration bill. Mr. McPherson introduced a bill granting a pension of $100 a year to the widow of Gen. George B. McClellan.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Philadelphia, 5; New York, 2. Errors: Philadelphia, 2; New York, 2. Batteries: Clements and Clarke; Rusie and Buckley. Attendance, 4,982.

At Brooklyn—
Boston.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Brooklyn.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 4. Errors: Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Nichols and Gunzel, Hughes and Daly. Attendance, 1,500.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Cincinnati.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Base hits: Cleveland, 6; Cincinnati, 7. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Cincinnati, 1. Batteries: Gilks and Zimmer, Foreman and Keenan. Attendance, 700.

At Chicago—
Pittsburg.....0 2 1 0 0 0 0 1 1—5
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1
Base hits: Pittsburg, 9; Chicago, 10. Errors: Pittsburg, 5; Chicago, 5. Batteries: Daniels and Miller, Coughlin and Boyle. Attendance, 5,500.

Players' League.

At Boston—
Boston.....0 3 0 4 0 3 2 0 1—13
New York.....0 0 0 3 2 0 0 0 1—12
Base hits: Boston, 17; New York, 17. Errors: Boston, 12; New York, 12. Batteries: Madden and Murphy, O'Day and Ewing. Attendance, 4,167.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 5—7
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 12. Errors: Brooklyn, 11; Philadelphia, 6. Batteries: Bowders and Daly, and Murphy, Hunted and Hallman. Attendance, 800.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....0 2 0 0 1 0 0 2 1—6
Cleveland.....0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0—4
Base hits: Pittsburg, 11; Cleveland, 12. Errors: Pittsburg, 5; Cleveland, 5. Batteries: Galvin and Quinn, Baisely and Sutcliffe. Attendance, 700.

Buffalo-Chicago game postponed on account of wet grounds.

American Association.

At Louisville (eleven innings)—
Toledo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Louisville.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: Toledo, 2; Louisville, 12. Errors: Toledo, 3; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Sprague and Rogers, Goodall and Wyatt&chr.

At St. Louis—
St. Louis.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Columbus.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: St. Louis, 9; Columbus, 8. Errors: St. Louis, 5; Columbus, 11. Batteries: Ramsey and Earle, Gastright and O'Connor.

Rochester-Brooklyn game postponed on account of rain.

Syracuse-Athletic game postponed on account of rain.

Atlantic Association.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 10; Worcester, 0. Base hits: Baltimore, 11; Worcester, 6. Errors: Baltimore, 11; Worcester, 3. Batteries: Baker and Tiernan, Hughes and O'Connor.

At Washington—Washington, 7; Jersey City, 2. Base hits: Washington, 6; Jersey City, 12. Errors: Washington, 2; Jersey City, 6. Batteries: Maloney and Riddle, Fitzgerald and Cook.

At Wheeling—Wilmington, 3; Hartford, 7. Base hits: Wilmington, 7; Hartford, 9. Errors: Wilmington, 5; Hartford, 2. Batteries: Cox and Fehling, O'Connell and Sullivan.

At Newark—Newark, 5; New Haven, 7. Base hits: Newark, 4; New Haven, 9. Errors: Newark, 6; New Haven, 3. Batteries: Dooms and Duffy, Doran and Hofford.

At New Haven—Yale, 8; Metropolitan, 0.

A Horrible Death.

BUTTE, Mon., April 30.—Pat Murphy, a miner working in the Mountain Consolidated mine, this city, was killed and George Little and Tom Bray were seriously injured. The three were riding down the shaft on a cage loaded with timbers and when about 400 feet from the bottom one of the timbers slipped and caught on the timbers of the shaft. The cage was going at a terrific speed and the entangled timbers swung with irresistible force. Murphy was struck across the abdomen, nearly cutting him in two and killing him instantly. Little was knocked from the cage, but managed to catch upon the timbers and hung with sufficient strength to keep him from falling to the bottom of the shaft. Bray received a severe scalp cut, but it is thought both he and Little will recover. Murphy leaves a widow and seven children.

A Railroad's Coal Proceeding.

NEW HAVEN, April 30.—Quite a breeze was raised in business and financial circles by the reconfirmation in open court by Lawyer Simeon E. Baldwin of the agreement between the Derby railroad and the city, by which the Derby road closed several streets in southern the city. Measures were closed and the hundred or more property owners have been trying to secure their money. One of the cases was on trial and during which Professor Baldwin stated that the road did not intend to carry out its part of the agreement by which the Housatonic and New England systems secured an entrance into the city. And really refers the claimants to the legislature for relief.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
40 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties favor attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Poudrette and Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 606. Telephone call 39.

NEWS FROM ALBANY.

Business of Senate and Assembly—Vetoes by the Governor.

ALBANY, April 30.—In the senate Mr. Saxton's ballot reform bill was referred to the judiciary committee. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill for taxing mortgages was lost was defeated by a vote of 29 to 42. Mr. Pearsall made the point of order that the bill was defeated by voting it down on the order of the second reading, when it should have been done on third reading. The point held was well taken by the speaker, and the vote by which the bill was lost may be again reconsidered. Mr. Fish at the evening session renewed his motion that the Saxton ballot reform bill be made the special order for this afternoon, which was adopted without opposition.

Among the bills passed were: Mr. Cogswell's bill for flags on public buildings; Mr. Sloan's bill appropriating $30,000 from the United States deposit fund for the professional training of teachers; Mr. Laughlin's bill authorizing Buffalo to issue bonds for a municipal building; Mr. Emerson's Plattsburg charter bill; Mr. Hawkins' bill revising the charter of Long Island City; Mr. Whipple's bill making it necessary for the attorney general to get the permission of the insurance department before bringing action against an insurance company. The governor has vetoed H. J. Lane's bill incorporating the Union Literary society of Hillsburg on the ground of special legislation; also the S. M. Bruns escheat bill on the same ground.

In the senate Mr. Saxton's bill providing for the test of the constitutionality of the marking medical and blanket ballot of the Australian system by the courts was lost and a motion to reconsider was tabled.

Bills passed: Mr. McNaughton's, amendments to section 3,775 of the code relative to notices in surrogate courts; also regarding Rochester industrial school commitments; also respecting Rochester water bonds; Mr. Mead's state lunacy commission amendments, and Mr. J. S. Johnson's Attica charter amendments.

The governor has filed in the secretary of state's office the bill of Judge Green for a bridge across the North river, between Fort Lee and Washington Heights. It thereby becomes a law by the limitation of ten days.

The Atlantic Association Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The board of managers of the Atlantic Baseball association held a meeting at the Continental hotel last night for the purpose of considering the question of paying to the National league and American association the $6,000 which is due May 1 and entitles the clubs of the Atlantic association to move their players. All clubs were represented. A resolution was adopted asking for a full and impartial hearing before the board of arbitration in the cases of Herman Pitz and R. H. Pettit, of the New Haven club, which they claim was decided previously. The Atlantic association claims the right of reservation, but before paying for the same would like to have a hearing. The resolution will be sent to Secretary Young, of the board of arbitration. Messrs. Shoemaker, Burnham and Hewitt were appointed a committee to represent the Atlantic association at the meeting of the arbitration board.

A New Chicago Paper.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The first edition of the new afternoon daily, The Evening Post, has been issued. The Post is published by The Chicago Evening Post company, of which James Hamilton, publisher of The Chicago Herald, is president. It is an eight page, two cent paper, and will receive the full dispatches of the United Press.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near the [illegible]

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Woolston & Buckle
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, et

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS
Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

Spring Vegetables,
Fresh from the South.
Tomatoes, String Beans, Etc.
Also the Finest ELGIN
Creamery Butter
Big Reduction in CANNED GOODS at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot the headquarters for fine groceries.

CARPENTRY
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
M. E. MOORE,
BUILDER.
18 LOCATED AT 21 Somerset St.,
where he is prepared to Estimate and do all classes of buildings, and pay strict attention to
JOBBING.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. TRY US

Pennsylvania Beaten.

HARRISBURG, April 30.—The Dauphin county court has decided against the claim of the state that the apportioning of $19 a share by the Central Transportation company, "which was engaged in manufacturing sleeping cars and leasing them to railroad companies," among its stockholders, was the declaration of a dividend. The court decided that this was simply a reduction of capital stock. This was an appeal from the settlement of the state's accounting officers claiming tax on capital stock for the year 1887.

The Behring Sea Breach.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—There is apparently good authority for the statement that the governments of the United States and Great Britain are now further apart in their negotiations in regard to the question as to whether or not Behring sea is a closed sea than they have been at any time since the negotiations were begun. The United States maintains that it is a closed sea and was made so by the treaty of 1825, while the British government contends that that treaty does not at all cover the case.

The Government Won.

NEW YORK, April 30.—In the United States circuit court in favor of the government in the suit against C. B. Richards & Co. in their suit against the government for the recovery of excessive duty on imported furniture. The furniture was all built in Vienna, but taken apart and shipped in pieces. The government charged 35 per cent. duty, classifying the import as finished furniture. The importers claimed that it was rough goods that were imported and that 30 per cent. should have been charged.

She Is Countess Pappenheim.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The marriage of Count Maximilian Albrecht, Count of Pappenheim, to Miss Mary Peter Wheeler, daughter of Mrs. Charles Wheeler, took place here April 29, Mayor Fitler performing the ceremony. The affair was conducted in a very unostentatious manner. The religious ceremony, which is necessary before the bride will attain the title of Countess of Pappenheim, took place at St. Mark's church today.

Knocked Down with an Ax.

PLATTSBURG, N.Y., April 30.—Keeper W. L. Mead, of Clinton prison, had a narrow escape from death yesterday. He was attacked by William Taylor, a colored prisoner from Saratoga county, with an ax and felled to the floor. Taylor was in the act of securing the keeper's revolver when Convict William Kelley gave the alarm and the negro was locked up. Mead's wounds are not considered dangerous.

TREES, SHRUBS, GRAPEVINES, PANsies and Spring Plants at John Lindsay's Intelligence Office by Mr. Lindsay, 92 West Front street

THE BEE HIVE
Spring Coats.
Children's Reefers.....$1.49
Misses' Spring Coats in Tan, striped ".....$1.50, $2.25 2.98
Ladies' Spring Coats..$1.50, $2, 2.50
A full line of jackets long and short at Cashmere Circulars.....$1.50 to 2.98
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, full regular. .15
Children's " " " " .15
Ladies' Gauze Vests in short and long sleeves.....25c
4-Button Kid Gloves.....49, 69, 75c
Louis Callman,
40 FRONT WEST STREET.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE,
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CARPETS!
A FULL LINE OF BODY, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN CARPETS, NEW STYLES GOOD GOODS, AND THE LOWEST PRICE. CALL AND SEE THEM, TOGETHER WITH MY STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
H. A. POPE,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Frank Linke,
Established 1866.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER.
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Wines and Rose Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
279 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. V-17-1y

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
DRINK THE THREE R. TEA

What Weeden.

Young Digby went to Vassar
To lecture to the girls;
And there, in fine emotion, showered
A wealth of wisdom's pearls.

But soon his courage faltered,
And went into eclipse,
What weeden, when five hundred girls
Were "jeering at his lips?"
—Puck.

Didn't Let Him Flunk.

Greenbagge—Never touch a case, my boy, that your conscience will not permit you to advocate and——

Briefless (interrupting)—Why, look here, I heard you defending Hungry Mike, the burglar, only the other day!

Greenbagge—And, as I was about to say, you might as well abandon your profession.—Life.

Sympathy.

He—The poodles! Why, he's dead, don't you know!

She—Oh, how sad! How did it happen?

He—I was driving to Tuxedo and the horse bolted. Poor Toby was killed, but I escaped——

She—What a pity!—Belford's Magazine.

Absolute Knowledge.

Little Allen heard his mamma ask papa to go to the cellar and turn on the heat.

"I'll go," said Allen.

"Why, you don't know how," said papa.

"Yes, I do," declared Allen. "You shut every place that's open, and open every place that's shut."—Harper's Young People.

A Wooden Wedding Gift.

"Congratulate you, Bronson. Yesterday was your wooden wedding, I hear. Wife give you anything?"

"Yes; bill for four cords of kindling wood."—Harper's Bazar.

Which One Is This?

"The young fellows' club has but one redeeming feature."

"What's that?"

"It meets but once a fortnight."—Chicago Times.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Rvens. P. O. Box 1223. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
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DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING
49 North avenue.

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The Stationer,
HANDSOME VERY NICE LOW PRICED
Easter Booklets,
WHICH IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO SEE BEFORE PURCHASING.
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REAL ESTATE
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FIRE INSURANCE.
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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect April. 1st 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.26, 7.56, 8.56, 9.51, 8.37, 9.30, 10.05, 11.04 12.39, a. m.; 1.07, 1.46, 2.15, 2.53, 3.30, 3.51, 5.17, 5.34, 6.07, 6.54, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 5.45, 8.08, 8.57, 10.40, 11.37, 12.03, 1.13, 2.30, 3.16, 5.07, 5.48, 6.57, 7.30 p. m. Leave West End (Liberty street), 6.00, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.26, 11 30 a. m. 12.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 m. 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays, 7.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 m. 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays, 12.00 night. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.10, 7.50, 8.55, 9.40, 10.35, 8.22, 9.40, 10.15, 11.14, 12.49, p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.25, 9.52, 8.09, 9.25, 10.10, 11.07 p. m. Sunday, 12.00 night. Leave Elizabeth at 6.25, 7.20, 8.05, 9.05, 9.50, 10.45, 8.32, 9.50, 10.25, 11.24, 12.59, p. m. Sunday, 8.10, 9.35, 10.02, 8.19, 9.35, 10.20, 11.17 p. m. Sunday, 12.10 night. Leave Rahway at 6.30, 7.25, 8.10, 9.10, 9.55, 10.50, 8.37, 9.55, 10.30, 11.29, 1.04 p. m. Sunday, 8.15, 9.40, 10.07, 8.24, 9.40, 10.25, 11.22 p. m. Sunday, 12.15 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 8.07, 9.07, 12.30, 2.22, 5.04, 7.30, 8.45, 9.24, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 1.30, 3.36, 5.06, 7.05, 7.50, 8.30, 9.45, 10.45 p. m. Sunday, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 2.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Dunellen.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield for Easton, 8.27 a. m. 2.04, 4.56, 7.00, 8.45 p. m. Sunday, 8.27 a. m. 4.56 p. m. Leave Easton for Plainfield, 8.00, 11.00 a. m. 2.00, 5.00, 8.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.00 a. m. 5.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.30 a. m. 2.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5 12 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, Mauch Chunk, Manasquan, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

9.30 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Lambertville, Trenton, Bordentown, Camden, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

11.30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

1.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

3.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, etc.

5.00 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Lambertville, Trenton, Bordentown, Camden, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

7.00 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.00 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.

6.25 a. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

8.00 a. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

10.00 a. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

12.00 m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

2.00 p. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

4.00 p. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

6.00 p. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

8.00 p. m.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Perth Amboy, Jamesburg, Freehold, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 6.25, 8.00, 10.00, 11.59 a. m. 2.00, 4.00, 6.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.27, 10.00 a. m. 5.00 p. m. For Perth Amboy, 6.25, 8.00, 10.00, 11.59 a. m. 2.00, 4.00, 6.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m. Sunday 8.27, 10.00 a. m. 5.00 p. m.

For Atlantic City at 11.59, a. m.

For Freehold 8.27, 8.00, 10.05 11.59, a. m., 2.57 5.16 p. m.

SOUTH BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3.27, 7.20, 8.30, 9.08, 11.30 a. m. 2.01, 4.30, 6.08, 9.54 p. m. Sundays at 4.27, 9.08, 10.30 a. m. 4.27, 9.10, 10.33 p. m. For Bordentown at 7.20, 9.08, 11.30 a. m. 4.30, 6.08, 9.54 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.20, 9.08, 11.30 a. m. 2.01, 4.30, 6.08, 9.54 p. m. Sundays at 4.27, 9.08, 10.30 a. m. 4.27, 9.10, 10.33 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pr'r. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Sup't.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Not Fond of Luxury.

Willie—I wish I'd been Adam.
Nurse—Why?
Willie—He never had to be a baby, and have a big strapping woman like you to wash his face.—Harper's Bazar.

Wing Tee Wee.

Wing Tee Wee
Was a sweet Chinee
And she lived in the town of Tee,
And her eyes were blue,
And her wing was Wee,
Hung dangling down her back;
And she fell in love with gay Win Sli,
When he wrote his love on a laundry bill.

And O Tin Told
Was a pirate bold,
And he sailed in a Chinese junk;
And he loved, ah, me!
Sweet Wing Tee Wee,
But his valiant heart had sunk;
So he downed his shot in dickie fee,
And vowed the maid would yet be his.

So bold Tin Told
Showed all his gold
To the maid in the town of Tee,
And sweet Wing Wee
Eloped to sea
And never came back,
For in far Chinee the maids are fair,
And the maids are false, as everywhere.
—Harvard Lampoon.

Headquarters
For Worsteds, Notions, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Embroidery, Hosiery, Ribbons, Dress Linings, Corsets, Combs, Brushes,
U. S. Hair Tonic,
Magic Renovating Fluid, Cologne and all the articles that you should always be found in a first-class Fancy Goods Store.
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No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made
Furniture Express
31 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
SALESROOMS AND WAREROOMS,
38 WEST FRONT STREET.
Residence No. 38 Third street, corner Myrtle. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, Secretary.
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.
and 33 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 326,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.
ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER
and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
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31 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and dispatch.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Keep Corn Killer on Hand; remove Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions in three days; no pain after first application; Ingrowing Nails relieved instantly; Sore Feet healed; Blisters prevented; Stiff Joints limbered; Chilblains, Frostbites and Sweating Feet relieved. Ask your druggist for SCATTER-CORNS. Price 25 cents. Manufactured only by
W. H. HIBBS & CO., Newark, N. J.

A SLIGHTLY DARK NIGHT.

Cooked, Canned, Corned and Condensed in Blackmore Burned Hot.

"Talk erbout yer dim nights," said the fat-nosed passenger, "but I'm a thinkin' that a night about a fortnit ergo out'n Saint Lousy was jes ertrust an' shady en sunny ov Darkl' That word is ockard a look'n a half too short at bof ends. It was so black that it blacked yer faces 'n' made yer shirt dirt-ker's what it were. Why, it's so black yer hosts, I think the bloodsucks did use it for that purpose. Talk erbout the darkness of Egypt! Polks ud as how it was way beyond that—somewhere over in Yankie—and as sure as it's most have been darkness that could, have been felt, but not worsted.

"Strangers, yer may set me down as a liar, an' lif' me up agin on a bragger, but I'll be dem swinked of yer couldn't jab a ten foot pole inter it, that is of the end was whittled right sharp an' yer wanted sumpen to enter clos yerself in, an' didn't see anythin' particklar to do. Burglers mistook an' got inter the wrong house, 'n sevn perlicemen made awful mistakes an' found themselves in the wrong ryalcous, sure es yer grandmothers was gentlemen. Why, you yersalves couldn't strike yer own homes, an' what out yer wifes say if ye didn't git hum till mahnin dots appears?

"I heerd that they was cuttin' it up into ebony umbrella handles, 'n drumsticks, 'n sich things, but as we had lobs we had saved up lots of solid darkness that was abroad in the land for crayons, 'n a fotygrafer said he packed a lot of it away to las' him all summer for his dark rooms.

"Ys couldn't see yer hand before yer face even though it held five aces 'n two jacks, 'n 'twas mighty hard work to find yer own nose to blow the darkness outen it when it got so chugged up with it. Why, it almos' choked yo to datn to breathe it. Sum 'lowed es how it 'fluenced de cullud people, but I 'monstrate in one by sum mismanagement o' the signal servus. Fellers 'ud a walked right out'n across the Mississippi river an' never 'ud a knowed it if they hadn't a fell in. On the street yo' 'd run right bang up 'gainst yer own respected creditors an' never gin a cent, for they'd never ignored yer, 'n it would do you any good ter run across a feller what was a own you, for yo wouldn't a knowed him, either. Stanley never discovered anything ye like it in the Dark Continent.

"Pickpockets war skused for puttin' their hans inter other folkses pockets, for yo could hardly fine yer own. It was a good deal darker or than you find it when you shet yer eyes 'n look back inter yer head, or 'way down stairs inter yer stomach. It was so dark that the street cars got forbibbed 'n run off down the wrong street. Least that's what a conductor said when he put me off at a wrong corner, 'n they had to her extra horses. I did hear one feller say he couldn't find his inter it, fer it drive the ball back 'n bust tits gun. But don't believe all that on my say. What I know I'll stand to ef I her to drap.

"The darkness only changed her area ways 'n close angles so tight that they had to dig it out afterwards, and for several days it was hardly what yo might call light, it tuk the sun so long to do away with it; so there hasn't been any real dark nights that sense, for they say all the darkness on hand 'was used up to manufacter that dark night which I now lis 'fadad to."—A. W. Bellaw in The Epoch.

Little Lord Fauntleroy.

It was bed time, and Willie was leaving the nursery.

"Come and kiss me good night."

"Yes, dearest."

"Have you all the beautiful story books you want?"

"Yes, dearest."

"And are you happy?"

"Yes, dearest."

"And just makes Willie happy?"

"Well, you see, I've torn the seat out of my red velvet trousers, and the goat has eaten my Cupid and Psyche Quickenbear has thrown mud all over my fussy waist, and, altogether, dearest, I've got a pretty doggoned good right to feel comfortable."—Washington Post.

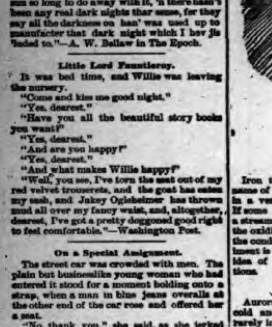
On a Special Assignment.

The street car was crowded with men. The plain but businesslike young woman who had entered it stood for a moment holding onto a strap, when a man in blue jeans overalls at the other end of the car rose and offered her a seat.

"No, thank you," she said, as she jerked the bell rope. "I don't wish to sit down. I am merely compiling statistics for a special article in next Sunday's paper. I find there is one gentleman in ten No. 640."

The businesslike young woman made a memorandum in her reportorial notebook and stepped briskly off the car.—Chicago Times.

An Artistic Object.



Jack Fopley—Now, Miss De Million, please try to assume a pleasant expression. Look at some object that is pleasing to the eye.

Alice de Million—What object in the room would you consider the most pleasing to the eye, Mr. Fopley?

Jack Fopley—Well—er—ahem—perhaps you had better look at me.—Munsey's Weekly.

Ready Made Ancestors.

Mr. Quicklyrich, calling upon Mr. Parvenu, in his new city residence—Them your ancestors up there, Jake?

Mr. Parvenu—Ah, sir! The whole line of 'em from 'way back.

Mr. Quicklyrich—Well, Jake, they came dear near being mine, too!—and would, if I hadn't struck a job lot of old portraits at Sickstein's auction rooms that come $40 cheaper.—Burlington Free Press.

Reasons for Keeping Awake.

The sermon was fearfully dry and half the congregation was dozing.

"Why don't you follow their examples?" whispered one sister to an unnaturally wide-awake man next to him.

"You see I can't with any courtesy; I don't belong to this church."—Philadelphia Times.

In the Street Car.

Old Gent—(excitedly)—Didn't you know that was fifty cent piece I gave you when you put you in the box?

His Vis-a-Vis (calmly)—Oh, yas! But such a bore to make change.—Racket.

Since the Extradition Treaty.

Professional Boodler—There's Canada! Bystander—What about her?

Former (gloomily)—She isn't what she used to be.—Chicago Times.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

POPULAR SCIENTIFIC RECREATIONS AND USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.

That Most Important of Common Metals, Iron—The Well Known Experiment of the Formation of Rust—Preparation of Metallic Iron—Pyrophoric Iron.

Iron rapidly unites with oxygen, and, as we know, when a piece of this metal is exposed to the influence of damp air it becomes covered with a reddish substance. In the well known experiment of the formation of rust, the iron gradually oxidizes without its temperature rising, but this combination of iron with oxygen is effected much more rapid-

FIG. 1.—PREPARATION OF METALLIC IRON.

ly under the influence of heat. If, for example, we hold one end of the fine a nail attached to a wire, and give it a movement of rotation as of a sling, we see flashing out from the metal a thousand bright sparks due to the combination of iron with oxygen, and the formation of an oxide. Particles of iron burn spontaneously in contact with air, and this property for many centuries has been utilized in striking a tinder box; that is to say, in separating, by striking a flint, small particles of iron which ignite under the influence of the heat produced by the friction. We can prepare iron in such atoms that it ignites at an ordinary temperature by simple contact with air.

To bring it to thisstate of extreme tenuity we reduce its oxalate by hydrogen. We prepare an apparatus for hydrogen as shown at A, B, C, D, in Fig. 1. The gas is passed through a desiccative tube, B, and finally reaches a glass receptacle, C, in which some oxalate of iron is placed. The latter is soon reduced by the influence of hydrogen and heat, is reduced to metallic iron, which assumes the appearance of fine black powder. When the experiment is completed the glass vessel is closed, and the iron thus protected from contact with the air can be preserved indefinitely; but it is exposed to the air by breaking off the end of the receptacle (Fig. 2) it ignites immediately, producing a shower of fire of very beautiful effect.

FIG. 2.—PYROPHORIC IRON.

Iron thus prepared is known under the name of pyrophoric iron. Iron is acted upon in a very peculiar manner by nitric acids. If some nitric acid is poured on iron nails a stream of red, nitrous vapor is let loose and the oxidized iron is dissolved in the liquid to the condition of nitrate of iron. This experiment is very easy to perform and it gives an idea of the energy of certain chemical actions.

Northern Lights.

Auroras are most frequently seen in the cold and in the northern temperate zone, rarely in the southern temperate zone and hardly ever in the tropics. The places where they most frequently appear lie between the thirtieth and seventieth degrees of north latitude. In the form of an oval, they include the geographical as well as the magnetic north pole, which is the focus of it. As points Bessels Bootbia Feltz, Iceland, the Kara sea, northern Siberia, Baharing strait, Hudson bay, Labrador and Greenland. Northern Baffin land was observed as far north as the twenty-fifth degree of north latitude. In full splendor, however, they may be seen only in the northern polar regions to the seventy-fifth degree of latitude. The most beautiful descriptions and trustworthy observations we owe to Nordenskjold and Kuma. All attempts which have been attempted as to the origin and the cause of northern lights are based on analysis by the spectroscope, on the determination of the elevation and on observations of the peculiar behavior of the magnetic needle.—Cor. in Popular Science Monthly.

Electrical Storms.

Pike's Peak is celebrated for its electrical storms. According to meteorological observations reported from there the storms only occur when the air is moist; the most favorable condition is during the time a light, soft snow is falling. When the hands are held up, sparks emanate from the tips of the fingers. At such times, with considerable wind, the anemometer cups look like a circle of fire. Each flake of snow, as it alights on a mule's or burro's back, gives a spark like a firefly. The station was once struck by lightning. The electricity came down the anemometer rod, following along the wire running to the battery. Every place the wire entered a nail, the head of the nail was fused, and the wire melted at the same point.

An Interesting Exposition.

The exposition of electrical apparatus, etc., opening at Edinburgh May, 1890, it is expected will last six months. It is to be divided into two classes. One to embrace everything pertaining to the subject of electricity in all its branches and applications; the second class to be devoted to the different industries and inventions.

A Watch for the Blind.

A useful invention, accredited to Swiss watchmakers, is a watch for the blind. A small peg is set in the middle of each figure. When the hour hand is moving towards a given hour the peg for that hour drops. The owner, when he wants to know the time, finds which peg is down and then counts back to 12.

An Immense Pane of Glass.

The largest pane of glass ever cast in the world is, according to The Indianapolis Journal, now nearly completed in the casting furnaces at the plate glass factory at Kokomo. It measures 145 by 195 inches, weighs 1,200 pounds, and is perfect in every particular.

The Cup Was Cold.

A man who had both eyes blacked and his nose badly bunged up entered the Third street depot the other day and asked of Officer Bolton:

"How many trains leave this depot in a day?"

"Oh, about fifty."

"Good! Get me tickets to go on the whole blamed fifty, and if there are any specials let me in on 'em, for I want to get out of this town in a hurry!"—Detroit Free Press.

Developed by Mush Use.

Shoe Clerk—Isn't your foot swollen?

Mr. Moneybags—No.

Shoe Clerk—Born that way!

Mr. Moneybags—No; but I've got nine marriageable daughters. Call around and see us some evening.—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

A Reminiscence.

While the Texas veterans were holding a reunion in Austin, not long since, two venerable men who had not seen each other for many years were talking about the early history of Texas, and how much better things were managed in those days than they are now.

Among the incidents of bygone days was a murder which took place in the days of the republic of Texas, and long after the battle of San Jacinto. A man was brought before the court charged with having murdered a neighbor, the father of a large family. The murderer himself was an unmarried man. The presiding judge, having read the indictment, told the prisoner to stand up and said to him:

"Bill Jones, you have not acted right in this matter. You have deprived a good woman of her husband and made orphans of her children. If I turn you loose will you marry the widow and support the family of the deceased?"

The prisoner said that he was more than willing to do so. In fact, he had shot her husband in order that he could do that very thing.

The widow had no objection, except that she wanted a little more time to fix up for the occasion. She, however, announced that she was ready, and the judge pronounced the happy couple man and wife without any delay.—Texas Siftings.

A Great Difference.

"Ah, you know my brother," said an Englishman to an American acquaintance.

"Yes, I am well acquainted with him."

"Ah, and do you notice a great difference between me and him?"

"No, I can't say that I do."

"But there is a great difference. Our characters are totally different."

"In what way?"

"Why, you see, Henry always winds his watch in the morning and I wind mine at night."—Arkansaw Traveler.

Sure of It.

"You ask my daughter's hand in marriage," mused the old man, as he looked the candidate over. "Are you sure you love her?"

"I know it."

"And can you support her on your salary?"

"I can."

"You know Ellen has expensive tastes."

"You bet I do! She's costing me as high as $6 a week for ice cream, soda and caramels, but that leaves $4 for rent and provisions, and I am sure we can pull through."—Detroit Free Press.

A Fair Proposition.

Customer—This is the cough mixture for my grandmother?

Drug Clerk—Yes, and it costs forty cents. As you have only paid thirty, please hand over the cents more.

Customer—I have got it, but I'll tell you what we can do. Just you take a couple of swallows, and then there will only be thirty cents' worth in the bottle.—Texas Siftings.

A Bright Copper.

Policeman (to pedestrian)—Stop where you are!

Pedestrian (frightened) — W—what's the matter?

Policeman—It's all right now. I just wanted to see if you could talk. A deaf and dumb bloke escaped from the asylum last night.—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

A Hint for Him.

"Do you think your father likes me, Maud?"

"I am sure he does."

"What makes you sure?"

"Because it was only yesterday he asked me when you and I were going to be married."—Boston Courier.

A Natural Query.

"When I'll grow up I'll be a man, won't I?" asked a little boy of his mother.

"Yes, my child, if you want to be a man you must be industrious."

"Why, mamma, do the lazy boys turn out to be women when they grow up?"—San Francisco Call.

Going It Blind.

Gamin (to street peddler)—Say, mister, are you really blind?

Peddler—No, I sell these cough drops for my blind brother, who stays around the corner to look out for cops.—Philadelphia Society.

Things Are Changed Now.

Bank President—Do you believe that honesty is the best policy?

Cashier—Bah!—that is, if the new extradition treaty with Canada continues in force.—New York Morning Journal.

He Took Her Advice.

"They say 'tis plainly shown
That every man is known
By the company associates he keeps;
Now, Mary, I ask you
If you believe it true?"
And the young man at the maiden sixty peeps

Said she: "The true, I say,
The proved so every day;
The good with good, the bad with wicked go.
That well is understood,
You should go with the good,
The right and honest—if you should do so."

Said he: "Of course it's right,
And I, this very night,
Accept your kind and courteous advice.
Oh, yes, 'tis quite true;
So I would go with you,
For you are good—and true, and kind, and nice."

She sweetly smiled on him,
The dim light grew more dim,
And all was sweet as grandma's pumkin pie.
In the dark he gave a wink,
And couldn't help but think
Himself a very knowing chap, and sly.
—Thomas Burke in Yankee Blade.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

New and Pretty Fancy Work—The Princess, Prudent and Royal Bolster Cushions.

Cushions have always afforded scope for pretty fancy work, and it appears likely that they will long continue to do so. Several new shapes and styles have been introduced lately. The princess head cushion is very ornamental, particularly when it is made in two shades of Indian silk, richly embroidered and finished with ribbons, which hold it in place upon the chairback. Double cushions are also much in vogue at present, for, by their equal application of weight, they cannot slip. One of these double cushions is entitled with the "President," and is covered with salmon colored silk, beautifully worked in lilies, with a floral design outlined in gold.

The "Royal Bolster" shape is also a favorite. It is ornamented with bands of work, and the ends are of silk set in very full. It needs leather work we have noticed several tasteful examples. This soft leather, in tones of mouse gray and fawn color, adapts itself appropriately to bright needlework. Newspaper racks, Bradshaw covers, letter books and wall pockets are now being treated in this style. Plenty of gold is employed to enliven the general effect; tassels and fringes are also employed to give it the requisite finish.

Vanilla Sandwiches.

Take the weight of three eggs both in sugar and in flour, boil the sugar to a syrup with a little water, and in the meantime whisk the three eggs in a basin standing in another one full of boiling water; then add the sugar which has been boiled, and go on whisking till it becomes a thick cream; then lightly mix in the flour, flavor with a little essence of vanilla, and when quite smooth put it in a flat buttered tin and bake for about thirty minutes. When cold, cut it out in small shapes and cut each piece in half horizontally; spread a little jam on the lower pieces, join them together and pin the top with the following icing: Put the unbeaten whites of two eggs in a basin, and add gradually half a pound of icing sugar, beat it with a spoon till it becomes very light and hangs in flakes from the spoon, then flavor with a few drops of vanilla.

Fried Steak with Sauce Piquante.

Split the fish as for broiling, and with a sharp knife divide it into pieces nearly as wide as your hand. Boil three hard boiled yolk of egg, when you have salted and peppered each —then, in finely powdered cracker, also salted and peppered, and set them on the fire for three or four hours. Fry them in deep fat to a yellow brown, drain off every drop of grease and lay length wise on a hot fish dish.

To make the sauce, beat up three tablespoonfuls of butter to a cream, with three tablespoonfuls of lemon juice strained, mix in, at the last, the same quantity of finely minced parsley, beating all together until the sauce is green. Have ready eight hard boiled, emptied of pulp and juice, fill lightly with the sauce, and lay about the fish when served.

White Cake.

White cake should be close grained and light. Use whites of six eggs beaten to a stiff froth and mixed with one and one-quarter cupfuls of sugar. Cream three-quarters of a cupful of butter (small measure) to a cream and stir in two cupfuls of flour until quite smooth. Stir the sugar and eggs gradually into this and flavor with lemon extract and a tablespoonful of lemon juice. Use a teaspoonful of baking powder in the flour.

Cleaning Velvet.

Cleaning velvet does not allow of much choice as to process. If it is but very slightly soiled, brush it free of all dust and rub it gently with fine, dry bran, removing the layer directly it looks soiled; or, if more than slightly soiled, rub the surface lightly but firmly with a large, flat crust of stale bread, leaving about half an inch of crumb on the same. If these methods fail it will be wise to hand it over to a professional cleaner.

To Wash Madras Curtains.

Bran water is very good for washing Madras curtains without soap. Use a wooden pail full of bran to a boiler of water. Let it boil half an hour or more; strain part of it and use for washing the curtains; let the rest continue to boil, then strain it and use for rinsing water. Shake wrinkles out of the curtains as much as possible and hang them up to dry.

Almond Custard.

Almond custard requires one pint of milk one teacupful of sugar, one-fourth pound of blanched almonds pounded fine, two teaspoonfuls of rose water and the yolks of five eggs. Stir the custard over a slow fire until it is as thick as cream. Pour it into a dish to cool and make a meringue for the top with the whites of the eggs and powdered sugar.

Ink Stains on Silver.

The top and other portions of inkstands mounted with silver frequently become discolored with ink, which is exceedingly difficult to remove by ordinary means. The stains may, however, says Horsical Review, be completely eradicated by rubbing them with a paste formed of a little chloride of lime and water.

Caps for Housemaid and Waitress.

Although the subject of wearing caps among house servants is still a disputed one in some sections it has come to be the rule and not the exception in well ordered city households and many suburban ones. Most mistresses now insist upon their maids being attired, when on duty, in print dresses plainly made, long white aprons and white caps.

NEW CAP FOR HOUSEMAIDS.

This arrangement insures a tidy appearance on the part of the maid, and abolishes tawdry jewelry, soiled finery and frowsy heads. While maids with independent notions are inclined to rebel at the wearing of the cap as a menial badge they soon adopt it as a matter of course, especially if they are submitted to bold positions where highest wages are paid. In the picture given above the correct cap, which resembles the old Normandy cap, only that it has no crown. As a rule, the lady furnishes the caps, while the maids buy their own gowns and aprons.

The usual distinction made between a housemaid's cap and that of the nursery maid consists in the matter of a crown, caps for the latter being made larger for the end with a crown which protects the head somewhat when worn in the open air.

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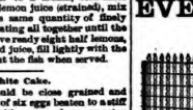

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